

# Radiation Hardened Low Dropout Adjustable Negative Voltage Regulator

## ISL72991RH

The radiation hardened ISL72991RH is a low dropout adjustable negative regulator with an output voltage range of -2.25V to -26V. The device features a 1A output current capability, an adjustable current limit pin (ILIM) and a shutdown pin (SD) for easy on/off control.

The device incorporates unique circuitry that enables precision performance over the -55°C to +125°C temperature range and post-irradiation. Specifications over the full temperature range include an internal reference voltage of -1.25V +40mV/-50mV (max), line regulation of ±25mV (max), and load regulation of ±15mV (max). The reference voltage is the ADJ to GND voltage.

Constructed with the Intersil dielectrically isolated Rad Hard Silicon Gate (RSG) BiCMOS process, these devices are immune to Single Event Latch-up and have been specifically designed to provide highly reliable performance in harsh radiation environments.

## Applications

- Post Switching Power Supplies
- DC/DC Converters
- Motor Controllers

## Features

- Electrically Screened to DLA SMD # 5962-02503
- QML Qualified per MIL-PRF-38535 Requirements
- Latch-Up Immune DI Process
- Wide Input Voltage Range ..... -3V to -30V
- Output Voltage Range ..... -2.25V to -26V
- Line Regulation ..... ±25mV (max)
- Load Regulation ..... ±12mV (typ); ±15mV (max)
- Dropout Voltage (100mA) ..... 0.2V (typ); 0.3V (max)
- Dropout Voltage (1A) ..... 1V (max)
- Minimum Load Current ..... 3.0mA
- TTL Input-Level Shutdown (SD); Low = On
- Operating Temperature Range ..... -55°C to +125°C
- QML Qualified per MIL-PRF-38535 Requirements
- Radiation Environment
  - SEL/SEB LET<sub>TH</sub> (V<sub>S</sub> = -30V) ..... 86.4 MeV • cm<sup>2</sup>/mg
  - Total Dose, High Dose Rate ..... 300krad(Si)

## Related Literature

- [TID](#), "Low Dose Rate Testing of the Intersil ISL72991RH Negative Low Dropout Regulator"
- [SEE](#), "Single Effects Testing of the ISL72991RH Adjustable Voltage Regulator"

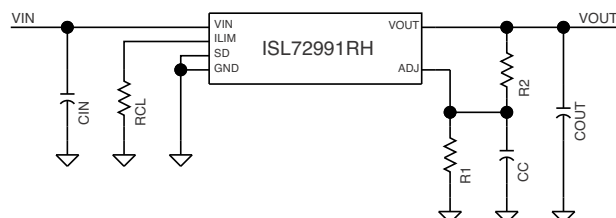


FIGURE 1. TYPICAL APPLICATION

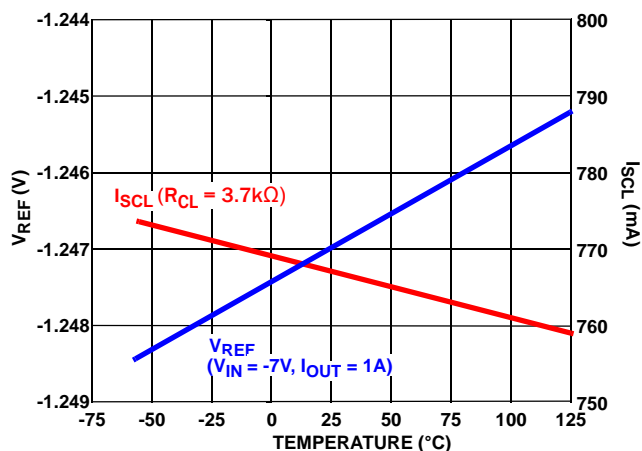


FIGURE 2. V<sub>REF</sub> and I<sub>SC</sub>L vs TEMPERATURE

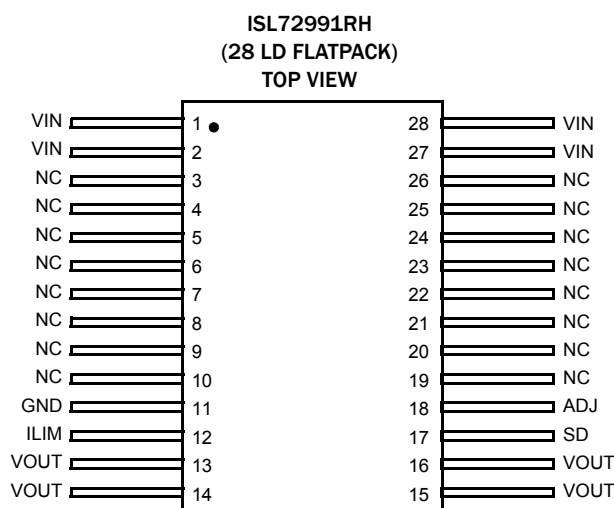
## Ordering Information

ORDERING SMD NUMBER (Note 2)	PART NUMBER (Note 1)	TEMP RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE (RoHS Compliant)	PKG. DWG. #
5962F0250301VXC	ISL72991RHHV	-55 to +125	28Ld Flatpack	K28.A
5962F0250301QXC	ISL72991RHQF	-55 to +125	28 Ld Flatpack	K28.A
5962F0250301V9A	ISL72991RHVX	-55 to +125	DIE	
ISL72991RHF/PROTO	ISL72991RHF/PROTO	-55 to +125	28 Ld Flatpack	K28.A

### NOTES:

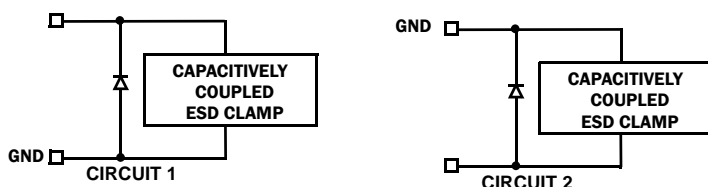
- These Intersil Pb-free Hermetic packaged products employ 100% Au plate - e4 termination finish, which is RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations.
- Specifications for Rad Hard QML devices are controlled by the Defense Logistics Agency Land and Maritime (DLA). The SMD numbers listed in the "Ordering Information" table must be used when ordering.

## Pin Configuration

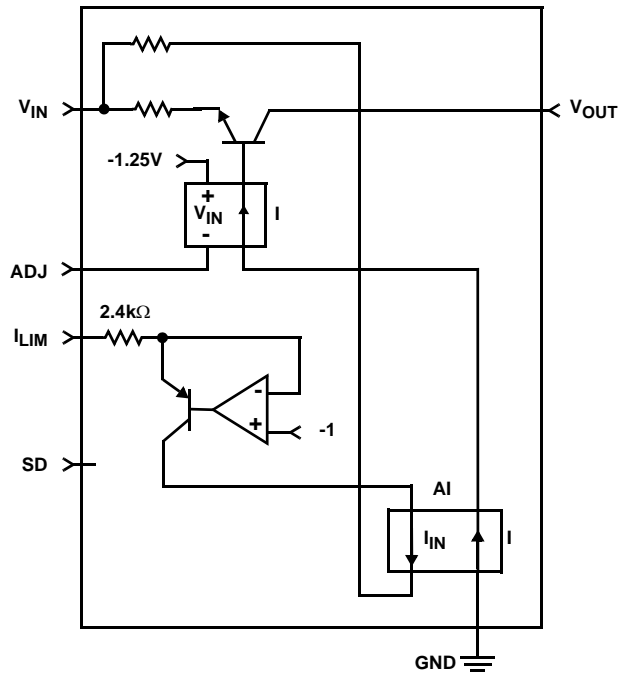


## Pin Descriptions

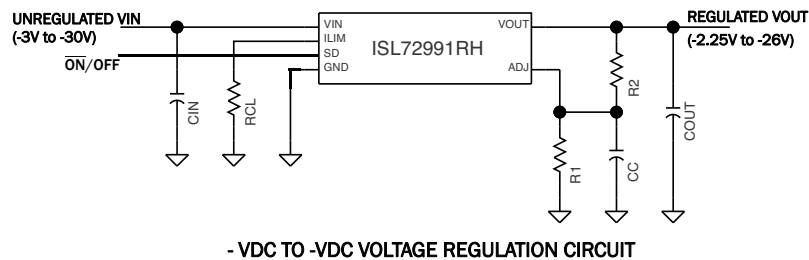
ISL72991RH (28 LD FLATPACK)	PIN NAME	EQUIVALENT CIRCUIT	DESCRIPTION
1, 2, 27, 28	VIN	Circuit 2	Regulator Bias and Input Connection. All 4 pins must be tied together.
12	ILIM	Circuit 2	Current Limiting Set Input
13, 14, 15, 16	VOUT	Circuit 2	Regulator Output Connection. All 4 pins must be tied together.
17	SD	Circuit 1	Shut Down Input, active high.
18	ADJ	Circuit 2	Output Voltage Adjust Input
11	GND		Ground Connection
3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26	NC		No Internal connections. Can be connected to ground or thermal plane.



## Functional Block Diagram



## Typical Application



# ISL72991RH

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Minimum Supply Voltage	-35V
Minimum Supply Voltage (Note 5)	-30V
Minimum Output Current	3mA
Output Short-Circuit Duration. Thermal Protection	Indefinite
ESD Rating	
Human Body Model (HBM) (Tested per MIL-PRF-883 3015.7)	2kV
Machine Model (MM) (Tested per EIA/JESD22-A115-A)	300V
Charged Device Model (CDM) (Tested per JESD22-C101D)	200V

## Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance (Typical)	$\theta_{JA}$ (°C/W)	$\theta_{JC}$ (°C/W)
28 Ld Flatpack (Notes 3, 4)	60	5
Maximum Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C	
Maximum Junction Temperature ( $T_{JMAX}$ )	+150°C	
Pb-Free Reflow Profile	see link below <a href="http://www.intersil.com/pbfree/Pb-FreeReflow.asp">http://www.intersil.com/pbfree/Pb-FreeReflow.asp</a>	

## Recommended Operating Conditions

Ambient Operating Temperature Range	-55°C to +125°C
Maximum Operating Junction Temperature	+150°C
Supply Voltage	-3V to -30V

**CAUTION:** Do not operate at or near the maximum ratings listed for extended periods of time. Exposure to such conditions may adversely impact product reliability and result in failures not covered by warranty.

### NOTES:

- $\theta_{JA}$  is measured with the component mounted on a low effective thermal conductivity test board in free air. See Tech Brief [TB379](#) for details.
- For  $\theta_{JC}$ , the "case temp" location is the center of the package underside.
- The minimum supply limit specified is for operation in a heavy ion environment at an LET = 86.4MeV\*cm<sup>2</sup>/mg.

**Electrical Specifications**  $V_O \leq V_{IN} - 1.5V$ ,  $I_O = 100mA$ ,  $C_O = 47\mu F$ ,  $SD = 0V$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted. **Boldface limits apply over the operating temperature range, -55°C to +125°C.**

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	MIN (Note 6)	TYP	MAX (Note 6)	UNIT
$V_{REF}$	Reference Voltage	$I_O = 3mA$ to 1A	-1.279	-1.25	-1.231	V
			<b>-1.300</b>		<b>-1.210</b>	V
$V_{Omin}$	Minimum Output Voltage	$V_{IN} = -3V$ , $I_O = 3mA$ to 100mA	-		<b>-2.25</b>	V
$V_{Omax}$	Maximum Output Voltage	$V_{IN} = -30V$ , $I_O = 3mA$ to 100mA	<b>-26</b>		-	V
$V_{LDR}$	Output Voltage Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = -7V$ , $V_O = -5V$ $I_O = 3mA$ to 1A	-12		12	mV
			<b>-15</b>		<b>15</b>	mV
$V_{LNR}$	Output Voltage Line Regulation	$V_O \leq V_{IN} - 1V$ to $V_{IN} = -30V$ , $I_O = 100mA$	<b>-25</b>		<b>25</b>	mV
$V_{DOL}$	0.1A Drop Out Voltage	$dV_O \leq 50mV$ , $I_O = 0.1A$			0.2	V
					<b>0.3</b>	V
$V_{DOH}$	1A Drop Out Voltage (Pulse Tested)	$dV_O \leq 50mV$ , $I_O = 1A$			<b>1</b>	V
$I_{ADJ}$	Adjust Current	$V_O \leq V_{IN} - 1V$ to $V_{IN} = -30V$ , $I_O = 500mA$		1.7	<b>5</b>	$\mu A$
$I_{QDO}$	Drop Out Quiescent Current	$V_O - V_{IN} = 0.2V$ , $I_O = 500mA$			25	mA
		$V_O - V_{IN} = 0.3V$ , $I_O = 500mA$			<b>25</b>	mA
$V_{SD}$	SD Input Voltage	$V_O = ON$			<b>0.8</b>	V
		$V_O = OFF$	<b>2.4</b>			V
$I_{SD}$	SD Input Current	$V_{SD} = 0.8V$			<b>50</b>	$\mu A$
		$V_{SD} = 2.4V$			100	$\mu A$
					<b>150</b>	$\mu A$
$I_{SCL}$	Output Short Circuit Current Limit	$V_{IN} = -7V$ , $V_O = 0V$ , $R_{CL} = 3.7k\Omega$	<b>0.6</b>	0.75	<b>0.9</b>	A
$I_{GND}$	GND Quiescent Current	$-3V \leq V_{IN} \leq -30V$ , $I_O < 1A$		6		mA
PSRR	Power Supply Rejection Ratio	Frequency = 1MHz		-49		dB
$OT_{PROT}$	Thermal Protection			150		°C
$OT_{HYS}$	Thermal Hysteresis			20		°C

# ISL72991RH

**Post Radiation Electrical Specifications**  $V_O \leq V_{IN} - 1.5V$ ,  $I_O = 100mA$ ,  $C_O = 47\mu F$ ,  $SD = 0V$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , over a total ionizing dose of 300krad(Si) with exposure at a high dose rate of 50 - 300rad(Si)/s.

PARAMETER	DESCRIPTION	CONDITIONS	MIN (Note 6)	TYP	MAX (Note 6)	UNIT
$V_{REF}$	Reference Voltage	$I_O = 3mA$ to 1A	-1.279		-1.231	V
$V_{Omin}$	Minimum Output Voltage	$V_{IN} = -3V$ , $I_O = 3mA$ to 100mA	-		-2.25	V
$V_{Omax}$	Maximum Output Voltage	$V_{IN} = -30V$ , $I_O = 3mA$ to 100mA	-26		-	V
$VLDR$	Output Voltage Load Regulation	$V_{IN} = -7V$ , $V_O = -5V$ $I_O = 3mA$ to 1A	-12		12	mV
$VLNR$	Output Voltage Line Regulation	$V_O \leq V_{IN} - 1V$ to $V_{IN} = -30V$ , $I_O = 100mA$	-25		25	mV
$VDO_L$	0.1A Drop Out Voltage	$dV_O \leq 50mV$ , $I_O = 0.1A$			0.2	V
$VDO_H$	1A Drop Out Voltage (Pulse Tested)	$dV_O \leq 50mV$ , $I_O = 1A$			1	V
$I_{ADJ}$	Adjust Current	$V_O \leq V_{IN} - 1V$ to $V_{IN} = -30V$ , $I_O = 500mA$			5	$\mu A$
$I_{QDO}$	Drop Out Quiescent Current	$V_O - V_{IN} = 0.3V$ , $I_O = 500mA$			25	mA
$V_{SD}$	SD Input Voltage	$V_O = ON$			0.8	V
		$V_O = OFF$	2.4			V
$I_{SD}$	SD Input Current	$V_{SD} = 0.8V$			50	$\mu A$
		$V_{SD} = 2.4V$			100	$\mu A$
$I_{CL}$	Output Short Circuit Current Limit	$V_{IN} = -7V$ , $V_O = 0V$ , $R_{CL} = 3.7k\Omega$	0.6		0.9	A

NOTE:

- Compliance to datasheet limits is assured by one or more methods: production test, characterization and/or design.

**Total Dose Radiation Characteristics** This data is typical mean test data post total dose radiation exposure at a high dose rate (HDR) of 50 to 300rad(Si)/s to 300krads. This data is intended to show typical parameter shifts due to total dose rate radiation. These are not limits nor are they guaranteed.

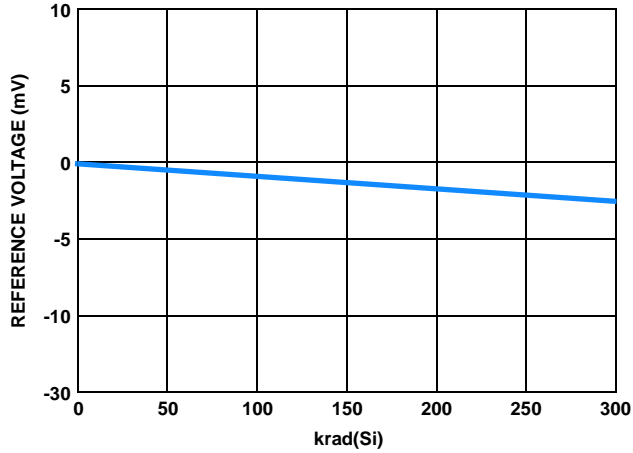


FIGURE 3. REFERENCE VOLTAGE CHANGE vs TOTAL DOSE RADIATION

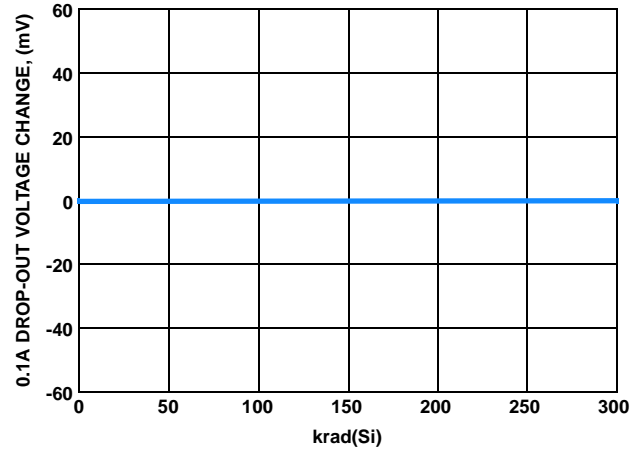


FIGURE 4. 0.1A DROP-OUT VOLTAGE CHANGE vs TOTAL DOSE RADIATION

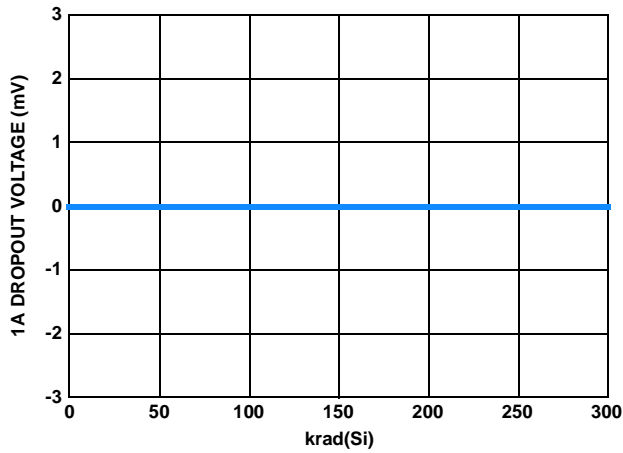


FIGURE 5. 1A DROP-OUT VOLTAGE CHANGE vs TOTAL DOSE RADIATION

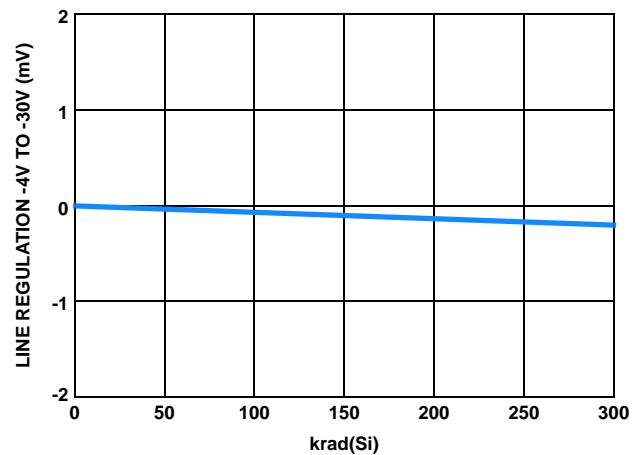


FIGURE 6. OUTPUT VOLTAGE LINE REGULATION CHANGE vs TOTAL DOSE RADIATION

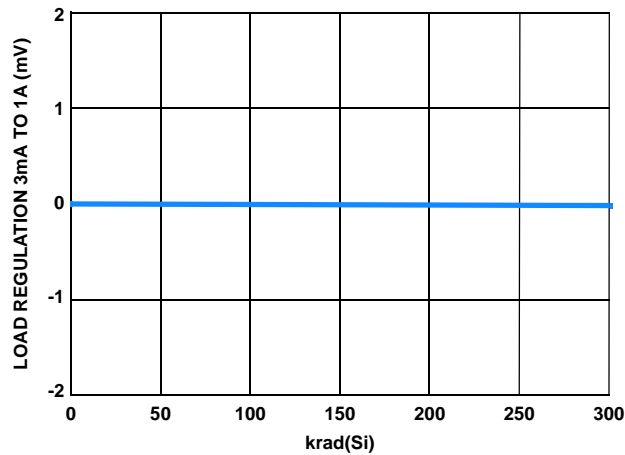


FIGURE 7. OUTPUT VOLTAGE LOAD REGULATION CHANGE vs TOTAL DOSE RADIATION

## Typical Performance Curves

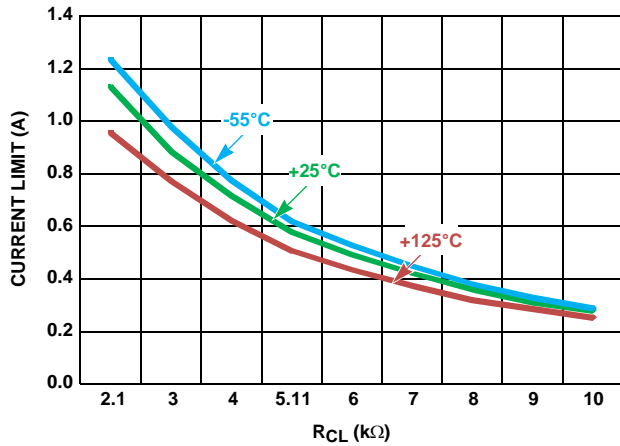


FIGURE 8. -7VIN, -5VOUT

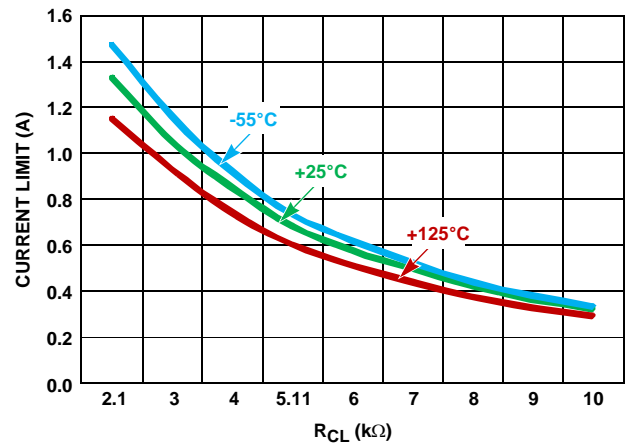


FIGURE 9. -12VIN, -5VOUT

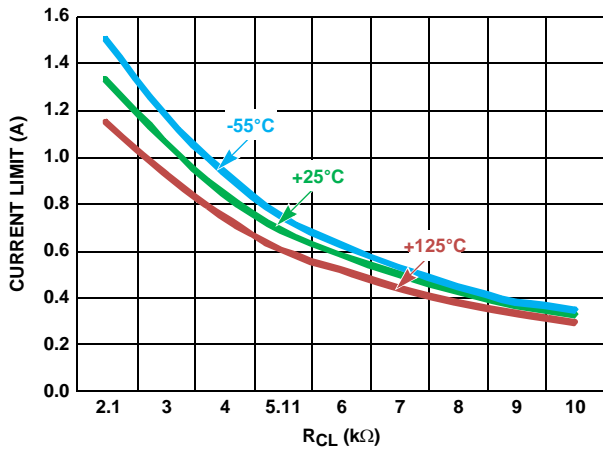


FIGURE 10. -12VIN, -10VOUT

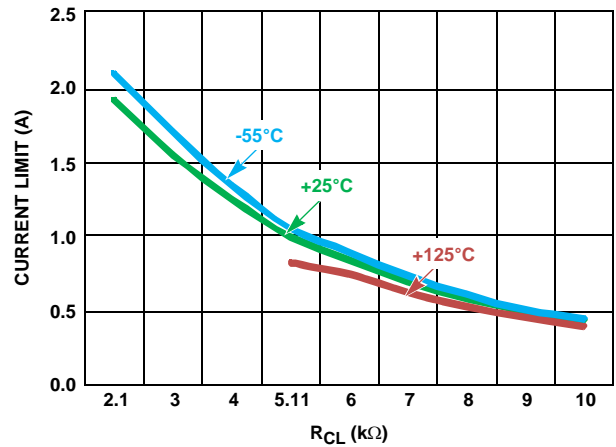


FIGURE 11. -20VIN, -10VOUT

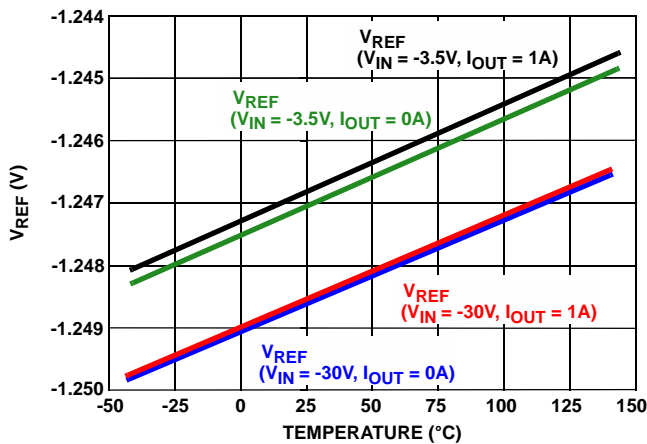


FIGURE 12. VREF vs TEMPERATURE

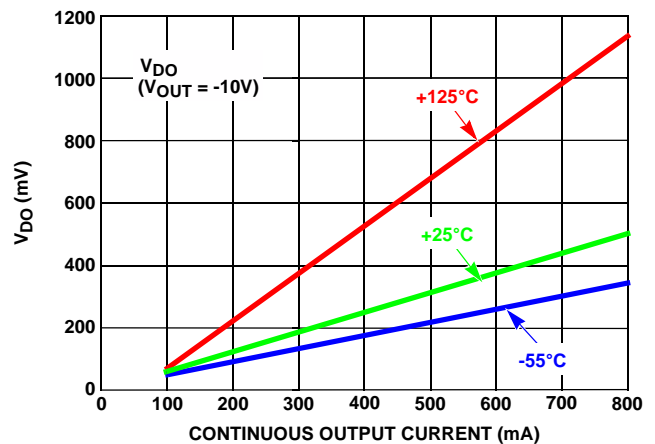


FIGURE 13. DROP\_OUT VOLTAGE vs TEMPERATURE

## Typical Performance Curves (Continued)

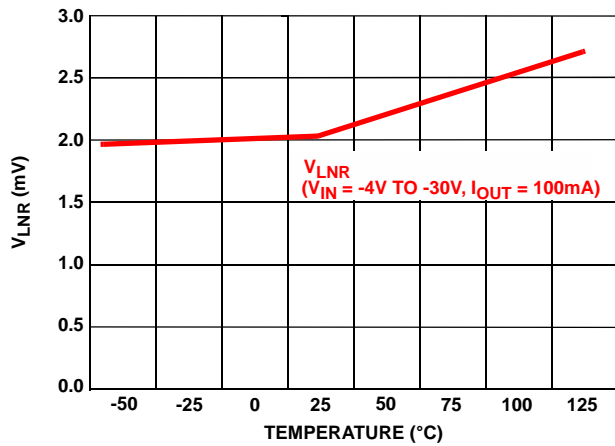


FIGURE 14. LINE REGULATION vs TEMPERATURE

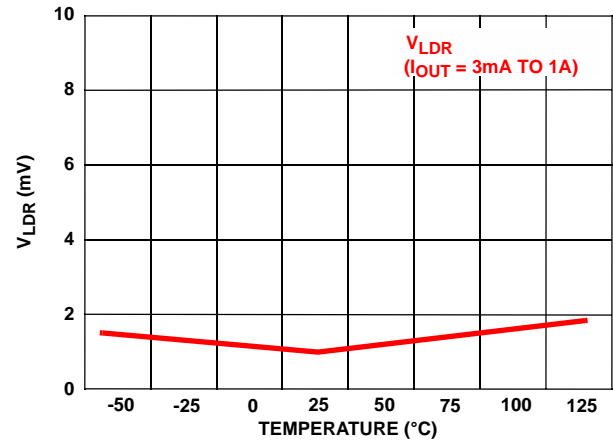


FIGURE 15. LOAD REGULATION vs TEMPERATURE

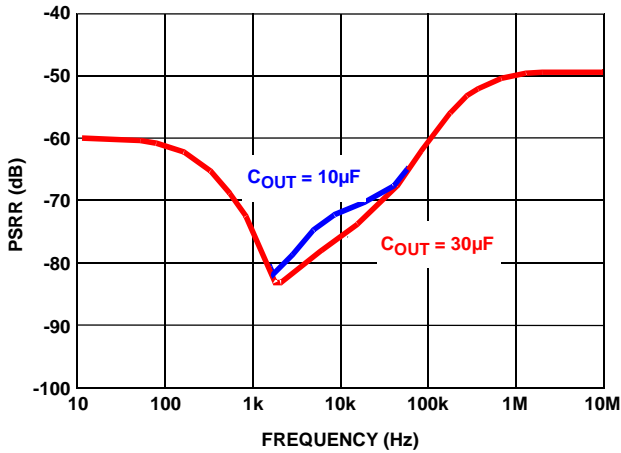


FIGURE 16. PSRR vs FREQUENCY ( $V_{IN} = -20V$ ,  $V_{OUT} = -18V$ )

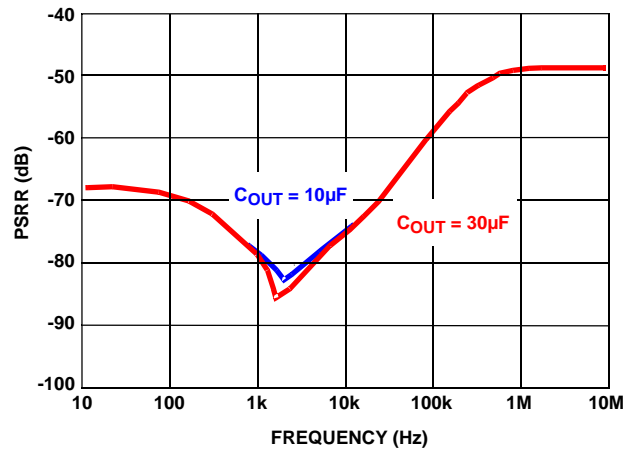


FIGURE 17. PSRR vs FREQUENCY ( $V_{IN} = -7V$ ,  $V_{OUT} = -5V$ )



## Functional Description

### Functional Overview

The radiation hardened ISL72991RH is a low dropout adjustable negative regulator with an output voltage range of -2.25V to -26V. The device features a 1A output current capability, an adjustable current limit pin (ILIM) and a shutdown pin (SD) for easy on/off control. The part is constructed using the Intersil dielectrically isolated, complimentary bipolar RSG process. It is immune to single-event latch-up and has been specifically designed to provide reliable performance in harsh radiation environments.

## Application Information

### Output Voltage Programming

The output voltage of the regulator can be programmed with two external resistors and is described by Equation 1:

$$V_{OUT} = -1.25 \times (1 + R2/R1) - (I_{ADJ} \times R2) \quad (EQ. 1)$$

### Output Current Limit Programming

The output current limit threshold of the regulator is set with a single external resistor ( $R_{CL}$ ) connected from  $I_{LIM}$  to ground.

The effective current limit at any single  $R_{CL}$  value is influenced by the  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$  difference, temperature and  $V_{IN}$  amplitude. Figures 18 through 20 illustrate these effects.

Figure 18 shows that for a given  $V_{OUT}$  (-5V) and temperature (+25°C) the effect of  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$  differential on the current limit level is significant.

Figure 19 shows the effect of temperature at a single  $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$  voltage condition across the  $R_{CL}$  range of 2.1kΩ to 10kΩ.

Figure 20 shows that for a given differential voltage ( $V_{IN}$  to  $V_{OUT}$ ) and temperature the effect of  $V_{IN}$  amplitude is less significant than seen in Figure 18.

Because of these numerous variables, there is no one formula relating  $R_{CL}$  to  $I_{CL}$  that will suffice for the range of likely possible conditions. Figures 8 through 11 provide guidance in setting the  $R_{CL}$  value for a limited number of possible conditions. Users are advised to evaluate their specific condition for satisfactory performance.

### Capacitor Selection

An input capacitor is required if the regulator is located more than 6 inches from the power supply filter capacitors. A 10μF solid tantalum capacitor is recommended.

An output capacitor of at least 10μF must be used to insure stability of the regulator. Additional capacitance may be added as required to improve the dynamic response of the regulator. Solid tantalum or ceramic capacitors are recommended.

### Loop Compensation

The output capacitor and ESR comprise a zero in the loop transfer function that must be compensated with a pole to insure loop stability in accordance with Equation 2:

$$C_C \times R2 = C_{OUT} \times ESR \quad (EQ. 2)$$

The compensating capacitor should be a low ESR ceramic type.

## Layout Guidelines

The stability of the regulator is sensitive to layout. It is strongly recommended that a continuous copper ground plane (1 ounce or greater) be used. In addition, component lead lengths and interconnects should be minimized, but should not exceed 1/2 inch. Finally, the return lead of the compensation capacitor ( $C_C$ ) should be connected as close as possible to the GND pin of the IC.

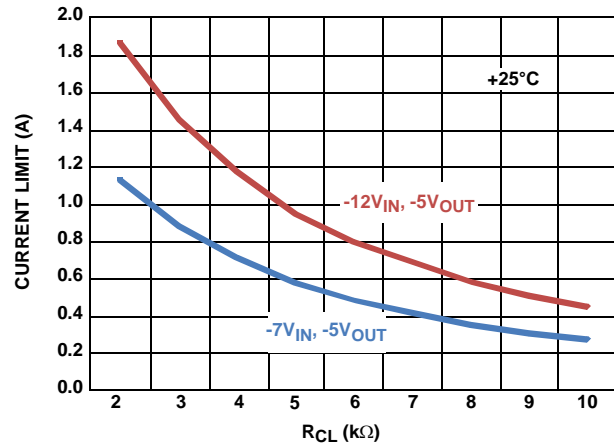


FIGURE 18.  $I_{CL}$  vs  $R_{CL}$  and  $V_{IN}$  AMPLITUDE

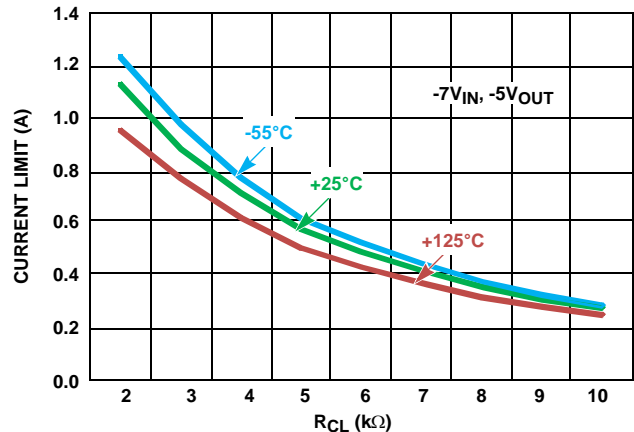


FIGURE 19.  $I_{CL}$  vs  $R_{CL}$  and TEMPERATURE

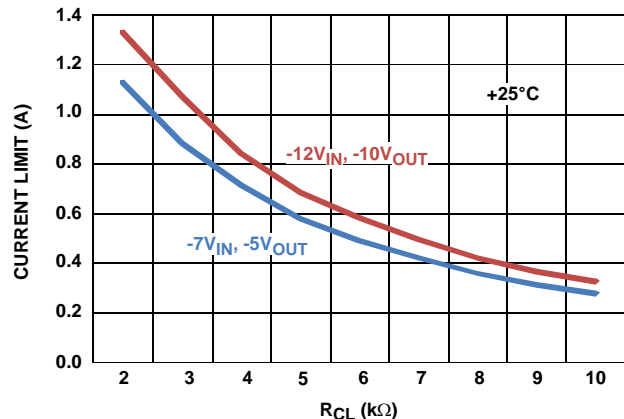


FIGURE 20.  $I_{CL}$  vs  $R_{CL}$  and  $V_{IN}$  TO  $V_{OUT}$  DIFFERENTIAL

## Package Characteristics

### Weight of Packaged Device

2.2 Grams (Typical)

### Lid Characteristics

Finish: Gold

Potential: Unbiased

Case Isolation to Any Lead:  $20 \times 10^9 \Omega$  (min)

## Die Characteristics

### Die Dimensions

$5870\mu\text{m} \times 5210\mu\text{m}$  (231.1mils x 205.1mils)

Thickness:  $483\mu\text{m} \pm 25.4\mu\text{m}$  (19mils  $\pm$  1 mil)

### Interface Materials

#### GLASSIVATION

Type: PSG (Phosphorous Silicon Glass)

Thickness:  $8.0\text{k}\text{\AA} \pm 1.0\text{k}\text{\AA}$

#### TOP METALLIZATION

Type: AlSiCu (Si 0.75-1%/Cu 0.5%)

Thickness:  $16.0\text{k}\text{\AA} \pm 2\text{k}\text{\AA}$

#### BACKSIDE FINISH

Silicon

## ASSEMBLY RELATED INFORMATION

### Substrate Potential

Floating

## ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

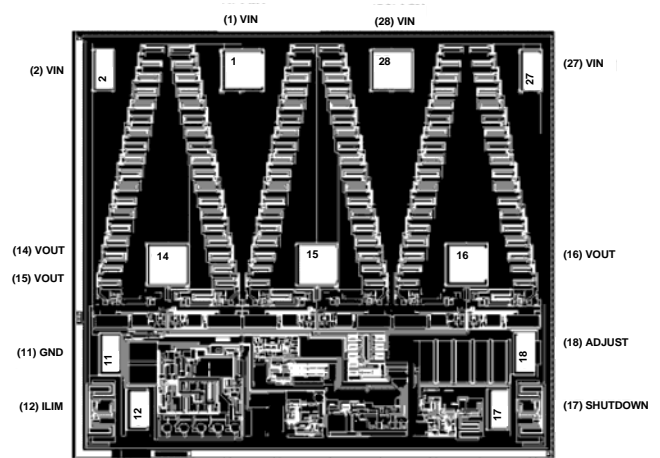
### Worst Case Current Density

$< 2 \times 10^5 \text{ A/cm}^2$

### PROCESS

Dielectrically Isolated Radiation Hardened Silicon Gate

## Metallization Mask Layout



## Revision History

The revision history provided is for informational purposes only and is believed to be accurate, but not warranted. Please go to web to make sure you have the latest Revision.

DATE	REVISION	CHANGE
March 26, 2014	FN9054.2	Added Related Literature on page 1. Added significant relevant content throughout the document, expanding from 3 to 12 pages.
June, 28, 2004	FN9054.1	Updated file.
July 9, 2001	FN9054.0	Initial Release.

## About Intersil

Intersil Corporation is a leading provider of innovative power management and precision analog solutions. The company's products address some of the largest markets within the industrial and infrastructure, mobile computing and high-end consumer markets.

For the most updated datasheet, application notes, related documentation and related parts, please see the respective product information page found at [www.intersil.com](http://www.intersil.com).

You may report errors or suggestions for improving this datasheet by visiting [www.intersil.com/ask](http://www.intersil.com/ask).

Reliability reports are also available from our website at [www.intersil.com/support](http://www.intersil.com/support)

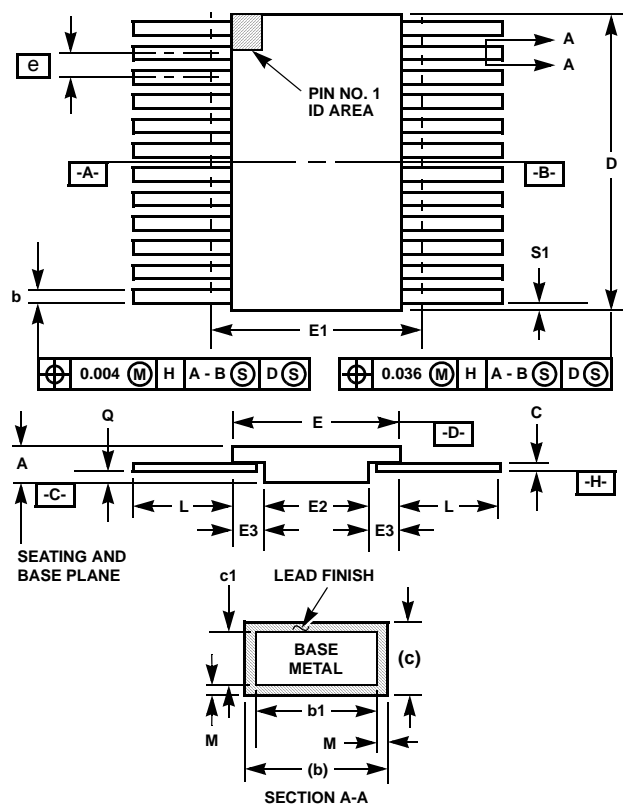
For additional products, see [www.intersil.com/en/products.html](http://www.intersil.com/en/products.html)

Intersil products are manufactured, assembled and tested utilizing ISO9001 quality systems as noted in the quality certifications found at [www.intersil.com/en/support/qualandreliability.html](http://www.intersil.com/en/support/qualandreliability.html)

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## Package Outline Drawing Ceramic Metal Seal Flatpack Packages (Flatpack)



**K28.A MIL-STD-1835 CDFP3-F28 (F-11A, CONFIGURATION B)  
28LEAD CERAMIC METAL SEAL FLATPACK PACKAGE**

SYMBOL	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		NOTES
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
A	0.045	0.115	1.14	2.92	-
b	0.015	0.022	0.38	0.56	-
b1	0.015	0.019	0.38	0.48	-
c	0.004	0.009	0.10	0.23	-
c1	0.004	0.006	0.10	0.15	-
D	-	0.740	-	18.80	3
E	0.460	0.520	11.68	13.21	-
E1	-	0.550	-	13.97	3
E2	0.180	-	4.57	-	-
E3	0.030	-	0.76	-	7
e	0.050 BSC		1.27 BSC		-
k	0.008	0.015	0.20	0.38	2
L	0.250	0.370	6.35	9.40	-
Q	0.026	0.045	0.66	1.14	8
S1	0.00	-	0.00	-	6
M	-	0.0015	-	0.04	-
N	28		28		-

Rev. 0 5/18/94

### NOTES:

1. Index area: A notch or a pin one identification mark shall be located adjacent to pin one and shall be located within the shaded area shown. The manufacturer's identification shall not be used as a pin one identification mark. Alternately, a tab (dimension k) may be used to identify pin one.
2. If a pin one identification mark is used in addition to a tab, the limits of dimension k do not apply.
3. This dimension allows for off-center lid, meniscus, and glass overrun.
4. Dimensions b1 and c1 apply to lead base metal only. Dimension M applies to lead plating and finish thickness. The maximum limits of lead dimensions b and c or M shall be measured at the centroid of the finished lead surfaces, when solder dip or tin plate lead finish is applied.
5. N is the maximum number of terminal positions.
6. Measure dimension S1 at all four corners.
7. For bottom-brazed lead packages, no organic or polymeric materials shall be molded to the bottom of the package to cover the leads.
8. Dimension Q shall be measured at the point of exit (beyond the meniscus) of the lead from the body. Dimension Q minimum shall be reduced by 0.0015 inch (0.038mm) maximum when solder dip lead finish is applied.
9. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M - 1982.
10. Controlling dimension: INCH.