

# Rectifier Diode Avalanche Diode

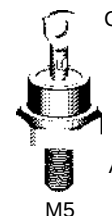
$$V_{\text{BRM}} = 800\text{-}1800 \text{ V}$$
$$I_{F(RMS)} = 18 \text{ A}$$
$$I_{F(AV)M} = 11 \text{ A}$$

| $V_{RSM}$<br>V | $V_{(BR)min}^{①}$<br>V | $V_{RRM}$<br>V | Standard<br>Types | Avalanche<br>Types |
|----------------|------------------------|----------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| 900            |                        | 800            | DS9-08F           |                    |
| 1300           | 1300                   | 1200           | DS9-12F           | DSA9-12F           |
| 1700           | 1750                   | 1600           |                   | DSA9-16F           |
| 1900           | 1950                   | 1800           |                   | DSA9-18F           |

① Only for Avalanche Diodes



DO-203 AA



A = Anode    C = Cathode

| Symbol       | Test Conditions                                            | Maximum Ratings |                    |
|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| $I_{F(RMS)}$ | $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$                                         | 18              | A                  |
| $I_{F(AVM)}$ | $T_{case} = 150^{\circ}\text{C}; 180^{\circ} \text{ sine}$ | 11              | A                  |
| $P_{RSM}$    | DSA types, $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$ , $t_p = 10 \mu\text{s}$     | 4.5             | kW                 |
| $I_{FSM}$    | $T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C};$                             | 250             | A                  |
|              | $V_R = 0$                                                  | 265             | A                  |
|              | $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$                                         | 200             | A                  |
|              | $V_R = 0$                                                  | 220             | A                  |
| $I^2t$       | $T_{VJ} = 45^{\circ}\text{C}$                              | 310             | $A^2s$             |
|              | $V_R = 0$                                                  | 295             | $A^2s$             |
|              | $T_{VJ} = T_{VJM}$                                         | 200             | $A^2s$             |
|              | $V_R = 0$                                                  | 190             | $A^2s$             |
| $T_{VJ}$     |                                                            | -40...+180      | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| $T_{VJM}$    |                                                            | 180             | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| $T_{stg}$    |                                                            | -40...+180      | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| $M_d$        | Mounting torque                                            | 2.2-2.8         | Nm                 |
|              |                                                            | 19-25           | lb.in.             |
| Weight       |                                                            | 5               | g                  |

## Features

- International standard package, JEDEC DO-203 AA
- Planar glassivated chips

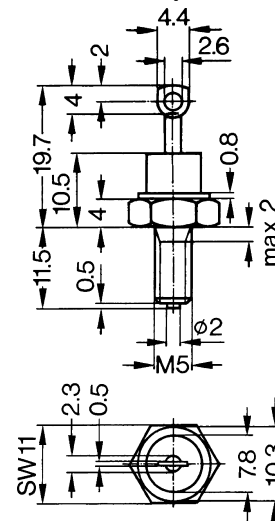
## Applications

- Supplies for DC power equipment
- DC supply for PWM inverter
- Field supply for DC motors
- Battery DC power supplies

### Advantages

- Space and weight savings
- Simple mounting
- Improved temperature and power cycling
- Reduced protection circuits

**Dimensions in mm (1 mm = 0.0394")**



Data according to IEC 60747

IXYS reserves the right to change limits, test conditions and dimensions

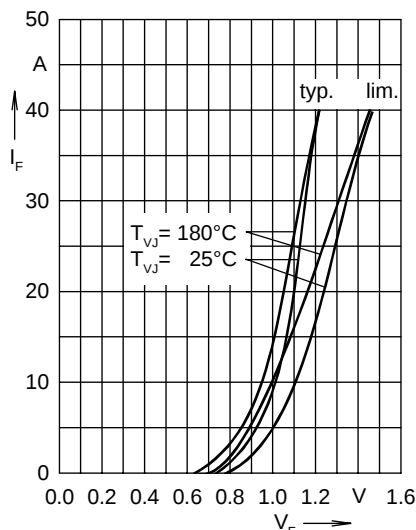


Fig. 1 Forward characteristics

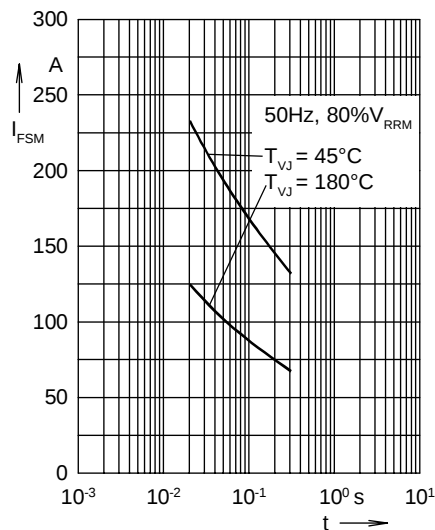


Fig. 2 Surge overload current  
 $I_{FSM}$ : crest value,  $t$ : duration

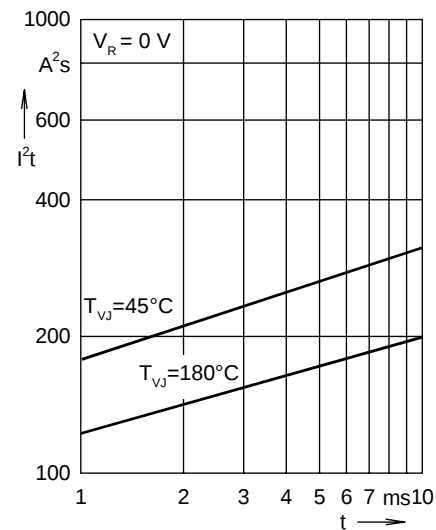


Fig. 3  $I^2t$  versus time (1-10 ms)

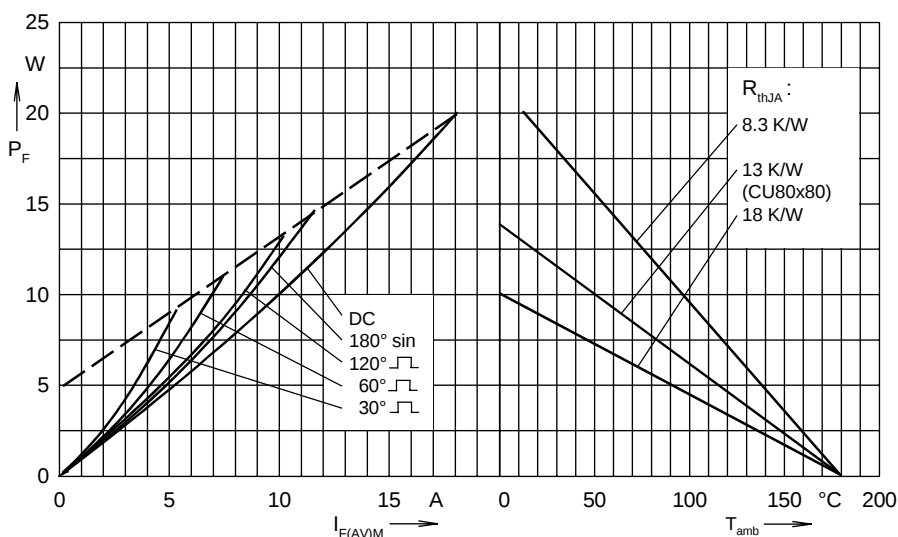


Fig. 4 Power dissipation versus forward current and ambient temperature

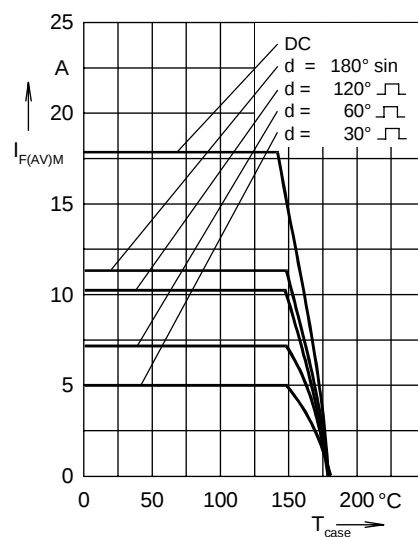


Fig. 5 Max. forward current at case temperature

$R_{thJH}$  for various conduction angles  $d$ :

| $d$  | $R_{thJH}$ (K/W) |
|------|------------------|
| DC   | 3.0              |
| 180° | 3.35             |
| 120° | 3.56             |
| 60°  | 4.0              |
| 30°  | 4.64             |

Constants for  $Z_{thJH}$  calculation:

| $i$ | $R_{thi}$ (K/W) | $t_i$ (s) |
|-----|-----------------|-----------|
| 1   | 0.095           | 0.00032   |
| 2   | 0.515           | 0.0102    |
| 3   | 1.39            | 0.360     |
| 4   | 1.0             | 2.30      |

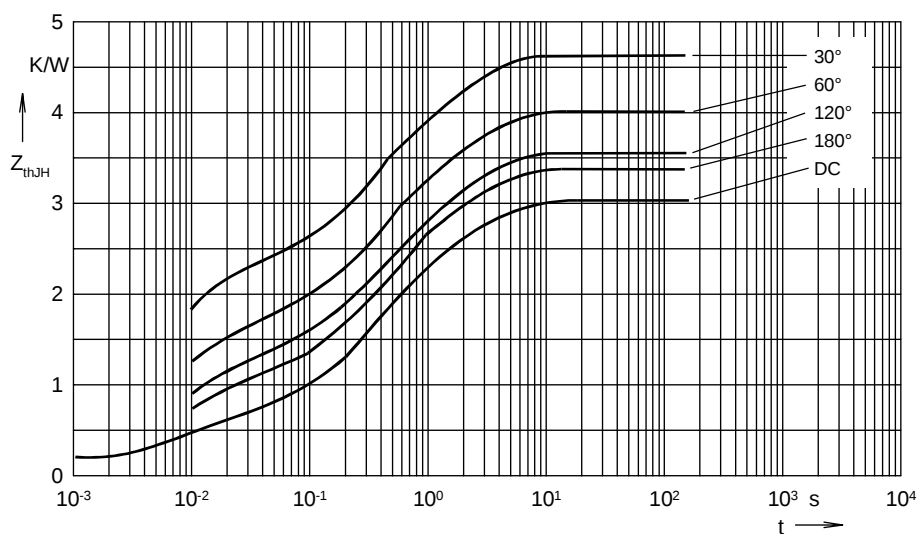


Fig. 6 Transient thermal impedance junction to heatsink