

General Description

The MAX9492 frequency synthesizer is designed to generate multiple clocks for clock distribution in network routers or switches. The device provides a total of six buffered clock outputs (CLK1 to CLK6). CLK1 is the buffered output of the reference clock. CLK2 through CLK6 are independently programmable to generate eight different frequencies based on a 25MHz input crystal: 133, 125, 83, 66, 62.5, 50, 33, and 25MHz. All the outputs are LVCMOS single-ended signals. Either a 25MHz crystal or an external clock can serve as the input reference clock. The MAX9492 incorporates two phase-locked loops (PLLs) with two internal loop filters.

Select the MAX9492's output clock frequency by programming on-chip registers through the MAX9492's I²C* interface. The device also features spread-spectrum capability to reduce electromagnetic interference (EMI). This technique allows spreading the fundamental energy over a wider frequency range, hence reducing the respective energy amplitude. The output frequency spectrum is downspread by -1.25% or -2.5%.

The MAX9492 operates from a 3.3V supply and is guaranteed over the extended temperature range (-40°C to +85°C). The device is available in a space-saving, 20-pin, TQFN, 5mm x 5mm package.

Features

- **♦ Five LVCMOS Outputs with Independent Frequency Selections**
- **♦** One Buffered Reference Clock Output
- ♦ Eight Selectable Frequencies: 133, 125, 83, 66, 62.5, 50, 33, and 25MHz
- ♦ Crystal or an Input-Clock-Based Clock Reference
- ♦ Output Frequency Programmed Through I²C Interface
- ♦ 0, -1.25%, or -2.5% Selectable Downspreading Rate
- **♦ Low Output Period Jitter** (Without Spread Spectrum) < 10psRMS
- ♦ <220ps Output-to-Output Skew
- ♦ Available in 20-Lead, 5mm x 5mm, TQFN Package
- ♦ +3.3V Supply
- ♦ -40°C to +85°C Extended Temperature Range

Applications

Network Routers Telecom/Networking Equipment Storage Area Networks/Network Attached Storage

Ordering Information

PART	TEMP RANGE	PIN- PACKAGE	PKG CODE
MAX9492ETP	-40°C to +85°C	20 Thin QFN-EP** 5mm x 5mm x 0.8mm	T2055-3

^{**}EP = Exposed pad.

Typical Operating Circuit and Pin Configuration appear at end of data sheet.

*Purchase of I²C components from Maxim Integrated Products, Inc., or one of its sublicensed Associated Companies, conveys a license under the Philips I²C Patent Rights to use these components in an I²C system, provided that the system conforms to the I²C Standard Specification as defined by Philips.

MIXIM

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

V _{DD} to GND	0.3V to +4.0V
All Other Pins to GND	0.3V to (V _{DD} + 1.0V)
Short-Circuit Duration (all LVCMOS of	outputs)Continuous
ESD Protection (Human Body Model) ±2kV
Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A =	+70°C)
20-Pin TQFN (derate 20.8mW/°C	above +70°C)1667mW

Storage Temperature Range	65°C to +165°C
Maximum Junction Temperature	+150°C
Operating Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = +3.0V \text{ to } +3.6V, T_A = -40^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ Typical values at $V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = +3.3V, T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}, \text{ with CLK1 at 25MHz, and all other CLK_ outputs at 133MHz.)}$ (Note 1)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
CLOCK INPUT (X1)			·			
Input High Level	V _{IH1}		2.0			V
Input Low Level	V _{IL1}				0.8	V
Input Current	I _{IL1} , I _{IH1}	$V_{X} = 0$ to V_{DD}	-20		+20	μΑ
CLOCK OUTPUTS (CLK_)						
Output High Level	Voh	I _{OH} = -100μA	V _{DD} - 0.2			V
		I _{OH} = -4mA	2.4			
Output Low Level	Vo	$I_{OL} = 100\mu A$			0.2	V
Output Low Level	VoL	$I_{OL} = 4mA$			0.4	V
Output Short-Circuit Current	los	CLK_ = V _{DD} or GND	-60		+69	mA
Output Capacitance	Co	(Note 2)			5	pF
THREE-LEVEL INPUTS (SSC, SA	NO, SA1)					
Input High Level	V _{IH2}		2.5			V
Input Low Level	V _{IL2}				0.8	V
Input Open Level	V _{IO2}		1.35		1.90	V
Input Current	I _{IL2} , I _{IH2}	$V_{IL2} = 0$ or $V_{IH2} = V_{DD}$	-15		+15	μΑ
SERIAL INTERFACE (SCL, SDA)	(Note 3)					
Input High Level	VIH		0.7 x V _{DD}			V
Input Low Level	VIL				0.3 x V _{DD}	V
Input Leakage Current	I _{IH} , I _{IL}		-1		+1	μΑ
Low-Level Output	V _{OL}	I _{SINK} = 4mA			0.4	V
Input Capacitance	Ci	(Note 2)			10	pF
POWER SUPPLIES						
Digital Power-Supply Voltage	V _{DD}		3.0		3.6	V
Analog Power-Supply Voltage	V _{DDA}		3.0		3.6	V
Total Supply Current	IDC	$C_L = 10pF$		60	76	mA
Output Disabled Supply Current	lop	All clock registers = 0x0F		18	24	mA

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = +3.0V \text{ to } +3.6V, C_L = 10 \text{pF}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}$ Typical values at $V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = +3.3V, T_A = +25^{\circ}C$, with CLK1 at 25MHz and all other CLK_ outputs at 133MHz.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
OUTPUTS (CLK_)	•			•		
Crystal Frequency			10		35	MHz
Input Frequency Range		External clock	15		35	MHz
Crystal Frequency Tolerance	Δf_{A}		-50		+50	ppm
Output-to-Output Skew	tsko	Any two CLK_ outputs			220	ps
Rise Time	t _{R1}	20% V _{DD} to 80% V _{DD}		1.9	2.5	ns
Fall Time	tF1	80% V _{DD} to 20% V _{DD}		1.3	2.5	ns
Duty Cycle			40		60	%
Output Period Jitter	JР	RMS (SSC = 0), CLK1 is disabled to high impedance		10	15	ps
Power-Up Time	tpo	V _{DD} > 2.8V to PLL lock		2		ms
Eroguanay Spraad		SSC = high		-2.5	•	%
Frequency Spread		SSC = floating		-1.25		7/0

SERIAL INTERFACE TIMING

 $(V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = +3.3V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C.) \text{ (Note 1, Figure 1)}$

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Serial Clock	fscl				400	kHz	
Bus Free Time Between STOP and START Conditions	tBUF		1.3			μs	
Hold Time, Repeated START Condition	^t HD,STA		0.6			μs	
Repeated START Condition Setup Time	tsu,sta		0.6			μs	
STOP Condition Setup Time	tsu,sto		0.6			μs	
Data Hold Time	thd,dat	(Note 4)	15		900	ns	
Data Hold Time Slave	thd,dat	(Note 4)	15		900	ns	
Data Setup Time	tsu,dat		100				
SCL Clock Low Period	tLOW		1.3			μs	
SCL Clock High Period	tHIGH		0.7			μs	
Rise Time of SDA and SCL, Receiving	t _R	(Notes 2, 5)	20 + 0.1C _B		300	ns	
Fall Time of SDA and SCL, Receiving	tF	(Notes 2, 5)	20 + 0.1C _B	_	300	ns	

SERIAL INTERFACE TIMING (continued)

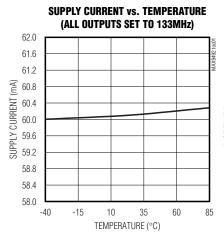
 $(V_{DD} = V_{DDA} = +3.3V, T_A = -40^{\circ}C \text{ to } +85^{\circ}C.) \text{ (Note 1, Figure 1)}$

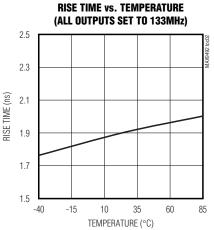
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Fall Time of SDA, Transmitting	t _{F,TX}	(Notes 2, 6)	20 + 0.1C _B		250	ns
Pulse Width of Spike Suppressed	tsp	(Notes 2, 7)	0		50	ns
Capacitive Load for Each Bus Line	СВ	(Note 2)			400	рF

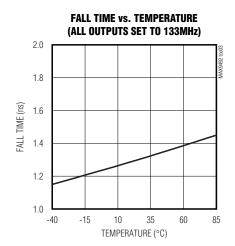
- Note 1: All DC parameters tested at $T_A = +25$ °C. Specifications over temperature are guaranteed by design.
- Note 2: Guaranteed by design.
- **Note 3:** No high output level is specified but only the output resistance to the bus. For I²C, the high-level voltage is provided by pullup resistors on the bus.
- Note 4: The device provides a hold time of at least 300ns for the SDA signal (referred to V_{IL} of the SCL signal) to bridge the undefined region of SCL's falling edge.
- Note 5: CB = total capacitance of one bus line in pF. tR and tF measured between 0.3 x VDD and 0.7 x VDD.
- **Note 6:** Bus sink current is less than 6mA. C_B is the total capacitance of one bus line in pF. t_R and t_F are measured between 0.3 x V_{DD} and 0.7 x V_{DD}.
- Note 7: Input filters on the SDA and SCL inputs suppress noise spikes less than 50ns.

Typical Operating Characteristics

 $(T_A = +25^{\circ}C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.})$

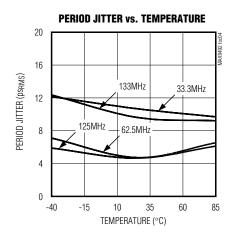


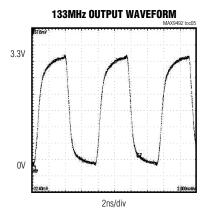


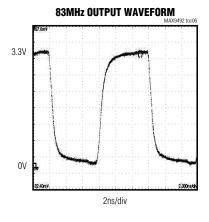


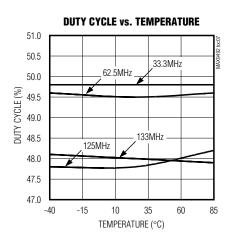
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

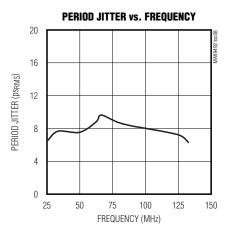
 $(T_A = +25$ °C, unless otherwise noted.)

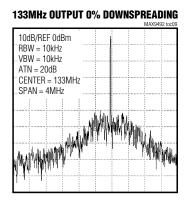




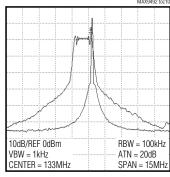




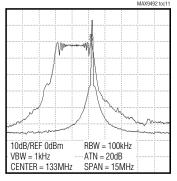








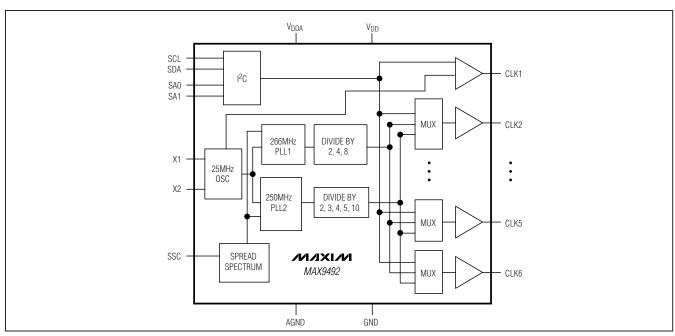
133MHz OUTPUT WITH 0% AND 2.5% DOWNSPREADING



Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	GNDA	Analog Ground
2	X1	Crystal Connection or Clock Input. If using a 25MHz crystal, connect it to X1 and X2. If using a reference
3	X2	clock, connect the clock signal to X1 and leave X2 floating. See the Typical Operating Circuit.
4	V_{DDA}	Power-Supply Input for Analog Circuits. Bypass to GNDA with a 0.1µF capacitor.
5, 13, 16	V_{DD}	Power-Supply Input for Digital Circuits. Bypass to GND with a 0.1µF capacitor.
6	SCL	Serial Clock Input. Serial interface clock.
7	SDA	Serial Data I/O. Data I/O of serial interface.
8, 20	GND	Digital Ground
9	CLK1	Clock 1 Output. Buffered reference clock output.
10	CLK2	Clock 2 Output. Frequency-selectable clock output.
11	CLK3	Clock 3 Output. Frequency-selectable clock output.
12	CLK4	Clock 4 Output. Frequency-selectable clock output.
14	CLK5	Clock 5 Output. Frequency-selectable clock output.
15	CLK6	Clock 6 Output. Frequency-selectable clock output.
17	SSC	Spread-Spectrum-Select Input. Selects the spectrum-spread percentage. When SSC is low, spread spectrum is disabled. When SSC is floating, spread spectrum is set to -1.25%. When SSC is high, spread spectrum is set to -2.5%.
18	SA1	Address-Select Inputs for Serial Interface. SA0 and SA1 select the serial interface address, as shown in
19	SA0	Table 1. SA0 and SA1 are three-level inputs, making nine possible address combinations.
EP	GND	Exposed pad. Connect to GND.

Block Diagram



Detailed Description

The MAX9492 frequency synthesizer is designed to generate multiple clocks for clock distribution in network routers or switches. The device provides a total of six buffered clock outputs (CLK1 to CLK6). CLK1 is the buffered output of the reference clock. CLK2 through CLK6 are independently programmable to generate eight different frequencies based on a 25MHz input crystal: 133, 125, 83, 66, 62.5, 50, 33, and 25MHz. All the outputs are LVCMOS single-ended signals.

Select the MAX9492's output frequency by programming on-chip registers through the I²C interface. The MAX9492 also features spread-spectrum capability to reduce EMI. Output frequency spectrum can be downspread by -2.5% or -1.25%. The 25MHz reference comes from either a crystal or an external clock. The MAX9492 incorporates two PLLs with two internal loop filters. The MAX9492 operates from a 3.3V supply.

Reference Frequency Input

The MAX9492 requires a reference frequency. The reference can be a 25MHz crystal or an external clock signal. If using a 25MHz crystal, connect it across X1 and X2, and connect loading capacitors from X1 and X2 to GND (refer to the crystal manufacturer's specification). If using an external clock, connect the signal to X1 and leave X2 floating.

Power-Up State

At power-up, the CLK1 output is enabled and free running, the CLK2 to CLK4 outputs are set at 33.3MHz, and the other CLK outputs are disabled at logic-low. The output states can be overridden by writing to the registers through the I²C interface.

Serial Interface

The MAX9492 is programmed through its I²C serial interface. This interface has a clock, SCL, and a bidirectional data line, SDA. In an I²C system, a master, typically a microcontroller, initiates all data transfers to and from slave devices, and generates the clock to synchronize the data transfers.

The MAX9492 operates as a slave device. The timing of the SDA and SCL signals is detailed in Figure 1. SDA operates as both an input and an open-drain output. A pullup resistor, typically 4.7k Ω , is required on SDA. SCL operates only as an input. A pullup resistor, typically 4.7k Ω , is required on SCL.

START and STOP Conditions

A master signals the beginning of a transmission with a START condition by transitioning SDA from high to low while SCL is high (Figure 2). When communication is complete, a master issues a STOP condition by transitioning SDA from low to high while SCL is high. The bus is then free for another transmission.

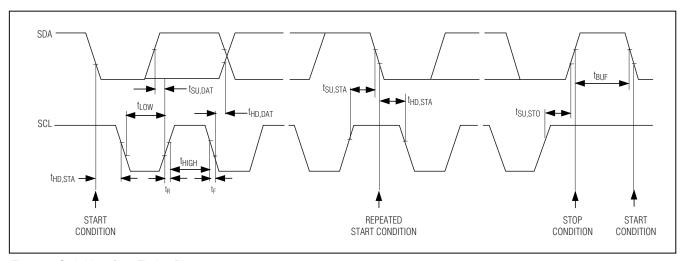


Figure 1. Serial-Interface Timing Diagram

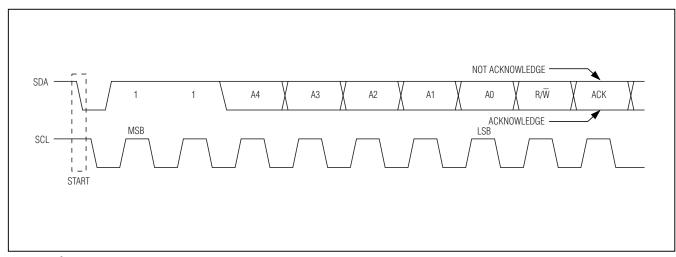


Figure 2. I²C Address and Acknowledge

Bit Transfer

One data bit is transferred during each SCL clock cycle. SDA must remain stable during the high period of SCL, as changes in SDA while SCL is high are START and STOP control signals. Idle the interface by pulling both SDA and SCL high.

After 8 bits are transferred, the receiving device generates an acknowledge signal by pulling SDA low for the entire duration of the 9th clock pulse. If the receiving device does not pull SDA low, a not acknowledge is indicated (Figure 2).

Table 1. Device I²C Address Selection

SA0	SA1	DEVICE ADDRESS
Open	Open	110 1000
Low	Open	110 0100
High	Open	110 0010
Open	Low	110 1100
Low	Low	110 1001
High	Low	111 0000
Open	High	111 0001
Low	High	111 0010
High	High	111 0100

Device Address

The MAX9492 features a 7-bit device address, configured by the two three-level address inputs, SA1 and SA0. To select the device address, connect SA1 and SA0 to V_{DD}, GND, or leave floating, as indicated in Table 1. The MAX9492 has nine possible addresses, allowing up to nine MAX9492 devices to share the same interface bus.

Writing to the MAX9492

Writing to the MAX9492 begins with a START condition (Figure 3). Following the START condition, each pulse on SCL transfers 1 bit of data. The first 7 bits comprise the device address (see the Device Address section). The 8th bit is low to indicate a write operation. An acknowledge bit is then generated by the MAX9492, signaling that it recognizes its address. The next 8 bits form the register address byte (Table 2) and determine which control register receives the following data byte. The MAX9492 then generates another acknowledge bit. The data byte is then written into the addressed register of the MAX9492. An acknowledge bit by the MAX9492 followed by a required STOP condition by the master completes the communication. To write to the device again, the entire write procedure is repeated; I²C burstwrite mode is not supported by the MAX9492.

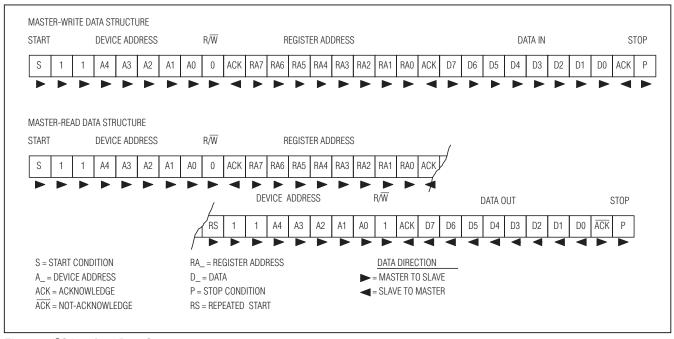


Figure 3. I²C Interface Data Structure

Reading from the MAX9492

Reading from the MAX9492 registers begins with a START condition and a device address with the write bit set low, then the register address that is to be read, followed by a repeated START condition and a device address with the write bit set high, and finally the data are shifted out (Figure 3). Following a START condition, the first 7 bits comprise the device address. The 8th bit is low to indicate a write operation (to write in the following register address). An acknowledge bit is then generated by the MAX9492, signaling that it recognizes its address. The next 8 bits form the register address, indicating the location of the data to be read, followed by another acknowledge, again generated by the MAX9492. The master then produces a repeated START condition and readdresess the device, with the R/W bit high to indicate a read operation (Figure 3). The MAX9492 generates an acknowledge bit, signaling that it recognizes its address. The data byte is then clocked out of the MAX9492. A final not-acknowledge bit, generated by the master (not required), and a STOP condition, also generated by the master, complete the communication. To read from the device again, the entire read procedure is repeated; I2C burst-read mode is not supported by the MAX9492.

Device Control Registers

The MAX9492 has eight control registers. The register addresses and functions are shown in Table 2. The first seven registers are used to set the six outputs, with register 0x00 controlling all outputs simultaneously, and the rest are mapped to individual outputs. All other addresses are reserved and are not to be used.

Table 2. Register Address Mapping

REGISTER ADDRESS	OUTPUT PORT
00	Broadcast to all CLK registers
01	CLK1
02	CLK2
03	CLK3
04	CLK4
05	CLK5
06	CLK6
All others	Reserved

Setting the Clock Frequencies

Each CLK_ output has an associated control register. The contents of the registers determine the frequencies of their associated outputs. Table 3 provides the frequency mapping for the registers. CLK1 only responds to the 25MHz and high-impedance settings in Table 3. For example, writing 03h to the CLK1 control register does not change CLK1's output frequency to 133.3MHz. The CLK1 output continues to output a buffered reference clock signal.

Table 3. Output Frequency Selection for CLK1–CLK6

BITS IN CLKn REGISTERS	OUTPUT FREQUENCY (MHz)
00	Logic-Low
01	133.3
02	125
03	83.3
04	66.6
05	62.5
06	50
07	33.3
08	25
0F	High Impedance

Spread-Spectrum Control

The MAX9492 features spread-spectrum output structures to spread radiated emissions over the frequency band. A programmable triangle-wave generator injects an offset element into the master oscillator to dither its output by -1.25% or -2.5%. The dither is controlled by the SSC input. When SSC is low, spread spectrum is disabled. When SSC is floating, spread spectrum is set to -1.25%. When SSC is high, spread spectrum is set to -2.5%.

Power Supply

The MAX9492 uses a 3.0V to 3.6V power supply connected to V_{DD} , and 3.0V to 3.6V connected to V_{DDA} . Bypass V_{DDA} and V_{DD} at the device with a 0.1 μ F capacitor. Additionally, use bulk bypass capacitors of 10 μ F where power enters the circuit board.

Applications Information

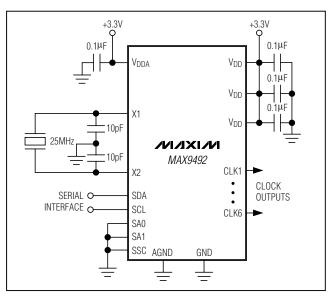
Board Layout Considerations

As with all high-frequency devices, board layout is critical to proper operation. Place the crystal as close as possible to X1 and X2, and minimize parasitic capacitance around the crystal leads. Ensure that the exposed pad makes good contact with GND.

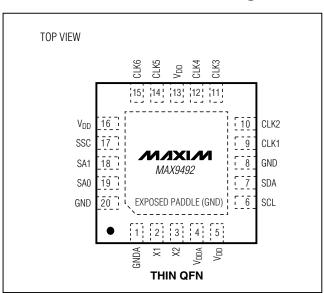
Chip Information

PROCESS: BICMOS

Typical Operating Circuit

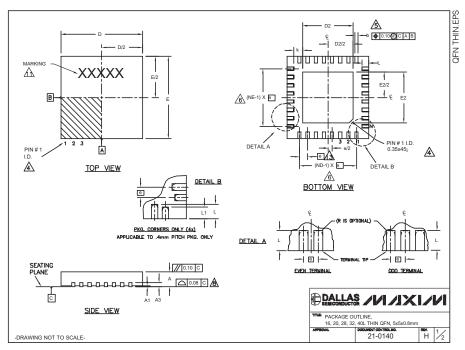


Pin Configuration



Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)



A 0.70 0.75 0.80 0.75 0.80 0.75 0.75 0.80 0.75 0.75 0.80 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.75 0.7				С	OMM	ON D	IMENS	SIONS	;										EXF	OSE	PAD	VARIA	TIONS			
SYMBOL MIN. NOM. MAX. MIN. NOM. MAX. —0.15																	ı	PKG		D2			E2		L	
A1 0 0.02 0.05 0 0.02 0.00 0.05 0 0.02 0.00 0.05 0 0.02 0.00 0.05 0 0.02 0.00 0.05 0 0.02 0 0.05 0 0.02 0 0.05 0 0.02 0 0.05 0 0.02 0 0.05 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0 0.00 0.00 0 0.00	SYMBOL	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.			MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	-0.15	BONDS ALLOWED
A3	Α	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	0.70	0.75	0.80	1	T1655-1	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO
D	A1	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05	0	0.02	0.05	- 1	T1655-2	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	YES
D 490 500 510 490 500 510 490 500 510 490 500 510 490 500 510 490 500 510 690 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 500 5		-											_	-			- 1	T1655N-1	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO
T2055-3 3.00 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.20 3.10																	1	T2055-2	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO
Record																	ı	T2055-3	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	YES
U.80 BSC.		_			_		_	_			_		_	-	_	_	ł	T2055-4	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO
L 0.39 0,40 0.50 0.45 0.55 0.55 0.65 0.45 0.55 0.65 0.65 0.50 0.65 0.50 0.65 0.40 0.50 0.40 0.4		-	.80 B		_	.65 B	SC.	-	50 BS	sC.	-	.50 BS	SC.	-	_	_	ł			_	_				0.40	YES
1.1 - - - - - - - - -			- 10	<u> </u>		-	-	_	-	- 0.05	0.000	- 10		-	-		ł	.=		_		_				_
N 16 20 28 32 40 ND 4 5 7 8 10 JEDEC WH/HB WH/HC WH/HD-1 WH/HD-2 TOTES 1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ASME Y14,5M-1994. 2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES. 3. N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINAL. NUMBERING CONVENTION SHALL CONFORM TO JESD 64-1 SPO-12. DETAILS OF TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL FILEDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL INJUMBERING CONFORM TO JESD 64-1 SPO-12. DETAILS OF TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL HIDENTIFIER AN		-		-			-	-	_				-	-	-	_	ł									NO.
T2855-4 2.60 2.70 2.80 2.60 2.70 2.80 3.70 3.70 3.70 3.70 3.70 3.70 3.70 3.70 3.70 3.70 3.70 3.70 3.70		<u> </u>		-	-		<u> </u>	-	$\overline{}$	-	-	_	-	0.30	_	0.50	ł	T2855-3	3.15	3.25	3.35	3 15	3.25	3.35	**	YES
NE 4 5 7 8 10 10 10 10 10 10 10		-			\vdash			\vdash			\vdash			\vdash		-	ı	T2855-4	_	_			_		**	YES
JEDEC WHHB		-						\vdash			\vdash			\vdash		_	ł								**	NO
T2855-3 2.60 2.70 2.80	JEDEC	-	WHHE	3		WHH	С	١	VHHD	-1	V	VHHD	-2	\vdash		-	ŀ		_						**	NO
T2855-8. 3.15 3.25 3.35 3.16 3.25 3.35 0.40 YES T2855-1 3.15 3.25 3.35 3.16 3.25 3.35 0.40 YES T2855-1 3.26 3.35 0.40 JES T2855-1 JES T2855-1 3.26 3.35 0.40 JES T2855-1 JES T28555-1 JES T2855-1 JES T2855-1 JES T2855-1 JES T2855-1 JES T2855-1																	ı		_	_		_	_	-	**	YES
1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M-1994. 2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS, ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES. 3. N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINALS. 3. N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINALS. 4. THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL NUMBERING CONVENTION SHALL CONFORM TO JESO \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$ S.35 \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$\$\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$\$\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$\$\$ \$\frac{1}{2}\$\$\$\$ \$\	OTES:																ı	T2855-8	3.15		3.35		3.25		0.40	YES
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES. 3. N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINALS. THE TERMINAL #I IDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL NUMBERING CONVENTION SHALL CONFORM TO JESO 95-1 SPP-012. DETAILS OF TERMINAL #I IDENTIFIER ARE OPTIONAL, BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE ZOME INDICATED. THE TERMINAL #I IDENTIFIER MAY BE EITHER A MOLD OR MARKED FEATURE. ***SEE COMMON DIMENSIONS TAB 0.30 M 3.10 M 3.20 M 3.20 M 3.20 M 3.10 M 3.20 M 3.2		FNSIC	NING	& TOI	FRAN	ICING	CONF	ORM	TO AS	ME Y	14 5M-	1994					ı	T2855N-1	3.15	3.25	3.35	3.15	3.25	3.35	**	NO
3. N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINALS. THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL NUMBERING CONVENTION SHALL CONFORM TO JESO 94: 19 PG-12. DETAILS OF TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER AND TO JESO 94: 19 PG-12. DETAILS OF TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER AND CONFORM AND LOST AND LOST AND AND L																	ı	T3255-2	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO
AT THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL MUMBERING CONVENTION SHALL CONFORM TO JESD 96.1 SPP-012. DETAILS OF TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER ARE OPTIONAL BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE ZONE MOICATED. THE TERMINAL #1 DIMENSION A PPLIES TO THE AUGUST OF MARKED FEATURE. T3255N-1 3.00 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.10 3.20 3.00 3.10 3.10 3.10 3.10 3.10 3.10 3.1											DEG	LLO.						T3255-3	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	YES
COPIANGE TO JESO 85-1 SPP-012. DETAILS OF TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER ARE OPTIONAL BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE ZONE INDICATED. THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER MAY BE EITHER A MOLD OR MARKED FEATURE. DIMENSION A PAPICE TO WITHIN THE ZONE TO WITHIN ALL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.25 mm AND 0.30 mm FROM TERMINAL THE ZONE AND EACH D AND E SIDE RESPECTIVELY. TO BE POPULATION IS POSSIBLE IN A SYMMETRICAL FASHION. OPPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS. DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO220, EXCEPT EXPOSED PAD DIMENSION FOR T2855-1, T2855-3, AND T2855-8. WARPAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.10 mm. MARKKING IS FOR PACKAGE ORIENTATION REFERENCE ONLY.									LAUIN	4DEDI	NC C	ONIVE	NITION	LCHAI			ı	T3255-4	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO
IDENTIFIER MAY BE EITHER A MOLD OR MARKED FEATURE ***SEE COMMON DIMENSIONS TAB 0.25 mm AND 0.30 mm FROM TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.25 mm AND 0.30 mm FROM TERMINAL TIP. 7. DEPOPULATION IS POSSIBLE IN A SYMMETRICAL FASHION. A OPPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS ON EACH D AND E SIDE RESPECTIVELY. 7. DEPOPULATION IS POSSIBLE IN A SYMMETRICAL FASHION. B OPPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS. 9. DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO220, EXCEPT EXPOSED PAD DIMENSION FOR T2855-1, T285-53, AND T285-64. WARPAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.10 mm. 11. MARKING IS FOR PACKAGE ORIENTATION REFERENCE ONLY.																	ı	T3255N-1	3.00	3.10	3.20	3.00	3.10	3.20	**	NO
DIMENSION 5 APPLIES TO METALLIZED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.25 mm AND 0.30 mm FROM TERMINAL TIP. N DA AND NE REFERT TO THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS ON EACH D AND E SIDE RESPECTIVELY. TO EPOPULATION IS POSSIBLE IN A SYMMETRICAL FASHION. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS. DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MOZZO, EXCEPT EXPOSED PAD DIMENSION FOR T2855-1, T2855-3, AND T2855-8. WARPAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.10 mm. WARPAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.10 mm. WARPAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.10 mm.	OPT	TIONA	., BUT	MUS	I BE L	OCAT	ED W	THIN	THE Z	ONE I	NDICA				NAL#	1	İ	T4055-1	3.20	3.30	3.40	3.20	3.30	3.40	**	YES
7. DEPOPULATION IS POSSIBLE IN A SYMMETRICAL FASHION. OCHUMARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS. 9. DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO220, EXCEPT EXPOSED PAD DIMENSION FOR T2855-1, 17385-3, AND T2855-6. WARPAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.10 mm. 11. MARKING IS FOR PACKAGE ORIENTATION REFERENCE ONLY.									ΛΙΝΑL	AND I	IS ME	ASUR	ED BE	TWEE	N							**	SEE COI	MMON E	DIMENSIC	NS TABLE
COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS. 9. DRAWING CONFORNS TO JEDEC MO220, EXCEPT EXPOSED PAD DIMENSION FOR T2855-1, T2855-3, AND T2855-8. 11. MARKING IS FOR PACKAGE ORIENTATION REFERENCE ONLY.	A ND	AND N	E REF	ER TO) THE	NUM	BER O	F TER	MINAL	S ON	EACH	ID AN	ID E S	SIDE R	ESPE	CTIVEL	۲.									
COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS. 9. DRAWING CONFORNS TO JEDEC MO220, EXCEPT EXPOSED PAD DIMENSION FOR T2855-1, T2855-3, AND T2855-8. 11. MARKING IS FOR PACKAGE ORIENTATION REFERENCE ONLY.	7. DEF	POPUL	ATION	I IS PO	OSSIB	LE IN	A SYN	METF	ICAL I	ASHI	ON.															
T2855-3, AND T2855-6. WARPAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.10 mm. 11. MARKING IS FOR PACKAGE ORIENTATION REFERENCE ONLY.	∕8∖ cor	PLANA	RITY	APPLIE	S TO	THE	EXPOS	SED H	EAT S	INK S	LUG A	S WE	LL AS	THE	TERMI	NALS.										
11. MARKING IS FOR PACKAGE ORIENTATION REFERENCE ONLY.						JEDEC	MO2	20, EX	CEPT	EXPO	SED I	PAD D	IMEN	SION	FOR T	2855-1										
	MAF	RPAGE	SHAL	L NO	EXC	EED 0).10 mr	n.											- [12 P	A I .	AC	48	48 4	-	B 4F
	11. MAF	RKING	IS FO	R PAC	KAGE	ORIE	NTATI	ON R	FERE	NCE (ONLY.									甲輪	IICONDI	JCTOR			X	1/6
12. NUMBER OF LEADS SHOWN ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY.	12 NUM	MBER (OF LEA	ADS S	NOM	ARE	FOR F	REFER	ENCE	ONL	Υ.								L							
16. 20. 28. 32. 40L THIN QFN. 5x5x0.8mm		D CEN	TERLI	NES T	OBE	AT TE	RUE PO	OSITIO	N AS	DEFIN	NED B	Y BAS	IC DI	MENSI	ON "e	", -0.05								OFN 5	.EO 0.	_

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