

## Optocoupler, Photodarlington Output, SOP-4L, Long Mini-Flat Package

### Features

- Low profile package
- Darlington output
- Extra low coupling capacity - typical 0.2 pF
- High Common Mode Rejection
- Creepage current resistance according to VDE 0303/IEC 60112 Comparative Tracking Index: **CTI**  $\geq 175$
- Thickness through insulation  $\geq 0.75$  mm
- Creepage distance  $> 8$  mm
- Tested acc. 60950: AM4: 1997 clause 2.9.6.

### Agency Approvals

- UL - File No. E76222 System Code W
- UL 1577
- CSA 22.2 bulletin 5A, Double Protection
- BSI IEC60950 IEC60965
- DIN EN 60747-5-2(VDE0884)
- DIN EN 60747-5-5 pending

### Applications

Switch-mode power supplies

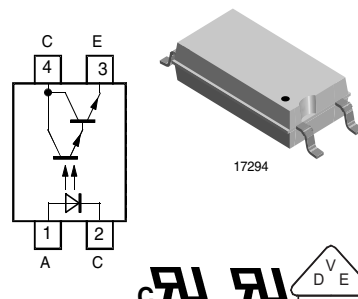
Line receiver

Computer peripheral interface

Microprocessor system interface

Reinforced Isolation provides circuit protection against electrical shock (Safety Class II)

Circuits for safe protective separation against electrical shock according to safety class II (reinforced isolation):



- For appl. class I - IV at mains voltage  $\leq 300$  V
- For appl. class I - III at mains voltage  $\leq 600$  V according to DIN EN 60747-5-2(VDE0884)/ DIN EN 60747-5-5 pending, table 2.

### Description

The TCLD1000 consists of a darlington phototransistor optically coupled to a gallium arsenide infrared-emitting diode in a 4-lead SO6L package.

The elements are mounted on one leadframe, provide a fixed distance between input and output for highest safety requirements.

### Order Information

| Part     | Remarks              |
|----------|----------------------|
| TCLD1000 | CTR $> 600$ %, SMD-4 |

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Stresses in excess of the absolute Maximum Ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational sections of this document. Exposure to absolute Maximum Rating for extended periods of the time can adversely affect reliability.

### Input

| Parameter             | Test condition                   | Symbol     | Value | Unit               |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|------------|-------|--------------------|
| Reverse voltage       |                                  | $V_R$      | 6     | V                  |
| Forward current       |                                  | $I_F$      | 60    | mA                 |
| Forward surge current | $t_p \leq 10\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ | $I_{FSM}$  | 1.5   | A                  |
| Power dissipation     |                                  | $P_{diss}$ | 100   | mW                 |
| Junction temperature  |                                  | $T_j$      | 125   | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |

### Output

| Parameter                 | Test condition                       | Symbol     | Value | Unit               |
|---------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------|-------|--------------------|
| Collector emitter voltage |                                      | $V_{CEO}$  | 35    | V                  |
| Emitter collector voltage |                                      | $V_{ECO}$  | 7     | V                  |
| Collector current         |                                      | $I_C$      | 80    | mA                 |
| Collector peak current    | $t_p/T = 0.5, t_p \leq 10\text{ ms}$ | $I_{CM}$   | 100   | mA                 |
| Power dissipation         |                                      | $P_{diss}$ | 150   | mW                 |
| Junction temperature      |                                      | $T_j$      | 125   | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |

### Coupler

| Parameter                           | Test condition | Symbol    | Value         | Unit               |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|-----------|---------------|--------------------|
| Isolation test voltage (RMS)        |                | $V_{ISO}$ | 5000          | $V_{RMS}$          |
| Total power dissipation             |                | $P_{tot}$ | 250           | mW                 |
| Operating ambient temperature range |                | $T_{amb}$ | - 40 to + 100 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Storage temperature range           |                | $T_{stg}$ | - 40 to + 100 | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |
| Soldering temperature               |                | $T_{sld}$ | 240           | $^{\circ}\text{C}$ |

## Electrical Characteristics

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified

Minimum and maximum values are testing requirements. Typical values are characteristics of the device and are the result of engineering evaluation. Typical values are for information only and are not part of the testing requirements.

### Input

| Parameter            | Test condition                       | Symbol | Min | Typ. | Max | Unit |
|----------------------|--------------------------------------|--------|-----|------|-----|------|
| Forward voltage      | $I_F = \pm 50\text{ mA}$             | $V_F$  |     | 1.25 | 1.6 | V    |
| Junction capacitance | $V_R = 0\text{ V}, f = 1\text{ MHz}$ | $C_j$  |     | 50   |     | pF   |

### Output

| Parameter                         | Test condition                         | Symbol    | Min | Typ. | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-----------|-----|------|-----|------|
| Collector emitter voltage         | $I_C = 1\text{ mA}$                    | $V_{CEO}$ | 35  |      |     | V    |
| Emitter collector voltage         | $I_E = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$         | $V_{ECO}$ | 7   |      |     | V    |
| Collector-emitter cut-off current | $V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}, I_f = 0, E = 0$ | $I_{CEO}$ |     |      | 100 | nA   |

## Coupler

| Parameter                            | Test condition                                                         | Symbol      | Min | Typ. | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------|-----|------|-----|------|
| Collector emitter saturation voltage | $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ , $I_C = 1 \text{ mA}$                           | $V_{CEsat}$ |     |      | 0.3 | V    |
| Cut-off frequency                    | $V_{CE} = 5 \text{ V}$ , $I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$ ,<br>$R_L = 100 \Omega$ | $f_c$       |     | 10   |     | kHz  |
| Coupling capacitance                 | $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$                                                    | $C_k$       |     | 0.3  |     | pF   |

## Current Transfer Ratio

| Parameter | Test condition                                | Symbol | Min | Typ. | Max | Unit |
|-----------|-----------------------------------------------|--------|-----|------|-----|------|
| $I_C/I_F$ | $V_{CE} = 2 \text{ V}$ , $I_F = 1 \text{ mA}$ | CTR    | 600 | 800  |     | %    |

## Maximum Safety Ratings

(according to DIN EN 60747-5-2(VDE0884)/ DIN EN 60747-5-5 pending) see figure 1

This optocoupler is suitable for safe electrical isolation only within the safety ratings.

Compliance with the safety ratings shall be ensured by means of suitable protective circuits.

## Input

| Parameter       | Test condition | Symbol | Min | Typ. | Max | Unit |
|-----------------|----------------|--------|-----|------|-----|------|
| Forward current |                | $I_F$  |     |      | 130 | mA   |

## Output

| Parameter         | Test condition               | Symbol     | Min | Typ. | Max | Unit |
|-------------------|------------------------------|------------|-----|------|-----|------|
| Power dissipation | $T_{amb} \leq 25 \text{ °C}$ | $P_{diss}$ |     |      | 265 | mW   |

## Coupler

| Parameter             | Test condition | Symbol     | Min | Typ. | Max | Unit |
|-----------------------|----------------|------------|-----|------|-----|------|
| Rated impulse voltage |                | $V_{IOTM}$ |     |      | 8   | kV   |
| Safety temperature    |                | $T_{si}$   |     |      | 150 | °C   |

## Insulation Rated Parameters

| Parameter                                               | Test condition                                                                    | Symbol     | Min       | Typ. | Max | Unit     |
|---------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|-----------|------|-----|----------|
| Partial discharge test voltage - Routine test           | 100 %, $t_{test} = 1 \text{ s}$                                                   | $V_{pd}$   | 1.6       |      |     | kV       |
| Partial discharge test voltage - Lot test (sample test) | $t_{Tr} = 60 \text{ s}$ , $t_{test} = 10 \text{ s}$ ,<br>(see figure 2)           | $V_{IOTM}$ | 8         |      |     | kV       |
|                                                         |                                                                                   | $V_{pd}$   | 1.3       |      |     | kV       |
| Insulation resistance                                   | $V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V}$                                                          | $R_{IO}$   | $10^{12}$ |      |     | $\Omega$ |
|                                                         | $V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V}$ , $T_{amb} = 100 \text{ °C}$                             | $R_{IO}$   | $10^{11}$ |      |     | $\Omega$ |
|                                                         | $V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V}$ , $T_{amb} = 150 \text{ °C}$<br>(construction test only) | $R_{IO}$   | $10^9$    |      |     | $\Omega$ |

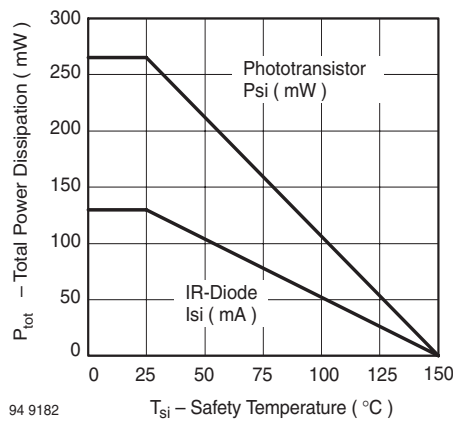


Fig. 1 Derating diagram

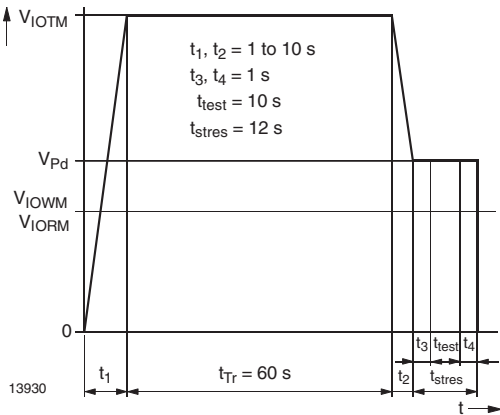


Fig. 2 Test pulse diagram for sample test according to DIN EN 60747-5-2(VDE0884)/ DIN EN 60747-; IEC60747

Switching Characteristics

| Parameter     | Test condition                                                   | Symbol    | Min | Typ. | Max | Unit    |
|---------------|------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----|------|-----|---------|
| Rise time     | $V_{CE} = 2$ V, $I_C = 10$ mA, $R_L = 100 \Omega$ (see figure 1) | $t_r$     |     | 300  |     | $\mu$ s |
| Turn-off time | $V_{CE} = 2$ V, $I_C = 10$ mA, $R_L = 100 \Omega$ (see figure 1) | $t_{off}$ |     | 250  |     | $\mu$ s |

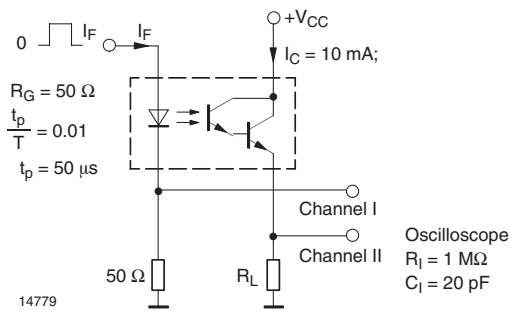


Fig. 3 Test circuit, non-saturated operation

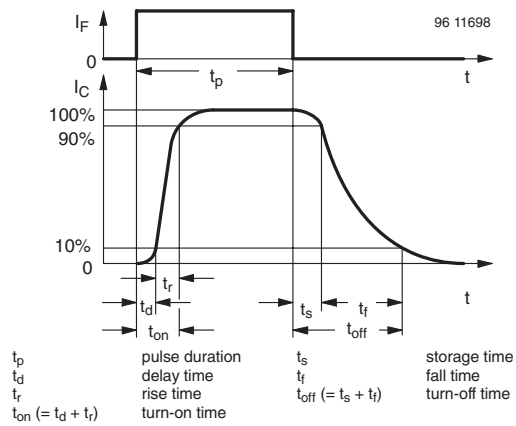


Fig. 4 Switching Times

## Typical Characteristics ( $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)

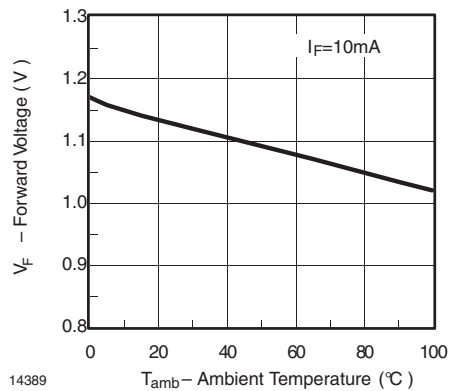


Fig. 5 Forward Voltage vs. Ambient Temperature

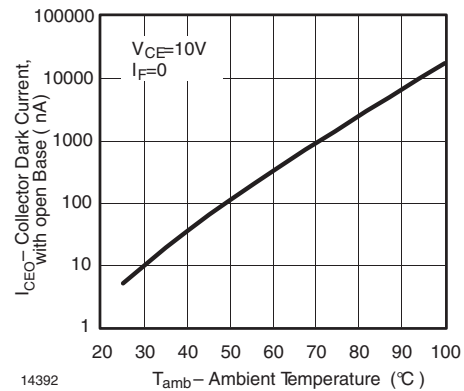


Fig. 8 Collector Dark Current vs. Ambient Temperature

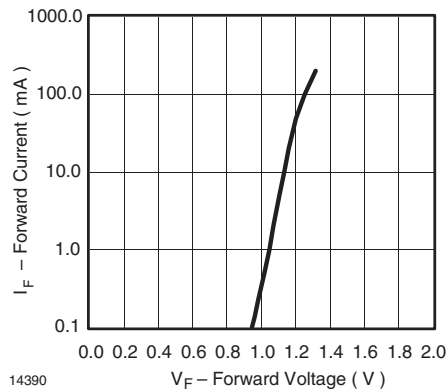


Fig. 6 Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

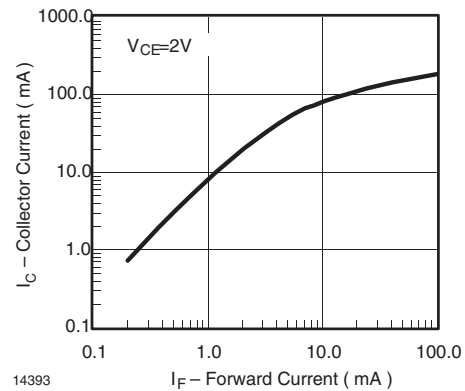


Fig. 9 Collector Current vs. Forward Current

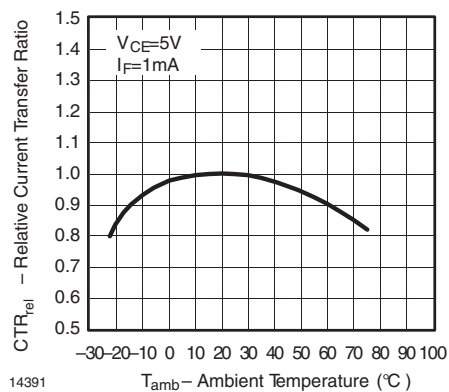


Fig. 7 Relative Current Transfer Ratio vs. Ambient Temperature

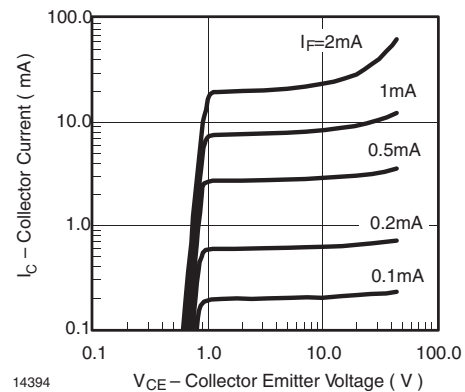
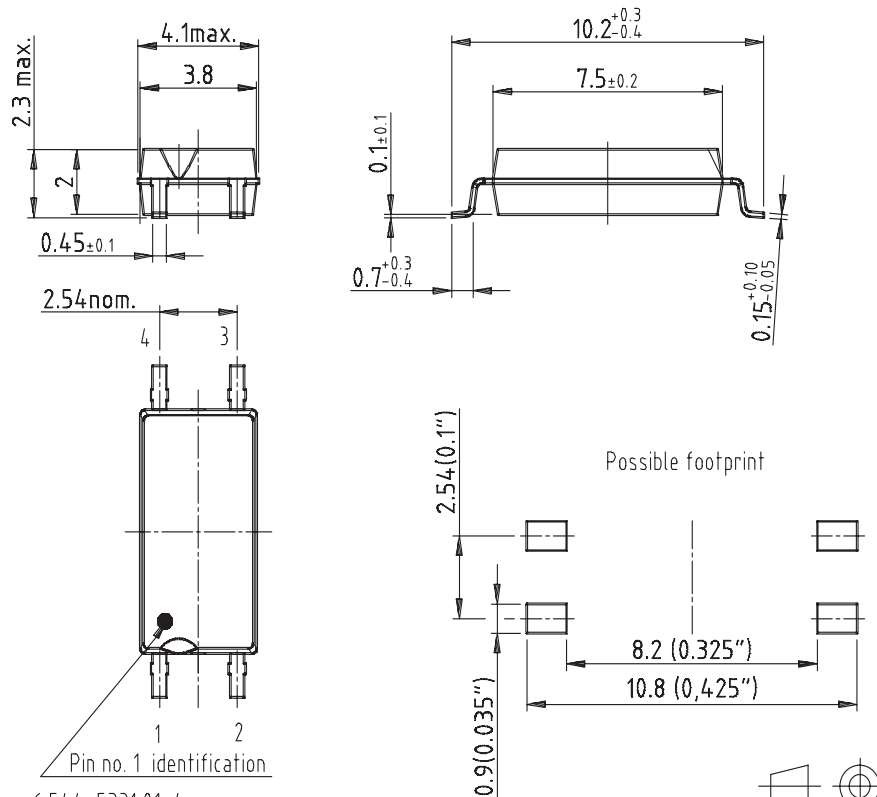


Fig. 10 Collector Current vs. Collector Emitter Voltage

## Package Dimensions in mm



Drawing-No.: 6.544-5331.01-4

Issue: 1; 04.04.00

technical drawings  
according to DIN  
specifications

15243

## Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement

It is the policy of **Vishay Semiconductor GmbH** to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

**Vishay Semiconductor GmbH** has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

**Vishay Semiconductor GmbH** can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

### **We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design and may do so without further notice.**

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay Semiconductors products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay Semiconductors against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

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