

## Dual N-Channel 40-V (D-S) MOSFET

### PRODUCT SUMMARY

| $V_{DS}$ (V) | $R_{DS(on)}$ ( $\Omega$ ) | $I_D$ (A) <sup>a</sup> | $Q_g$ (Typ.) |
|--------------|---------------------------|------------------------|--------------|
| 40           | 0.060 at $V_{GS} = 10$ V  | 5.0                    | 5.6          |
|              | 0.070 at $V_{GS} = 4.5$ V | 4.7                    |              |

### FEATURES

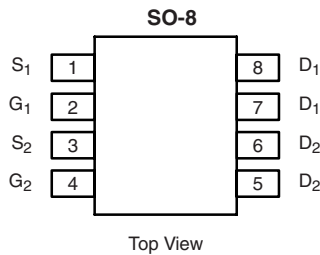
- Halogen-free According to IEC 61249-2-21 Available
- TrenchFET® Power MOSFET
- 100 %  $R_g$  Tested



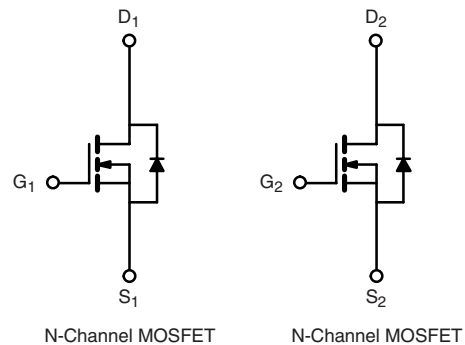
**RoHS**  
COMPLIANT  
HALOGEN  
**FREE**  
Available

### APPLICATIONS

- CCFL Inverter



Ordering Information: Si4908DY-T1-E3 (Lead (Pb)-free)  
Si4908DY-T1-GE3 (Lead (Pb)-free and Halogen-free)



### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS $T_A = 25$ °C, unless otherwise noted

| Parameter                                        | Symbol         | Limit                | Unit |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------------|----------------------|------|
| Drain-Source Voltage                             | $V_{DS}$       | 40                   | V    |
| Gate-Source Voltage                              | $V_{GS}$       | $\pm 16$             |      |
| Continuous Drain Current ( $T_J = 150$ °C)       | $I_D$          | 5                    | A    |
|                                                  |                | 4.7                  |      |
|                                                  |                | 4.1 <sup>b, c</sup>  |      |
|                                                  |                | 3.3 <sup>b, c</sup>  |      |
| Pulsed Drain Current (10 $\mu$ s Pulse Width)    | $I_{DM}$       | 20                   |      |
| Source-Drain Current Diode Current               | $I_S$          | 2.3                  |      |
|                                                  |                | 1.5 <sup>b, c</sup>  |      |
| Pulsed Source-Drain Current                      | $I_{SM}$       | 20                   |      |
| Single Pulse Avalanche Current                   | $I_{AS}$       | 7                    |      |
| Single Pulse Avalanche Energy                    | $E_{AS}$       | 2.5                  |      |
| Maximum Power Dissipation                        | $P_D$          | 2.75                 | W    |
|                                                  |                | 1.75                 |      |
|                                                  |                | 1.85 <sup>b, c</sup> |      |
|                                                  |                | 1.18 <sup>b, c</sup> |      |
| Operating Junction and Storage Temperature Range | $T_J, T_{stg}$ | - 55 to 150          | °C   |

### THERMAL RESISTANCE RATINGS

| Parameter                                   | Symbol     | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------------------------------|------------|------|------|------|
| Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>b, d</sup> | $R_{thJA}$ | 57   | 67.5 | °C/W |
| Maximum Junction-to-Foot (Drain)            | $R_{thJF}$ | 35   | 45   |      |

Notes:

- a. Based on  $T_C = 25$  °C.  
b. Surface Mounted on 1" x 1" FR4 board.  
c.  $t = 10$  s.  
d. Maximum under steady state conditions is 120 °C/W.

| SPECIFICATIONS T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C, unless otherwise noted |                                      |                                                                                                                     |      |                   |       |       |
|---------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------------------|-------|-------|
| Parameter                                                     | Symbol                               | Test Conditions                                                                                                     | Min. | Typ. <sup>a</sup> | Max.  | Unit  |
| Static                                                        |                                      |                                                                                                                     |      |                   |       |       |
| Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage                                | V <sub>DS</sub>                      | V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA                                                                      | 40   |                   |       | V     |
| V <sub>DS</sub> Temperature Coefficient                       | ΔV <sub>DS</sub> /T <sub>J</sub>     | I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA                                                                                             |      | 40                |       | mV/°C |
| V <sub>GS(th)</sub> Temperature Coefficient                   | ΔV <sub>GS(th)</sub> /T <sub>J</sub> |                                                                                                                     |      | - 4.6             |       |       |
| Gate Threshold Voltage                                        | V <sub>GS(th)</sub>                  | V <sub>DS</sub> = V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> = 250 μA                                                         | 0.8  |                   | 2.2   | V     |
| Gate-Body Leakage                                             | I <sub>GSS</sub>                     | V <sub>DS</sub> = 0 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = ± 16 V                                                                     |      |                   | 100   | nA    |
| Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current                               | I <sub>DSS</sub>                     | V <sub>DS</sub> = 40 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V                                                                       |      |                   | 1     | μA    |
|                                                               |                                      | V <sub>DS</sub> = 40 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, T <sub>J</sub> = 55 °C                                               |      |                   | 10    |       |
| On-State Drain Current <sup>b</sup>                           | I <sub>D(on)</sub>                   | V <sub>DS</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V                                                                       | 20   |                   |       | A     |
| Drain-Source On-State Resistance <sup>b</sup>                 | R <sub>DS(on)</sub>                  | V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 4.1 A                                                                      |      | 0.048             | 0.060 | Ω     |
|                                                               |                                      | V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 3.8 A                                                                     |      | 0.056             | 0.070 |       |
| Forward Transconductance <sup>b</sup>                         | g <sub>fs</sub>                      | V <sub>DS</sub> = 15 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 4.1 A                                                                      |      | 15                |       | S     |
| Dynamic <sup>a</sup>                                          |                                      |                                                                                                                     |      |                   |       |       |
| Input Capacitance                                             | C <sub>iss</sub>                     | V <sub>DS</sub> = 20 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 0 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 1 MHz                                               |      | 355               |       | pF    |
| Output Capacitance                                            | C <sub>oss</sub>                     |                                                                                                                     |      | 50                |       |       |
| Reverse Transfer Capacitance                                  | C <sub>rss</sub>                     |                                                                                                                     |      | 29                |       |       |
| Total Gate Charge                                             | Q <sub>g</sub>                       | V <sub>DS</sub> = 20 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 10 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 5 A                                                |      | 8                 | 12    | nC    |
|                                                               |                                      | V <sub>DS</sub> = 20 V, V <sub>GS</sub> = 4.5 V, I <sub>D</sub> = 5 A                                               |      | 3.7               | 6     |       |
| Gate-Source Charge                                            | Q <sub>gs</sub>                      |                                                                                                                     |      | 1.1               |       |       |
| Gate-Drain Charge                                             | Q <sub>gd</sub>                      |                                                                                                                     |      | 1.4               |       |       |
| Gate Resistance                                               | R <sub>g</sub>                       | f = 1 MHz                                                                                                           |      | 3.4               | 5.2   | Ω     |
| Turn-On Delay Time                                            | t <sub>d(on)</sub>                   | V <sub>DD</sub> = 20 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 4 Ω<br>I <sub>D</sub> ≅ 1 A, V <sub>GEN</sub> = 10 V, R <sub>g</sub> = 1 Ω |      | 8                 | 13    | ns    |
| Rise Time                                                     | t <sub>r</sub>                       |                                                                                                                     |      | 20                | 30    |       |
| Turn-Off Delay Time                                           | t <sub>d(off)</sub>                  |                                                                                                                     |      | 23                | 35    |       |
| Fall Time                                                     | t <sub>f</sub>                       |                                                                                                                     |      | 27                | 42    |       |
| Turn-On Delay Time                                            | t <sub>d(on)</sub>                   | V <sub>DD</sub> = 20 V, R <sub>L</sub> =4 Ω<br>I <sub>D</sub> ≅ 1 A, V <sub>GEN</sub> = 4.5 V, R <sub>g</sub> = 1 Ω |      | 74                | 110   |       |
| Rise Time                                                     | t <sub>r</sub>                       |                                                                                                                     |      | 95                | 145   |       |
| Turn-Off Delay Time                                           | t <sub>d(off)</sub>                  |                                                                                                                     |      | 31                | 48    |       |
| Fall Time                                                     | t <sub>f</sub>                       |                                                                                                                     |      | 33                | 50    |       |
| Drain-Source Body Diode Characteristics                       |                                      |                                                                                                                     |      |                   |       |       |
| Continuous Source-Drain Diode Current                         | I <sub>S</sub>                       | T <sub>C</sub> = 25 °C                                                                                              |      |                   | 2.3   | A     |
| Pulse Diode Forward Current <sup>a</sup>                      | I <sub>SM</sub>                      |                                                                                                                     |      |                   | 20    |       |
| Body Diode Voltage                                            | V <sub>SD</sub>                      | I <sub>S</sub> = 1.5 A                                                                                              |      | 0.8               | 1.2   | V     |
| Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time                              | t <sub>rr</sub>                      | I <sub>F</sub> = 2 A, dI/dt = 100 A/μs, T <sub>J</sub> = 25 °C                                                      |      | 26                | 40    | ns    |
| Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge                            | Q <sub>rr</sub>                      |                                                                                                                     |      | 26                | 40    | nC    |
| Reverse Recovery Fall Time                                    | t <sub>a</sub>                       |                                                                                                                     |      | 13                |       | ns    |
| Reverse Recovery Rise Time                                    | t <sub>b</sub>                       |                                                                                                                     |      | 13                |       |       |

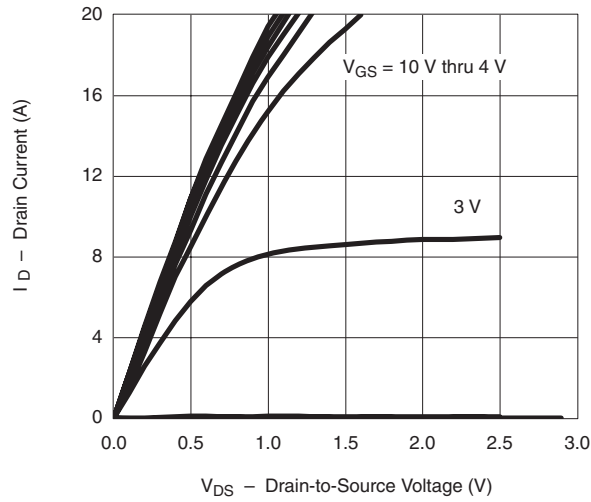
Notes:

a. Guaranteed by design, not subject to production testing.

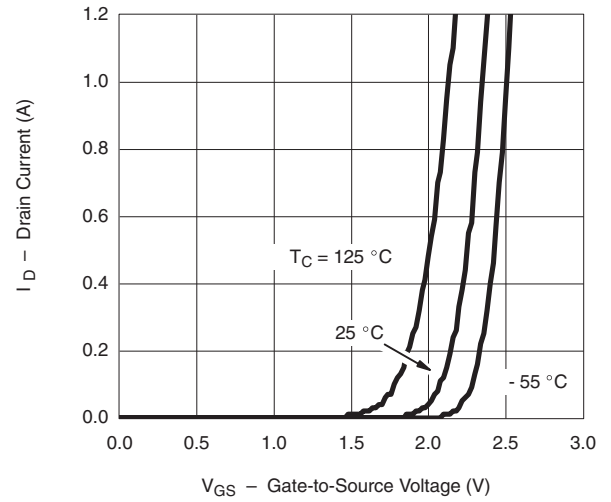
b. Pulse test; pulse width  $\leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$ , duty cycle  $\leq 2\%$ .

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

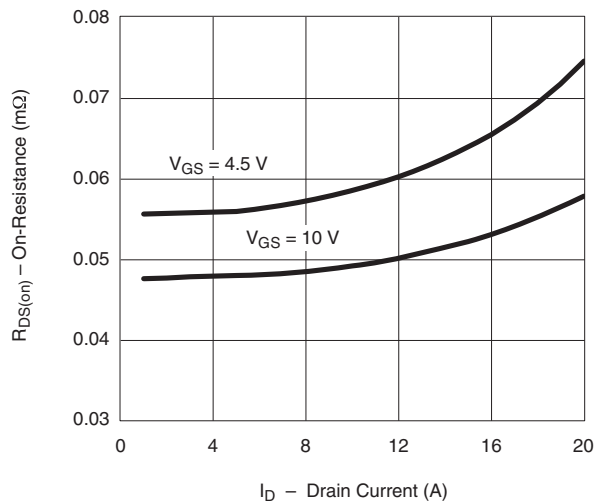
## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



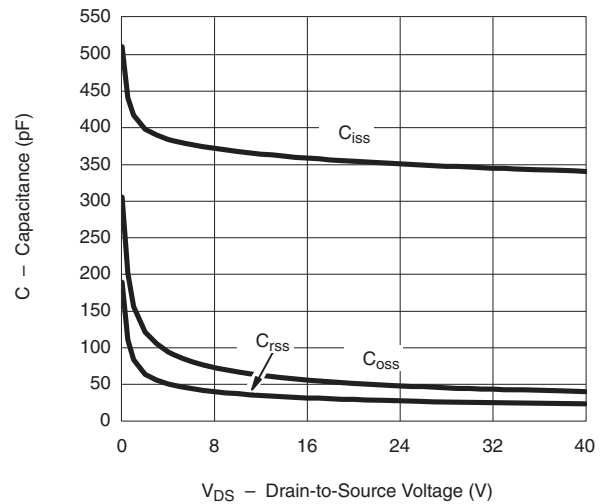
Output Characteristics



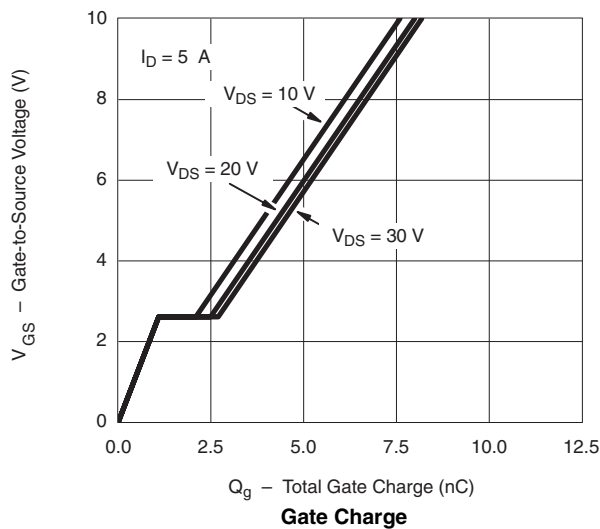
Transfer Characteristics



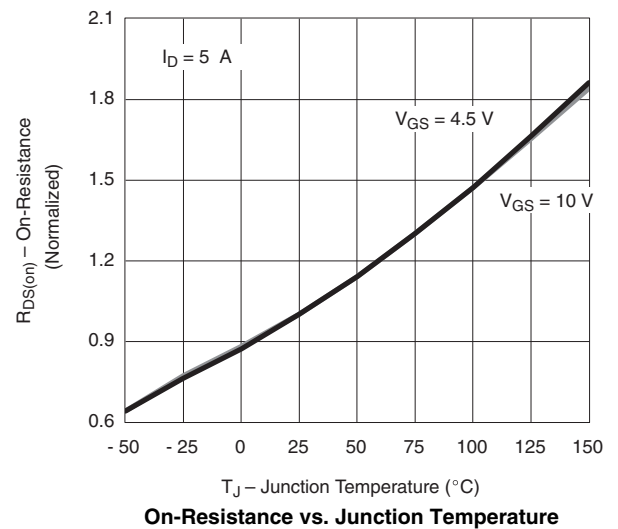
On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage



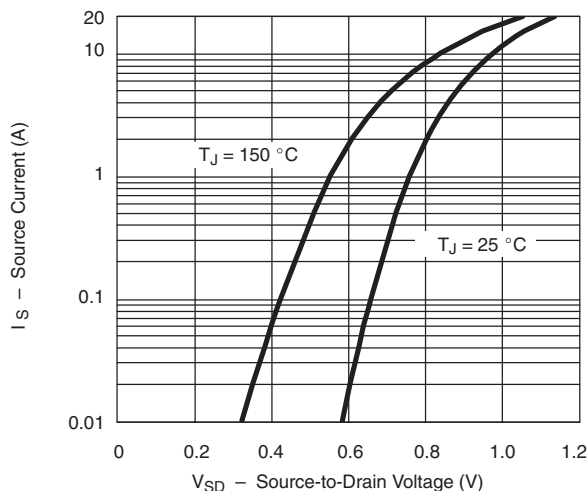
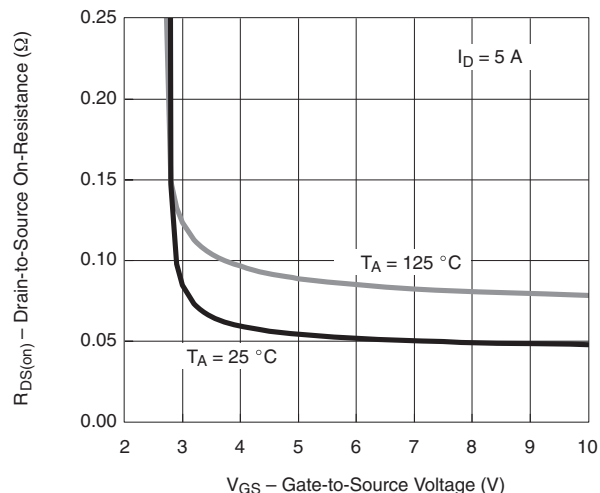
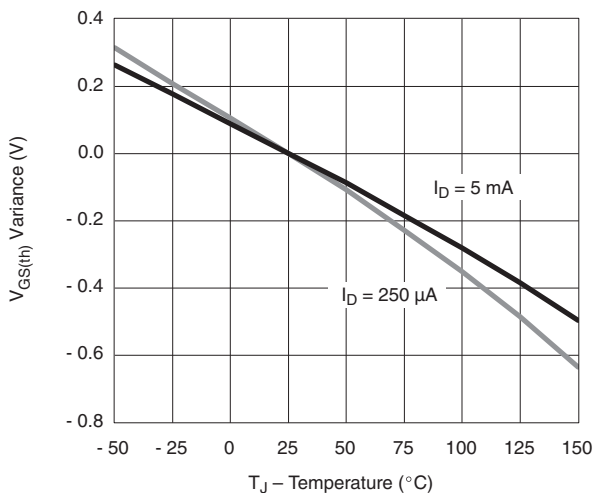
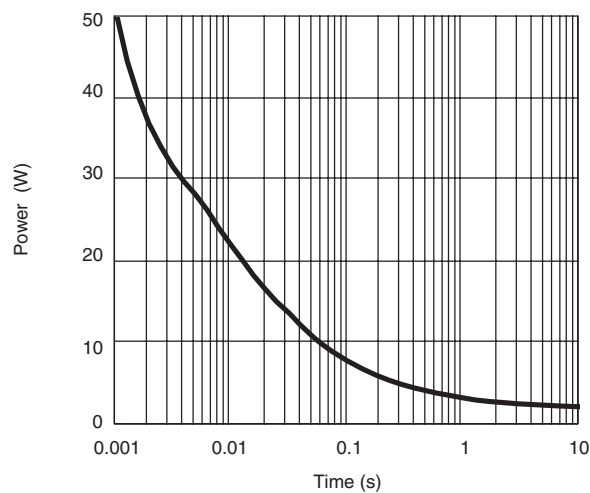
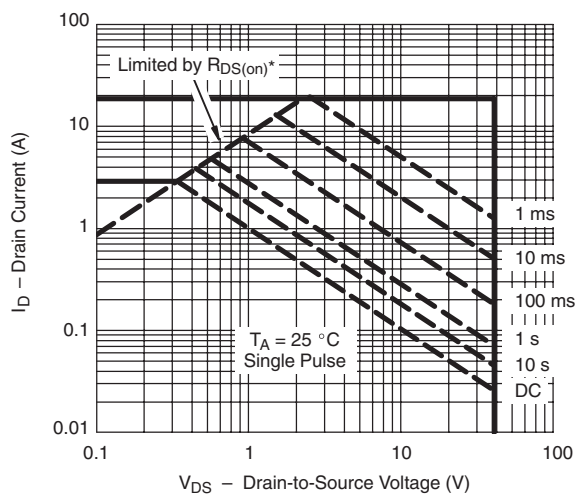
Capacitance



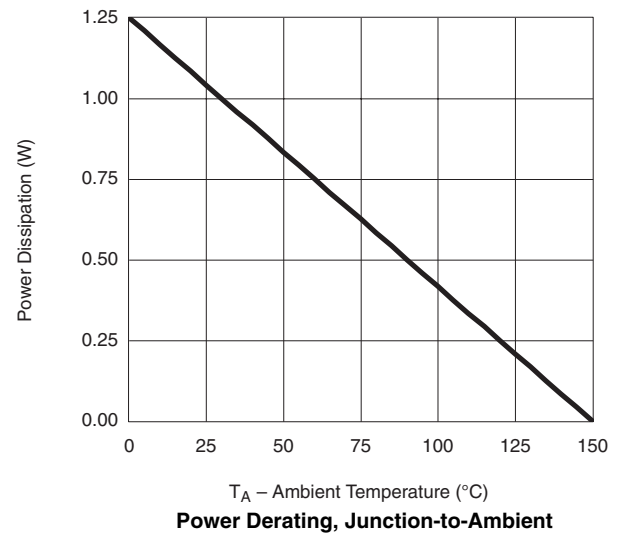
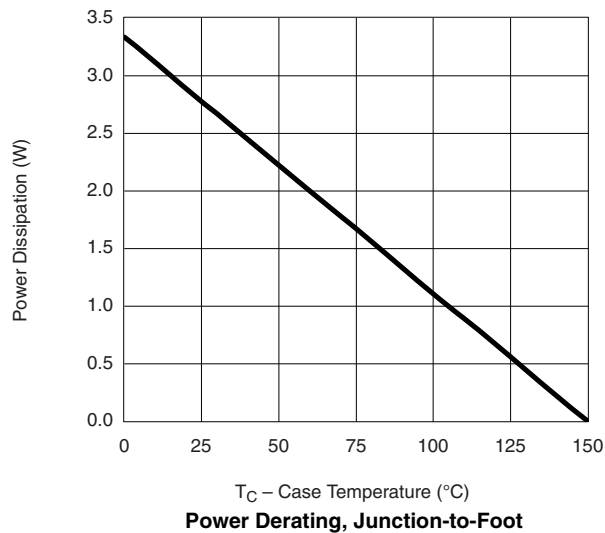
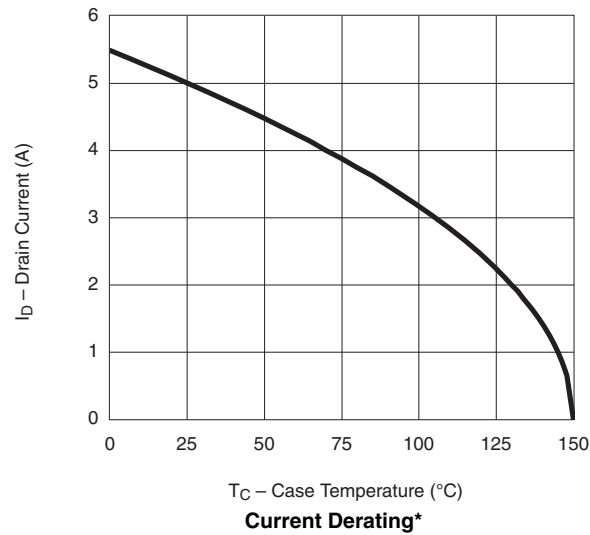
Gate Charge



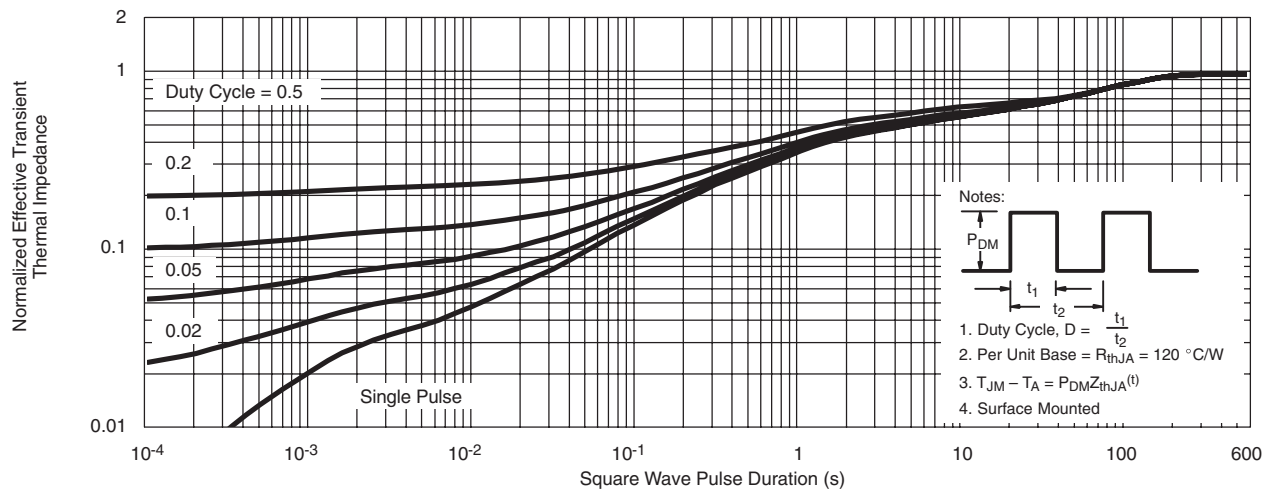
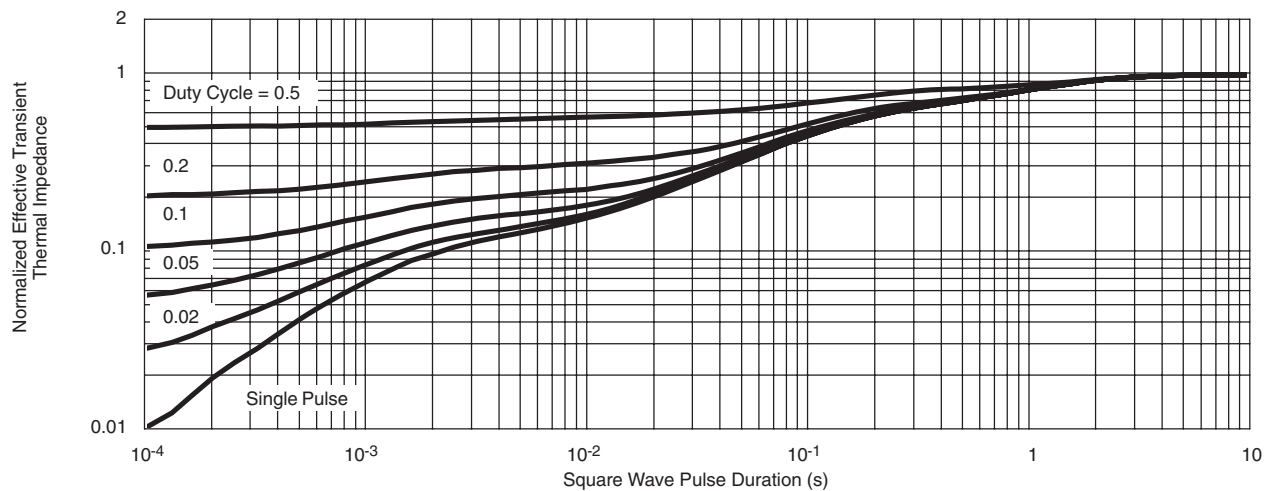
On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 25 °C, unless otherwise noted**Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage****On-Resistance vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage****Threshold Voltage****Single Pulse Power, Junction-to-Ambient**\*  $V_{GS} >$  minimum  $V_{GS}$  at which  $R_{DS(on)}$  is specified**Safe Operating Area, Junction-to-Ambient**

## TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS 25 °C, unless otherwise noted



\* The power dissipation  $P_D$  is based on  $T_{J(max)} = 150$  °C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in settling the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used. It is used to determine the current rating, when this rating falls below the package limit.

**TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS** 25 °C, unless otherwise noted**Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Ambient****Normalized Thermal Transient Impedance, Junction-to-Case**

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## SOIC (NARROW): 8-LEAD

JEDEC Part Number: MS-012



| DIM                            | MILLIMETERS |      | INCHES    |       |
|--------------------------------|-------------|------|-----------|-------|
|                                | Min         | Max  | Min       | Max   |
| A                              | 1.35        | 1.75 | 0.053     | 0.069 |
| A <sub>1</sub>                 | 0.10        | 0.20 | 0.004     | 0.008 |
| B                              | 0.35        | 0.51 | 0.014     | 0.020 |
| C                              | 0.19        | 0.25 | 0.0075    | 0.010 |
| D                              | 4.80        | 5.00 | 0.189     | 0.196 |
| E                              | 3.80        | 4.00 | 0.150     | 0.157 |
| e                              | 1.27 BSC    |      | 0.050 BSC |       |
| H                              | 5.80        | 6.20 | 0.228     | 0.244 |
| h                              | 0.25        | 0.50 | 0.010     | 0.020 |
| L                              | 0.50        | 0.93 | 0.020     | 0.037 |
| q                              | 0°          | 8°   | 0°        | 8°    |
| S                              | 0.44        | 0.64 | 0.018     | 0.026 |
| ECN: C-06527-Rev. I, 11-Sep-06 |             |      |           |       |
| DWG: 5498                      |             |      |           |       |



## Mounting LITTLE FOOT®, SO-8 Power MOSFETs

Wharton McDaniel

Surface-mounted LITTLE FOOT power MOSFETs use integrated circuit and small-signal packages which have been modified to provide the heat transfer capabilities required by power devices. Leadframe materials and design, molding compounds, and die attach materials have been changed, while the footprint of the packages remains the same.

See Application Note 826, *Recommended Minimum Pad Patterns With Outline Drawing Access for Vishay Siliconix MOSFETs*, (<http://www.vishay.com/ppg?72286>), for the basis of the pad design for a LITTLE FOOT SO-8 power MOSFET. In converting this recommended minimum pad to the pad set for a power MOSFET, designers must make two connections: an electrical connection and a thermal connection, to draw heat away from the package.

In the case of the SO-8 package, the thermal connections are very simple. Pins 5, 6, 7, and 8 are the drain of the MOSFET for a single MOSFET package and are connected together. In a dual package, pins 5 and 6 are one drain, and pins 7 and 8 are the other drain. For a small-signal device or integrated circuit, typical connections would be made with traces that are 0.020 inches wide. Since the drain pins serve the additional function of providing the thermal connection to the package, this level of connection is inadequate. The total cross section of the copper may be adequate to carry the current required for the application, but it presents a large thermal impedance. Also, heat spreads in a circular fashion from the heat source. In this case the drain pins are the heat sources when looking at heat spread on the PC board.

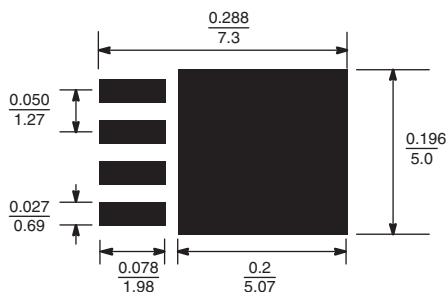


Figure 1. Single MOSFET SO-8 Pad Pattern With Copper Spreading



Figure 2. Dual MOSFET SO-8 Pad Pattern With Copper Spreading

The minimum recommended pad patterns for the single-MOSFET SO-8 with copper spreading (Figure 1) and dual-MOSFET SO-8 with copper spreading (Figure 2) show the starting point for utilizing the board area available for the heat-spreading copper. To create this pattern, a plane of copper overlies the drain pins. The copper plane connects the drain pins electrically, but more importantly provides planar copper to draw heat from the drain leads and start the process of spreading the heat so it can be dissipated into the ambient air. These patterns use all the available area underneath the body for this purpose.

Since surface-mounted packages are small, and reflow soldering is the most common way in which these are affixed to the PC board, “thermal” connections from the planar copper to the pads have not been used. Even if additional planar copper area is used, there should be no problems in the soldering process. The actual solder connections are defined by the solder mask openings. By combining the basic footprint with the copper plane on the drain pins, the solder mask generation occurs automatically.

A final item to keep in mind is the width of the power traces. The absolute minimum power trace width must be determined by the amount of current it has to carry. For thermal reasons, this minimum width should be at least 0.020 inches. The use of wide traces connected to the drain plane provides a low impedance path for heat to move away from the device.

## RECOMMENDED MINIMUM PADS FOR SO-8



Recommended Minimum Pads  
Dimensions in Inches/(mm)

[Return to Index](#)



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