FUJITSU SEMICONDUCTOR
DATA SHEET

DS04-28825-4E

ASSP For Screen Display Control

CMOS

ON-Screen Display Controller

MB90097

■ DESCRIPTION

The MB90097 is the on-screen display controller for displaying text and graphics on the TV screen. Since it has a three-channel output control function, small package, and low voltage requirement for operation, it is suitable for on-screen display on video equipment such as camera-integrated VTRs.

The MB90097 provides a display screen made up of 28 characters by 12 lines, capable of displaying 512 different characters each consisting of 12 × 18 dots. The display functions of the MB90097 includes a wealth of character qualifying functions such as character background shading (shadow casting) and individual character size setting, supporting 16-color display for each character. They also include the line background, screen background, and sprite character display functions, enabling the screen to be displayed in a variety of configurations. The integrated font ROM contains 512 different character patterns all of which can be set by the user.

■ FEATURES

- Character screen configuration: 28 characters × 12 lines (maximum)
- Character types: 512 different characters (integrated in ROM, user-definable through the entire area)

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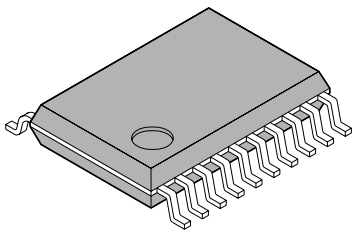
■ PACKAGE

20-pin Plastic SSOP



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- Font configuration: 12 × 18 dots (font ROM configuration)
  Capable of specifying the horizontal and vertical sizes of characters to be displayed.
  - One of the following three horizontal sizes (S, M, L) can be set for each character:
    S size : 6 dots
    M size : 9 dots
    L size : 12 dots
  - Either of the following two vertical sizes (HA, HB) can be set for each line.
    HA : 18 dots
    HB : 12 dots
- Display modes: Character trimming Enabled/Disabled (Set for each line)
  Character background: None/Solid-fill/Shaded background (concaved)/Shaded background (convexed) (Set for each line)
  Horizontal character merge/independent display with shaded background (Set for each character)
  Vertical line merge/independent display with shaded background (Set for each line)
  Character background extended display ON/OFF for line spacings (Set for each line)
  Line background: None/Solid-fill/Shaded background (concaved)/Shaded background (convexed) (Set for each line)
  (Display extended to the left and right margins of the screen and to the line spacing)
  Character enlargement: Four types supported: Normal, Double width, Double height, Double width × double height (Set for each line)
  Enlarged display dot interpolation function (Set for each line)
- Character screen display position control:

Horizontal display position	Control in 2-dot units (movable through the entire screen)
Vertical display position	Control in 2-dot units (movable through the entire screen)
Line spacing control	Control in 1-dot units (Set between 0 to 7 dots for each line; Displayed simultaneously at two areas above and below the line.)

- Sprite character control:

Sprite character display	OFF/ON
Sprite character types	256 types (character codes: 000_H to $0FF_H$)
Sprite character trimming	Enabled/Disabled
Sprite character configuration	Two types: 1 character/Stack of 2 characters
Sprite character horizontal display position	Control in 1-dot units (movable through the entire screen)
Sprite character vertical display position	Control in 1-dot units (movable through the entire screen)

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- Screen background control: Screen background color OFF/ON

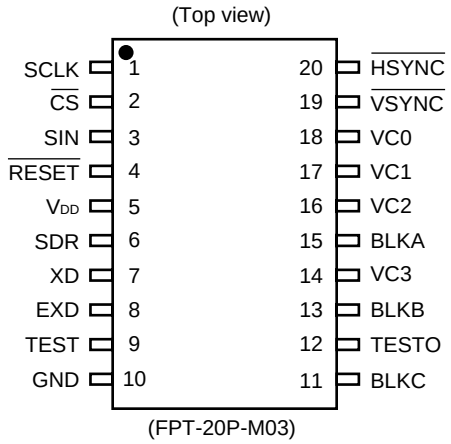
Display colors

Character color:	16 colors (Set for each character)
Character trimming color:	16 colors (Set for each line)
Character background color:	16 colors (Set for each character) *
Line background color:	16 colors (Set for each line)
Screen background color:	16 colors
Sprite character color:	16 colors
Sprite character trimming color:	16 colors
Shaded background frame highlight color:	16 colors
Shaded background frame shadow color:	16 colors

*: Transparent (Displaying the lower-layer color) when the character background color (color code) = “0”

- Display signal output: Color signal output: 4 bits (Supporting 16 colors)
  Display period signals: 3 channels (Output selector circuit provided)
- External interface: 16-bit serial inputs
  - Chip select
  - Serial clock
  - Serial data
- Package : SSOP-20
- Supply voltage: 3.3 V

■ PIN ASSIGNMENT



■ PIN DESCRIPTIONS

Pin no.	Pin name	I/O	Function
1	SCLK	I	Shift clock input pin for serial transfer This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
2	$\overline{CS}$	I	Chip select pin This pin inputs a Low level signal for serial transfer. The pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
3	SIN	I	Serial data input pin This pin has an internal pull-up resistor.
4	$\overline{RESET}$	I	Reset input pin This pin inputs a Low level signal when turning the power on.
5	V_{DD}	—	+ 3 V power supply pin
6	SDR	I	Data input direction select pin for serial transfer This pin inputs the Low level signal in the LSB-first transfer mode for data input; it inputs the High level signal in the MSB-first transfer mode.
7 8	XD EXD	O I	External circuit pins for display dot clock generator Connect these pins to external “L” and “C” to form an LC oscillator circuit. For external input of a display dot clock, input the clock signal to the EXD pin and leave the XD pin open.
9	TEST	I	LSI test input pin Input the Low level signal during normal use.
10	GND	—	Ground pin
20	$\overline{HSYNC}$	I	Horizontal sync signal input pin
19	$\overline{VSYNC}$	I	Vertical sync signal input pin
18 17 16 14	VC0 VC1 VC2 VC3	O O O O	Color code signal output pin
15	BLKA	O	Display period signal output pin for output channel A
13	BLKB	O	Display period signal output pin for output channel B
11	BLKC	O	Display period signal output pin for output channel C
12	TESTO	O	LSI test output pin Leave this pin open (unconnected) during normal use.

■ ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(V_{GND} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Rating		Unit	Remarks
		Min.	Max.		
Power supply voltage	V_{DD}	V_{GND} – 0.3	V_{GND} + 4.5	V	
Input voltage	V_{IN}	V_{GND} – 0.3	V_{DD} + 0.3	V	
Output voltage	V_{OUT}	V_{GND} – 0.3	V_{DD} + 0.3	V	
Power consumption	Pd	—	100	mW	
Operating temperature	Ta	– 40	+ 85	°C	
Storage temperature	Tstg	– 55	+ 150	°C	

WARNING: Semiconductor devices can be permanently damaged by application of stress (voltage, current, temperature, etc.) in excess of absolute maximum ratings. Do not exceed these ratings.

■ RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

(V_{GND} = 0 V)

Parameter	Symbol	Value		Unit	Remarks
		Min.	Max.		
Power supply voltage	V_{DD}	3.0	3.6	V	
“H” level input voltage	V_{IHS}	0.8 × V_{DD}	V_{DD} + 0.3	V	
“L” level input voltage	V_{ILS}	V_{GND}	0.2 × V_{DD}	V	
Operating temperature	Ta	– 40	+ 85	°C	

WARNING: The recommended operating conditions are required in order to ensure the normal operation of the semiconductor device. All of the device's electrical characteristics are warranted when the device is operated within these ranges.

Always use semiconductor devices within their recommended operating condition ranges. Operation outside these ranges may adversely affect reliability and could result in device failure.

No warranty is made with respect to uses, operating conditions, or combinations not represented on the data sheet. Users considering application outside the listed conditions are advised to contact their FUJITSU representatives beforehand.

■ ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

1. DC Characteristics

(V_{GND} = 0 V, Ta = – 40°C to + 85°C)

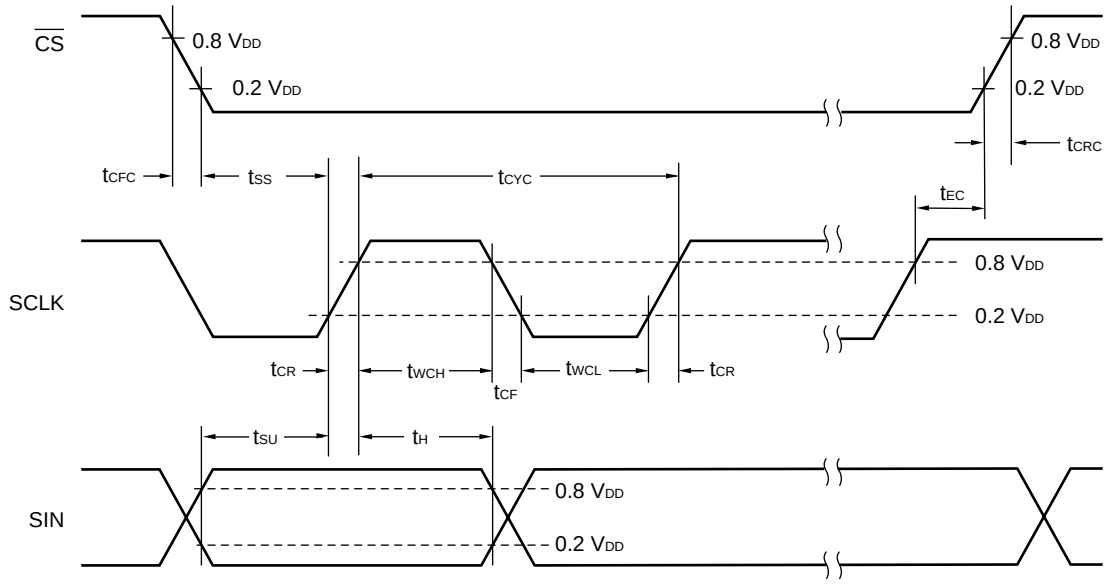
Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Conditions	Value			Unit
				Min.	Typ.	Max.	
"H" level output voltage 1	V_{OH1}	VC3 VC2 VC1 VC0 BLKC BLKB BLKA	V_{DD} = 3.0 V I_{OH} = – 4.0 mA	V_{DD} – 0.5	—	—	V
"L" level output voltage 1	V_{OL1}		V_{DD} = 3.0 V I_{OL} = 4.0 mA	—	—	0.4	V
"H" level output voltage 2	V_{OH2}	XD	V_{DD} = 3.0 V I_{OH} = – 0.5 mA	V_{DD} – 0.5	—	—	V
"L" level output voltage 2	V_{OL2}		V_{DD} = 3.0 V I_{OL} = 0.5 mA	—	—	0.4	V
"H" level input current	I_{IH}	$\overline{SDR}$ $\overline{HSYNC}$ $\overline{VSYNC}$ EXD TEST $\overline{RESET}$	V_{DD} = 3.3 V V_{IH} = V_{DD}	—	—	– 10	µA
"L" level input current	I_{IL}		V_{DD} = 3.3 V V_{IL} = 0 V	—	—	10	µA
PULL-UP resistance	R_{PULL}	SIN SCLK $\overline{CS}$	V_{DD} = 3.3 V	20	—	110	kΩ
Power supply current	I_{CC}	V_{DD}	V_{DD} = 3.0 V f_{DC} = 8 MHz	—	4	6	mA
			V_{DD} = 3.6 V f_{DC} = 8 MHz	—	5	7	mA
Input capacitance	C	except V_{DD}, GND		—	10	—	pF

2. AC Characteristics

(1) Serial input timings

(V_{DD} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V, V_{GND} = 0 V, Ta = – 40°C to + 85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Value		Unit
			Min.	Max.	
Shift clock cycle time	t_{CYC}	SCLK	250	—	ns
Shift clock pulse width	t_{WCH}	SCLK	100	—	ns
	t_{WCL}		100	—	ns
Shift clock signal rise/fall time	t_{CR}	SCLK	—	200	ns
	t_{CF}		—	200	ns
Shift clock start time	t_{SS}	SCLK	100	—	ns
Data setup time	t_{SU}	SIN	100	—	ns
Data hold time	t_H	SIN	50	—	ns
Chip select end time	t_{EC}	$\overline{CS}$	100	—	ns
Chip select signal rise/fall time	t_{CRC}	$\overline{CS}$	—	200	ns
	t_{CFC}		—	200	ns



(2) Vertical and horizontal sync signal input timings

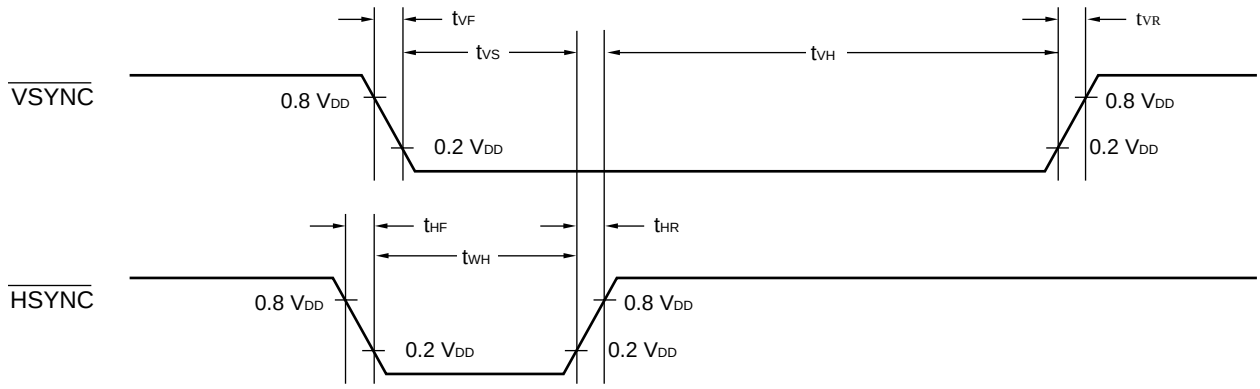
(V_{DD} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V, V_{GND} = 0 V, Ta = – 40°C to + 85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Value		Unit
			Min.	Max.	
Horizontal sync signal rise time	t_{HR}	$\overline{\text{HSYNC}}$	—	200	ns
Horizontal sync signal fall time	t_{HF}		—	200	ns
Vertical sync signal rise time	t_{VR}	$\overline{\text{VSYNC}}$	—	200	ns
Vertical sync signal fall time	t_{VF}		—	200	ns
Horizontal sync signal pulse width*1	t_{WH}	$\overline{\text{HSYNC}}$	18	—	Dot clock
			—	6	µs
Vertical sync signal detection setup time*2	t_{VS}	$\overline{\text{VSYNC}}$	4	1H – 4	Dot clock
Vertical sync signal detection hold time	t_{VH}	$\overline{\text{VSYNC}}$	2	20	H

*1: During the horizontal sync signal pulse period, the MB90097 stops its internal operation, disabling writing to the internal VRAM. Therefore, set the horizontal sync signal pulse width and VRAM write cycle (command 2 or command 4 issuance cycle) to ensure that: horizontal sync signal pulse width < VRAM write cycle.

*2: Do not change the vertical sync signal (detection edge) in the vicinity of the horizontal sync signal edge of vertical sync signal detection. Otherwise, it results in a deflection in the display when the sync signal fluctuates.

(1) $\overline{\text{VSYNC}}$: Leading-edge operation
$\overline{\text{HSYNC}}$: $\overline{\text{VSYNC}}$ detection at the trailing edge



Note: The above diagrams assume that sync signal input control (SIX bit) of I/O pin control (command 13-0) has been set to negative logic (0). The H and L levels are inverted if it has been set to positive logic.

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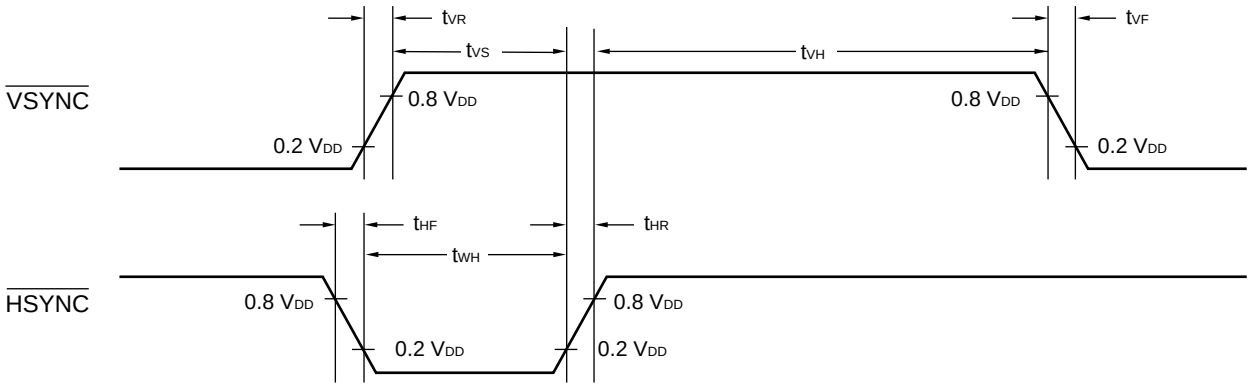
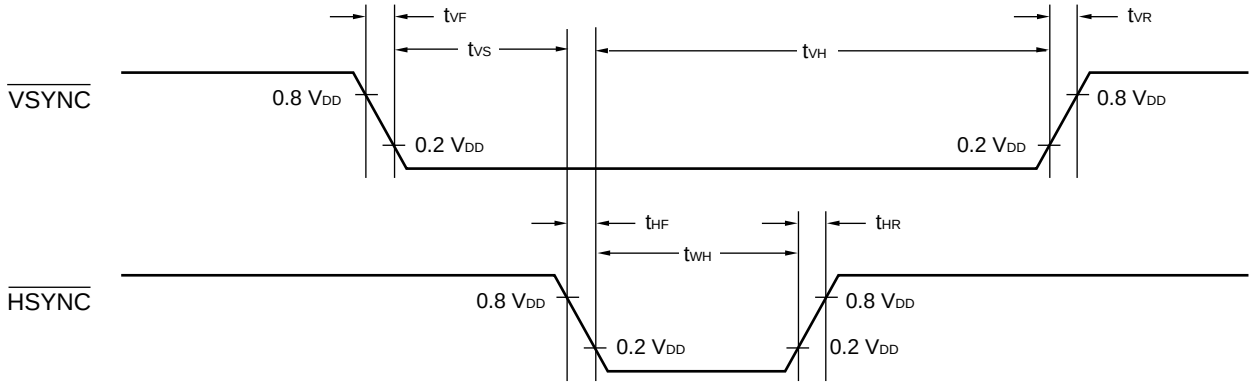
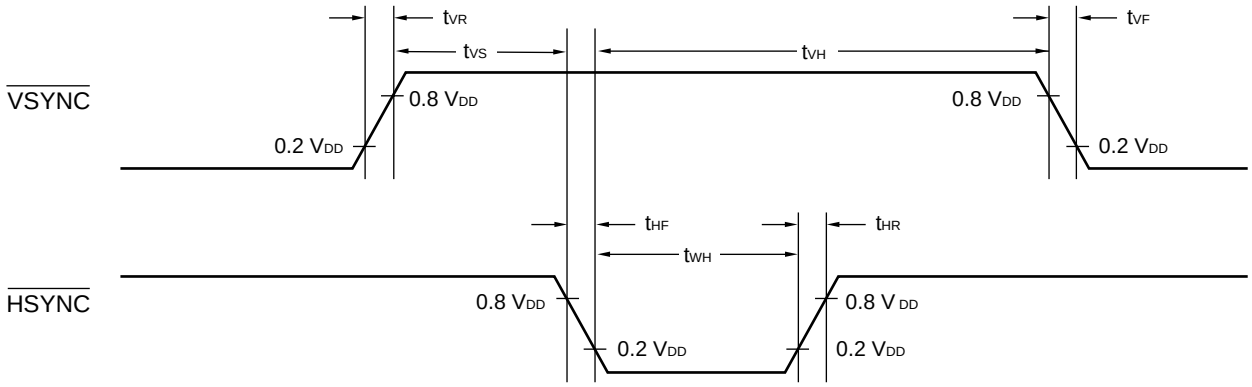
(2) $\overline{\text{VSYNC}}$: Trailing-edge operation
$\overline{\text{HSYNC}}$: $\overline{\text{VSYNC}}$ detection at the trailing edge



(3) $\overline{\text{VSYNC}}$: Leading-edge operation
$\overline{\text{HSYNC}}$: $\overline{\text{VSYNC}}$ detection at the leading edge



(4) $\overline{\text{VSYNC}}$: Trailing-edge operation
$\overline{\text{HSYNC}}$: $\overline{\text{VSYNC}}$ detection at the leading edge

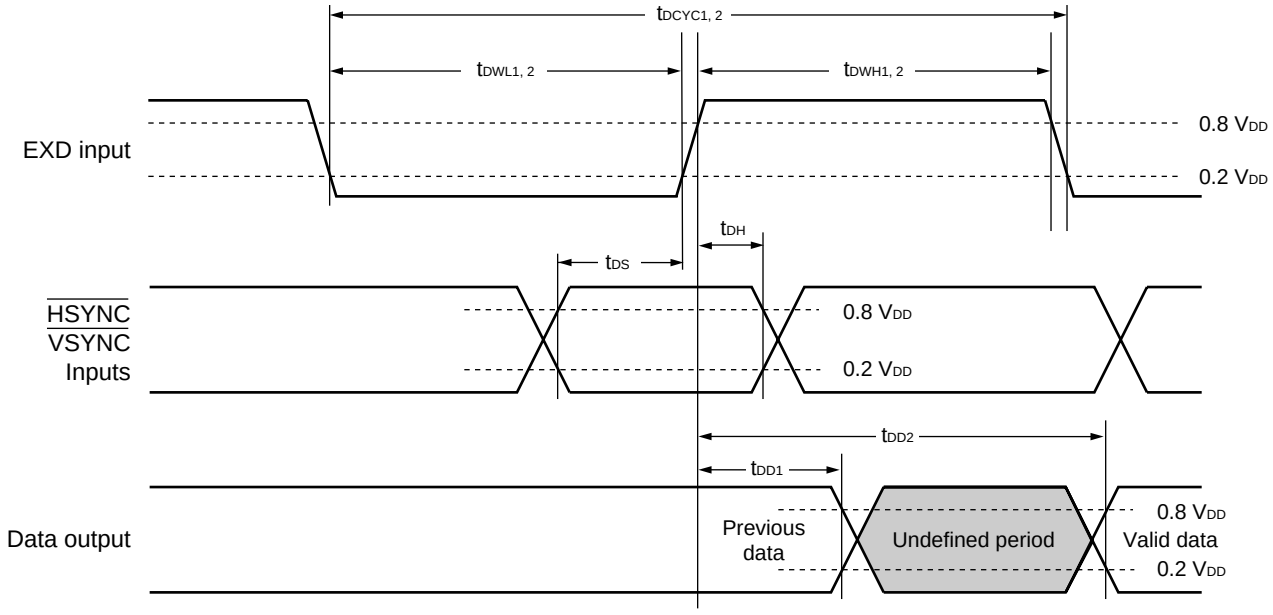


(3) Dot clock input timing

(V_{DD} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V, V_{GND} = 0 V, Ta = – 40°C to + 85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Value		Unit	Remarks
			Min.	Max.		
Dot clock cycle time	t_{DCYC1}	EXD	112	166	ns	*1
	t_{DCYC2}	EXD	56	83	ns	*2
Dot clock pulse time	t_{DWH1}	EXD	48	—	ns	*1
	t_{DWL1}		48	—	ns	
	t_{DWH2}	EXD	24	—	ns	*2
	t_{DWL2}		24	—	ns	
$\overline{HSYNC}$, $\overline{VSYNC}$ setup time	t_{DS}	$\overline{HSYNC}$ $\overline{VSYNC}$	13	—	ns	*3
$\overline{HSYNC}$, $\overline{VSYNC}$ hold time	t_{DH}		0	—	ns	*3
Data output delay time 1	t_{DD1}	VC3, VC2, VC1, VC0, BLKA, BLKB, BLKC	7	t_{DD2}	ns	*3
Data output delay time 2	t_{DD2}		t_{DD1}	45	ns	

*1: Assumes a dot clock LC oscillator circuit or external dot clock input.
*2: Assumes frequency-doubled external dot clock input.
*3: Assumes dot clock external input.



AC measurement conditions
C = 70 pF
t_r = 5 ns
t_f = 5 ns
V_{OH} = 0.8 V_{DD}
V_{OL} = 0.2 V_{DD}
V_{IH} = 0.8 V_{DD}
V_{IL} = 0.2 V_{DD}

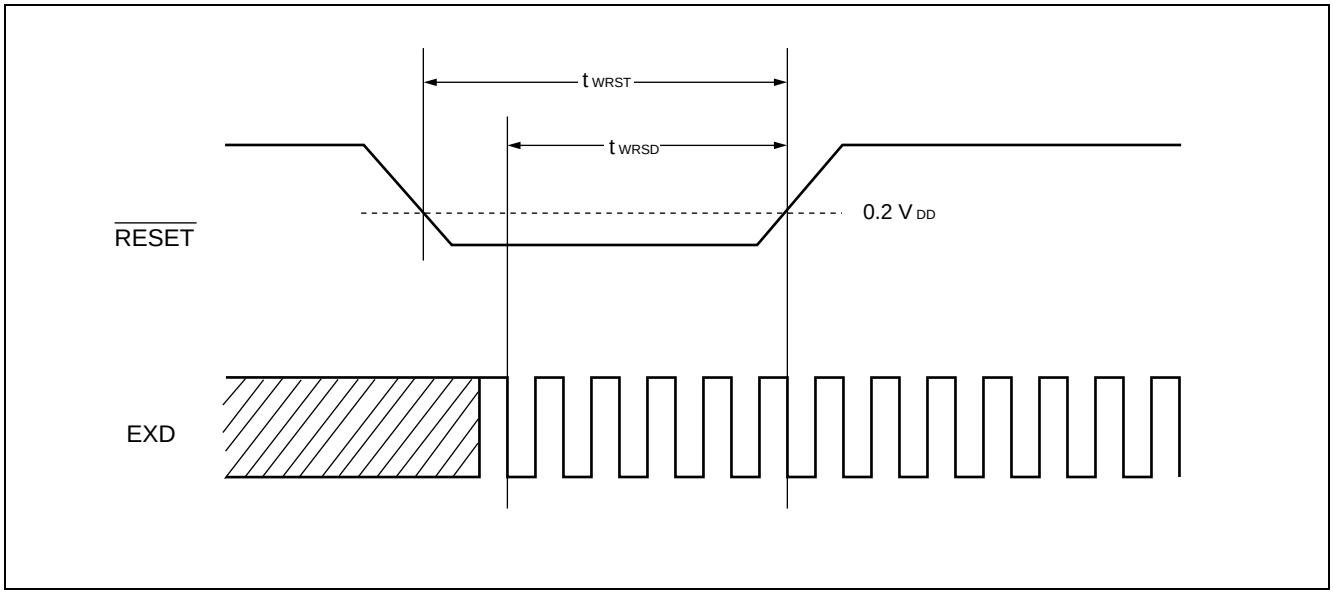
Note: Applicable only when the MB90097 is operating with external dot clock input (not applicable with the LC oscillator circuit).

(4) Reset input timing

(V_{DD} = 3.0 V to 3.6 V, V_{GND} = 0 V, Ta = – 40°C to + 85°C)

Parameter	Symbol	Pin name	Value		Unit	Remarks
			Min.	Max.		
Reset pulse width	t_{WRST}	$\overline{RESET}$	1	—	µs	
Clock input time	t_{WRSD}	EXD	5	—	Dot clock	Note

Note: To feed the EXD pin with the dot clock, it is necessary to input the clock during RESEST. Configuring LC oscillator circuit using the external L and C will eliminate this need because it will automatically oscillate.



■ COMMAND LIST

1. Display Control Commands

Command no.	Function	Command code/data												
		15 to 12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	VRAM write address setting	0000	AY3	AY2	AY1	AY0	FL	0	0	AX4	AX3	AX2	AX1	AX0
1	Character data setting 1	0001	MS1	MS0	MM1	MM0	MB3	MB2	MB1	MB0	MC3	MC2	MC1	MC0
2	Character data setting 2	0010	MR	MO1	MO0	M8	M7	M6	M5	M4	M3	M2	M1	M0
3	Line control data setting 1	0011	LHS	LW2	LW1	LW0	LFD	LFC	LFB	LFA	LF3	LF2	LF1	LF0
4	Line control data setting 2	0100	LDS	LGS	LG1	LG0	LD	LE	LM1	LM0	L3	L2	L1	L0
5-00	Screen output control 1A	0101	0	0	0	0	SDS	UDS	0	DSP	0	OA2	OA1	OA0
5-01	Screen output control 1B	0101	0	0	0	1	SOB	BGB	BLB	0	0	OB2	OB1	OB0
5-02	Screen output control 1C	0101	0	0	1	0	SOC	BGC	BLC	0	0	OC2	OC1	OC0
5-2	Vertical display position control	0101	1	0	0	Y8	Y7	Y6	Y5	Y4	Y3	Y2	Y1	Y0
5-3	Horizontal display position control	0101	1	1	0	X8	X7	X6	X5	X4	X3	X2	X1	X0
6-1	Shaded background frame color control	0110	0	1	0	0	BH3	BH2	BH1	BH0	BS3	BS2	BS1	BS0
7-3	Screen background control	0111	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	U3	U2	U1	U0
8-0	Sprite character control 1	1000	0	0	SFB	SFA	SF3	SF2	SF1	SF0	SC3	SC2	SC1	SC0
8-1	Sprite character control 2	1000	0	1	SD1	SD0	SM7	SM6	SM5	SM4	SM3	SM2	SM1	SM0
9-0	Sprite character control 4	1001	0	0	SY9	SY8	SY7	SY6	SY5	SY4	SY3	SY2	SY1	SY0
9-1	Sprite character control 5	1001	1	0	SX9	SX8	SX7	SX6	SX5	SX4	SX3	SX2	SX1	SX0
11-0	Screen extension control	1011	0	0	0	0	0	EG0	0	0	0	0	0	0
11-2	Dot clock control 1	1011	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	DC2	DC1	DC0
13-0	I/O pin control	1101	0	0	VVE	VHE	HE	0	SIX	0	0	0	DBX	DCX
13-1	Horizontal blanking control 1	1101	0	1	0	0	0	0	BB5	BB4	BB3	BB2	BB1	BB0
13-2	Horizontal blanking control 2	1101	1	0	0	BF8	BF7	BF6	BF5	BF4	BF3	BF2	BF1	BF0

2. Command Description

- **Command 0 (VRAM write address setting)**

  Command 0 sets the write address in VRAM and controls execution of “VRAM fill.”
  The sets the write address by specifying the row and column addresses.
  VRAM fill is activated by executing command 2 (character data setting 2).

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0	0	AY3	AY2	AY1	AY0	FL	0	0	AX4	AX3	AX2	AX1	AX0

AY3 to AY0: Row address
(0 to B_H)

AX4 to AX0: Column address
(0 to $1B_H$)

FL: VRAM fill control
(0: OFF, 1: ON)

- **Command 1 (Character data setting 1)**

  Command 1 sets character data.
  Executing command 2 (character data setting 2) sets VRAM to reflect it on the screen.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	0	1	MS1	MS0	MM1	MM0	MB3	MB2	MB1	MB0	MC3	MC2	MC1	MC0

MC3 to MC0: Character color
(From among 16 colors)
MB3 to MB0: Character background color
(From among 16 colors)
MM1, MM0: Character background control
(0, 0: OFF)
(0, 1: Solid-fill display)
(1, 0: Concaved, shaded background)
(1, 1: Convexed, shaded background)

MS1, MS0: Character horizontal size control
(0, 0: S size, 6 dots)
(0, 1: M size, 9 dots)
(1, 0: L size, 12 dots)
(1, 1: Setting prohibited)

- **Command 2 (Character data setting 2)**

  Command 2 writes additional character data to the location in VRAM specified by command 0 (VRAM write address setting 1), along with the character data set by command 1 (character data setting 1).
  The VRAM write address is incremented automatically after execution of command 2.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	1	0	MR	MO1	MO0	M8	M7	M6	M5	M4	M3	M2	M1	M0

MR: Shaded background succeeding character merge control
(0: Disables succeeding character merge display.)
(1: Enables succeeding character merge display.)
M8 to M0: Character code

MO1, MO0: Character output control

- **Command 3 (Line control data setting 1)**
  Command 3 sets line control data.
  Executing command 4 (line control data setting 2) sets VRAM to reflect it on the screen.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	0	1	1	LHS	LW2	LW1	LW0	LFD	LFC	LFB	LFA	LF3	LF2	LF1	LF0

LHS: Line character vertical size type control
(0: Character vertical size A)
(1: Character vertical size B)
LW2 to LW0: Line spacing control
(0 to 7 dots in 1-dot units)
LF3 to LF0: Trimming color
(From among 16 colors)

LFD, LFC: Trimming output control
(0, 0: All OFF)
(0, 1: Trimming ON for character with no character background)
(1, 0: Trimming ON for solid-filled character with no character background)
(1, 1: All ON)
LFB, LFA: Trimming control
(0, 0: Trimming OFF)
(0, 1: Reserved (Setting prohibited))
(1, 0: Reserved (Setting prohibited))
(1, 1: Eight-direction trimming)

- **Command 4 (Line control data setting 2)**
  Command 4 writes additional line control data to the row address in line RAM specified by command 0 (VRAM write address setting), along with the line control data set by command 3 (line control data setting1).
  Executing this command will not alter the VRAM write address.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	1	0	0	LDS	LGS	LG1	LG0	LD	LE	LM1	LM0	L3	L2	L1	L0

LDS: Line character output control
(Control of character + trimming + character background)
(0: OFF, 1: ON)
LGS: Line enlargement interpolation control
(0: OFF, 1: ON)
LG1, LG0: Line enlargement control
(0, 0: Normal)
(0, 1: Double width)
(1, 0: Double height)
(1, 1: Double width × double height)

LE: Character background extension control
(0: Normal, 1: Extended)
LD: Shaded background succeeding line merge control
(0: Independent, 1: Merge with the next line)
LM1, LM0: Line background control
(0, 0: OFF)
(0, 1: Solid-fill display)
(1, 0: Concaved, shaded display)
(1, 1: Convexed, shaded display)
L3 to L0: Line background color
(From among 16 colors)

- **Command 5-00 (Screen output control 1A)**
  Command 5-00 controls screen display output.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	SDS	UDS	0	DSP	0	OA2	OA1	OA0

SDS: Sprite character output control
(0: OFF, 1: ON)*
UDS: Screen background output control
(0: OFF, 1: ON)*
DSP: Display output control
(Control of character + trimming + character background + line background)
(0: OFF, 1: ON)*

OA2 to OA0: Output-A character control
(From among eight types)

*: The low level input to the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin initializes the SDS, UDS, and DSP bits to 0.

- **Command 5-01 (Screen output control 1B)**
  Command 5-01 controls output-B screen display output.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	1	0	1	0	0	0	1	SOB	BGB	BLB	0	0	OB2	OB1	OB0

SOB: Output-B sprite character output control
(0: OFF, 1: ON)
BGB: Output-B screen background output control
(0: OFF, 1: ON)
BLB : Output-B line background output control
(0: OFF, 1: ON)

OB2 to OB0: Output-B character control
(From among eight types)

- **Command 5-02 (Screen output control 1C)**
  Command 5-02 controls output-C screen display output.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	SOC	BGC	BLC	0	0	OC2	OC1	OC0

SOC: Output-C sprite character output control
(0: OFF, 1: ON)
BGC: Output-C screen background output control
(0: OFF, 1: ON)
BLC : Output-C line background output control
(0: OFF, 1: ON)

OC2 to OC0: Output-C character control
(From among eight types)

- **Command 5-2 (Vertical display position control)**
  This command controls the vertical display position of the screen.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	1	0	1	1	0	0	Y8	Y7	Y6	Y5	Y4	Y3	Y2	Y1	Y0

Y8 to Y0: Vertical display position control
(0 to 1022 in 2-dot units)

- **Command 5-3 (Horizontal display position control)**
  This command controls the horizontal display position of the screen.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	1	0	1	1	1	0	X8	X7	X6	X5	X4	X3	X2	X1	X0

X8 to X0: Horizontal display position control
(0 to 1022 in 2-dot units)

- **Command 6-1 (Shaded background frame color control)**
  Command 6-1 controls the frame color of a shaded background.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	1	1	0	0	1	0	0	BH3	BH2	BH1	BH0	BS3	BS2	BS1	BS0

BH3 to BH0: Shaded background frame highlight color
(From among 16 colors)
BS3 to BS0: Shaded background frame shadow color
(From among 16 colors)

- **Command 7-3 (Screen background control)**
  Command 7-3 controls the screen background color.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	U3	U2	U1	U0

U3 to U0: Screen background color
(From among 16 colors)

- **Command 8-0 (Sprite character control 1)**
  This command controls sprite characters.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	0	0	0	0	0	SFB	SFA	SF3	SF2	SF1	SF0	SC3	SC2	SC1	SC0

SFB, SFA: Sprite character trimming control
(0, 0: Trimming OFF)
(0, 1: Reserved)
(1, 0: Reserved)
(1, 1: Eight-direction trimming)

SF3 to SF0 : Sprite character trimming color
(From among 16 colors)
SC3 to SC0: Sprite character color
(From among 16 colors)

- **Command 8-1 (Sprite character control 2)**
  Command 8-1 controls sprite characters.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	0	0	0	0	1	SD1	SD0	SM7	SM6	SM5	SM4	SM3	SM2	SM1	SM0

SD1, SD0: Sprite character configuration control
(0, 0: 1 character)
(0, 1: Reserved (Setting prohibited))
(1, 0: Stack of 2 characters)
(1, 1: Reserved (Setting prohibited))

SM7 to SM0: Sprite character code
(000_H to $0FF_H$ for 256 different characters)

- **Command 9-0 (Sprite character control 4)**
  Command 9-0 controls sprite characters.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	0	0	1	0	0	SY9	SY8	SY7	SY6	SY5	SY4	SY3	SY2	SY1	SY0

SY9 to SY0: Sprite character vertical display position control
(0 to 1023 in 1-dot units)

- **Command 9-1 (Sprite character control 5)**
  This command controls sprite characters.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	0	0	1	1	0	SX9	SX8	SX7	SX6	SX5	SX4	SX3	SX2	SX1	SX0

SX9 to SX0: Sprite character horizontal display position control
(0 to 1023 in 1-dot units)

- **Command 11-0 (Screen extension control)**
  (Reserved)

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	0	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	EG0	0	0	0	0	0	0

EG0: (Reserved)
(0: Normal)*
(1: Reserved (Setting prohibited))

*: Set the EG0 bit to “0”.

- **Command 11-2 (Dot clock control 1)**
  Command 11-2 controls the dot clock.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	0	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	DC2	DC1	DC0

DC2 to DC0: Dot clock selection control
(0, 0, 0: LC oscillation)
(0, 1, 0: External dot clock input)
(0, 1, 1: Frequency-doubled external dot clock input)

- **Command 13-0 (I/O pin control)**
  Command 13-0 controls input/output pins.

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	0	1	0	0	VVE	VHE	HE	0	SIX	0	0	0	DBX	DCX

VVE: Edge selection for vertical synchronization detection
(0: Leading edge, 1: Trailing edge)
VHE: HSYNC edge selection for vertical synchronization detection
(0: Leading edge, 1: Trailing edge)
HE: Edge selection for horizontal synchronization operation
(0: Trailing edge, 1: Leading edge)
SIX : Logic control for sync signal input
(0: Negative logic, 1: Positive logic)
DCX: Logic control for display color signal output
(0: Positive logic, 1: Negative logic)*
DBX: Logic control for display output period signal output
(0: Positive logic, 1: Negative logic)*

*: The low level input to the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin initializes the DCX and DBX bits to 0.

- **Command 13-1 (Horizontal blanking control 1)**
  Command 13-1 controls horizontal blanking (back porch).

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	BB5	BB4	BB3	BB2	BB1	BB0

BB5 to BB0: Back porch control
(0 to 126 in 2-dot units)

- **Command 13-2 (Horizontal blanking control 2)**
  Command 13-2 controls horizontal blanking (front porch).

15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
1	1	0	1	1	0	0	BF8	BF7	BF6	BF5	BF4	BF3	BF2	BF1	BF0

BF8 to BF0: Front porch control
(0 to 1022 in 2-dot units)

3. Notes on Issuing Commands

This section summarizes notes on issuing commands.

(1) Initialization

The MB90097 enters the display-off state (*1) upon reset input (input of a LOW-level signal to the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin). The contents of VRAM (character RAM and line RAM) are not initialized then (undefined immediately after the power supply is turned on).

When the MB90097 is released from the reset input, issue the following commands to initialize control operation:

- Dot clock control 1 (Command 11-2)
- I/O pin control (Command 13-0)

After that, set all of other command data and the contents of VRAM.
(VRAM setting requires normal dot clock and sync signal inputs.)

*1: The reset input initializes control bits to 0 as shown below

Screen output control 1A (command 5-00)	SDS = 0	Sprite OFF
	UDS = 0	Screen background OFF
	DSP = 0	Character, character background, line background OFF
I/O pin control (command 13-0)	DCX = 0	Sets the VC0, VC1, VC2, and VC3 pins to positive logic output.
	DBX = 0	Sets the BLKA, BLKB, and BLKC pins to positive logic output.

(2) Command refresh

Command data to the MB90097 and the contents of internal VRAM remain held as long as the MB90097 is powered. If the serial control, sync, and dot clock signals are affected by external noise, however, they may become abnormal signals, preventing the internal registers and VRAM from being set normally. You should therefore refresh all of command data and VRAM data periodically to restore them from the abnormal state.

(3) Command issuance timing

When a VRAM write command, such as a character data setting or line control data setting command, or any other control command is issued, the command is executed immediately, reflecting the result (command setting) on the screen. When such a command is issued during a display period, the display in the relevant field may involve transient distortion. To prevent this, you should issue the command during the vertical blanking interval. Also, a restriction on the internal circuit configuration may cause deviation of the display position in the first display field when the DSP, SDS, or UDS control bit of command 5-00 (screen output control 1A) is set from OFF to ON. To prevent this, you should issue command 5-00 within the 2H period after the leading edge of the V sync signal.

■ DISPLAY FUNCTIONS

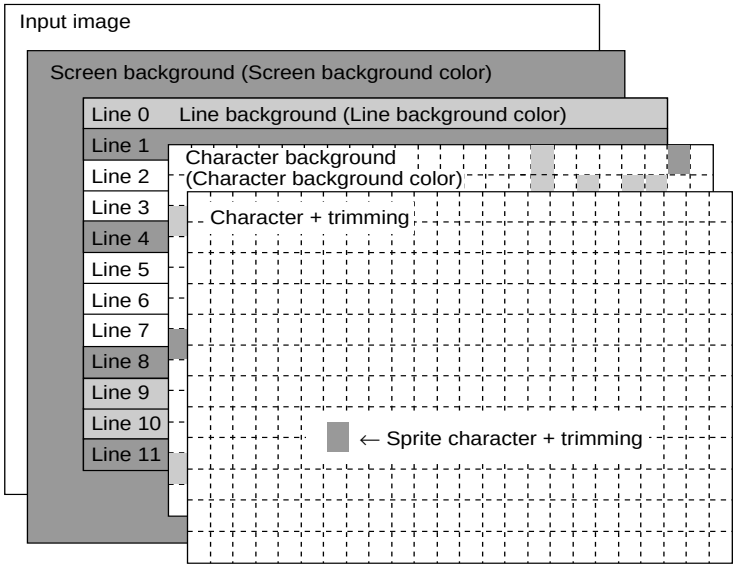
1. Screen Configuration

1. 1 Screen Elements

The display screen provided by the MB90097 consists of a pile of display screen elements.

	Display screen element name	Display configuration	Display position control
Top layer ↕ Bottom layer	Sprite character (+ trimming)	1 (Maximum of 2 × 2 characters)	Horizontal/vertical: 1-dot units
	Character (+ trimming)	28 characters × 12 lines	Horizontal/vertical: 2-dot units
	Character background	28 characters × 12 lines	(Controlled simultaneously with the character)
	Line background	12 lines	(Controlled simultaneously with the character)
	Screen background	Full screen display in single color	(None)

- **Screen configuration drawing**



Note: When a character is displayed on a line, the display of the shaded background shadow frame for the line background overrides the character display.
The display of the shaded background shadow frame for the character background overrides the character display and the shaded background shadow frame for the line background.

1. 2 Screen Display Modes

<table>
<tr><th>Display screen element name</th><th colspan="8">Display mode</th></tr>
<tr><td>Screen background</td><td colspan="8">Undisplay</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="8">Display</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Line background</td><td colspan="6">Undisplay</td><td colspan="2" rowspan="4">Line spacing (0 to 7 dots)</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="6">Solid-fill display</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Shaded background concaved display</td><td rowspan="2">Shaded background succeeding line merge</td><td>Independent</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Shaded background convexed display</td><td>Merge</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Character background</td><td colspan="8">Undisplay</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="6">Solid-fill display</td><td rowspan="3">Character background extended (enabled with line spacing)</td><td>Normal</td></tr>
<tr><td>Shaded background concaved display</td><td rowspan="2">Shaded background succeeding character merge</td><td>Independent</td><td rowspan="2">Shaded background succeeding line merge</td><td>Independent</td><td>Extended</td></tr>
<tr><td>Shaded background convexed display</td><td>Merge</td><td>Merge</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="5">Character</td><td colspan="8">Undisplay (blank character (Arbitrarily set))</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="4">Display</td><td rowspan="4">Trimming output control</td><td colspan="4">Undisplay</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Display for characters with no character background</td><td rowspan="3">Trimming type</td><td>Undisplay</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3" rowspan="2">Display for characters with no character background or with solid-filled character background</td><td rowspan="2">Eight-direction trimming display</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Display for all characters</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="3">Sprite character</td><td colspan="8">Undisplay</td></tr>
<tr><td rowspan="2">Display</td><td colspan="3">Consisting of a single character</td><td rowspan="2">Trimming type</td><td colspan="2">Undisplay</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="3">Consisting of a stack of characters</td><td colspan="2">Eight-direction trimming display</td></tr>
</table>

1. 3 Screen Output Control

The screen output control commands can control three channels of outputs A, B, and C independently. Their output enable period signals are output to the BLKA, BLKB, and BLKC pins, respectively.

The output-A, -B, and -C control commands can set the character attribute display to OFF, line background display, and screen background display arbitrarily based on the basic display screen, allowing three independent screens to be configured and output.

The layer structure of the output screens exists only on the basic display screen. If the output-A, -B, or -C control command sets the display of an arbitrary area to OFF, the lower layer cannot be displayed but appears transparent.

The table below shows the relationships between screen output controls and control command bits.

<table>
<tr><th colspan="4">Basic display screen control</th><th colspan="3">Three-channel output controls</th></tr>
<tr><th colspan="4">Elements to be controlled/Control bit name (Unit of control)</th><th>Output-A control</th><th>Output-B control</th><th>Output-C control</th></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Character + trimming + character background + line background
DSP (per screen)</td><td>←</td><td>←</td><td>←</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="3">Character + trimming + character background LDS (per line)</td><td>←</td><td>←</td><td>←</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td></td><td colspan="2">Character M8-M0 (per character)</td><td rowspan="3">OA2-OA0
(per screen)
×
MO1, MO0*1
(per character)</td><td rowspan="3">OB2-OB0
(per screen)
×
MO1, MO0*1
(per character)</td><td rowspan="3">OC2-OC0
(per screen)
×
MO1, MO0*1
(per character)</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>Character trimming
LFD-LFA (per line)</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td></td><td colspan="2">Character background
MM1, MM0 (per character)</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="3">Line background LM1, LM0 (per line)</td><td>←</td><td>BLB*2
(per screen)</td><td>BLC*2
(per screen)</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Screen background color UDS (per screen)</td><td>←</td><td>BGB
(per screen)</td><td>BGC
(per screen)</td></tr>
<tr><td colspan="4">Sprite character SDS (per screen)</td><td>←</td><td rowspan="2">SOB*3
(per screen)</td><td rowspan="2">SOC*3
(per screen)</td></tr>
<tr><td></td><td colspan="3">Sprite character trimming
SFB, SFA (per screen)</td><td>←</td></tr>
</table>

*1: If character display is set to OFF with the character/trimming/character background overlapping the line background or screen background, the corresponding area of the lower layer is not displayed but appears transparent.

*2: If line background display is set to OFF with the line background overlapping the screen background, the corresponding area of the screen background is not displayed but appears transparent.

*3: If sprite display is set to OFF with the sprite character/trimming overlapping a character, character background, line background, or screen background, the corresponding area of the lower layer is not displayed but appears transparent.

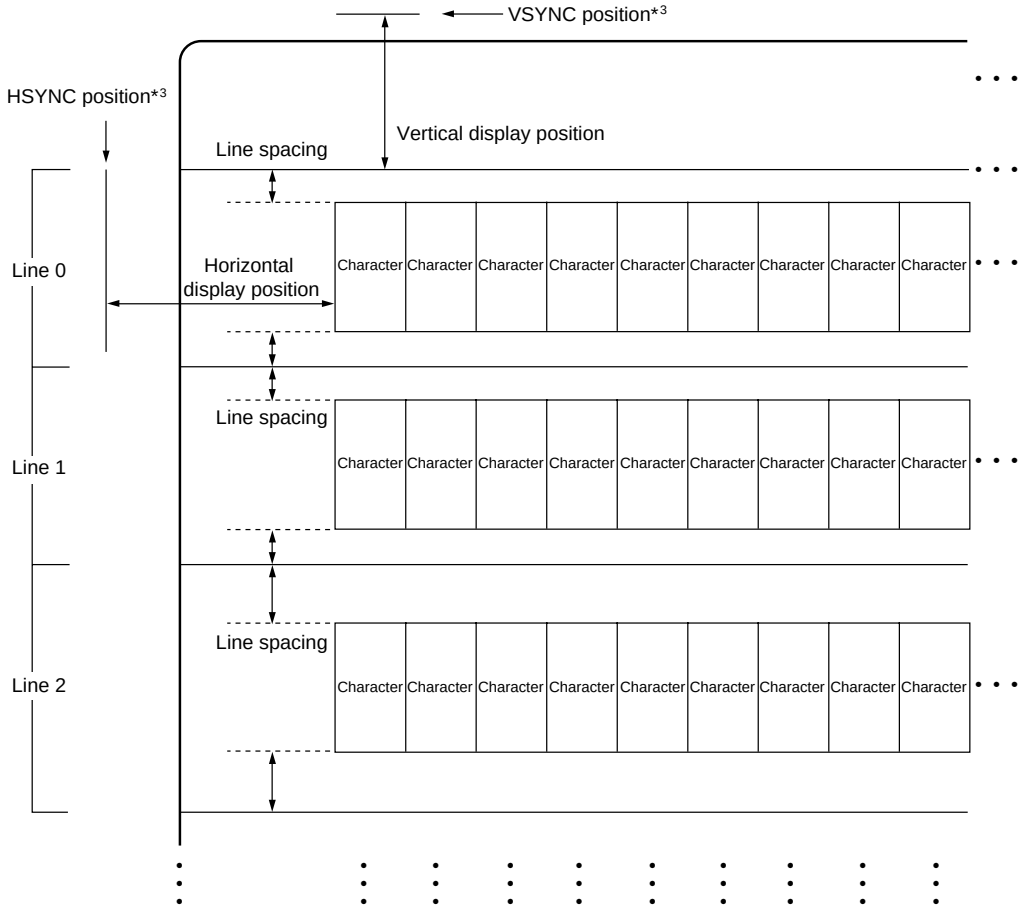
Note: Three-channel output control for each character serves as output control within the character area. When trimming dots for a character are displayed in part of the area for an adjacent character, the output of the trimming dots is controlled by the output control of that adjacent character. If there are trimming dots to the left of the leftmost character on a line, they cannot be controlled by three-channel output control for each character. In this case, set a blank character at the left end of the line.
When trimming dots are displayed to the right of the rightmost character on a line, they are controlled with the three-channel output attribute of the rightmost character.

1. 4 Screen Display Position Control

(1) Display position control on the character screen

The MB90097 can simultaneously control the display start positions of a character (or a line of characters), character trimming, character background, and line background.

- Vertical display position: Vertical display position control (command 5-2), Bits Y8 to Y0
  Set the vertical display start position*1 relative to the VSYNC position.
  The position can be set between 0 and 1022 dots in 2-dot units.
  (*1: The actual display position is offset from the set value by several tens of dots in the positive direction.)
- Horizontal display position: Horizontal display position control (command 5-3), Bits X8 to X0
  Set the vertical display start position*2 relative to the HSYNC position.
  The position ca*n be set between 0 and 1022 dots in 2-dot units.
  (*2: The actual display position is offset from the set value by several tens of dots in the positive direction.)
- Line spacing: Line control data setting 1 (command 3), Bits LW2 to LW0
  Set the number of dots to specify the height of the areas to be kept above and below the characters on each line.
  The spacing specified by the set value will be kept both above and below the characters.
  The line spacing can be set between 0 and 7 dots in 1-dot units for each line.
  (Note: When line double-height display is on, the line spacing is doubled as well.)

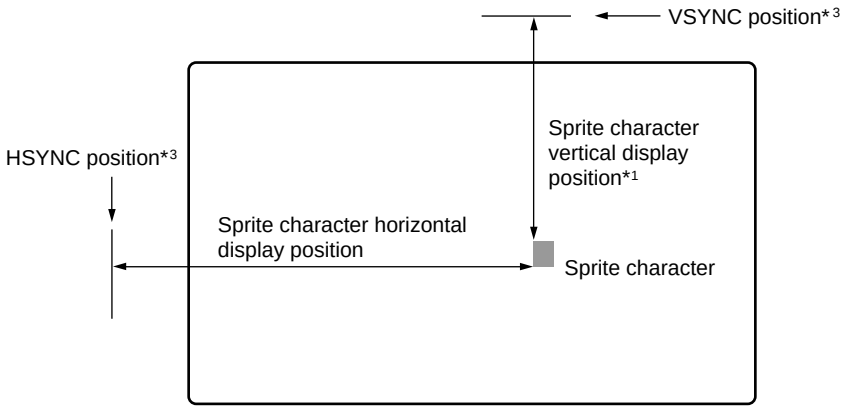


*3: For the VSYNC position, you can select the leading or trailing edge of the vertical sync signal pulse.
For the HSYNC position, you can select the leading or trailing edge of the horizontal sync signal pulse.
(For details, see Section 3 “Sync Signal Input” of “■ CONTROL FUNCTIONS.”)

(2) Display position control of sprite characters

The MB90097 can control the display start positions of a sprite character and its trimming.

- Sprite character vertical display position: Sprite character control 4 (command 9-0), Bits SY9 to SY0
  Set the vertical display start position*1 relative to the VSYNC position.
  The position can be set between 0 and 1023 dots in 1-dot units.
  (*1: The actual display position is offset from the set value by several tens of dots in the positive direction.)
- Sprite character horizontal display position: Sprite character control 5 (command 9-1), Bits SX9 to SX0
  Set the vertical display start position*2 relative to the HSYNC position.
  The position can be set between 0 and 1023 dots in 1-dot units.
  (*2: The actual display position is offset from the set value by several tens of dots in the positive direction.)

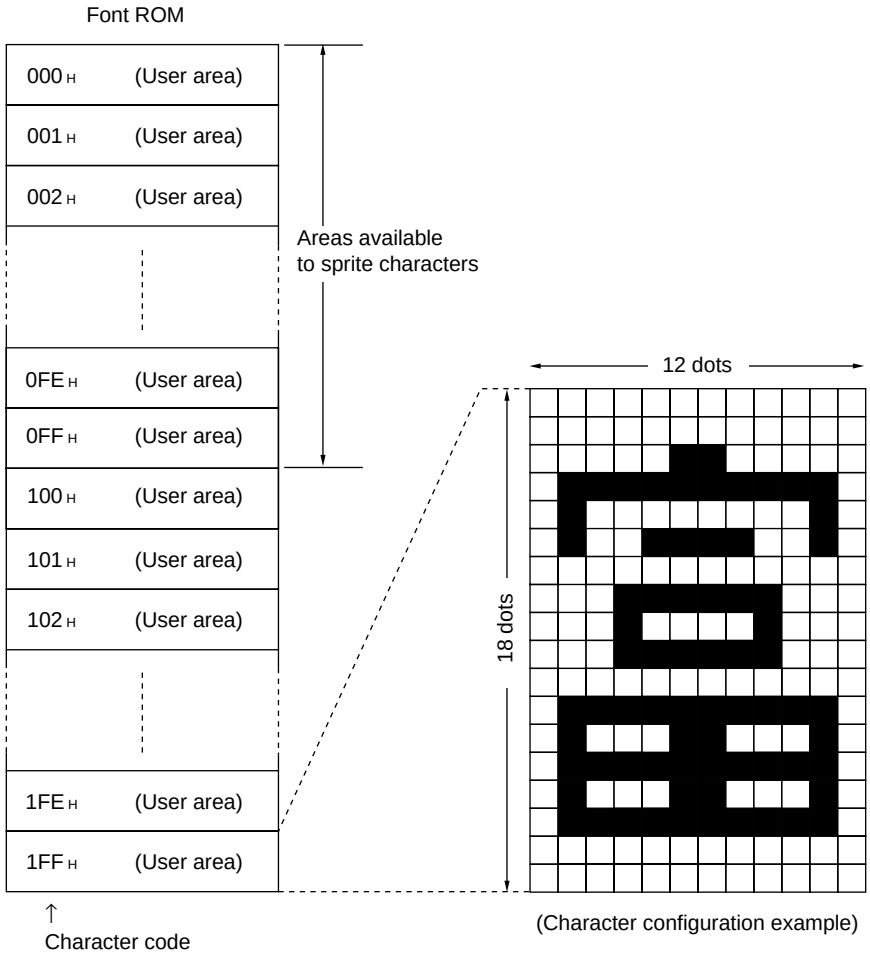


*3: For the VSYNC position, you can select the leading or trailing edge of the vertical sync signal pulse.
For the HSYNC position, you can select the leading or trailing edge of the horizontal sync signal pulse.
(For details, see Section 3 “Sync Signal Input” of “■ CONTROL FUNCTIONS.”)

2. Font ROM Configuration

The font ROM can incorporate 512 characters each made up of 12 × 18 dots.

- All of 512 characters can be set freely by the user.
  (Note, however, that the blank character must be set as an arbitrary character code because even it is not set by default.)
- The user areas available to sprite characters are from 000_H to $0FF_H$.



3. Display Memory (VRAM) Configuration

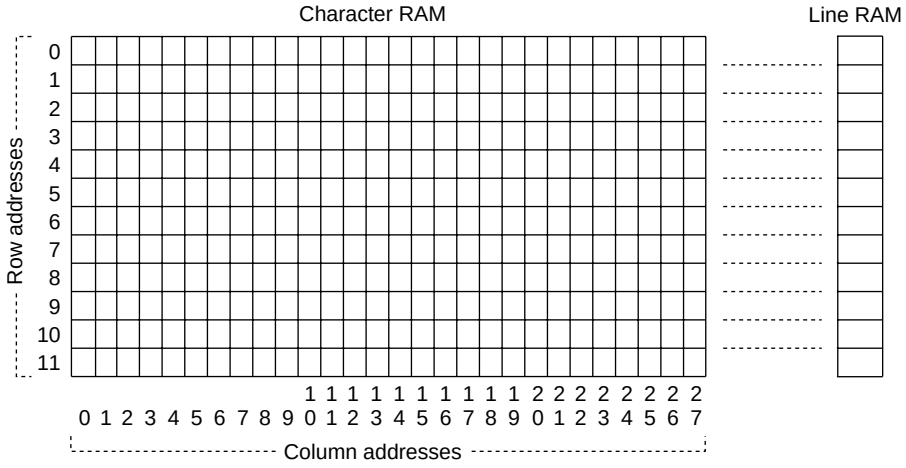
The display memory (VRAM) consists of the character RAM for setting individual characters and the line RAM for setting individual lines.

- Character RAM: 28 characters × 12 lines (336 characters in total)
- Line RAM: 12 lines

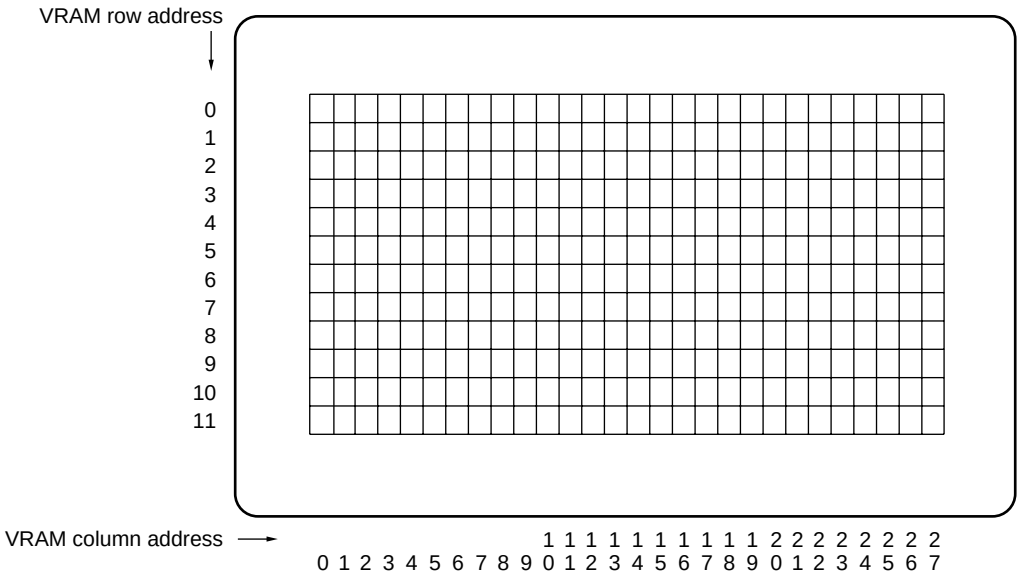
3. 1 Display Memory and Display Screen

Areas of character RAM and those of line RAM correspond to displayed characters and lines on a one-to-one basis, respectively.

- **Display memory configuration**



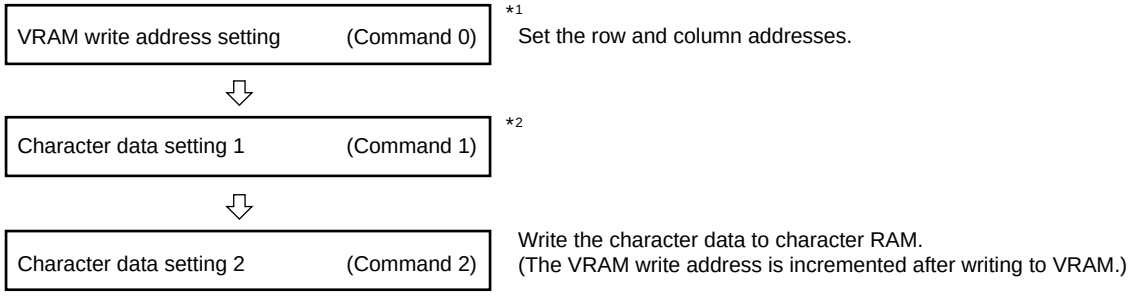
- **Example of display screen configuration (with all characters in normal size)**



3. 2 Writing to Display Memory

(1) Writing characters to character RAM

a) Writing a single character
Use the following commands to write data on an arbitrary character to an arbitrary address in character RAM:

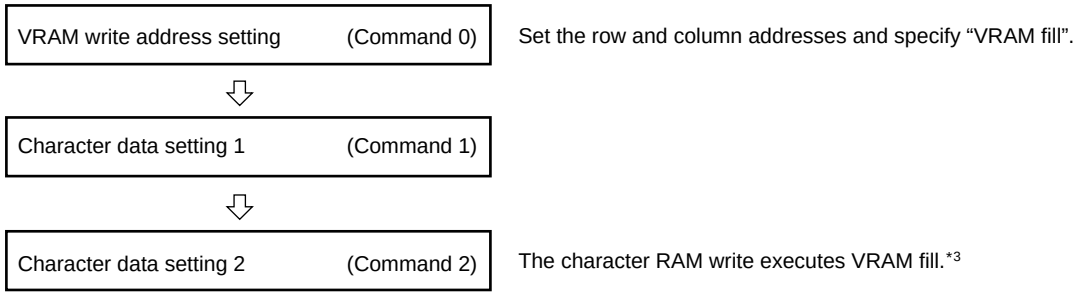


*1: When writing to consecutive addresses continuously, you can omit this command for the latter character RAM write.

*2: You can also omit this command if the current character data is the same as the one set by the preceding "character data setting 1" command.

Note: Normal writing to VRAM requires input of a normal horizontal sync signal. Input of an invalid horizontal sync signal may cause VRAM write to fail.
Also, you must set the horizontal sync signal pulse width and VRAM write cycle (command 2 or command 4 issuance cycle) such that: horizontal sync signal pulse width < VRAM write cycle.

b) Writing multiple characters collectively (VRAM fill)
Use the following commands to write data on an arbitrary character to an area of character RAM from an arbitrary address to the last address, filling the area with that data:

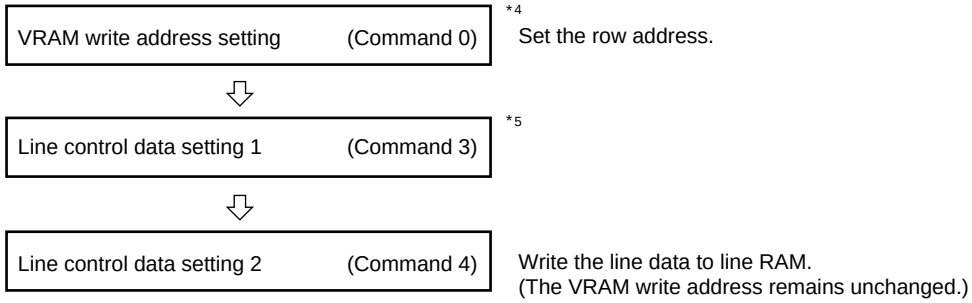


*3: The VRAM fill execution time is about 2 ms for the entire screen.
During execution of VRAM fill, do not issue command 0 to 4.
Issuing command 0 (FL = 0) during execution of VRAM fill will abort the VRAM fill.
(To write to VRAM after VRAM fill has aborted, issue command 0 again to set the VRAM write address.)

Note: Normal execution of VRAM fill requires input of a normal horizontal sync signal. Input of an invalid horizontal sync signal may cause VRAM fill to fail.

(2) Writing to line RAM

Use the following commands to write data on an arbitrary line to an arbitrary address in line RAM:



*4: The line RAM fill function is not available. (It is prohibited to specify “Line RAM fill”.)

*5: You can omit this command if the current line control data is the same as the one set by the preceding “line control data setting 1” command.

Note: Normal writing to VRAM requires input of a normal horizontal sync signal. Input of an invalid horizontal sync signal may cause VRAM write to fail.
Also, you must set the horizontal sync signal pulse width and VRAM write cycle (command 2 or command 4 issuance cycle) such that: horizontal sync signal pulse width < VRAM write cycle.

4. Character Display

4. 1 Displayed Character Configuration

For each character to be displayed, you can set the vertical and horizontal sizes.
Each character is displayed by clipping the specified size of the specified character data from font ROM, starting at the upper leftmost dot.

- Character horizontal size control (Setting for each character)
  Character data setting 1 (Command 1): Bits MS1 and MS0

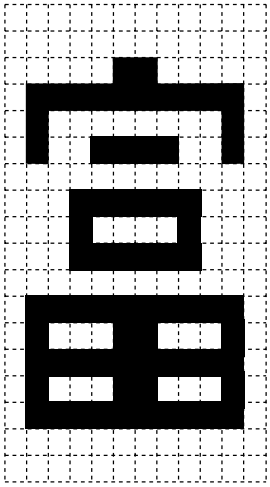
MS1	MS0	Character horizontal size
0	0	S size: 6 dots
0	1	M size: 9 dots
1	0	L size: 12 dots
1	1	(Setting prohibited)

- Line character vertical size type control (Setting for each line)
  Line control data setting 1 (Command 3): Bit LHS

LHS	Line character vertical size type
0	Line character vertical size A: 18 dots
1	Line character vertical size B: 12 dots

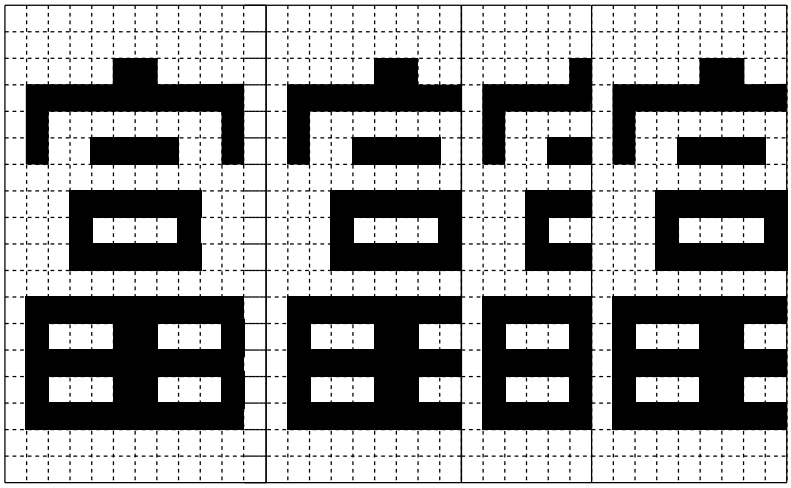
• Display examples

• A character stored in font ROM



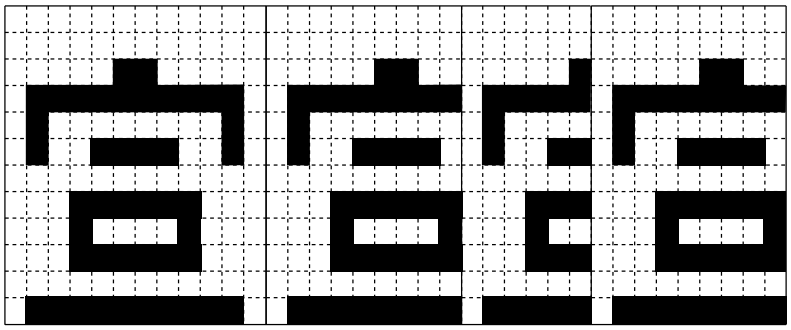
(12 horizontal dots × 18 vertical dots)

• Display example 1 (character vertical size A: 18 dots)



L size M size S size M size

• Display example 2 (character vertical size B: 12 dots)



L size M size S size M size

4. 2 Character Trimming

(1) Trimming output control
Trimming output control turns ON or OFF the trimming of characters depending on their character background type. One of the four character background types can be set for each line.

- Trimming output control (Setting for each line)

  Line control data setting 1 (Command 3): Bits LFD and LFC

Trimming output control (Setting for each line)		Character background type (Setting for each character)			Trimming output
LFD	LFC	MM1	MM0	Background display	
0	0	0	0	Undisplay	×
		0	1	Solid-filled background	×
		1	0	Concaved, shaded background	×
		1	1	Convexed, shaded background	×
0	1	0	0	Undisplay	○
		0	1	Solid-filled background	×
		1	0	Concaved, shaded background	×
		1	1	Convexed, shaded background	×
1	0	0	0	Undisplay	○
		0	1	Solid-filled background	○
		1	0	Concaved, shaded background	×
		1	1	Convexed, shaded background	×
1	1	0	0	Undisplay	○
		0	1	Solid-filled background	○
		1	0	Concaved, shaded background	○
		1	1	Convexed, shaded background	○

× : Undisplay
○ : display

(2) Trimming type control

As the type of trimming, you can select “eight-direction trimming” or “undisplay”.

- Trimming type control (Setting for each screen)
  Line control data

  setting 1 (Command 3): Bits LFB and LFA

Trimming output control		Trimming output
LFB	LFA	
0	0	Undisplay
0	1	Reserved (Setting prohibited)
1	0	Reserved (Setting prohibited)
1	1	Eight-direction trimming

(3) Trimming colors

The trimming color can be set to one of 16 different colors for each line.

- Trimming color (Setting for each line, selected from among 16 colors)
  Line control data setting 1 (Command 1): Bits LF3 to LF0

(4) Trimming display rules

The following display rules apply to trimming display:

- Trimming dots for a character can be displayed in the right or left adjacent character area only when the character background types of the two characters are the same.
- Trimming dots for the character at the left or right end of a line can be displayed beyond the character area only when the character background type is “no character background”.
  (When three-channel output control for each character is used, however, do not attempt to display trimming dots outside the character area at the left end of a line. Trimming dots for that area cannot be controlled in character units. Note also that trimming dot display outside the character area at the right end of a line depends on the character output control setting for the rightmost character on the line.)
- Trimming display for a character does not apply to the areas above and below the character (the area for the character on the line above, the area for the character on the line below, the upper line spacing, and the lower line spacing).
- When a line is displayed enlarged, trimming dots on the line are not enlarged but those in the normal dot size are displayed around the enlarged character dots.

Note: For output control of each character using three-channel output control, design the display and font taking account of trimming dot display protruding to the area for the adjacent character to the right or left. Three-channel output control for each character is display output control of the character area. Turning on or off the display of trimming dots protruding to the right or left adjacent character area depends on the character output control setting for that adjacent character.

4. 3 Line Enlarged Display

Line enlarged display control is used to control the display size of each line including the characters, character backgrounds, and line background on that line (as well as the line spacing portions). This also controls enlargement of the shadow frames of shaded backgrounds. It does not however control the enlargement of the trimming dot width.

Note that the lines and characters following the line for which line enlarged display has been specified are shifted down accordingly.

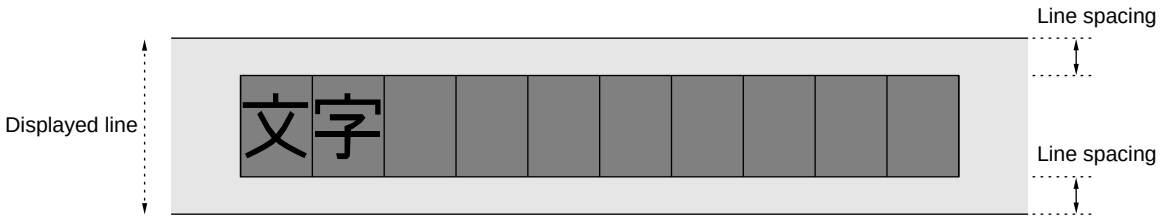
- **Line enlargement control (Setting for each line)**

  Line control data setting 2 (Command 4): Bits LG1 and LG0

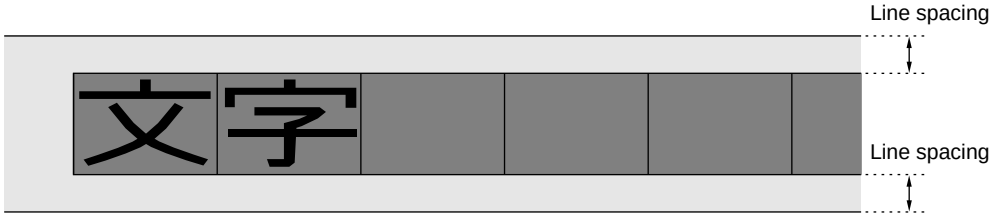
LG1	LG0	Display size
0	0	Normal size
0	1	Double-width size
1	0	Double-height size
1	1	Double-width/height size

(1) Line enlarged display examples

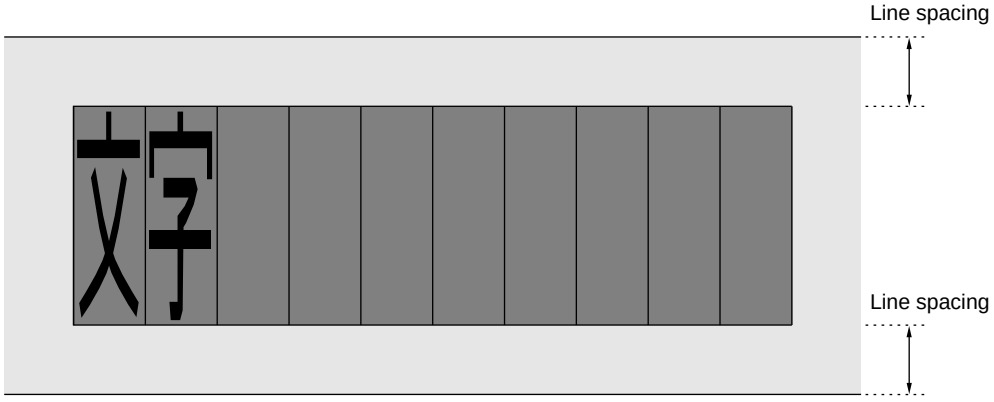
- **Normal size**



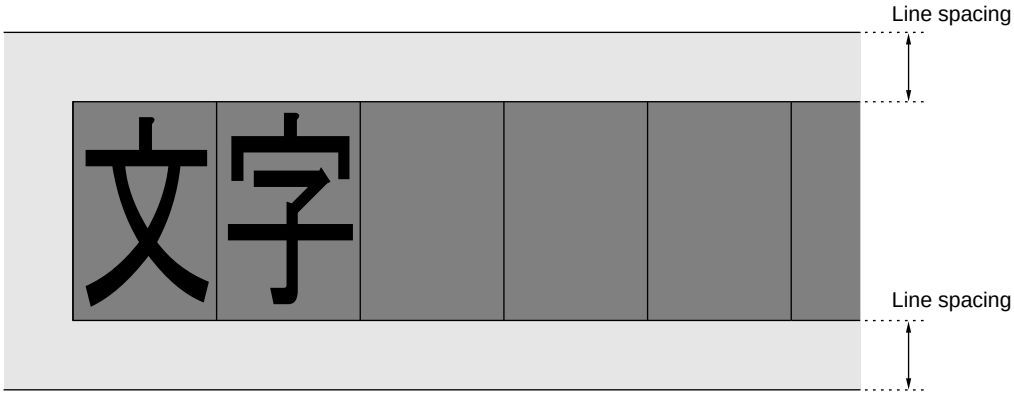
- **Double-width size**



- **Double-height size**



- **Double-width/height size**



(2) Dot interpolation for enlarged display

Dot interpolation display is enabled only when the line enlargement control is in the double-width size display. You can designate the display in line units.

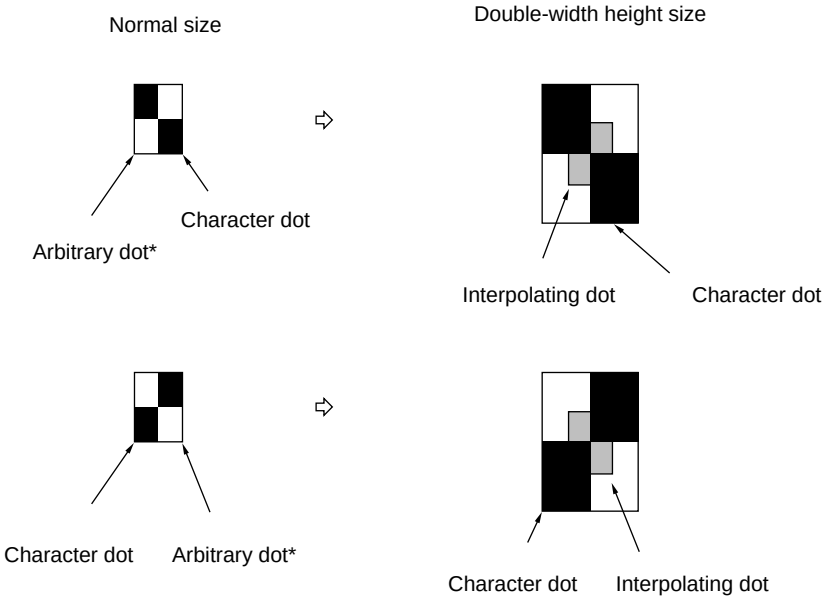
Dot interpolation is performed in character units; dots are not interpolated between the neighboring characters. Outline display is generated and displayed in the character dots and interpolation dots. Outline dot width is not displayed enlarged.

- **Line enlargement interpolation control (Setting for each line)**

Line control data setting 2 (Command 4): Bit LGS

LGS	Interpolation control
0	Interpolation OFF
1	Interpolation ON

- **Interpolated display examples (Basic type)**



*: Blank dot or character dot

5. Character Background Display

5. 1 Character Background Display

For each character, you can set the character background selected from among four types and the character background color from among 16 colors.

- **Character background control (Setting for each character)**
  Character data setting 1 (Command 1) :
  Bits MM1 and MM0

MM1	MM0	Character background
0	0	NO background (undisplay)
0	1	Solid-filled background
1	0	Concaved, shaded background
1	1	Convexed, shaded background

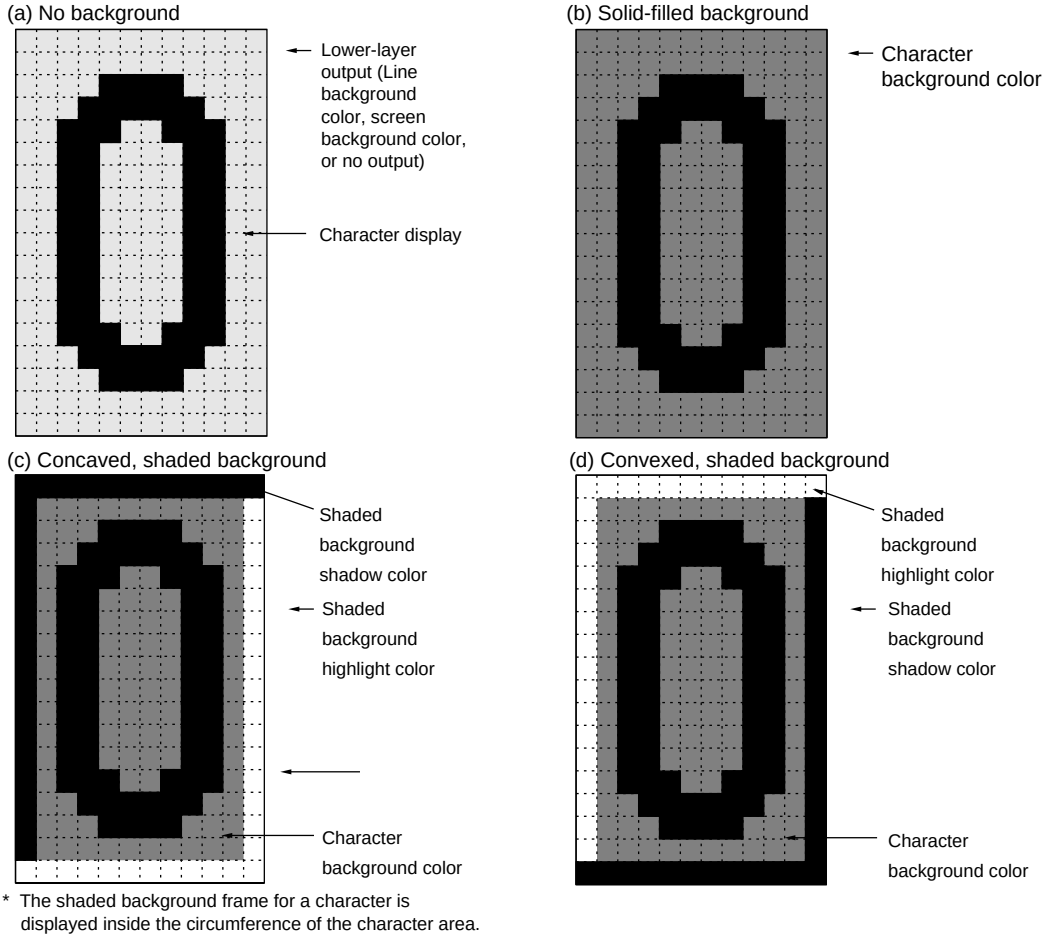
- **Character background color (Setting for each character, selected from among 16 colors)**
  Character data setting 1 (Command 1) :
  Bits MB3 to MB0

Note: The character background color is transparent when all of MB3 to MB0 have been set to 0.
(If character background display has been set for a character with the above settings, the corresponding portion of the lower layer will be displayed.)

- **Shaded background highlight color (Setting for each screen, selected from among 16 colors)**
  Shaded background frame color control (Command 6-1) :
  Bits BH3 to BH0

- **Shaded background shadow color (Setting for each screen, selected from among 16 colors)**
  Shaded background frame color control (Command 6-1) :
  Bits BS3 to BS0

- **Display examples**



* The shaded background frame for a character is displayed inside the circumference of the character area.

5. 2 Shaded Background Succeeding Character Merge Display

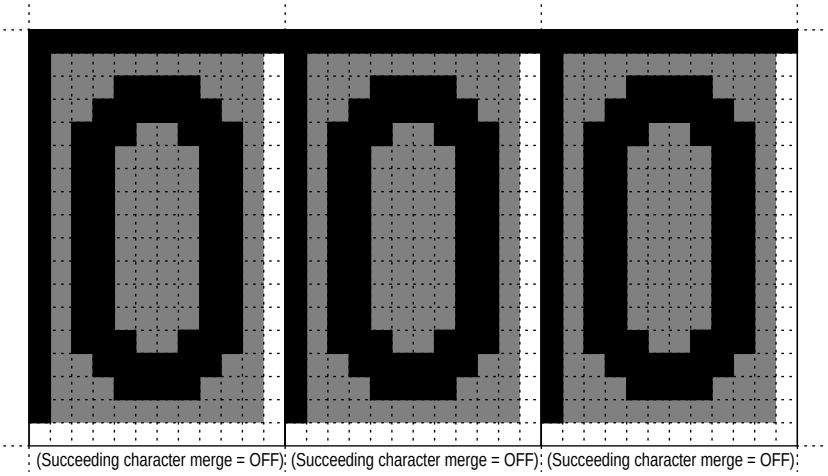
Specifying “shaded background character display” and “shaded background succeeding character merge display” for a character undisplays the right line of the shadow frame of the character and the left line of the shadow frame of the next (right adjacent) character. This enables two or more characters with shaded backgrounds to be joined horizontally.

- **Shaded background succeeding character merge control (Setting for each character)**

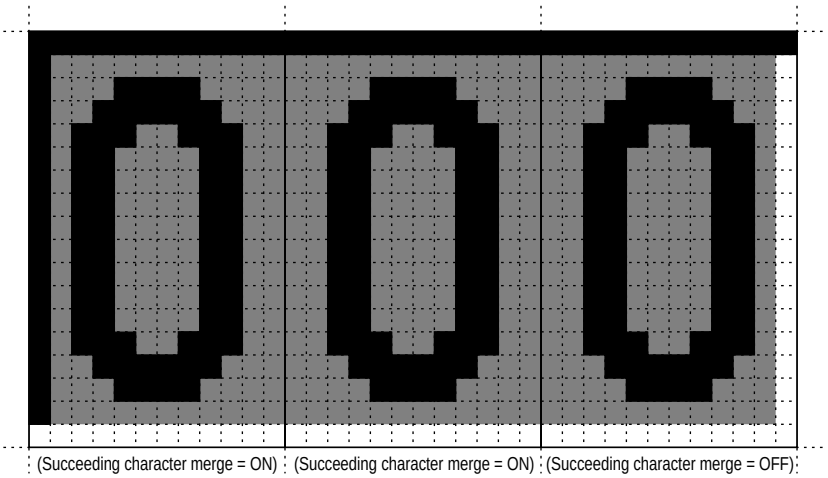
  Character data setting 2 (Command 2) : Bit MR

MR	Shaded background succeeding character merge control
0	OFF
1	ON

- **Display examples of independent characters with shaded backgrounds**



- **Display examples of merged characters with shaded backgrounds**



5. 3 Shaded Background Succeeding Line Merge Display

Specifying “shaded background character display" for characters on a line and both of “character background extended display” and “shaded background succeeding line merge display” for the line undisplays the lower lines of the shadow frames of the characters on that line and the upper lines of the shadow frames of the characters on the next line. (Specify both of “shaded background succeeding line merge display” and “character background extended display” for the current line and “character background extended display” for the next line.)

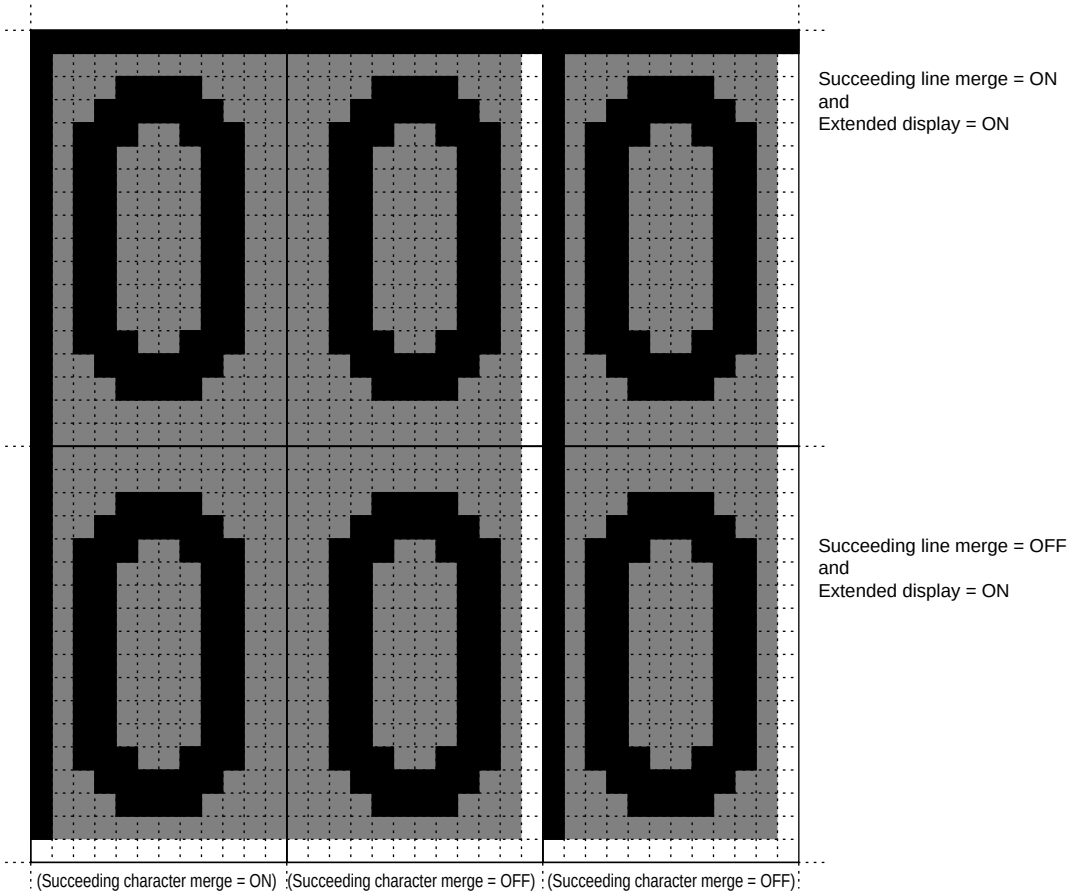
- **Shaded background succeeding line merge control (Setting for each line)**
  Line control data setting 2 (Command 4) :
  Bit LD

LD	Shaded background succeeding line merge control
0	OFF
1	ON

- **Character background extended display control (Setting for each line)**
  Line control data setting 2 (Command 4) :
  Bit LE

LE	Character background extended display control
0	OFF (Normal display)
1	ON (Extended display)

- **Display examples of merged lines of characters with shaded backgrounds**



Note: If character background extended display is not specified, shaded background succeeding line merge display is disabled for character backgrounds. (The setting of shaded background succeeding line merge display applies only to the line background shadow frame.)

5. 4 Character Background Extended Display

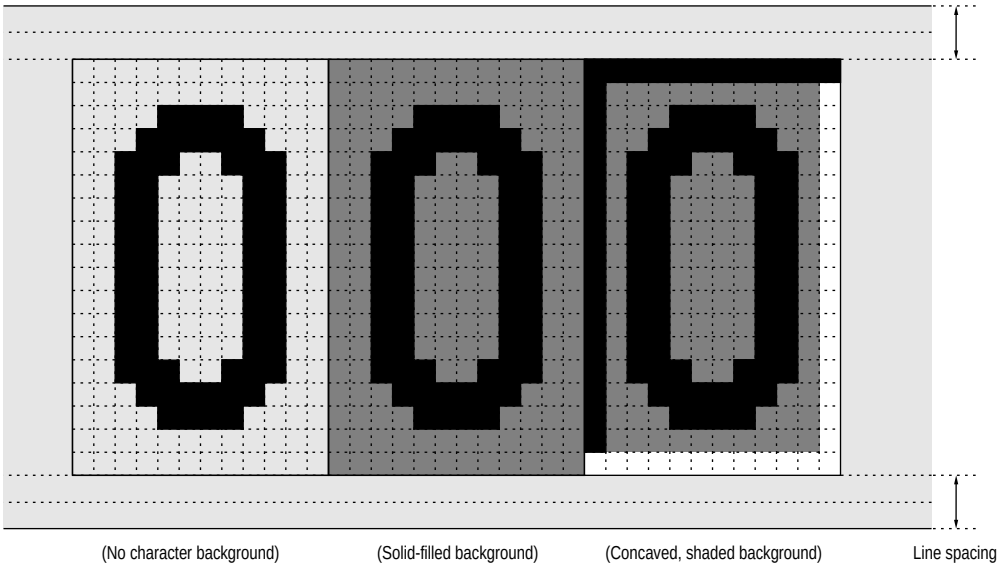
Character background extended display extends character backgrounds to line spacing portions.
(Note that this setting is required to apply shaded background succeeding line merge display to character backgrounds.)

- **Character background extended display (Setting for each line)**

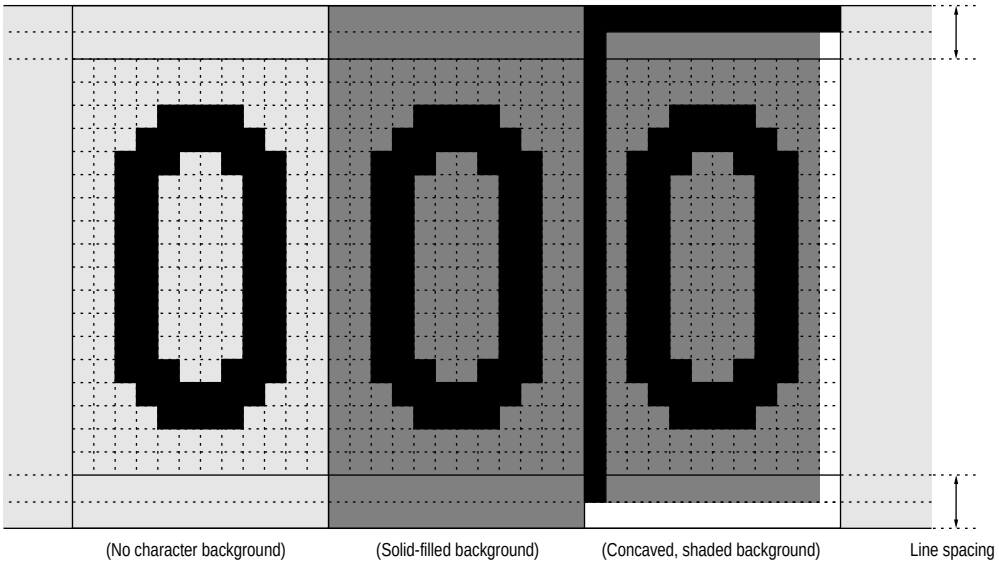
Line control data setting 2 (Command 4): Bit LE

LE	Character background extended display
0	OFF (Normal display)
1	ON (Extended display)

- **Display example with character background extended display = OFF (Line spacing = 2)**



- **Display example with character background extended display = ON (Line spacing = 2)**



6. Line Background Display

6. 1 Line Background Display

Line background display for a line displays the line background in the line area of the characters on the line, the areas to the right and left of that area, and the line spacing areas above and below it.

There are four types of line backgrounds are available (None, Solid fill, Concaved shaded background, and Convexed shaded background), one of which can be set for each line.

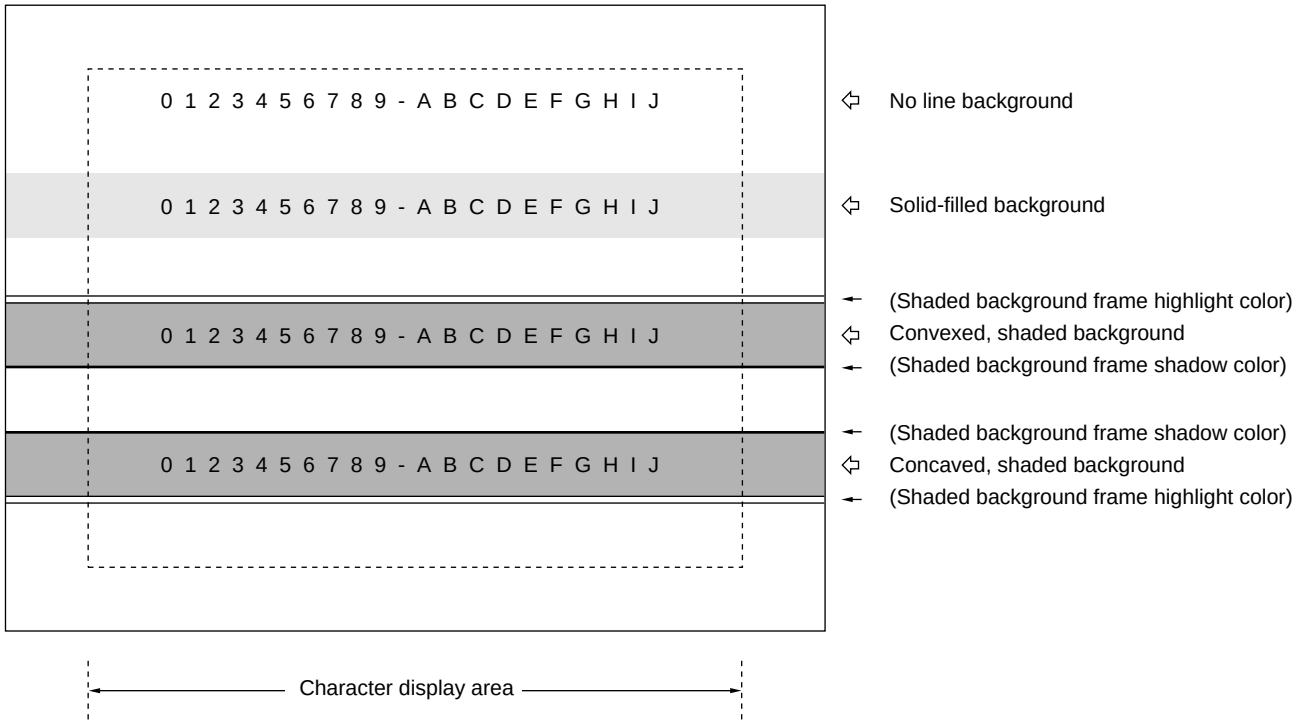
Shaded line background display is used to display the shaded background frame highlight color and shaded background frame shadow color above and below the line background area, respectively, along with the line background color display.

- **Line background control**
  (Setting for each line)
  Line control data setting 2 (Command 4) :
  Bits LM1 and LM0

LM1	LM0	Line background
0	0	No background (undisplay)
0	1	Solid-filled background
1	0	Concaved, shaded background
1	1	Convexed, shaded background

- **Line background color**
  (Setting for each line, selected from among 16 colors)
  Line control data setting 2 (Command 4) :
  Bits L3 to L0
- **Shaded background highlight color**
  (Setting for each screen, selected from among 16 colors)
  Shaded background frame color control (Command 6-1) :
  Bits BH3 to BH0
- **Shaded background shadow color**
  (Setting for each screen, selected from among 16 colors)
  Shaded background frame color control (Command 6-1) :
  Bits BS3 to BS0

- Line background display examples



6. 2 Shaded Background Succeeding Line Merge Display

Specifying “shaded background succeeding line merge display” for a line enables the line to be displayed with the line background merged with that of the next line.

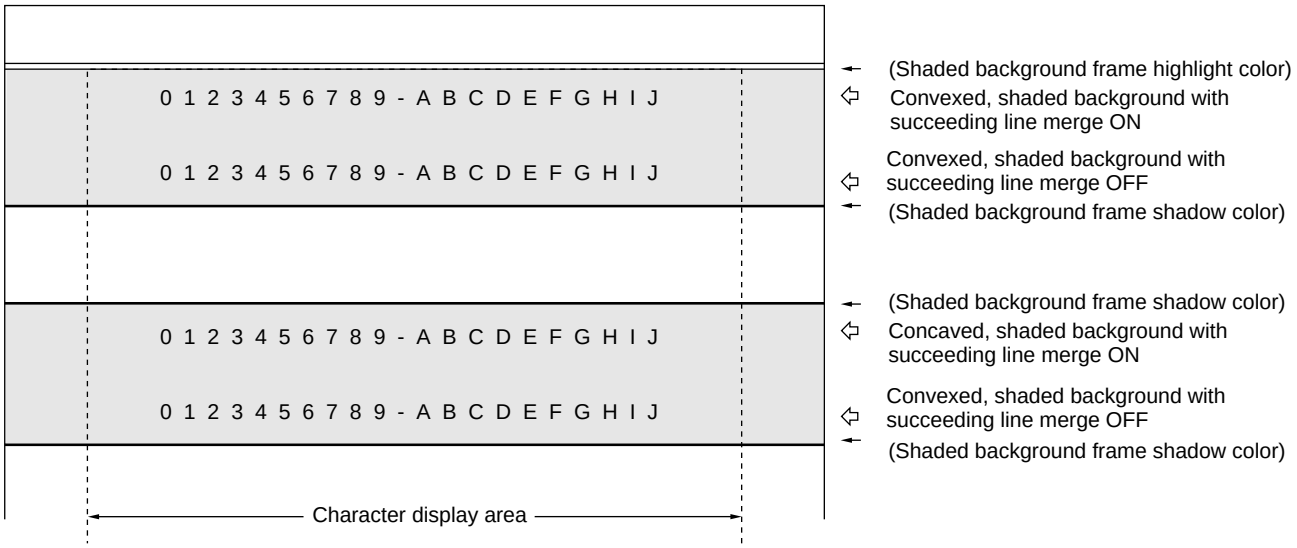
This undisplays the lower line of the line background shadow frame of the current line and the upper line of the line background shadow frame of the next line, allowing two or more lines to be displayed with shaded line backgrounds.

- **Shaded background succeeding line merge control (Setting for each line)**

  Line control data setting 2 (Command 4): Bit LD

LD	Shaded background succeeding line merge control
0	OFF
1	ON

- **Examples of shaded background succeeding line merge display**



Note: Specifying shaded background succeeding line merge display applies merge control to the character and line backgrounds at the same time. If character background extended display is off for a line, however, merge control ignores the shaded background characters on that line.

7. Screen Background Display

7. 1 Screen Background Color Display

The screen background color can be output to the bottom layer of display output.

- **Screen background output control**
  Screen output control 1A (Command 5-00): Bit UDS

UDS	Screen background color display
0	OFF
1	ON

- **Screen background color code**
  Screen background control 4 (Command 7-3): Bits U3 to U0
  One of 16 colors can be set.

- **Three-channel output control**
  When screen background color output is ON (UDS = 1), the screen background outputs to output B and output C can be controlled independently. (Output A is controlled only with the UDS bit.)

- **Output-B screen background color output control**
  Screen output control 1B (Command 5-01): Bit BGB

UDS	Output-B screen background color output
0	OFF
1	ON*

- **Output-C screen background color output control**
  Screen output control 1C (Command 5-02): Bit BGC

UDS	Output-C screen background color output
0	OFF
1	ON*

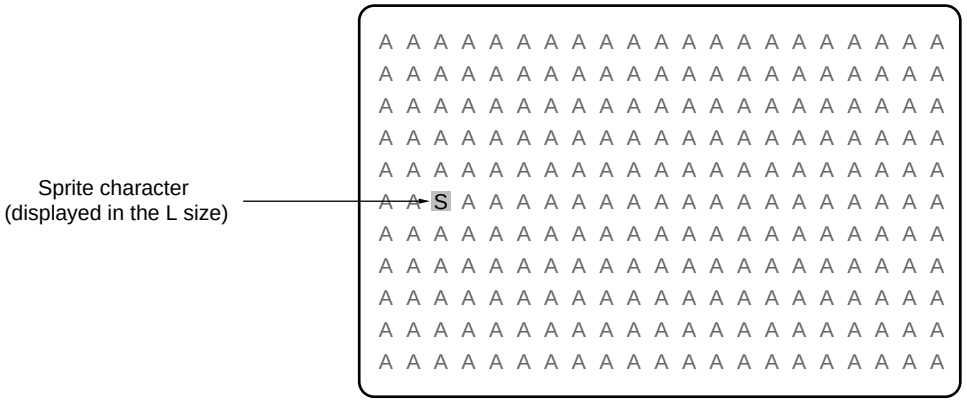
* : Enabled only when screen background color output is ON (UDS = 1).

8. Sprite Character Display

Sprite characters are displayed on the top layer of the display screen.

(1) Sprite character configuration

- **Sprite character display example**



(2) Sprite character display control

- **Sprite character output control**

  Screen output control 1A (Command 5-00): Bit SDS

SDS	Sprite character output
0	OFF
1	ON

- **Sprite character code**

  Sprite character control 2 (Command 8-1): Bits SM7 to SM0
  A sprite character code can be selected from among character codes 00_H to FF_H for 256 types of characters.
  When the sprite character consists of two characters, only an even-numbered character code can be set.

- **Sprite character color**

  Sprite character control 1 (Command 8-0): Bits SC3 to SC0
  One of 16 colors can be set.

- **Sprite character trimming color**

  Sprite character control 1 (Command 8-0): Bits SF3 to SF0
  One of 16 colors can be set.

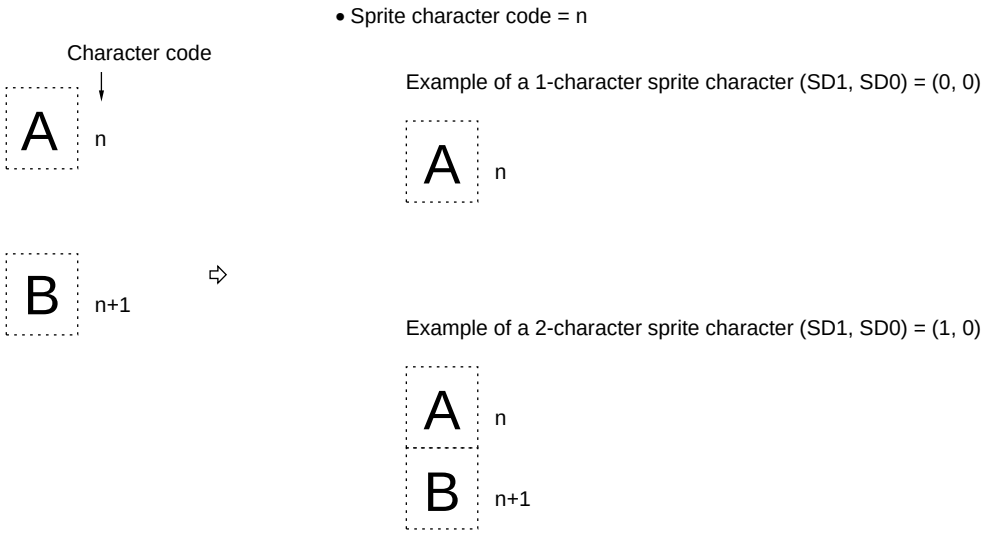
- **Sprite character trimming control**
  Sprite character control 1 (Command 8-0): Bits SFB and SFA

SFB	SFA	Trimming output
0	0	Undisplay
0	1	Reserved (Setting prohibited)
1	0	Reserved (Setting prohibited)
1	1	Eight-direction trimming

- **Sprite character vertical display position control**
  Sprite character control 4 (Command 9-0): Bits SY9 to SY0
  Settable between 0 and 1023 dots in 1-dot units.
- **Sprite character horizontal display position control**
  Sprite character control 5 (Command 9-1): Bits SX9 to SX0
  Settable between 0 and 1023 dots in 1-dot units.
- **Sprite character configuration control**
  Sprite character control 2 (Command 8-1): Bits SD1 and SD0

SD1	SD2	Configuration
0	0	1 character
0	1	Reserved (Setting prohibited)
1	0	Stack of 2 characters
1	1	Reserved (Setting prohibited)

- **Sprite character configuration example**



(3) Three-channel output control for sprite characters

When sprite character output is ON (SDS = 1), the sprite character outputs to output B and output C can be controlled independently. (Output A is controlled only with the SDS bit.)

- **Output-B sprite character output control**

  Screen output control 1B (Command 5-01): Bit SOB

SOB	Output-B sprite character output
0	OFF*1
1	ON*2

- **Output-C sprite character output control**

  Screen output control 1C (Command 5-02): Bit SOC

SOC	Output-C sprite character output
0	OFF*1
1	ON*2

*1: When the lower layer has display output, that portion appear transparent. (The lower layer cannot be displayed.)

*2: Enabled only when screen background color output is ON (SDS = 1).

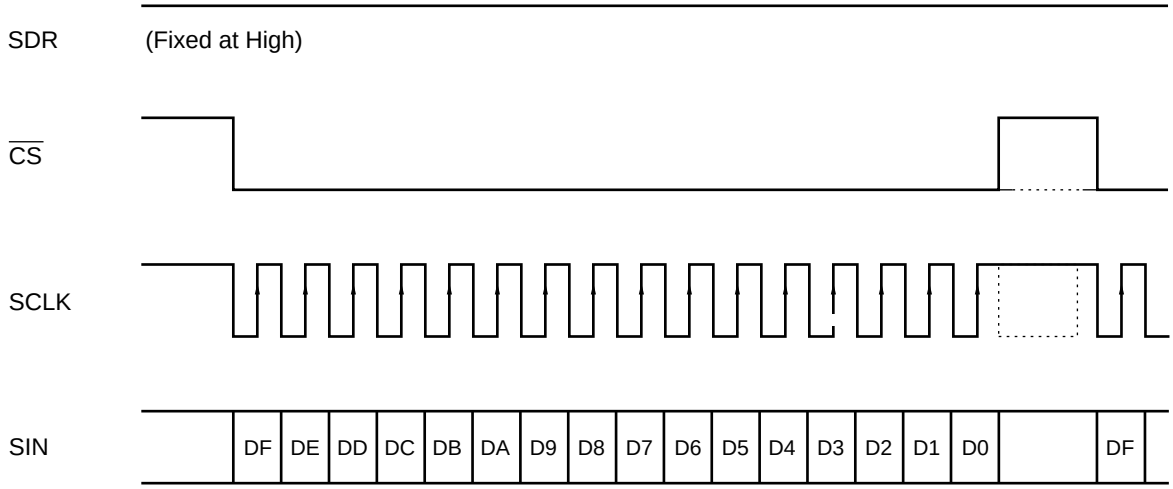
■ CONTROL FUNCTIONS

1. Serial Command Control

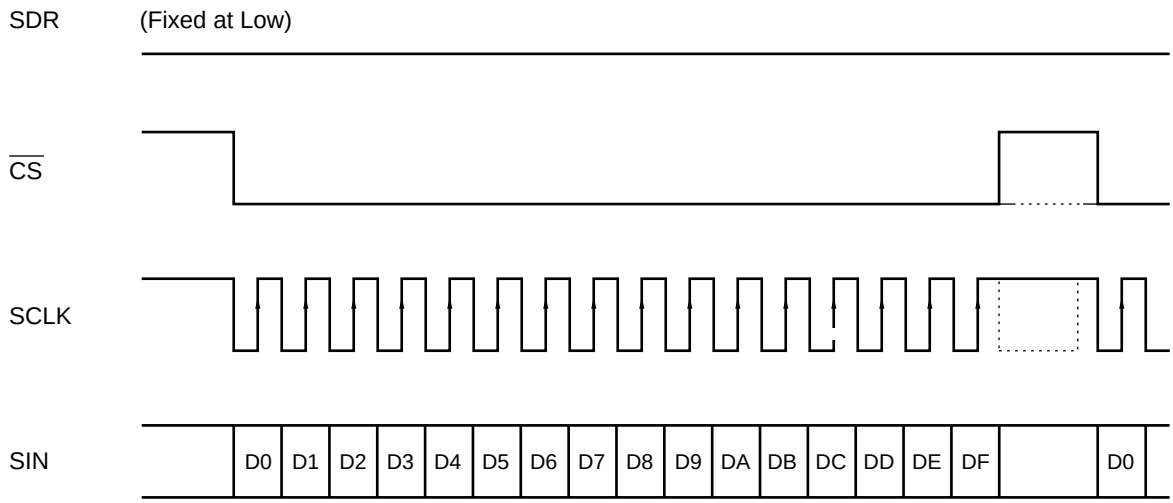
The MB90097 executes serial command/data transfer using the chip select ($\overline{CS}$), serial clock (SCLK), and serial data input (SIN) pins. The data transfer direction (MSB-first or LSB-first transfer) is selected under control of the serial data input direction select (SDR) pin. The data length is 16 bits. If the $\overline{CS}$ pin goes HIGH during transfer with data less than 16 bits, command transfer is not guaranteed. Keeping the $\overline{CS}$ pin LOW allows multiple items of command data to be transferred continuously. (It is however recommended to set the $\overline{CS}$ pin to the HIGH level at intervals of tens of words for word synchronization.)

The SCLK clock frequency is 4 MHz at maximum. Set it such that: VRAM write cycle (a minimum of 16 clock pulses) > input horizontal sync pulse width. If this condition is not satisfied, VRAM write may fail.)

(1) MSB-first signal input timing



(2) LSB-first signal input timing



2. Dot Clock Control

For the dot clock, you can select internal generation by the LC oscillator circuit or external input.
For the external input, you can select dot clock frequency direct input or frequency-doubled input.
Set bits DC2 to DC0 of command 11-2 (dot clock control 1) to select dot clock control.

- **Dot clock selection control**

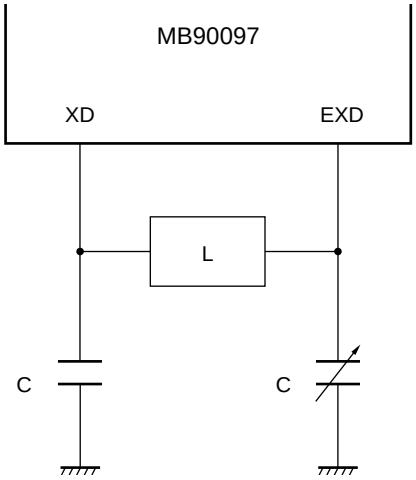
Dot clock control 1 (Command 11-2: Bits DC2 to DC0)

DC2	DC1	DC0	Dot clock control
0	0	0	LC oscillation
0	1	0	External input (dot clock)
0	1	1	External input (2 × dot clock)
Else			Setting prohibited

(1) Dot clock LC oscillation

Connect the relevant pins to external “L” and “C” to form an LC oscillator circuit.
External input of a horizontal sync signal is used to internally perform oscillation stop control, enabling horizontal display synchronization.

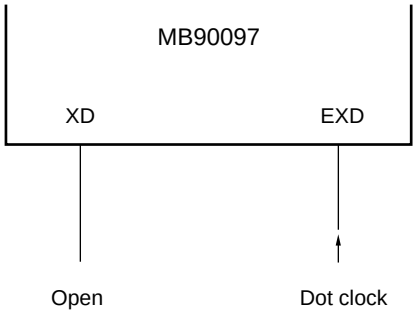
Note: The horizontal synchronization operation edge must be the trailing edge.
Set the horizontal synchronization operation edge (bit HE) of I/O pin control (command 13-0) to 0.)



(2) External dot clock input

The MB90097 inputs a dot clock signal to the EXD pin.

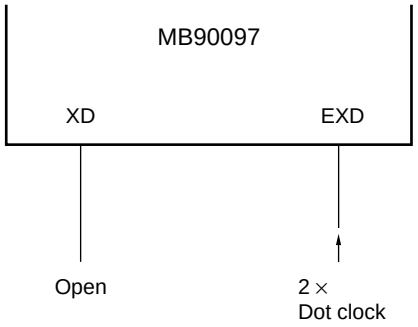
Note: The input horizontal cycle must be synchronized in integer multiples of the input clock cycle.
The input clock signal must be a continuous signal without being intermitted.



(3) External "2 ×" (frequency-doubled) dot clock input

Input the 2 × (frequency-doubled) dot clock signal to the EXD pin.

Note: The input horizontal cycle must be synchronized in integer multiples of the input clock cycle.
The horizontal synchronization operation edge must be the trailing edge.
(Set the horizontal synchronization operation edge (bit HE) of I/O pin control (command 13-0) to 0.)
The input clock signal must be a continuous signal without being intermitted.



3. Sync Signal Input

3. 1 Vertical Synchronization Detection

Vertical synchronization is detected by sensing the level of the vertical sync signal at the leading or trailing edge of the horizontal sync pulse to detect the transition. The vertical display position on the screen depends on the vertical synchronization detection position.

Use I/O pin control (command 13-0) to select operation control.

- **Selecting a vertical synchronization detection edge**

VVE	Vertical synchronization detection edge
0	Detect the leading edge of VSYNC.
1	Detect the trailing edge of VSYNC.

- **Selecting a vertical synchronization detection HSYNC edge**

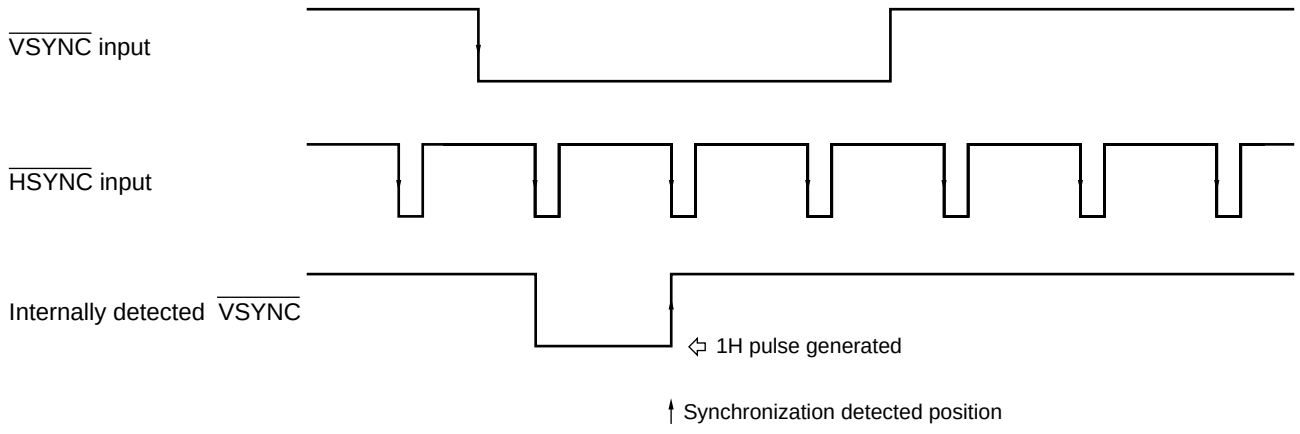
VHE	Vertical synchronization detection HSYNC edge
0	Detect vertical synchronization at the leading edge of HSYNC.
1	Detect vertical synchronization at the trailing edge of HSYNC.

- **Sync signal input logic control**

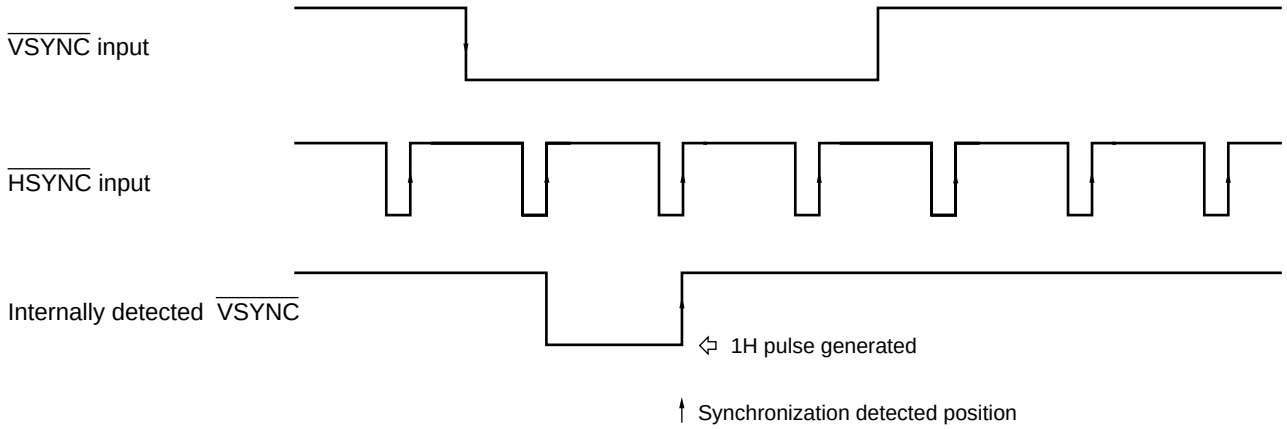
SIX	Sync signal input logic
0	The $\overline{\text{HSYNC}}$ and $\overline{\text{VSYNC}}$ pins are active low inputs.
1	The $\overline{\text{HSYNC}}$ and $\overline{\text{VSYNC}}$ pins are active high inputs.

- **Principle of operation of detecting vertical synchronization (Example with sync signal input logic SIX = 0)**

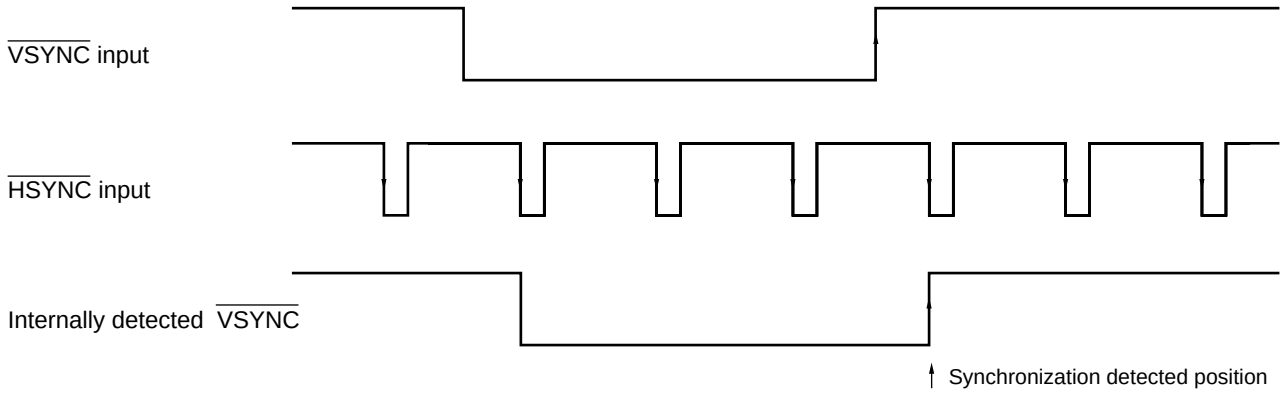
(1) Detecting the leading edge of the vertical sync pulse at the leading edge of the horizontal sync pulse (VVE = 0, VHE = 0)



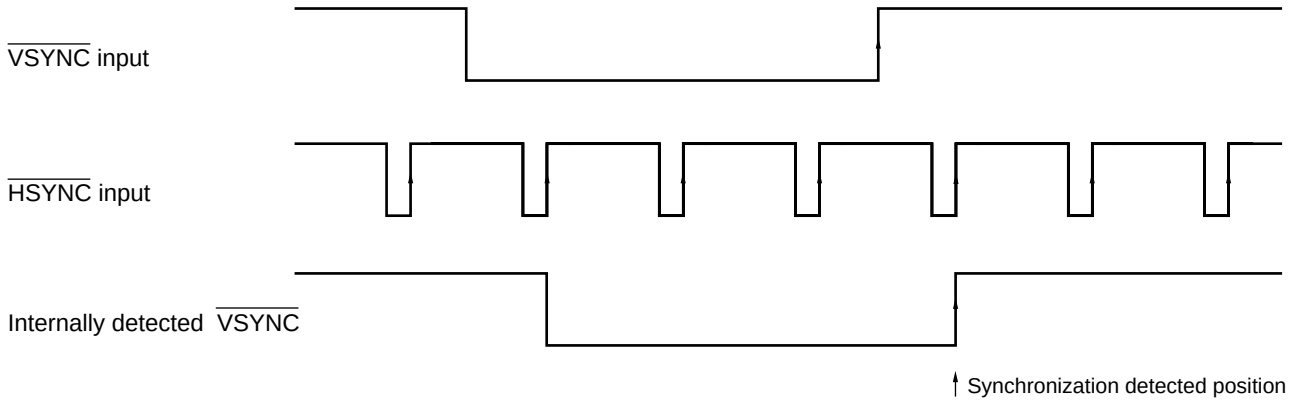
(2) Detecting the leading edge of the vertical sync pulse at the trailing edge of the horizontal sync pulse (VVE = 0, VHE = 1)



(3) Detecting the trailing edge of the vertical sync pulse at the leading edge of the horizontal sync pulse (VVE = 1, VHE = 0)



(4) Detecting the trailing edge of the vertical sync pulse at the trailing edge of the horizontal sync pulse (VVE = 1, VHE = 1)

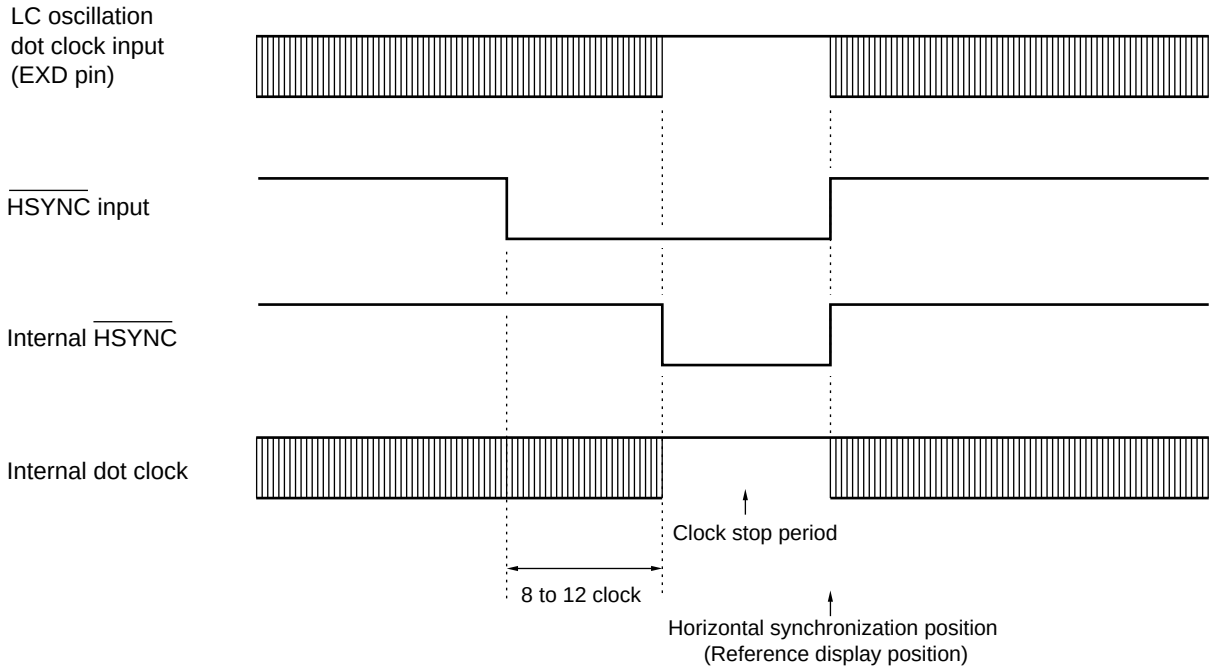


3. 2 Operation in Horizontal Synchronization

(1) Operation with dot clock LC oscillation

The sync pulse of the input horizontal sync signal is used to control the oscillation and stop of the dot clock, enabling display horizontal synchronization.
Bit HE (horizontal synchronization operation edge) of I/O pin control (command 13-0) must be set to “0”.

- **Operation example of horizontal synchronization**



(2) Operation with external dot clock input

You can select horizontal sync leading-edge or trailing-edge operation.

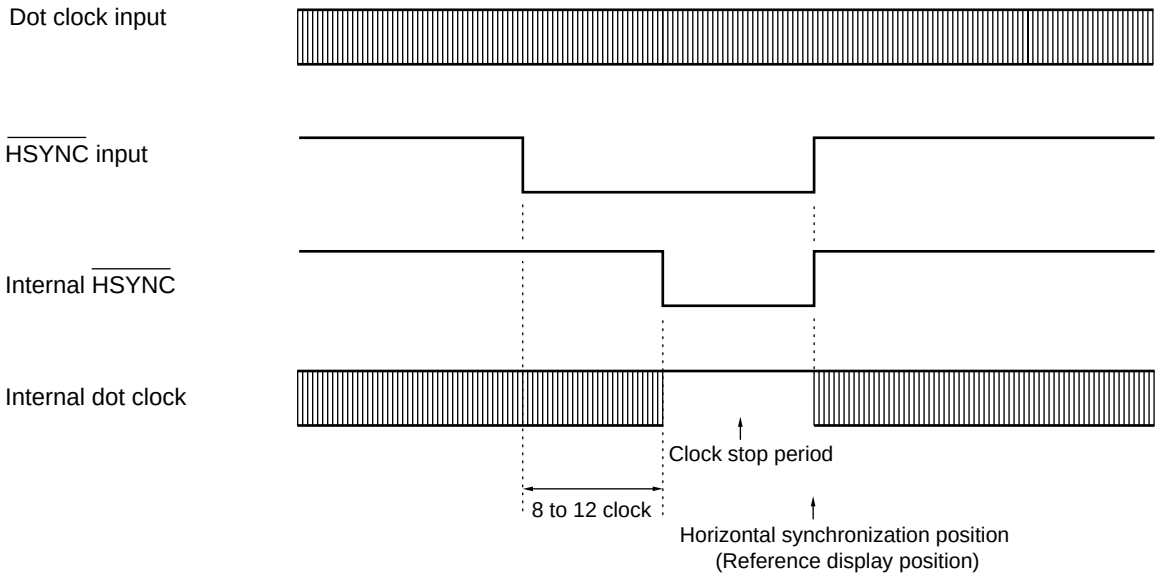
- **Horizontal synchronization operation edge selection**

I/O pin control (Command 13-0): Bit HE

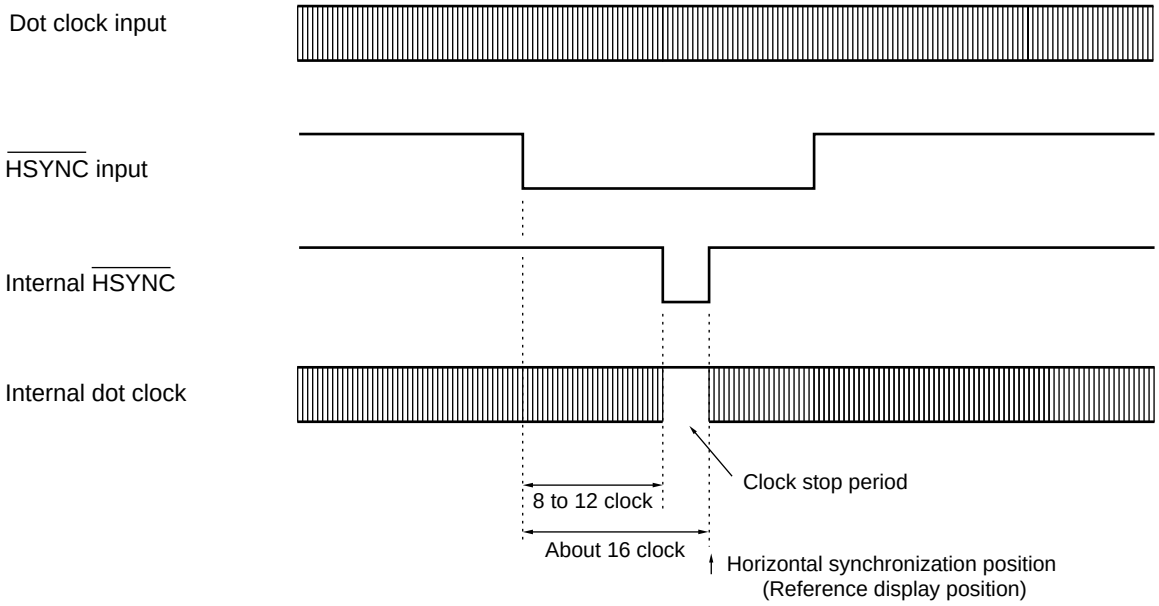
HE	Horizontal synchronization operation edge
0	Trailing-edge operation
1	Leading-edge operation

- **Examples of horizontal synchronization operations**

(a) Horizontal syzncc trailing-edge operation (HE = 0)



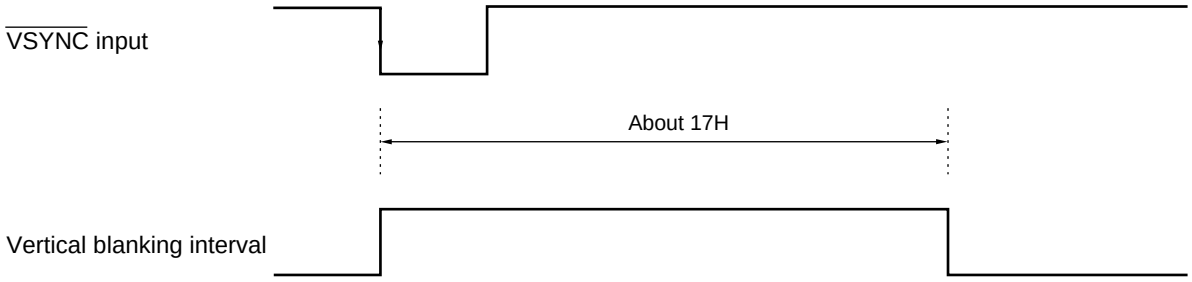
(b) Horizontal sync leading-edge operation (HE = 1)



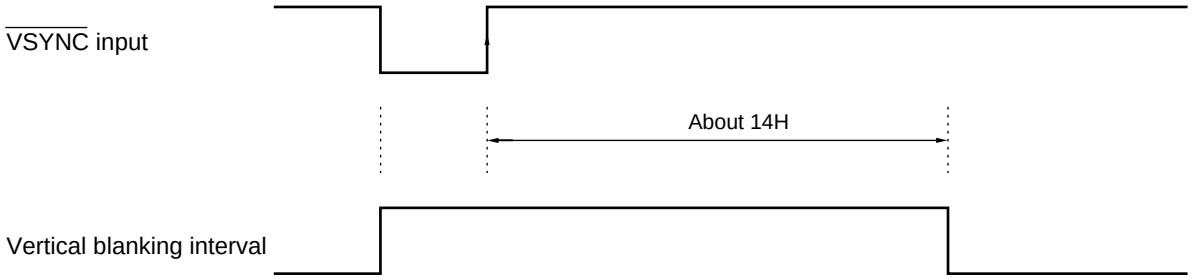
3. 3 Vertical Blanking Control

Vertical blanking control is used to internally generate the vertical blanking interval for display signal output control.
Display singnal output is stopped during the vertical blanking interval.
Vertical blanking control results in either of the following two operations depending on the setting of bit VVE (vertical synchronization detection edge selection control) of I/O pin control (command 13-0).

(1) Operation of vertical sync leading-edge detection



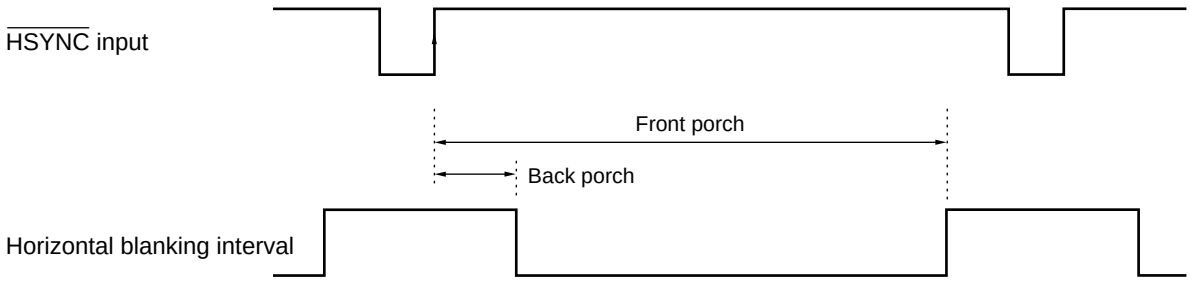
(2) Operation of vertical sync trailing-edge detection



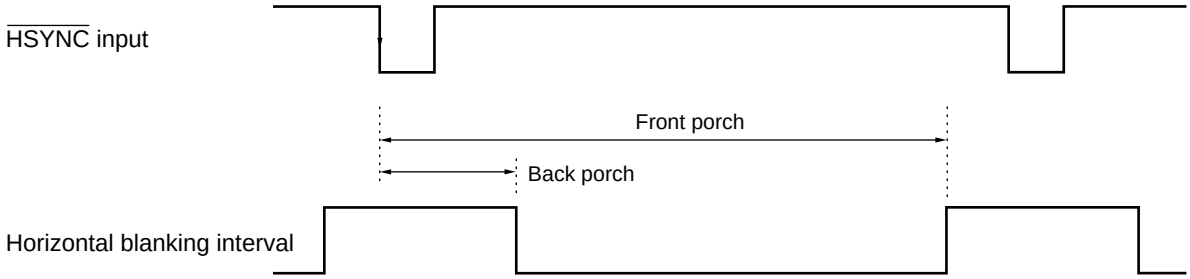
3. 4 Horizontal Blanking Control

Horizontal blanking control is used to generate the horizontal blanking interval for display signal output control. Display signal output is stopped during the horizontal blanking interval.
Horizontal blanking control can be set for the back porch or front porch by command control.
Horizontal blanking control results in either of the following two operations depending on the setting of bit HE (horizontal synchronization operation edge selection control) of I/O pin control (command 13-0).

(1) When the horizontal synchronization operation edge is the trailing edge (bit HE = 0)



(2) When the horizontal synchronization operation edge is the leading edge (bit HE = 1)



- Horizontal blanking (back porch) control
  Horizontal blanking control 1 (Command 13-1): Bits BB5 to BB0
  Setting between 0 and 126 dots in 2-dot units.
- Horizontal blanking (front porch) control
  Horizontal blanking control 2 (Command 13-2): Bits BF8 to BF0
  Setting between 0 and 1022 dots in 2-dot units.

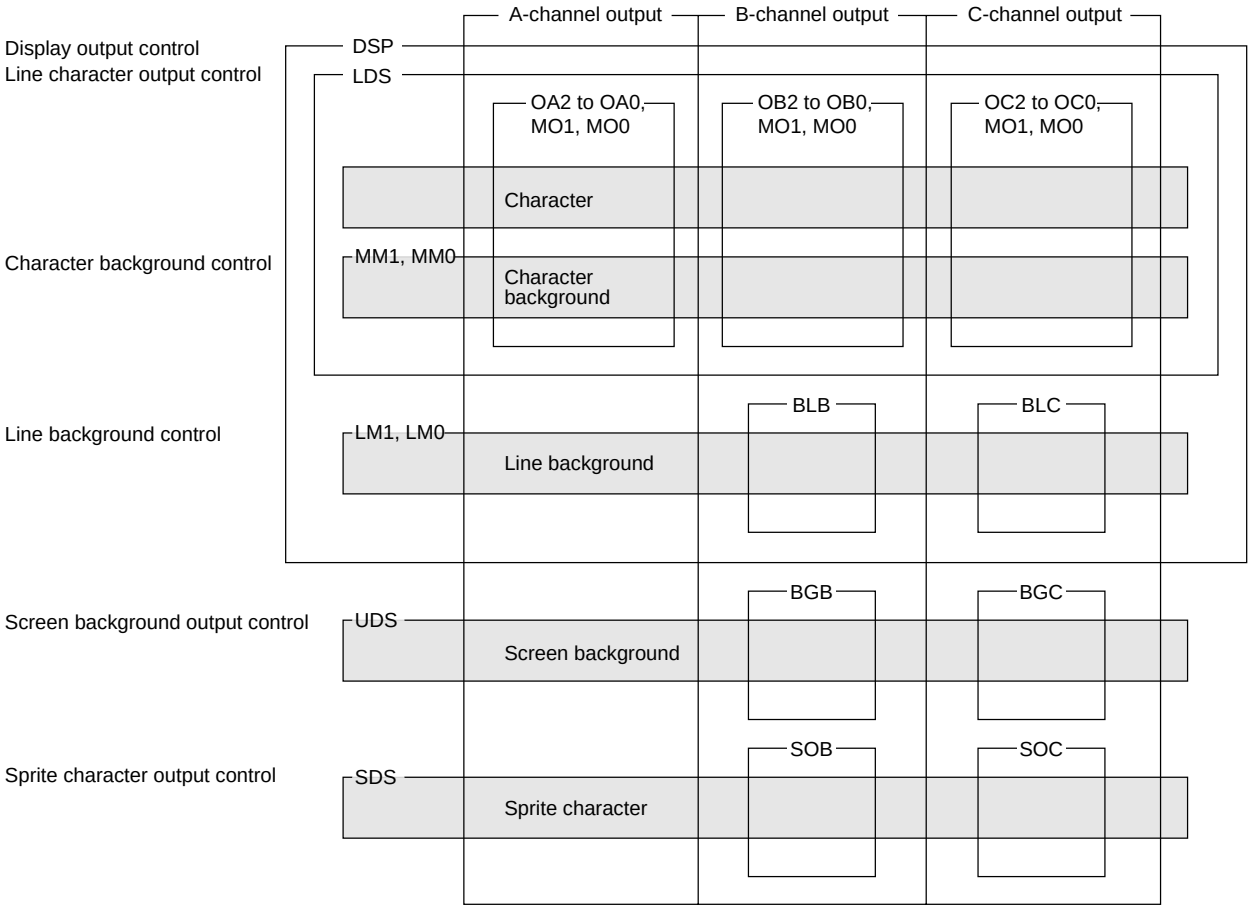
Notes: 1. The back porch must be shorter than the front porch. Do not make any other setting.
2. The actual horizontal blanking interval is offset from the set value by several tens of dots in the positive direction.

4. Display Signal Output

4. 1 Three-Channel Output Control

(1) Display control bits and control ranges

The following chart summarizes the relationships among display control and three-channel output control bits.



- If character display of a character is turned OFF by bits OA2-OA0, OB2-OB0, OC2-OC0, or MO1, MO0, the character (including its trimming and character background) is displayed transparent, including the corresponding portion of the lower layer (line and screen backgrounds).
- If line background display is turned OFF by bit BLB, the line background and the corresponding portion of the screen background display layer are displayed transparent.
- If line background display is turned OFF by bit BLC, the line background and the corresponding portion of the screen background display layer are displayed transparent.
- If screen background display is turned OFF by bit BGB, the screen background display layer is displayed transparent.
- If screen background display is turned OFF by bit BGC, the screen background display layer is displayed transparent.
- If sprite character display is turned OFF by bit SCB, the sprite character (including its trimming) and the corresponding portions of all lower layers are displayed transparent.
- If sprite character display is turned OFF by bit SCC, the sprite character (including its trimming) and the corresponding portions of all lower layers are displayed transparent.

(2) Output-A/B/C control

The character attributes (character, trimming, and character background) of each character can be displayed by three-channel (A/B/C) output control.
Commands 5-00 to 5-02 are used for output control for each screen; command 2 is used for output control for each character.

When trimming dots for a character are displayed protruding to the area for an adjacent character, the output of the trimming dots is controlled by the character output control of that adjacent character. Three-channel output control for each character serves as output control within the character area (12 × 18 dots for normal-sized characters).
If there are trimming dots to the left of the leftmost character on a line, they cannot be controlled by three-channel output control. In this case, place a blank character at the left end of the line and set characters to be displayed to the right.
When trimming dots are displayed to the right of the rightmost character on a line, the three-channel output control of the trimming dots depends on the character output control of the rightmost character.

- **Output-A character control**
  Screen output control 1A (Command 5-00):Bits OA2 to OA0
  Settable, selected from among eight types.
- **Output-B character control**
  Screen output control 1B (Command 5-01): Bits OB2 to OB0
  Settable, selected from among eight types.
- **Output-C character control**
  Screen output control 1C (Command 5-02): Bits OC2 to OC0
  Settable, selected from among eight types.
- **Character output control**
  Character data setting 2 (Command 2): Bits MO1 and MO0
  Settable, selected from among four types for each character.

Output-A/B/C character control			Character output control		Output (Pin output)	
OA2 / OB2 / OC2	OA1 / OB1 / OC1	OA0 / OB0 / OC0	MO1	MO0	Output-A (BLKA pin output) / Output-B (BLKB pin output) / Output-C (BLKC pin output)	
0	0	0	0	0	×	All display OFF
			0	1	×	
			1	0	×	
			1	1	×	
0	0	1	0	0	○	All display ON
			0	1	○	
			1	0	○	
			1	1	○	

○ : Display ON

× : Display OFF

(Continued)

(Continued)

Output-A/B/C character control			Character output control		Output (Pin output)	
OA2 / OB2 / OC2	**OA1 / OB1 / OC1**	**OA0 / OB0 / OC0**	**MO1**	**MO0**	**Output-A (BLKA pin output) / Output-B (BLKB pin output) / Output-C (BLKC pin output)**	
0	1	0	0	0	×	Display ON for only characters with MO0 = 1
			0	1	○	
			1	0	×	
			1	1	○	
0	1	1	0	0	×	Display ON for only characters with MO1 = 1
			0	1	×	
			1	0	○	
			1	1	○	
1	0	0	0	0	×	Display ON for only characters with MO0 = 1 or MO1 = 1
			0	1	○	
			1	0	○	
			1	1	○	
1	0	1	0	0	○	Display ON for only characters with MO0 = 0
			0	1	×	
			1	0	○	
			1	1	×	
1	1	0	0	0	○	Display ON for only characters with MO1 = 0
			0	1	○	
			1	0	×	
			1	1	×	
1	1	1	0	0	○	Display ON for only characters with MO0 = 0 or MO1 = 0
			0	1	×	
			1	0	×	
			1	1	×	

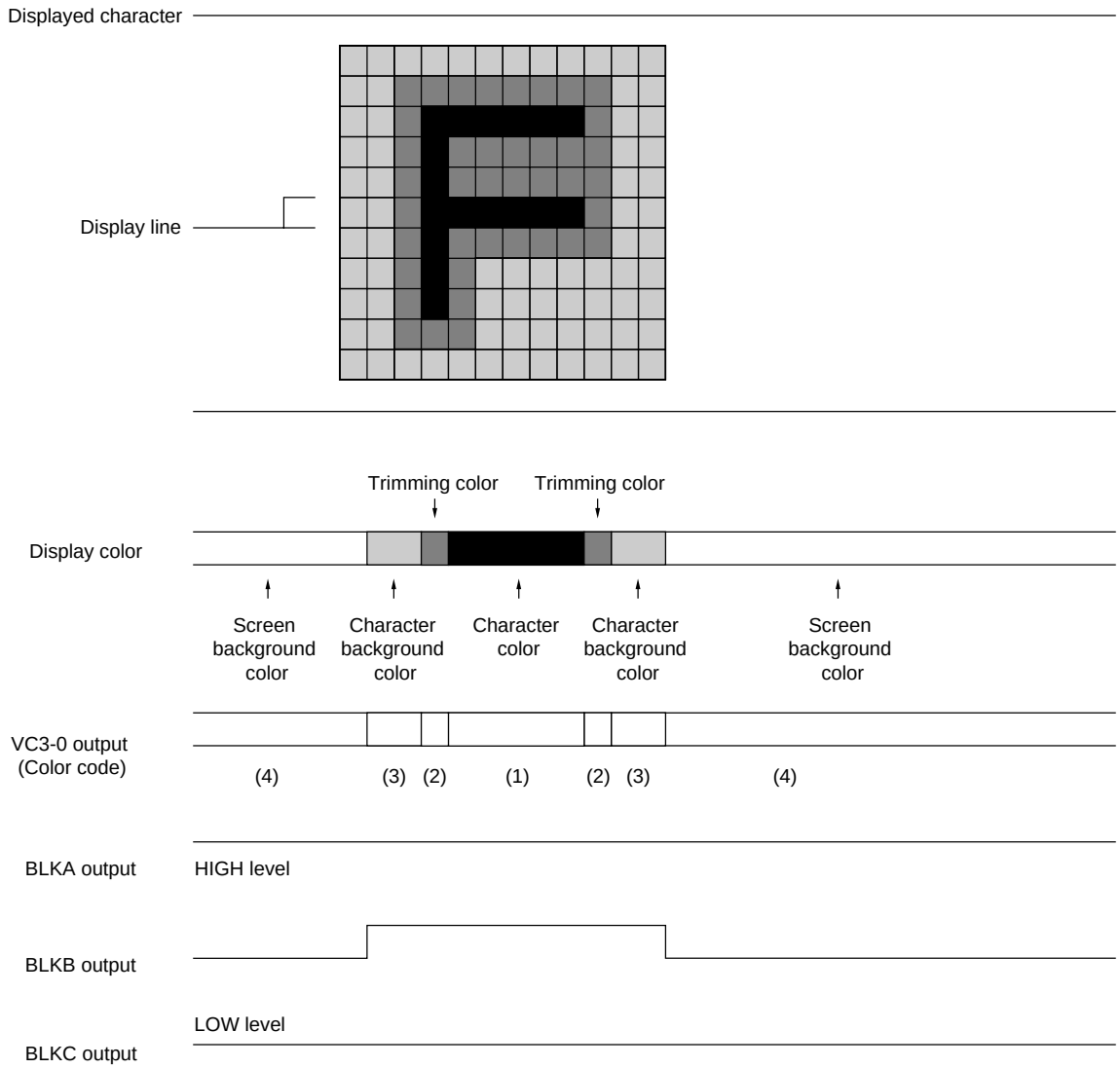
○ : Display ON

× : Display OFF

4. 2 Display Signal Output Timings

Display signals are output as shown below.

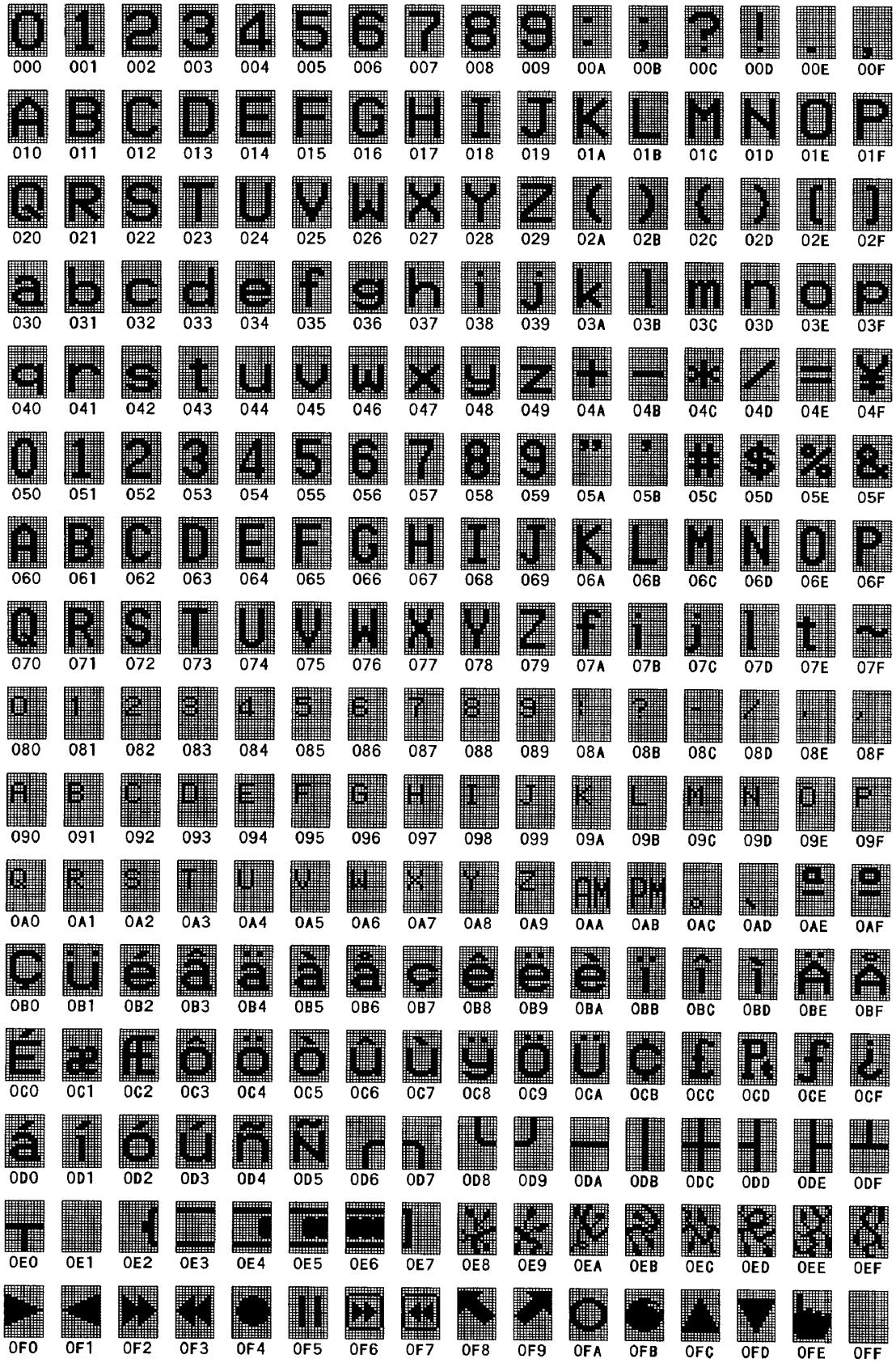
- Output channel-A display period signal: BLKA pin
- Output channel-B display period signal: BLKB pin
- Output channel-C display period signal: BLKC pin
- Color code signals: VC3 to VC0 pin
- **Display signal output example**

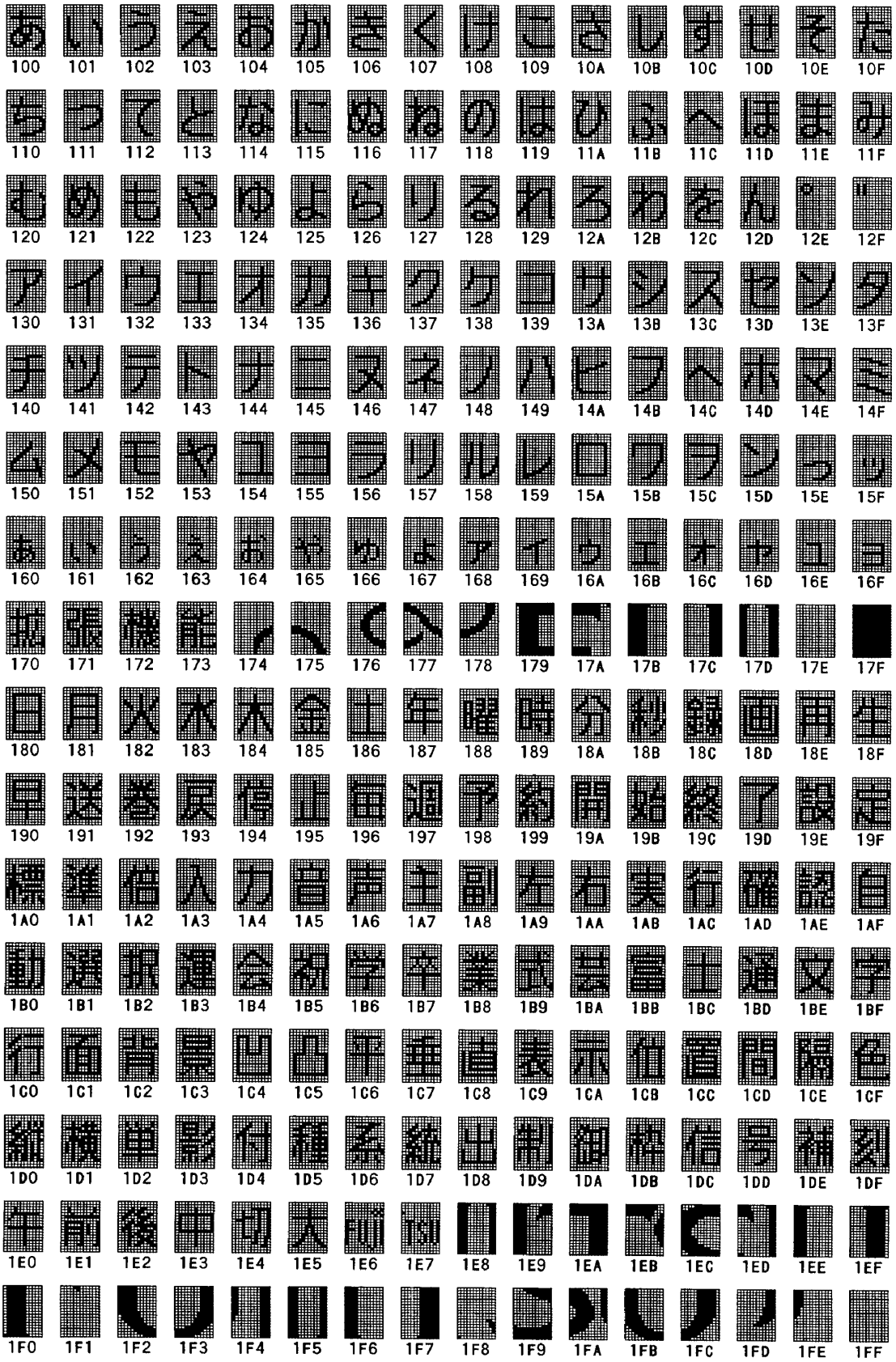


Notes: The settings for the above display are as follows:

- Output A: All items are output (with screen background output).
- Output B: Only character attributes are output.
- Output C: Output OFF
- Color settings: Character color code: 1
  Trimming color code: 2
  Character background color code: 3
  Screen background color code: 4

■ CONTENTS OF MB90097-001 (STANDARD PRODUCT) FRONT ROM




100 101 102 103 104 105 106 107 108 109 10A 10B 10C 10D 10E 10F
110 111 112 113 114 115 116 117 118 119 11A 11B 11C 11D 11E 11F
120 121 122 123 124 125 126 127 128 129 12A 12B 12C 12D 12E 12F
130 131 132 133 134 135 136 137 138 139 13A 13B 13C 13D 13E 13F
140 141 142 143 144 145 146 147 148 149 14A 14B 14C 14D 14E 14F
150 151 152 153 154 155 156 157 158 159 15A 15B 15C 15D 15E 15F
160 161 162 163 164 165 166 167 168 169 16A 16B 16C 16D 16E 16F
170 171 172 173 174 175 176 177 178 179 17A 17B 17C 17D 17E 17F
180 181 182 183 184 185 186 187 188 189 18A 18B 18C 18D 18E 18F
190 191 192 193 194 195 196 197 198 199 19A 19B 19C 19D 19E 19F
1A0 1A1 1A2 1A3 1A4 1A5 1A6 1A7 1A8 1A9 1AA 1AB 1AC 1AD 1AE 1AF
1B0 1B1 1B2 1B3 1B4 1B5 1B6 1B7 1B8 1B9 1BA 1BB 1BC 1BD 1BE 1BF
1C0 1C1 1C2 1C3 1C4 1C5 1C6 1C7 1C8 1C9 1CA 1CB 1CC 1CD 1CE 1CF
1D0 1D1 1D2 1D3 1D4 1D5 1D6 1D7 1D8 1D9 1DA 1DB 1DC 1DD 1DE 1DF
1E0 1E1 1E2 1E3 1E4 1E5 1E6 1E7 1E8 1E9 1EA 1EB 1EC 1ED 1EE 1EF
1F0 1F1 1F2 1F3 1F4 1F5 1F6 1F7 1F8 1F9 1FA 1FB 1FC 1FD 1FE 1FF

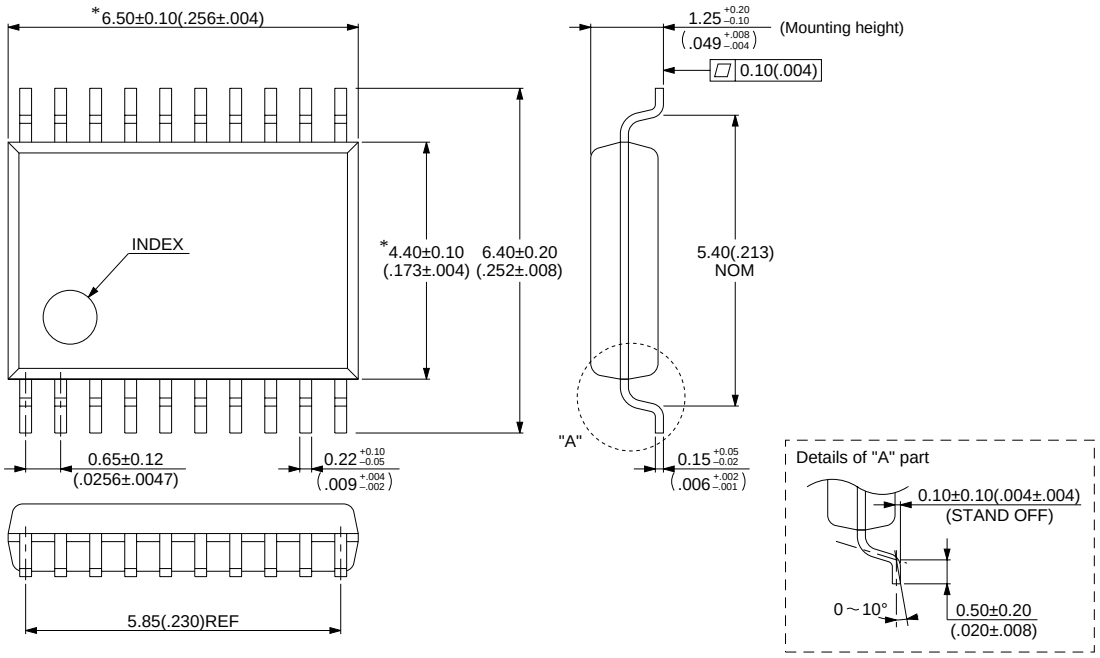
■ ORDERING INFORMATION

Part number	Package	Remarks
MB90097-PFV	20-pin plastic SSOP (FPT-20P-M03)	

■ PACKAGE DIMENSION

20-pin plastic SSOP
(FPT-20P-M03)

* : These dimensions do not include resin protrusion.



Dimensions in mm (inches).

FUJITSU LIMITED

For further information please contact:

Japan
FUJITSU LIMITED
Corporate Global Business Support Division
Electronic Devices
KAWASAKI PLANT, 4-1-1, Kamikodanaka
Nakahara-ku, Kawasaki-shi
Kanagawa 211-8588, Japan
Tel: (044) 754-3763
Fax: (044) 754-3329

http://www.fujitsu.co.jp/

North and South America
FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS, INC.
Semiconductor Division
3545 North First Street
San Jose, CA 95134-1804, USA
Tel: (408) 922-9000
Fax: (408) 922-9179

Customer Response Center
Mon. - Fri.: 7 am - 5 pm (PST)
Tel: (800) 866-8608
Fax: (408) 922-9179

http://www.fujitsumicro.com/

Europe
FUJITSU MIKROELEKTRONIK GmbH
Am Siebenstein 6-10
D-63303 Dreieich-Buchschlag
Germany
Tel: (06103) 690-0
Fax: (06103) 690-122

http://www.fujitsu-ede.com/

Asia Pacific
FUJITSU MICROELECTRONICS ASIA PTE LTD
#05-08, 151 Lorong Chuan
New Tech Park
Singapore 556741
Tel: (65) 281-0770
Fax: (65) 281-0220

http://www.fmap.com.sg/

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