

6-Pin DIP Optoisolators Transistor Output

The 4N25, 4N26, 4N27 and 4N28 devices consist of a gallium arsenide infrared emitting diode optically coupled to a monolithic silicon phototransistor detector.

- Most Economical Optoisolator Choice for Medium Speed, Switching Applications
- Meets or Exceeds All JEDEC Registered Specifications
- **To order devices that are tested and marked per VDE 0884 requirements, the suffix "V" must be included at end of part number. VDE 0884 is a test option.**

Applications

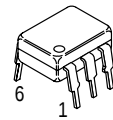
- General Purpose Switching Circuits
- Interfacing and coupling systems of different potentials and impedances
- I/O Interfacing
- Solid State Relays

MAXIMUM RATINGS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
INPUT LED			
Reverse Voltage	V_R	3	Volts
Forward Current — Continuous	I_F	60	mA
LED Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ with Negligible Power in Output Detector Derate above 25°C	P_D	120 1.41	mW mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
OUTPUT TRANSISTOR			
Collector–Emitter Voltage	V_{CEO}	30	Volts
Emitter–Collector Voltage	V_{ECO}	7	Volts
Collector–Base Voltage	V_{CBO}	70	Volts
Collector Current — Continuous	I_C	150	mA
Detector Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ with Negligible Power in Input LED Derate above 25°C	P_D	150 1.76	mW mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
TOTAL DEVICE			
Isolation Surge Voltage ⁽¹⁾ (Peak ac Voltage, 60 Hz, 1 sec Duration)	V_{ISO}	7500	Vac(pk)
Total Device Power Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	250 2.94	mW mW/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Ambient Operating Temperature Range	T_A	-55 to $+100$	$^\circ\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	T_{stg}	-55 to $+150$	$^\circ\text{C}$
Soldering Temperature (10 sec, 1/16" from case)	T_L	260	$^\circ\text{C}$

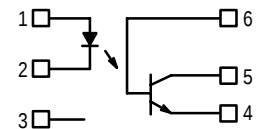
1. Isolation surge voltage is an internal device dielectric breakdown rating.
For this test, Pins 1 and 2 are common, and Pins 4, 5 and 6 are common.

4N25
4N26
4N27
4N28



STANDARD THRU HOLE

SCHEMATIC



PIN 1. LED ANODE
2. LED CATHODE
3. N.C.
4. EMITTER
5. COLLECTOR
6. BASE

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)⁽¹⁾

Characteristic	Symbol	Min	Typ ⁽¹⁾	Max	Unit
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INPUT LED

Forward Voltage ($I_F = 10\text{ mA}$)	$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = -55^\circ\text{C}$ $T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$	V_F	— — —	1.15 1.3 1.05	1.5 — —	Volts
Reverse Leakage Current ($V_R = 3\text{ V}$)		I_R	—	—	100	μA
Capacitance ($V = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$)		C_J	—	18	—	pF

OUTPUT TRANSISTOR

Collector–Emitter Dark Current ($V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$)	4N25,26,27 4N28	I_{CEO}	— —	1 1	50 100	nA
($V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$, $T_A = 100^\circ\text{C}$)	All Devices	I_{CEO}	—	1	—	μA
Collector–Base Dark Current ($V_{CB} = 10\text{ V}$)		I_{CBO}	—	0.2	—	nA
Collector–Emitter Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = 1\text{ mA}$)		$V_{(BR)CEO}$	30	45	—	Volts
Collector–Base Breakdown Voltage ($I_C = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$)		$V_{(BR)CBO}$	70	100	—	Volts
Emitter–Collector Breakdown Voltage ($I_E = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}$)		$V_{(BR)ECO}$	7	7.8	—	Volts
DC Current Gain ($I_C = 2\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 5\text{ V}$)		h_{FE}	—	500	—	—
Collector–Emitter Capacitance ($f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{CE} = 0$)		C_{CE}	—	7	—	pF
Collector–Base Capacitance ($f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{CB} = 0$)		C_{CB}	—	19	—	pF
Emitter–Base Capacitance ($f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $V_{EB} = 0$)		C_{EB}	—	9	—	pF

COUPLED

Output Collector Current ($I_F = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$)	4N25,26 4N27,28	$I_C\text{ (CTR)}^{(2)}$	2 (20) 1 (10)	7 (70) 5 (50)	— —	mA (%)
Collector–Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_C = 2\text{ mA}$, $I_F = 50\text{ mA}$)		$V_{CE(sat)}$	—	0.15	0.5	Volts
Turn–On Time ($I_F = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{CC} = 10\text{ V}$, $R_L = 100\text{ }\Omega$) ⁽³⁾		t_{on}	—	2.8	—	μs
Turn–Off Time ($I_F = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{CC} = 10\text{ V}$, $R_L = 100\text{ }\Omega$) ⁽³⁾		t_{off}	—	4.5	—	μs
Rise Time ($I_F = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{CC} = 10\text{ V}$, $R_L = 100\text{ }\Omega$) ⁽³⁾		t_r	—	1.2	—	μs
Fall Time ($I_F = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{CC} = 10\text{ V}$, $R_L = 100\text{ }\Omega$) ⁽³⁾		t_f	—	1.3	—	μs
Isolation Voltage ($f = 60\text{ Hz}$, $t = 1\text{ sec}$) ⁽⁴⁾		V_{ISO}	7500	—	—	Vac(pk)
Isolation Resistance ($V = 500\text{ V}$) ⁽⁴⁾		R_{ISO}	10^{11}	—	—	Ω
Isolation Capacitance ($V = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 1\text{ MHz}$) ⁽⁴⁾		C_{ISO}	—	0.2	—	pF

1. Always design to the specified minimum/maximum electrical limits (where applicable).
2. Current Transfer Ratio (CTR) = $I_C/I_F \times 100\%$.
3. For test circuit setup and waveforms, refer to Figure 11.
4. For this test, Pins 1 and 2 are common, and Pins 4, 5 and 6 are common.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

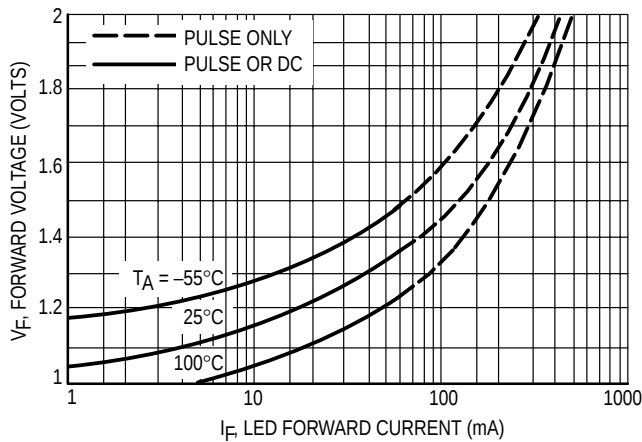


Figure 1. LED Forward Voltage versus Forward Current

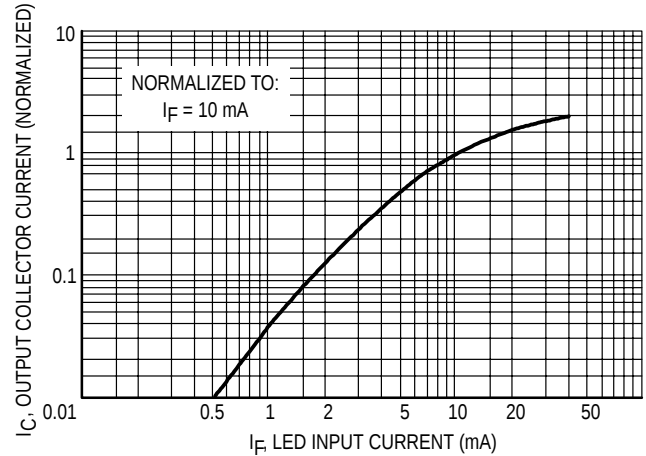


Figure 2. Output Current versus Input Current

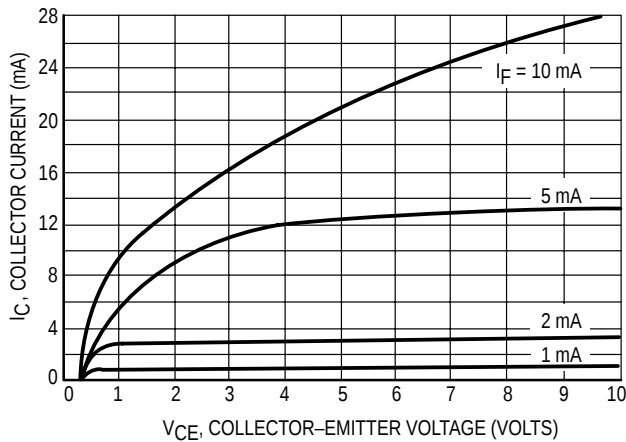


Figure 3. Collector Current versus Collector-Emitter Voltage

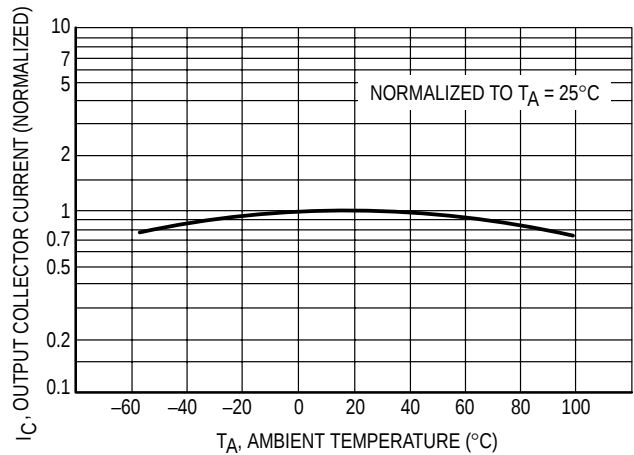


Figure 4. Output Current versus Ambient Temperature

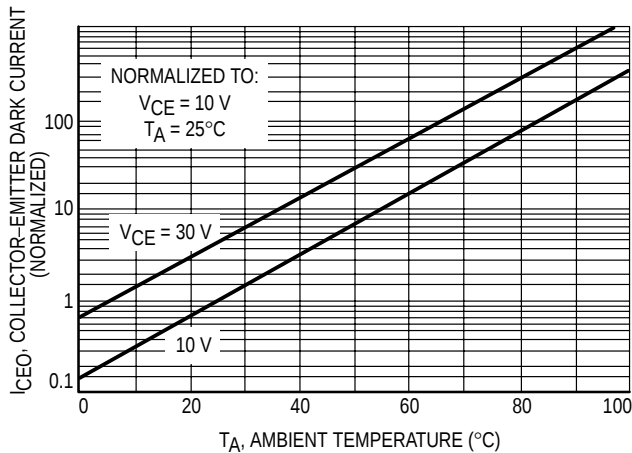


Figure 5. Dark Current versus Ambient Temperature

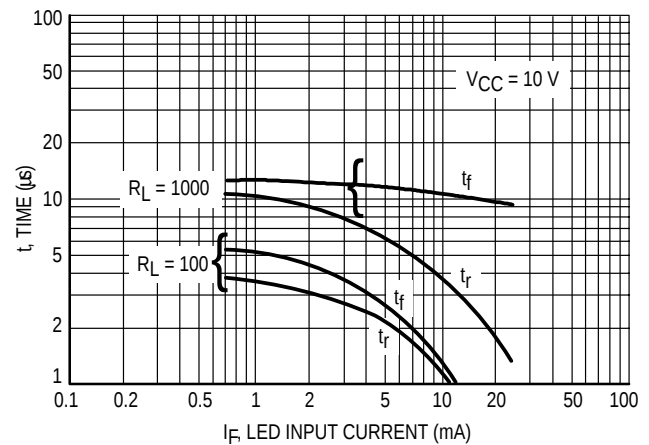


Figure 6. Rise and Fall Times (Typical Values)

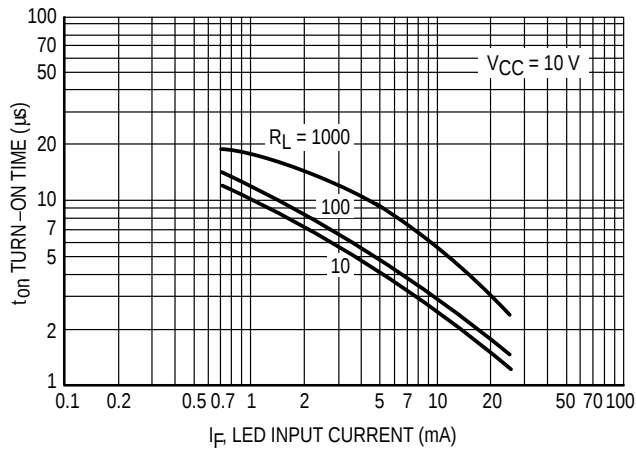


Figure 7. Turn-On Switching Times (Typical Values)

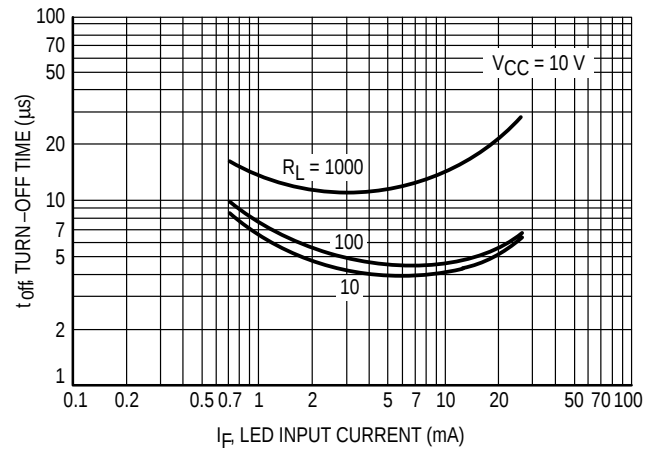


Figure 8. Turn-Off Switching Times (Typical Values)

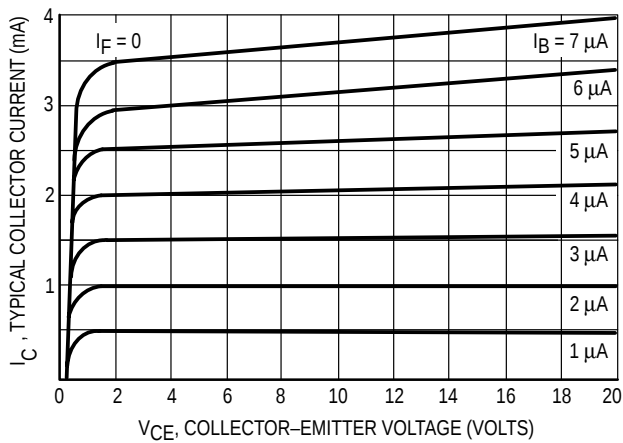


Figure 9. DC Current Gain (Detector Only)

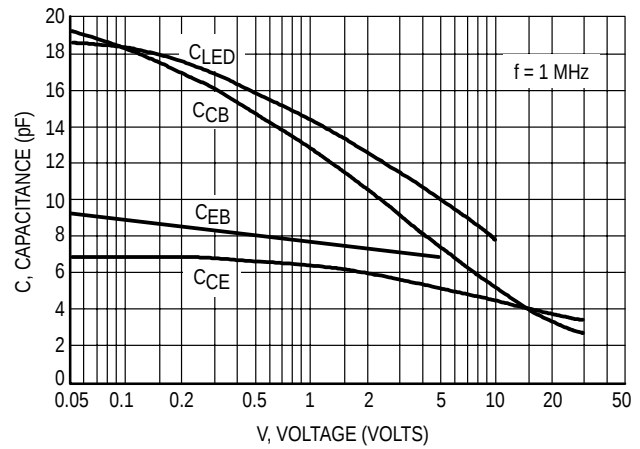


Figure 10. Capacitances versus Voltage

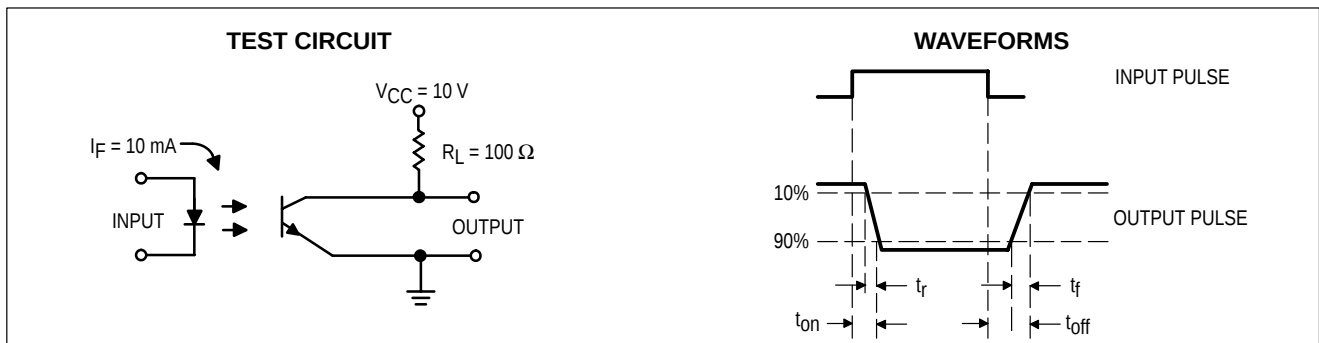
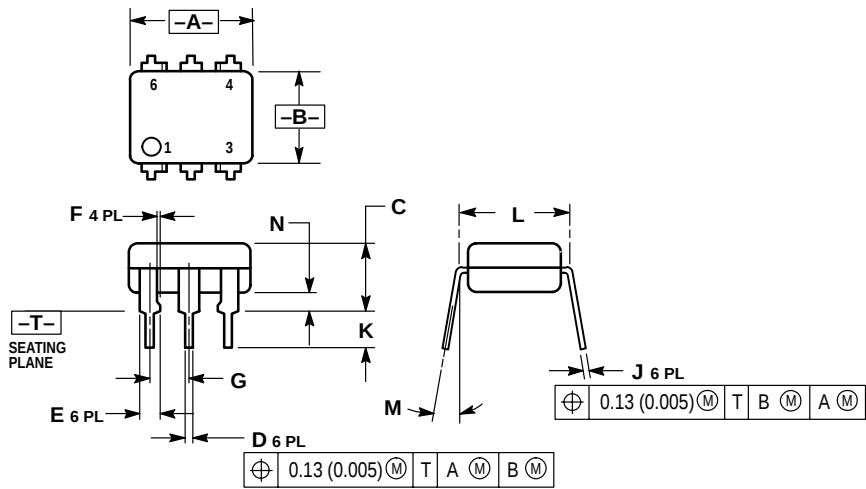


Figure 11. Switching Time Test Circuit and Waveforms

PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

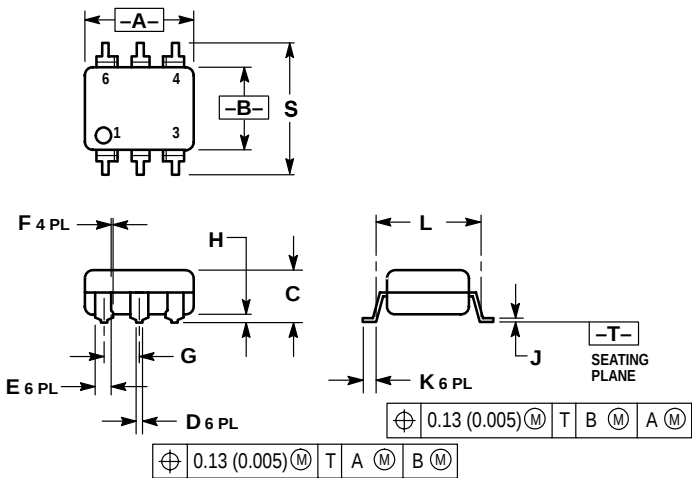


NOTES:
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. DIMENSION L TO CENTER OF LEAD WHEN FORMED PARALLEL.

DIM	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	0.320	0.350	8.13	8.89
B	0.240	0.260	6.10	6.60
C	0.115	0.200	2.93	5.08
D	0.016	0.020	0.41	0.50
E	0.040	0.070	1.02	1.77
F	0.010	0.014	0.25	0.36
G	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
J	0.008	0.012	0.21	0.30
K	0.100	0.150	2.54	3.81
L	0.300 BSC		7.62 BSC	
M	0°	15°	0°	15°
N	0.015	0.100	0.38	2.54

STYLE 1:
PIN 1. ANODE
2. CATHODE
3. NC
4. EMITTER
5. COLLECTOR
6. BASE

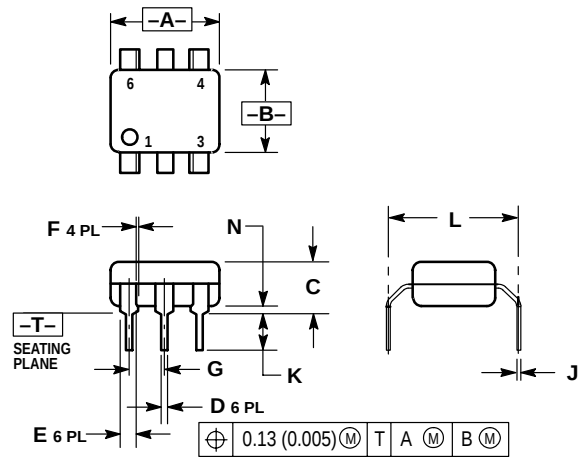
THRU HOLE



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C	0.115	0.200	2.93	5.08
D	0.016	0.020	0.41	0.50
E	0.040	0.070	1.02	1.77
F	0.010	0.014	0.25	0.36
G	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
H	0.020	0.025	0.51	0.63
J	0.008	0.012	0.20	0.30
K	0.006	0.035	0.16	0.88
L	0.320 BSC		8.13 BSC	
S	0.332	0.390	8.43	9.90

SURFACE MOUNT



- NOTES:
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	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
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C	0.115	0.200	2.93	5.08
D	0.016	0.020	0.41	0.50
E	0.040	0.070	1.02	1.77
F	0.010	0.014	0.25	0.36
G	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC	
J	0.008	0.012	0.21	0.30
K	0.100	0.150	2.54	3.81
L	0.400	0.425	10.16	10.80
N	0.015	0.040	0.38	1.02

0.4" LEAD SPACING

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2. A critical component in any component of a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or system, or to affect its safety or effectiveness.