

ISL78840ASxH, ISL78841ASxH, ISL78843ASxH, ISL78845ASxH

Radiation Hardened, High Performance Industry Standard Single-Ended Current Mode PWM Controller

FN7952 Rev 1.00 April 8, 2016

The ISL78840ASEH, ISL78841ASEH, ISL78843ASEH, ISL78845ASEH, ISL78840ASRH, ISL78841ASRH, ISL78843ASRH, ISL78845ASRH are a high performance, radiation hardened drop-in replacement for the popular 28C4x and 18C4x PWM controllers suitable for a wide range of power conversion applications including boost, flyback and isolated output configurations. Its fast signal propagation and output switching characteristics make this an ideal product for existing and new designs.

Features include up to 13.2V operation, low operating current, $90\mu A$ typical start-up current, adjustable operating frequency to 1MHz and high peak current drive capability with 50ns rise and fall times.

Applications

- · Current mode switching power supplies
- · Isolated buck and flyback regulators
- · Boost regulators
- · Direction and speed control in motors
- · Control of high current FET drivers

Related Literature

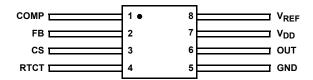
- TR005, "Single Event Effects (SEE) Test Report for ISL78843ASRH and ISL78845ASRH High Performance Single-ended Current Mode PWM Controllers"
- TR006, "Neutron Testing of the ISL78845ASEH Pulse Width Modulator"

Features

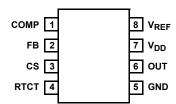
- Electrically screened to DLA SMD #5962-07249
- QML Qualified Per MIL-PRF-38535 Requirements
- 1A MOSFET Gate Driver
- 90µA typical start-up current, 125µA Maximum
- · 35ns propagation delay current sense to output
- · Fast transient response with peak current mode control
- 9V to 13.2V operation
- · Adjustable switching frequency to 1MHz
- 50ns rise and fall times with 1nF output load
- Trimmed timing capacitor discharge current for accurate deadtime/maximum duty cycle control
- 1.5MHz bandwidth error amplifier
- Tight tolerance voltage reference over line, load and temperature
- ±3% current limit threshold
- Pb-free available (RoHS compliant)
- · Radiation environment:
 - High dose rate (50 300rad(Si)/s)...... 100krad(Si)
 - Low dose rate (0.01rad(Si)/s) 100krad(Si)*
- * Product capability established by initial characterization. The "EH" version is acceptance tested on a wafer by wafer basis to 50krad(Si) at low dose rate. (Applies for ISL7884xASEH only)

Pin Configurations

ISL78840ASEH, ISL78841ASEH,
ISL78843ASEH, ISL78845ASEH ISL78840ASRH,
ISL78841ASRH, ISL78843ASRH, ISL78845ASRH
(8 LD FLATPACK)
TOP VIEW



ISL78840ASEH, ISL78841ASEH,
ISL78843ASEH, ISL78845ASEH ISL78840ASRH,
ISL78841ASRH, ISL78843ASRH, ISL78845ASRH
(8 LD SBDIP)
TOP VIEW



Ordering Information

ORDERING NUMBER (Note 1)	PART NUMBER (Note 2)	TEMP. RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE (RoHS Compliant)	PKG. DWG. #
5962R0724905VPC	ISL78840ASEHVD	-55 to +125	8 Ld SBDIP	D8.3
5962R0724906VPC	ISL78841ASEHVD	-55 to +125	8 Ld SBDIP	D8.3
5962R0724907VPC	ISL78843ASEHVD	-55 to +125	8 Ld SBDIP	D8.3
5962R0724908VPC	ISL78845ASEHVD	-55 to +125	8 Ld SBDIP	D8.3
5962R0724905VXC	ISL78840ASEHVF	-55 to +125	8 Ld Flatpack	K8.A
5962R0724906VXC	ISL78841ASEHVF	-55 to +125	8 Ld Flatpack	K8.A
5962R0724907VXC	ISL78843ASEHVF	-55 to +125	8 Ld Flatpack	K8.A
5962R0724908VXC	ISL78845ASEHVF	-55 to +125	8 Ld Flatpack	K8.A
5962R0724905V9A	ISL78840ASEHVX	-55 to +125	Die	
5962R0724906V9A	ISL78841ASEHVX	-55 to +125	Die	
5962R0724907V9A	ISL78843ASEHVX	-55 to +125	Die	
5962R0724908V9A	ISL78845ASEHVX	-55 to +125	Die	
ISL78840ASRHVX/SAMPLE	ISL78840ASRHVX/SAMPLE	-55 to +125	Die	
ISL78840ASRHF/PROTO	ISL78840ASRHF/PROTO	-55 to +125	8 Ld Flatpack	K8.A
5962R0724901QXC	ISL78840ASRHQF	-55 to +125	8 Ld Flatpack	K8.A
5962R0724901VXC	ISL78840ASRHVF	-55 to +125	8 Ld Flatpack	K8.A
ISL78840ASRHD/PROTO	ISL78840ASRHD/PROTO	-55 to +125	8 Ld SBDIP	D8.3
5962R0724901QPC	ISL78840ASRHQD	-55 to +125	8 Ld SBDIP	D8.3
5962R0724901VPC	ISL78840ASRHVD	-55 to +125	8 Ld SBDIP	D8.3
ISL78841ASRHVX/SAMPLE	ISL78841ASRHVX/SAMPLE	-55 to +125	Die	
ISL78841ASRHF/PROTO	ISL78841ASRHF/PROTO	-55 to +125	8 Ld Flatpack	K8.A
5962R0724902QXC	ISL78841ASRHQF	-55 to +125	8 Ld Flatpack	K8.A
5962R0724902VXC	ISL78841ASRHVF)	-55 to +125	8 Ld Flatpack	K8.A
ISL78841ASRHD/PROTO	ISL78841ASRHD/PROTO	-55 to +125	8 Ld SBDIP	D8.3
5962R0724902QPC	ISL78841ASRHQD	-55 to +125	8 Ld SBDIP	D8.3
5962R0724902VPC	ISL78841ASRHVD	-55 to +125	8 Ld SBDIP	D8.3
ISL78843ASRHVX/SAMPLE	ISL78843ASRHVX/SAMPLE	-55 to +125	Die	
ISL78843ASRHF/PROTO	ISL78843ASRHF/PROTO	-55 to +125	8 Ld Flatpack	K8.A
5962R0724903QXC	ISL78843ASRHQF	-55 to +125	8 Ld Flatpack	K8.A
5962R0724903VXC	ISL78843ASRHVF	-55 to +125	8 Ld Flatpack	K8.A
ISL78843ASRHD/PROTO	ISL78843ASRHD/PROTO	-55 to +125	8 Ld SBDIP	D8.3
5962R0724903QPC	ISL78843ASRHQD	-55 to +125	8 Ld SBDIP	D8.3
5962R0724903VPC	ISL78843ASRHVD	-55 to +125	8 Ld SBDIP	D8.3
ISL78845ASRHVX/SAMPLE	ISL78845ASRHVX/SAMPLE	-55 to +125	Die	
ISL78845ASRHF/PROTO	ISL78845ASRHF/PROTO	-55 to +125	8 Ld Flatpack	K8.A
5962R0724904QXC	ISL78845ASRHQF	-55 to +125	8 Ld Flatpack	K8.A
5962R0724904VXC	ISL78845ASRHVF	-55 to +125	8 Ld Flatpack	K8.A
ISL78845ASRHD/PROTO	ISL78845ASRHD/PROTO	-55 to +125	8 Ld SBDIP	D8.3
5962R0724904QPC	ISL78845ASRHQD	-55 to +125	8 Ld SBDIP	D8.3



Ordering Information (Continued)

ORDERING NUMBER (Note 1)	PART NUMBER (Note 2)	TEMP. RANGE (°C)	PACKAGE (RoHS Compliant)	PKG. DWG. #
5962R0724904VPC	ISL78845ASRHVD	-55 to +125	8 Ld SBDIP	D8.3

NOTES:

- 1. These Intersil Pb-free Hermetic packaged products employ 100% Au plate e4 termination finish, which is RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations.
- 2. Specifications for Rad Hard QML devices are controlled by the Defense Logistics Agency Land and Maritime (DLA). The SMD numbers listed in the "Ordering Information" table must be used when ordering.

TABLE 1. KEY DIFFERENCES BETWEEN FAMILY OF PARTS

PART NUMBER	RISING UVLO (V)	MAXIMUM DUTY CYCLE (%)
ISL78840ASxH	7.0	100
ISL78841ASxH	7.0	50
ISL78843ASxH	8.4	100
ISL78845ASxH	8.4	50

Pin Descriptions

PIN NAME	PIN NUMBER	DESCRIPTION	
RTCT	RTCT 4	This is the oscillator timing control pin. The operat duty cycle are set by connecting a resistor, RT, bet timing capacitor, CT, from this pin to GND. The osc waveform with a programmable frequency range uthe discharge time, t _D , the RTCT oscillator frequency D _{MAX} , can be approximated from Equations 1 thro	ween V _{REF} and this pin and a illator produces a sawtooth up to 2.0MHz. The charge time, t _C , cy, f and the maximum duty cycle,
		$t_{\text{C}} \approx 0.533 \cdot \text{RT} \cdot \text{CT}$	(EQ. 1)
		$t_D \approx -RT \cdot CT \cdot In \bigg(\frac{0.008 \cdot RT - 3.83}{0.008 \cdot RT - 1.71} \bigg)$	(EQ. 2)
		$f = 1/(t_C + t_D)$	(EQ. 3)
		$D = t_C \cdot f$	(EQ. 4)
		The formulas have increased error at higher freque Figure 7 may be used as a guideline in selecting the required for a given oscillator frequency for the ISL frequency for the ISL 78841ASXH and ISL 78845AS frequency.	ne capacitor and resistor values .7884xASxH. The switching
СОМР	1	COMP is the output of the error amplifier and the input of the PWM comparato control loop frequency compensation network is connected between the COMF FB pins.	
FB	2	The output voltage feedback is connected to the inverting input of the error amp through this pin. The noninverting input of the error amplifier is internally tied reference voltage.	
CS	3	This is the current sense input to the PWM comparis nominally 0V to 1.0V and has an internal offset	
GND	5	GND is the power and small signal reference groun	nd for all functions.
OUT	6	This is the drive output to the power switching dev capable of driving the gate of a power MOSFET with output is actively held low when VDD is below the	peak currents of 1.0A. This GATE

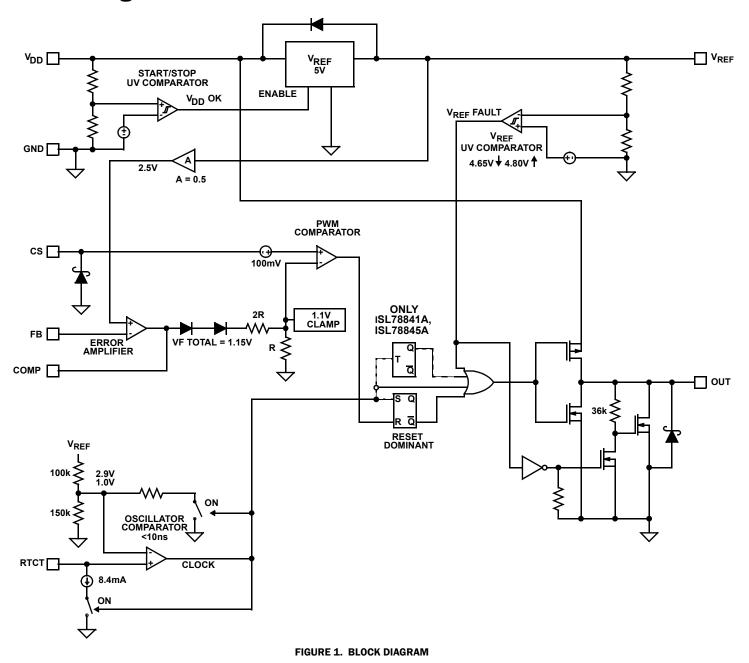


Pin Descriptions (Continued)

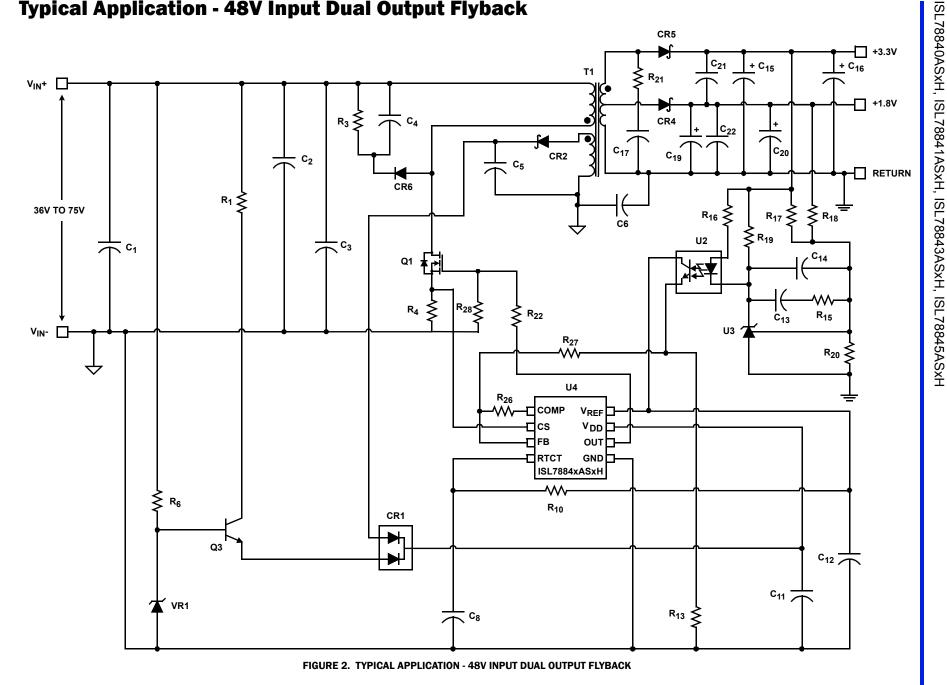
PIN NAME	PIN NUMBER	DESCRIPTION
V _{DD}	7	V_{DD} is the power connection for the device. The total supply current will depend on the load applied to OUT. Total I_{DD} current is the sum of the operating current and the average output current. Knowing the operating frequency, f and the MOSFET gate charge, Qg, the average output current can be calculated from Equation 5: $I_{OUT} = Qg \times f \tag{EQ. 5}$
		To optimize noise immunity, bypass V_{DD} to GND with a ceramic capacitor as close to the V_{DD} and GND pins as possible.
V _{REF}	8	The 5.00V reference voltage output. +1.0/-1.5% tolerance over line, load and operating temperature. The recommended bypass to GND cap is in the range $0.1\mu F$ to $0.22\mu F$. A typical value of $0.15\mu F$ can be used.



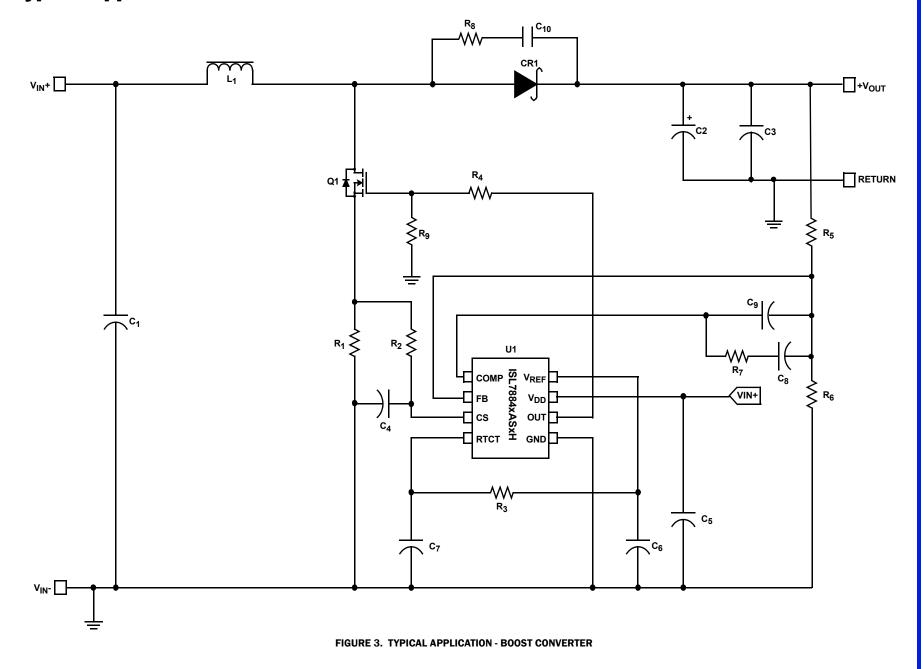
Functional Block Diagram



Typical Application - 48V Input Dual Output Flyback



Typical Application - Boost Converter



ISL78840ASxH, ISL78841ASxH, ISL78843ASxH, ISL78845ASxH

Absolute Maximum Ratings

Supply Voltage V _{DD} Without Beam	GND -0.3V) to +30.0V
Supply Voltage VDD Under Beam (GND -0.3V) to +14.7V
OUT(GND	0-0.3V) to V _{DD} + 0.3V
Signal Pins	(GND -0.3V) to 6.0V
Peak GATE Current	1A
ESD Rating	
Human Body Model (Tested per JESD22-A114E)	2kV
Machine Model (Tested per JESD22-A115-A)	200V
Latch-Up (Tested per JESD-78B; Class 2, Level A)	100mA

Recommended Operating Conditions

Temperature Range	55°	C to +125°C
Supply Voltage (Typical Note 5)		9V to 13.2V

Thermal Information

Thermal Resistance (Typical)	$\theta_{JA}(^{\circ}C/W)$	θ_{JC} (°C/W)
8 Ld Flatpack Package (Notes 3, 4)	140	15
8 Ld SBDIP Package (Notes 3, 4)	98	15
Maximum Junction Temperature (Plastic Page 1997)	ackage)	+150°C
Storage Temperature Range	6!	5°C to +150°C

Radiation Information

Maximum Total Dose	
Dose Rate = 50 - 100radSi/s	
Dose Rate = 0.01rad(Si)/s (Note 6)	100krad (Si)
SEB (No Burnout) (Note 7)	80Mev/mg/cm ²
SEL (No latch-up) (Note 7)	43Mev/mg/cm ²
SET (Regulated V _{OUT} within ±3%) (Note 7)	40Mev/mg/cm ²

CAUTION: Do not operate at or near the maximum ratings listed for extended periods of time. Exposure to such conditions may adversely impact product reliability and result in failures not covered by warranty.

NOTES:

- 3. θ_{JA} is measured with the component mounted on a low effective thermal conductivity test board in free air. See Tech Brief TB379 for details.
- 4. For $\theta_{\mbox{\scriptsize JC}},$ the "case temp" location is the center of the ceramic on the package underside.
- 5. All voltages are with respect to GND.
- 6. Product capability established by initial characterization. The "EH" version is acceptance tested on a wafer by wafer basis to 50krad(Si) at low dose rate. (Applied only to ISL7884xASEH.)
- 7. SEE tests performed with V_{REF} bypass capacitor of 0.22μF and f_{SW} = 200kHz. SEB/L tests done on a standalone open loop configuration. SET tests done in a closed loop configuration. For LET ≤ 43MeV/mg cm². The SEL observed requiring a power cycle to recover operation occurred at ≤ 43MeV/mg cm² < LET ≤ 80MeV/mg cm². For more information see: <u>ISL7884xASRH SEE Test Report</u>.

Electrical Specifications Recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted. Refer to Block Diagram on <u>page 5</u> and Typical Application on <u>page 6</u> schematics. V_{DD} = 13.2V, R_T = 10k Ω , C_T = 3.3nF, T_A = -55 to +125 °C. Typical values are at T_A = +25 °C. **Boldface Ilmits apply across** the operating temperature range, -55 to +125 °C.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN (<u>Note 10</u>)	ТҮР	MAX (<u>Note 10</u>)	UNIT
UNDERVOLTAGE LOCKOUT	·	1			
START Threshold	ISL78840A, ISL78841A	6.5	7.0	7.5	V
	ISL78843A, ISL78845A	8.0	8.4	9.0	٧
STOP Threshold	ISL78840A, ISL78841A	6.1	6.6	6.9	٧
	ISL78843A, ISL78845A	7.3	7.6	8.0	V
Hysteresis	ISL78840A, ISL78841A	-	0.4	-	٧
	ISL78843A, ISL78845A	-	0.8	-	٧
Start-Up Current, I _{DD}	V _{DD} < START Threshold	-	90	125	μΑ
	V _{DD} < START Threshold, 100krad	-	300	500	μΑ
Operating Current, I _{DD}	(Note 8)	-	2.9	4.0	mA
Operating Supply Current, I _D	Includes 1nF GATE loading	-	4.75	5.50	mA
REFERENCE VOLTAGE					
Overall Accuracy	Over line (V _{DD} = 9V to 13.2V), load of 1mA and 10mA, temperature	4.925	5.000	5.050	V
Long Term Stability	T _A = +125°C, 1000 hours (<u>Note 9</u>)	-	5	-	m۷
Current Limit, Sourcing		-20	-	-	mA
Current Limit, Sinking		5	-	-	mA
CURRENT SENSE	,	1			
Input Bias Current	V _{CS} = 1V	-1.0	-	1.0	μA



Electrical Specifications Recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted. Refer to Block Diagram on <u>page 5</u> and Typical Application on <u>page 6</u> schematics. $V_{DD} = 13.2V$, $R_T = 10k\Omega$, $C_T = 3.3nF$, $T_A = -55$ to +125 °C. Typical values are at $T_A = +25$ °C. **Boldface limits apply across** the operating temperature range, -55 to +125 °C. (Continued)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN (<u>Note 10</u>)	TYP	MAX (<u>Note 10</u>)	UNIT
Input Signal, Maximum		0.97	1.00	1.03	٧
Gain, $A_{CS} = \Delta V_{COMP} / \Delta V_{CS}$	0 < V _{CS} < 910mV, V _{FB} = 0V	2.75	2.82	3.15	V/V
CS to OUT Delay		-	35	55	ns
ERROR AMPLIFIER	'	1			
Open Loop Voltage Gain	(Note 9)	-	90	-	dB
Unity Gain Bandwidth	(Note 9)	-	1.5	-	MHz
Reference Voltage, V _{REF}	V _{FB} = V _{COMP}	2.475	2.500	2.530	٧
FB Input Bias Current, FBI _{IB}	V _{FB} = 0V	-1.0	-0.2	1.0	μΑ
COMP Sink Current	V _{COMP} = 1.5V, V _{FB} = 2.7V	1.0	-	-	mA
COMP Source Current	V _{COMP} = 1.5V, V _{FB} = 2.3V	-0.4	-	-	mA
сомр voн	V _{FB} = 2.3V	4.80	-	V _{REF}	V
COMP VOL	V _{FB} = 2.7V	0.4	-	1.0	V
PSRR	Frequency = 120Hz, V _{DD} = 9V to 13.2V (<u>Note 9</u>)	-	80	-	dB
OSCILLATOR	j				
Frequency Accuracy	Initial, T _A = +25 ° C	48	51	53	kHz
Frequency Variation with V _{DD}	$T_A = +25$ °C, $(f_{13.2V} - f_{9V})/f_{12V}$	-	0.2	1.0	%
Temperature Stability	(Note 9)	-	5	-	%
Amplitude, Peak-to-Peak	Static Test	-	1.75	-	V
RTCT Discharge Voltage (Valley Voltage)	Static Test	-	1.0	-	V
Discharge Current	RTCT = 2.0V	6.5	7.8	8.5	mA
ОИТРИТ	<u>'</u>				
Gate VOH	V _{DD} to OUT, I _{OUT} = -100mA	-	1.0	2.0	٧
Gate VOL	OUT to GND, I _{OUT} = 100mA	-	1.0	2.0	٧
Peak Output Current	C _{OUT} = 1nF (<u>Note 9</u>)	-	1.0	-	Α
Rise Time	C _{OUT} = 1nF	-	35	60	ns
Fall Time	C _{OUT} = 1nF	-	20	40	ns
OUTPUT OFF State Leakage	V _{DD} = 5V	-	-	50	μΑ
PWM		1			
Maximum Duty Cycle (ISL78840A, ISL78843A)	COMP = V _{REF}	94.0	96.0	-	%
Maximum Duty Cycle (ISL78841A, ISL78845A)	COMP = V _{REF}	47.0	48.0	-	%
Minimum Duty Cycle	COMP = GND	-	-	0	%

NOTES:

- 8. This is the V_{DD} current consumed when the device is active but not switching. Does not include gate drive current.
- 9. Limits established by characterization and are not production tested.
- 10. Parameters with MIN and/or MAX limits are 100% tested at +25°C, unless otherwise specified. Temperature limits established by characterization and are not production tested.



Typical Performance Curves

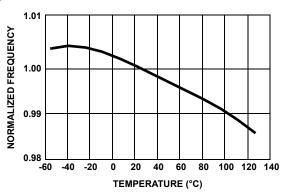


FIGURE 4. FREQUENCY vs TEMPERATURE

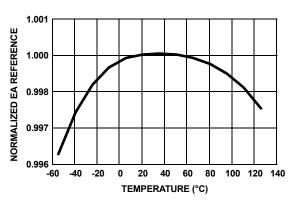


FIGURE 6. EA REFERENCE vs TEMPERATURE

Functional Description

Features

The ISL7884xASxH current mode PWM makes an ideal choice for low-cost flyback and forward topology applications. With its greatly improved performance over industry standard parts, it is the obvious choice for new designs or existing designs, which require updating.

Oscillator

The ISL7884xASxH has a sawtooth oscillator with a programmable frequency range to 2MHz, which can be programmed with a resistor from V_{REF} and a capacitor to GND on the RTCT pin. (Please refer to Figure 7 for the resistor and capacitance required for a given frequency.)

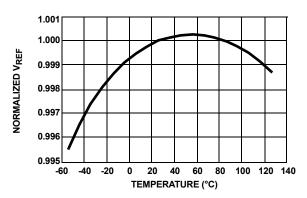


FIGURE 5. REFERENCE VOLTAGE vs TEMPERATURE

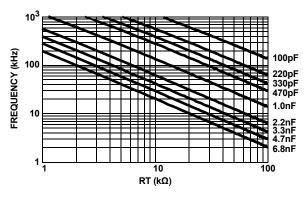


FIGURE 7. RESISTANCE FOR CT CAPACITOR VALUES GIVEN

Soft-Start Operation

Soft-start must be implemented externally. One method, illustrated below, clamps the voltage on COMP.

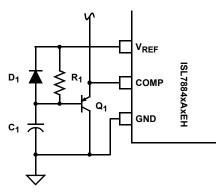


FIGURE 8. SOFT-START

The COMP pin is clamped to the voltage on capacitor C_1 plus a base-emitter junction by transistor Q_1 . C_1 is charged from V_{REF} through resistor R_1 and the base current of Q_1 . At power-up C_1 is fully discharged, COMP is at ~0.7V and the duty cycle is zero. As C_1 charges, the voltage on COMP increases and the duty cycle increases in proportion to the voltage on C_1 . When COMP reaches the steady state operating point, the control loop takes over and soft-start is complete. C_1 continues to charge up to V_{REF} and no longer affects COMP. During power-down, diode D_1 quickly discharges C_1 so that the soft-start circuit is properly initialized prior to the next power-on sequence.

Gate Drive

The ISL7884xAxEH is capable of sourcing and sinking 1A peak current. To limit the peak current through the IC, an optional external resistor may be placed between the totem-pole output of the IC (OUT pin) and the gate of the MOSFET. This small series resistor also damps any oscillations caused by the resonant tank of the parasitic inductances in the traces of the board and the FETs input capacitance. TID environment of >50krads requires the use of a bleeder resistor of 10k from the OUT pin to GND.

Slope Compensation

For applications where the maximum duty cycle is less than 50%, slope compensation may be used to improve noise immunity, particularly at lighter loads. The amount of slope compensation required for noise immunity is determined empirically, but is generally about 10% of the full scale current feedback signal. For applications where the duty cycle is greater than 50%, slope compensation is required to prevent instability.

Slope compensation may be accomplished by summing an external ramp with the current feedback signal or by subtracting the external ramp from the voltage feedback error signal. Adding the external ramp to the current feedback signal is the more popular method.

From the small signal current-mode model [1] it can be shown that the naturally-sampled modulator gain, Fm, without slope compensation is calculated in Equation 6:

$$Fm = \frac{1}{Sntsw}$$
 (EQ. 6)

Where Sn is the slope of the sawtooth signal and tsw is the duration of the half-cycle. When an external ramp is added, the modulator gain becomes <u>Equation 7</u>:

$$Fm = \frac{1}{(Sn + Se)tsw} = \frac{1}{m_c Sntsw}$$
 (EQ. 7)

Where Se is slope of the external ramp and becomes **Equation 8**:

$$m_C = 1 + \frac{Se}{Sn}$$
 (EQ. 8)

The criteria for determining the correct amount of external ramp can be determined by appropriately setting the damping factor of the double-pole located at the switching frequency. The double-pole will be critically damped if the Q-factor is set to 1, over-damped for Q < 1 and under-damped for Q > 1. An under-damped condition may result in current loop instability.

$$Q = \frac{1}{\pi(m_o(1-D)-0.5)}$$
 (EQ. 9)

Where D is the percent of on-time during a switching cycle. Setting Q = 1 and solving for Se yields <u>Equation 10</u>:

$$S_e = S_n \left(\left(\frac{1}{\pi} + 0.5 \right) \frac{1}{1 - D} - 1 \right)$$
 (EQ. 10)

Since Sn and Se are the on-time slopes of the current ramp and the external ramp, respectively, they can be multiplied by t_{ON} to obtain the voltage change that occurs during t_{ON} .

$$V_e = V_n \left(\left(\frac{1}{\pi} + 0.5 \right) \frac{1}{1 - D} - 1 \right)$$
 (EQ. 11)

Where V_n is the change in the current feedback signal (ΔI) during the on-time and Ve is the voltage that must be added by the external ramp.

For a flyback converter, Vn can be solved in terms of input voltage, current transducer components and primary inductance, yielding Equation 12:

$$V_{e} = \frac{D \cdot T_{SW} \cdot V_{IN} \cdot R_{CS}}{L_{p}} \left(\left(\frac{1}{\pi} + 0.5 \right) \frac{1}{1 - D} - 1 \right)$$
 (EQ. 12)

Where R_{CS} is the current sense resistor, T_{sw} is the switching period, L_p is the primary inductance, V_{IN} is the minimum input voltage and D is the maximum duty cycle.

The current sense signal at the end of the ON time for CCM operation is Equation 13:

$$V_{CS} = \frac{N_S \cdot R_{CS}}{N_p} \left(I_O + \frac{(1 - D) \cdot V_O \cdot T_{sw}}{2L_s} \right)$$
 (EQ. 13)

Where V_{CS} is the voltage across the current sense resistor, L_s is the secondary winding inductance and I_O is the output current at current limit. Equation 13 assumes the voltage drop across the output rectifier is negligible.

Since the peak current limit threshold is 1.00V, the total current feedback signal plus the external ramp voltage must sum to this value when the output load is at the current limit threshold as shown in Equation 14:

$$V_e + V_{CS} = 1V (EQ. 14)$$

Substituting <u>Equations 12</u> and <u>13</u> into <u>Equation 14</u> and solving for R_{CS} yields <u>Equation 15</u>:

$$R_{CS} = \frac{1}{\frac{D \cdot T_{sw} \cdot V_{IN}}{L_{p}} \cdot \left(\frac{\frac{1}{\pi} + 0.5}{1 - D} - 1\right) + \frac{N_{s}}{N_{p}} \cdot \left(I_{O} + \frac{(1 - D) \cdot V_{O} \cdot T_{sw}}{2L_{s}}\right)}$$
(EQ. 15)



Adding slope compensation is accomplished in the ISL7884xASxH using an external buffer transistor and the RTCT signal. A typical application sums the buffered RTCT signal with the current sense feedback and applies the result to the CS pin as shown in Figure 9.

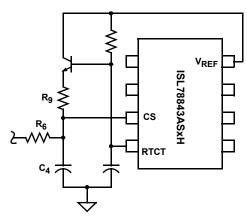


FIGURE 9. SLOPE COMPENSATION

Assuming the designer has selected values for the RC filter (R_6 and C_4) placed on the CS pin, the value of R_9 required to add the appropriate external ramp can be found by superposition.

$$V_{e} = \frac{2.05D \cdot R_{6}}{R_{6} + R_{9}} \qquad V \tag{EQ. 16}$$

The factor of 2.05 in <u>Equation 16</u> arises from the peak amplitude of the sawtooth waveform on RTCT minus a base-emitter junction drop. That voltage multiplied by the maximum duty cycle is the voltage source for the slope compensation. Rearranging to solve for R_Q yields <u>Equation 17</u>:

$$R_9 = \frac{(2.05D - V_e) \cdot R_6}{V_e} \qquad \Omega$$
 (EQ. 17)

The value of R_{CS} determined in <u>Equation 15</u> must be rescaled so that the current sense signal presented at the CS pin is that predicted by <u>Equation 13</u>. The divider created by R₆ and R₉ makes this necessary.

$$R'_{CS} = \frac{R_6 + R_9}{R_9} \cdot R_{CS}$$
 (EQ. 18)

Example:

 $V_{IN} = 12V$

 $V_0 = 48V$

 $L_{s} = 800 \mu H$

Ns/Np = 10

 $Lp = 8.0 \mu H$

 $I_0 = 200 \text{mA}$

Switching Frequency, f_{sw} = 200kHz

Duty Cycle, D = 28.6%

 $R_6 = 499\Omega$

Solve for the current sense resistor, R_{CS}, using <u>Equation 15</u>.

$$R_{CS} = 295 m\Omega$$

Determine the amount of voltage, Ve, that must be added to the current feedback signal using Equation 12.

Ve = 92.4mV

Using Equation 17, solve for the summing resistor, R_9 , from CT to CS.

 $R_9 = 2.67k\Omega$

Determine the new value of R_{CS} (R'_{CS}) using Equation 18.

 $R'_{CS} = 350m\Omega$

Additional slope compensation may be considered for design margin. The above discussion determines the minimum external ramp that is required. The buffer transistor used to create the external ramp from RTCT should have a sufficiently high gain (>200) so as to minimize the required base current. Whatever base current is required reduces the charging current into RTCT and will reduce the oscillator frequency.

Fault Conditions

A Fault condition occurs if V_{REF} falls below 4.65V. When a Fault is detected, OUT is disabled. When V_{REF} exceeds 4.80V, the Fault condition clears and OUT is enabled.

Ground Plane Requirements

Careful layout is essential for satisfactory operation of the device. A good ground plane must be employed. A unique section of the ground plane must be designated for high di/dt currents associated with the output stage. V_{DD} should be bypassed directly to GND with good high frequency capacitors.

References

 Ridley, R., "A New Continuous-Time Model for Current Mode Control", IEEE Transactions on Power Electronics, Vol. 6, No. 2, April 1991.



Package Characteristics

Weight of Packaged Device

8 Ld Mini DIP: 0.7004 Grams 8 Ld Flatpack: 0.3605 Grams

Die Characteristics

Die Dimensions

2030 μ m x 2030 μ m (80 mils x 80 mils) Thickness: 482 μ m \pm 25.4 μ m (19.0 mils \pm 1 mil)

Interface Materials

GLASSIVATION

Type: Silicon Oxide and Silicon Nitride
Thickness: 0.3µm ±0.03µm to 1.2µm ±0.12µm

TOP METALLIZATION

Type: AlCu (99.5%/0.5%) Thickness: $2.7\mu m \pm 0.4\mu m$

SUBSTRATE

Silicon

BACKSIDE FINISH

Silicon

PROCESS

0.6µM BiCMOS Junction Isolated

ASSEMBLY RELATED INFORMATION

Substrate Potential

Unbiased

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

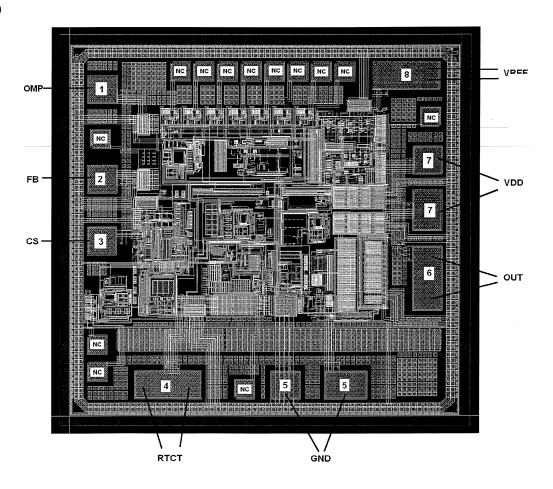
Worst Case Current Density

 $< 2 \times 10^5 \, \text{A/cm}^2$

Transistor Count

1278

Die Map





Revision History The revision history provided is for informational purposes only and is believed to be accurate, but not warranted. Please go to web to make sure you have the latest Rev.

DATE	REVISION	CHANGE
April 8, 2016	FN7952.1	Added part numbers "ISL78840ASRH, ISL78841ASRH, ISL78843ASRH, ISL78845ASRH" throughout the datasheet Added Related Literature section on page 1. Moved Table 1 from page 1 to page 3. Moved and updated the "Pin Descriptions" on page 3. Updated the "Radiation Information" on page 8: Updated SEL (No latch-up) from "80Mev/mg/cm2" to "43Mev/mg/cm²". Moved Note 7 (old Note 9) from page 9 to the end of the Abs max table.
May 4, 2012	FN7952.0	Initial Release.

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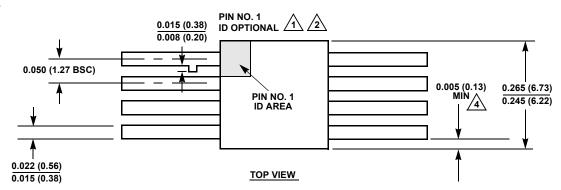


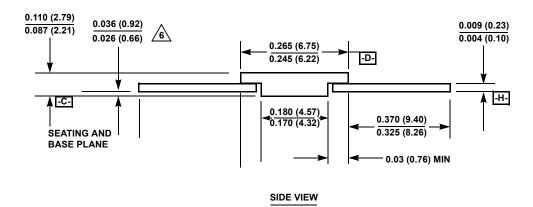
Package Outline Drawing

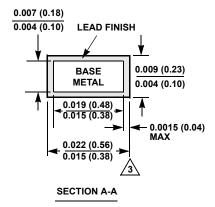
K8.A

8 LEAD CERAMIC METAL SEAL FLATPACK PACKAGE

Rev 4, 12/14







NOTES:

1. Index area: A notch or a pin one identification mark shall be located adjacent to pin one and shall be located within the shaded area shown. The manufacturer's identification shall not be used as a pin one identification mark. Alternately, a tab may be used to identify pin one.

2. If a pin one identification mark is used in addition to or instead of a tab, the limits of the tab dimension do not apply.

∑The maximum limits of lead dimensions (section A-A) shall be measured at the centroid of the finished lead surfaces, when solder dip or tin plate lead finish is applied.

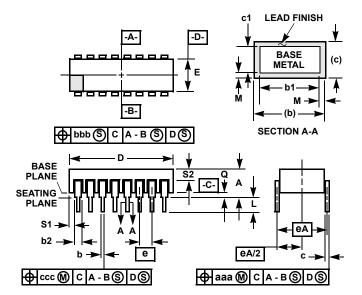
 $\sqrt{4.}$ Measure dimension at all four corners.

5. For bottom-brazed lead packages, no organic or polymeric materials shall be molded to the bottom of the package to cover the leads.

6 Dimension shall be measured at the point of exit (beyond the meniscus) of the lead from the body. Dimension minimum shall be reduced by 0.0015 inch (0.038mm) maximum when solder dip lead finish is applied.

- 7. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M 1982.
- 8. Controlling dimension: INCH.

Ceramic Dual-In-Line Metal Seal Packages (SBDIP)



NOTES:

- Index area: A notch or a pin one identification mark shall be located adjacent to pin one and shall be located within the shaded area shown. The manufacturer's identification shall not be used as a pin one identification mark.
- The maximum limits of lead dimensions b and c or M shall be measured at the centroid of the finished lead surfaces, when solder dip or tin plate lead finish is applied.
- 3. Dimensions b1 and c1 apply to lead base metal only. Dimension M applies to lead plating and finish thickness.
- Corner leads (1, N, N/2 and N/2+1) may be configured with a partial lead paddle. For this configuration dimension b3 replaces dimension b2.
- 5. Dimension Q shall be measured from the seating plane to the base plane.
- 6. Measure dimension S1 at all four corners.
- Measure dimension S2 from the top of the ceramic body to the nearest metallization or lead.
- 8. N is the maximum number of terminal positions.
- 9. Braze fillets shall be concave.
- 10. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M 1982.
- 11. Controlling dimension: INCH.

D8.3 MIL-STD-1835 CDIP2-T8 (D-4, CONFIGURATION C) 8 LEAD CERAMIC DUAL-IN-LINE METAL SEAL PACKAGE

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		
SYMBOL	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	NOTES
Α	-	0.200	-	5.08	-
b	0.014	0.026	0.36	0.66	2
b1	0.014	0.023	0.36	0.58	3
b2	0.045	0.065	1.14	1.65	-
b3	0.023	0.045	0.58	1.14	4
С	0.008	0.018	0.20	0.46	2
c1	0.008	0.015	0.20	0.38	3
D	-	0.405	-	10.29	-
E	0.220	0.310	5.59	7.87	-
е	0.100 BSC		2.54 BSC		-
eA	0.300 BSC		7.62 BSC		-
eA/2	0.150 BSC		3.81 BSC		-
L	0.125	0.200	3.18	5.08	-
Q	0.015	0.060	0.38	1.52	5
S1	0.005	-	0.13	-	6
S2	0.005	-	0.13	-	7
а	90°	105°	90°	105°	-
aaa	-	0.015	-	0.38	-
bbb	-	0.030	-	0.76	-
ссс	-	0.010	-	0.25	-
М	-	0.0015	-	0.038	2
N	8		8		8

Rev. 0 4/94

