

TPS2490 and TPS2491

+48 V Hot Swap Power Manager Evaluation Kit

User's Guide

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Chapter 1

Introduction

The +48 V hot swap power manager evaluation module (EVM) is a two-board platform that enables designers to rapidly learn about and evaluate the performance of the TPS2490 or TPS2491. Texas Instruments (TI) TPS2490 and TPS2491 +48 V hot swap power manager integrated circuits (ICs) ensure the hot-swap safety and add protection during fault conditions for boards or modules in +48 V hot swap environments. The ICs feature programmable current and power limiting, electronic circuit breaker, adjustable undervoltage-lock enable input, and power-good reporting output. The +48 V hot swap EVM is a PCB-based tool used to demonstrate the performance and operation of the TPS2490 and TPS2491 ICs in simulated live insertion and removal actions.

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1.1 Features

| | | The | e following list highlights some of the features of the TPS2490 and TPS2491 |
|-----|--------------|-----|--|
| | | | Allows Safe Board Insertion and Removal From a Live Backplane |
| | | | High-Side Drive for Low-R _{DS(on)} External N-channel MOSFET |
| | | | Programmable Current Limiting and Power Limiting for Complete SOA Protection |
| | | | Programmable Fault Timer to Eliminate Nuisance Shutdowns |
| | | | Programmable Undervoltage Lockout |
| | | | High-voltage Operating Range: 9 V to 80 V |
| | | | 100-V Maximum Input Voltage |
| | | | Power Good Open-Drain Output |
| | | | Input Undervoltage Lockout |
| | | | Latched Operation Mode (TPS2490) |
| | | | Automatic Retry Mode (TPS2491) |
| | | | Available in 10-pin MSOP |
| | | | -40°C to 85°C Ambient Temperature Range |
| | | | 2-kV Human-Body-Model, 500-V CDM Electrostatic Discharge Protection |
| 1.2 | Applications | | |
| | | | Boards or Modules in +48 V Hot Swap Environments |

1.3 Description

The TPS2490 and TPS2491 +48 V hot swap power manager (HSPM) provides highly integrated supply control of 9–V to 80–V positive supplies with a minimum number of external components. These hot-swap controllers operate an external N-channel MOSFET device to safely switch power to downstream loads. A power MOSFET can be destroyed if operated outside its safe operating area (SOA) curve, which typically includes limitations on current, voltage and power. In order to assure that the SOA is not exceeded, the hot-swap controller contains independently adjustable current- and power-limit circuitry. If a fault persists beyond a user-defined period of time, the HSPM turns off the power MOSFET. Depending upon which design option is chosen, the part either remains latched off (TPS2490) until the enable is cycled, or it automatically restarts (TPS2491) after a time delay.

These devices can be used on plug-in cards and on back-planes to limit inrush current, control load turn-on, enable down-stream dc-to-dc converters, isolate faulted loads, and eliminate nuisance shutdowns.

Chapter 2

The +48 V Hot Swap EVM Kit

The main evaluation board (TI part number HPA016) contains the power interface section of a plug-in card as it may be implemented in a typical, compliant hot swap system. The EVM backplane board (TI part number HPA018) provides a mechanism for simulating hot swap events by abruptly applying power, ground, and control signals on the backplane board to their corresponding inputs on the main EVM board inserted into the backplane board P1B connector.

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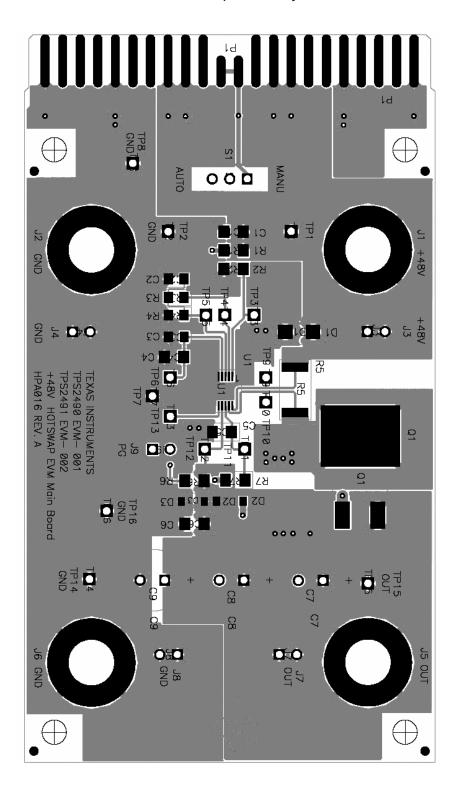
2.1 The +48 V Hot Swap EVM Main Board

2.1.1 Module Description

The +48 V EVM main board contains the power isolation and control electronics comprising a hot swap interface that may be incorporated in a +48 V hot swap plug-in board. The EVM main board contains a TPS2490 or TPS2491 48-V HSPM IC, a power MOSFET switch, and some configuration capacitors. In addition, the main board contains some additional switches, jacks, headers, and components that can be used to facilitate device testing and for quick modifications of the plug-in characteristics.

The layout of the EVM main board top assembly is shown in Figure 2–1.

Figure 2-1. Evaluation Module Main Board Top Assembly

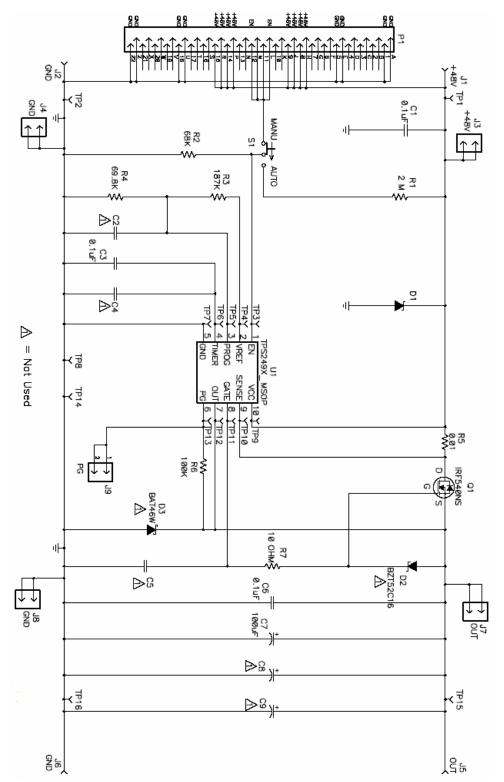


Test points are provided throughout the EVM main board for monitoring. The test points are listed in Table 4–2.

2.1.2 EVM Schematic Diagram and Bill of Materials

The EVM main board schematic diagram is shown in Figure 2–2.

Figure 2–2. +48 V Hot-Swap Power Manager Evaluation Module Main Board Schematic



The +48 V Hot Swap EVM Main Board Bill of Materials (BOM) is shown in Table 2–1.

Table 2–1.+48 V Hot-Swap Evaluation Module Main Board Bill of Materials (HPA016–001, –002)

| Count | | RefDes | Description | Size | Part Number | MFR |
|------------|----|--|--|-------|---------------------------|-----------|
| -002 -001 | | | | | | |
| 2 2 C1, C6 | | C1, C6 | Capacitor, ceramic, 0.1 μF, 100 V, X7R, 10% | 1206 | ECJ-3YBZA104K | Panasonic |
| 0 | 0 | C2 | Capacitor | 805 | | |
| 1 | 1 | C3 | Capacitor, Ceramic, 0.1 μF, 16 V, 10% | 805 | ECJ-ZVF1C104Z | Panasonic |
| 0 | 0 | C4, C5 | Capacitor | 1206 | | |
| 1 | 1 | C7, | Capacitor, Panasonic, 100 μF, 100 V, 20% | TH | ECA-ZAM101 | Panasonic |
| 0 | 0 | C8,C9 | Capacitor center 140 mil | TH | | |
| 1 | 1 | D1 | Diode, Zener, 80 V, 400 W | SMA | SMAT70A | Diodes |
| 0 | 0 | D2 | Diode | SM | | |
| 0 | 0 | D3 | Diode | SM | | |
| 4 | 4 | J1, J2, J5, J6 | Connector, banana jack, uninsulated | | 3267 | Pomona |
| 5 | 5 | J3, J4, J7, J8, J9 | Header, 2-pin, 100 mil spacing | | PTC36SAAN | Sullins |
| 1 | 1 | Q1 | Transistor, NFET, 100 V, 33 A, 44 mΩ | D2PAK | IRF540NS | IR |
| 1 | 1 | R1 | Resistor, chip, 2 MΩ, 1/8 W, 1% | 1206 | Std | Std |
| 1 | 1 | R2 | Resistor, chip, 68 kΩ, 1/4 W, 1% | 1206 | Std | Std |
| 1 | 1 | R3 | Resistor, chip, 187 kΩ, 1/10 W, 1% | 805 | Std | Std |
| 1 | 1 | R4 | Resistor, chip, 69.8 kΩ, 1/10 W, 1% | 805 | Std | Std |
| 1 | 1 | R5 | Resistor, metal strip, 0.01 Ω , 2 W, 1% | 2512 | LCR-LRF2512- 01-R010-F | IRC |
| 1 | 1 | R6 | Resistor, chip, 100 k Ω , 1/8 W, 5% | 1206 | Std | Std |
| 1 | 1 | R7 | Resistor, chip, 10 Ω, 1/8 W, 5% | 1206 | Std | Std |
| 1 | 1 | S1 | Switch, 1P2T, slide, PC-mount, 200 mA | | EG1218 | E_Switch |
| 11 | 11 | TP1, TP3, TP4, TP5, TP6, TP9, TP10, TP11, TP12, TP13, TP15 | Test point, red, 1 mm | | 240–345 | Farnell |
| 5 | 5 | TP2, TP7, TP8, TP14, TP16 | Test point, black, 1 mm | | 240–333 | Farnell |
| 0 | 1 | U1 | IC TPS2490DGS | DGS10 | TPS2490DGS | TI |
| 1 | 0 | U1 | IC TPS2491DGS | DGS10 | TPS2491DGS | TI |
| 1 | 1 | | PCB, 3.816 in × 2.336 in × 0.062 in | | HPA016 | Any |
| 4 | 4 | NA | Spacer, nylon, Hex, #6-32, 0.625 | | 14HTSP020 | |
| 4 | 4 | NA | Screw, nylon, and HD, #6-32, 0.025 | | 010632R025 | |
| 1 | 1 | | HPA018 ASSEMBLY REQUIRED | | | |

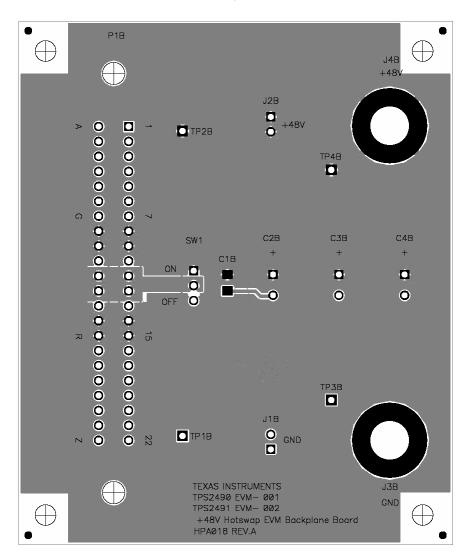
2.2 The +48 V EVM Backplane Board

2.2.1 Description

The EVM backplane board is used to present the backplane of a +48 V hot-swap system. The backplane contains banana jacks and headers for the connection of a +48 V power supply. The board has a 44-pin PCB edge connector (P1B). Inserting and removing the EVM main board into and out of the backplane board P1B connector simulates hot-swap events.

The pictorial of the EVM backplane board top assembly is shown in Figure 2–3.

Figure 2–3. EVM Backplane Board Top Assembly

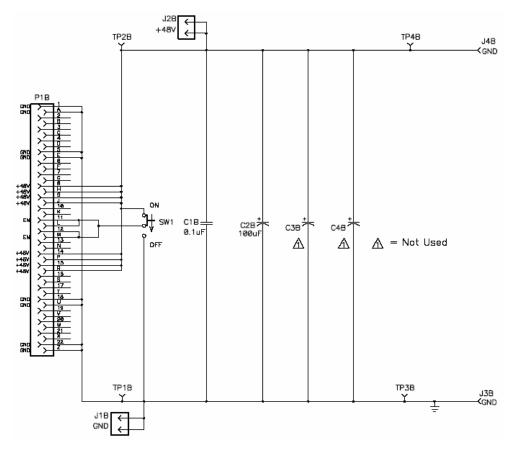


Test points are also provided throughout the EVM backplane board for monitoring as listed in Table 4–1.

2.2.2 Backplane Board Schematic Diagram and Bill of Materials (BOM)

The EVM backplane board schematic diagram is shown in Figure 2–4.

Figure 2-4. EVM Backplane Board Schematic



The EVM backplane board bill of materials (BOM) is shown in Table 2–2.

Table 2–2.+48 V Hot-Swap Evaluation Module Backplane Board Bill of Materials (HPA018–001)

| Count | RefDes | Description | Size | Part Number | MFR |
|-------|-----------|---|------|---------------|-----------|
| 1 | C1B | Capacitor, ceramic, 0.1 μF, 100 V, X7R, 10% | 1206 | ECJ-3YB2A104K | Panasonic |
| 1 | C2B, | Capacitor, Panasonic, 100 μF, 100 V, 20% | TH | ECA-ZAM101 | Panasonic |
| 0 | C3B, C4B | Capacitor center 140 mils | TH | | |
| 2 | J1B, J2B | Header, 2-pin, 100 mil spacing | TH | PTC36SAAN | Sullins |
| 2 | J3B, J4B | Connector, banana jack, uninsulated | | 3267 | Pomona |
| 1 | P1B | Connector, 44-pin edge with mtg tabs (for 0.062 PCB)" | TH | 50-22SN-11 | Cinch |
| 1 | SW1 | Switch, 1P2T, slide, PC-mount, 200 mA | TH | EG1218 | E_Switch |
| 2 | TP1B,TP3B | Test point, black, 1 mm | TH | 240–333 | Farnell |
| 2 | TP2B,TP4B | Test point, red, 1 mm | TH | 240–345 | Farnell |
| 1 | NA | PCB, 2.9 ln × 3.5 ln × 0.062 ln | | HPA018 | Any |
| 4 | NA | Spacer, nylon, Hex, #6-32, 0.625 | | 14HTSP020 | Eagle |
| 4 | NA | Screw, nylon, and, Hd, #6–32, 0.25 | | 010632R025 | Eagle |

2.3 +48 V Hot-Swap EVM Operating Specifications

The EVM main board and backplane board were designed for some degree of user reconfiguration, as described later in Chapter 4, when using the EVM to evaluate the TPS2490 and TPS2491 HSPM ICs. This includes modifications for different load current requirements. However, under no circumstances should the EVM kit be operated beyond the input supply and load currents specified in Table 2–3.

Table 2–3. EVM Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter | Min | Max | Units |
|-------------------------------------|------|---------|-------|
| Supply voltage range, J4B (+48VIN) | -0.3 | 100 | V |
| Load current, J5 (OUT) | 0 | Limited | Α |
| Ambient operating temperature range | -40 | 85 | °C |

Notes: 1) All voltages are with respect PCB GND node, J1B, J3B, J4 or J6.

- 2) Currents are positive into and negative out of the specified terminal.
- 3) The EVM contains clamping circuitry to clamp the voltage of the TPS2490 and TPS2491 V_{CC} input below 80 V. The EVM can survive transient voltage excursions at J5 and J6 beyond the dc limits specified in Table 2–3.

Component selection for the EVM was done to configure the circuit for a typical +48 V application. As such, the target operating conditions, to the factory-installed component values, are as shown in Table 2–4.

Table 2-4.+48 V EVM Recommended Operating Conditions

| Parameter | | | Nom | Max | Units |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------|----|-----|-----|-------|
| | Enabling by SW1, S1 in MANU | 10 | 48 | 70 | V |
| Nominal supply voltage, +48VIN | Enabling by S1, SW1 in OFF | 42 | 48 | 70 | V |
| Load current, OUT | | 0 | | 4 | A |

Notes:

- 1) All voltages are with respect PCB GND node, J1B, J3B, J4 or J6.
- 2) Currents are positive into and negative out of the specified terminal.

Chapter 3

Getting Started

This chapter describes the test environment for using the EVM. Other required test equipment includes a lab power supply, oscilloscope, and multiple digital voltmeters.

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3.1 Equipment Requirements

The following test equipment is required to use the EVM kit.
Power supply, 60 VDC at 6 amp minimum
Oscilloscope, 4 channel preferred (3 voltage probes and 1 current probe)
Digital voltmeter (DVM)

The availability of additional DVMs simplifies EVM use.

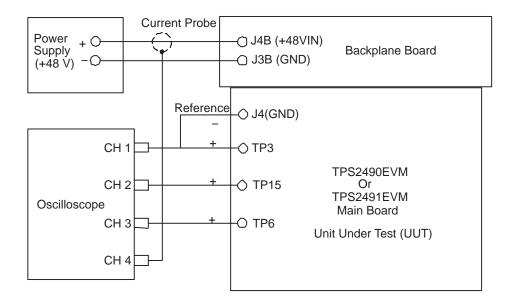
3.2 Verifying the EVM Operation

The following procedure steps may be used to verify functional operation of the EVM after receipt.

3.2.1 Equipment Setup

- 1) Do not connect the power supply to the EVM boards (HPA016 and HPA018).
- 2) If installed, remove the EVM main board (HPA016) from the P1B connector of the EVM backplane board (HPA018).
- 3) On the EVM main board (HPA016), set switch S1 to MANU.
- 4) On the EVM backplane board (HPA018), set switch SW1 to OFF.
- 5) Turn on the power supply. Set the output voltage of the supply to 48 ± 0.2 VDC. On the supply, verify the output current limit control is set to allow sourcing of at least 6 A.
- 6) Turn off the power supply. Connect the power supply to the EVM backplane board (HPA018) as shown in Figure 3–1.

Figure 3-1. +48 V Hot-Swap EVM Setup



3.2.2 Functional Test

- 1) Plug the EVM main board (HPA016) into the EVM backplane board (HPA018) P1B connector. Due to the symmetric design of the connector, the board can be inserted in either direction.
- 2) Connect the oscilloscope probes as shown in Figure 3–1.
- 3) Set the oscilloscope channel amplifiers to the following scale settings:
 - a) CH1: 50 V/div at first line
 - b) CH2: 20 V/div at fourth line
 - c) CH3: 2 V/div at fifth line
 - d) CH4: 2 A/div at position just above the bottom line (eighth line)
- 4) Set the oscilloscope timebase to 1 ms/div.
- 5) Set the scope to trigger on the rising edge of Channel 1 at about a 20-V level and 10% horizontal trigger position.
- 6) Set the mode to NORMAL.
- 7) Turn on the power supply. Verify that the voltages shown in Table 3–1 are obtained on each DMM display.

Table 3–1. TPS2490EVM or TPS2491EVM DMM Readings—Output OFF

| Test Points | Voltage Reading |
|---|--|
| On HPA018: TP2B +, TP1B - (INPUT Voltage) | 48± 0.5 VDC |
| On HPA016: TP12 +, TP16 - (OUT Voltage) | 0 ± 1.0 VDC |
| On HPA016: TP5 +, TP8 – (PROG Voltage) | 0 ± 0.1 VDC |
| On HPA016: TP13 +, TP14 - (PG Voltage) | 0 ± 0.1 VDC |
| On HPA016: TP4 +, TP2 - (VREF Voltage) | $4.0 \pm 0.1 \text{ VDC}$ |
| On HPA016: TP11 +, TP7 – (GATE Voltage) | 0 ± 0.1 VDC |
| | On HPA018: TP2B +, TP1B - (INPUT Voltage) On HPA016: TP12 +, TP16 - (OUT Voltage) On HPA016: TP5 +, TP8 - (PROG Voltage) On HPA016: TP13 +, TP14 - (PG Voltage) On HPA016: TP4 +, TP2 - (VREF Voltage) |

8) On the EVM backplane board (HPA018), place the SW1 switch in the ON position. Moving the DMM lead connections as required, verify that the voltages shown in Table 3–2 are obtained on each DMM display.

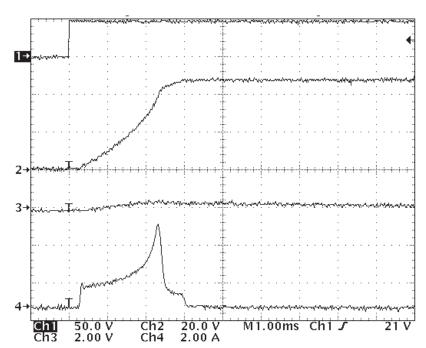
Table 3-2. TPS2490EVM or TPS2491EVM DMM Readings—Output ON

| DMM # | Test Points | Voltage Reading |
|-------|---|-----------------|
| DMM1 | On HPA018: TP2B +, TP1B – (INPUT Voltage) | 48± 0.5 VDC |
| DMM2 | On HPA016: TP12 +, TP16 - (OUT Voltage) | 48 ± 1.0 VDC |
| DMM3 | On HPA016: TP5 +, TP8 - (PROG Voltage) | 1.05 ± 0.1 VDC |
| DMM4 | On HPA016: TP13 +, TP14 - (PG Voltage) | 48 ± 0.1 VDC |
| DMM5 | On HPA016: TP4 +, TP2 - (VREF Voltage) | 4.0 ± 0.1 VDC |
| DMM6 | On HPA016: TP11 +, TP7 - (GATE Voltage) | 62 ± 2.0 VDC |

9) On the oscilloscope, verify a sweep was obtained which is similar to the one shown in Figure 3–2. Verify that the total turnon time, t_{ST} , as defined in Figure 3–2, is 2.5 ± 1.0 ms.

- 10) Return SW1 to OFF position. Unplug the EVM main board (HPA016) from the P1B socket of the EVM backplane board.
- 11) Turn off the power supply and disconnect the cables from the EVM boards if no further tests are planned.

Figure 3–2. Output Ramp-Up Sequence Waveforms Without Resistive Load, Enabled by SW1



Chapter 4

Using the EVM Kit to Evaluate the TPS2490/91 HSPM IC

Procedures similar to the steps of Section 3.2.2 for functional test of the EVM can also be used to evaluate the TPS2490 or TPS2491 controller. Additional details about the EVM features are provided in this section.

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4.1 Test Points

The EVM contains numerous test points located throughout the circuit for waveform monitoring. Lists of the EVM main board and backplane board test points and their associated signals are given in Table 4–1 and Table 4–2 respectively.

Table 4-1.+48 V Hot Swap EVM Backplane Board Test Points

| Test Point No. | Signal Name | Description |
|----------------|-------------|-------------------|
| TP1B | GND | Ground |
| TP2B | 48V | 48 V supply input |
| TP3B | GND | Ground |
| TP4B | 48V | 48 V supply input |

Table 4–2. +48 V Hot Swap EVM Main Board Test Points

| Test Point No. | Signal Name | Description |
|----------------|-------------|------------------|
| TP1 | 48V | Voltage input |
| TP2 | GND | Ground |
| TP3 | EN | Device EN pin |
| TP4 | VREF | Device VREF pin |
| TP5 | PROG | Device PROG pin |
| TP6 | TIMER | Device TIMER pin |
| TP7 | GND | Device GND pin |
| TP8 | GND | Ground |
| TP9 | VCC | Device VCC pin |
| TP10 | SENSE | Device SENSE pin |
| TP11 | GATE | Device GATE pin |
| TP12 | OUT | Device OUT pin |
| TP13 | PG | Device PG pin |
| TP14 | GND | Ground |
| TP15 | OUT | Voltage output |
| TP16 | GND | Ground |

4.2 Input and Output Capacitors

Two spare bulk capacitor footprints are provided on both the backplane board (C3B and C4B) and the main board (C8 and C9) to increase the input capacitance on the supply end and/or the output capacitance on the load. When adding any of the large aluminum electrolytic capacitors, select capacitors with an appropriate voltage rating, and to observe the polarity marking on the PCB silkscreen. The recommended voltage rating for these capacitors is 100 V.

4.3 TIMER Capacitor

On the EVM main board, a $0.1-\mu F$ ceramic capacitor (C3) is placed on the TIMER pin of the device. Besides, a spare capacitor footprint (C4) is provided to add additional capacitance on TIMER when needed. For example, if capacitors are placed on C8 and/or C9, the $0.1-\mu F$ TIMER capacitor may not be large enough, and it would need to add additional capacitance on TIMER through C4.

4.4 PROG Capacitor

A spare ceramic-capacitor footprint (C2) is provided on the EVM main board for adding capacitance on the PROG pin of the device. When a small capacitor is placed on C2, the initial turnon inrush current slew rate is reduced, but the overall turnon time is longer.

4.5 GATE Capacitor

A spare ceramic capacitor footprint (C5) is provided to add capacitance on the GATE pin of the device. Although the device is designed for power-limiting hotswap control, the TPS2490 or TPS2491 can be used as a dV/dt hot-swap controller by removing resistor R4 and adding a gate capacitor on C5. Increasing the value of C5 increases the output voltage ramp-up time. The recommended capacitance range of C5 is 5 nF to 1 μF . When using power-limiting control as the EVM is designed for, no capacitor should be placed on C5. The recommended voltage rating for the GATE capacitor is 100 V.

4.6 Evaluation Without the Backplane Board

The EVM main board alone can be used to evaluate all the functions of the TPS2490 or TPS2491 device except the performance in a live hot-swap event. Switch S1 on main board serves almost the same functionality of the switch SW1 on the backplane board. The difference is that the SW1 switches the EN signal of the device between the input voltage VIN and the ground, but the switch S1 only switches the EN signal between 0.033 VIN and ground. When using the EVM main board only, configure as listed below:

| Connect input power supply between jacks J1 and J2. |
|--|
| Add a 100-V, 100 μF (or larger) input capacitor between J1 and J2. |
| Use switch S1 to turn on (placed in AUTO position) or turn off (placed in MANU position) the device. |
| Input supply voltage must be at least 42 V as defined in Table 2–4. |

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During normal operation, some circuit components may have case temperatures greater than 85°C. The EVM is designed to operate properly with certain components above 85°C as long as the input and output ranges are maintained. These components include but are not limited to linear regulators, switching transistors, pass transistors, and current sense resistors. These types of devices can be identified using the EVM schematic located in the EVM User's Guide. When placing measurement probes near these devices during operation, please be aware that these devices may be very warm to the touch.

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