

TLC2274, TLC2274A, TLC2274Y

Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL QUAD OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS106C – MARCH 1992 – REVISED AUGUST 1994

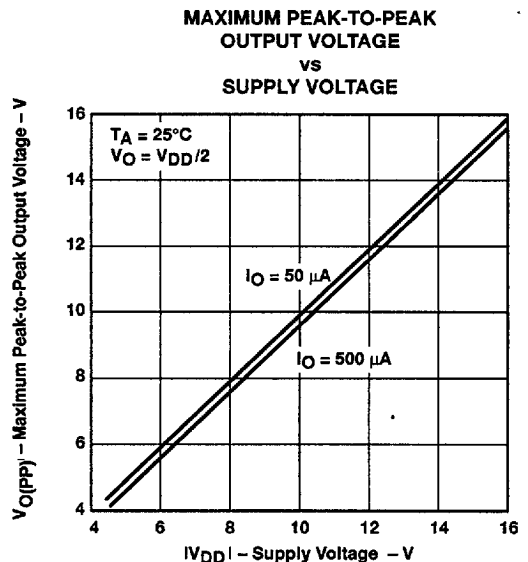
- Output Swing Includes Both Supply Rails
- Low Noise . . . 9 nV/√Hz Typ at f = 1 kHz
- Low Input Bias Current . . . 1 pA Typ
- Fully Specified for Both Single-Supply and Split-Supply Operation
- Common-Mode Input Voltage Range Includes Negative Rail
- High Unity-Gain Bandwidth
2.18-MHz Typ Single Supply
2.25-MHz Typ Split Supply
- High Slew Rate . . . 3.6 V/μs Typ
- Low Input Offset Voltage
950 μV Max at T_A = 25°C
- Macromodel Included

description

The TLC2274 and TLC2274A are quad rail-to-rail operational amplifiers manufactured using Texas Instruments Advanced LinCMOS™ process. These devices offer comparable ac performance while having better noise, input offset voltage, and power dissipation than existing CMOS operational amplifiers. In addition, the common-mode input voltage range is wider than typical standard CMOS amplifiers. To take advantage of this improvement in performance and making this device available for a wider range of applications, V_{ICR} is specified with a larger maximum input offset voltage test limit of ±5 mV. The Advanced LinCMOS™ process uses a silicon-gate technology to obtain input offset voltage stability with temperature and time that far exceeds that obtainable using metal-gate technology. This technology also makes possible input impedance levels that meet or exceed levels offered by top-gate JFET and expensive dielectric-isolated devices.

The TLC2274 and TLC2274A, exhibiting high input impedance and low noise, are excellent for small-signal conditioning for high-impedance sources such as piezoelectric transducers. In addition, the rail-to-rail output feature with single or split supply makes these devices great choices for inputs to ADCs in either the unipolar or bipolar mode of operation. This feature, combined with its temperature performance, makes the TLC2274 family ideal for sonobuoys, pressure sensors, temperature control, active VR sensors, accelerometers, and many other applications.

The device inputs and outputs are designed to withstand a 100-mA surge current without sustaining latch-up. In addition, internal ESD-protection circuits prevent functional failures up to 2000 V as tested under MIL-STD-883C, Method 3015.2; however, care should be exercised in handling these devices as exposure to ESD may result in degradation of the device parametric performance.



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PRODUCTION DATA information is current as of publication date. Products conform to specifications per the terms of Texas Instruments standard warranty. Production processing does not necessarily include testing of all parameters.



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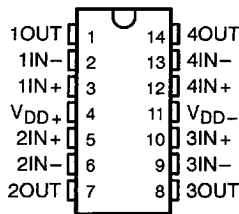
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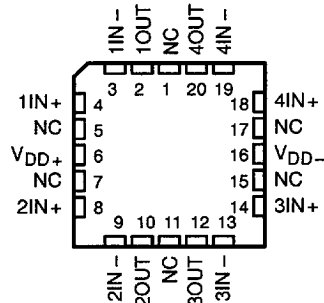
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TLC2274, TLC2274A, TLC2274Y
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
QUAD OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS
SLOS106C – MARCH 1992 – REVISED AUGUST 1994

D, J, N, OR PW PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



FK PACKAGE
(TOP VIEW)



NC – No internal connection

AVAILABLE OPTIONS

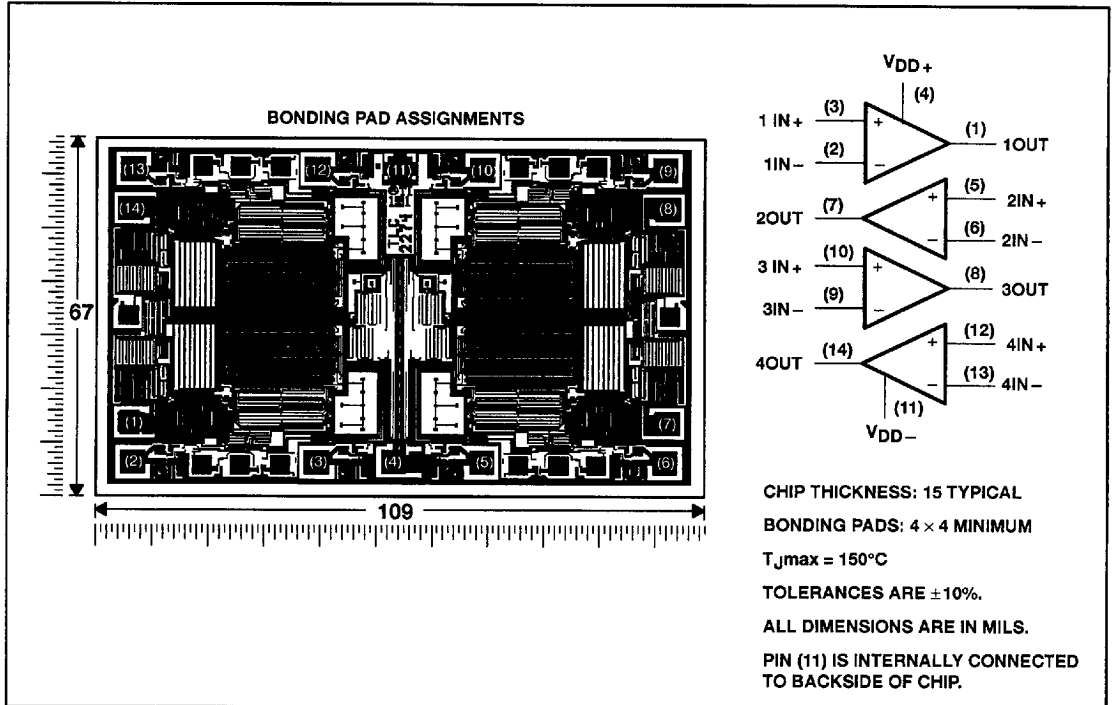
T _A	V _{IOMax} AT 25°C	PACKAGED DEVICES					CHIP FORM (Y)
		SMALL OUTLINE (D)	CHIP CARRIER (FK)	CERAMIC DIP (J)	PLASTIC DIP (N)	TSSOP (PW)	
0°C to 70°C	950 μ V 2.5 mV	TLC2274ACD TLC2274CD	—	—	TLC2274ACN TLC2274CN	— TLC2274CPWLE	TLC2274Y
–40°C to 85°C	950 μ V 2.5 mV	TLC2274AID TLC2274ID	—	—	TLC2274AIN TLC2274IN	— TLC2274IPWLE	—
–55°C to 125°C	950 μ V 2.5 mV	TLC2274AMD TLC2274MD	TLC2274AMFK TLC2274MFK	TLC2274AMJ TLC2274MJ	TLC2274AMN TLC2274MN	—	—

The D packages are available taped and reeled. Add R suffix to device type (e.g., TLC2274CDR). The PW package is available only left-end taped and reeled. Chips are tested at 25°C.



TLC2274Y chip information

This chip, when properly assembled, displays characteristics similar to the TLC2274C. Thermal compression or ultrasonic bonding may be used on the doped-aluminum bonding pads. Chips may be mounted with conductive epoxy or a gold-silicon preform.



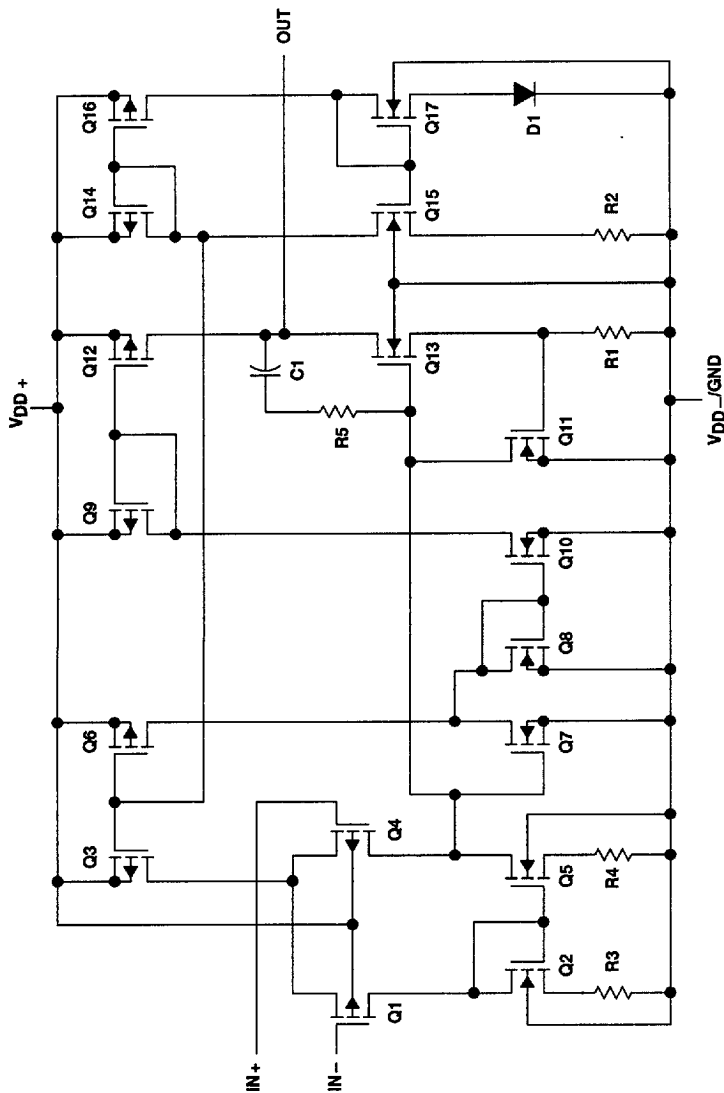
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TLC2274, TLC2274A, TLC2274Y
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DUAL OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS
 SLOS106C – MARCH 1992 – REVISED AUGUST 1994

equivalent schematic



COMPONENT COUNT†	
Transistors	76
Diodes	18
Resistors	52
Capacitors	6

† Includes all four amplifiers and all ESD, bias, and trim circuitry.



2-960

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absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage, V_{DD+} (see Note 1)	8 V
Supply voltage, V_{DD-} (see Note 1)	–8 V
Differential input voltage, V_{ID} (see Note 2)	±16 V
Input voltage, V_I (any input) (see Note 1)	±8 V
Input current, I_I (each input)	±5 mA
Output current, I_O	±50 mA
Total current into V_{DD+}	±50 mA
Total current out of V_{DD-}	±50 mA
Duration of short-circuit current at (or below) 25°C (see Note 3)	unlimited
Continuous total dissipation	See Dissipation Rating Table
Operating free-air temperature range, T_A : C suffix	0°C to 70°C
I suffix	–40°C to 85°C
M suffix	–55°C to 125°C
Storage temperature range	–65°C to 150°C
Case temperature for 60 seconds: FK package	260°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds: D, N, or PW package	260°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 60 seconds: J package	300°C

† Stresses beyond those listed under “absolute maximum ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under “recommended operating conditions” is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

- NOTES: 1. All voltage values, except differential voltages, are with respect to the midpoint between V_{DD+} and V_{DD-} .
2. Differential voltages are at $IN+$ with respect to $IN-$. Excessive current will flow if input is brought below $V_{DD-} - 0.3$ V.
3. The output may be shorted to either supply. Temperature and/or supply voltages must be limited to ensure that the maximum dissipation rating is not exceeded.

DISSIPATION RATING TABLE

PACKAGE	$T_A \leq 25^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	DERATING FACTOR ABOVE $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$	$T_A = 70^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 85^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING	$T_A = 125^\circ\text{C}$ POWER RATING
D	950 mW	7.6 mW/°C	608 mW	494 mW	190 mW
FK	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	715 mW	275 mW
J	1375 mW	11.0 mW/°C	880 mW	715 mW	275 mW
N	1150 mW	9.2 mW/°C	736 mW	598 mW	230 mW
PW	700 mW	5.6 mW/°C	448 mW	364 mW	—

recommended operating conditions

	C SUFFIX		I SUFFIX		M SUFFIX		UNIT
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Supply voltage, $V_{DD\pm}$	±2.2	±8	±2.2	±8	±2.2	±8	V
Input voltage, V_I	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	V
Common-mode input voltage, V_{IC}	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	V_{DD-}	$V_{DD+} - 1.5$	V
Operating free-air temperature, T_A	0	70	–40	85	–55	125	°C



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2–961

TLC2274, TLC2274A, TLC2274Y
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
QUAD OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS
 SLOS108C – MARCH 1992 – REVISED AUGUST 1994

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A^\dagger$	TLC2274C			TLC2274AC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{DD} \pm \pm 2.5\text{ V}, V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C		300	2500		300	950	μV
		Full range			3000			1500	
αV_{IO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 70°C		2			2		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C		0.002			0.002		$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$
I_{IO} Input offset current		25°C		0.5			0.5		pA
		Full range			100			100	
I_{IB} Input bias current	$R_S = 50\ \Omega, V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C		1			1		pA
		Full range			100			100	
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range		25°C	0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		V
		Full range	0 to 3.5			0 to 3.5			
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		4.99			4.99		V
	$I_{OH} = -200\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.85	4.93		4.85	4.93		
	$I_{OH} = -1\text{ mA}$	Full range	4.85			4.85			
		25°C	4.25	4.65		4.25	4.65		
		Full range	4.25			4.25			
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 50\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		0.01			0.01		V
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 500\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15	
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 5\text{ mA}$	Full range		0.15			0.15		
		25°C		0.9	1.5		0.9	1.5	
		Full range		1.5			1.5		
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, V_O = 1\text{ V to }4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C	15	35		15	35	V/mV
		$R_L = 1\text{ m}\Omega^\ddagger$	Full range	15			15		
			25°C		175			175	
r_{id} Differential input resistance		25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
r_i Common-mode input resistance		25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
c_i Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}, \text{ N package}$	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 1\text{ MHz}, A_V = 10$	25°C		140			140		Ω
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ to }2.7\text{ V}, V_O = 2.5\text{ V}, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	70	75		70	75		dB
		Full range	70			70			
KSVR Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to }16\text{ V}, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2, \text{ No load}$	25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
		Full range	80			80			
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 2.5\text{ V}, \text{ No load}$	25°C		4.4	6		4.4	6	mA
		Full range			6			6	

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 168 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



TLC2274, TLC2274A, TLC2274Y
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
QUAD OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS
SLOS106C – MARCH 1992 – REVISED AUGUST 1994

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T _A †	TLC2274C			TLC2274AC			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V _O = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, R _L = 10 kΩ [‡] , C _L = 100 pF [‡]		25°C	2.3	3.6		2.3	3.6		V/μs
				Full range	1.7			1.7			
V _n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz f = 1 kHz		25°C	50			50			nV/√Hz
				25°C	9			9			
V _{N(PP)}	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 to 1 Hz f = 0.1 to 10 Hz		25°C	1			1			μV
				25°C	1.4			1.4			
I _n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C	0.6			0.6			fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V _O = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, f = 20 kHz, R _L = 10 kΩ [‡]	A _V = 1	25°C	0.0013%			0.0013%			
			A _V = 10		0.004%			0.004%			
			A _V = 100		0.03%			0.03%			
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, R _L = 10 kΩ [‡] , C _L = 100 pF [‡]		25°C	2.18			2.18			MHz
BOM	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	V _{O(PP)} = 2 V, R _L = 10 kΩ [‡] , C _L = 100 pF [‡]	A _V = 1,	25°C	1			1			MHz
t _s	Settling time	A _V = −1, Step = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, R _L = 10 kΩ [‡] , C _L = 100 pF [‡]	To 0.1%	25°C	1.5			1.5			μs
			To 0.01%		2.6			2.6			
φ _m	Phase margin at unity gain	R _L = 10 kΩ [‡] , C _L = 100 pF [‡]		25°C	50°			50°			
	Gain margin			25°C	10			10			dB

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V



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2-963

TLC2274, TLC2274A, TLC2274Y
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QUAD OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS106C – MARCH 1992 – REVISED AUGUST 1994

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} \pm \pm 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A^\dagger$	TLC2274C			TLC2274AC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0, \quad V_O = 0, \quad R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C		300	2500		300	950	μV
		Full range			3000			1500	
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 70°C		2			2		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C		0.002			0.002		$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$
I_{IO} Input offset current		25°C		0.5			0.5		pA
		Full range			100			100	
I_{IB} Input bias current	$R_S = 50\ \Omega, \quad V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C		1			1		pA
		Full range			100			100	
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range		25°C	-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2		-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2		V
		Full range	-5 to 3.5			-5 to 3.5			
V_{OM+} Maximum positive peak output voltage	$I_O = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		4.99			4.99		V
	$I_O = -200\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.85	4.93		4.85	4.93		
		Full range	4.85			4.85			
	$I_O = -1\text{ mA}$	25°C	4.25	4.65		4.25	4.65		
V_{OM-} Maximum negative peak output voltage	$V_{IC} = 0, \quad I_O = 50\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		-4.99			-4.99		V
	$V_{IC} = 0, \quad I_O = 500\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	-4.85	-4.91		-4.85	-4.91		
		Full range	-4.85			-4.85			
	$V_{IC} = 0, \quad I_O = 5\text{ mA}$	25°C	-3.5	-4.1		-3.5	-4.1		
		Full range	-3.5			-3.5			
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = \pm 4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	25	50	25	50		V/mV
			Full range	25		25			
		$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$	25°C		300		300		
r_{id} Differential input resistance		25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
r_i Common-mode input resistance		25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
c_i Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}, \quad \text{N package}$	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 1\text{ MHz}, \quad A_V = 10$	25°C		130			130		Ω
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = -5\text{ V to } 2.7\text{ V}, \quad V_O = 0, \quad R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	75	80		75	80		dB
		Full range	75			75			
k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD} \pm / \Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} \pm = \pm 2.2\text{ V to } \pm 8\text{ V}, \quad V_{IC} = 0, \quad \text{No load}$	25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
		Full range	80			80			
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 0, \quad \text{No load}$	25°C		4.8	6		4.8	6	mA
		Full range			6			6	

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 168 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



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SLOS106C – MARCH 1992 – REVISED AUGUST 1994

operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} \pm \pm 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A^\dagger$	TLC2274C			TLC2274AC			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR Slew rate at unity gain	$V_O = \pm 2.3\text{ V}$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	2.3	3.6		2.3	3.6		V/ μs
		Full range	1.7			1.7			
V_n Equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 10\text{ Hz}$	25°C		50			50		nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
	$f = 1\text{ Hz}$	25°C		9			9		
$V_{N(PP)}$ Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }1\text{ Hz}$	25°C		1			1		μV
	$f = 0.1\text{ Hz to }10\text{ Hz}$	25°C		1.4			1.4		
I_n Equivalent input noise current		25°C		0.6			0.6		fA/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$
THD + N Total harmonic distortion plus noise	$V_O = \pm 2.3\text{ V}$, $f = 20\text{ kHz}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	$A_V = 1$		0.0011%			0.0011%		
		$A_V = 10$		0.004%			0.004%		
		$A_V = 100$		0.03%			0.03%		
Gain-bandwidth product	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25°C		2.25			2.25		MHz
BOM Maximum output-swing bandwidth	$V_{O(PP)} = 4.6\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$, $A_V = 1$	25°C		0.54			0.54		MHz
t_s Settling time	$A_V = -1$, Step = $-2.3\text{ V to }2.3\text{ V}$, $R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	To 0.1%		1.5			1.5		μs
		To 0.01%		3.2			3.2		
ϕ_m Phase margin at unity gain	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$, $C_L = 100\text{ pF}$	25°C		52°			52°		
Gain margin		25°C		10			10		dB

† Full range is 0°C to 70°C.



POST OFFICE BOX 655303 • DALLAS, TEXAS 75265

2-965

TLC2274, TLC2274A, TLC2274Y
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
QUAD OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS
 SLOS106C – MARCH 1992 – REVISED AUGUST 1994

electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A^\dagger$	TLC2274I			TLC2274AI			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0, V_O = 0, V_{DD} \pm \pm 2.5\text{ V}, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C		300	2500		300	950	μV
		Full range			3000			1500	
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 85°C		2			2		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C		0.002			0.002		$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$
I_{IO} Input offset current		25°C		0.5			0.5		pA
		Full range			150			150	
I_{IB} Input bias current		25°C		1			1		pA
		Full range			150			150	
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range	$R_S = 50\ \Omega, V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C	0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		V
		Full range	0 to 3.5			0 to 3.5			
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		4.99			4.99		V
	$I_{OH} = -200\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.85	4.93		4.85	4.93		
		Full range	4.85			4.85			
	$I_{OH} = -1\text{ mA}$	25°C	4.25	4.65		4.25	4.65		
		Full range	4.25			4.25			
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 50\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		0.01			0.01		V
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 500\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15	
		Full range			0.15			0.15	
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, I_{OL} = 5\text{ mA}$	25°C		0.9	1.5		0.9	1.5	
		Full range			1.5			1.5	
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}, V_O = 1\text{ V to } 4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C	15	35		15	35	V/mV
			Full range	15			15		
		$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C		175			175	
r_{id} Differential input resistance		25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
r_i Common-mode input resistance		25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
c_i Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}, \text{ N package}$	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 1\text{ MHz}, A_V = 10$	25°C		140			140		Ω
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ to } 2.7\text{ V}, V_O = 2.5\text{ V}, R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	70	75		70	75		dB
		Full range	70			70			
k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to } 16\text{ V}, V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2, \text{ No load}$	25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
		Full range	80			80			
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 2.5\text{ V}, \text{ No load}$	25°C		4.4	6		4.4	6	mA
		Full range			6			6	

† Full range is -40°C to 85°C .

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 168 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		TA†	TLC2274I			TLC2274AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	VO = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, RL = 10 kΩ‡, CL = 100 pF‡		25°C	2.3	3.6		2.3	3.6		V/μs
				Full range	1.7			1.7			
Vn	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C	50			50			nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C	9			9			
VN(PP)	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C	1			1			μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C	1.4			1.4			
In	Equivalent input noise current			25°C	0.6			0.6			fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	VO = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, f = 20 kHz, RL = 10 kΩ‡	AV = 1	25°C	0.0013%			0.0013%			
			AV = 10		0.004%			0.004%			
			AV = 100		0.03%			0.03%			
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, CL = 100 pF‡, RL = 10 kΩ‡		25°C	2.18			2.18			MHz
BOM	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	VO(PP) = 2 V, RL = 10 kΩ‡, AV = 1, CL = 100 pF‡		25°C	1			1			MHz
ts	Settling time	AV = -1, Step = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, RL = 10 kΩ‡, CL = 100 pF‡	To 0.1%	25°C	1.5			1.5			μs
			To 0.01%		2.6			2.6			
φm	Phase margin at unity gain	RL = 10 kΩ‡, CL = 100 pF‡		25°C	50°			50°			
	Gain margin			25°C	10			10			dB

† Full range is -40°C to 85°C .

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V



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2-967

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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} \pm \pm 5 \text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	$T_A^\dagger$	TLC2274I			TLC2274AI			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0, \quad V_O = 0, \quad R_S = 50 \Omega$	25°C		300	2500		300	950	μV
		Full range			3000			1500	
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 85°C		2			2		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C		0.002			0.002		$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$
I_{IO} Input offset current		25°C		0.5			0.5		pA
		Full range			150			150	
I_{IB} Input bias current		25°C		1			1		pA
		Full range			150			150	
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range	$R_S = 50 \Omega, \quad V_{IO} \leq 5 \text{ mV}$	25°C	-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2		-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2		V
		Full range	-5 to 3.5			-5 to 3.5			
V_{OM+} Maximum positive peak output voltage	$I_O = -20 \mu\text{A}$	25°C		4.99			4.99		V
	$I_O = -200 \mu\text{A}$	25°C	4.85	4.93		4.85	4.93		
		Full range	4.85			4.85			
	$I_O = -1 \text{ mA}$	25°C	4.25	4.65		4.25	4.65		
V_{OM-} Maximum negative peak output voltage	$V_{IC} = 0, \quad I_O = 50 \mu\text{A}$	25°C		-4.99			-4.99		V
	$V_{IC} = 0, \quad I_O = 500 \mu\text{A}$	25°C	-4.85	-4.91		-4.85	-4.91		
		Full range	-4.85			-4.85			
	$V_{IC} = 0, \quad I_O = 5 \text{ mA}$	25°C	-3.5	-4.1		-3.5	-4.1		
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = \pm 4 \text{ V}$	$R_L = 10 \text{ k}\Omega$	25°C	25	50	25	50		V/mV
			Full range	25		25			
		$R_L = 1 \text{ M}\Omega$	25°C		300		300		
r_{id} Differential input resistance		25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
r_i Common-mode input resistance		25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
c_i Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10 \text{ kHz}, \quad \text{N package}$	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 1 \text{ MHz}, \quad A_V = 10$	25°C		130			130		Ω
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = -5 \text{ to } 2.7 \text{ V}, \quad V_O = 0, \quad R_S = 50 \Omega$	25°C	75	80		75	80		dB
		Full range	75			75			
kSVR Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD} \pm / \Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} \pm = \pm 2.2 \text{ V to } \pm 8 \text{ V}, \quad V_{IC} = 0, \quad \text{No load}$	25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
		Full range	80			80			
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 0, \quad \text{No load}$	25°C		4.8	6		4.8	6	mA
		Full range			6			6	

† Full range is -40°C to 85°C .

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 168 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} \pm \pm 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T _A †	TLC2274I			TLC2274AI			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V _O = ±2.3 V, C _L = 100 pF	R _L = 10 kΩ,	25°C	2.3	3.6		2.3	3.6		V/μs
				Full range	1.7			1.7			
V _n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz f = 1 kHz		25°C		50			50		nV/√Hz
				25°C		9			9		
V _{N(PP)}	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		1			1		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.4			1.4		
I _n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V _O = ±2.3 V, R _L = 10 kΩ, f = 20 kHz	A _V = 1 A _V = 10 A _V = 100	25°C	0.0011%			0.0011%			
					0.004%			0.004%			
					0.03%			0.03%			
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, C _L = 100 pF	R _L = 10 kΩ,	25°C		2.25			2.25		MHz
BOM	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	V _{O(PP)} = 4.6 V, R _L = 10 kΩ, C _L = 100 pF	A _V = 1,	25°C		0.54			0.54		MHz
t _s	Settling time	A _V = −1, Step = −2.3 V to 2.3 V, R _L = 10 kΩ, C _L = 100 pF	To 0.1%	25°C	1.5			1.5			μs
			To 0.01%		3.2			3.2			
φ _m	Phase margin at unity gain	R _L = 10 kΩ, C _L = 100 pF		25°C	52°			52°			
	Gain margin			25°C	10			10			dB

† Full range is $-40^\circ\text{C to }85^\circ\text{C}$.



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2-969

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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	T_A †	TLC2274M			TLC2274AM			UNIT
			MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{DD} = \pm 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = 0$, $V_O = 0$, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C		300	2500		300	950	μV
		Full range			3000			1500	
α_{VIO} Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage		25°C to 125°C		2			2		$\mu\text{V}/^\circ\text{C}$
Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)		25°C		0.002			0.002		$\mu\text{V}/\text{mo}$
I_{IO} Input offset current		25°C		0.5			0.5		pA
		Full range			500			500	
I_{IB} Input bias current	$R_S = 50\ \Omega$, $ V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$	25°C		1			1		pA
		Full range			500			500	
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range		25°C	0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		V
		Full range	0 to 3.5			0 to 3.5			
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		4.99			4.99		V
		25°C	4.85	4.93		4.85	4.93		
	$I_{OH} = -200\ \mu\text{A}$	Full range	4.85			4.85			
		25°C	4.25	4.65		4.25	4.65		
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$I_{OH} = -1\text{ mA}$	Full range	4.25			4.25			V
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 50\ \mu\text{A}$	25°C		0.01			0.01		
		25°C		0.09	0.15		0.09	0.15	
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 500\ \mu\text{A}$	Full range			0.15			0.15	
		25°C		0.9	1.5		0.9	1.5	
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 5\text{ mA}$	Full range			1.5			1.5	
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 1\text{ V to } 4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C	10	35		10	35	V/mV
			Full range	10			10		
		$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega^\ddagger$	25°C		175			175	
r_{id} Differential input resistance		25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
r_i Common-mode input resistance		25°C		10^{12}			10^{12}		Ω
c_i Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$, N package	25°C		8			8		pF
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $A_V = 10$	25°C		140			140		Ω
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ to } 2.7\text{ V}$, $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	25°C	70	75		70	75		dB
		Full range	70			70			
kSVR Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to } 16\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$, No load	25°C	80	95		80	95		dB
		Full range	80			80			
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, No load	25°C		4.4	6		4.4	6	mA
		Full range			6			6	

† Full range is -55°C to 125°C.

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 168 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ\text{C}$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



2-970

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operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T _A †	TLC2274M			TLC2274AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V _O = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, R _L = 10 kΩ‡, C _L = 100 pF‡		25°C	2.3	3.6		2.3	3.6		V/μs
				Full range	1.7			1.7			
V _n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz f = 1 kHz		25°C	50			50			nV/√Hz
				25°C	9			9			
V _{N(PP)}	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C	1			1			μV
				25°C	1.4			1.4			
I _n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C	0.6			0.6			fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V _O = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, f = 20 kHz, R _L = 10 kΩ‡	A _V = 1	25°C	0.0013%			0.0013%			
			A _V = 10		0.004%			0.004%			
			A _V = 100		0.03%			0.03%			
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, C _L = 100 pF‡	R _L = 10 kΩ‡	25°C	2.18			2.18			MHz
BOM	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	V _{O(PP)} = 2 V, R _L = 10 kΩ‡	A _V = 1, C _L = 100 pF‡	25°C	1			1			MHz
t _s	Settling time	A _V = -1, Step = 0.5 V to 2.5 V, R _L = 10 kΩ‡, C _L = 100 pF‡	To 0.1%	25°C	1.5			1.5			μs
			To 0.01%		2.6			2.6			
φ _m	Phase margin at unity gain	R _L = 10 kΩ‡, C _L = 100 pF‡		25°C	50°			50°			
	Gain margin			25°C	10			10			dB

† Full range is -55°C to 125°C .

‡ Referenced to 2.5 V



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2-971

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electrical characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} \pm \pm 5$ V (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T _A †	TLC2274M			TLC2274AM			UNIT		
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX			
V _{IO}	Input offset voltage	V _{IC} = 0, V _O = 0, R _S = 50 Ω		25°C	300		2500	300		950	μV		
				Full range			3000			1500			
α _{VIO}	Temperature coefficient of input offset voltage			25°C to 125°C	2			2			μV/°C		
	Input offset voltage long-term drift (see Note 4)			25°C	0.002			0.002			μV/mo		
I _{IO}	Input offset current			25°C	0.5			0.5			pA		
				Full range			500			500			
I _{IB}	Input bias current			25°C	1			1			pA		
				Full range			500			500			
V _{ICR}	Common-mode input voltage range			R _S = 50 Ω, V _{IO} ≤ 5 mV		25°C	-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2		-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2	V	
						Full range			-5 to 3.5				-5 to 3.5
V _{OM+}	Maximum positive peak output voltage	I _O = -20 μA		25°C	4.99			4.99		V			
				25°C	4.85	4.93	4.85		4.93				
				Full range			4.85				4.85		
				25°C	4.25	4.65	4.25		4.65				
V _{OM-}	Maximum negative peak output voltage	I _O = -1 mA		Full range			4.25			4.25			
				V _{IC} = 0, I _O = 50 μA		25°C	-4.99		-4.99		V		
						25°C	-4.85	-4.91	-4.85			-4.91	
						Full range			-4.85			-4.85	
25°C	-3.5	-4.1	-3.5			-4.1							
A _{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	V _O = ±4 V		R _L = 10 kΩ		25°C	20	50	20		50	V/mV	
						Full range			20				20
						R _L = 1 MΩ		25°C	300		300		
								Full range			300		
r _{id}		Differential input resistance		25°C				10 ¹²		10 ¹²		Ω	
								r _i		Common-mode input resistance			25°C
c _i		Common-mode input capacitance		f = 10 kHz, N package		25°C						8	
								z _o		Closed-loop output impedance		f = 1 MHz, A _V = 10	
CMRR		Common-mode rejection ratio		V _{IC} = -5 V to 2.7 V V _O = 0, R _S = 50 Ω		25°C							
								kSVR		Supply-voltage rejection ratio (ΔV _{DD} ±/ΔV _{IO})		V _{DD} ± = ± 2.2 V to ±8 V, V _{IC} = 0, No load	
I _{DD}		Supply current		V _O = 0, No load		25°C							
								Full range				6	

† Full range is $-55^\circ C$ to $125^\circ C$.

NOTE 4: Typical values are based on the input offset voltage shift observed through 168 hours of operating life test at $T_A = 150^\circ C$ extrapolated to $T_A = 25^\circ C$ using the Arrhenius equation and assuming an activation energy of 0.96 eV.



TEXAS 75265

2-972

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operating characteristics at specified free-air temperature, $V_{DD} \pm = \pm 5\text{ V}$

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS		T _A †	TLC2274M			TLC2274AM			UNIT
					MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	TYP	MAX	
SR	Slew rate at unity gain	V _O = ±2.3 V, C _L = 100 pF	R _L = 10 kΩ,	25°C	2.3	3.6		2.3	3.6		V/μs
				Full range	1.7			1.7			
V _n	Equivalent input noise voltage	f = 10 Hz		25°C		50			50		nV/√Hz
		f = 1 kHz		25°C		9			9		
V _{N(PP)}	Peak-to-peak equivalent input noise voltage	f = 0.1 Hz to 1 Hz		25°C		1			1		μV
		f = 0.1 Hz to 10 Hz		25°C		1.4			1.4		
I _n	Equivalent input noise current			25°C		0.6			0.6		fA/√Hz
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	V _O = ±2.3 V, R _L = 10 kΩ, f = 20 kHz	A _V = 1	25°C	0.0011%			0.0011%			
			A _V = 10		0.004%			0.004%			
			A _V = 100		0.03%			0.03%			
	Gain-bandwidth product	f = 10 kHz, C _L = 100 pF	R _L = 10 kΩ,	25°C	2.25			2.25			MHz
BOM	Maximum output-swing bandwidth	V _{O(PP)} = 4.6 V, R _L = 10 kΩ,	A _V = 1, C _L = 100 pF	25°C	0.54			0.54			MHz
t _s	Settling time	A _V = -1, Step = -2.3 V to 2.3 V, R _L = 10 kΩ, C _L = 100 pF	To 0.1%	25°C	1.5			1.5			μs
			To 0.01%		3.2			3.2			
φ _m	Phase margin at unit gain	R _L = 10 kΩ,	C _L = 100 pF	25°C	52°			52°			
	Gain margin			25°C	10			10			dB

† Full range is -55°C to 125°C.



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2-973

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electrical characteristics at $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TLC2274Y			UNIT
		MIN	TYP	MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0$, $V_{DD} \pm = \pm 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_O = 0$, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$		300	2500	μV
I_{IO} Input offset current			0.5	100	pA
I_{IB} Input bias current			1	100	pA
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range	$R_S = 50\ \Omega$	0 to 4	-0.3 to 4.2		V
V_{OH} High-level output voltage	$ V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$		4.99		V
	$I_{OH} = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	4.85	4.93		
	$I_{OH} = -200\ \mu\text{A}$	4.25	4.65		
V_{OL} Low-level output voltage	$I_{OL} = -1\text{ mA}$		0.01		V
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 50\ \mu\text{A}$		0.09	0.15	
	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 500\ \mu\text{A}$		0.9	1.5	
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_{IC} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $I_{OL} = 5\text{ mA}$	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega^\dagger$	15	35	V/mV
		$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega^\dagger$	175		
r_{id} Differential input resistance	$V_O = 1\text{ V to } 4\text{ V}$		10^{12}		Ω
r_i Common-mode input resistance			10^{12}		Ω
c_i Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$		8		pF
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $A_V = 10$		140		Ω
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = 0\text{ to } 2.7\text{ V}$, $V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$	70	75		dB
k_{SVR} Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD}/\Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} = 4.4\text{ V to } 16\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = V_{DD}/2$, No load	80	95		dB
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 2.5\text{ V}$, No load		4.4	6	mA

† Referenced to 2.5 V



2-974

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8961724 0093654 298

electrical characteristics at $V_{DD} \pm \pm 5\text{ V}$, $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	TLC2274Y		UNIT
		MIN	TYP MAX	
V_{IO} Input offset voltage	$V_{IC} = 0$, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$ $V_O = 0$,	300 2500		μV
I_{IO} Input offset current		0.5 100		pA
I_{IB} Input bias current		1 100		pA
V_{ICR} Common-mode input voltage range	$R_S = 50\ \Omega$, $ V_{IO} \leq 5\text{ mV}$	-5 to 4	-5.3 to 4.2	V
V_{OM+} Maximum positive peak output voltage	$I_O = -20\ \mu\text{A}$	4.99		V
	$I_O = -200\ \mu\text{A}$	4.85	4.93	
	$I_O = -1\text{ mA}$	4.25	4.65	
V_{OM-} Maximum negative peak output voltage	$V_{IC} = 0$, $I_{OL} = 50\ \mu\text{A}$	-4.99		V
	$V_{IC} = 0$, $I_{OL} = 500\ \mu\text{A}$	-4.85	-4.91	
	$V_{IC} = 0$, $I_{OL} = 5\text{ mA}$	-3.5	-4.1	
A_{VD} Large-signal differential voltage amplification	$V_O = \pm 4\text{ V}$	$R_L = 10\text{ k}\Omega$	25 50	V/mV
		$R_L = 1\text{ M}\Omega$	300	
r_{id} Differential input resistance		10^{12}		Ω
r_i Common-mode input resistance		10^{12}		Ω
c_i Common-mode input capacitance	$f = 10\text{ kHz}$	8		pF
z_o Closed-loop output impedance	$f = 1\text{ MHz}$, $A_V = 10$	130		Ω
CMRR Common-mode rejection ratio	$V_{IC} = -5\text{ V to } 2.7\text{ V}$, $R_S = 50\ \Omega$ $V_O = 0$,	75	80	dB
ksvr Supply-voltage rejection ratio ($\Delta V_{DD} \pm / \Delta V_{IO}$)	$V_{DD} \pm = \pm 2.2\text{ V to } \pm 8\text{ V}$, $V_{IC} = 0$	80	95	dB
I_{DD} Supply current	$V_O = 0$, No load	4.8	6	mA



**TEXAS
INSTRUMENTS**

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8961724 0093655 124

2-975

TLC2274, TLC2274A, TLC2274Y
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
QUAD OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

SLOS106C – MARCH 1992 – REVISED AUGUST 1994

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Table of Graphs

			FIGURE
V_{IO}	Input offset voltage	Distribution vs Common-mode voltage	1, 2 3, 4
α_{VIO}	Input offset voltage temperature coefficient	Distribution	5, 6
I_{B}/I_{IO}	Input bias and offset currents	vs Free-air temperature	7
V_I	Input voltage range	vs Supply voltage vs Free-air temperature	8 9
V_{OH}	High-level output voltage	vs High-level output current	10
V_{OL}	Low-level output voltage	vs Low-level output current	11, 12
V_{OM+}	Maximum positive peak output voltage	vs Output current	13
V_{OM-}	Maximum negative peak output voltage	vs Output current	14
V_{OM}	Maximum output voltage	vs Frequency	15
I_{OS}	Short-circuit output current	vs Supply voltage vs Free-air temperature	16 17
V_O	Output voltage	vs Differential input voltage	18, 19
A_{VD}	Large-signal differential voltage amplification	vs Load resistance vs Frequency vs Free-air temperature	20 21, 22 23, 24
z_o	Output impedance	vs Frequency	25, 26
CMRR	Common-mode rejection ratio	vs Frequency vs Free-air temperature	27 28
kSVR	Supply-voltage rejection ratio	vs Frequency vs Free-air temperature	29, 30 31
I_{DD}	Supply current	vs Supply voltage vs Free-air temperature	32 33
SR	Slew rate	vs Load capacitance vs Free-air temperature	34 35
	Large-signal pulse response	vs Time	36, 37, 38, 39
	Small-signal pulse response	vs Time	40, 41, 42, 43
V_n	Equivalent input noise voltage	vs Frequency	44, 45
	Noise voltage	Over a 10-second period	46
	Integrated noise voltage	vs Frequency	47
THD + N	Total harmonic distortion plus noise	vs Frequency	48
	Gain-bandwidth product	vs Free-air temperature vs Supply voltage	49 50
ϕ_m	Phase margin	vs Frequency vs Load capacitance	21, 22 51
	Gain margin	vs Load capacitance	52

NOTE: For all graphs where $V_{DD} = 5\text{ V}$, all loads are referenced to 2.5 V.



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2-976

8961724 0093656 060

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2274
INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE

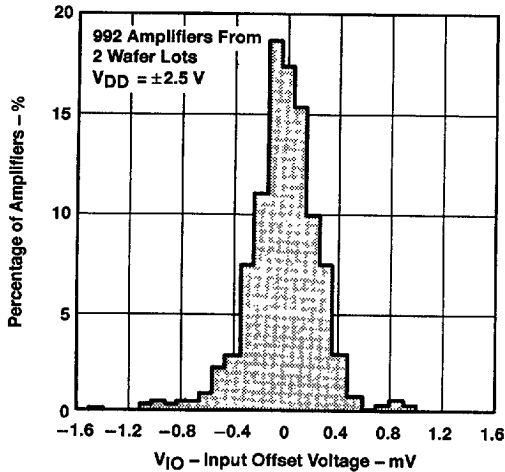


Figure 1

DISTRIBUTION OF TLC2274
INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE

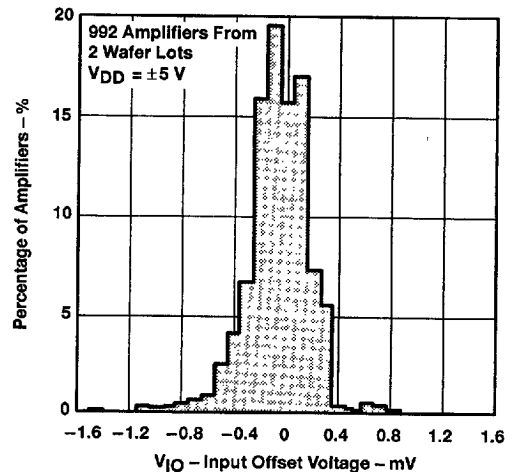


Figure 2

INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE
vs
COMMON-MODE VOLTAGE

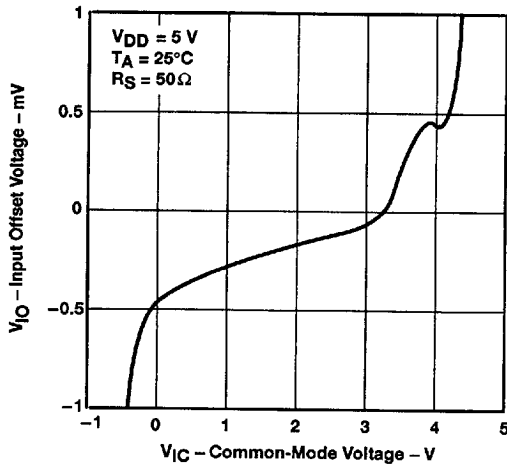


Figure 3

INPUT OFFSET VOLTAGE
vs
COMMON-MODE VOLTAGE

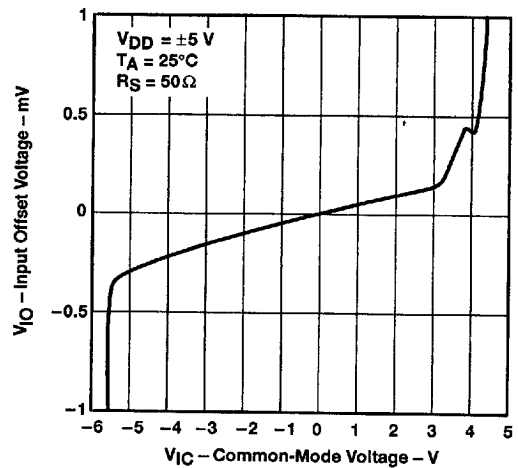


Figure 4



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2-977

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS†

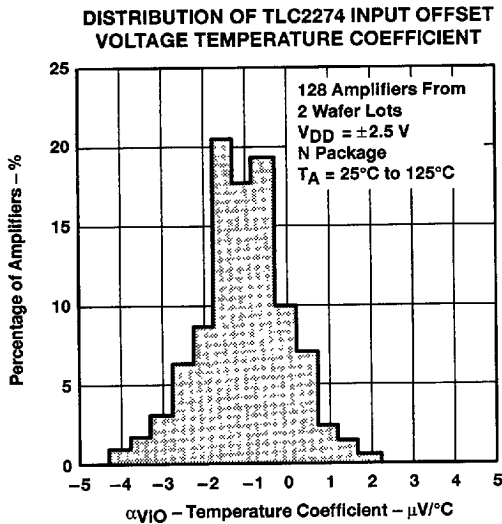


Figure 5

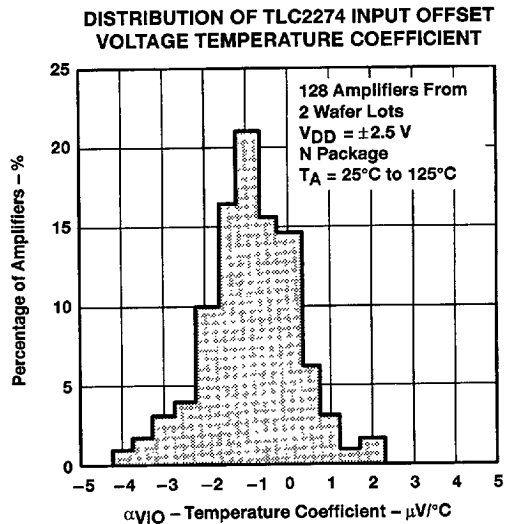


Figure 6

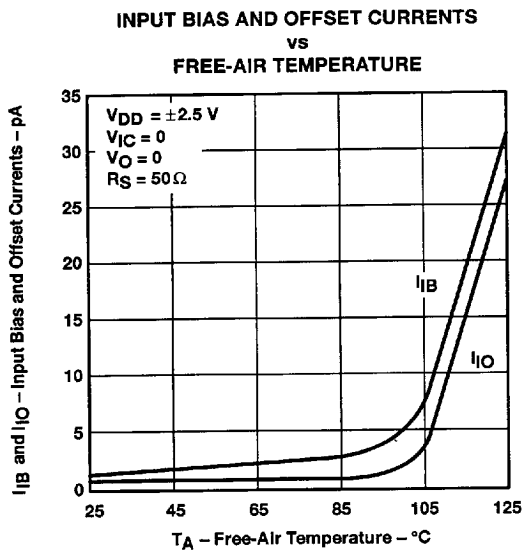


Figure 7

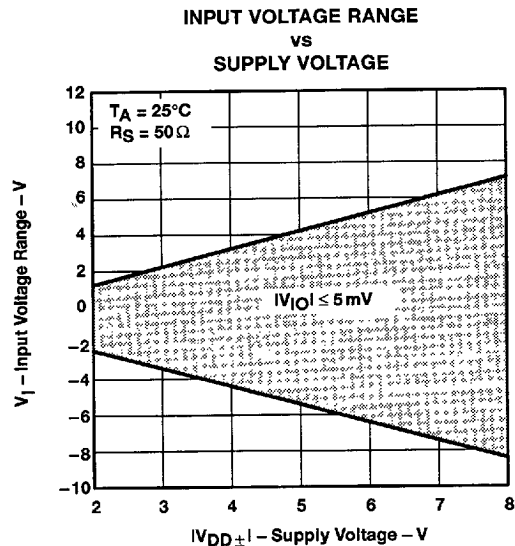


Figure 8

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS†

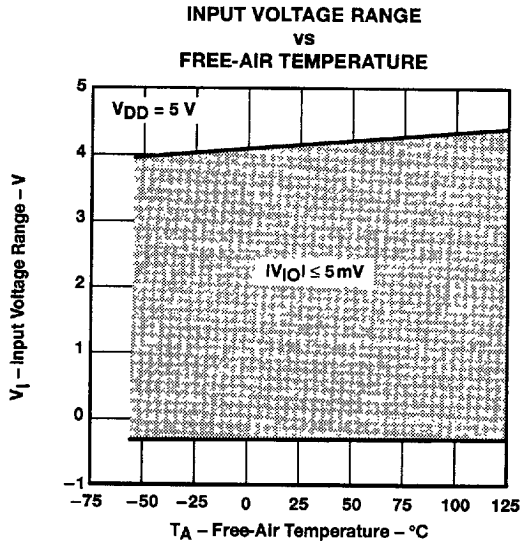


Figure 9

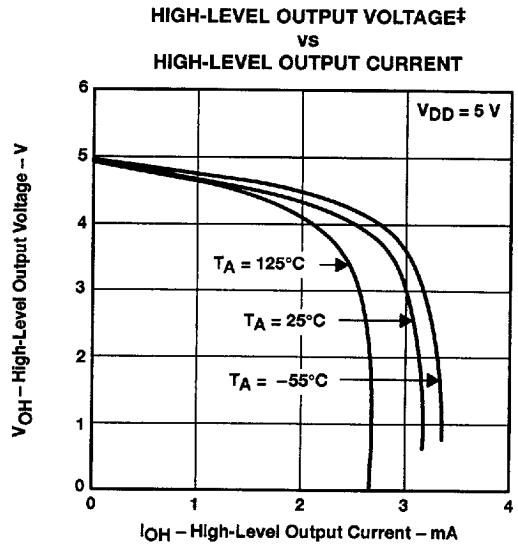


Figure 10

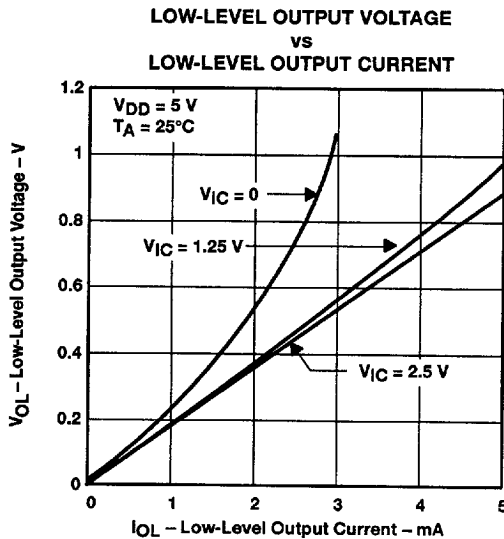


Figure 11

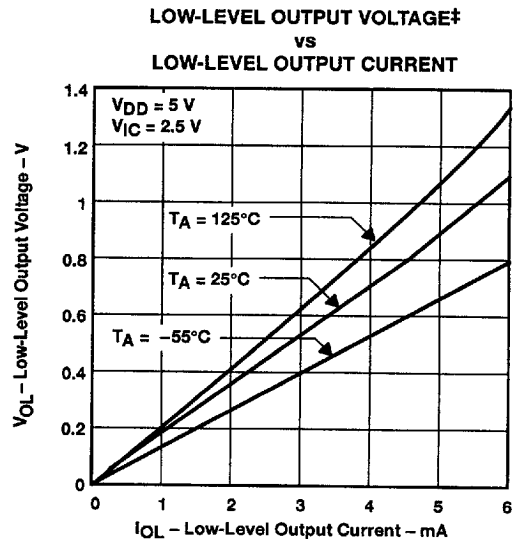


Figure 12

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.
‡ The -55°C curve and the 125°C curve apply only to the M version.



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2-979

8961724 0093659 87T

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

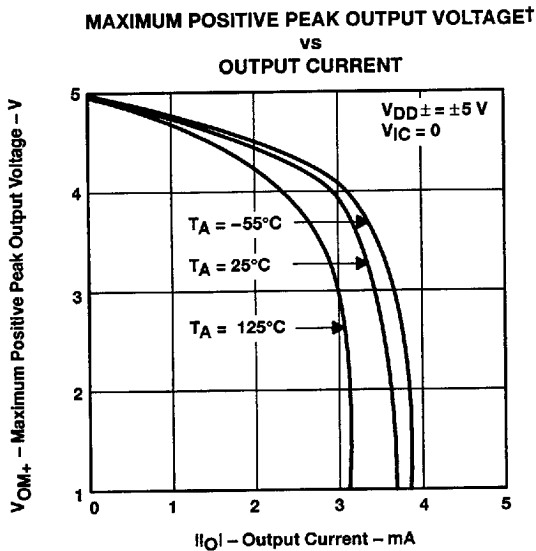


Figure 13

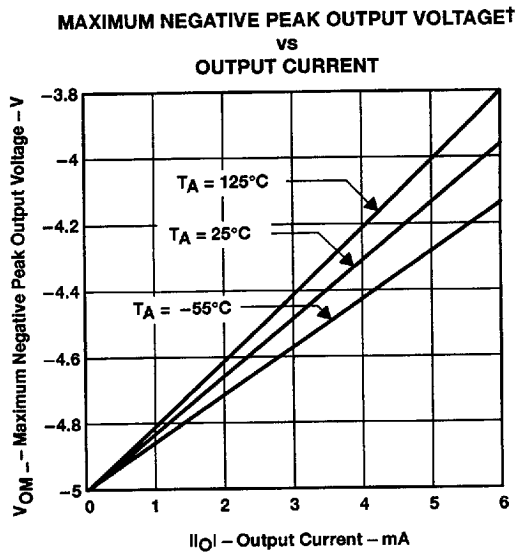


Figure 14

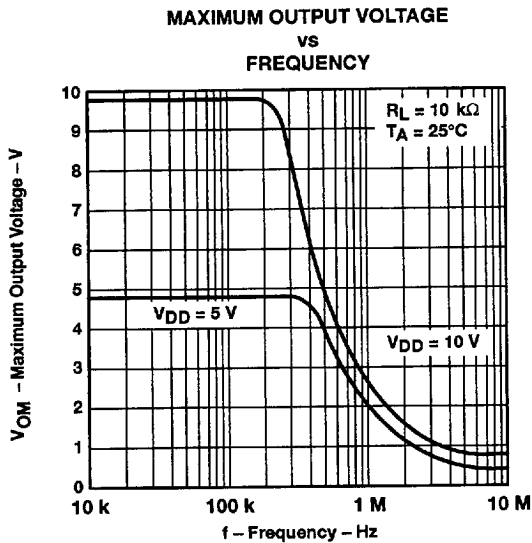


Figure 15

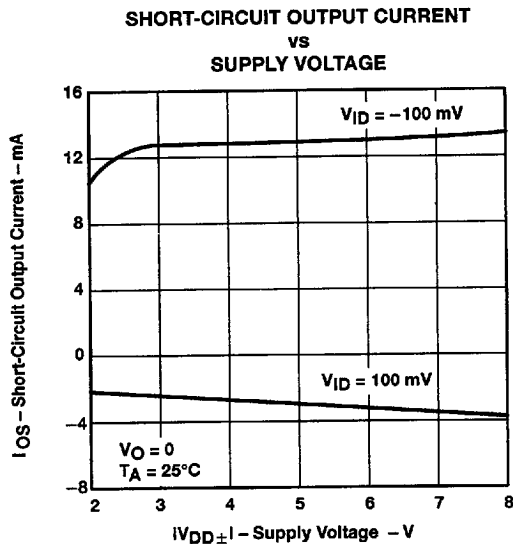


Figure 16

† The -55°C curve and the 125°C curve apply only to the M version.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS†

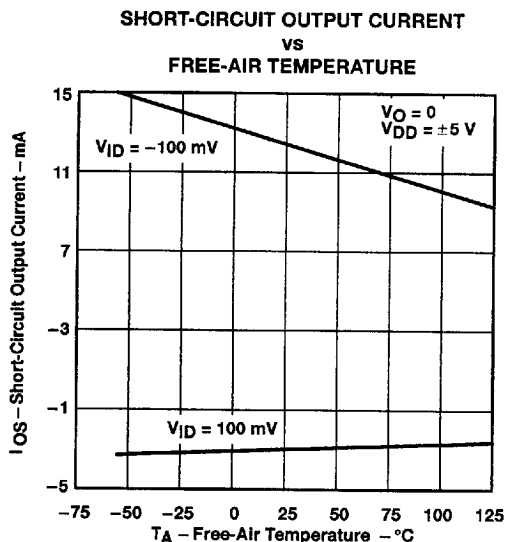


Figure 17

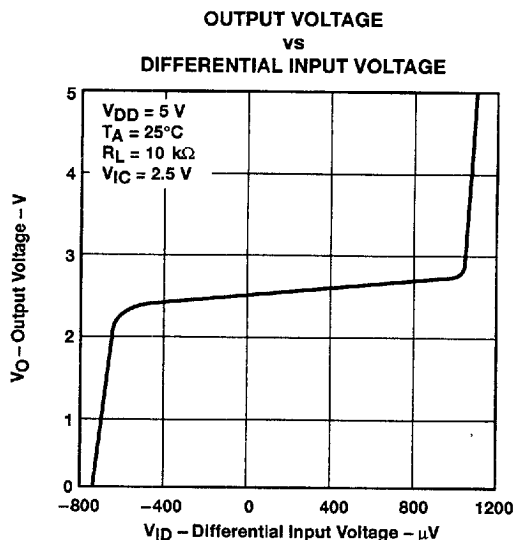


Figure 18

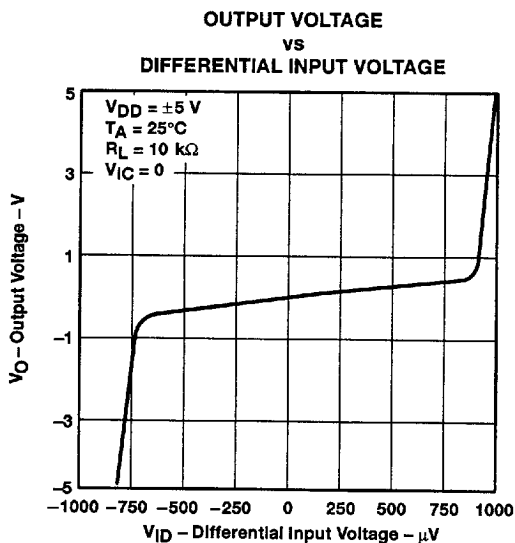


Figure 19

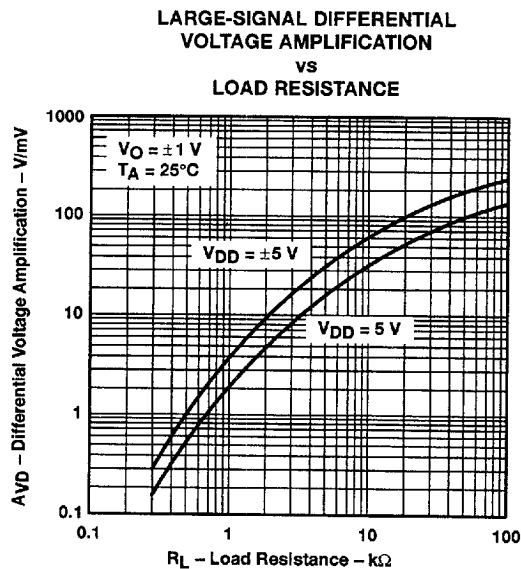


Figure 20

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.



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8961724 0093661 428

2-981

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE MARGIN

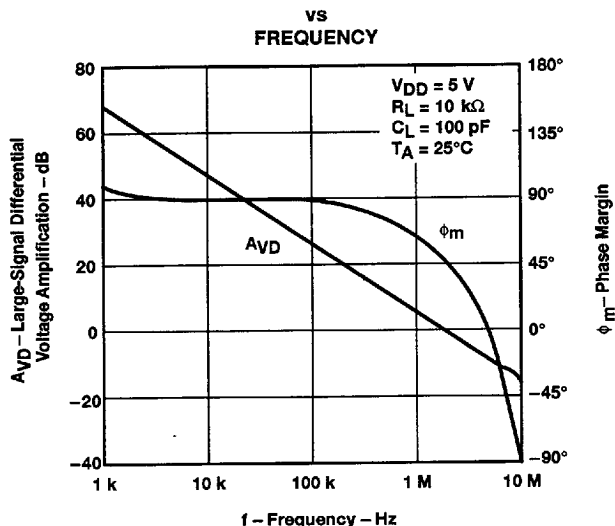


Figure 21

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION AND PHASE MARGIN

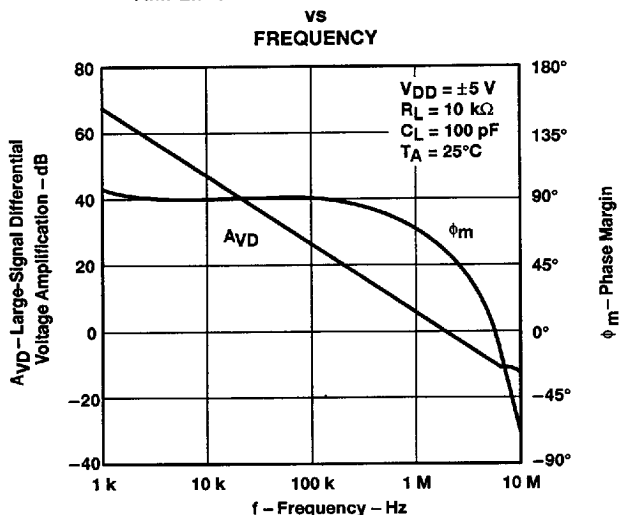


Figure 22



LAS, TEXAS 75265

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS†

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL
VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION
VS
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

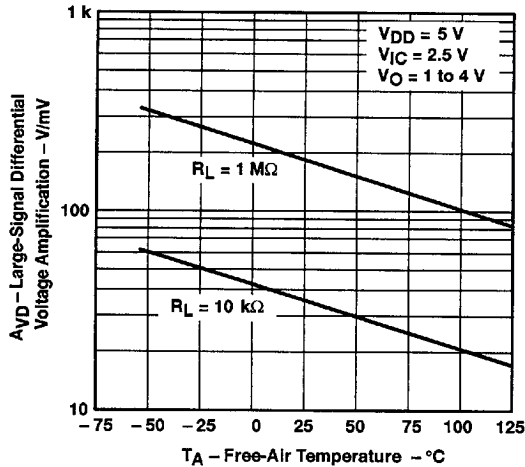


Figure 23

LARGE-SIGNAL DIFFERENTIAL
VOLTAGE AMPLIFICATION
VS
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

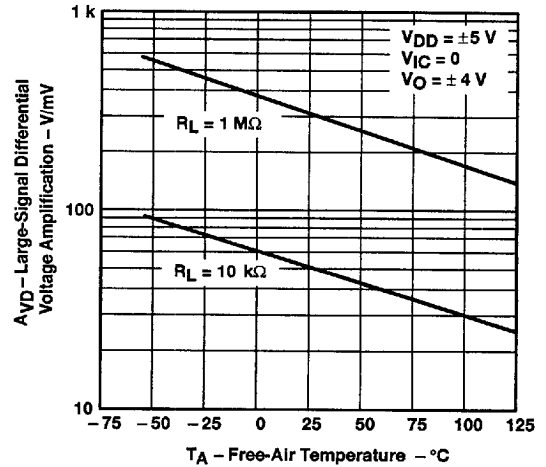


Figure 24

OUTPUT IMPEDANCE
VS
FREQUENCY

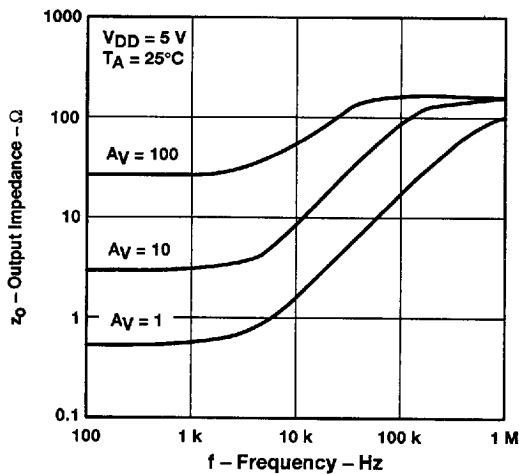


Figure 25

OUTPUT IMPEDANCE
VS
FREQUENCY

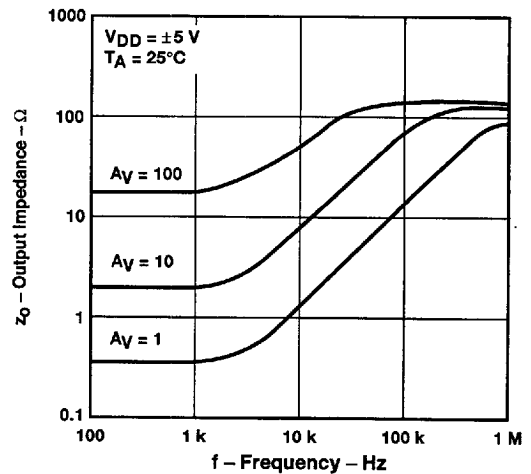


Figure 26

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.



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2-983

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS†

COMMON-MODE REJECTION RATIO
vs
FREQUENCY

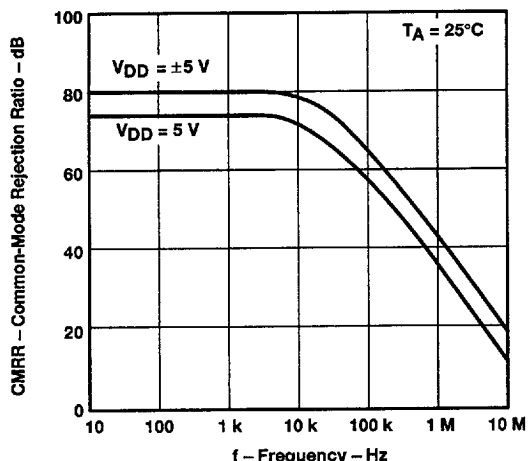


Figure 27

COMMON-MODE REJECTION RATIO
vs
FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE

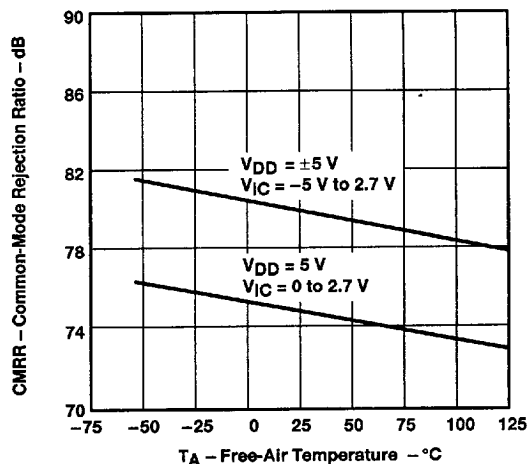


Figure 28

SUPPLY-VOLTAGE REJECTION RATIO
vs
FREQUENCY

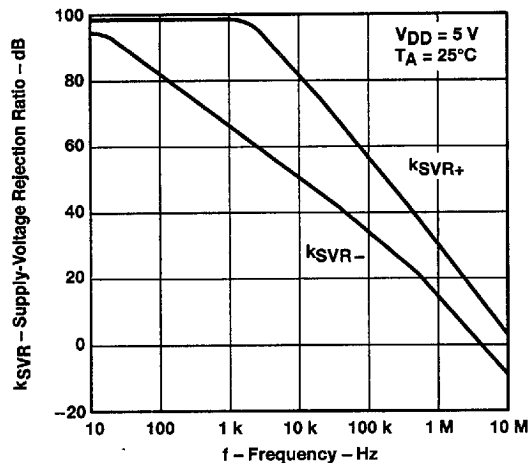


Figure 29

SUPPLY-VOLTAGE REJECTION RATIO
vs
FREQUENCY

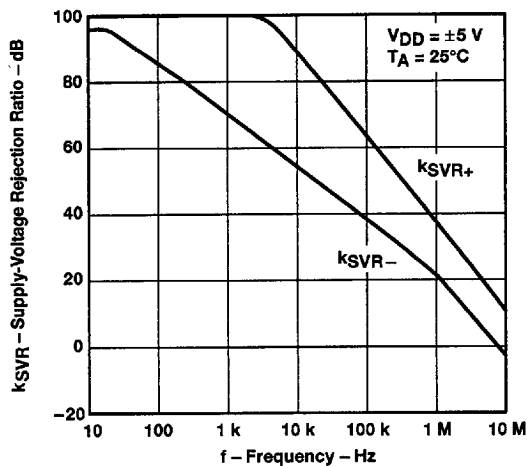


Figure 30

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS†

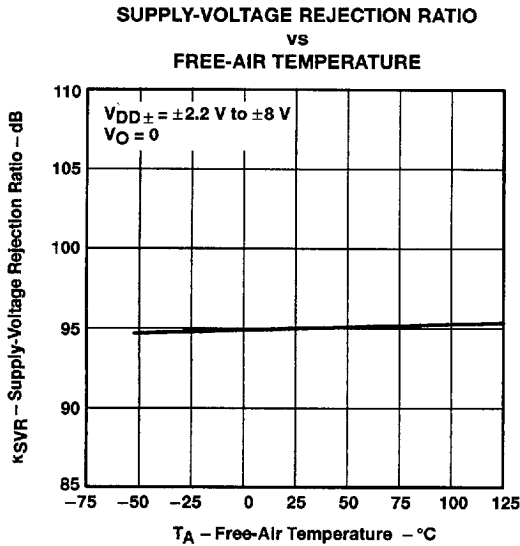


Figure 31

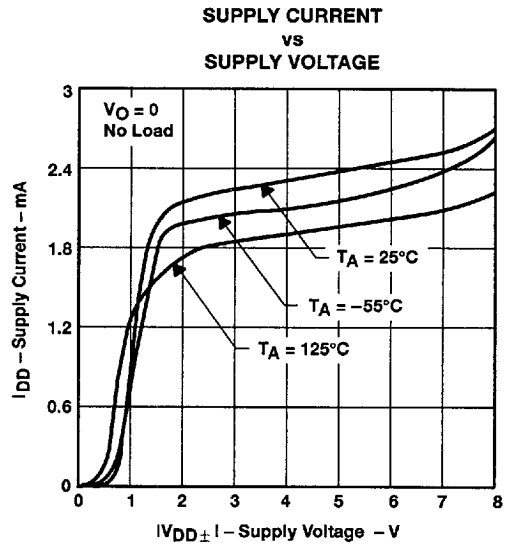


Figure 32

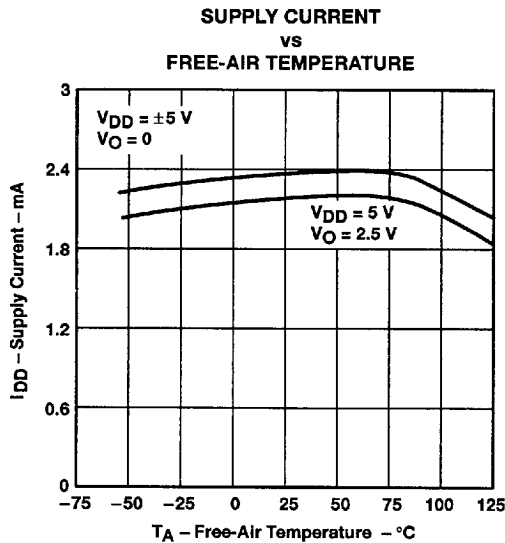


Figure 33

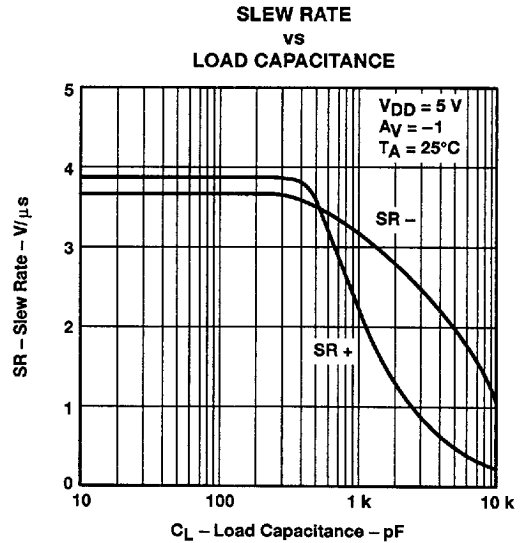


Figure 34

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS†

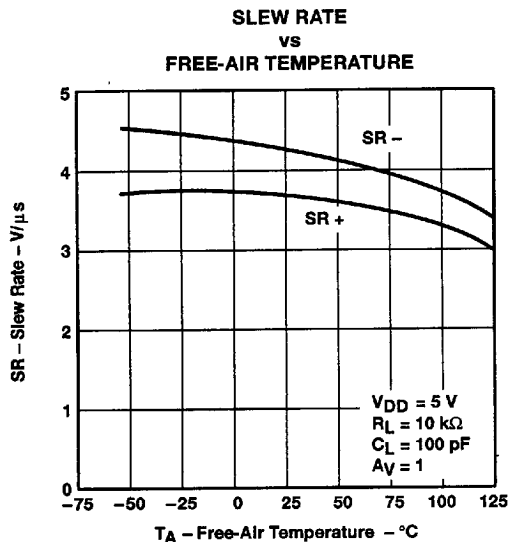


Figure 35

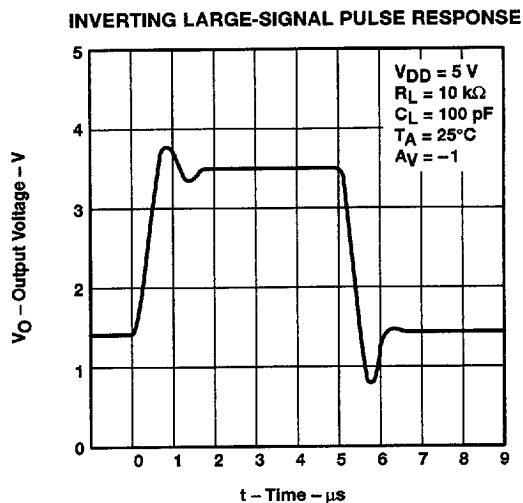


Figure 36

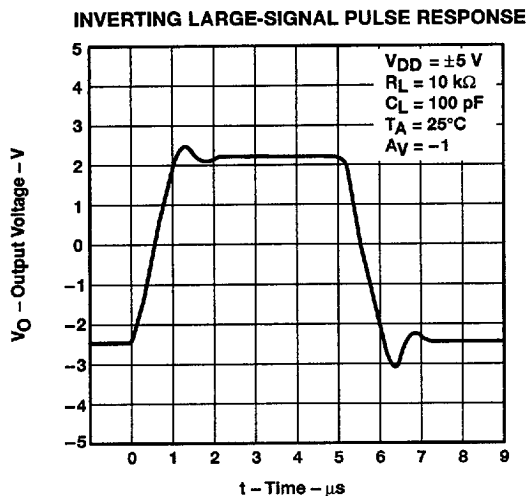


Figure 37

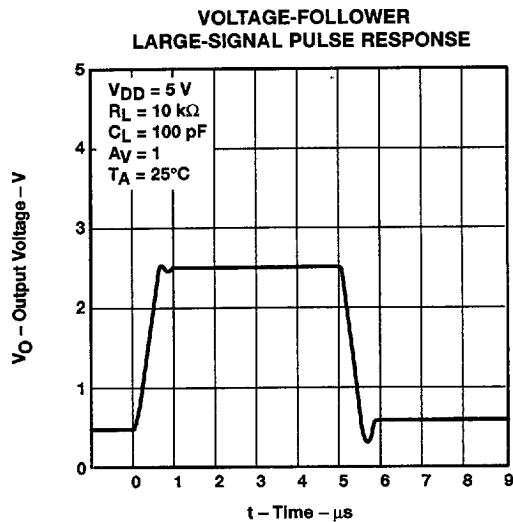


Figure 38

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

**VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER
LARGE-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE**

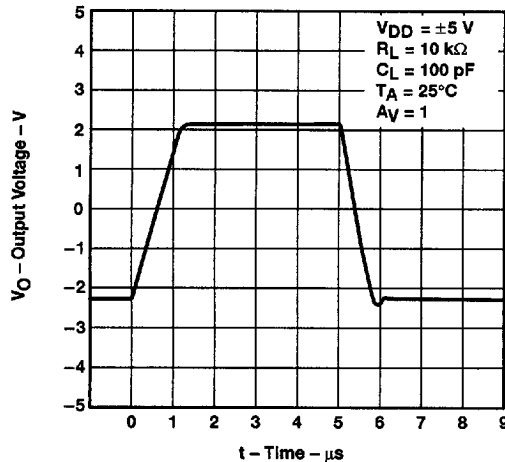


Figure 39

INVERTING SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

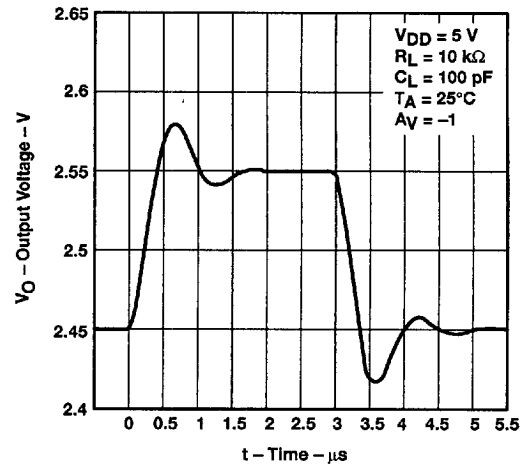


Figure 40

INVERTING SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE

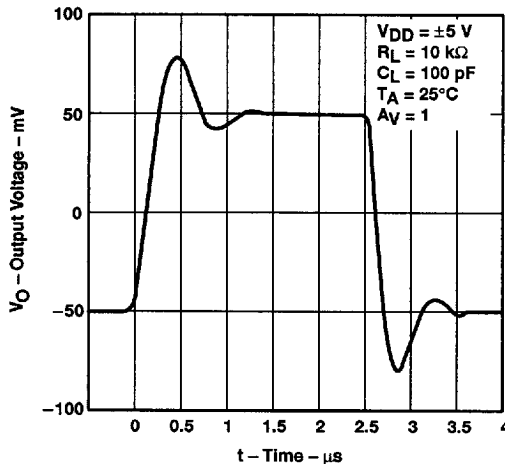


Figure 41

**VOLTAGE-FOLLOWER
SMALL-SIGNAL PULSE RESPONSE**

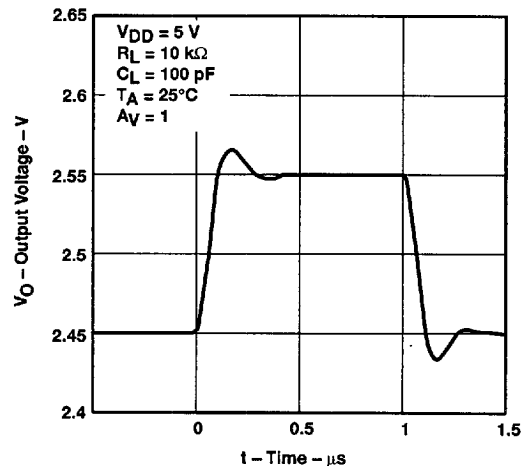


Figure 42



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2-987

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

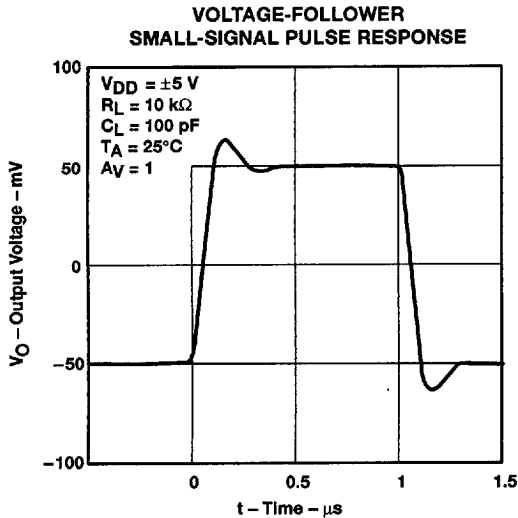


Figure 43

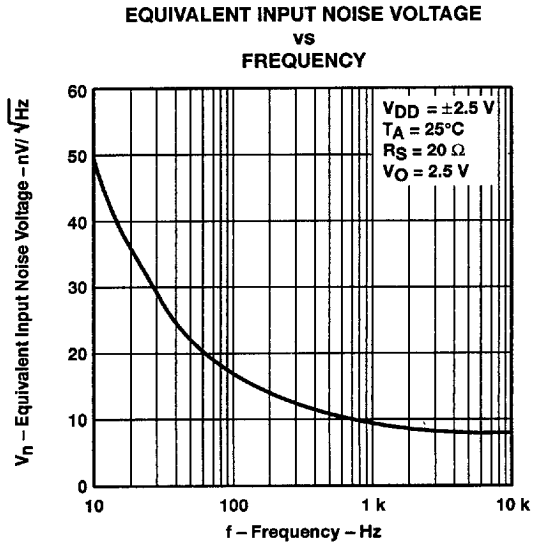


Figure 44

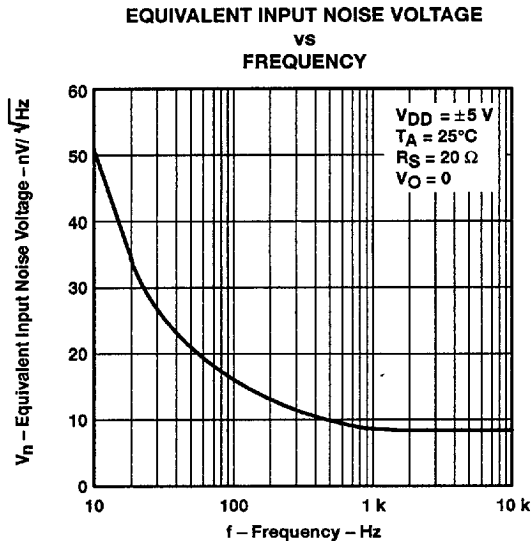


Figure 45

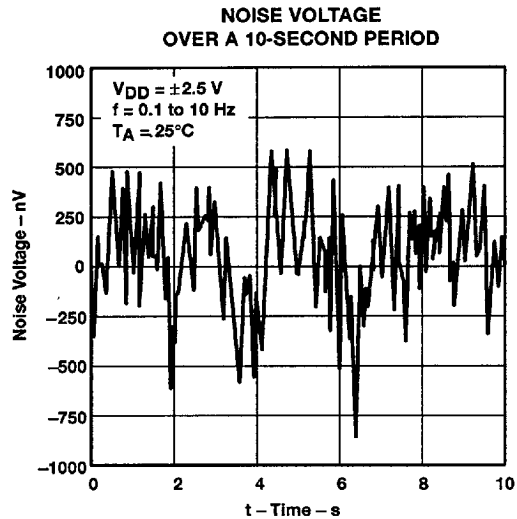


Figure 46



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS†

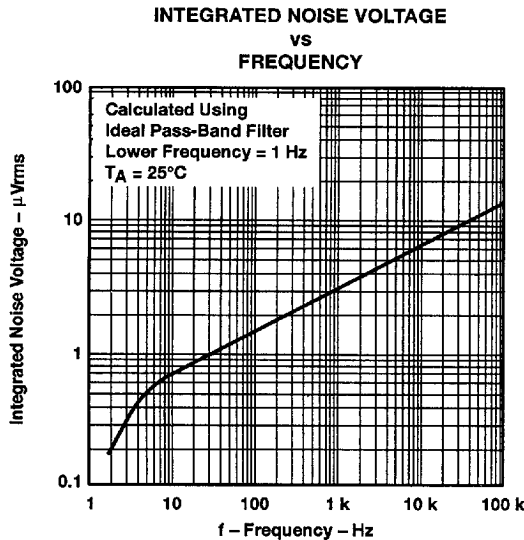


Figure 47

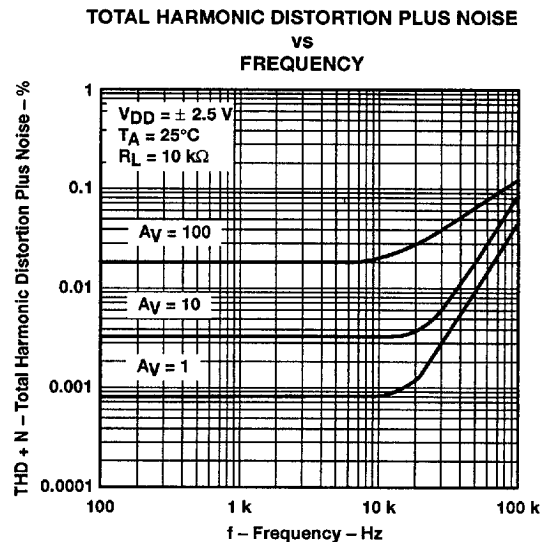


Figure 48

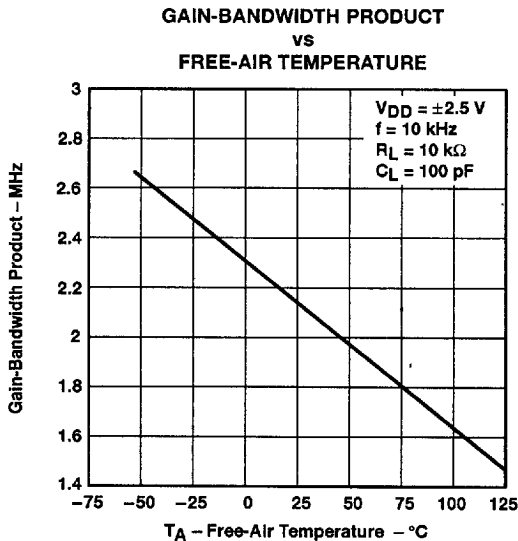


Figure 49

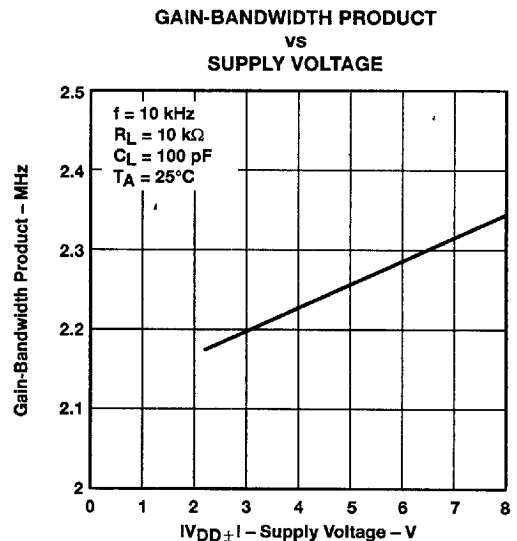


Figure 50

† Data at high and low temperatures are applicable only within the rated operating free-air temperature ranges of the various devices.



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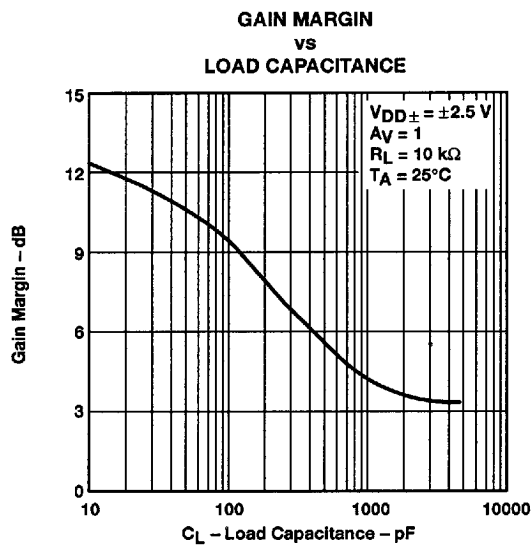
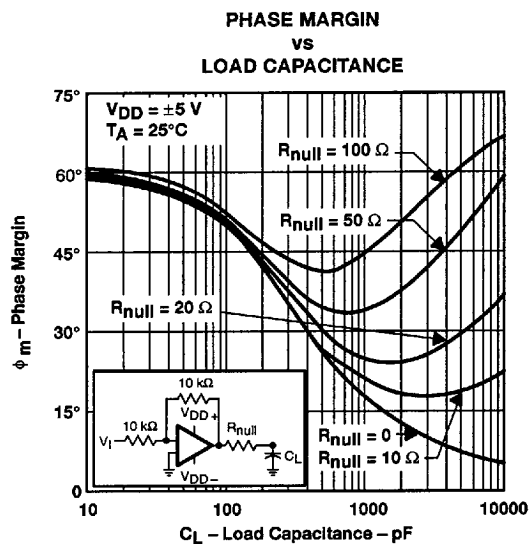
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TLC2274, TLC2274A, TLC2274Y
Advanced LinCMOS™ RAIL-TO-RAIL
QUAD OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS

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TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS



2-990

8961724 0093670 430

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APPLICATION INFORMATION

macromodel information

Macromodel information provided was derived using *PSpice™ Parts™* model generation software. The Boyle macromodel (see Note 5) and subcircuit in Figure 53 were generated using the TLC2274 typical electrical and operating characteristics at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$. Using this information, output simulations of the following key parameters can be generated to a tolerance of 20% (in most cases):

- Maximum positive output voltage swing
- Maximum negative output voltage swing
- Slew rate
- Quiescent power dissipation
- Input bias current
- Open-loop voltage amplification
- Unity-gain frequency
- Common-mode rejection ratio
- Phase margin
- DC output resistance
- AC output resistance
- Short-circuit output current limit

NOTE 5: G. R. Boyle, B. M. Cohn, D. O. Pederson, and J. E. Solomon, "Macromodeling of Integrated Circuit Operational Amplifiers", *IEEE Journal of Solid-State Circuits*, SC-9, 353 (1974).

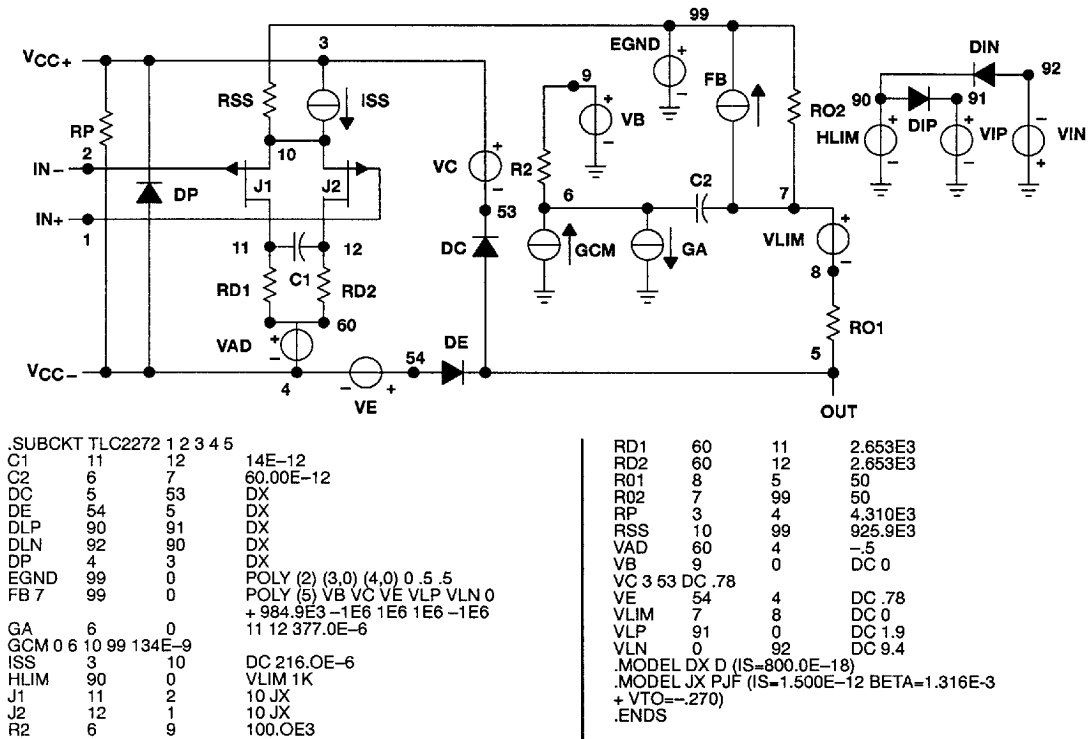


Figure 53. Boyle Macromodel and Subcircuit

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2-991

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