



Falcon F45 Series Digital Panel Meter

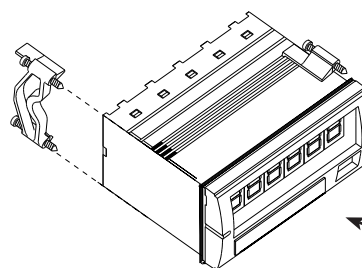
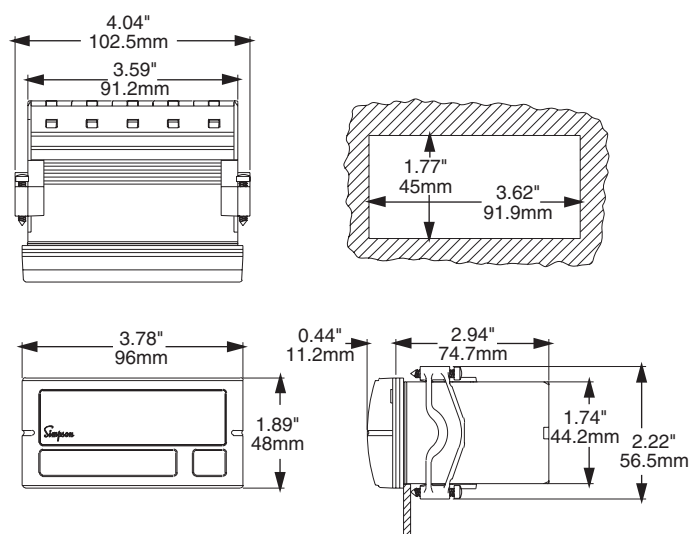
- **Full 4-1/2 Digit, Bright Red 0.56" (14.2mm) Display**
- **Broad Range Display Scaling**
- **Short 2.94" (74.7mm) Deep, 1/8 DIN Case**
- **Screw Terminal Connector for Easy Installation**
- **Three DC Process Ranges: 4-20mA, 1-5VDC and 0-10VDC**
- **Optional Isolated 9-32VDC Power Supply**
- **Optional Excitation Output of 12V or 24VDC**



The Falcon Series digital indicators are premium quality 1/8 DIN meters for industrial applications. All Falcon units feature jumper-selectable decimal point (internal and on the connector for remote decimal point) and display scaling, providing wide application flexibility. In addition, signal input ranges are easy to change with jumpers on the main board. The Falcon has a 0.56" bright red LED display for high visibility.

Compactly designed for applications requiring minimal rear panel depth, the Falcon fits a standard 1/8 DIN panel cutout (92mm x 45mm) and requires less than 3" behind the panel. A screw terminal connector is a standard feature for easy wiring of the power supply and signal input connections.

Installation and Panel Cutout



Engineering Label

Mounting Requirements

The Falcon series 1/8 DIN indicators require a panel cutout of 1.77" (45mm) high by 3.62" (92mm) wide. To install the Falcon into a panel cutout, remove the clips from the side of the meter. Slide the meter through your panel cutout, then slide the mounting clips back on the meter. Press evenly to ensure a proper fit.

Engineering Label Placement

If replacement of the engineering unit label is required, place the tip of a ball-point pen into the small hole at the base of the engineering label in the bezel. Slide the label up until it pops out. Grasp and remove. Slide the new label half the distance in, then use the ball-point pen to slide it down into place.

Specifications

DISPLAY

Type: 7-segment, red LED

Height: 0.56" (14.2mm)

Decimal Point: 4-position programmable internally or at terminal block J112

Overrange indication: most significant digit = "1"; other digits blank

Polarity: Automatic, with "-" indication, "+" indication implied

POWER REQUIREMENTS

AC Voltages: 120 or 220VAC, $\pm 10\%$ 50/60Hz

DC Voltages: 9-32VDC; 9V -1% and 32+1%

Power Consumption: 2VA

ACCURACY @258C

$\pm 0.02\%$ of reading ± 1 count
750 ± 2 count

ENVIRONMENTAL

Operating Temperature: 0 to 55°C

Storage Temperature: -10 to 60°C

Relative Humidity: 0 to 85% non-condensing

Temperature Coefficient:
($\pm 0.05\%$ of input ± 0.1 digit)/°C

Warm-up Time: Less than 15 minutes

Response Time: Less than 1 second

NOISE REJECTION

NMRR: 60dB, 50/60Hz

CMRR: (w/1k Ω unbalanced @ 60Hz):
90dB min.

ANALOG TO DIGITAL CONVERSION

Technique: Dual slope integration

Rate: 2.5 samples per second, nominal

MECHANICAL

Bezel: 3.78" x 1.89" x .44"
(96 x 48 x 11.2mm)

Depth: 2.94" (74.7mm)

Panel Cutout: 3.6" X 1.8"
(91.9 x 45mm 1/8 DIN)

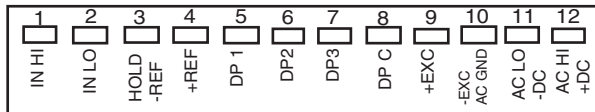
Case Material: 94V-1, UL rated Noryl®

Weight: 9.0oz (255.1g)

INPUTS: DC Process

| Input Range | Display Resolution | Voltage Drop | Maximum Overload |
|---------------|--------------------|------------------------------|------------------|
| 4-20mA | 1 μ V | 0.2V (Input Impedance) | 100mA |
| 1-5V 0-10V | 1mV | 10M Ω 10M Ω | 100V 100V |

Wiring Diagram



Input Signal: Connect the signal to be monitored to the IN HI and IN LO terminals. These are terminals #1 and #2.

Supply Power: Connect the power to terminals #11 and #12. Note that if AC power is applied, terminal #11 is for neutral, and terminal #12 is for hot. If DC power is used, terminal #11 is for -DC, and #12 is for +DC.

Display Hold: This feature allows you to hold the displayed value indefinitely. A remote switch or computer, etc. can be used to activate this feature. To activate feature, short circuit terminal block J112, pins 3 and 4 (Hold and DIG GND). This connection must be kept isolated from other circuitry. To hold multiple units, separate poles of the switch must be used to maintain the isolation.



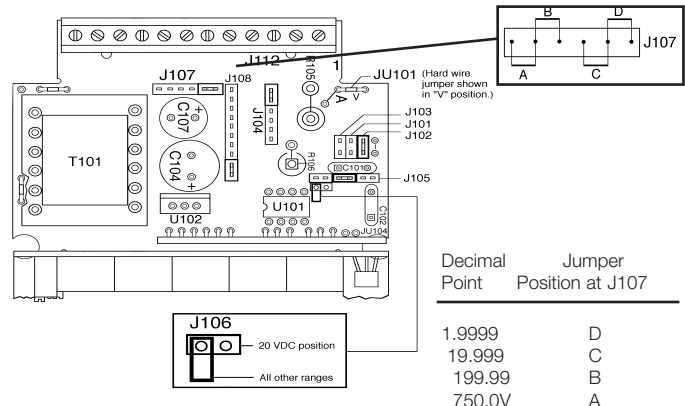
These instruments are designed for maximum safety to the operator when mounted in a panel according to instructions. They are not to be used unmounted or for exploratory measurements in unknown circuits.

Decimal Point Selection

From terminal block J112: The decimal point can be set from the rear screw terminal block J112. Connect the appropriate DP point (DP 1, 2, 3, 4) to the DIG GND terminal. Internal jumper (J107) should be removed and stored on the last contact of J107.

| Decimal Point | Connect |
|---------------|----------------|
| 1.9999 | DIG GND to DP1 |
| 19.999 | DIG GND to DP2 |
| 199.99 | DIG GND to DP3 |
| 750.0 | DIG GND to DP4 |

From main board: The decimal point can also be selected by accessing the main board. Move the push-on jumper J107 across the correct letter.



Decimal Point Jumper Position at J107

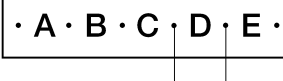
| Decimal Point | Jumper Position at J107 |
|---------------|-------------------------|
| 1.9999 | D |
| 19.999 | C |
| 199.99 | B |
| 750.0V | A |

Process Range Selection

All Falcon Indicators are configured initially per the customer specified part number. Range changes can easily be accomplished as follows: Disconnect power and pop the front bezel off with a small screwdriver, taking care to keep the gaskets in place. Unscrew the main board from the case with a Phillips head screwdriver, and slide the main board out.

Note: If a new range is selected, the calibration procedure must also be performed. Only perform this section if a different function or range is required.

| 4-20mA | | | | | |
|---------------------|---------|---------|------------------------|---------|------------------------|
| J104 Push-on Jumper | | | JU101* Jumper Position | | |
| D | | | A | | |
| 1-5VDC or 0-10VDC | | | | | |
| J105 PJ | J106 PJ | J101 PJ | J102 PJ | J103 PJ | JU101* Jumper Position |
| B | YES | YES | NO | NO | V |



J104 / J105

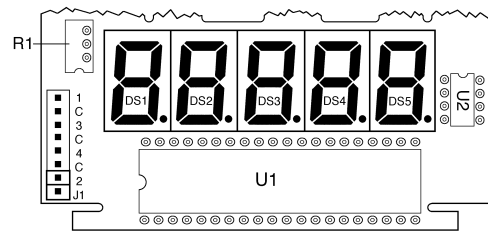
Example: 4-20mA input

Note: JU101 is a hard wire jumper and can be removed by cutting it. Resoldering the JU jumpers is not recommended. If this is required, or if a function is to be changed from volts to current, Simpson recommends returning the Falcon to the factory or an Authorized Service Center. After moving the jumpers to the desired location, put the Falcon back together and install in your panel, or proceed to calibration.

Calibration

The unit is calibrated at the factory per order. If you selected another range and moved the jumpers, your Falcon will need to be recalibrated. If parameters (HiE, etc.) are changed, scaling must be performed prior to calibration.

- 1) Remove the bezel with a small screwdriver.
- 2) Apply a full scale input signal to the instrument.
- 3) Adjust the potentiometer R1 located on the upper left-hand side of the display board until display shows the full scale voltage.
- 4) Replace bezel carefully.



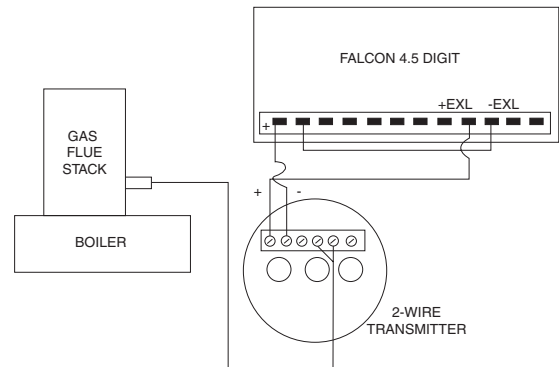
Application Example

A company needs to measure temperature of a flue gas stack of an industrial boiler. The temperature range is 0-1500°F.

The distance for transmission back to a control panel is over 200 ft. Therefore, a Simpson TR700 transmitter is installed and mounted into an industrial protection head.

The two-wire transmitter is connected to the 4-20mA Falcon. This will indicate the temperature of the flue gas stack with the proper scaling of the display to match the temperature range of the thermocouple.

To scale the display, LoE should be set at 4.000 and HiE set at 19.999. Lo should be set at 0 (°F) and Hi at 1500 (°F).



Ordering Information

| F45 Basic Unit | Power Supply | Range | Excitation |
|-----------------------|--|---|---|
| F45 | | | |
| 4-1/2 Digit Indicator | <div> <div>1</div> <div>2</div> <div>3</div> <div>4</div> </div> <div> 120VAC 220VAC* 9-32VDC 120VAC* </div> | <div> <div>71</div> <div>72</div> <div>73</div> </div> <div> 4-20mADC 1-5VDC 0-10VDC </div> | <div> <div>0</div> <div>1</div> <div>2</div> </div> <div> None 12VDC 24VDC </div> |

*Meets CE EMI EN-50082-1, EN-55022, EN-61000-3-2, EN-61000-3-3

Safety Symbols



The WARNING sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to a procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly performed or adhered to, could result in personal injury.



The CAUTION sign denotes a hazard. It calls attention to an operating procedure, practice, or the like, which, if not correctly adhered to, could result in damage to or destruction of part or all the instrument.