

General Description

The MAX3971 is a compact, low-power, 10.3Gbps limiting amplifier. It accepts signals over a wide range of input voltage levels and provides constant-level output voltages with controlled edge speeds. It functions as a data quantizer. The output of the amplifier is a 250mVP-P differential CML signal with a 100Ω differential termination.

The MAX3971 is designed to work with the MAX3970, a 10.3Gbps transimpedance amplifier (TIA). The limiting amplifier operates on a single +3.3V supply and consumes only 155mW. The part functions over the 0°C to +85°C temperature range. It also has a disable function that allows the outputs to be squelched if required by the application.

The MAX3971 is offered in die form and in a compact 4mm x 4mm, 20-pin QFN plastic package.

Applications

10-Gigabit Ethernet Optical Receivers VSR OC-192 Receivers 10-Gigabit Fibre Channel Receivers

Features

- ♦ Single +3.3V Power Supply
- **♦ 155mW Power Consumption**
- ♦ 9.5mVp-p Input Sensitivity
- ♦ 800mVp-p Input Overload
- ♦ 3.4psp-p Deterministic Jitter
- ♦ Dice and 4mm x 4mm QFN Packages
- **♦ Output Disable Feature**

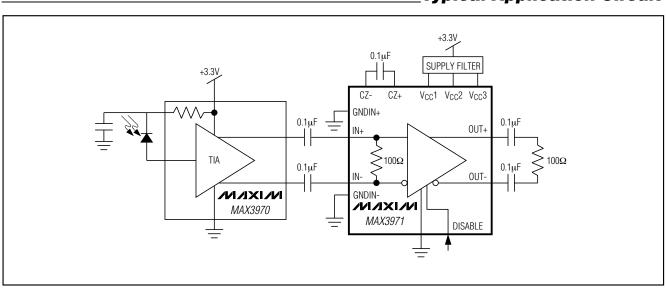
Ordering Information

PART	TEMP. RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	PKG CODE
MAX3971UGP	0°C to +85°C	20 QFN	G2044-4
MAX3971U/D	0°C to +85°C	Dice*	_

^{*}Dice are designed to operate over a 0°C to +110°C junction temperature (T_J) range, but are tested and guaranteed at $T_A = +25$ °C.

Pin Configuration appears at end of data sheet.

Typical Application Circuit



MIXIM

Maxim Integrated Products 1

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Supply Voltage, VCC1, VCC2, VCC3	0.5V to +0.5V
Voltage at IN+, IN-, DISABLE,	
CZ+, CZ-, OUT+, OUT	+0.5V to $(V_{CC} + 0.5V)$
Differential Voltage Between CZ+ and	CZ±1V
Differential Voltage Between IN+ and	IN±2.5V
Continuous Power Dissipation (TA = +	85°C)
20-Lead QFN (derate 20mW/°C ab	ove +85°C)1.3W

Operating Ambient Temperature Range	40°C to +85°C
Storage Temperature Range	55°C to +150°C
Die Attach Temperature	+400°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

 $(V_{CC} = +3.0 \text{V to } +3.6 \text{V}, T_A = 0^{\circ}\text{C} \text{ to } +85^{\circ}\text{C}.$ Typical values are at $V_{CC} = +3.3 \text{V}$, output load = 50Ω to V_{CC} , $T_A = +25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted. Data mark density is 50%.)

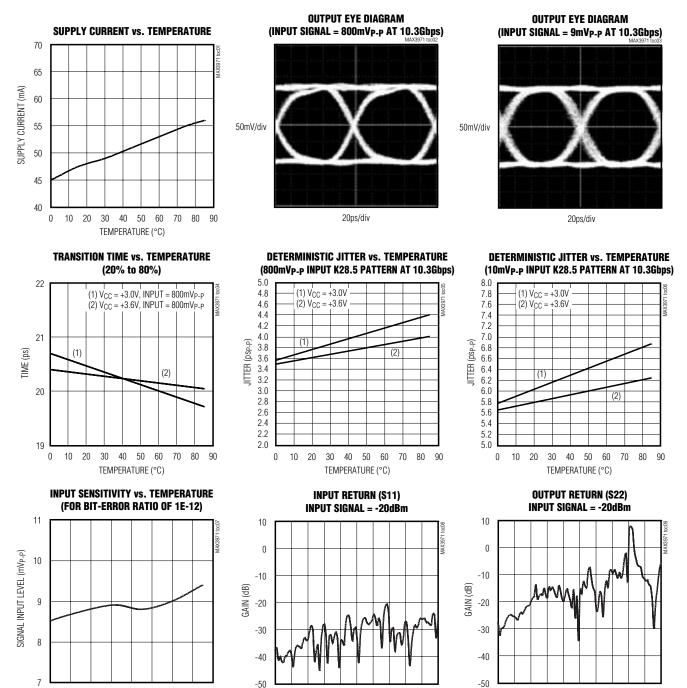
PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS	
Supply Current	Icc			47	85	mA	
Small-Signal Bandwidth	BW			10		GHz	
Low-Frequency Cutoff		CZ = 0.1µF		40	160	kHz	
Data Rate				10		Gbps	
		10mV _{P-P} input, K28.5 pattern at 10.3Gbps (Note 1)		8			
Deterministic Jitter		20mV _{P-P} input, K28.5 pattern at 10.3Gbps (Note 1)		4.7	14	psp-p	
		800mV _{P-P} input, K28.5 pattern at 10.3Gbps (Note 1)		3.4	7		
Random Jitter		20mV _{P-P} to 800mV _{P-P} (Note 2)		0.7	1.0	psRMS	
Transition Time, Output	t _r , t _f	20% to 80%, OUT+, OUT-		20	30	ps	
Input Sensitivity	V _{IN-min}	BER = 1E-12, 2 ²³ - 1PRBS, 10.3Gbps			9.5	mV _{P-P}	
Input Overload	V _{IN-max}		800			mV _{P-P}	
Data Input Resistance	R _{IN}	Single-ended	42	52	58	Ω	
Differential Data	V _{OD1}	DISABLE high		1	50	mV _{P-P}	
Output-Voltage Swing	V _{OD2}	DISABLE low	190	250	400	IIIVP-P	
Data Output Common-Mode Voltage	V _{CM}			V _{CC} - 0.75		V	
Output Resistance	Rout	Single-ended	42	52	58	Ω	
Data Output Offset when DISABLE is High				75		mV _{P-P}	
DISABLE Input Current		High = V _{CC} , low = GND		0.05	1	mA	
DISABLE Input High Voltage			2.8			V	
DISABLE Input Low Voltage					1.4	V	

Note 1: Deterministic jitter is measured with a K28.5 pattern (0011 1110 1011 0000 0101). It is the peak-to-peak deviation from the ideal time crossings, measured at the zero-level crossings of the differential output.

Note 2: Random jitter is measured with the minimum input signal applied. To achieve a bit error rate of 10⁻¹², the peak-to-peak random jitter is 14.1 times the RMS random jitter.

Typical Operating Characteristics

 $(V_{CC} = +3.3V, output load = 50\Omega to V_{CC}, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$



30

40 50 60

TEMPERATURE (°C)

70

100

4100

FREQUENCY (MHz)

6100

8100

10,100

100

2100

4100

FREQUENCY (MHz)

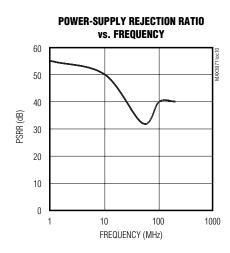
6100

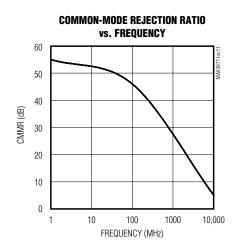
8100

10,100

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

 $(V_{CC} = +3.3V, output load = 50\Omega to V_{CC}, T_A = +25^{\circ}C, unless otherwise noted.)$





Pin Description

PIN	NAME	FUNCTION
1	GNDIN+	Input Ground for Shielding Input Signal IN+. Not connected internally.
2	IN+	Noninverting Input Signal
3	IN-	Inverting Input Signal
4	GNDIN-	Input Ground for Shielding Input Signal IN Not connected internally.
5, 7, 9, 10	N.C.	No Connection. Leave unconnected.
6, 8, 11	GND	Ground
12, 15	V _{CC} 3	Output Circuitry Power Supply
13	OUT-	Inverting Output of Amplifier
14	OUT+	Noninverting Output of Amplifier
16	DISABLE	When High, the Outputs are Disabled
17	V _{CC} 2	Power Supply to Circuitry Other than Input and Output Circuits
18	CZ+	Filter Capacitor for Offset Correction. Attach other side of a capacitor to pin 19. See the <i>Detailed Description</i> .
19	CZ-	See pin 18.
20	V _{CC1}	Input Circuitry Power Supply
EP	Exposed Pad	Exposed Pad. Must be soldered to supply ground for proper electrical and thermal operation.

Detailed Description and Applications Information

Figure 1 is a functional diagram of the MAX3971 limiting amplifier. The signal path consists of an input buffer followed by a gain stage and output amplifier. A feedback loop provides offset correction by driving the average value of the differential output to zero.

Gain Stage and Offset Correction

The limiting amplifier provides approximately 50dB gain. This large gain makes the amplifier susceptible to small DC offsets, which cause deterministic jitter. A low-frequency loop is integrated into the limiting amplifier to reduce output offset, typically to less than 2mV.

The external capacitor CZ is required to set the low-frequency cutoff for the offset correction loop and for stability. The time constant of the loop is set by the

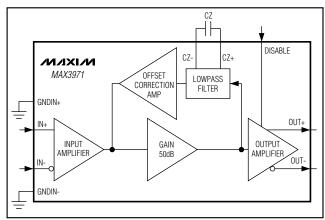


Figure 1. Functional Diagram

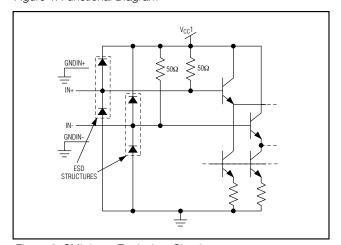


Figure 2. CML Input Equivalent Circuit

product of an equivalent 20k Ω on-chip resistor and the value of the off-chip capacitor, CZ. For stable operation, the minimum value of CZ is 0.01 μ F. To minimize pattern-dependent jitter, CZ should be as large as possible. For 10-Gigabit Ethernet applications, the typical value of CZ is 0.1 μ F. Keep CZ as close to the package as possible.

CML Input Circuit

The input buffer is designed to accept CML input signals such as the output from the MAX3970 transimpedance amplifier. An equivalent circuit for the input is shown in Figure 2. DC-coupling the inputs is not recommended because doing so prevents the part's offset correction circuitry from working properly. Thus, AC-coupling capacitors are required on the input.

CML Output Circuit

An equivalent circuit for the output network is shown in Figure 3. It consists of two 50Ω resistors connected to VCC driven by the collectors of an output differential transistor pair (Q1 and Q2). The differential output signals are clamped by transistors Q3 and Q4 when the DISABLE input is high.

Disable Function

A logic signal can be applied to the DISABLE pin to squelch the output signal. When the output is disabled, an offset is added to the output, preventing the following stage from oscillating (if DC-coupled).

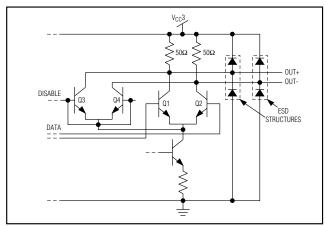


Figure 3. CML Input Equivalent Circuit Showing Clamping Circuit for Squelching the Output Signal

Layout Considerations

Circuit board layout and design can significantly affect the MAX3971's performance. Use good high-frequency techniques, including fixed-impedance transmission lines for the high-frequency data signal. Use a multilayer board with solid ground plane. Minimize the inductance between MAX3971 and the ground plane.

The MAX3971 uses three power supply pins (V_{CC}1, V_{CC}2, V_{CC}3). The input circuitry of the MAX3971 is supplied by V_{CC}1. The output drivers have a separate supply (V_{CC}3), which usually has large pulsing currents. All other circuitry is powered by V_{CC}2. It is possible to simply connect the three pins together. However, better isolation of the input circuitry is ensured by using a supply filter. For optimal isolation, Figure 4 shows a possible supply filtering circuit. Element L, a ferrite bead, provides isolation between a noisy V_{CC}3 and sensitive V_{CC}1.

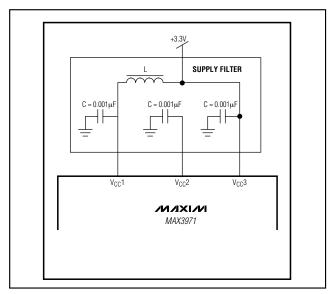
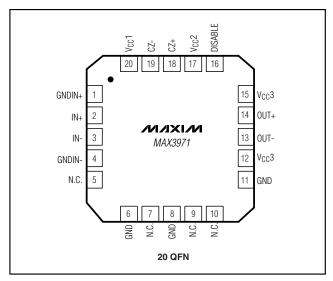


Figure 4. Power-Supply Filter

Pin Configuration

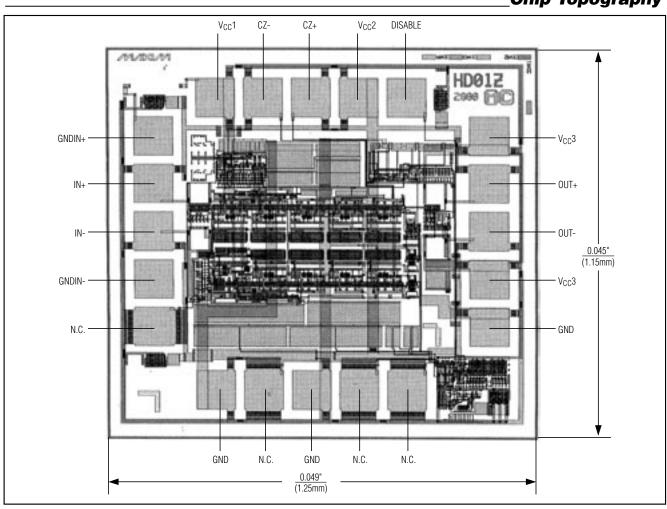


_Chip Information

TRANSISTOR COUNT: 1803
PROCCESS: SiGe Bipolar

SUBSTRATE: Electrically Isolated

Chip Topography



Chip Topography (continued)

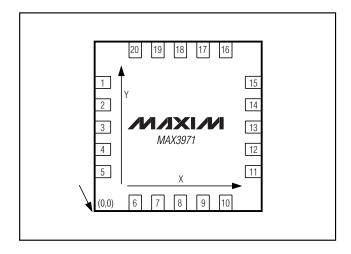
MAX3971							
PIN NUMBER	X DIMENSION (MICRONS)	Y DIMENSION (MICRONS)					
1	0	672					
2	0	546					
3	0	420					
4	0	294					
5	0	168					
6	163.8	0					
7	289.8	0					
8	415.8	0					
9	541.8	0					
10	667.8	0					
11	884.8	168					
12	884.8	294					
13	884.8	420					
14	884.8	546					
15	884.8	672					
16	667.8	772.8					
17	541.8	772.8					
18	415.8	772.8					
19	289.8	772.8					
20	163.8	772.8					

- All dimensions are in microns.
- Pad dimensions:

PASSIVATION OPENING: 94.4 microns × 94.4 microns

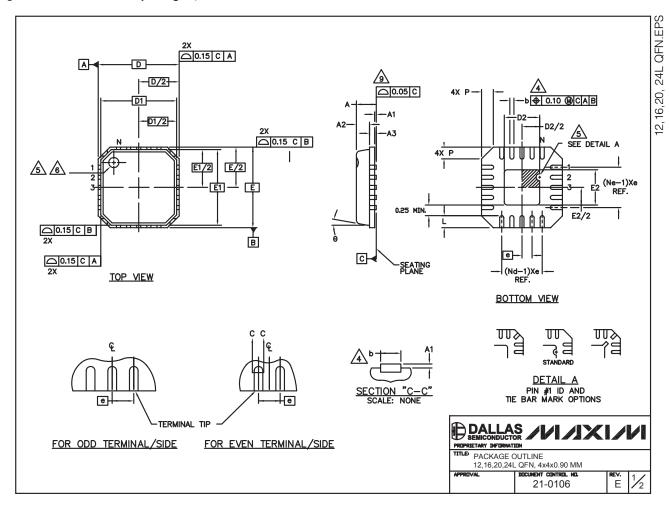
METAL: 102.4 microns × 102.4 microns

 All measurements specify the lower left corner of the pad



Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)



Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)

NOTES:

- 1. DIE THICKNESS ALLOWABLE IS 0.305mm MAXIMUM (.012 INCHES MAXIMUM).
- 2. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCES CONFORM MUST TO ASME Y14.5M. 1994.
- 3. N IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS.
 Nd IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS IN X-DIRECTION &
 Ne IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS IN Y-DIRECTION.
- DIMENSION 6 APPLIES TO PLATED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.20 AND 0.25mm FROM TERMINAL TIP.
- THE PIN #1 IDENTIFIER MUST BE EXISTED ON THE TOP SURFACE OF THE PACKAGE BY USING INDENTATION MARK OR INK/LASER MARKED. DETAILS OF PIN #1 IDENTIFIER IS OPTIONAL, BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN ZONE INDICATED.
- 6 EXACT SHAPE AND SIZE OF THIS FEATURE IS OPTIONAL.
- 7. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
- 8. PACKAGE WARPAGE MAX 0.05mm.
- APPLIED FOR EXPOSED PAD AND TERMINALS.
 EXCLUDE EMBEDDING PART OF EXPOSED PAD FROM MEASURING.
- 10. MEETS JEDEC MO220; EXCEPT DIMENSION "b".
- 11. THIS PACKAGE OUTLINE APPLIES TO PUNCHED QFN (STEPPED SIDES).

S W	PITCH	VARIAT	ION A	H.	S > M	PITCH	VARIA1	ION B	N _O	,=<°	PITCH	I VARIAT	ION C	N.	°v	PITCH	VARIA1	TON D	N _a
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	°₁ _E	ો	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	°T _E	ို	MIN.	I NOM.	MAX.	^{"0} τ _E	ို	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	°₁ _E
e		0.80 BSC			e		0.65 BSC			9		0.50 BSC			e		0.50 BSC		
N		12		3	N		16		3	N		20		3	N		24		3
Nd		3		3	Nd		4		3	Nd		5		3	Nd		6		3
Ne		3		3	Ne		4		3	Ne		5		3	Ne		6		3
L	0.50	0.60	0.75			0.50	0.60	0.75		L	0.50	0.60	0.75		ш	0.30	0.40	0.50	
Ь	0.28	0.33	0.40	4	Ь	0.23	0.28	0.35	4	Ь	0.18	0.23	0.30	4	Ь	0.18	0.23	0.30	4

	EXPOSED PAD VARIATION									
PKG.	D2 E2									
CODE	MIN.	I NOM.	MAX.	MIN.	I NOM.	MAX.				
G1244-2	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2.25				
G1644-1	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2.25				
G2044-3	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2.25				
G2044-4	1.55	1.70	1.85	1.55	1.70	1.85				
G2444-1	1.95	2.10	2.25	1.95	2.10	2.25				

	DALLA EMICONDUCTO ETARY INFURNAT	S / / / / S		
TITLE	PACKAGE 0 12,16,20,24l	OUTLINE L QFN, 4x4x0.90 MM		
APPRO	VAL	21-0106	REV.	2/2

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