

Technical Specification PQ60050HPx45

48V Input 5.0V Output 45A Current

225W Max Power 2000V dc Isolation Half-brick
DC-DC Converter

The PQ60050HPB45 PowerQor Peta converter is a next-generation, board-mountable, isolated, fixed switching frequency DC/DC converter that uses synchronous rectification to achieve extremely high conversion efficiency. The power dissipated by the converter is so low that a heatsink is not required, which saves cost, weight, height, and application effort. The Peta series converters offer industry leading output power for a standard half-brick module. In addition to typical single ouput voltage applications, the Peta units can also be used to provide a wide input range Intermediate Bus for IBA systems. RoHS compliant (see last page).

Protection Features

- Input under-voltage lockout disables converter at low Vin conditions
- Output current limit & Short circuit protection
- Active back bias limit prevents damage to converter from external load induced pre-bias
- Output over-voltage protection
- Thermal shutdown protects converter from abnormal conditions

Mechanical Features

- Industry standard pin-out configuration
- Standard Size Open Frame: 2.40" x 2.30" (61 x 58.4mm)
- Total Open Frame height only 0.43" (10.8mm), permits better airflow and smaller card pitch
- Open Frame Weight: 2.6 oz. (75g)
- Flanged pins designed to permit surface mount soldering (avoid wave solder) using FPiP technique

Control Features

- On/Off control referenced to input side (Positive & Neg logic options)
- Remote sense for Vout compensates for output distribution drops
- Output voltage trim permits custom voltages and voltage margining

Safety Features

- UL 60950-1:2007
- CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1:2007
- EN60950-1:A12:2011





PQ60050HPx45 Model

Operational Features

- Ultra-high efficiency, 91% at full rated load current
- Delivers up to 225W of output power (45A) with minimal derating - no heatsink required
- Wide input voltage range: 35-75V
- Input voltage transient capability: 100V, 100ms
- Fixed frequency switching provides predictable EMI

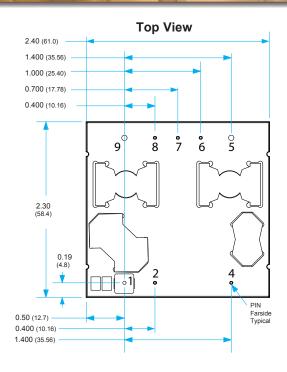
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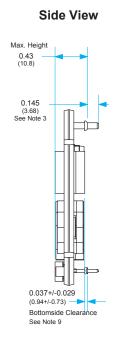
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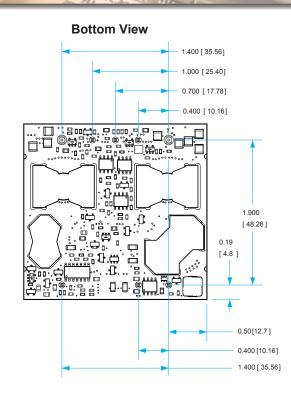
Open Frame Mechanical Diagram

Input: 35-75V Output: 5.0V Current: 45A

Package: Half-brick







NOTES

- Pins 1, 2, 4, 6-8 are 0.040" (1.02mm) diameter with 0.080" 1)
- (2.03mm) Dia. Standoff shoulders Pins 5 and 9 are 0.080" (2.03 mm) diameter with .125" (3.18mm) Dia. Standoff shoulders
- 3) Other pin extension lengths available.
- All Pins: Material Copper Alloy Finish: Matte Tin over Nickel plate 4)
- Undimensioned components are shown for visual reference only. 5)
- All dimensions in inches (mm)
- Open Frame Weight: 2.6 oz. (75g)
- Tolerances: x.xx +/-0.02 in. (x.x +/-0.5mm)

x.xxx +/-0.010 in. (x.xx +/-0.25mm)

PIN DESIGNATIONS

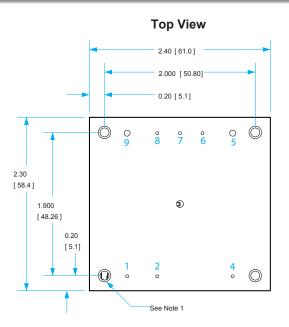
Pin	Name	Function
1	Vin(+)	Positive input voltage
2	ON/OFF	TTL input to turn converter on and off, referenced to Vin(–), with internal pull up.
4	Vin(-)	Negative input voltage
5	Vout(-)	Negative output voltage
6	SENSE(-)	Return remote sense
7	TRIM	Output voltage trim
8	SENSE(+)	Positive remote sense
9	Vout(+)	Positive output voltage

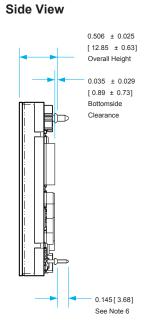


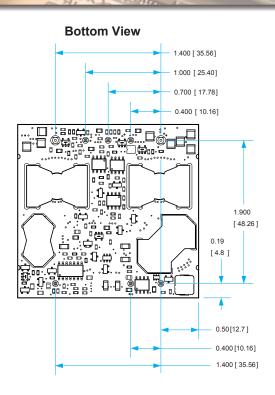
Baseplated Mechanical Diagram

Input: 35-75V Output: 5.0V Current: 45A

Package: Half-brick







NOTES

- M3 screws used must not exceed .085" (2.16mm) depth below the surface of the base plate
- Applied torque per screw shall not exceed 6 IN-LB (0.68Nm)
- 3)
- Base plate flatness tolerance is .004" (.10mm) TIR for surface Pins 1, 2, 4, & 6 8 are 0.040" (1.02mm) Dia. with 0.080" 4) (2.03mm) Dia. Standoff shoulders
- 5) Pins 5 & 9 are 0.080" (2.03mm) Dia. with 0.125" (3.18mm) Dia. Standoff shoulders
- Other pin extension lengths available.
- All Pins: Material Copper Alloy Finish (RoHS 6/6) Matte Tin over Nickel plate
- 8) Undimensioned components are shown for visual reference only.
- 9) All dimensions in inches (mm)

Tolerances: x.xx +/-0.02 in. (x.x +/-0.5mm)

x.xxx +/-0.010 in. (x.xx +/-0.25mm)

10) Weight: 3.94 oz (111.6 g) typical

PIN DESIGNATIONS

Pin	Name	Function
1	Vin(+)	Positive input voltage
2	ON/OFF	TTL input to turn converter on and off, referenced to Vin(–), with internal pull up.
4	Vin(-)	Negative input voltage
5	Vout(-)	Negative output voltage
6	SENSE(-)	Return remote sense
7	TRIM	Output voltage trim
8	SENSE(+)	Positive remote sense
9	Vout(+)	Positive output voltage



Package: Half-brick

PQ60050HPx45 Electrical Characteristics

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 48V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS					
Input Voltage					
Non-Operating	-1		100	V	Continuous
Operating			80	V	Continuous
Operating Transient Protection			100	V	100ms transient, square wave
Isolation Voltage Input to Output			2000	V	Basic insulation level, Pollution degree 2
Operating Temperature	-40		100	°C	
Storage Temperature	-55		125	°C	
Voltage at ON/OFF input pin	-2		18	V	
INPUT CHARACTERISTICS					
Operating Input Voltage Range	35	48	75	V	
input Under-Voltage Lockout					
Turn-On Voltage Threshold	31.5	33.3	34.4	V	
Turn-Off Voltage Threshold	29.5	31.0	32.4	V	
Lockout Voltage Hysteresis	2.2	2.3	2.4	V	
Maximum Input Current			7.1	Α	100% Load, 35V Vin
No-Load Input Current		100	120	mA	·
Disabled Input Current		2	5	mA	
Inrush Current Transient Rating			0.04	A ² s	
Response to Input Transient		350		mV	1000V/ms input transient
Input Reflected Ripple Current		5		mA	RMS thru 10µH inductor; Figs. 13 & 15
Input Terminal Ripple Current		200		mA	RMS; Figs. 13 & 14
Recommended Input Fuse			20	Α	Fast blow external fuse recommended
Input Filter Component Values (C1\L\C2)		1\3\6.4		μΕ\μΗ\μΕ	
Recommended External Input Capacitance		47		μF	Typical ESR 0.1-0.2 Ω ; see Figure 13
OUTPUT CHARACTERISTICS				ļu.	7,6-10-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1
Output Voltage Set Point	4.95	5.00	5.05	V	Factory pre-set with Sense(+), Sense(-) open
Output Voltage Regulation		0.00	0.00	-	The second control of
Over Line		±0.05\3	±0.1\5	%\mV	
Over Load		±0.1\5	±0.2 \ 10	%\mV	
Over Temperature		±15	±30	mV	
Total Output Voltage Range	4.85	_15	5.15	V	Over sample, line, load, temperature & life
Output Voltage Ripple and Noise	1.05		0.13		20MHz bandwidth; Fig. 13 & 16
Peak-to-Peak		30	60	mV	Full Load, see Figures 13 & 16
RMS		5	10	mV	Full Load, see Figures 13 & 16
Operating Output Current Range	0	,	45	A	Subject to thermal derating; Figs. 5-8
Output DC Current-Limit Inception	50	53	55	A	Output Voltage 10% Low; Fig. 17
Output DC Current-Limit Inception Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage	30	3.5)))	V	Catput voitage 10 /0 Low, Fig. 1/
Back-Drive Current Limit while Enabled	1.5	2.5	3.8	A	Negative current drawn from output
Back-Drive Current Limit While Disabled	0	2.3	50	mA	Negative current drawn from output
Maximum Output Capacitance	0	20	34,000	μF	5.0Vout at 45A Resistive Load
EFFICIENCY			שטי,דע	μΓ	J.OVOUL AL TOA NESISLIVE LOAU
100% Load		91		%	Figures 1 - 4
					-
50% Load	l	92	I	%	Figures 1 - 4

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PQ60050HPx45 Electrical Characteristics (continued)

Ta = 25 °C, airflow rate = 300 LFM, Vin = 48V dc unless otherwise noted; full operating temperature range is -40 °C to +100 °C baseplate temperature with appropriate power derating. Specifications subject to change without notice.

Imput Voltage Ripple Rejection 60 dB 120 Hz; Fig. 20	Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units	Notes & Conditions
Output Voltage during Load Current Transient Step Change in Output Current (0.1A/μs) 200 mV 50% to 75% to 50% fout max, 470 μF load cap Step Change in Output Current (5A/μs) 300 mV 50% to 75% to 50% fout max, 470 μF load cap Stetling time 100 μs To within 1% Vout nom Turn-On Transient Turn-On Transient Turn-On Transient 22 30 ms Full load, Vout-90% nom; Figures 9 & 10 40°C to +125°C; Figure A 40°C to +125°C;	DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS					
Step Change in Output Current (0.1A/μs) 300 mV 50% to 75% to 50% to 1 max, 470 μF load cap Step Change in Output Current (5A/μs) 300 mV 50% to 75% to 50% to 1 max, 470 μF load cap Step Change in Output Current (5A/μs) 300 mV 50% to 75% to 50% to 1 max, 470 μF load cap Step Change in Output Current (5A/μs) 300 μs 50% to 75% to 50% to 1 max, 470 μF load cap Step Change in Output Output Diago Change In International Part International I	Input Voltage Ripple Rejection		60		dB	120 Hz; Fig. 20
Step Change in Output Current (SA/μs) 300 mV 50% to 75% to 50% Iout max, 470 μF load cap Settling time 100 μs To within 1% Vout nom Turn-On Transeint 22 30 ms Turn-On Transeint 22 30 ms 4-40°C to +125°C; Figure A 0.0	Output Voltage during Load Current Transient					
Settling time 100	Step Change in Output Current (0.1A/µs)		200		mV	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max, 470 μF load cap
Turn-On Translent Turn-On Transe Turn-On Transe Turn-On Transe Turn-On Transe Start-Up Inhibit Time Output Voltage Overshoot 0 96 10,000 μF load capacitance, Iout = 0A Stolation Notage (dielectric strength) Stolation Notage (input to output) TEMPERATURE LIMITS FOR POWER DERATING CURVES Semiconductor Junction Temperature Board Temperature Transformer Temperature Transformer Temperature Switching Frequency On-State Voltage On-State Voltage On-State Voltage ON/OFF Control (Option N) Off-State Voltage ON/OFF Control (Either Option) Pull-Up Notage Pull-Up Notage Output Voltage Protection Pull-Up Resistance Output Voltage Protection 115 120 Over-Temperature Sea Agne Output Voltage Protection 115 120 Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis Load Current Scale Ractor 120 See App Note: Output, A0°C Ta Calculated MTBF (MIL-217) 133 Output Voltage Tim Ran, Output,	Step Change in Output Current (5A/µs)		300		mV	50% to 75% to 50% Iout max, 470 μF load cap
Turn-On Time	Settling time		100		μs	To within 1% Vout nom
Start-Up Inhibit Time	Turn-On Transient					
Output Voltage Overshoot O % 10,000 μF load capacitance, Tout = 0A	Turn-On Time		22	30	ms	Full load, Vout=90% nom; Figures 9 & 10
SOLATION CHARACTERISTICS Solation Voltage (dielectric strength) 2000 V Solation Voltage (dielectric strength) 330 M\Omega Solation Resistance 330 M\Omega Solation Capacitance (input to output) 3300 pF	Start-Up Inhibit Time	180	200	240	ms	-40°C to +125°C; Figure A
Solation Voltage (dielectric strength) 2000 V Solation Resistance 30 MΩ Solation Resistance 30 MΩ Solation Resistance 30 MΩ Solation Resistance 30 MΩ Solation Capacitance (input to output) TEMPERATURE LIMITS FOR POWER DERATING CURVES Semiconductor Junction Temperature 125 °C Package rated to 150°C UL rated max operating temp 130°C Transformer Temperature 125 °C See Figures 5 - 8 for derating curves TEATURE CHARACTERISTICS Switching Frequency 198 220 242 KHz Regulation stage and Isolation stage 20 27 20 27 20 27 20 27 20 27 20 27 20 27 20 27 20 27 20 27 20 27 20 27 20 27 20 27 20 27 20 27 20 27 20 20	Output Voltage Overshoot		0		%	10,000 μF load capacitance, Iout = 0A
Solation Resistance 30 MΩ 3300 pF	ISOLATION CHARACTERISTICS					
Solation Capacitance (input to output) 3300 pF	Isolation Voltage (dielectric strength)		2000		V	
Solation Capacitance (input to output) 3300 pF	Isolation Resistance		30		ΜΩ	
TEMPERATURE LIMITS FOR POWER DERATING CURVES Semiconductor Junction Temperature Semiconductor Junction Temperature 125 °C UL rated max operating temp 130°C Transformer Temperature 125 °C See Figures 5 - 8 for derating curves FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS Switching Frequency 198 220 242 kHz Regulation stage and Isolation stage ON/OFF Control (Option P) Off-State Voltage 2.7 18 ON/OFF Control (Option N) Off-State Voltage 0-2 0.8 V On-State Voltage 0-2 0.8 ON-State Voltage 0-3 0.8 ON-State Voltage 0-3 0.8 ON-State Voltage 0-3 0.8 ON-State Voltage			3300		pF	
Semiconductor Junction Temperature Board Temperature Transformer Temperature Transformer Temperature TEATURE CHARACTERISTICS Switching Frequency ON/OFF Control (Option P) Off-State Voltage ON-State Voltage ON/OFF Control (Option N) Off-State Voltage ON/OFF Control (Either Option) Pull-Up Voltage Pull-Up Resistance Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Voltage Protection Over-Temperature Shutdown Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis Load Current Scale Factor Calculated MTBF (Telcordia) Calculated MTBF (MIL-217) See Figures 4 a for Cult and max operating temp 130°C See Figures 5 - 8 for derating curves Factor UL rated max operating temp 130°C See Figures 5 - 8 for derating curves Factor UL rated max operating temp 130°C See Figures 5 - 8 for derating curves Factor UL rated max operating temp 130°C See Figures 5 - 8 for derating curves Factor UL rated max operating temp 130°C See Figures 5 - 8 for derating curves Factor UL rated max operating temp 130°C See Figures 5 - 8 for derating curves Factor UL rated max operating temp 130°C See Figures 5 - 8 for derating curves Factor See Figures 5 - 8 for derating curves Factor See Figures 5 - 8 for derating curves Factor See Figures 4 See Figures Factor See App Note: Output See App Note: Output Load Current Calc. Factor Se	, , , , ,	NG CURVES				
Board Temperature 125	Semiconductor Junction Temperature			125	°C	Package rated to 150°C
Transformer Temperature 125 °C See Figures 5 - 8 for derating curves FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS Switching Frequency 198 220 242 kHz Regulation stage and Isolation stage ON/OFF Control (Option P) Off-State Voltage 2.7 18 ON/OFF Control (Option N) Off-State Voltage 2.7 18 ON-State Voltage 2.7 18 ON-State Voltage 2.7 18 ON/OFF Control (Either Option) Pull-Up Voltage 42 Non-State Voltage 42 Output Voltage 7 Non-State Voltage 42 Output Voltage 8 Trim Range 42 Output Voltage Protection 115 120 125 % Over Full Temperature Range; % of nominial Vou Over-Temperature Shutdown 120 °C Average PCB Temperature Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis 10 °C RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS Calculated MTBF (Telcordia) 2.13 106 Hrs. MIL-HDBK-217F; 75% load, 300LFM, 40°C Ta MIL-HDBK-217F; 75% load, 300LFM, 40°C Ta MIL-HDBK-217F; 75% load, 300LFM, 40°C Ta	Board Temperature			125	°C	
FEATURE CHARACTERISTICS Switching Frequency ON/OFF Control (Option P) Off-State Voltage ON/OFF Control (Option N) Off-State Voltage ON/OFF Control (Option N) Off-State Voltage ON/OFF Control (Option N) Off-State Voltage ON/OFF Control (Either Option N) Pull-Up Voltage ON/OFF Control (Either Option) Pull-Up Resistance Output Voltage Trim Range Output Voltage Frim Range Output Voltage Frotection Output Voltage Protection Output Over-Voltage Protection Over-Temperature Shutdown Over-Temperature Shutdown Over-Temperature Shutdown Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis Load Current Scale Factor RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS Calculated MTBF (Telcordia) Calculated MTBF (Telcordia) Calculated MTBF (MIL-217) 198 220 242 kHz Regulation stage and Isolation stage NHZ Regulation stage and Isolation stage AHZ REQUIATION STAGE NHZ Regulation stage and Isolation stage AHZ Regulation stage and Isolation stage AU Regulation stage and Isolation stage AHZ Regulation stage and Isolation stage AHZ Regulation stage and Isolation stage AU AHZ Regulation stage and Isolation stage AU AU AU Calculated MTB (NHZ AHZ Regulation stage and Isolation stage AU AU AU AU AU AU AU AU APPLICATION AB AB V Application notes; Figures A & B AB Application notes; Figures A & B AB Application notes; Figures A & B Over Temperature Solution notes; Figures A & B Application notes; Figures A & B Application notes; Figures A & B Application notes	·				°C	, , ,
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ON/OFF Control (Option P) Off-State Voltage On-State Voltage ON/OFF Control (Option N) Off-State Voltage On-State Voltage On	Switching Frequency	198	220	242	kHz	Regulation stage and Isolation stage
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Off-State Voltage On-State Voltage ON/OFF Control (Either Option) Pull-Up Voltage Pull-Up Voltage Output Voltage Trim Range Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Voltage Protection Over-Temperature Shutdown Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis Load Current Scale Factor RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS Calculated MTBF (Telcordia) Calculated MTBF (MIL-217) ONA Measured across Pins 9 & 5; Fig C & 23 Measured across Pins 9 & 5; Fig C & 23 Measured across Pins 9 & 5 Measured across Pins 9 & 5 Measured across Pins 9 & 5 Over Full Temperature Range; % of nominial Vou Over-Temperature Shutdown Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis 10 Calculated MTBF (Telcordia) Calculated MTBF (MIL-217) 1.3 106 Hrs. TR-NWT-000332; 75% load, 300LFM, 40°C Ta	ON/OFF Control (Option N)					
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Pull-Up Resistance Output Voltage Trim Range Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Over-Voltage Protection Over-Temperature Shutdown Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis Load Current Scale Factor RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS Calculated MTBF (Telcordia) Calculated MTBF (MIL-217) Average PCB Temperature Shuday Nestart Hysteresis Load Current Sude Factor 2.13 Load TR-NWT-000332; 75% load, 300LFM, 40°C Ta Measured across Pins 9 & 5 Measured across Pins 9 & 5 Over Full Temperature Range; % of nominial Vou Over-Full Temperature Range; % of nominial Vou Calculated MTBF (Telcordia) 120 See App Note: Output Load Current Calc. TR-NWT-000332; 75% load, 300LFM, 40°C Ta	, ,		Vin/6	15.00	V	, J. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1.
Output Voltage Trim Range Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Over-Voltage Protection Output Over-Voltage Protection Over-Temperature Shutdown Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis I0 Calculated MTBF (Telcordia) Calculated MTBF (MIL-217) Has been designed across Pins 9 & 5; Fig C & 23 Measured across Pins 9 & 5 Over Full Temperature Range; % of nominial Vou Over-Full Temperature Range; % of nominial Vou Over-Full Temperature Range; % of nominial Vou Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis I0 CC Average PCB Temperature See App Note: Output Load Current Calc. RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS Calculated MTBF (Telcordia) Calculated MTBF (MIL-217) In MIL-HDBK-217F; 75% load, 300LFM, 40°C Ta	· •		,		kΩ	
Output Voltage Remote Sense Range Output Over-Voltage Protection 115 120 125 Wover Full Temperature Range; % of nominial Vou Over-Temperature Shutdown Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis 10 °C Load Current Scale Factor RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS Calculated MTBF (Telcordia) Calculated MTBF (MIL-217) 1.3 Measured across Pins 9 & 5 Over Full Temperature Range; % of nominial Vou Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Pour Full Temperature Range; % of nominial Vou Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis 10 °C See App Note: Output Load Current Calc. TR-NWT-000332; 75% load, 300LFM, 40°C Ta	·	-20		+10		Measured across Pins 9 & 5; Fig C & 23
Output Over-Voltage Protection 115 120 125 W Over Full Temperature Range; % of nominial Vou Over-Temperature Shutdown 120 Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis 10 °C Load Current Scale Factor RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS Calculated MTBF (Telcordia) Calculated MTBF (MIL-217) 125 W Over Full Temperature Range; % of nominial Vou occording to the properature Range; % occording to the properature Range; % occording to the properature Range; % occording to the p	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					. •
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Load Current Scale Factor 1200 See App Note: Output Load Current Calc. RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS Calculated MTBF (Telcordia) 2.13 106 Hrs. TR-NWT-000332; 75% load, 300LFM, 40°C Ta Calculated MTBF (MIL-217) 1.3 106 Hrs. MIL-HDBK-217F; 75% load, 300LFM, 40°C Ta					°C	
RELIABILITY CHARACTERISTICS Calculated MTBF (Telcordia) 2.13 106 Hrs. TR-NWT-000332; 75% load, 300LFM, 40°C Ta Calculated MTBF (MIL-217) 1.3 106 Hrs. MIL-HDBK-217F; 75% load, 300LFM, 40°C Ta	Load Current Scale Factor					See App Note: Output Load Current Calc.
Calculated MTBF (Telcordia) 2.13 106 Hrs. TR-NWT-000332; 75% load, 300LFM, 40°C Ta Calculated MTBF (MIL-217) 1.3 MIL-HDBK-217F; 75% load, 300LFM, 40°C Ta						17
Calculated MTBF (MIL-217) 1.3 10 ⁶ Hrs. MIL-HDBK-217F; 75% load, 300LFM, 40°C Ta			2.13		106 Hrs.	TR-NWT-000332: 75% load, 300LFM, 40°C Ta
	` ,					
	Field Demonstrated MTBF					

Note 1: For applications requiring reduced output voltage ripple and noise, consult SynQor applications support (e-mail: support@synqor.com)

Note 2: Higher values of isolation capacitance can be added external to the module.

Product # PQ60050HPx45 Phone 1-888-567-9596 www.syngor.com Doc.# 050-2HP650K Rev. D 10/09/12 Page 5



Package: Half-brick

Standards Compliance & Qualification Testing

 Parameter
 Notes & Conditions

 STANDARDS COMPLIANCE
 UL 60950-1:2007
 Basic insulation

 CAN/CSA-C22.2 No. 60950-1:2007
 EN60950-1:A12:2011
 ESD test, 8 kV - NP, 15 kV air - NP (Normal Performance)

Note: An external input fuse must always be used to meet these safety requirements. Contact SynQor for official safety certificates on new releases or download from the SynQor website.

Parameter	# Units	Test Conditions
QUALIFICATION TESTING		
Life Test	32	95% rated Vin and load, units at derating point, 1000 hours
Vibration	5	10-55 Hz sweep, 0.060" total excursion, 1 min./sweep, 120 sweeps for 3 axis
Mechanical Shock	5	100g minimum, 2 drops in x, y and z axis
Temperature Cycling	10	-40 °C to 100 °C, unit temp. ramp 15 °C/min., 500 cycles
Power/Thermal Cycling	5	Toperating = min to max, Vin = min to max, full load, 100 cycles
Design Marginality	5	Tmin-10 °C to Tmax+10 °C, 5 °C steps, Vin = min to max, 0-105% load
Humidity	5	85 °C, 95% RH, 1000 hours, continuous Vin applied except 5 min/day
Solderability	15 pins	MIL-STD-883, method 2003

Product # PQ60050HPx45 Phone 1-888-567-9596 www.syngor.com Doc.# 050-2HP650K Rev. D 10/09/12 Page 6



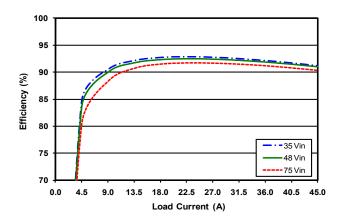


Figure 1: Efficiency at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

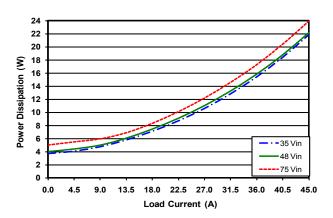


Figure 3: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage vs. load current for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at 25°C.

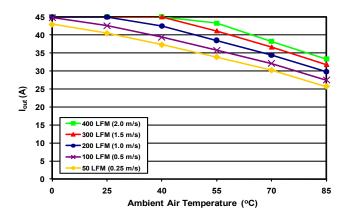


Figure 5: Maximum output power derating curves vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 50 LFM through 400 LFM with air flowing from input to output (nominal input voltage).

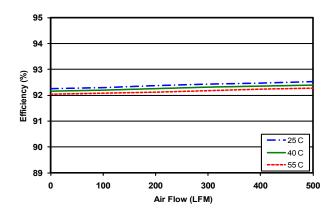


Figure 2: Efficiency at nominal output voltage and 60% rated power vs. airflow rate for ambient air temperatures of 25°C, 40°C, and 55°C (nominal input voltage).

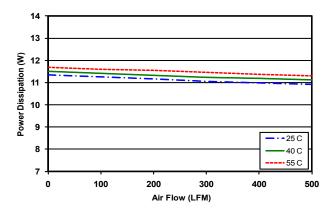


Figure 4: Power dissipation at nominal output voltage and 60% rated power vs. airflow rate for ambient air temperatures of 25°C, 40°C, and 55°C (nominal input voltage).

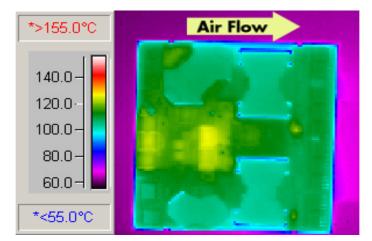


Figure 6: Thermal plot of converter at 39A load current (195W) with 55°C air flowing at the rate of 200 LFM. Air is flowing from input to output (nominal input voltage).



Package: Half-brick

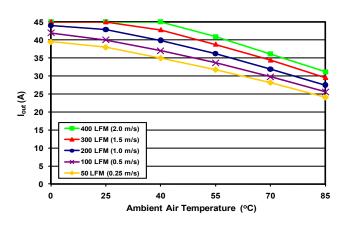


Figure 7: Maximum output power derating curves vs. ambient air temperature for airflow rates of 50 LFM through 400 LFM with air flowing from output to input (nominal input voltage).

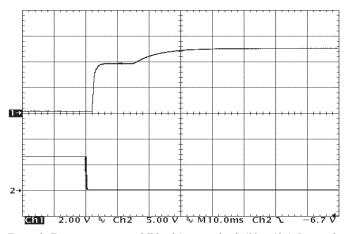


Figure 9: Turn-on transient at full load (resistive load) (10 ms/div). Input voltage pre-applied. Top Trace: Vout (2V/div). Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input(5V/div)

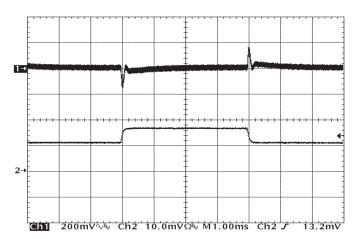


Figure 11: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of lout(max); $dI/dt = 0.1A/\mu s$). Load cap: $15\mu F$, 450mOhm ERS tantalum cap and $1\mu F$ ceramic cap. Top trace: Vout (200mV/div). Bottom trace: lout (20A/div).

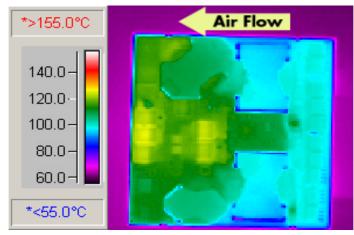


Figure 8: Thermal plot of converter at 36A load current (180W) with 55°C air flowing at the rate of 200 LFM. Air is flowing across the converter from output to input (nominal input voltage).

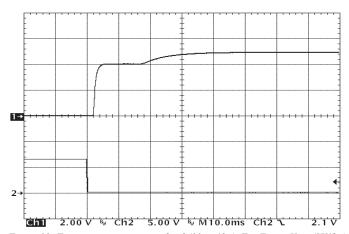


Figure 10: Turn-on transient at zero load (10 ms/div). Top Trace: Vout (2V/div). Bottom Trace: ON/OFF input (5V/div)

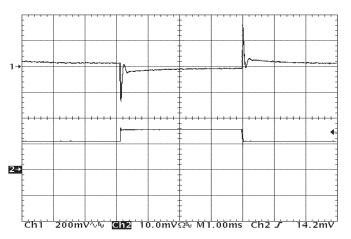


Figure 12: Output voltage response to step-change in load current (50%-75%-50% of lout(max): $dI/dt = 5A/\mu s$). Load cap: $470\mu F$, 15mOhm ESR tantalum cap and $1\mu F$ ceramic cap. Top trace: Vout (200mV/div). Bottom trace: lout (20A/div).



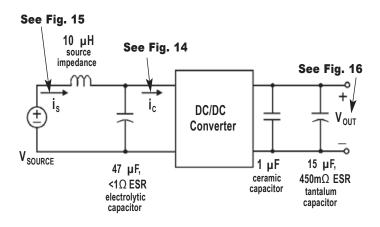


Figure 13: Test set-up diagram showing measurement points for Input Terminal Ripple Current (Figure 14), Input Reflected Ripple Current (Figure 15) and Output Voltage Ripple (Figure 16).

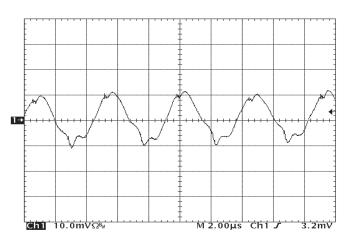


Figure 15: Input reflected ripple current, is, through a 10 μ H source inductor at nominal input voltage and rated load current (5 mA/div). (See Figure 13).

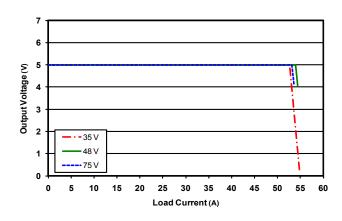


Figure 17: Output voltage vs. load current showing typical current limit curves and converter shutdown points.

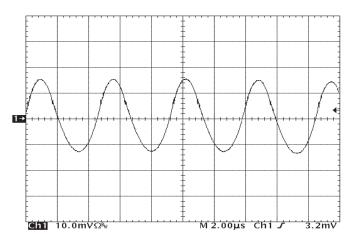


Figure 14: Input Terminal Ripple Current, ic, at full rated output current and nominal input voltage with $10\mu H$ source impedance and $47\mu F$ electrolytic capacitor (200mA/div). (See Figure 13).

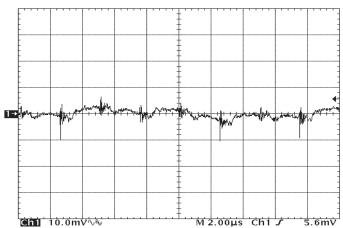


Figure 16: Output voltage ripple at nominal input voltage and rated load current (10 mV/div). Load capacitance: $1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor and one $15\mu F$ tantalum capacitor. Bandwidth: 20 MHz. (See Figure 13).

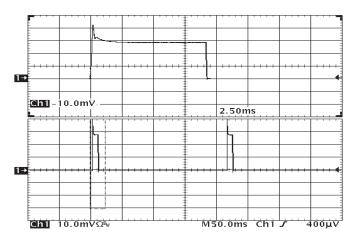


Figure 18: Load current (20A/div) as a function of time when the converter attempts to turn on into a 1 m Ω short circuit. Top trace (2.5ms/div) is an expansion of the on-time portion of the bottom trace.



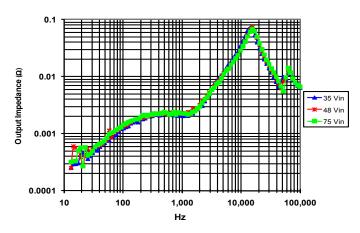


Figure 19: Magnitude of incremental output impedance (Zout = vout/iout) for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at full rated power.

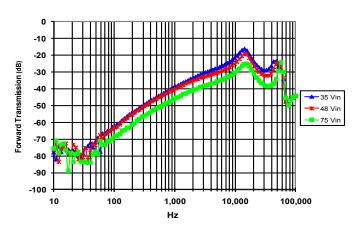


Figure 20: Magnitude of incremental forward transmission (FT = vout/vin) for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at full rated power.

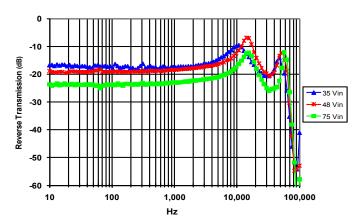


Figure 21: Magnitude of incremental reverse transmission (RT = iin/lout) for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at full rated power.

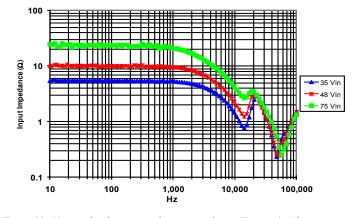


Figure 22: Magnitude of incremental input impedance ($Z_{in} = v_{in}/i_{in}$) for minimum, nominal, and maximum input voltage at full rated power.

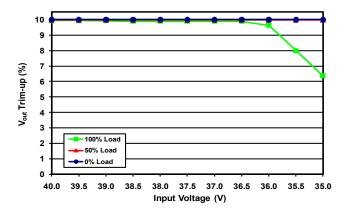


Figure 23: Achievable trim-up percentage vs. input voltage at output loads of 0%,50% and full load.

BASIC OPERATION AND FEATURES

The PowerQor series converter uses a two-stage power conversion topology. The first stage is a buck-converter that keeps the output voltage constant over variations in line, load, and temperature. The second stage uses a transformer to provide the functions of input/output isolation and voltage step-down to achieve the low output voltage required.

Both the first stage and the second stage switch at a fixed frequency for predictable EMI performance. Rectification of the transformers output is accomplished with synchronous rectifiers. These devices, which are MOSFETs with a very low on-state resistance, dissipate far less energy than Schottky diodes. This is the primary reason that the PowerQor converter has such high efficiency, even at very low output voltages and very high output currents.

Dissipation throughout the converter is so low that it does not require a heatsink for operation. Since a heatsink is not required, the PowerQor converter does not need a metal baseplate or potting material to help conduct the dissipated energy to the heatsink. The PowerOor converter can thus be built more simply and reliably using high yield surface mount techniques on a PCB substrate.

The PowerOor series of half-brick, quarter-brick and eighthbrick converters uses the industry standard footprint and pin-out configuration.

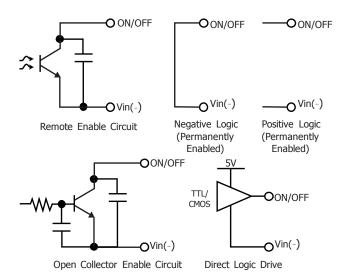


Figure A: Various circuits for driving the ON/OFF pin

CONTROL FEATURES

REMOTE ON/OFF (Pin 2): The ON/OFF input, Pin 2, permits the user to control when the converter is on or off. This input is referenced to the return terminal of the input Vin(-). There are two versions of the converter that differ by the sense of the logic used for the ON/OFF input. In the positive logic version, the ON/OFF input is active high (meaning that a high turns the converter on). In the negative logic version, the ON/OFF signal is active low (meaning that a low turns the converter on). Figure A details five possible circuits for driving the ON/OFF pin. Figure B is a detailed look of the internal ON/OFF circuitry.

REMOTE SENSE(+) (Pins 8 and 6): The SENSE(+) inputs correct for voltage drops along the conductors that connect the converter's output pins to the load.

Pin 8 should be connected to Vout(+) and Pin 6 should be connected to Vout(-) at the point on the board where regulation is desired. A remote connection at the load can adjust for a voltage drop only as large as that specified in this datasheet, that is

$$[Vout(+) - Vout(-)] - [Vsense(+) - Vsense(-)] \le$$

Sense Range % x Vout

Pins 8 and 6 must be connected for proper regulation of the output voltage. If these connections are not made, the converter will deliver an output voltage that is slightly higher than its specified value.

Note: the output over-voltage protection circuit senses the voltage across the output (pins 9 and 5) to determine when it should trigger, not the voltage across the converter's sense leads (pins 8 and 6). Therefore, the resistive drop on the board should be small enough so that output OVP does not trigger, even during load transients.

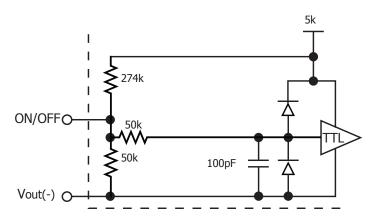


Figure B: Internal ON/OFF pin circuitry

OUTPUT VOLTAGE TRIM (Pin 7): The TRIM input permits the user to adjust the output voltage across the sense leads up or down according to the trim range specifications.

To decrease the output voltage, the user should connect a resistor between Pin 7 and Pin 6 (SENSE(-) input). For a desired decrease of the nominal output voltage, the value of the resistor should be:

Rtrim-down =
$$\left(\frac{100\%}{\Delta}\right)$$
 - 2(k Ω) where
$$\frac{V_{1000}}{\Delta} = \frac{V_{1000}}{\Delta} = \frac{V_{1000$$

To decrease the output voltage, the user should connect a resistor between Pin 7 and Pin 6 (SENSE(-) input). For a desired decrease of the nominal output voltage, the value of the resistor should be:

Rtrim-up =
$$\left(\frac{\frac{Vnominal}{1.225} - 2}{VDES} + \frac{VNOM}{VDES} + \frac{VNOM}{VDES} - \frac{VNOM}{VDES} - \frac{VNOM}{VDES} + \frac{VNOM}{VDES}$$

Note: the TRIM feature does not affect the voltage at which the output over-voltage protection circuit is triggered. Trimming the output voltage too high may cause the over-voltage protection circuit to engage, particularly during transients.

It is not necessary for the user to add capacitance at the Trim pin. The node is internally bypassed to eliminate noise.

Total DC Variation of Vout: For the converter to meet its full specifications, the maximum variation of the DC value of Vout, due to both trimming and remote load voltage drops, should not be greater than that specified for the output voltage trim range.

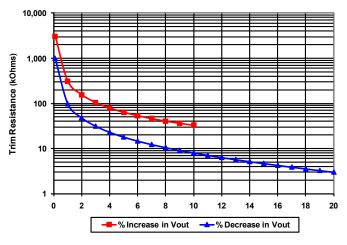


Figure C: Trim Graph 5V Module.

Protection Features

Input Under-Voltage Lockout: The converter is designed to turn off when the input voltage is too low, helping avoid an input system instability problem, described in more detail in the application note titled "Input System Instability". The lockout circuitry is a comparator with DC hysteresis. When the input voltage is rising, it must exceed the typical Turn-On Voltage Threshold value (listed on the specification page) before the converter will turn on. Once the converter is on, the input voltage must fall below the typical Turn-Off Voltage Threshold value before the converter will turn off.

Input Over-Voltage Shutdown: Available on PQ48 models only. The converter turns off when the input voltage is too high, allowing the converter to withstand an input voltage as high as 100V without destruction. The shutdown circuitry is a comparator with DC hysteresis. When the input voltage exceeds the typical Input Over-Voltage Shutdown value, the converter will turn off. Once the converter is off, it will turn back on when the input voltage falls below the minimum Input Over-Voltage Shutdown value.

Output Current Limit: The maximum current limit remains constant as the output voltage drops. However, once the impedance of the short across the output is small enough to make the output voltage drop below the specified Output DC Current-Limit Shutdown Voltage, the converter turns off. The converter then enters a "hiccup mode" where it repeatedly turns on and off at a 5 Hz (nominal) frequency with a 5% duty cycle until the short circuit condition is removed. This prevents excessive heating of the converter or the load board.

Output Over-Voltage Limit: If the voltage across the output pins exceeds the Output Over-Voltage Protection threshold, the converter will immediately stop switching. This prevents damage to the load circuit due to 1) excessive series resistance in output current path from converter output pins to sense point, 2) a release of a short-circuit condition, or 3) a release of a current limit condition. Load capacitance determines exactly how high the output voltage will rise in response to these conditions. After 200 ms the converter will automatically restart.

Over-Temperature Shutdown: A temperature sensor on the converter senses the average temperature of the module. The thermal shutdown circuit is designed to turn the converter off when the temperature at the sensed location reaches the Over-Temperature Shutdown value. It will allow the converter to turn on again when the temperature of the sensed location falls by the amount of the Over-Temperature Shutdown Restart Hysteresis value.

Package: Half-brick

APPLICATION CONSIDERATIONS

Input System Instability: This condition can occur because any DC/DC converter appears incrementally as a negative resistance load. A detailed application note titled "Input System Instability" is available on the SynQor web site (www.synqor.com) which provides an understanding of why this instability arises, and shows the preferred solution for correcting it.

Application Circuits: Figure D presented below provides a typical circuit diagram which details the input filtering and voltage trimming.

Input Filtering and External Input Capacitance: Figure E below provides a diagram showing the internal input filter components. This filter dramatically reduces input terminal ripple current, which otherwise could exceed the rating of an external electrolytic input capacitor. The recommended external input capacitance is specified in the "Input Characteristics" section. More detailed information is available in the application note titled "EMI Characteristics" on the SynQor website.

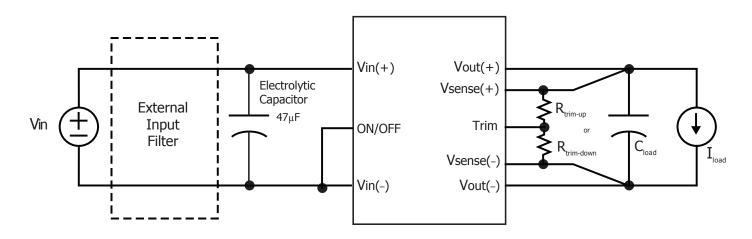


Figure D: Typical application circuit (negative logic unit, permanently enabled).

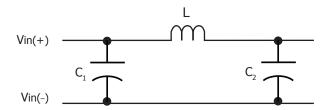


Figure E: Internal Input Filter Diagram (component values listed on page 3).

Startup Inhibit Period: The Startup Inhibit Period ensures that the converter will remain off for approximately 200ms when it is shut down for any reason. When an output short is present, this generates a 5Hz "hiccup mode," which prevents the converter from overheating. In all, there are seven ways that the converter can be shut down, initiating a Startup Inhibit Period:

- Input Under-Voltage Lockout.
- Input Over-Voltage Shutdown (not present in Quarter-brick)
- Output Over-Voltage Protection
- Over Temperature Shutdown
- Current Limit
- Short Circuit Protection
- Turned off by the ON/OFF input

Figure F shows three turn-on scenarios, where a Startup Inhibit Period is initiated at t_0 , t_1 , and t_2 :

Before time $t_{\rm o}$, when the input voltage is below the UVL threshold, the unit is disabled by the Input Under-Voltage Lockout feature. When the input voltage rises above the UVL threshold, the Input Under-Voltage Lockout is released, and a Startup Inhibit Period is initiated. At the end of this delay, the ON/OFF pin is evaluated, and since it is active, the unit turns on.

At time t₁, the unit is disabled by the ON/OFF pin, and it cannot be enabled again until the Startup Inhibit Period has elapsed.

When the ON/OFF pin goes high after t_2 , the Startup Inhibit Period has elapsed, and the output turns on within the typical Turn-On Time.

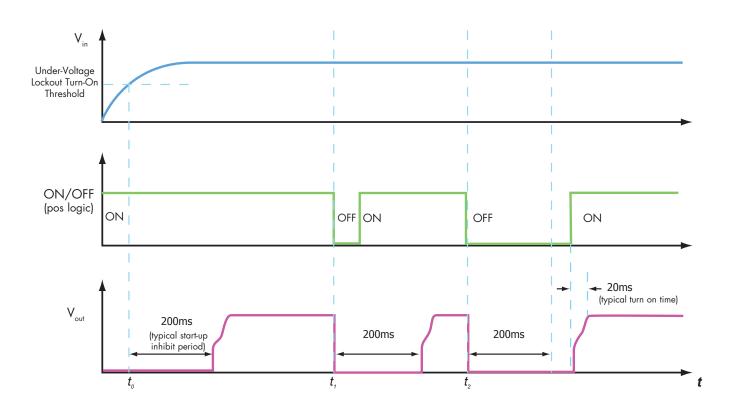


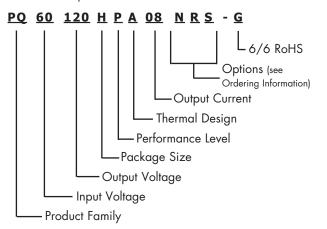
Figure F: Startup Inhibit Period (turn-on time not to scale)



Technical Specification PQ60050HPx45

Part Numbering System

The part numbering system for SynQor's dc-dc converters follows the format shown in the example below.



The first 12 characters comprise the base part number and the last 3 characters indicate available options. The "-G" suffix indicates 6/6 RoHS compliance.

Application Notes

A variety of application notes and technical white papers can be downloaded in pdf format from our website.

RoHS Compliance: The EU led RoHS (Restriction of Hazardous Substances) Directive bans the use of Lead, Cadmium, Hexavalent Chromium, Mercury, Polybrominated Biphenyls (PBB), and Polybrominated Diphenyl Ether (PBDE) in Electrical and Electronic Equipment. This SynQor product is 6/6 RoHS compliant. For more information please refer to SynQor's RoHS addendum available at our RoHS Compliance / Lead Free Initiative web page or e-mail us at rohs@synqor.com.

Ordering Information

The tables below show the valid model numbers and ordering options for converters in this product family. When ordering SynQor converters, please ensure that you use the complete 15 character part number consisting of the 12 character base part number and the additional characters for options. Add "-G" to the model number for 6/6 RoHS compliance.

Model Number	Input Voltage	Output Voltage	Max Output Current
PQ60050HPw45xyz-G	35-75V	5V	45A

The following options must be included in place of the $w \times y z$ spaces in the model numbers listed above.

Options Description: w x y z						
Thermal Design	Enable Logic	Pin Style	Feature Set			
A - Open Frame B - Threaded Baseplated	N - Negative P - Positive	K - 0.110" N - 0.145" R - 0.180" Y - 0.250"	S - Standard			

Not all combinations make valid part numbers, please contact SynQor for availability. See the Product Summary web page for more options.

PATENTS

SynQor holds the following U.S. patents, one or more of which apply to each product listed in this document. Additional patent applications may be pending or filed in the future.

5,999,417	6,222,742	6,545,890	6,577,109	6,594,159	6,731,520
6,894,468	6,896,526	6,927,987	7,050,309	7,072,190	7,085,146
7,119,524	7,269,034	7,272,021	7,272,023	7,558,083	7,564,702
7,765,687	7,787,261	8,023,290	8,149,597		

Warranty

SynQor offers a three (3) year limited warranty. Complete warranty information is listed on our website or is available upon request from SynQor.

Information furnished by SynQor is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by SynQor for its use, nor for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties which may result from its use. No license is granted by implication or otherwise under any patent or patent rights of SynQor.

Contact SynQor for further information:

Phone: 978-849-0600 Toll Free: 888-567-9596 Fax: 978-849-0602

<u>E-mail</u>: power@synqor.com <u>Web</u>: www.synqor.com <u>Address</u>: 155 Swanson Road

Boxborough, MA 01719

USA

Product # PQ60050HPx45 Phone 1-888-567-9596 www.synqor.com Doc.# 050-2HP650K Rev. D 10/09/12 Page 15