

Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output, AC input, With Base Connection

Features

- · AC or Polarity Insensitive Input
- Built-in Reverse Polarity Input Protection
- I/O Compatible with Integrated Circuits
- · Industry Standard DIP Package
- Isolation Test Voltage 5300 V_{RMS}

Agency Approvals

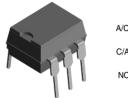
- UL File #E52744 System Code H or J
- CSA 93751
- BSI
- DIN EN 60747-5-2(VDE0884)
 DIN EN 60747-5-5 pending
 Available with Option 1
- FIMKO

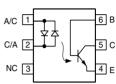
Applications

Telephone line detection AC line motor PLC Instrumentation

Description

The H11AA1 is a bi-directional input optically coupled isolator consisting of two inverse parallel Gallium Arsenide infrared LEDs coupled to a silicon NPN pho-





totransistor in a 6-pin DIP package. The H11AA1 has a minimum CTR of 20 %, a CTR symmetry of 1:3 and is designed for applications requiring detection or monitoring of AC signals.

Order Information

| Part | Remarks |
|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| H11AA1 | CTR > 20 %, DIP-6 |
| H11AA1-Xxx6 | CTR > 20 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6) |
| H11AA1-Xxx7 | CTR > 20 %, SMD-6 (option 7) |
| H11AA1-Xxx9 | CTR > 20 %, SMD-6 (option 9) |

For additional option information and package dimensions see Option Section.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

 T_{amb} = 25 °C, unless otherwise specified

Stresses in excess of the absolute Maximum Ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational sections of this document. Exposure to absolute Maximum Rating for extended periods of the time can adversely affect reliability.

Input

| Parameter | Test condition | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|----------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------|-------|
| Continuous forward current | | I _F | 60 | mA |
| Power dissipation | | P _{diss} | 100 | mW |
| Derate linearly from 25 °C | | | 1.3 | mW/°C |

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Output

| Parameter | Test condition | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|-------------------------------------|----------------|-------------------|-------|-------|
| Power dissipation | | P _{diss} | 200 | mW |
| Derate linearly from 25 °C | | | 2.6 | mW/°C |
| Collector-emitter breakdown voltage | | BV _{CEO} | 30 | V |
| Emitter-base breakdown voltage | | BV _{EBO} | 5.0 | V |
| Collector-base breakdown voltage | | BV _{CBO} | 70 | V |

Coupler

| Parameter | Test condition | Symbol | Value | Unit |
|---|---|------------------|--------------------|------------------|
| Isolation test voltage (between emitter and detector) | Referred to standard climate 23 °C/50%RH, DIN 50014 | V _{ISO} | 5300 | V _{RMS} |
| Creeapage | | | ≥ 7.0 | mm |
| Clearance | | | ≥ 7.0 | mm |
| Comparative tracking index per DIN IEC 112/VDE 0303, part 1 | | | 175 | |
| Isolation resistance | V _{IO} = 500 V, T _{amb} = 25 °C | R _{IO} | ≥ 10 ¹² | Ω |
| | V _{IO} = 500 V, T _{amb} = 100 °C | R _{IO} | ≥ 10 ¹¹ | Ω |
| Storage temperature | | T _{stg} | - 55 to + 150 | °C |
| Operating temperature | | T _{amb} | - 55 to + 100 | °C |
| Lead soldering time at 260 °C | | T _{sld} | 10 | sec. |

Electrical Characteristics

 $T_{amb} = 25$ °C, unless otherwise specified Minimum and maximum values are testing requirements. Typical values are characteristics of the device and are the result of engineering evaluation. Typical values are for information only and are not part of the testing requirements.

Input

| Parameter | Test condition | Symbol | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|-----------------|---------------------------|---------|-----|------|-----|------|
| Forward voltage | $I_F = \pm 10 \text{ mA}$ | V_{F} | | 1.2 | 1.5 | V |

Output

| Parameter | Test condition | Symbol | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|-------------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------|-----|------|-----|------|
| Collector-emitter breakdown voltage | $I_C = 1.0 \text{ mA}$ | BV _{CEO} | 30 | | | V |
| Emitter-base breakdown voltage | I _E = 100 μA | BV _{EBO} | 5.0 | | | V |
| Collector-base breakdown voltage | I _C = 100 μA | BV _{CBO} | 70 | | | V |
| Leakage current, collector-emitter | V _{CE} = 10 V | I _{CEO} | | 5.0 | 100 | nA |

Coupler

| Parameter | Test condition | Symbol | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|--------------------------------------|--|--------------------|-----|------|-----|------|
| Collector-emitter saturation voltage | $I_F = \pm 10 \text{ mA},$ $I_C = 0.5 \text{ mA}$ | V _{CEsat} | | | 0.4 | V |

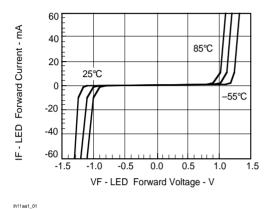
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Current Transfer Ratio

| Parameter | Test condition | Symbol | Min | Тур. | Max | Unit |
|--|---|--------|------|------|-----|------|
| DC Current Transfer Ratio | $I_F = \pm 10 \text{ mA},$ $V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$ | CTR | 20 | | | % |
| Symmetry (CTR at + 10 mA) /(CTR at - 10 mA) | | | 0.33 | 1.0 | 3.0 | |

Typical Characteristics (T_{amb} = 25 °C unless otherwise specified)



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Figure 1. LED Forward Current vs. Forward Voltage

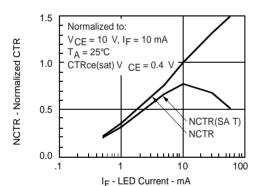


Figure 3. Normalized Non-saturated and Saturated CTR vs. LED Current

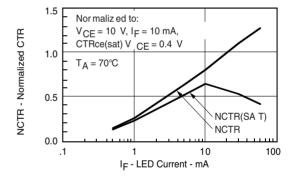
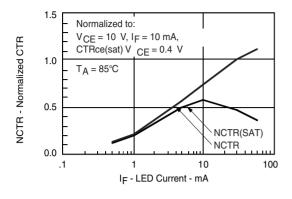


Figure 2. Normalized Non-saturated and Saturated CTR vs. LED

Current

Figure 4. Normalized Non-saturated and saturated CTR vs. LED Current

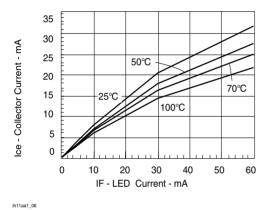




1.5 | Normalized to: | IF =10 mA | Vcb = 9.3 V | | Vcb = 9.3

Figure 5. Normalized Non-saturated and saturated CTR vs. LED Current

Figure 8. Normalized CTRcb vs. LED Current and Temp.



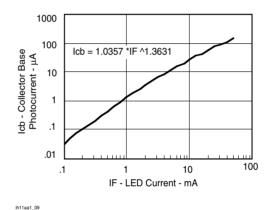
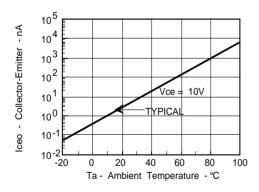
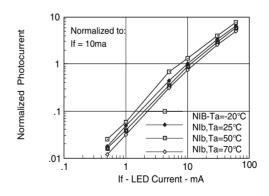


Figure 6. Collector-Emitter Current vs. Temperature and LED Current

Figure 9. Collector-Base Photocurrent vs. LED Current





 $\label{thm:constraint} \textbf{Figure 7. Collector-Emitter Leakage Current vs.} \textbf{Temp.}$

Figure 10. Normalized Photocurrent vs. LED Current

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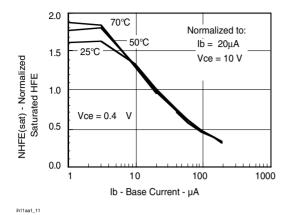


Figure 11. Normalized Saturated HFE vs. Base Current and Temperature

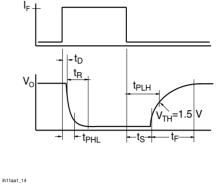


Figure 14. Switching Waveform

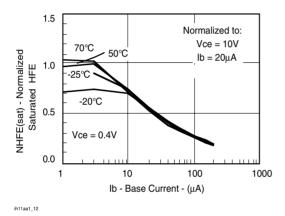
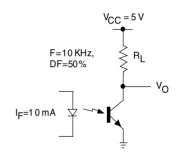


Figure 12. Normalized Saturated HFE vs. Base Current and Temperature



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Figure 15. Switching Schematic

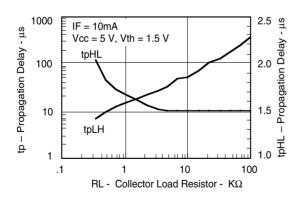
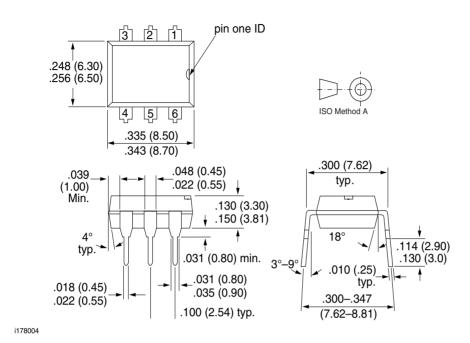


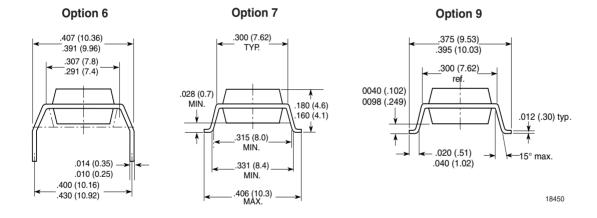
Figure 13. Propagation Delay vs. Collector Load Resistor

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Package Dimensions in Inches (mm)







Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement

It is the policy of Vishay Semiconductor GmbH to

- 1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
- 2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operatingsystems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

- 1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
- 2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
- 3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design and may do so without further notice.

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay Semiconductors products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay Semiconductors against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

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