

## MP3/USB 2.0 High Speed Switch with Negative Signal Handling and Mute Function

The Intersil ISL54213 dual SPDT (Single Pole/Double Throw) switch combines low distortion audio and accurate USB 2.0 high speed data (480Mbps) signal switching in the same low voltage device. When operated with a 2.5V to 5.0V single supply, this analog switch allows audio signal swings below ground, allowing the use of a common USB and audio headphone connector in Personal Media Players and other portable battery-powered devices.

The ISL54213 logic control pins are 1.8V compatible, which allows for control via a standard  $\mu$ controller.

The part has an audio enable control pin to open all switches and put the part in a mute state. It's high off-isolation (95dB @ 100kHz) provides superior muting of audio signals.

The ISL54213 is available in a small 10 Ld 2.1mmx1.6mm ultra-thin  $\mu$ TQFN package and a 10 Ld 3mmx3mm TDFN package. It operates over a temperature range of -40°C to +85°C.

### Related Literature

- Technical Brief TB363 "Guidelines for Handling and Processing Moisture Sensitive Surface Mount Devices (SMDs)"

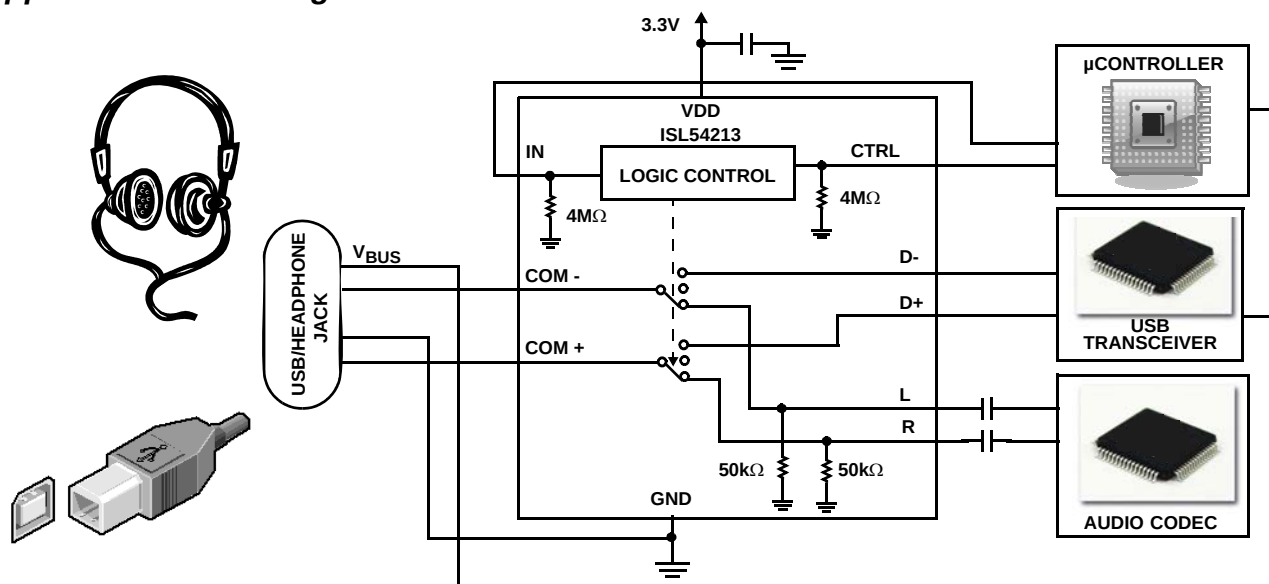
### Features

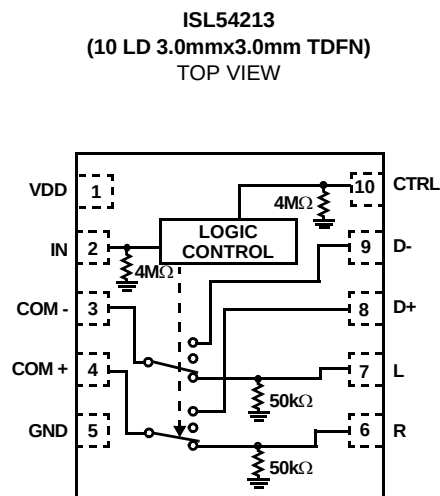
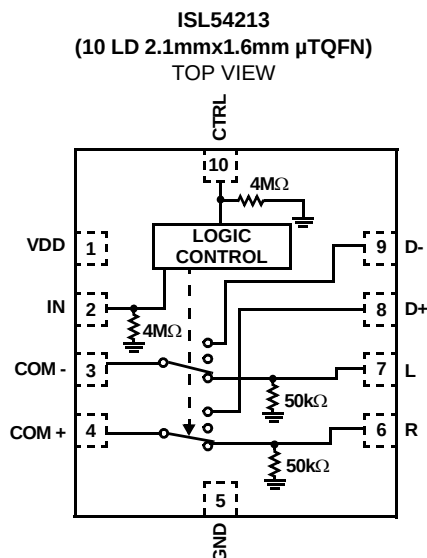
- High Speed (480Mbps) and Full Speed (12Mbps) Signaling Capability per USB 2.0
- Low Distortion Negative Signal Capability
- Mute Function
- Low Distortion Headphone Audio Signals
  - THD+N at 1mW into 32 $\Omega$  Load . . . . . <0.013%
- Crosstalk (100kHz) . . . . . -95dB
- OFF-isolation (100kHz) . . . . . 95dB
- Single Supply Operation ( $V_{DD}$ ) . . . . . 2.5V to 5.0V
- -3dB Bandwidth USB Switch . . . . . 736MHz
- Available in  $\mu$ TQFN and TDFN Packages
- Compliant with USB 2.0 Short Circuit Requirements Without Additional External Components
- Pb-Free (RoHS Compliant)

### Applications

- MP3 and other Personal Media Players
- Cellular/Mobile Phones
- PDAs
- Audio/USB Switching

### Application Block Diagram



**Pinouts** (Note 1)

NOTE:

1. ISL54213 Switches Shown for IN = Logic "0" and CTRL = Logic "1".

**Truth Table**

| ISL54213 |      |      |        |
|----------|------|------|--------|
| IN       | CTRL | L, R | D+, D- |
| 0        | 0    | OFF  | OFF    |
| 0        | 1    | ON   | OFF    |
| 1        | X    | OFF  | ON     |

IN, CTRL: Logic "0" when  $\leq 0.5V$  or Floating, Logic "1" when  $\geq 1.4V$  with 2.7V to 3.6V Supply.

**Pin Descriptions**

| PIN NUMBER | NAME | FUNCTION                             |
|------------|------|--------------------------------------|
| 1          | VDD  | Power Supply                         |
| 2          | IN   | Digital Control Input                |
| 3          | COM- | Voice and Data Common Pin            |
| 4          | COM+ | Voice and Data Common Pin            |
| 5          | GND  | Ground Connection                    |
| 6          | R    | Audio Right Input                    |
| 7          | L    | Audio Left Input                     |
| 8          | D+   | USB Differential Input               |
| 9          | D-   | USB Differential Input               |
| 10         | CTRL | Digital Control Input (Audio Enable) |

**Ordering Information**

| PART NUMBER                    | PART MARKING | TEMP. RANGE (°C) | PACKAGE (Pb-free) | PKG. DWG. #  |
|--------------------------------|--------------|------------------|-------------------|--------------|
| ISL54213IRUZ-T<br>(Notes 3, 4) | GH           | -40 to +85       | 10 Ld $\mu$ TQFN  | L10.2.1x1.6A |
| ISL54213IRTZ-T<br>(Notes 2, 4) | 4213         | -40 to +85       | 10 Ld TDFN        | L10.3x3A     |
| ISL54213IRTZ<br>(Note 2)       | 4213         | -40 to +85       | 10 Ld TDFN        | L10.3x3A     |

NOTES:

2. These Intersil Pb-free plastic packaged products employ special Pb-free material sets; molding compounds/die attach materials and 100% matte tin plate PLUS ANNEAL - e3 termination finish, which is RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.
3. These Intersil Pb-free plastic packaged products employ special Pb-free material sets; molding compounds/die attach materials and NiPdAu plate - e4 termination finish, which is RoHS compliant and compatible with both SnPb and Pb-free soldering operations. Intersil Pb-free products are MSL classified at Pb-free peak reflow temperatures that meet or exceed the Pb-free requirements of IPC/JEDEC J STD-020.
4. Please refer to TB347 for details on reel specifications.

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

|                                     |                             |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| $V_{DD}$ to GND                     | -0.3V to 5.5V               |
| Input Voltages                      |                             |
| D+, D- (Note 5)                     | -2V to 5.5V                 |
| L, R (Note 5)                       | -2V to ( $V_{DD}$ + 0.3V)   |
| IN, CTRL (Note 5)                   | -0.3V to ( $V_{DD}$ + 0.3V) |
| Output Voltages                     |                             |
| COM-, COM+ (Note 5)                 | -2V to 5.5V                 |
| Continuous Current (Audio Switches) | ±150mA                      |
| Peak Current (Audio Switches)       |                             |
| (Pulsed 1ms, 10% Duty Cycle, Max)   | ±300mA                      |
| Continuous Current (USB Switches)   | ±40mA                       |
| Peak Current (USB Switches)         |                             |
| (Pulsed 1ms, 10% Duty Cycle, Max)   | ±100mA                      |
| ESD Ratings                         |                             |
| Human Body Model                    | >3kV                        |
| Machine Model                       | >250V                       |
| Charged Device Model                | >2kV                        |

**CAUTION:** Do not operate at or near the maximum ratings listed for extended periods of time. Exposure to such conditions may adversely impact product reliability and result in failures not covered by warranty.

### NOTES:

- Signals on D+, D-, L, R, COM-, COM+, CTRL and IN exceeding  $V_{DD}$  or GND by specified amount are clamped. Limit current to maximum current ratings.
- $\theta_{JA}$  is measured in free air with the component mounted on a high effective thermal conductivity test board with “direct attach” features. See Tech Brief TB379.
- For  $\theta_{JC}$ , the “case temp” location is the center of the exposed metal pad on the package underside.

## Electrical Specifications - 2.7V to 3.6V Supply

Test Conditions:  $V_{DD} = +3.0V$ , GND = 0V,  $V_{INH} = V_{CTRLH} = 1.4V$ ,  $V_{INL} = V_{CTRLL} = 0.5V$ , (Note 8), Unless Otherwise Specified.

| PARAMETER                                           | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                                   | TEMP (°C) | MIN (Notes 9, 10) | TYP  | MAX (Notes 9, 10) | UNITS      |
|-----------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-------------------|------|-------------------|------------|
| <b>ANALOG SWITCH CHARACTERISTICS</b>                |                                                                                                                                                                                                   |           |                   |      |                   |            |
| <b>Audio Switches (L, R)</b>                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                   |           |                   |      |                   |            |
| Analog Signal Range, $V_{ANALOG}$                   | $V_{DD} = 3.3V$ , IN = 0.5V, CTRL = 1.4V                                                                                                                                                          | Full      | -1.5              | -    | 1.5               | V          |
| ON-resistance, $r_{ON}$                             | $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , IN = 0.5V, CTRL = 1.4V, $I_{COMx} = 40mA$ , $V_L$ or $V_R = -0.85V$ to 0.85V (see Figure 3, Note 12)                                                                            | +25       | -                 | 2.5  | 2.8               | $\Omega$   |
|                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Full      | -                 | -    | 3.5               | $\Omega$   |
| $r_{ON}$ Matching Between Channels, $\Delta r_{ON}$ | $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , IN = 0.5V, CTRL = 1.4V, $I_{COMx} = 40mA$ , $V_L$ or $V_R =$ Voltage at max $r_{ON}$ over signal range of -0.85V to 0.85V (Notes 12 and 13)                                     | +25       | -                 | 0.1  | 0.25              | $\Omega$   |
|                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Full      | -                 | -    | 0.27              | $\Omega$   |
| $r_{ON}$ Flatness, $r_{FLAT(ON)}$                   | $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , IN = 0.5V, CTRL = 1.4V, $I_{COMx} = 40mA$ , $V_L$ or $V_R = -0.85V$ to 0.85V (Notes 11 and 12)                                                                                  | +25       | -                 | 0.02 | 0.05              | $\Omega$   |
|                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Full      | -                 | -    | 0.07              | $\Omega$   |
| ON-resistance, $r_{ON}$                             | $V_{DD} = 5.0V$ , IN = 0V, CTRL = $V_{DD}$ , $I_{COMx} = 40mA$ , $V_L$ or $V_R = -0.85V$ to 0.85V (see Figure 3)                                                                                  | 25        | -                 | 2.3  | -                 | $\Omega$   |
| ON-resistance, $r_{ON}$                             | $V_{DD} = 4.2V$ , IN = 0V, CTRL = $V_{DD}$ , $I_{COMx} = 40mA$ , $V_L$ or $V_R = -0.85V$ to 0.85V (see Figure 3)                                                                                  | 25        | -                 | 2.35 | -                 | $\Omega$   |
| ON-resistance, $r_{ON}$                             | $V_{DD} = 2.85V$ , IN = 0V, CTRL = $V_{DD}$ , $I_{COMx} = 40mA$ , $V_L$ or $V_R = -0.85V$ to 0.85V (see Figure 3)                                                                                 | 25        | -                 | 2.72 | -                 | $\Omega$   |
| Discharge Pull-Down Resistance, $R_L$ , $R_R$       | $V_{DD} = 3.6V$ , IN = 0V, CTRL = 0V, $V_L$ or $V_R = -0.85V$ , 0.85V, $V_{D+}$ and $V_{D-}$ = floating; measure current through the discharge pull-down resistor and calculate resistance value. | +25       | -                 | 65   | -                 | k $\Omega$ |
| <b>USB Switches (D+, D-)</b>                        |                                                                                                                                                                                                   |           |                   |      |                   |            |
| Analog Signal Range, $V_{ANALOG}$                   | $V_{DD} = 2.7V$ to 3.6V, IN = 1.4V, CTRL = 1.4V                                                                                                                                                   | Full      | 0                 | -    | $V_{DD}$          | V          |
| ON-resistance, $r_{ON}$ (High-Speed)                | $V_{DD} = 3.3V$ , IN = 1.4V, CTRL = 1.4V, $I_{COMx} = 40mA$ , $V_{D+}$ or $V_{D-} = 0V$ to 400mV (see Figure 4, Note 12)                                                                          | 25        | -                 | 5.5  | 6.5               | $\Omega$   |
|                                                     |                                                                                                                                                                                                   | Full      | -                 | -    | 7                 | $\Omega$   |

## Thermal Information

| Thermal Resistance (Typical, Notes 6 and 7)                                                                     | $\theta_{JA}$ (°C/W) | $\theta_{JC}$ (°C/W) |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 10 Ld 2.1mmx1.6mm $\mu$ TQFN Package                                                                            | 154                  | 48.3                 |
| 10 Ld 3mmx3mm TDFN . . . . .                                                                                    | 58                   | 18                   |
| Maximum Junction Temperature (Plastic Package) . . . . .                                                        | +150°C               |                      |
| Maximum Storage Temperature Range. . . . .                                                                      | -65°C to +150°C      |                      |
| Pb-free reflow profile. . . . .                                                                                 | see link below       |                      |
| <a href="http://www.intersil.com/pbfree/Pb-FreeReflow.asp">http://www.intersil.com/pbfree/Pb-FreeReflow.asp</a> |                      |                      |

## Operating Conditions

|                   |                |
|-------------------|----------------|
| Temperature Range | -40°C to +85°C |
|-------------------|----------------|

**Electrical Specifications - 2.7V to 3.6V Supply**

Test Conditions:  $V_{DD} = +3.0V$ ,  $GND = 0V$ ,  $V_{INH} = V_{CTRLH} = 1.4V$ ,  $V_{INL} = V_{CTRL} = 0.5V$ ,  
(Note 8), Unless Otherwise Specified. **(Continued)**

| PARAMETER                                           | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                       | TEMP<br>(°C) | MIN<br>(Notes 9, 10) | TYP   | MAX<br>(Notes 9, 10) | UNITS    |
|-----------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|-------|----------------------|----------|
| $r_{ON}$ Matching Between Channels, $\Delta r_{ON}$ | $V_{DD} = 3.3V$ , $I_N = 1.4V$ , $CTRL = 1.4V$ , $I_{COMx} = 40mA$ , $V_{D+}$ or $V_{D-} =$ Voltage at max $r_{ON}$ (Notes 12 and 13)                 | 25           | -                    | 0.05  | 0.25                 | $\Omega$ |
|                                                     |                                                                                                                                                       | Full         | -                    | -     | 0.55                 | $\Omega$ |
| $r_{ON}$ Flatness, $r_{FLAT(ON)}$                   | $V_{DD} = 3.3V$ , $I_N = 1.4V$ , $CTRL = 1.4V$ , $I_{COMx} = 40mA$ , $V_{D+}$ or $V_{D-} = 0V$ to $400mV$ (Notes 11 and 12)                           | 25           | -                    | 0.5   | 0.55                 | $\Omega$ |
|                                                     |                                                                                                                                                       | Full         | -                    | -     | 1.0                  | $\Omega$ |
| ON-resistance, $r_{ON}$<br>(Full-Speed)             | $V_{DD} = 3.3V$ , $I_N = 1.4V$ , $CTRL = 1.4V$ , $I_{COMx} = 1mA$ , $V_{D+}$ or $V_{D-} = 3.3V$ (see Figure 4, Note 12)                               | 25           | -                    | 25    | 30                   | $\Omega$ |
|                                                     |                                                                                                                                                       | Full         | -                    | -     | 35                   | $\Omega$ |
| ON-resistance, $r_{ON}$                             | $V_{DD} = 5.0V$ , $I_N = V_{DD}$ , $CTRL = V_{DD}$ , $I_{COMx} = 1mA$ , $V_{D+}$ or $V_{D-} = 5V$ (see Figure 4)                                      | +25          | -                    | 20    | -                    | $\Omega$ |
| ON-resistance, $r_{ON}$                             | $V_{DD} = 4.2V$ , $I_N = V_{DD}$ , $CTRL = V_{DD}$ , $I_{COMx} = 1mA$ , $V_{D+}$ or $V_{D-} = 4.2V$ (see Figure 4)                                    | 25           | -                    | 22    | -                    | $\Omega$ |
| ON-resistance, $r_{ON}$                             | $V_{DD} = 2.85V$ , $I_N = V_{DD}$ , $CTRL = V_{DD}$ , $I_{COMx} = 1mA$ , $V_{D+}$ or $V_{D-} = 2.85V$ (see Figure 4)                                  | 25           | -                    | 28    | -                    | $\Omega$ |
| OFF-Leakage Current, $I_{D+}(OFF)$ or $I_{D-}(OFF)$ | $V_{DD} = 3.6V$ , $I_N = 0V$ , $CTRL = 3.6V$ , $V_{COM-}$ or $V_{COM+} = 0.5V$ , $0V$ , $V_{D+}$ or $V_{D-} = 0V$ , $0.5V$ , $V_L$ and $V_R = float$  | 25           | -5                   | 1.5   | 5                    | nA       |
|                                                     |                                                                                                                                                       | Full         | -60                  | -     | 60                   | nA       |
| ON-Leakage Current, $I_{DX}$                        | $V_{DD} = 3.6V$ , $I_N = V_{DD}$ , $CTRL = 0V$ or $V_{DD}$ , $V_{D+}$ or $V_{D-} = 2.7V$ , $V_{COM-}$ or $V_{COM+} = float$ , $V_L$ and $V_R = float$ | 25           | -11                  | 2.5   | 11                   | nA       |
|                                                     |                                                                                                                                                       | Full         | -70                  | -     | 70                   | nA       |
| <b>DYNAMIC CHARACTERISTICS</b>                      |                                                                                                                                                       |              |                      |       |                      |          |
| USB Turn-ON Time, $t_{ON}$                          | $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , $R_L = 50\Omega$ , $C_L = 10pF$ (see Figure 1)                                                                                      | 25           | -                    | 52    | -                    | ns       |
| USB Turn-OFF Time, $t_{OFF}$                        | $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , $R_L = 50\Omega$ , $C_L = 10pF$ (see Figure 1)                                                                                      | 25           | -                    | 20    | -                    | ns       |
| Audio Turn-ON Time, $t_{ON}$                        | $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , $R_L = 50\Omega$ , $C_L = 10pF$ (see Figure 1)                                                                                      | 25           | -                    | 2.5   | -                    | $\mu s$  |
| Audio Turn-OFF Time, $t_{OFF}$                      | $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , $R_L = 50\Omega$ , $C_L = 10pF$ (see Figure 1)                                                                                      | 25           | -                    | 50    | -                    | ns       |
| Break-Before-Make Time Delay, $t_D$                 | $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , $R_L = 50\Omega$ , $C_L = 10pF$ (see Figure 2)                                                                                      | 25           | -                    | 44    | -                    | ns       |
| Skew, $t_{SKEW}$                                    | $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , $I_N = 3V$ , $CTRL = 3V$ , $R_L = 45\Omega$ , $C_L = 10pF$ , $t_R = t_F = 720ps$ at $480Mbps$ , (Duty Cycle = 50%) (see Figure 7)   | 25           | -                    | 50    | -                    | ps       |
| Total Jitter, $t_j$                                 | $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , $I_N = 3V$ , $CTRL = 3V$ , $R_L = 50\Omega$ , $C_L = 10pF$ , $t_R = t_F = 750ps$ at $480Mbps$                                       | 25           | -                    | 210   | -                    | ps       |
| Propagation Delay, $t_{PD}$                         | $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , $I_N = 3V$ , $CTRL = 3V$ , $R_L = 45\Omega$ , $C_L = 10pF$ (see Figure 7)                                                           | 25           | -                    | 250   | -                    | ps       |
| Audio Crosstalk<br>R to COM-, L to COM+             | $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , $I_N = 0V$ , $CTRL = 3.0V$ , $R_L = 32\Omega$ , $f = 20Hz$ to $20kHz$ , $V_R$ or $V_L = 0.707V_{RMS}$ ( $2V_{P-P}$ ) (see Figure 6) | 25           | -                    | -112  | -                    | dB       |
| Crosstalk<br>(Audio to USB, USB to Audio)           | $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , $R_L = 50\Omega$ , $f = 100kHz$ (see Figure 6)                                                                                      | 25           | -                    | -95   | -                    | dB       |
| OFF-isolation                                       | $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , $R_L = 50\Omega$ , $f = 100kHz$                                                                                                     | 25           | -                    | 95    | -                    | dB       |
| OFF-isolation                                       | $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , $R_L = 32\Omega$ , $f = 20Hz$ to $20kHz$                                                                                            | 25           | -                    | 112   | -                    | dB       |
| Total Harmonic Distortion                           | $f = 20Hz$ to $20kHz$ , $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , $I_N = 0V$ , $CTRL = 3.0V$ , $V_L$ or $V_R = 180mV_{RMS}$ ( $509mV_{P-P}$ ), $R_L = 32\Omega$               | 25           | -                    | 0.013 | -                    | %        |
| Total Harmonic Distortion                           | $f = 20Hz$ to $20kHz$ , $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , $I_N = 0V$ , $CTRL = 3.0V$ , $V_L$ or $V_R = 0.707V_{RMS}$ ( $2V_{P-P}$ ), $R_L = 32\Omega$                 | 25           | -                    | 0.06  | -                    | %        |
| USB Switch -3dB Bandwidth                           | Signal = $0dBm$ , $0.2V_{DC}$ offset, $R_L = 50\Omega$ , $C_L = 5pF$                                                                                  | 25           | -                    | 736   | -                    | MHz      |
| D+/D- OFF-capacitance,<br>$C_{D+OFF}$               | $f = 1MHz$ , $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , $I_N = 0V$ , $CTRL = 3.0V$ , $V_{D-}$ or $V_{D+} = V_{COMx} = 0V$ (see Figure 5)                                       | 25           | -                    | 3     | -                    | pF       |
| L/R OFF-capacitance, $C_{LOFF}$ ,<br>$C_{ROFF}$     | $f = 1MHz$ , $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , $I_N = 3.0V$ , $CTRL = 0V$ or $3V$ , $V_L$ or $V_R = V_{COMx} = 0V$ (see Figure 5)                                     | 25           | -                    | 5     | -                    | pF       |
| COM ON-capacitance,<br>$C_{COMx(ON)}$               | $f = 1MHz$ , $V_{DD} = 3.0V$ , $I_N = 3.0V$ , $CTRL = 0V$ or $3V$ , $V_{D-}$ or $V_{D+} = V_{COMx} = 0V$ (see Figure 5)                               | 25           | -                    | 8     | -                    | pF       |

**Electrical Specifications - 2.7V to 3.6V Supply**

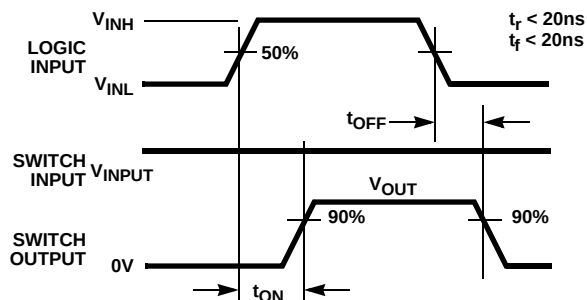
Test Conditions:  $V_{DD} = +3.0V$ ,  $GND = 0V$ ,  $V_{INH} = V_{CTRLH} = 1.4V$ ,  $V_{INL} = V_{CTRL L} = 0.5V$ , (Note 8), Unless Otherwise Specified. **(Continued)**

| PARAMETER                                         | TEST CONDITIONS                                                                                                                          | TEMP<br>(°C) | MIN<br>(Notes 9, 10) | TYP | MAX<br>(Notes 9, 10) | UNITS     |
|---------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|----------------------|-----|----------------------|-----------|
| <b>POWER SUPPLY CHARACTERISTICS</b>               |                                                                                                                                          |              |                      |     |                      |           |
| Power Supply Range, $V_{DD}$                      |                                                                                                                                          | Full         | 2.5                  |     | 5.0                  | V         |
| Positive Supply Current, $I_{DD}$<br>(Audio Mode) | $V_{DD} = 3.6V$ , $I_N = 0V$ , $CTRL = 3.6V$                                                                                             | 25           | -                    | 6   | 13                   | $\mu A$   |
|                                                   |                                                                                                                                          | Full         | -                    | -   | 15                   | $\mu A$   |
| Positive Supply Current, $I_{DD}$<br>(USB Mode)   | $V_{DD} = 3.6V$ , $I_N = 3.6V$ , $CTRL = 3.6V$                                                                                           | 25           | -                    | 2   | 4.5                  | $\mu A$   |
|                                                   |                                                                                                                                          | Full         | -                    | -   | 5.5                  | $\mu A$   |
| Positive Supply Current, $I_{DD}$<br>(Mute State) | $V_{DD} = 3.6V$ , $I_N = 0V$ , $CTRL = 0V$                                                                                               | 25           | -                    | 2   | 4.5                  | $\mu A$   |
|                                                   |                                                                                                                                          | Full         | -                    | -   | 7                    | $\mu A$   |
| Power OFF-current, $I_{Dx} I_{COMx}$              | $V_{DD} = 0V$ , $V_{Dx} = V_{COMx} = 5.25V$ , $I_N = CTRL = Float$                                                                       | 25           | -                    | 7   | -                    | $\mu A$   |
| <b>DIGITAL INPUT CHARACTERISTICS</b>              |                                                                                                                                          |              |                      |     |                      |           |
| Voltage Low, $V_{INL}$ , $V_{CTRL L}$             | $V_{DD} = 2.7V$ to $3.6V$                                                                                                                | Full         | -                    | -   | 0.5                  | V         |
| Voltage High, $V_{INH}$ , $V_{CTRL H}$            | $V_{DD} = 2.7V$ to $3.6V$                                                                                                                | Full         | 1.4                  | -   | -                    | V         |
| Input Current, $I_{INL}$ , $I_{CTRL L}$           | $V_{DD} = 3.6V$ , $I_N = 0V$ , $CTRL = 0V$                                                                                               | Full         | -50                  | 20  | 50                   | nA        |
| Input Current, $I_{INH}$                          | $V_{DD} = 3.6V$ , $I_N = 3.6V$ , $CTRL = 0V$                                                                                             | Full         | -2                   | 1.1 | 2                    | $\mu A$   |
| Input Current, $I_{CTRL H}$                       | $V_{DD} = 3.6V$ , $I_N = 0V$ , $CTRL = 3.6V$                                                                                             | Full         | -2                   | 1.1 | 2                    | $\mu A$   |
| CTRL Pull-Down Resistor, $R_{CTRL}$               | $V_{DD} = 3.6V$ , $I_N = 0V$ , $CTRL = 3.6V$ ; measure current through the internal pull-down resistor and calculate resistance value.   | Full         | -                    | 4   | -                    | $M\Omega$ |
| IN Pull-Down Resistor, $R_{IN}$                   | $V_{DD} = 3.6V$ , $I_N = 3.6V$ , $CTRL = 3.6V$ ; measure current through the internal pull-down resistor and calculate resistance value. | Full         | -                    | 4   | -                    | $M\Omega$ |

**NOTES:**

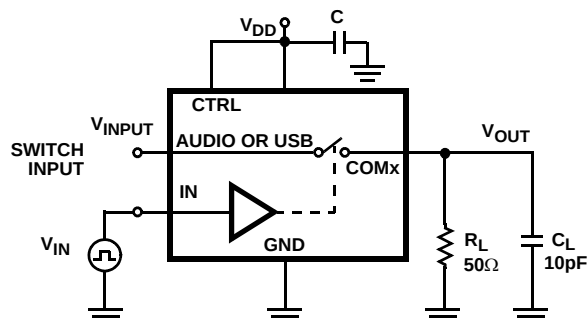
8.  $V_{logic}$  = Input voltage to perform proper function.
9. The algebraic convention, whereby the most negative value is a minimum and the most positive a maximum, is used in this data sheet.
10. Parts are 100% tested at +25°C. Temperature limits established by characterization and are not production tested.
11. Flatness is defined as the difference between maximum and minimum value of on-resistance over the specified analog signal range.
12. Limits established by characterization and are not production tested.
13.  $r_{ON}$  matching between channels is calculated by subtracting the channel with the highest max  $r_{ON}$  value from the channel with lowest max  $r_{ON}$  value, between L and R or between D+ and D-.

## Test Circuits and Waveforms



Logic input waveform is inverted for switches that have the opposite logic sense.

FIGURE 1A. MEASUREMENT POINTS



Repeat test for all switches.  $C_L$  includes fixture and stray capacitance.

$$V_{OUT} = V_{(INPUT)} \frac{R_L}{R_L + r_{ON}}$$

FIGURE 1B. TEST CIRCUIT

FIGURE 1. SWITCHING TIMES

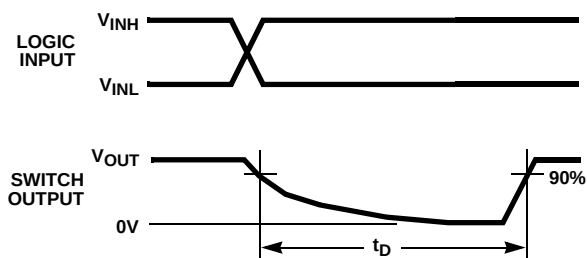
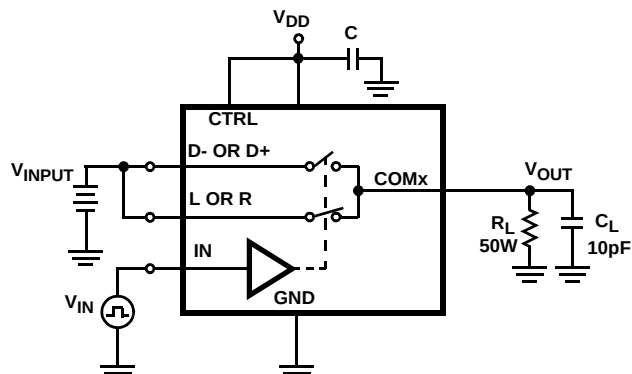


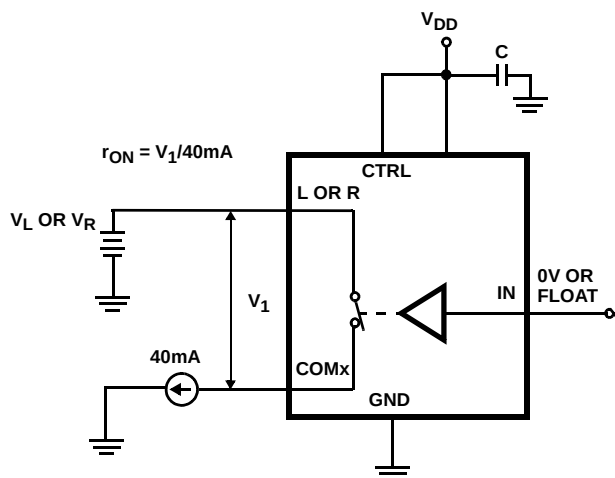
FIGURE 2A. MEASUREMENT POINTS



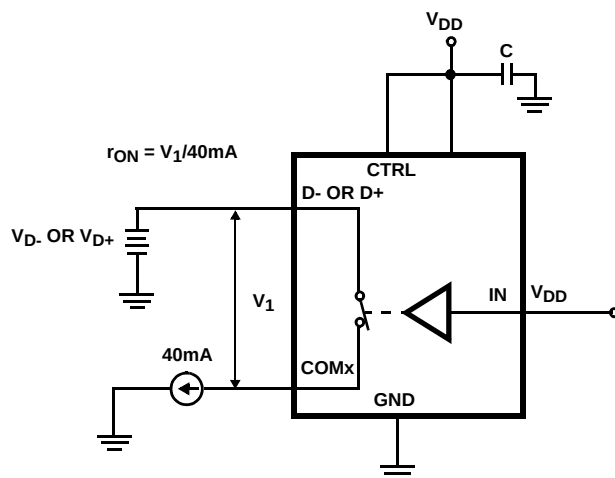
Repeat test for all switches.  $C_L$  includes fixture and stray capacitance.

FIGURE 2B. TEST CIRCUIT

FIGURE 2. BREAK-BEFORE-MAKE TIME



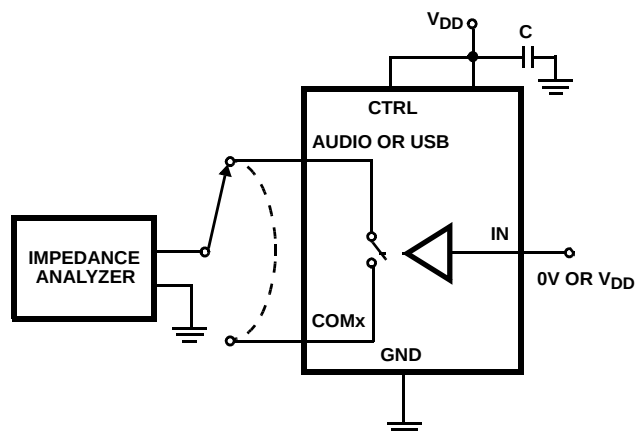
Repeat test for all switches.

FIGURE 3. AUDIO  $r_{ON}$  TEST CIRCUIT

Repeat test for all switches.

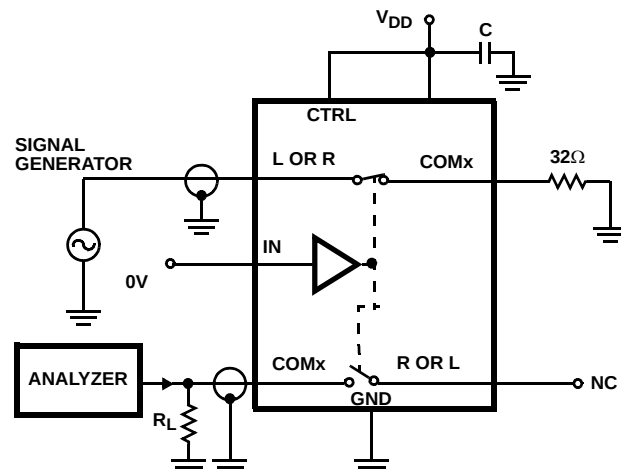
FIGURE 4. USB  $r_{ON}$  TEST CIRCUIT

## Test Circuits and Waveforms (Continued)



Repeat test for all switches.

FIGURE 5. CAPACITANCE TEST CIRCUIT



Signal direction through switch is reversed, worst case values are recorded. Repeat test for all switches.

FIGURE 6. AUDIO CROSSTALK TEST CIRCUIT

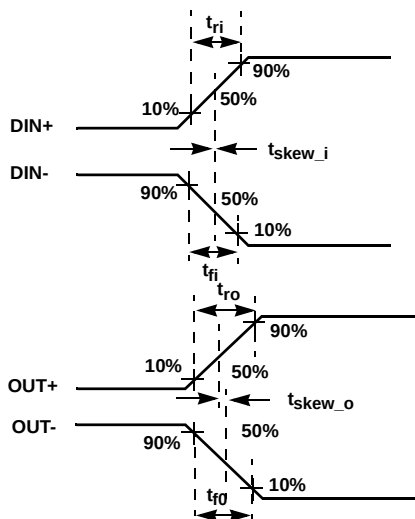
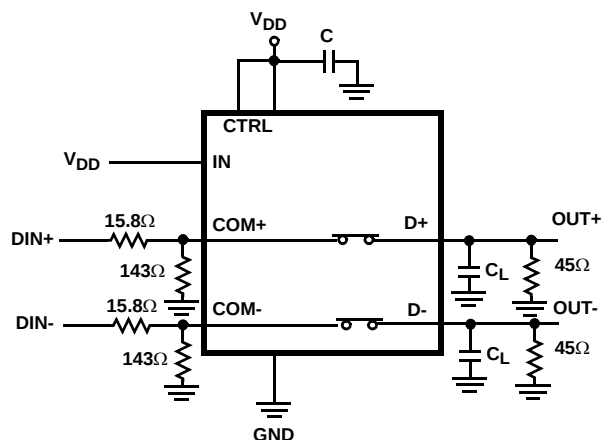


FIGURE 7A. MEASUREMENT POINTS



$|t_{ro} - t_{ri}|$  Delay Due to Switch for Rising Input and Rising Output Signals.  
 $|t_{fo} - t_{fi}|$  Delay Due to Switch for Falling Input and Falling Output Signals.  
 $|t_{skew\_o}|$  Change in Skew through the Switch for Output Signals.  
 $|t_{skew\_i}|$  Change in Skew through the Switch for Input Signals.

FIGURE 7B. TEST CIRCUIT

FIGURE 7. SKEW TEST

## Application Block Diagrams

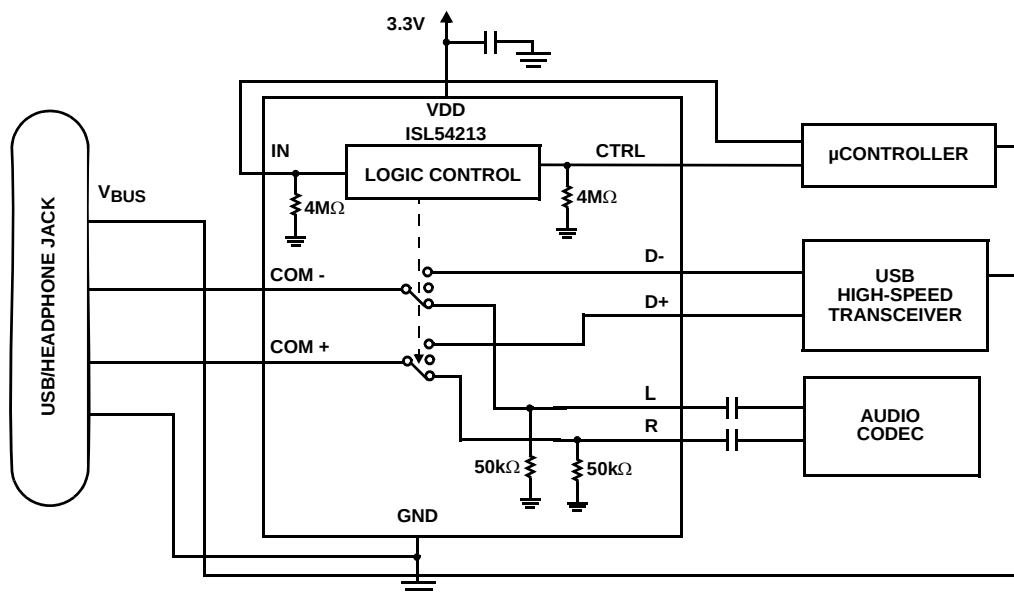


FIGURE 8. LOGIC CONTROL VIA MICROPROCESSOR

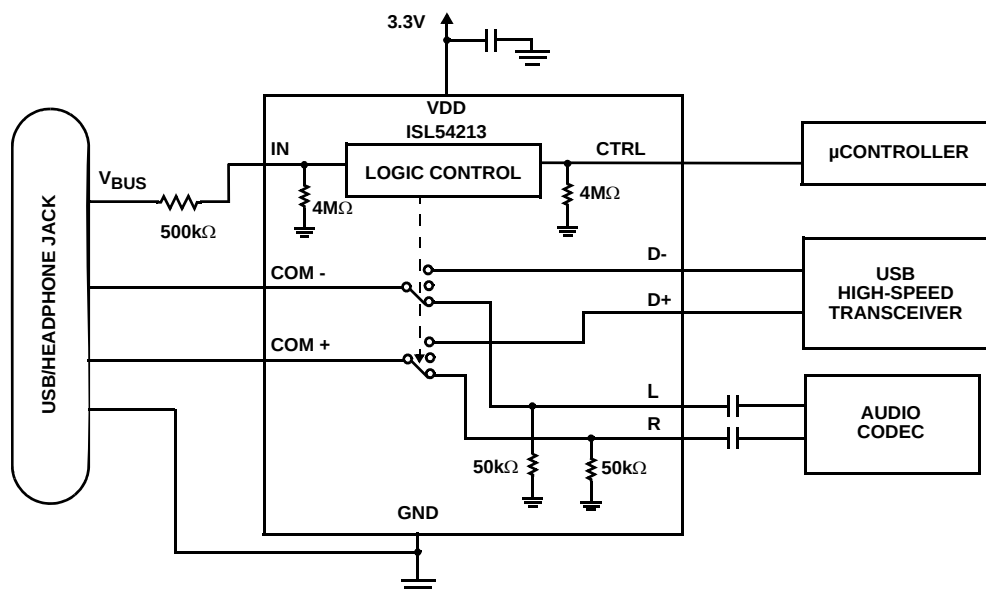


FIGURE 9. LOGIC CONTROL VIA  $V_{BUS}$  VOLTAGE FROM COMPUTER OR USB HUB

### Detailed Description

The ISL54213 device is a dual single pole/double throw (SPDT) analog switch that operates from a single DC power supply in the range of 2.5V to 5.0V. It was designed to function as a dual 2 to 1 multiplexer to select between USB differential data signals and audio L and R stereo signals. It comes in a tiny  $\mu$ TQFN and TDFN packages for use in MP3 players, PDAs, cellular phones and other personal media players.

The part consists of two  $2.5\Omega$  audio switches and two  $5.5\Omega$  USB switches. The audio switches can accept signals that swing below ground. They were designed to pass audio left and right stereo signals, that are ground referenced, with minimal distortion. The USB switches were designed to pass high-speed USB differential data signals with minimal edge and phase distortion.

The ISL54213 was specifically designed for MP3 players, personal media players and cellular phone applications that need to combine the audio headphone jack and the USB



data connector into a single shared connector, thereby saving space and component cost. Typical Application Block Diagrams of this functionality are shown in Figures 8 and 9.

The ISL54213 has a single logic control pin (IN) that selects between the audio switches and the USB switches. This pin can be driven Low or High to switch between the audio CODEC drivers and USB transceiver of the MP3 player or cellular phone. The ISL54213 also contains a logic control pin (CTRL) that when driven Low while IN is Low, opens all switches and puts the part into the mute state.

A detailed description of the two types of switches are provided in the following sections.

### Audio Switches

The two audio switches (L, R) are  $2.5\Omega$  switches that can pass signals that swing below ground by as much as 1.5V. They were designed to pass ground reference stereo signals with minimal insertion loss and very low distortion over a  $\pm 1V$  signal range.

Crosstalk between the audio channels is -112dB over the audio band. Crosstalk between the audio channel and USB channel is -95dB at 100kHz. These switches have excellent off-isolation, 112dB, over the audio band with a  $32\Omega$  load.

Over a signal range of  $\pm 1V$  ( $0.707V_{RMS}$ ) with  $V_{DD} > 2.7V$ , these switches have an extremely low  $r_{ON}$  resistance variation. They can pass ground referenced audio signals with very low distortion ( $<0.06\%$  THD+N) when delivering 15.6mW into a  $32\Omega$  headphone speaker load. See Figures 10 and 11.

These switches are bi-directional switches. In typical applications, the audio drivers would be connected at the L and R side of the switch (pins 7 and 8) and the speaker loads would be connected at the COM side of the switch (pins 3 and 4).

The audio switches are active (turned ON) whenever the IN voltage is  $\leq 0.5V$  or floating and the CTRL voltage  $\geq 1.4V$ .

### USB Switches

The two USB switches (D+, D-) are bidirectional switches that can pass rail-to-rail signals. When powered with a 3.3V supply, these switches have a nominal  $r_{ON}$  of  $5.5\Omega$  over the signal range of 0V to 400mV with a  $r_{ON}$  flatness of  $0.5\Omega$ . The  $r_{ON}$  matching between the D+ and D- switches over this signal range is only  $0.05\Omega$  ensuring minimal impact by the switches to USB high speed signal transitions. As the signal level increases, the  $r_{ON}$  resistance increases. At signal level of 3.3V, the switch resistance is nominally  $25\Omega$ .

The USB switches were specifically designed to pass USB 2.0 high-speed (480Mbps) differential signals typically in the range of 0V to 400mV. They have low capacitance and high bandwidth to pass the USB high-speed signals with minimum edge and phase distortion to meet USB 2.0 high speed signal quality specifications. See Figure 12.

The USB switches can also pass USB full-speed signals (12Mbps) with minimal distortion and meet all the USB requirements for USB 2.0 full-speed signaling. See Figure 13 for Full-speed Eye Pattern taken with switch in the signal path.

The maximum signal range for the USB switches is from -1.5V to  $V_{DD}$ . The signal voltage at D- and D+ should not be allowed to exceed the  $V_{DD}$  voltage rail or go below ground by more than -1.5V.

The USB switches are active (turned ON) whenever the IN voltage is  $\geq 1.4V$ .

### ISL54213 Operation

The following will discuss using the ISL54213 in the Typical Application Block Diagrams shown in Figures 8 and 9.

#### VDD SUPPLY

The DC power supply connected at VDD (pin 1) provides the required bias voltage for proper switch operation. The part can operate with a supply voltage in the range of 2.5V to 5.0V.

In a typical USB/Audio application for portable battery powered devices, the  $V_{DD}$  voltage will come from a battery or an LDO and be in the range of 2.7V to 3.6V. For best possible USB full-speed operation (12Mbps), it is recommended that the  $V_{DD}$  voltage be  $\geq 2.5V$  in order to get a USB data signal level above 2.5V.

#### LOGIC CONTROL

The state of the ISL54213 device is determined by the voltage at the IN pin (pin 2) and the CTRL pin (pin 10). These logic pins are 1.8V logic compatible when  $V_{DD}$  is in the range of 2.7V to 3.6V and can be controlled by a standard  $\mu$ processor. The part has three states or modes of operation. The Audio Mode, USB Mode and Mute Mode. Refer to the "Truth Table" on page 2.

The IN and CTRL pins are internally pulled low through a  $4M\Omega$  resistor to ground and can be left floating or tri-stated by the microprocessor. The CTRL control pin is only active when IN is logic "0".

#### Logic control voltage levels:

IN = Logic "0" (Low) when  $V_{IN} \leq 0.5V$  or Floating.

IN = Logic "1" (High) when  $V_{IN} \geq 1.4V$

CTRL = Logic "0" (Low) when  $\leq 0.5V$  or Floating.

CTRL = Logic "1" (High) when  $\geq 1.4V$

#### Audio Mode

If the IN pin = Logic "0" and CTRL pin = Logic "1", the part will be in the Audio mode. In Audio mode, the L (left) and R (right)  $2.5\Omega$  audio switches are ON and the D- and D+  $5.5\Omega$  switches are OFF (high impedance).

When nothing is plugged into the common connector or a headphone is plugged into the common connector, the  $\mu$ processor will sense that there is no voltage at the  $V_{BUS}$  pin of the connector and will drive and hold the IN control pin

of the ISL54213 low. As long as the CTRL = Logic “1,” the ISL54213 part will be in the audio mode and the audio drivers of the media player can drive the headphones and play music.

### USB Mode

If the IN pin = Logic “1” and CTRL pin = Logic “0” or Logic “1”, the part will go into USB mode. In USB mode, the D- and D+ 5.5Ω switches are ON and the L and R 2.5Ω audio switches are OFF (high impedance).

When a USB cable from a computer or USB hub is connected at the common connector, the  $\mu$ processor will sense the presence of the 5V VBUS voltage and drive the IN pin voltage high. The ISL54213 part will go into the USB mode. In USB mode, the computer or USB hub transceiver and the MP3 player or cell phone USB transceiver are connected and digital data will be able to be transmitted back and forth.

When the USB cable is disconnected, the  $\mu$ processor will sense that the 5V VBUS voltage is no longer connected and will drive the IN pin low and put the part back into the Audio or Mute mode.

### Mute Mode

If the IN pin = Logic “0” and CTRL pin = Logic “0”, the part will be in the Mute mode. In the Mute mode, the audio switches and the USB switches are OFF (high impedance). In this state the switches have excellent off-isolation (112dB over the audio band with a 32Ω load) for muting of audio signals.

### USING THE COMPUTER V<sub>BUS</sub> VOLTAGE TO DRIVE THE “IN” PIN

Rather than using a microprocessor to control the IN logic pin, one can directly drive the IN pin using the V<sub>BUS</sub> voltage

from the computer or USB hub. See the application block diagram in Figure 9.

When a headphone or nothing is connected at the common connector, the internal 4MΩ pull-down will pull the IN pin low putting the ISL54213 in the Audio or Mute mode, depending on the condition of the CTRL pin.

When a USB cable is connected at the common connector, the voltage at the IN pin will be driven to 5V and the part will automatically go into the USB mode.

When the USB cable is disconnected from the common connector, the voltage at the IN pin will be pulled low by the pull-down resistor and return to the Audio or Mute mode, depending on the condition of the CTRL pin.

Note: The ISL54213 contains an internal diode between the IN pin and VDD pin. Whenever the IN voltage is greater than the VDD voltage by more than 0.7V, current will flow through this diode into the VDD power supply bus. An external series resistor in the range of 100kΩ to 500kΩ is required at the IN logic pin to limit the current when driving it with the VBUS voltage. This allows the VBUS voltage from a computer or USB hub (4.4V to 5.25V) to drive the IN pin while the VDD voltage is in the range of 2.5V to 3.6V. A 500kΩ resistor will limit the current to 2.76μA and still allow the IN logic voltage to go to around 3.67V which is will above the required V<sub>INH</sub> level of 1.4V. A smaller series resistor can be used but more current will flow.

### Typical Performance Curves $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , Unless Otherwise Specified.

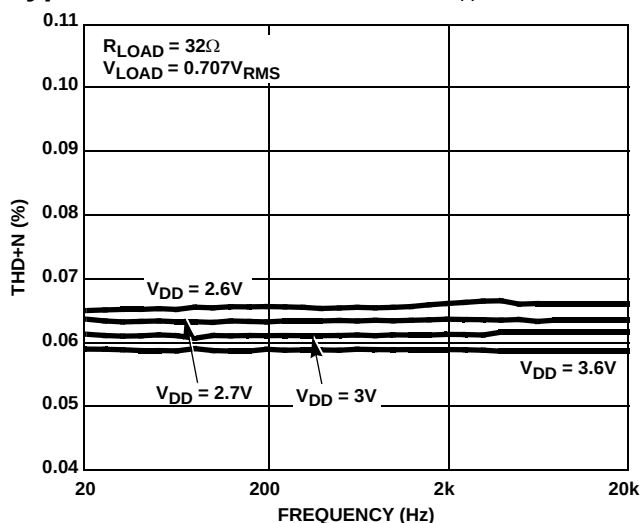


FIGURE 10. THD+N vs SUPPLY VOLTAGE vs FREQUENCY

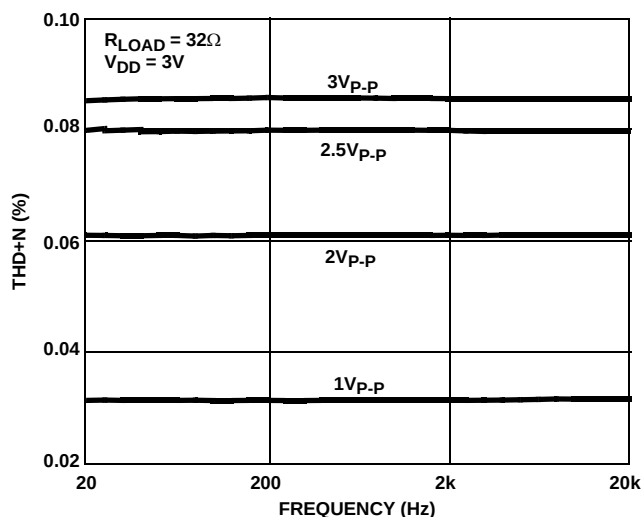
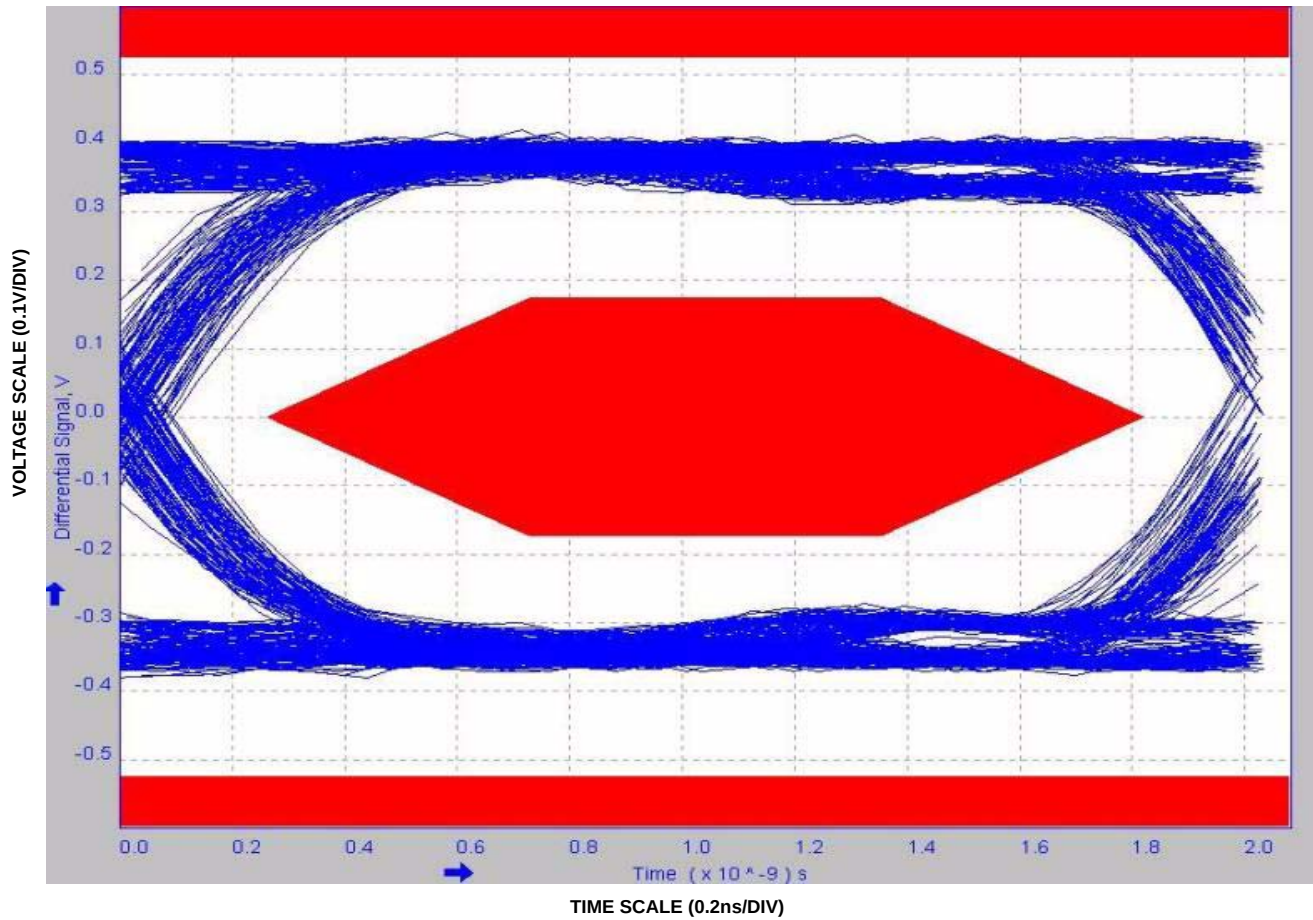
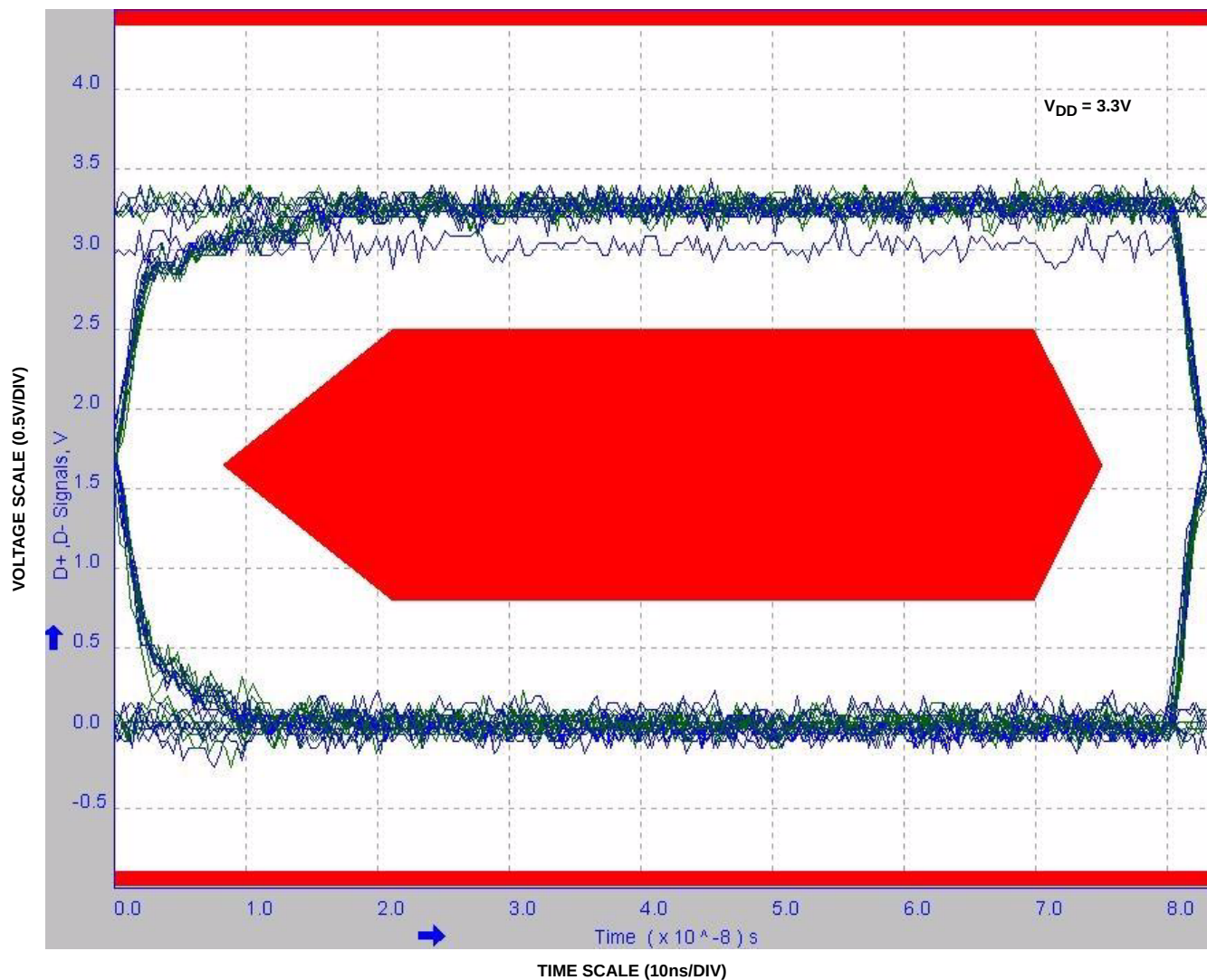
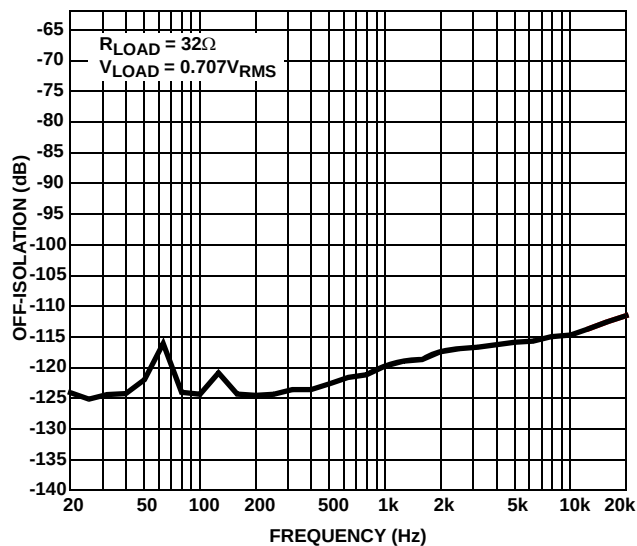
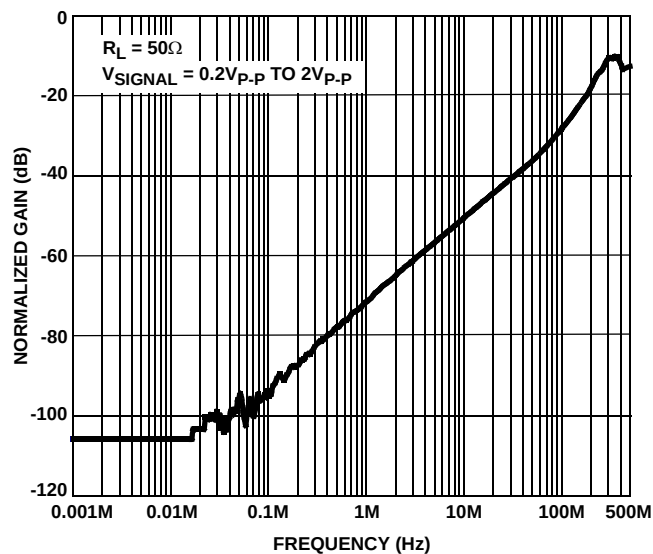
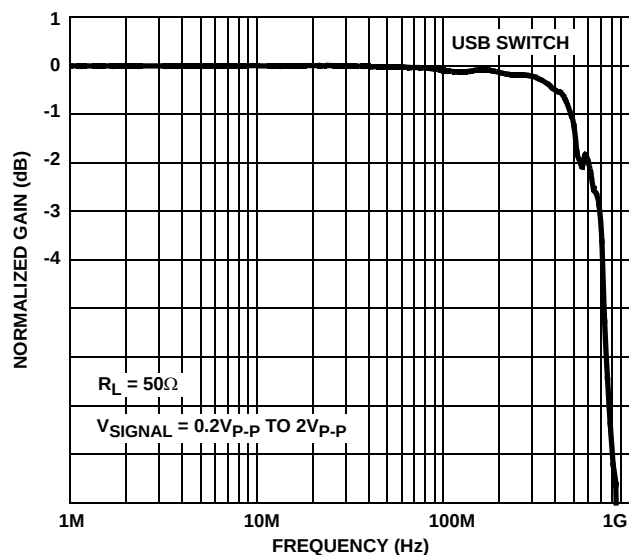
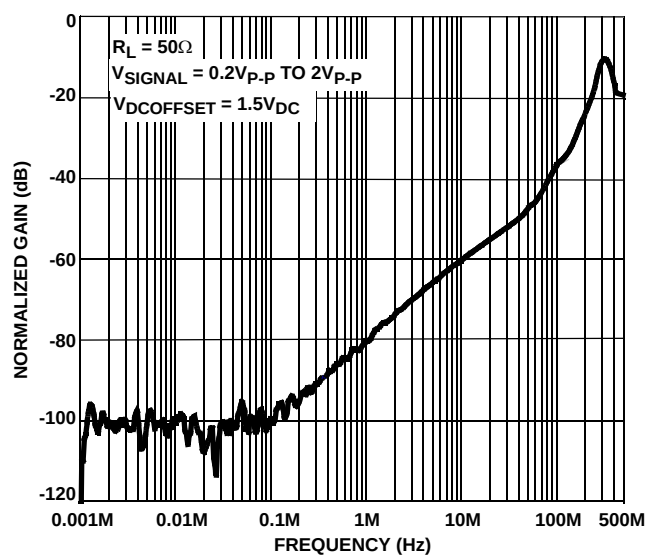


FIGURE 11. THD+N vs SIGNAL LEVELS vs FREQUENCY

**Typical Performance Curves**  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , Unless Otherwise Specified. (Continued)**FIGURE 12. EYE PATTERN: 480Mbps WITH USB SWITCHES IN THE SIGNAL PATH**

**Typical Performance Curves**  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , Unless Otherwise Specified. (Continued)

**FIGURE 13. EYE PATTERN: 12Mbps USB SIGNAL WITH USB SWITCHES IN THE SIGNAL PATH**

**Typical Performance Curves**  $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$ , Unless Otherwise Specified. (Continued)

**FIGURE 14. AUDIO CHANNEL OFF-ISOLATION vs FREQUENCY**

**FIGURE 15. OFF-ISOLATION AUDIO SWITCHES**

**FIGURE 16. FREQUENCY RESPONSE**

**FIGURE 17. OFF-ISOLATION USB SWITCHES**
**Die Characteristics**
**SUBSTRATE POTENTIAL (POWERED UP):**

GND

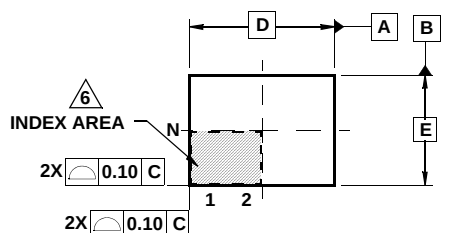
**TRANSISTOR COUNT:**

98

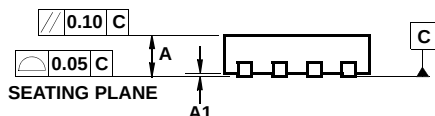
**PROCESS:**

Submicron CMOS

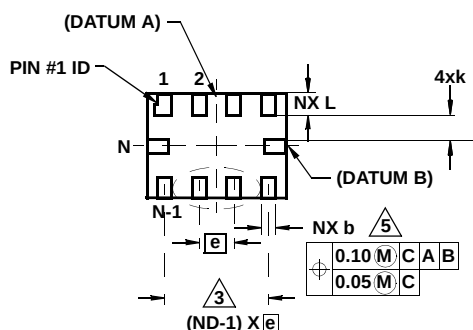
## Ultra Thin Quad Flat No-Lead Plastic Package (UTQFN)



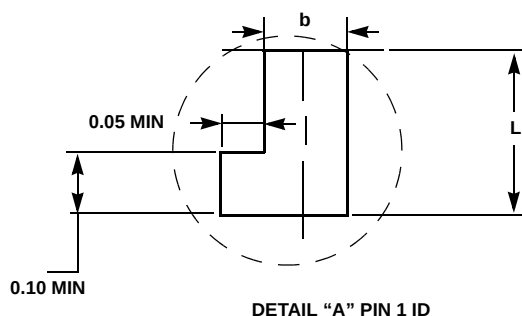
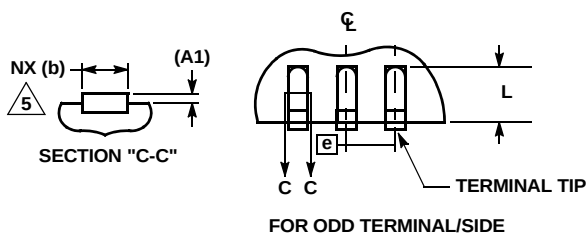
TOP VIEW



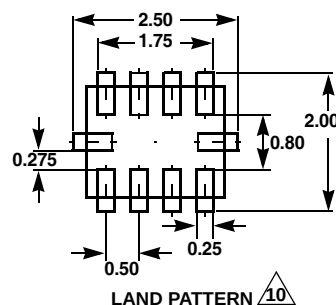
SIDE VIEW



BOTTOM VIEW



DETAIL "A" PIN 1 ID



LAND PATTERN 10

## L10.2.1x1.6A

## 10 LEAD ULTRA THIN QUAD FLAT NO-LEAD PLASTIC PACKAGE

| SYMBOL | MILLIMETERS |         |      | NOTES |
|--------|-------------|---------|------|-------|
|        | MIN         | NOMINAL | MAX  |       |
| A      | 0.45        | 0.50    | 0.55 | -     |
| A1     | -           | -       | 0.05 | -     |
| A3     | 0.127 REF   |         |      | -     |
| b      | 0.15        | 0.20    | 0.25 | 5     |
| D      | 2.05        | 2.10    | 2.15 | -     |
| E      | 1.55        | 1.60    | 1.65 | -     |
| e      | 0.50 BSC    |         |      | -     |
| k      | 0.20        | -       | -    | -     |
| L      | 0.35        | 0.40    | 0.45 | -     |
| N      | 10          |         |      | 2     |
| Nd     | 4           |         |      | 3     |
| Ne     | 1           |         |      | 3     |
| θ      | 0           | -       | 12   | 4     |

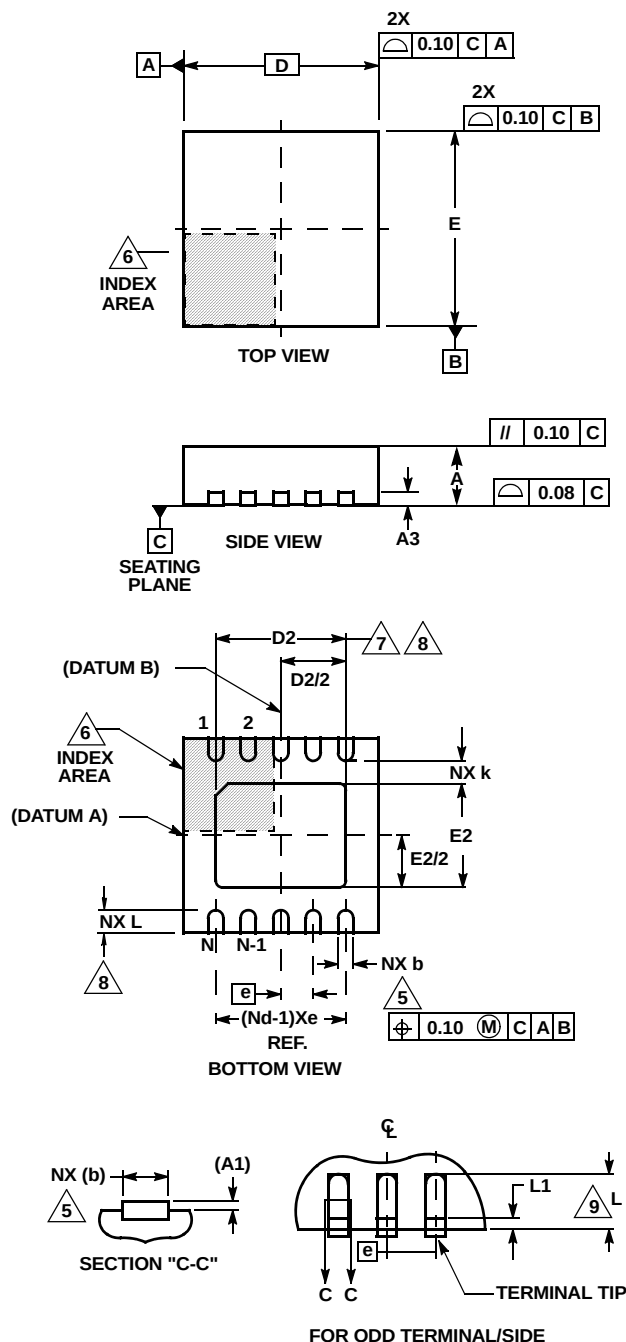
Rev. 3 6/06

## NOTES:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to ASME Y14.5-1994.
2. N is the number of terminals.
3. Nd and Ne refer to the number of terminals on D and E side, respectively.
4. All dimensions are in millimeters. Angles are in degrees.
5. Dimension b applies to the metallized terminal and is measured between 0.15mm and 0.30mm from the terminal tip.
6. The configuration of the pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated. The pin #1 identifier may be either a mold or mark feature.
7. Maximum package warpage is 0.05mm.
8. Maximum allowable burrs is 0.076mm in all directions.
9. Same as JEDEC MO-255UABD except:  
No lead-pull-back, "A" MIN dimension = 0.45 not 0.50mm  
"L" MAX dimension = 0.45 not 0.42mm.
10. For additional information, to assist with the PCB Land Pattern Design effort, see Intersil Technical Brief TB389.



## Thin Dual Flat No-Lead Plastic Package (TDFN)



## L10.3x3A

## 10 LEAD THIN DUAL FLAT NO-LEAD PLASTIC PACKAGE

| SYMBOL | MILLIMETERS |         |      | NOTES |
|--------|-------------|---------|------|-------|
|        | MIN         | NOMINAL | MAX  |       |
| A      | 0.70        | 0.75    | 0.80 | -     |
| A1     | -           | -       | 0.05 | -     |
| A3     | 0.20 REF    |         |      | -     |
| b      | 0.20        | 0.25    | 0.30 | 5, 8  |
| D      | 2.95        | 3.0     | 3.05 | -     |
| D2     | 2.25        | 2.30    | 2.35 | 7, 8  |
| E      | 2.95        | 3.0     | 3.05 | -     |
| E2     | 1.45        | 1.50    | 1.55 | 7, 8  |
| e      | 0.50 BSC    |         |      | -     |
| k      | 0.25        | -       | -    | -     |
| L      | 0.25        | 0.30    | 0.35 | 8     |
| N      | 10          |         |      | 2     |
| Nd     | 5           |         |      | 3     |

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## NOTES:

1. Dimensioning and tolerancing conform to ASME Y14.5-1994.
2. N is the number of terminals.
3. Nd refers to the number of terminals on D.
4. All dimensions are in millimeters. Angles are in degrees.
5. Dimension b applies to the metallized terminal and is measured between 0.15mm and 0.30mm from the terminal tip.
6. The configuration of the pin #1 identifier is optional, but must be located within the zone indicated. The pin #1 identifier may be either a mold or mark feature.
7. Dimensions D2 and E2 are for the exposed pads which provide improved electrical and thermal performance.
8. Nominal dimensions are provided to assist with PCB Land Pattern Design efforts, see Intersil Technical Brief TB389.
9. Compliant to JEDEC MO-229-WEED-3 except for D2 dimensions.

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