

8-Mbit (512K x 16) Static RAM

Features

■ Very high speed: 45 ns
□ Industrial: -40°C to +85°C
□ Automotive-E: -40°C to +125°C

■ Wide voltage range: 4.5V-5.5V

■ Ultra low standby power

Typical standby current: 2 μA

Maximum standby current: 8 μA (Industrial)

■ Ultra low active power

□ Typical active current: 1.8 mA at f = 1 MHz

■ Ultra low standby power

■ Easy memory expansion with \overline{CE}_1 , CE_2 and \overline{OE} features

■ Automatic power down when deselected

■ CMOS for optimum speed and power

Available in Pb-free 44-pin TSOP II and 48-ball VFBGA package

Functional Description[1]

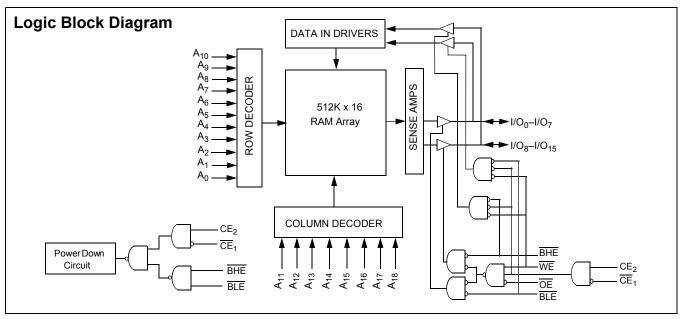
The CY62157E is a high performance CMOS static RAM organized as 512K words by 16 bits. This device features advanced circuit design to provide ultra low active current. This

is ideal for providing More Battery LifeTM (MoBL[®]) in portable applications such as cellular telephones. The device also has an automatic power down feature that significantly reduces power consumption when addresses are not toggling. Place the device into standby mode when deselected (\overline{CE}_1 HIGH or \overline{CE}_2 LOW or both \overline{BHE} and \overline{BLE} are HIGH). The input or output pins (I/O₀ through I/O₁₅) are placed in a high impedance state when:

- Deselected (CE₁HIGH or CE₂ LOW)
- Outputs are disabled (OE HIGH)
- <u>Both Byte High Enable and Byte Low Enable are disabled</u> (BHE, BLE HIGH)
- Write operation is active (CE₁ LOW, CE₂ HIGH and WE LOW)

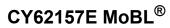
To write to the device, tak<u>e</u> Chip Enable $(\overline{CE}_1 \text{ LOW})$ and $CE_2 \text{ HIGH}$) and Write Enable (\overline{WE}) inputs LOW. If Byte Low Enable (\overline{BLE}) is LOW, then data from I/O pins $(I/O_0 \text{ through } I/O_7)$, is written into the location specified on the address pins $(A_0 \text{ through } A_{18})$. If Byte High Enable (\overline{BHE}) is LOW, then data from I/O pins $(I/O_8 \text{ through } I/O_{15})$ is written into the location specified on the address pins $(A_0 \text{ through } A_{18})$.

To read from the device, take Chip Enable ($\overline{\text{CE}}_1$ LOW and CE₂ HIGH) and Output Enable ($\overline{\text{OE}}$) LOW while forcing the Write Enable ($\overline{\text{WE}}$) HIGH. If Byte Low Enable ($\overline{\text{BLE}}$) is LOW, then data from the memory location specified by the address pins appear on I/O₀ to I/O₇. If Byte High Enable ($\overline{\text{BHE}}$) is LOW, then data from memory appears on I/O₈ to I/O₁₅. See the "Truth Table" on page 10 for a complete description of read and write modes.



Note

^{1.} For best practice recommendations, please refer to the Cypress application note AN1064, SRAM System Guidelines.





Contents

Product Portfolio	3
Pin Configuration	
Maximum Ratings	
Operating Range	
Electrical Characteristics	4
Capacitance	4
AC Test Loads and Waveforms	5
Data Retention Characteristics	5
Data Retention Waveform	5
Thermal Resistance	
Switching Characteristics	

Switching Waveforms	7
Truth Table	
Ordering Information	11
Ordering Code Definitions	11
Package Diagrams	12
Document History Page	14
Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information	
Worldwide Sales and Design Support	15
Products	15
PSoC Solutions	15

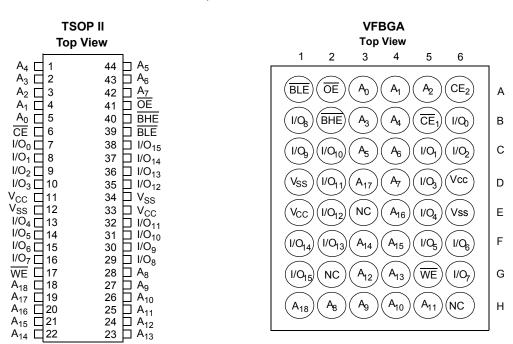


Product Portfolio

					Power Dissipation						
Product	Pango	V _{CC} Range (V) Speed (ns)		V _{CC} Range (V)		I ! . Uneratino		g I _{CC} , (mA)		Standby, I _{SB2}	
Product	Range			f = 1	1 MHz f = f _{ma}		max	(μ A)			
		Min	Typ ^[2]	Max		Typ ^[2]	Max	Typ ^[2]	Max	Typ ^[2]	Max
CY62157ELL	Industrial	4.5	5.0	5.5	45	1.8	3	18	25	2	8
CY62157ELL	Automotive	4.5	5.0	5.5	55	1.8	4	18	35	2	30

Pin Configuration

The following pictures show the TSOP II and VFBGA pinouts. [3, 4]



- 2. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at $V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$, $T_A = 25$ °C.
- NC pins are not connected on the die.
 The 44-pin TSOP II package has only one chip enable (CE) pin.



Maximum Ratings

Exceeding maximum ratings may shorten the useful life of the device. User guidelines are not tested.

Storage Temperature-65°C to + 150°C Ambient Temperature with Supply Voltage to Ground

Potential-0.5V to 6.0V

DC Voltage Applied to Outputs in High-Z State^[5, 6]-0.5V to 6.0V

DC Input Voltage ^[5, 6]	0.5V to 6.0V
Output Current into Outputs (LOW)	20 mA
Static Discharge Voltage(MIL-STD-883, Method 3015)	> 2001V
Latch up Current	> 200 mA

Operating Range

Device	Range	Ambient Temperature	V cc ^[7]
CY62157ELL	Industrial	–40°C to +85°C	4.5V to 5.5V
	Automotive	-40°C to +125°C	

Electrical Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

	5	T	45	45 ns (Industrial)			s (Auto	motive)	11.24
Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Min	Typ ^[8]	Max	Min	Typ ^[8]	Max	Unit
V _{OH}	Output HIGH Voltage	I _{OH} = -1 mA	2.4			2.4			V
V _{OL}	Output LOW Voltage	I _{OL} = 2.1 mA			0.4			0.4	V
V _{IH}	Input HIGH Voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5V to 5.5V	2.2		V _{CC} + 0.5	2.2		V _{CC} + 0.5	V
V _{IL}	Input LOW Voltage	V _{CC} = 4.5V to 5.5V	-0.5		0.8	-0.5		0.8	V
I _{IX}	Input Leakage Current	$GND \le V_{I} \le V_{CC}$	– 1		+1	-4		+4	μА
I _{OZ}	Output Leakage Current	$GND \le V_O \le V_{CC}$, Output Disabled	– 1		+1	-4		+4	μА
I _{CC}	V _{CC} Operating	$f = f_{max} = 1/t_{RC}$ $V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)}$ $f = 1 MHz$ $I_{OUT} = 0 mA$		18	25		18	35	mA
	Supply Current	f = 1 MHz I _{OUT} = 0 mA CMOS levels		1.8	3		1.8	4	
I _{SB1}	Automatic CE Power Down Current — CMOS Inputs	$\label{eq:control_control_control} \begin{split} \overline{CE}_1 &\geq V_{CC} - 0.2V \text{ or } CE_2 \leq 0.2V, \\ V_{IN} &\geq V_{CC} - 0.2V, \ V_{IN} \leq 0.2V, \\ f &= f_{max} \underbrace{(Address\ and\ Data\ Only)}_{F}, \\ f &= 0 \underbrace{(OE,\ BHE,\ BLE\ and\ WE)}_{CC}, \end{split}$		2	8		2	30	μА
I _{SB2} ^[9]	Automatic CE Power Down Current — CMOS Inputs	$\label{eq:control_control_control} \begin{split} \overline{CE}_1 &\geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{V or } CE_2 \leq 0.2 \text{V}, \\ V_{IN} &\geq V_{CC} - 0.2 \text{V or } V_{IN} \leq 0.2 \text{V}, \\ f &= 0, \ V_{CC} = V_{CC(max)} \end{split}$		2	8		2	30	μА

Capacitance^[10]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	Max	Unit
C _{IN}	Input Capacitance	$T_A = 25^{\circ}C, f = 1 \text{ MHz}, V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}$	10	pF
C _{OUT}	Output Capacitance		10	pF

- V_{IL(min)} = -2.0V for pulse durations less than 20 ns for I < 30 mA.
 V_{IH(max)} = V_{CC} + 0.75V for pulse durations less than 20 ns.
 Full device AC operation assumes a 100 μs ramp time from 0 to V_{CC}(min) and 200 μs wait time after V_{CC} stabilization.
- 8. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}, T_A = 25 °C.
 9. Chip enables (CE₁ and CE₂) and byte enables (BHE and BLE) need to be tied to CMOS levels to meet the I_{SB2} / I_{CCDR} spec. Other inputs can be left floating.
- 10. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.

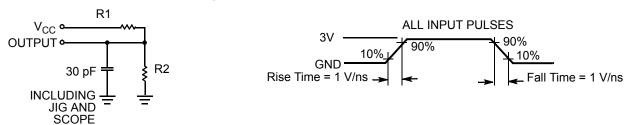


Thermal Resistance [11]

Parameter	Description	Test Conditions	TSOP II	VFBGA	Unit
Θ_{JA}		Still Air, soldered on a 3 × 4.5 inch, two-layer printed circuit board	77	72	°C/W
$\Theta_{\sf JC}$	Thermal Resistance (Junction to Case)		13	8.86	°C/W

AC Test Loads and Waveforms

Figure 1. AC Test Loads and Waveforms



Equivalent to: THEVENIN EQUIVALENT

	R_TH	
OUTPUT •——	<u> </u>	⊸ ∨

Parameters	Values	Unit
R1	1800	Ω
R2	990	Ω
R _{TH}	639	Ω
V _{TH}	1.77	V

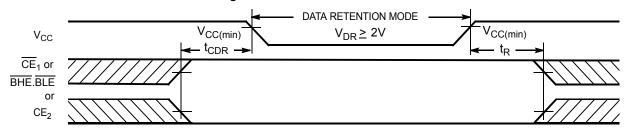
Data Retention Characteristics

Over the Operating Range

Parameter	Description	Conditions		Min	Typ [12]	Max	Unit
V_{DR}	V _{CC} for Data Retention			2			V
I _{CCDR}	Data Retention Current	V_{CC} =2V, $\overline{CE}_1 \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $CE_2 \le 0.2V$, $V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} \le 0.2V$	Industrial			8	μА
		$V_{IN} \ge V_{CC} - 0.2V$ or $V_{IN} \le 0.2V$	Automotive			30	
t _{CDR} ^[11]	Chip Deselect to Data Retention Time			0			ns
t _R ^[13]	Operation Recovery Time			t _{RC}			ns

Data Retention Waveform^[14]

Figure 2. Data Retention Waveform



- Notes
 11. Tested initially and after any design or process changes that may affect these parameters.
 12. Typical values are included for reference only and are not guaranteed or tested. Typical values are measured at V_{CC} = V_{CC(typ)}, T_A = 25 °C.
 13. Full device operation requires linear V_{CC} ramp from V_{DR} to V_{CC(min)} ≥ 100 μs or stable at V_{CC(min)} ≥ 100 μs.
 14. BHE.BLE is the AND of both BHE and BLE. Deselect the chip by either disabling chip enable signals or by disabling both BHE and BLE.



Switching Characteristics

Over the Operating Range^[15, 16]

Downwoodow	Description	45 ns (Ir	ndustrial)	55 ns (Au		
Parameter	Description	Min	Max	Min	Max	Unit
Read Cycle		•	•	•	•	
t _{RC}	Read Cycle Time	45		55		ns
t _{AA}	Address to Data Valid		45		55	ns
t _{OHA}	Data Hold from Address Change	10		10		ns
t _{ACE}	CE ₁ LOW and CE ₂ HIGH to Data Valid		45		55	ns
t _{DOE}	OE LOW to Data Valid		22		25	ns
t _{LZOE}	OE LOW to LOW-Z ^[17]	5		5		ns
t _{HZOE}	OE HIGH to High-Z ^[17, 18]		18		20	ns
t _{LZCE}	CE ₁ LOW and CE ₂ HIGH to Low-Z ^[17]	10		10		ns
t _{HZCE}	CE ₁ HIGH and CE ₂ LOW to High-Z ^[17, 18]		18		20	ns
t _{PU}	CE ₁ LOW and CE ₂ HIGH to Power Up	0		0		ns
t _{PD}	CE ₁ HIGH and CE ₂ LOW to Power Down		45		55	ns
t _{DBE}	BLE/BHE LOW to Data Valid		45		55	ns
t _{LZBE}	BLE/BHE LOW to Low-Z ^[17]	10		10		ns
t _{HZBE}	BLE/BHE HIGH to HIGH-Z ^[17, 18]		18		20	ns
Write Cycle ^[19]						
t _{WC}	Write Cycle Time	45		55		ns
t _{SCE}	CE ₁ LOW and CE ₂ HIGH to Write End	35		40		ns
t _{AW}	Address Setup to Write End	35		40		ns
t _{HA}	Address Hold from Write End	0		0		ns
t _{SA}	Address Setup to Write Start	0		0		ns
t _{PWE}	WE Pulse Width	35		40		ns
t _{BW}	BLE/BHE LOW to Write End	35		40		ns
t _{SD}	Data Setup to Write End	25		25		ns
t _{HD}	Data Hold from Write End	0		0		ns
t _{HZWE}	WE LOW to High-Z ^[17, 18]		18		20	ns
t _{LZWE}	WE HIGH to Low-Z ^[17]	10		10		ns

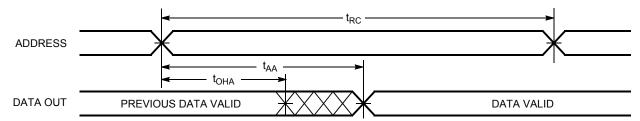
<sup>Notes
15. Test conditions for all parameters other than tri-state parameters assume signal transition time of 3 ns or less, timing reference levels of V_{CC(typ)}/2, input pulse levels of 0 to V_{CC(typ)}, and output loading of the specified I_{CL}/I_{OH} as shown in the "AC Test Loads and Waveforms" on page 5.
16. AC timing parameters are subject to byte enable signals (BHE or BLE) not switching when chip is disabled. See application note AN13842 for further clarification.
17. At any temperature and voltage condition, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE}, t_{HZBE} is less than t_{LZCE}, t_{HZCE} is less than t_{LZCE}, and t_{HZWE} for any device.
18. t_{HZCE}, t_{HZEE}, and t_{HZWE} transitions are measured when the <u>outputs</u> enter a <u>high imp</u>edance state.
19. The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE, CE₁ = V_{|L}, BHE, BLE, or both = V_{|L}, and CE₂ = V_{|H}. All signals must be active to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going inactive. The data input setup and hold timing must be referenced to the edge of the signal that terminates the write.</sup>



Switching Waveforms

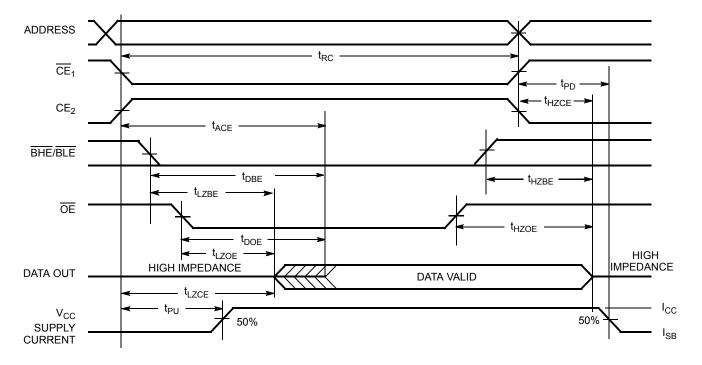
 $\textbf{Read Cycle No. 1} \; (\text{Address Transition Controlled})^{[20,\; 21]}$

Figure 3. Read Cycle No. 1



Read Cycle No. 2 (\overline{OE} Controlled)[21, 22]

Figure 4. Read Cycle No. 2



^{20.} The device is continuously selected. \overline{OE} , $\overline{CE}_1 = V_{|L}$, \overline{BHE} , \overline{BLE} or both = $V_{|L}$, and $CE_2 = V_{|H}$. 21. \overline{WE} is HIGH for read cycle.

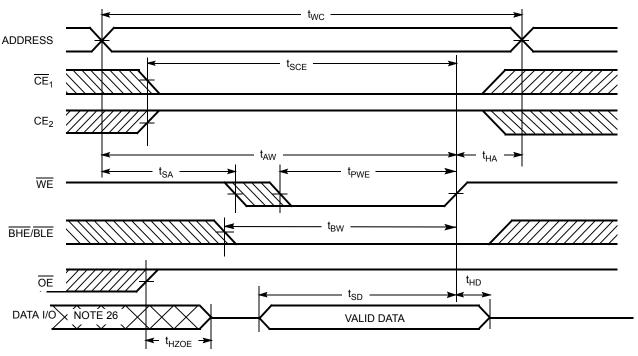
^{22.} Address valid before or similar to $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$, $\overline{\text{BHE}}$, $\overline{\text{BLE}}$ transition LOW and $\overline{\text{CE}}_2$ transition HIGH.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

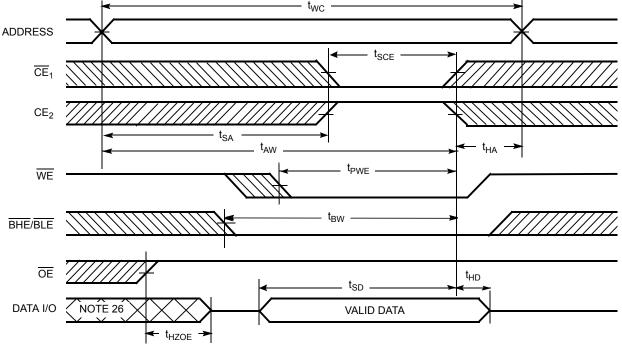
Write Cycle No. 1 (WE Controlled)[23, 24, 25]

Figure 5. Write Cycle No. 1



Write Cycle No. 2 ($\overline{\text{CE}}_1$ or CE_2 Controlled) $^{[23,\ 24,\ 25]}$

Figure 6. Write Cycle No. 2



^{23.} The internal write time of the memory is defined by the overlap of WE, CE₁ = V_{IL}, BHE, BLE, or both = V_{IL}, and CE₂ = V_{IH}. All signals must be active to initiate a write and any of these signals can terminate a write by going inactive. The data input setup and hold timing must be referenced to the edge of the signal that

^{24.} Data I/O is high impedance if $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$.

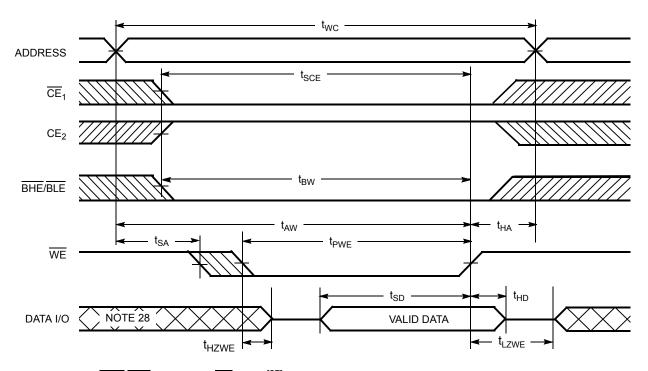
^{25.} If $\overline{CE_1}$ goes HIGH and $\overline{CE_2}$ goes LOW simultaneously with \overline{WE} = V_{IH} , the output remains in a high impedance state. 26. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.



Switching Waveforms (continued)

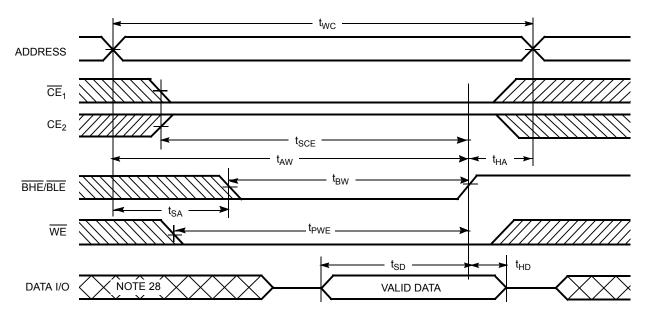
Write Cycle No. 3 ($\overline{\text{WE}}$ Controlled, $\overline{\text{OE}}$ LOW)[27]

Figure 7. Write Cycle No. 3



Write Cycle No. 4 $(\overline{BHE}/\overline{BLE}$ Controlled, \overline{OE} LOW)[27]

Figure 8. Write Cycle No. 4



Notes

27. If $\overline{\text{CE}}_1$ goes HIGH and CE_2 goes LOW simultaneously with $\overline{\text{WE}}$ = V_{IH} , the output remains in a high impedance state. 28. During this period, the I/Os are in output state. Do not apply input signals.



Truth Table

CE ₁	CE ₂	WE	OE	BHE	BLE	Inputs/Outputs	Mode	Power
Н	X ^[29]	Х	Х	Х	Х	High-Z	Deselect/Power Down	Standby (I _{SB})
X ^[29]	L	Х	Х	Х	Х	High-Z	Deselect/Power Down	Standby (I _{SB})
X ^[29]	X ^[29]	Х	Х	Н	Н	High-Z	Deselect/Power Down	Standby (I _{SB})
L	Н	Η	L	L	L	Data Out (I/O ₀ -I/O ₁₅)	Read	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	Н	L	Н	L	Data Out (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇); High-Z (I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅)	Read	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	Н	L	L	Н	High-Z (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇); Data Out (I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅)	Read	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	Н	Н	L	Н	High-Z	Output Disabled	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	Н	Н	Н	L	High-Z	Output Disabled	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	Н	Н	L	L	High-Z	Output Disabled	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	L	Х	L	L	Data In (I/O ₀ -I/O ₁₅)	Write	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	L	Х	Н	L	Data In (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇); High-Z (I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅)	Write	Active (I _{CC})
L	Н	L	Х	L	Н	High-Z (I/O ₀ –I/O ₇); Data In (I/O ₈ –I/O ₁₅)	Write	Active (I _{CC})

Note
29. The 'X' (Don't care) state for the Chip enables in the truth table refer to the logic state (either HIGH or LOW). Intermediate voltage levels on these pins is not permitted.

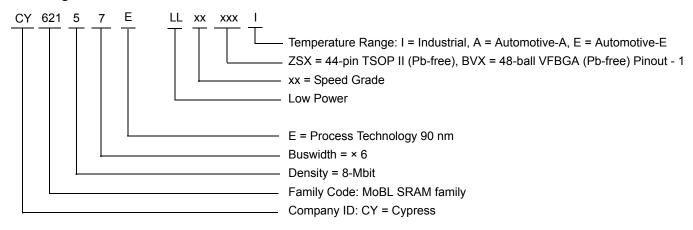


Ordering Information

Speed (ns)	Ordering Code	Package Diagram	Package Type	Operating Range
45	CY62157ELL-45ZSXI	51-85087	44-pin Thin Small Outline Package Type II (Pb-free)	Industrial
55	CY62157ELL-55ZSXE	51-85087	44-pin Thin Small Outline Package Type II (Pb-free)	Automotive
	CY62157ELL-55BVXE	51-85150	48-ball Very Fine Pitch Ball Grid Array (Pb-free)	

Contact your local Cypress sales representative for availability of these parts.

Ordering Code Definitions

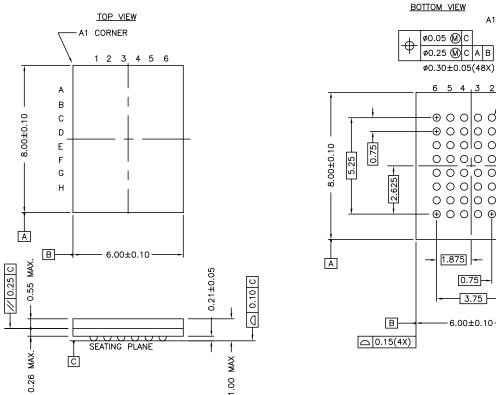


51-85150 *F



Package Diagrams

Figure 9. 48-Ball VFBGA (6 x 8 x 1 mm), 51-85150



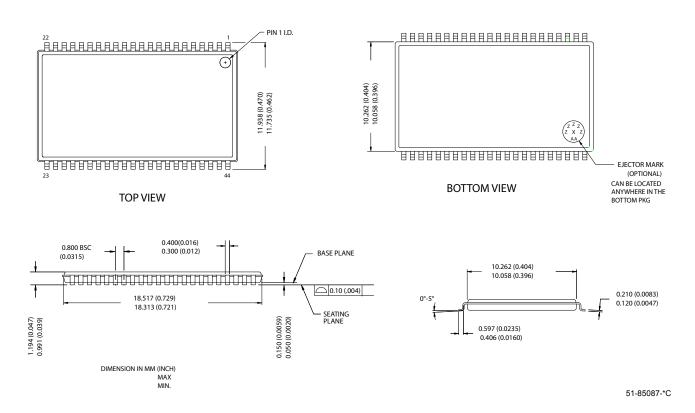
⊕ o o|o d′o ⊕00000 0 0 0 0 0 0 С 000000 00000 00000 00000 D Ε G Н 1.875 0.75 3.75 6.00±0.10

A1 CORNER



Package Diagrams (continued)

Figure 10. 44-Pin TSOP II, 51-85087





Document History Page

Document Document	Document Title: CY62157E MoBL [®] , 8-Mbit (512K x 16) Static RAM Document Number: 38-05695					
Rev.	ECN No.	Issue Date	Orig. of Change	Description of Change		
**	291273	See ECN	PCI	New data sheet		
*A	457689	See ECN	NXR	Added Automotive Product Removed Industrial Product Removed 35 ns and 45 ns speed bins Removed "L" bin Updated AC Test Loads table Corrected t_R in Data Retention Characteristics from 100 μ s to t_{RC} ns Updated the Ordering Information and replaced the Package Name column with Package Diagram		
*B	467033	See ECN	NXR	Added Industrial Product (Final Information) Removed 48 ball VFBGA package and its relevant information Changed the $I_{CC(typ)}$ value of Automotive from 2 mA to 1.8 mA for f = 1MHz Changed the $I_{SB2(typ)}$ value of Automotive from 5 μ A to 1.8 μ A Modified footnote #4 to include current limit Updated the Ordering Information table		
*C	569114	See ECN	VKN	Added 48 ball VFBGA package Updated Logic Block Diagram Added footnote #3 Updated the Ordering Information table		
*D	925501	See ECN	VKN	Added footnote #9 related to I _{SB2} and I _{CCDR} Added footnote #14 related AC timing parameters		
*E	1045801	See ECN	VKN	Converted Automotive specs from preliminary to final		
*F	2934396	06/03/10	VKN	Added footnote #23 related to chip enable Updated package diagrams Updated template.		
*G	3110053	12/14/2010	PRAS	Changed Table Footnotes to Footnotes. Added Ordering Code Definitions.		



Sales, Solutions, and Legal Information

Worldwide Sales and Design Support

Cypress maintains a worldwide network of offices, solution centers, manufacturer's representatives, and distributors. To find the office closest to you, visit us at Cypress Locations.

Products

Automotive cypress.com/go/automotive Clocks & Buffers cypress.com/go/clocks Interface cypress.com/go/interface Lighting & Power Control cypress.com/go/powerpsoc

cypress.com/go/plc
Memory cypress.com/go/memory
Optical & Image Sensing cypress.com/go/image
PSoC cypress.com/go/psoc
Touch Sensing cypress.com/go/touch
USB Controllers cypress.com/go/USB
Wireless/RF cypress.com/go/wireless

PSoC Solutions

psoc.cypress.com/solutions PSoC 1 | PSoC 3 | PSoC 5

© Cypress Semiconductor Corporation, 2004-2010. The information contained herein is subject to change without notice. Cypress Semiconductor Corporation assumes no responsibility for the use of any circuitry other than circuitry embodied in a Cypress product. Nor does it convey or imply any license under patent or other rights. Cypress products are not warranted nor intended to be used for medical, life support, life saving, critical control or safety applications, unless pursuant to an express written agreement with Cypress. Furthermore, Cypress does not authorize its products for use as critical components in life-support systems where a malfunction or failure may reasonably be expected to result in significant injury to the user. The inclusion of Cypress products in life-support systems application implies that the manufacturer assumes all risk of such use and in doing so indemnifies Cypress against all charges.

Any Source Code (software and/or firmware) is owned by Cypress Semiconductor Corporation (Cypress) and is protected by and subject to worldwide patent protection (United States and foreign), United States copyright laws and international treaty provisions. Cypress hereby grants to licensee a personal, non-exclusive, non-transferable license to copy, use, modify, create derivative works of, and compile the Cypress Source Code and derivative works for the sole purpose of creating custom software and or firmware in support of licensee product to be used only in conjunction with a Cypress integrated circuit as specified in the applicable agreement. Any reproduction, modification, translation, compilation, or representation of this Source Code except as specified above is prohibited without the express written permission of Cypress.

Disclaimer: CYPRESS MAKES NO WARRANTY OF ANY KIND, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, WITH REGARD TO THIS MATERIAL, INCLUDING, BUT NOT LIMITED TO, THE IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE. Cypress reserves the right to make changes without further notice to the materials described herein. Cypress does not assume any liability arising out of the application or use of any product or circuit described herein. Cypress does not authorize its products for use as critical components in life-support systems where a malfunction or failure may reasonably be expected to result in significant injury to the user. The inclusion of Cypress' product in a life-support systems application implies that the manufacturer assumes all risk of such use and in doing so indemnifies Cypress against all charges.

Use may be limited by and subject to the applicable Cypress software license agreement.

Document #: 38-05695 Rev. *G

Revised December 20, 2010

Page 15 of 15

MoBL is a registered trademark and More Battery Life is a trademark of Cypress Semiconductor. All product and company names mentioned in this document are the trademarks of their respective holders.