

# HITACHI

KAOHSIUNG HITACHI ELECTRONICS CO., LTD.

FOR MESSRS:

DATE: Dec. 9<sup>th</sup> 2011

## CUSTOMER'S ACCEPTANCE SPECIFICATION

### TX15D02VM0CPA

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ACCEPTED BY: \_\_\_\_\_

PROPOSED BY: Lenther

## 2. RECORD OF REVISION

| DATE | SHEET No. | SUMMARY |
|------|-----------|---------|
|      |           |         |

### 3. GENERAL DATA

#### 3.1 DISPLAY FEATURES

This module is a 5.8" WQVGA of 15:9 format amorphous silicon TFT. The pixel format is vertical stripe and sub pixels are arranged as R (red), G (green), B (blue) sequentially. This display is RoHS compliant, COG (chip on glass) technology and LED backlight are applied on this display.

|                         |   |
|-------------------------|---|
| Part Name               | TX15D02VM0CPA   |
| Module Dimensions       | 145.0(W) mm x 90.0(H) mm x 12.8 (D) mm typ.             |
| LCD Active Area         | 126.3(W) mm x 75.78(H) mm                               |
| Pixel Pitch             | 0.105x3(RGB) (W) mm x 0.315 (H) mm                      |
| Resolution              | 400 x 3(RGB)(W) x 240(H) dots                           |
| Color Pixel Arrangement | R, G, B Vertical stripe                                 |
| LCD Type                | Transmissive Color TFT; Normally Black                  |
| Display Type            | Active Matrix   |
| Number of Colors        | 262k Colors   |
| Backlight               | 12 LEDs (3 series x 4)                                  |
| Weight                  | 210 g   |
| Interface               | C-MOS; 6-bit RGB; 40 pins                               |
| Power Supply Voltage    | 3.3V for LCD; 12V for Backlight                         |
| Power Consumption       | 0.8 W for LCD ; 4.1W for Backlight                      |
| Viewing Direction       | Super Wide Version (In Plane Switching)                 |
| Touch Panel             | 4 wire resistive type; Film on Glass; Antiglare surface |

## 4. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| Item                    | Symbol          | Min. | Max.    | Unit | Remarks |
|-------------------------|-----------------|------|---------|------|---------|
| Supply Voltage          | VDD             | -0.3 | 5.0     | V    | -       |
| Input Voltage of Logic  | VI              | -0.3 | VDD+0.3 | V    | Note 1  |
| Operating Temperature   | T <sub>op</sub> | -20  | 70      | °C   | Note 2  |
| Storage Temperature     | T <sub>st</sub> | -30  | 80      | °C   | Note 2  |
| Backlight Input Voltage | VLED            | -    | 15      | V    | -       |

Note 1: The rating is defined for the signal voltages of the interface such as DCLK,DE, and RGB data bus.

Note 2: The maximum rating defined as above is based on chamber temperature, which might be different from ambient temperature after assembling the panel into the application. Moreover, some temperature-related phenomenon as below need to be noticed:

- Background color, contrast and response time would be different in temperatures other than 25°C.
- Operating under high temperature will shorten LED lifetime.

## 5. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

### 5.1 LCD CHARACTERISTICS

$T_a = 25^\circ C$ , VSS = 0V

| Item                   | Symbol    | Condition | Min.   | Typ. | Max.    | Unit | Remarks  |
|------------------------|-----------|-----------|--------|------|---------|------|----------|
| Power Supply Voltage   | VDD       | -         | 3.0    | 3.3  | 3.6     | V    | -        |
| Input Voltage of Logic | VI        | “H” level | 0.7VDD | -    | VDD+0.3 | V    | Note 1   |
|                        |           | “L” level | -0.3   | -    | 0.25VDD |      |          |
| Power Supply Current   | IDD       | VDD=3.3V  | -      | 240  | 300     | mA   | Note 2,3 |
| Vsync Frequency        | $f_v$     | -         | 50     | 60   | 70      | Hz   | -        |
| Hsync Frequency        | $f_H$     | -         | 13.0   | 15.6 | 18.2    | KHz  | -        |
| CLK Frequency          | $f_{CLK}$ | -         | 7.5    | 9.0  | 10.5    | MHz  | -        |

Note1: The rating is defined for the signal voltages of the interface such as DE,DCLK and RGB data bus.

Note 2: An all white check pattern is used when measuring IDD.  $f_v$  is set to 60 Hz.

Note 3: 1.0A fuse is applied in the module for IDD. For display activation and protection purpose, power supply is recommended larger than 2.5A to start the display and break fuse once any short circuit occurred.

### 5.2 BACKLIGHT CHARACTERISTICS

$T_a = 25^\circ C$

| Item                                 | Symbol | Condition         | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit | Remarks |
|--------------------------------------|--------|-------------------|------|------|------|------|---------|
| LED Input Voltage                    | VLED   | -                 | 11.5 | 12.0 | 12.5 | V    | Note1   |
| LED Forward Current<br>(Dim Control) | ILED   | 0V; 0% duty       | 320  | 340  | 360  | mA   | Note 2  |
|                                      |        | 3.0VDC; 100% duty | -    | 30   | 36   |      |         |
| LED lifetime                         | -      | 340 mA            | -    | 70K  | -    | hrs  | Note 3  |

Note 1: As Fig. 5.1 shown, LED current is constant, 340 mA, controlled by the LED driver when applying 12V VLED.

Note 2: Dimming function can be obtained by applying DC voltage or PWM signal from the display interface CN1. The recommended PWM signal is 1K ~ 10K Hz with 3.3V amplitude.

Note 3: The estimated lifetime is specified as the time to reduce 50% brightness by applying 340 mA at  $25^\circ C$ .

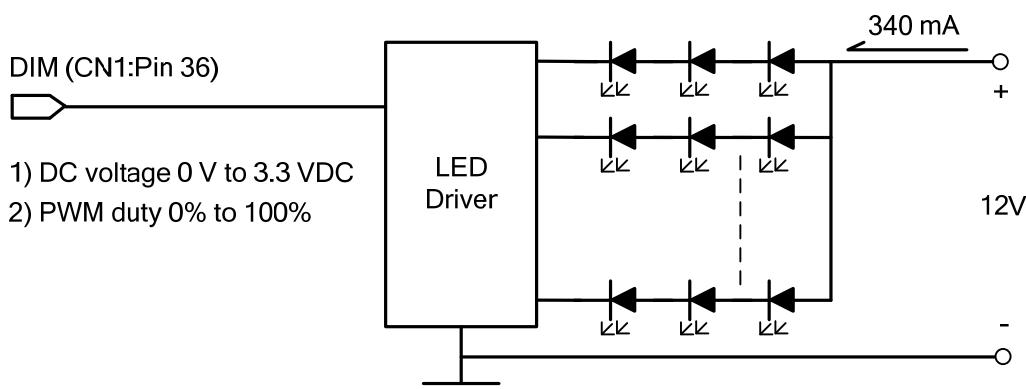


Fig 5.1

## 6. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The optical characteristics are measured based on the conditions as below:

- Supplying the signals and voltages defined in the section of electrical characteristics.
- The backlight unit needs to be turned on for 30 minutes.
- The ambient temperature is 25 °C.
- In the dark room around 500~1000 lx, the equipment has been set for the measurements as shown in Fig 6.1.

$T_a = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$ ,  $f_v = 60\text{ Hz}$ ,  $\text{VDD} = 3.3\text{V}$

| Item                                | Symbol      | Condition  | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit                   | Remarks |
|-------------------------------------|-------------|--|------|------|------|------------------------|---------|
| Brightness of White                 | -           | $\phi = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta = 0^{\circ}$ ,<br>$\text{ILED}=340\text{ mA}$ | 300  | 360  | -    | $\text{cd}/\text{m}^2$ | Note 1  |
| Brightness Uniformity               | -           |  | 70   | -    | -    | %                      | Note 2  |
| Contrast Ratio                      | CR          |  | 500  | 800  | -    | -                      | Note 3  |
| Response Time<br>(Rising + Falling) | $T_r + T_f$ | $\phi = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta = 0^{\circ}$                                  | -    | -    | 45   | ms                     | Note 4  |
| NTSC Ratio                          | -           | $\phi = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta = 0^{\circ}$                                  | -    | 60   | -    | %                      | -       |
| Viewing Angle                       | $\theta x$  | $\phi = 0^{\circ}$ , $\text{CR} \geq 10$                                   | -    | 85   | -    | Degree                 | Note 5  |
|                                     | $\theta x'$ | $\phi = 180^{\circ}$ , $\text{CR} \geq 10$                                 | -    | 85   | -    |                        |         |
|                                     | $\theta y$  | $\phi = 90^{\circ}$ , $\text{CR} \geq 10$                                  | -    | 85   | -    |                        |         |
|                                     | $\theta y'$ | $\phi = 270^{\circ}$ , $\text{CR} \geq 10$                                 | -    | 85   | -    |                        |         |
| Color<br>Chromaticity               | Red<br>X    | $\phi = 0^{\circ}$ , $\theta = 0^{\circ}$                                  | 0.59 | 0.64 | 0.69 | -                      | Note 6  |
|                                     | Y           |  | 0.30 | 0.35 | 0.40 |                        |         |
|                                     | Green<br>X  |  | 0.29 | 0.34 | 0.39 |                        |         |
|                                     | Y           |  | 0.57 | 0.62 | 0.67 |                        |         |
|                                     | Blue<br>X   |  | 0.09 | 0.14 | 0.19 |                        |         |
|                                     | Y           |  | 0.04 | 0.09 | 0.14 |                        |         |
|                                     | White<br>X  |  | 0.27 | 0.32 | 0.37 |                        |         |
|                                     | Y           |  | 0.29 | 0.34 | 0.39 |                        |         |

Note 1: The brightness is measured from the panel center point, P5 in Fig. 6.2, for the typical value.

Note 2: The brightness uniformity is calculated by the equation as below:

$$\text{Brightness uniformity} = \frac{\text{Min. Brightness}}{\text{Max. Brightness}} \times 100\%$$

, which is based on the brightness values of the 9 points measured by BM-5 as shown in Fig. 6.2.

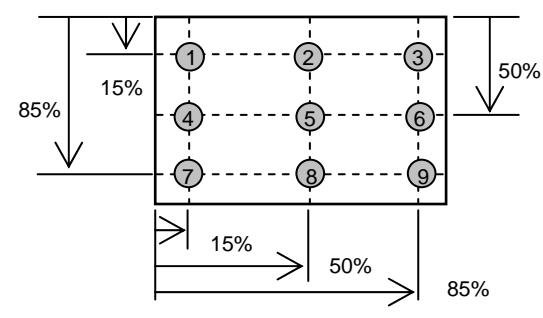
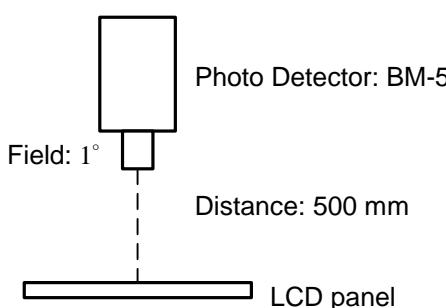


Fig. 6.1

Fig. 6.2

Note 3: The Contrast Ratio is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, and defined as the following equation:

$$CR = \frac{\text{Brightness of White}}{\text{Brightness of Black}}$$

Note 4: The definition of response time is shown in Fig. 6.3. The rising time is the period from 10% brightness to 90% brightness when the data is from black to white. Oppositely, Falling time is the period from 90% brightness rising to 10% brightness.

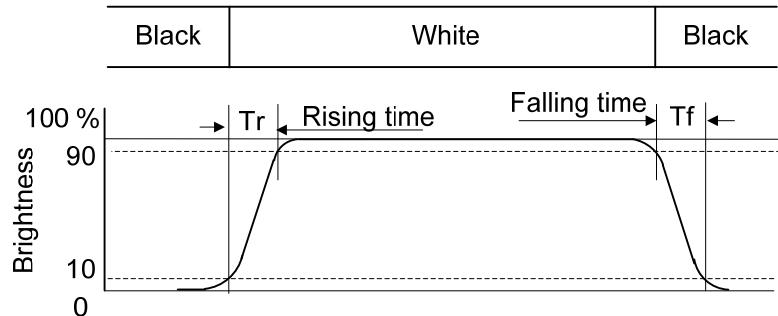


Fig 6.3

Note 5: The definition of viewing angle is shown in Fig. 6.4. Angle  $\phi$  is used to represent viewing directions, for instance,  $\phi=270^\circ$  means 6 o'clock, and  $\phi=0^\circ$  means 3 o'clock. Moreover, angle  $\theta$  is used to represent viewing angles from axis Z toward plane XY.

The display is super wide viewing angle version, so that the best optical performance can be obtained from every viewing direction.

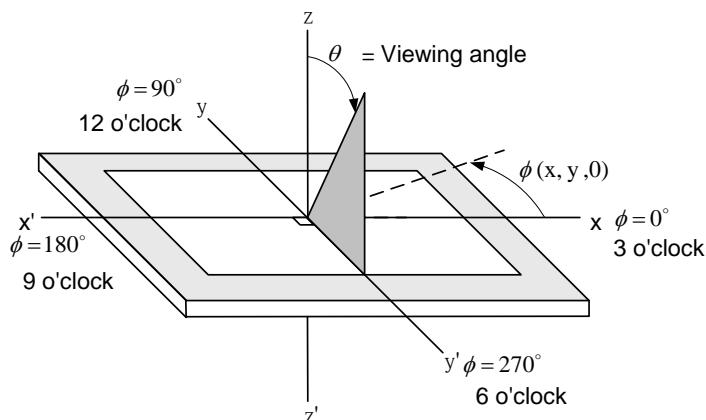
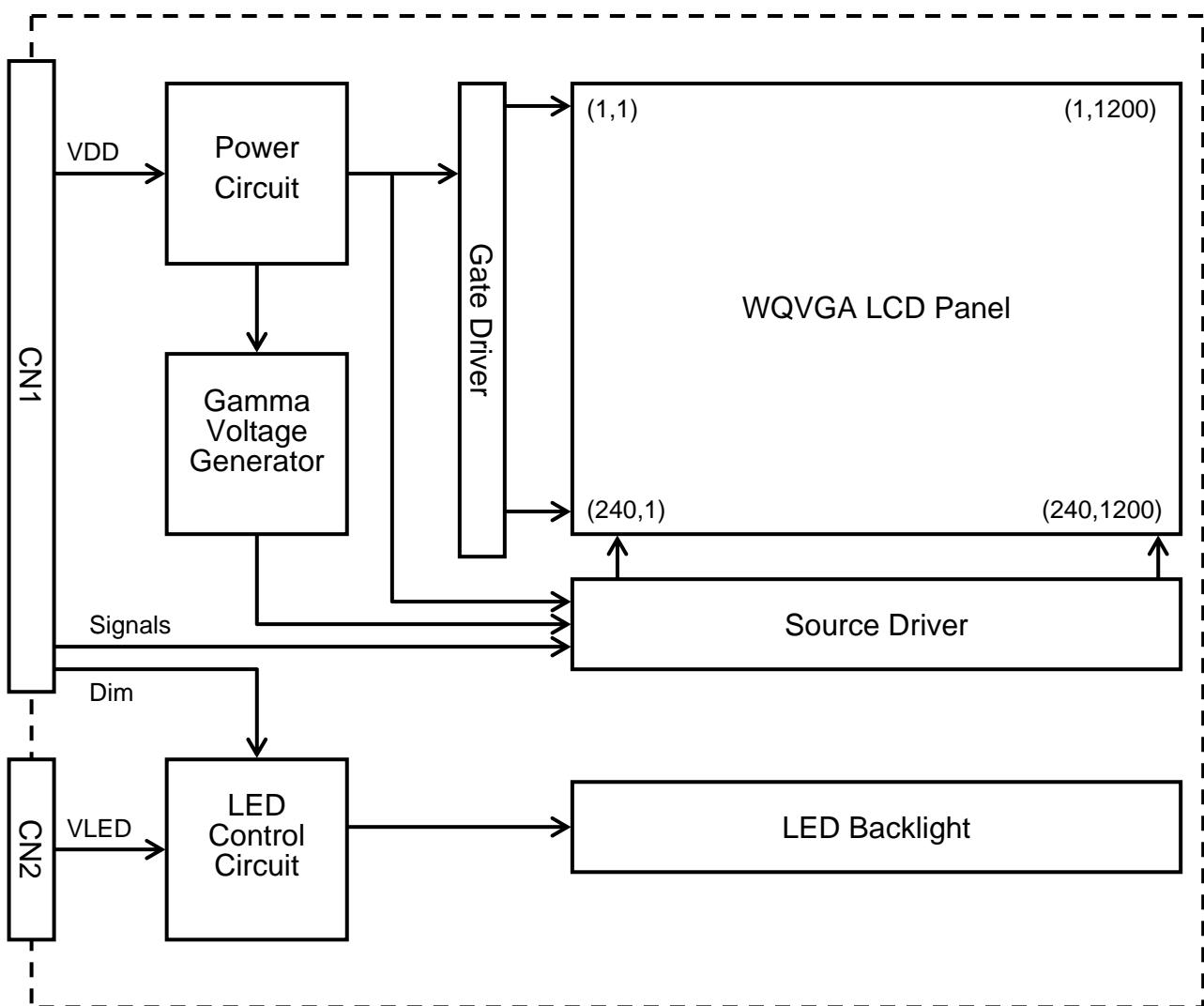


Fig 6.4

Note 6: The color chromaticity is measured from the center point of the panel, P5, as shown in Fig. 6.2.

## 7. BLOCK DIAGRAM



## 8. RELIABILITY TESTS

| Test Item                   | Condition   |  |
|-----------------------------|---|--|
| High Temperature            | 1) Operating<br>2) 70 °C  | 240 hrs  |
| Low Temperature             | 1) Operating<br>2) -20 °C   | 240 hrs  |
| High Temperature            | 1) Storage<br>2) 80 °C  | 240 hrs  |
| Low Temperature             | 1) Storage<br>2) -30 °C   | 240 hrs  |
| Heat Cycle                  | 1) Operating<br>2) -20 °C ~ 70 °C<br>3) 3hrs~1hr~3hrs   | 240 hrs  |
| Thermal Shock               | 1) Non-Operating<br>2) -35 °C ↔ 85 °C<br>3) 0.5 hr ↔ 0.5 hr   | 240 hrs  |
| High Temperature & Humidity | 1) Operating<br>2) 40 °C & 85%RH<br>3) Without condensation<br>4) Note 3  | 240 hrs  |
| Vibration                   | 1) Non-Operating<br>2) 20~200 Hz<br>3) 3G<br>4) X, Y, and Z directions  | 1 hr for each direction  |
| Mechanical Shock            | 1) Non-Operating<br>2) 10 ms<br>3) 50G<br>4) ±X, ±Y and ±Z directions   | Once for each direction  |
| ESD                         | 1) Operating<br>2) Tip: 200 pF, 250 Ω<br>3) Air discharge for glass: ± 8KV<br>4) Contact discharge for metal frame: ± 8KV | 1) Glass: 9 points<br>2) Metal frame: 8 points<br>3) Connector: all pins |

Note 1: Display functionalities are inspected under the conditions defined in the specification after the reliability tests.

Note 2: The display is not guaranteed for use in corrosive gas environments.

Note 3: Under the condition of high temperature & humidity, if the temperature is higher than 40 °C, the humidity needs to be reduced as Fig. 8.1 shown.

Note 4: All pins of LCD interface(CN1) have been tested by ± 100V contact discharge of ESD under non-operating condition.

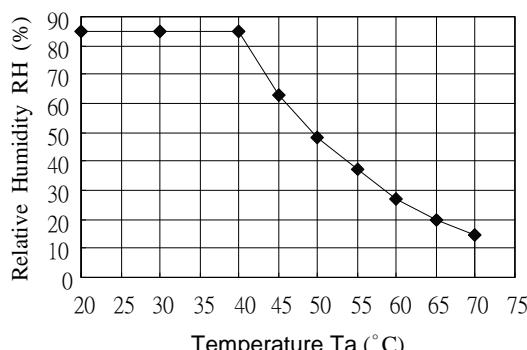


Fig. 8.1

## 9. LCD INTERFACE

### 9.1 INTERFACE PIN CONNECTIONS

The display interface connector (CN1) is FA5S040HP1(JAE), and Pin assignment is as below:

| Pin No. | Symbol | Signal  | Pin No. | Symbol | Signal           |
|---------|--------|---|---------|--------|------------------|
| 1       | VDD    | Supply voltage                                    | 21      | G4     | Green data       |
| 2       |        |   | 22      | G3     | Green data       |
| 3       | SD     | Normal Scan: Low (Default)<br>Reverse Scan : High | 23      | VSS    | Ground           |
| 4       |        |   | 24      | G2     | Green data       |
| 5       | NC     | No Connection                                     | 25      | G1     | Green data       |
| 6       | DE     | Data Enable                                       | 26      | G0     | Green data (LSB) |
| 7       | VSS    | Ground  | 27      | VSS    | Ground           |
| 8       | DCLK   | Dot clock   | 28      | R5     | Red data (MSB)   |
| 9       | VSS    | Ground  | 29      | R4     | Red data         |
| 10      | NC     | No Connection                                     | 30      | R3     | Red data         |
| 11      | VSS    | Ground  | 31      | VSS    | Ground           |
| 12      | B5     | Blue data (MSB)                                   | 32      | R2     | Red data         |
| 13      | B4     | Blue data   | 33      | R1     | Red data         |
| 14      | B3     | Blue data   | 34      | R0     | Red data (LSB)   |
| 15      | VSS    | Ground  | 35      | VSS    | Ground           |
| 16      | B2     | Blue data   | 36      | DIM    | Note A           |
| 17      | B1     | Blue data   | 37      | NC     | No Connection    |
| 18      | B0     | Blue data (LSB)                                   | 38      | NC     | No Connection    |
| 19      | VSS    | Ground  | 39      | NC     | No Connection    |
| 20      | G5     | Green data (MSB)                                  | 40      | NC     | No Connection    |

Note A: Normal brightness: 0V or 0% PWM duty; Brightness control: 0V to 3.3 V DC or 0% to 100% PWM duty.

The backlight connector (CN2) is BHR-03VS-1 made by JST, and pin assignment is as below:

| Pin No. | Symbol | Signal |
|---------|--------|--------|
| 1       | VLED   | 12VDC  |
| 2       | GND    | Ground |

## 9.2 TIMING CHART

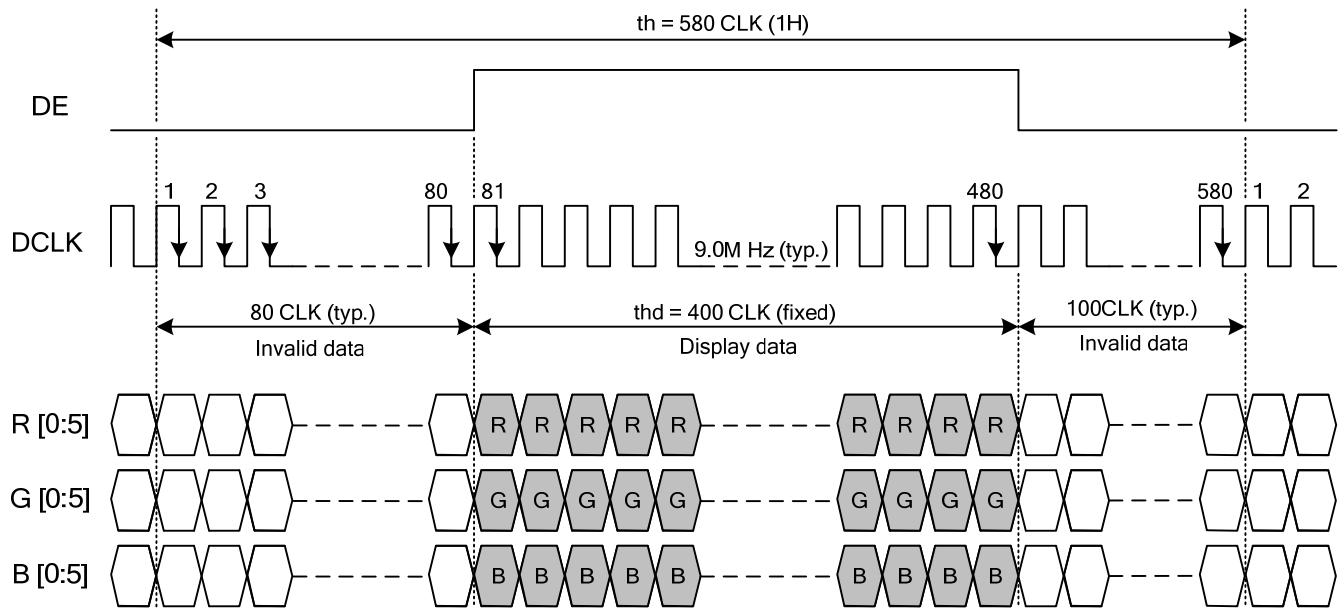


Fig. 9.3 Horizontal Timing

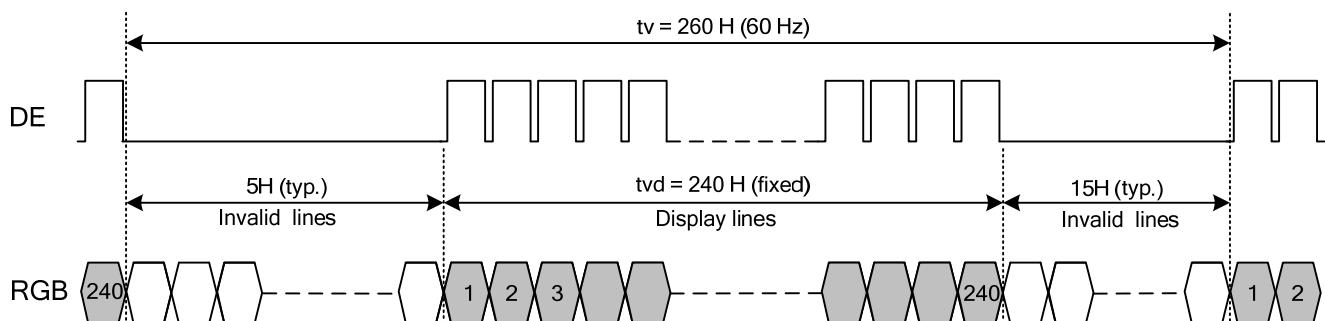


Fig. 9.4 Vertical Timing

### 9.3 CLOCK AND DATA INPUT TIMING

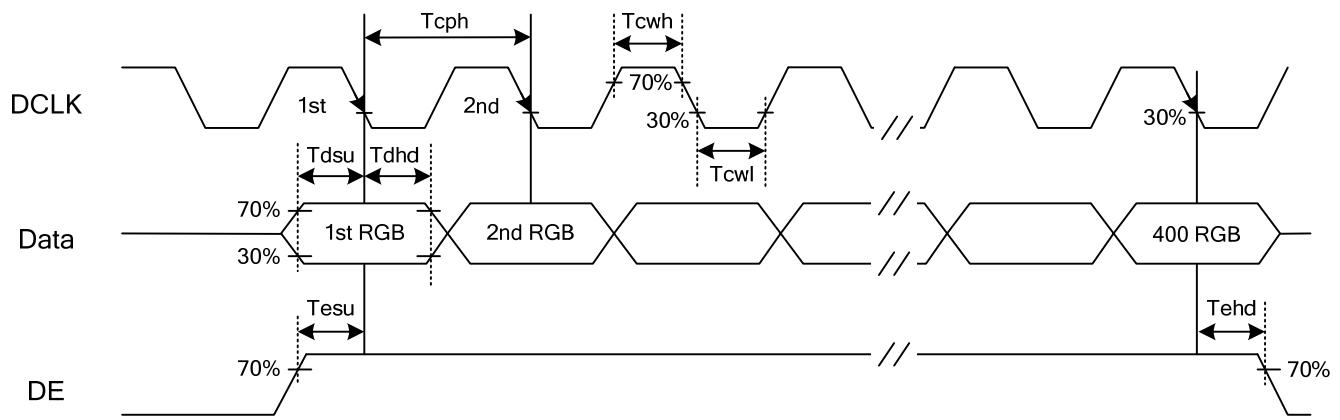


Fig. 9.5 Setup & Hold Time of Data and DE signal.

## 9.4 TIME TABLE

The column of timing sets including minimum, typical, and maximum as below are based on the best optical performance, frame frequency (Vsync) = 60 Hz to define. If 60 Hz is not the aim to set, 50~70 Hz for Vsync is recommended to apply for better performance by other parameter combination as the definitions in section 5.1.

### FOR TIMING CHART

| Item       |               | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|------------|---------------|--------|------|------|------|------|
| Horizontal | CLK Frequency | fclk   | 7.5  | 9.0  | 14.4 | M Hz |
|            | Display Data  | thd    | 400  | 400  | 400  | CLK  |
|            | Cycle Time    | th     | 500  | 580  | 800  |      |
| Vertical   | Display Data  | tvd    | 240  | 240  | 240  | H    |
|            | Cycle Time    | tv     | 250  | 260  | 300  |      |

### FOR CLOCK AND DATA INPUT TIMING

| Item |            | Symbol | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|------|------------|--------|------|------|------|------|
| DCLK | Duty       | Tcwh   | 45   | 50   | 55   | %    |
|      | Cycle Time | Tcph   | 69   | 111  | -    | ns   |
| Data | Setup Time | Tdsu   | 8    | -    | -    | ns   |
|      | Hold Time  | Tdhd   | 8    | -    | -    |      |
| DE   | Setup Time | Tesu   | 8    | -    | -    | ns   |
|      | Hold Time  | Tehd   | 8    | -    | -    |      |

## 9.5 POWER SEQUENCE

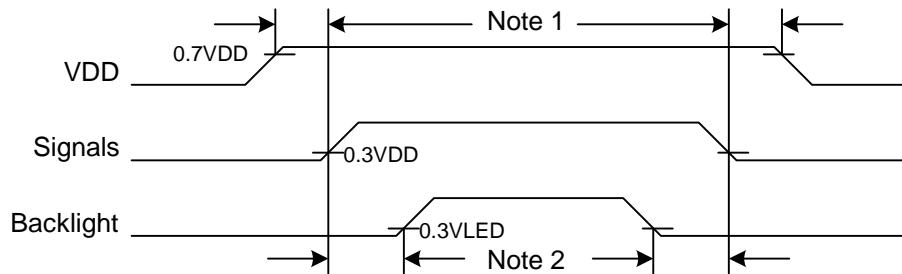


Fig. 9.7 Power Sequence Timing

Note 1: In order to avoid any damages, VDD has to be applied before all other signals. The opposite is true for power Off where VDD has to be remained on until all other signals have been switch off. The recommended time period is 1 second. Hot plugging might cause display damage due to incorrect power sequence, please pay attention on interface connecting before power on.

Note 2: In order to avoid showing uncompleted patterns in transient state. It is recommended that switching the backlight on is delayed for 1 second after the signals have been applied. The opposite is true for power Off where the backlight has to be switched off 1 second before the signals are removed.

## 9.5 SCAN DIRECTION

Scan direction is available to be switched as below by setting CN1's SD pin.

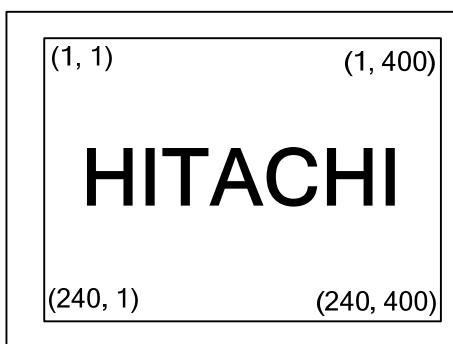


Fig. 9.8 Normal Scan (SD: Low )

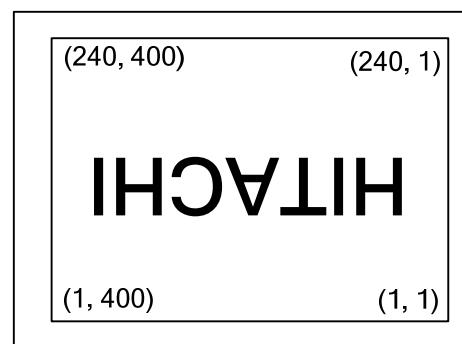


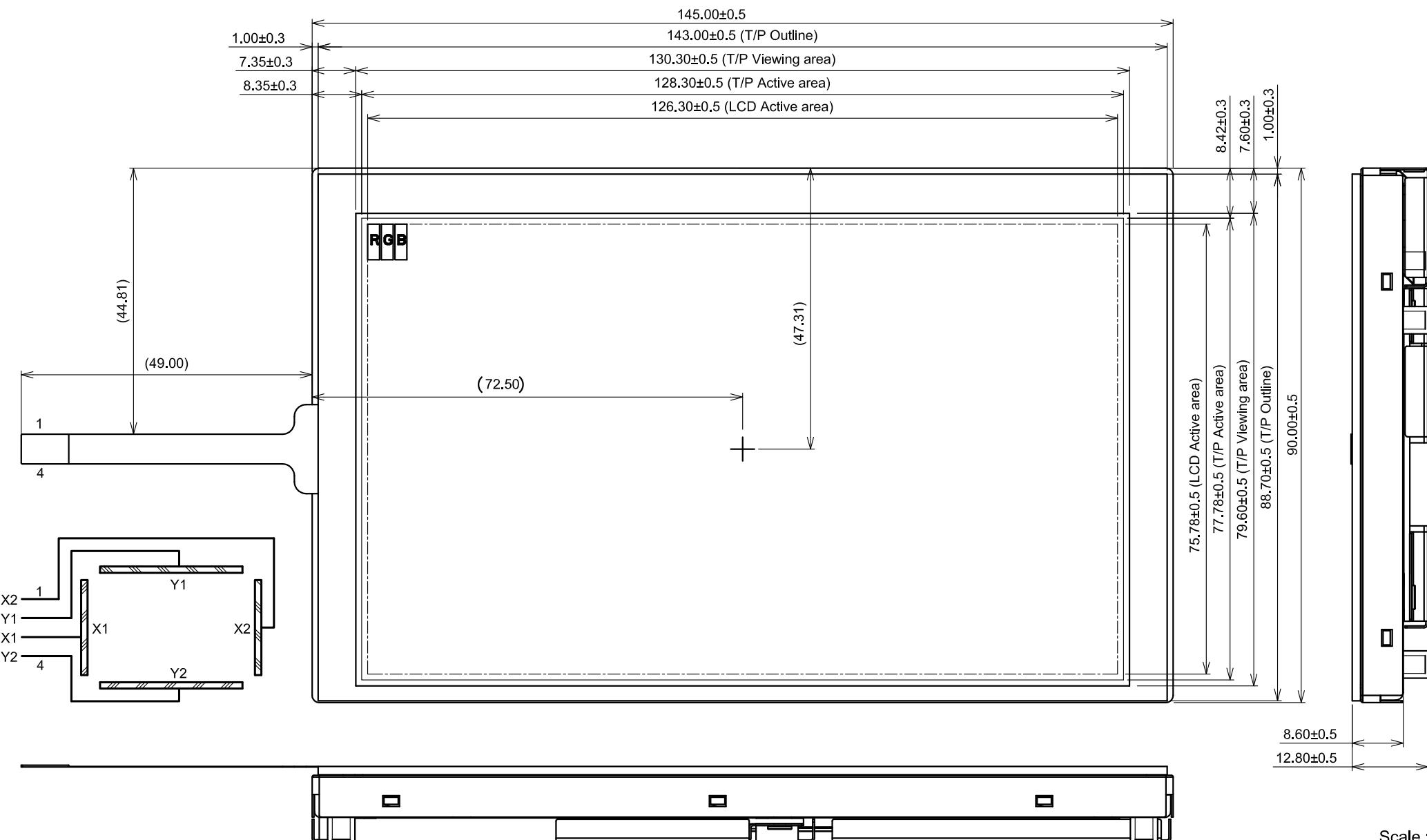
Fig. 9.9 Reverse Scan(SD: High)

## 9.6 DATA INPUT for DISPLAY COLOR

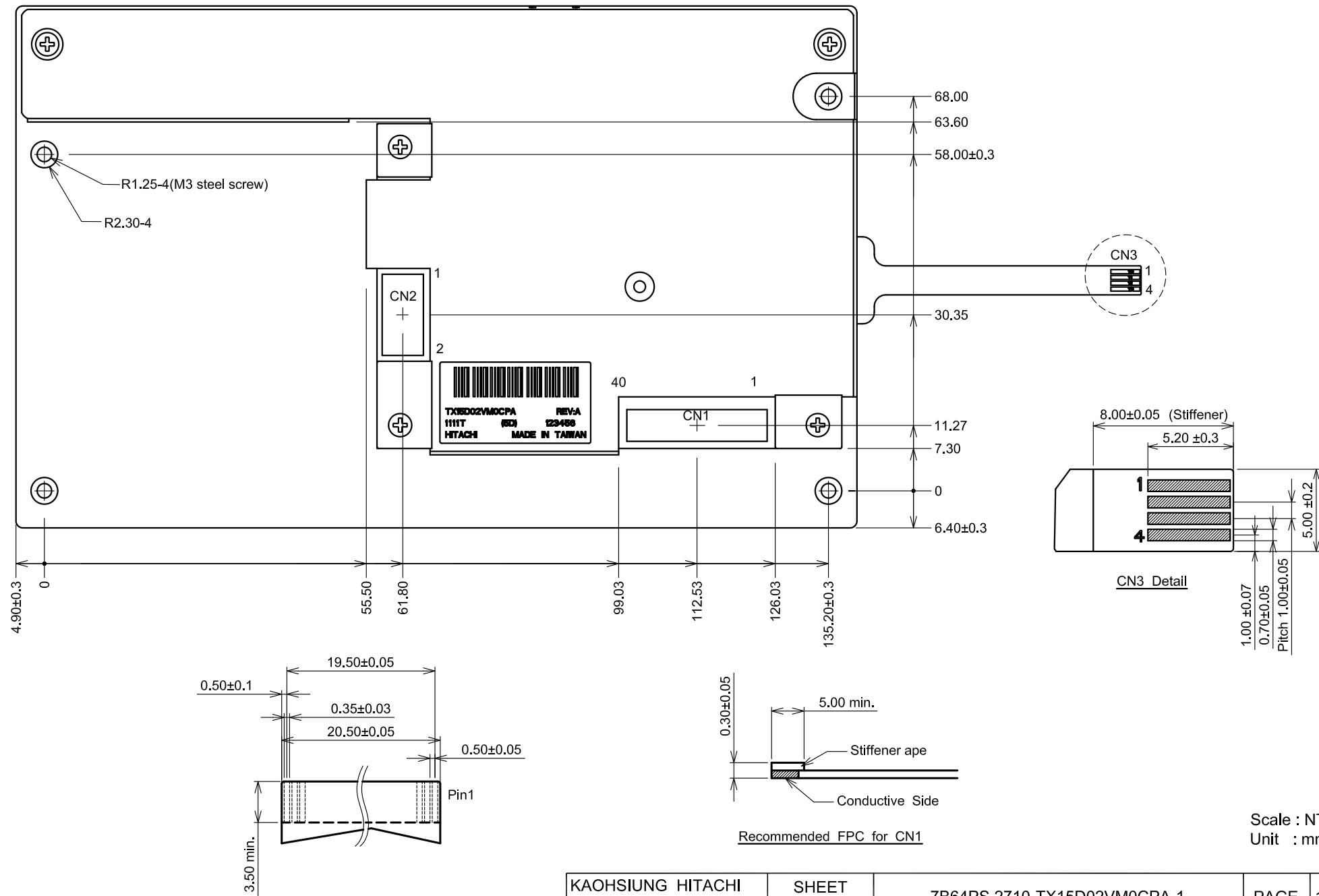
|             | COLOR & Gray Scale | Data Signal |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |    |
|-------------|--------------------|-------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
|             |                    | R5          | R4 | R3 | R2 | R1 | R0 | G5 | G4 | G3 | G2 | G1 | G0 | B5 | B4 | B3 | B2 | B1 | B0 |
| Basic Color | Black              | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|             | Red (0)            | 1           | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|             | Green (0)          | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|             | Blue (0)           | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  |
|             | Cyan               | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  |
|             | Magenta            | 1           | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  |
|             | Yellow             | 1           | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|             | White              | 1           | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  |
| Red         | Black              | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|             | Red (62)           | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|             | Red (61)           | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|             | :                  | :           | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  |    |
|             | :                  | :           | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  |    |
|             | Red (1)            | 1           | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| Green       | Red (0)            | 1           | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|             | Black              | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|             | Green (62)         | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|             | Green (61)         | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|             | :                  | :           | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  |    |
|             | :                  | :           | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  |    |
| Blue        | Green (1)          | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|             | Green (0)          | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|             | Black              | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
|             | Blue (62)          | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  |
|             | Blue (61)          | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  |
|             | :                  | :           | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  |    |
| Blue        | :                  | :           | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  | :  |    |
|             | Blue (1)           | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  |
|             | Blue (0)           | 0           | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  | 1  |

# 10. OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

## 10.1 FRONT VIEW



## 10.2 REAR VIEW



## 11. TOUCH PANEL

The type of touch panel used on this display is resistive, analog, 4-wire and film on glass, and more characteristics are shown as below:

### 11.1 OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Item              | Specification | Remarks    |
|-------------------|---------------|------------|
| Operating Voltage | DC 5V         | DC 7V Max. |
| Operating Current | 20mA          | -          |

### 11.2 ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Item                  | Specification | Remarks  |
|-----------------------|---------------|----------|
| Circuit resistance    | X- axis       | 270~830Ω |
|                       | Y-axis        | 250~690Ω |
| Insulation Resistance | X-Y           | >20MΩ    |
| Linearity             | X             | ≤ ± 1.5% |
|                       | Y             | ≤ ± 1.5% |
| Chattering            | ≤ 10ms        | -        |

Note 1: The test conditions and equipments of linearity are as below:

- Material of pen: poly-acetal resin
- End shape: R 0.8 mm
- Test force: 150 gf
- Pitch: 10 mm
- Test area is shown in Fig. 11.1

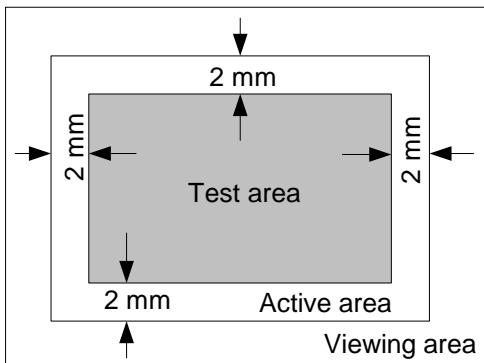


Fig. 11.1

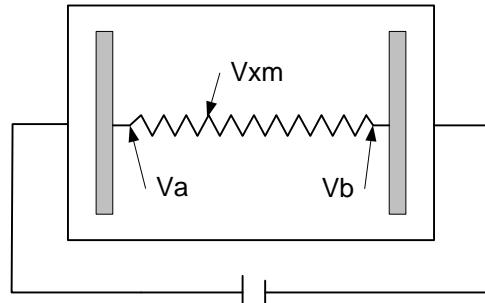


Fig. 11.2

As shown in Fig. 11.2, applying voltage meter to measure  $V_a$ ,  $V_b$  and  $V_{xm}$ , where  $V_a$  is the maximum voltage in the active area;  $V_b$  is the minimum voltage in the active area;  $V_{xm}$  is the measured voltage of point  $x$  selected by random. Afterwards, the linearity can be calculated by following equation:

$$\text{Linearity} = \frac{|V_{xi} - V_{xm}|}{V_a - V_b} \times 100\% ,$$

where  $V_{xi}$  is the idea voltage of point  $x$ .

The method to measure the linearity of Y-axis is the same as above.

### 11.3 MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Item             | Specification | Remarks                         |
|------------------|---------------|---------------------------------|
| Activation force | Finger        | 80gf min.<br>End shape: R8.0 mm |
|                  | Pen           | 80gf min.<br>End shape: R0.8 mm |
| Surface Hardness | 3H            | JIS K 5400                      |

### 11.4 OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

| Item          | Specification | Remarks |
|---------------|---------------|---------|
| Transmittance | >80%          | -       |

### 11.5 SAFETY AND ATTENTIONS

- 1) Do not put heavy shock or stress on the touch panel.
- 2) Please use soft cloth or absorbent cotton with ethanol to clean the touch panel by gently wiping. Moreover, please wipe it by horizontal or vertical direction instead of circling to prevent leaving scars on the touch panel's surface.
- 3) Do not use any harmful chemicals such as acetone, toluene, and isopropyl alcohol to clean the display's surface.

## 12. APPEARANCE STANDARD

The appearance inspection is performed in a dark room around 500~1000 lx based on the conditions as below:

- The distance between inspector's eyes and display is 30 cm.
- The viewing zone is defined with angle  $\theta$  shown in Fig. 12.1. The inspection should be performed within  $45^\circ$  when display is shut down. The inspection should be performed within  $5^\circ$  when display is power on.

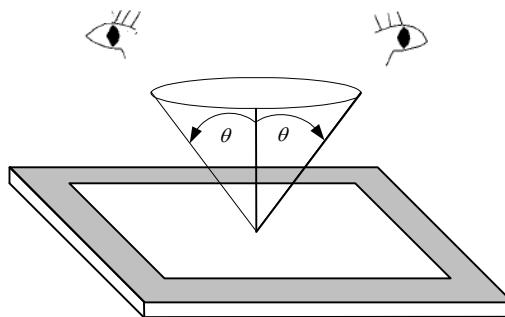


Fig. 12.1

### 12.1 THE DEFINITION OF LCD ZONE

LCD panel is divided into 3 areas as shown in Fig.12.2 for appearance specification in next section. A zone is the LCD active area (dot area); B zone is the area, which extended 1 mm out from LCD active area; C zone is the area between B zone and metal frame.

In terms of housing design, B zone is the recommended window area customers' housing should be located in.

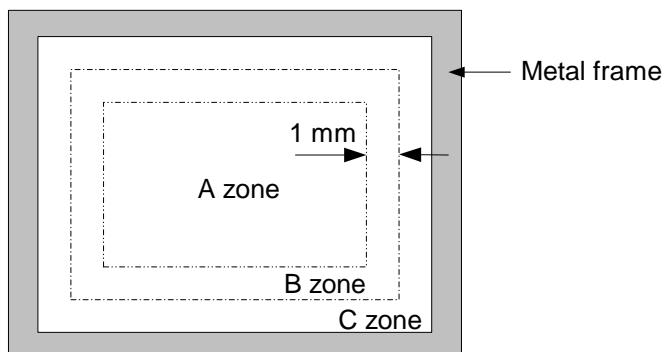


Fig. 12.2

## 12.2 LCD APPEARANCE SPECIFICATION

The specification as below is defined as the amount of unexpected phenomenon or material in different zones of LCD panel. The definitions of length, width and average diameter using in the table are shown in Fig. 12.3 and Fig. 12.4.

| Item  | Criteria                   |                         |                        |               | Applied zone |  |
|---|----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|---------------|--------------|--|
| Scratches   | Length (mm)                | Width (mm)              | Maximum number         | Minimum space | A, B         |  |
|   | Ignored                    | $W \leq 0.02$           | Ignored                | -             |              |  |
|   | $L \leq 40$                | $0.02 < W \leq 0.04$    | 10                     | -             |              |  |
|   | $L \leq 20$                | $W \leq 0.04$           | 10                     | -             |              |  |
| Dent  | Serious one is not allowed |                         |                        |               | A            |  |
| Wrinkles in polarizer                             | Serious one is not allowed |                         |                        |               | A            |  |
| Bubbles on polarizer                              | Average diameter (mm)      |                         | Maximum number         |               | A            |  |
|   | $D \leq 0.3$               |                         | Ignored                |               |              |  |
|   | $0.3 < D \leq 0.5$         |                         | 12                     |               |              |  |
|   | $0.5 < D$                  |                         | 3                      |               |              |  |
| 1) Stains<br>2) Foreign Materials<br>3) Dark Spot | Filamentous (Line shape)   |                         |                        |               | A, B         |  |
|   | Length (mm)                | Width (mm)              | Maximum number         |               |              |  |
|   | $L \leq 2.0$               | $W \leq 0.03$           | Ignored                |               |              |  |
|   | $L \leq 3.0$               | $0.03 < W \leq 0.05$    | 10                     |               |              |  |
|   | $L \leq 2.5$               | $0.05 < W \leq 0.1$     | 1                      |               |              |  |
| Dot-Defect<br>(Note 1)                            | Round (Dot shape)          |                         |                        |               | A, B         |  |
|   | Average diameter (mm)      |                         | Maximum number         | Minimum Space |              |  |
|   | $D < 0.2$                  |                         | Ignored                | -             |              |  |
|   | $0.2 \leq D < 0.3$         |                         | 10                     | 10 mm         |              |  |
|   | $0.3 \leq D < 0.4$         |                         | 5                      | 30 mm         |              |  |
|   | $0.4 \leq D$               |                         | None                   | -             |              |  |
|   | In total                   |                         | Filamentous + Round=10 |               |              |  |
| Those wiped out easily are acceptable             |                            |                         |                        |               |              |  |
| Dot-Defect<br>(Note 1)                            |                            | Type                    | Maximum number         |               | A            |  |
|   | Bright dot-defect          | 1 dot                   | 4                      |               |              |  |
|   |                            | 2 adjacent dot          | 1                      |               |              |  |
|   |                            | 3 adjacent dot or above | Not allowed            |               |              |  |
|   | Dark dot-defect            | In total                | 5                      |               |              |  |
|   |                            | 1 dot                   | 5                      |               |              |  |
|   |                            | 2 adjacent dot          | 2                      |               |              |  |
|   |                            | 3 adjacent dot or above | Not allowed            |               |              |  |
|   |                            | In total                | 5                      |               |              |  |
|   | In total                   |                         | 10                     |               |              |  |

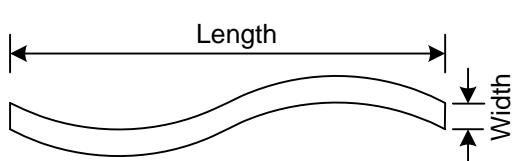
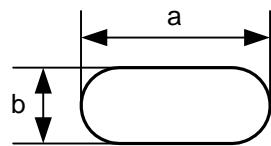


Fig. 12.3



$$\text{Average diameter} = \frac{a + b}{2}$$

Fig. 12.4

Note 1: The definitions of dot defect are as below:

- The defect area of the dot must be bigger than half of a dot.
- For bright dot-defect, showing black pattern, the dot's brightness must be over 30% brighter than others.
- For dark dot-defect, showing white pattern, the dot's brightness must be under 70% darker than others.
- The definition of 1-dot-defect is the defect-dot, which is isolated and no adjacent defect-dot.
- The definition of adjacent dot is shown as Fig. 12.5.

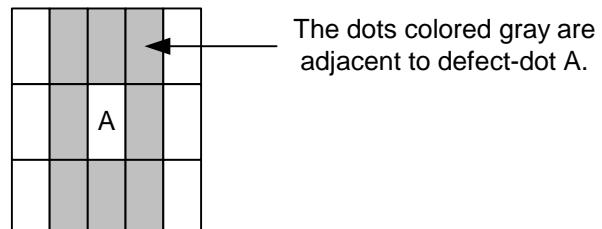


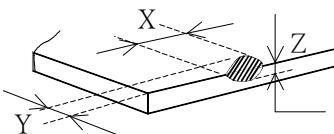
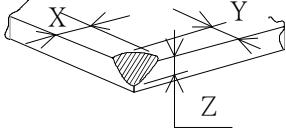
Fig. 12.5

## 12.3 TOUCH PANEL APPEARANCE SPECIFICATION

The specification as below is defined by the amount of unexpected material in different zones of touch panel.

| Item              | Criteria                 |                |                 | Applied zone |  |
|-------------------|--------------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|--|
| Scratches         | Width (mm)               | Length (mm)    | Maximum number  | A, B         |  |
|                   | $W > 0.1$                | $L \geq 10$    | Not allowed     |              |  |
|                   | $0.10 > W \geq 0.05$     | $L < 10$       | 4 pcs max.      |              |  |
|                   | $0.05 \geq W$            | $L < 10$       | Ignored         |              |  |
| Foreign Materials | Filamentous (Line shape) |                |                 | A, B         |  |
|                   | Width (mm)               | Length (mm)    | Maximum number  |              |  |
|                   | $W > 0.10$               | -              | Dust (circular) |              |  |
|                   | $0.10 \geq W > 0.05$     | $3 < L$        | Not allowed     |              |  |
|                   | $0.05 \geq W$            | $L \leq 3$     | Ignored         | A, B         |  |
|                   | Round (Dot shape)        |                |                 |              |  |
|                   | Average diameter (mm)    | Maximum number |                 |              |  |
|                   | $D > 0.3$                | Not allowed    |                 |              |  |
|                   | $0.3 \geq D > 0.2$       | 3 pcs max.     |                 | B            |  |
|                   | $D \leq 0.2$             | Ignored        |                 | A, B         |  |

The limitation of glass flaw occurred on touch panel is defined in the table as below.

| Item             | Specifications   |
|------------------|--|
| Edge flaw        |  <p><math>X \leq 5.0</math> mm<br/> <math>Y \leq 1.0</math> mm<br/> <math>Z \leq</math> Thickness</p>  |
| Corner flaw      |  <p><math>X \leq 3.0</math> mm<br/> <math>Y \leq 3.0</math> mm<br/> <math>Z \leq</math> Thickness</p> |
| Progressive flaw |  <p>Not allowed</p>   |

## 13. PRECAUTIONS

### 13.1 PRECAUTIONS of TOUCH PANEL

- 1) Please refer to Fig. 13.1 for housing the display with touch panel into applications. The Fig. 13.1 shows some points as below:
  - The cushion needs to be designed between housing and touch panel in order to avoid unexpected pressure to cause any wrong reactions, and the cushion should be located in the cushion area.
  - The housing should not cover the active area of touch panel as the figure shown.

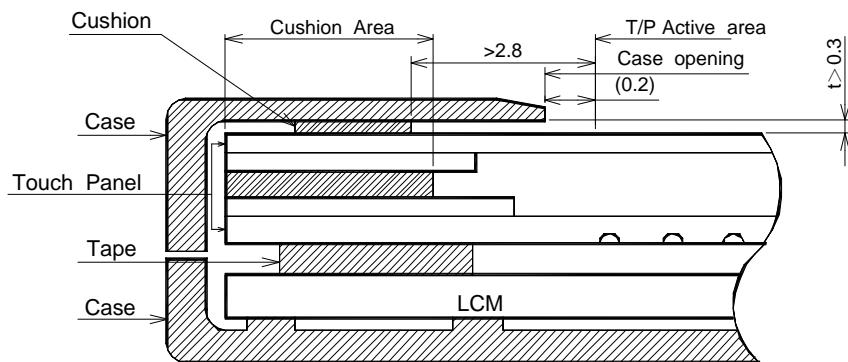


Fig. 13.1

### 13.2 PRECAUTIONS of ESD

- 1) Before handling the display, please ensure your body has been connected to ground to avoid any damages by ESD. Also, do not touch display's interface directly when assembling.
- 2) Please remove the protection film very slowly before turning on the display to avoid generating ESD.

### 13.3 PRECAUTIONS of HANDLING

- 1) In order to keep the appearance of display in good condition, please do not rub any surfaces of the displays by using sharp tools harder than 3H, especially touch panel, metal frame and polarizer.
- 2) Please do not stack the displays as this may damage the surface. In order to avoid any injuries, please avoid touching the edge of the glass or metal frame and wore gloves during handling.
- 3) Touching the polarizer or terminal pins with bare hand should be avoided to prevent staining and poor electrical contact.
- 4) Do not use any harmful chemicals such as acetone, toluene, and isopropyl alcohol to clean display's surfaces.
- 5) Please use soft cloth or absorbent cotton with ethanol to clean the display by gently wiping. Moreover, when wiping the display, please wipe it by horizontal or vertical direction instead of circling to prevent leaving scars on the display's surface, especially polarizer.
- 6) Please wipe any unknown liquids immediately such as saliva, water or dew on the display to avoid color fading or any permanent damages.
- 7) Maximum pressure to the surface of the display must be less than  $1.96 \times 10^4$  Pa. If the area of applied pressure is less than  $1 \text{ cm}^2$ , the maximum pressure must be less than 1.96N.

### 13.4 PRECAUTIONS OF OPERATING

- 1) Please input signals and voltages to the displays according to the values defined in the section of electrical characteristics to obtain the best performance. Any voltages over than absolute maximum rating will cause permanent damages to this display. Also, any timing of the signals out of this specification would cause unexpected performance.
- 2) When the display is operating at significant low temperature, the response time will be slower than it at 25°C. In high temperature, the color will be slightly dark and blue compared to original pattern. However, these are temperature-related phenomenon of LCD and it will not cause permanent damages to the display when used within the operating temperature.
- 3) The use of screen saver or sleep mode is recommended when static images are likely for long periods of time. This is to avoid the possibility of image sticking.
- 4) Spike noise can cause malfunction of the circuit. The recommended limitation of spike noise is no bigger than ± 100 mV.

### 13.5 PRECAUTIONS of STORAGE

If the displays are going to be stored for years, please be aware the following notices.

- 1) Please store the displays in a dark room to avoid any damages from sunlight and other sources of UV light.
- 2) The recommended long term storage temperature is between 10°C ~35°C and 55%~75% humidity to avoid causing bubbles between polarizer and LCD glasses, and polarizer peeling from LCD glasses.
- 3) It would be better to keep the displays in the container, which is shipped from Hitachi, and do not unpack it.
- 4) Please do not stick any labels on the display surface for a long time, especially on the polarizer.

## 14. DESIGNATION of LOT MARK

1) The lot mark is showing in Fig.14.1. First 4 digits are used to represent production lot, T represented made in Taiwan, and the last 6 digits are the serial number.

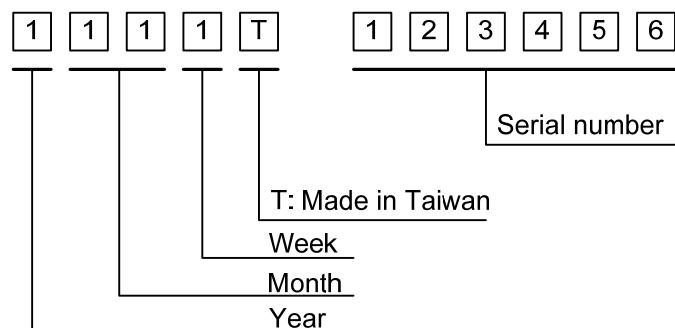


Fig. 14.1

2) The tables as below are showing what the first 4 digits of lot mark are shorted for.

| Year | Lot Mark |
|------|----------|
| 2011 | 1        |
| 2012 | 2        |
| 2013 | 3        |
| 2014 | 4        |
| 2015 | 5        |

| Month | Lot Mark | Month | Lot Mark |
|-------|----------|-------|----------|
| Jan.  | 01       | Jul.  | 07       |
| Feb.  | 02       | Aug.  | 08       |
| Mar.  | 03       | Sep.  | 09       |
| Apr.  | 04       | Oct.  | 10       |
| May   | 05       | Nov.  | 11       |
| Jun.  | 06       | Dec.  | 12       |

| Week       | Lot Mark |
|------------|----------|
| 1~7 days   | 1        |
| 8~14 days  | 2        |
| 15~21 days | 3        |
| 22~28 days | 4        |
| 29~31 days | 5        |

3) Except letters I and O, revision number will be shown on lot mark and following letters A to Z.

4) The location of the lot mark is on the back of the display shown in Fig. 14.2.

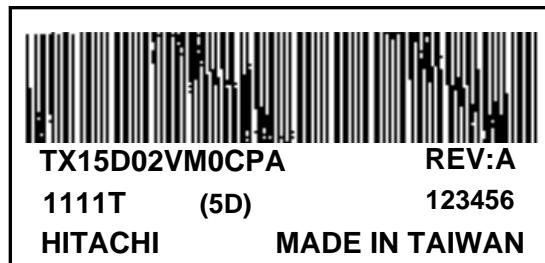


Fig. 14.2