

EVALUATION KIT
AVAILABLE

1.62V to 3.6V, 8-Channel, High-Speed LLT

General Description

The MAX13055E–MAX13058E 8-channel, bidirectional level translators provide the level shifting necessary for 100Mbps data transfer in multivoltage systems. The MAX13055E–MAX13058E are ideal for level translation in systems with 8 channels. Externally applied voltages, V_{CC} and V_L , set the logic levels on either side of the device. Logic-high signals presented on the V_L side of the device appear as a logic-high signal on the V_{CC} side of the device and vice versa.

The MAX13055E–MAX13058E operate at full speed with external drivers that source as little as 4mA output current or larger. Each input/output (I/O) channel is pulled up to V_{CC} or V_L by an internal 40 μ A current source, allowing the MAX13055E–MAX13058E to be driven by either push-pull or open-drain drivers.

The MAX13055E–MAX13058E feature an enable (EN) input to place the device into a low-power shutdown mode when driven low. In addition, the MAX13055E–MAX13058E feature an automatic shutdown mode that disables the part when V_{CC} is less than V_L . Each device has a different I/O V_L and I/O V_{CC} state during shutdown mode (see the *Ordering Information/Selector Guide*).

The MAX13055E–MAX13058E operate with V_{CC} voltages from +2.2V to +3.6V and V_L voltages from +1.62V to +3.2V, making them ideal for data transfer between low-voltage ASIC/PLDs and higher voltage systems. The MAX13055E–MAX13058E are available in 0.4mm pitch, 24-bump WLP and 28-pin TQFN (3.5mm x 5.5mm) packages. The MAX13055E–MAX13058E operate over the extended -40°C to +85°C temperature range.

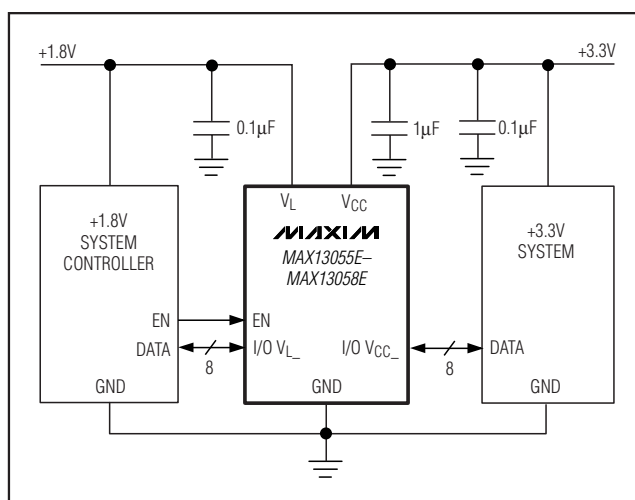
Applications

Low-Voltage ASIC Level Translation	Portable Communication Devices
Smart Card Readers	Cell Phones
Camera Modules	GPS
Portable POS Systems	Telecomm Equipment

Features

- ◆ Compatible with 4mA Input Drivers or Larger
- ◆ 100Mbps Guaranteed Data Rate
- ◆ 8 Bidirectional Channels
- ◆ $+1.62V \leq V_L \leq +3.2V$ and $+2.2V \leq V_{CC} \leq +3.6V$ Supply Voltage Range
- ◆ 24-Bump WLP (0.4mm Pitch) Lead-Free Package
- ◆ 28-Pin TQFN (3.5mm x 5.5mm) Lead-Free Package
- ◆ Extended ESD Protection on I/O V_{CC} Lines
 - ±15kV per Human Body Model
 - ±15kV IEC 61000-4-2 Air Discharge
 - ±8kV IEC 61000-4-2 Contact Discharge

Typical Operating Circuit



Pin Configurations appear at end of data sheet.

Ordering Information/Selector Guide

PART	I/O V_L STATE DURING SHUTDOWN	I/O V_{CC} STATE DURING SHUTDOWN	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX13055E EWG+	Open Drain	Open Drain	-40°C to +85°C	24 WLP
MAX13055E ETI+	Open Drain	Open Drain	-40°C to +85°C	28 TQFN-EP*

Ordering Information/Selector Guide continued at end of data sheet.

+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

*EP = Exposed pad.



Maxim Integrated Products 1

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MAX13055E-MAX13058E

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Voltages referenced to GND.)

V _{CC} , V _L	-0.3V to +4.0V
EN	-0.3V to +4.0V
I/O V _{CC}	-0.3V to (V _{CC} + 0.3V)
I/O V _L	-0.3V to (V _L + 0.3V)
Short-Circuit Duration	
I/O to GND	Continuous
Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A = +70°C)	
28-Pin TQFN (derate 28.6mW/°C above +70°C)	2286mW

Junction-to-Case Thermal Resistance (θ_{JC}) (Note 1)

28-Pin TQFN 2.7°C/W

Junction-to-Ambient Thermal Resistance (θ_{JA}) (Note 1)

24-Bump WLP 97°C/W

28-Pin TQFN 35°C/W

Operating Temperature Range -40°C to +85°C

Junction Temperature +150°C

Storage Temperature Range -65°C to +150°C

Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) +300°C

Note 1: Package thermal resistances were obtained using the method described in JEDEC specification JESD51-7, using a four-layer board. For detailed information on package thermal considerations, refer to www.maxim-ic.com/thermal-tutorial.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V_{CC} = +2.2V to +3.6V, V_L = +1.62V to +3.2V, EN = V_L, T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V_{CC} = +3.3V, V_L = +1.8V, and T_A = +25°C.) (Notes 2, 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
V _L Supply Range	V _L		1.62		3.2	V
V _{CC} Supply Range	V _{CC}		2.2		3.6	V
Supply Current from V _{CC}	I _{QVCC}	I/O V _{CC} = V _{CC} , I/O V _L = V _L			40	μA
Supply Current from V _L	I _{QVL}	I/O V _{CC} = V _{CC} , I/O V _L = V _L			10	μA
V _{CC} Shutdown Supply Current	I _{SHDN-VCC}	T _A = +25°C, EN = GND		0.1	2	μA
V _L Shutdown Mode Supply Current	I _{SHDN-VL}	T _A = +25°C, EN = GND		0.1	1	μA
		T _A = +25°C, EN = V _L , V _{CC} = 0V		0.1	4	
I/O Three-State Leakage Current	I _{LEAK}	T _A = +25°C, EN = GND		0.1	2	μA
EN Input Leakage Current	I _{LEAK_EN}	T _A = +25°C			1	μA
V _L - V _{CC} Shutdown Threshold High	V _{TH_H}	V _{CC} rising	0	0.1 x V _L	0.8	V
V _L - V _{CC} Shutdown Threshold Low	V _{TH_L}	V _{CC} falling	0	0.12 x V _L	0.8	V
I/O V _{CC} Pulldown Resistance During Shutdown	R _{VCC_PD_SD}	MAX13056E/MAX13058E	10	16.5	23	kΩ
I/O V _L Pulldown Resistance During Shutdown	R _{VL_PD_SD}	MAX13057E/MAX13058E	10	16.5	23	kΩ
I/O V _L Pullup Current (Normal Mode)	I _{VL_PU}	I/O V _L = GND, I/O V _{CC} = GND	20		65	μA
I/O V _{CC} Pullup Current (Normal Mode)	I _{VCC_PU}	I/O V _{CC} = GND, I/O V _L = GND	20		65	μA
I/O V _L to I/O V _{CC} DC Resistance	R _{IOVL_IOVCC}			3		kΩ
ESD PROTECTION						
All Ports		Human Body Model		±2		kV
I/O V _{CC} Only		Human Body Model		±15		kV
		IEC 61000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge, C _{VCC} = 1μF		±15		
		IEC 61000-4-2 Contact Discharge, C _{VCC} = 1μF		±8		

1.62V to 3.6V, 8-Channel, High-Speed LLT

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(V_{CC} = +2.2V to +3.6V, V_L = +1.62V to +3.2V, $EN = V_L$, T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V_{CC} = +3.3V, V_L = +1.8V, and T_A = +25°C.) (Notes 2, 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
LOGIC LEVELS						
I/O $V_{L_}$ Input-Voltage High	V_{IHL}	(Note 4)	$V_L - 0.2$			V
I/O $V_{L_}$ Input-Voltage Low	V_{ILL}	(Note 4)			0.15	V
I/O $V_{CC_}$ Input-Voltage High	V_{IHC}	(Note 4)	$V_{CC} - 0.4$			V
I/O $V_{CC_}$ Input-Voltage Low	V_{ILC}	(Note 4)			0.2	V
EN Input-Voltage High	V_{IH}		$V_L - 0.4$			V
EN Input-Voltage Low	V_{IL}				0.4	V
I/O $V_{L_}$ Output-Voltage High	V_{OHL}	I/O $V_{L_}$ source current = 10 μ A	$4/5 V_L$			V
I/O $V_{L_}$ Output-Voltage Low	V_{OLL}	I/O $V_{L_}$ sink current = 20 μ A, I/O $V_{CC_}$ < 0.1V			$1/5 V_L$	V
I/O $V_{CC_}$ Output-Voltage High	V_{OHC}	I/O $V_{CC_}$ source current = 10 μ A	$4/5 V_{CC}$			V
I/O $V_{CC_}$ Output-Voltage Low	V_{OLC}	I/O $V_{CC_}$ sink current = 20 μ A, I/O $V_{L_}$ < 0.1V			$1/5$	V
RISE/FALL TIME ACCELERATOR STAGE						
Accelerator Pulse Duration		On falling edge	3.5			ns
		On rising edge				
V_L Output Accelerator Source Impedance		$V_L = 1.62V$	24			Ω
V_{CC} Output Accelerator Source Impedance		$V_{CC} = 2.2V$	13			Ω
V_L Output Accelerator Source Impedance		$V_L = 3.2V$	11			Ω
V_{CC} Output Accelerator Source Impedance		$V_{CC} = 3.6V$	9			Ω
V_L Output Accelerator Sink Impedance		$V_L = 1.62V$	14			Ω
V_{CC} Output Accelerator Sink Impedance		$V_{CC} = 2.2V$	11			Ω
V_L Output Accelerator Sink Impedance		$V_L = 3.2V$	10			Ω
V_{CC} Output Accelerator Sink Impedance		$V_{CC} = 3.6V$	9			Ω

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TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

(+2.2V ≤ V_{CC} ≤ 3.6V, +1.62V ≤ V_L ≤ +3.2V; C_{I/OV_L} ≤ 15pF, C_{I/OV_{CC}} ≤ 10pF; R_{SOURCE} < 150Ω, EN = V_L, T_A = -40°C to +85°C, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V_{CC} = +3.3V, V_L = +1.8V, and T_A = +25°C.) (Notes 2, 3)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
I/O V _{CC} _ Rise Time	t _{RVCC}	Figure 2			2.5	ns
I/O V _{CC} _ Fall Time	t _{FVCC}	Figure 2			2.5	ns
I/O V _L _ Rise Time	t _{RVL}	Figure 1			2.5	ns
I/O V _L _ Fall Time	t _{FVL}	Figure 1			2.5	ns
Propagation Delay (Driving I/O V _L)	t _{PVL-VCC}	Figure 2	1		6.5	ns
Propagation Delay (Driving I/O V _{CC})	t _{PVCC-VL}	Figure 1	1		6.5	ns
Channel-to-Channel Skew	t _{SKEW}				2	ns
Propagation Delay from I/O V _L to I/O V _{CC} _ After EN	t _{EN-VCC}	Figure 3		5		μs
Propagation Delay from I/O V _{CC} to I/O V _L _ After EN	t _{EN-VL}	Figure 3		5		μs
Maximum Data Rate		Push-pull operation	100			Mbps
		Open drain	1			

Note 2: All units are 100% production tested at T_A = +25°C. Limits over the operating temperature range are guaranteed by design and not production tested.

Note 3: V_L must be less than or equal to V_{CC} during normal operation. However, V_L can be greater than V_{CC} during startup and shutdown conditions. It will not latch up.

Note 4: For input thresholds, see the rise/fall time accelerator circuit in Figure 4.

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Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams

MAX13055E-MAX13058E

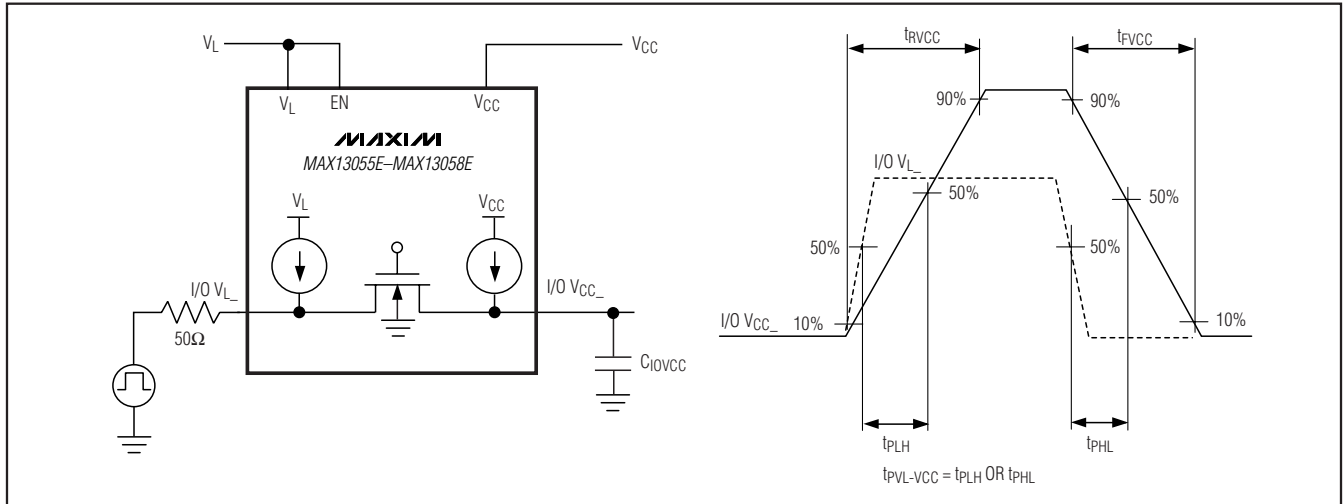


Figure 1. Push-Pull Driving I/O V_L_- Test Circuit and Timing

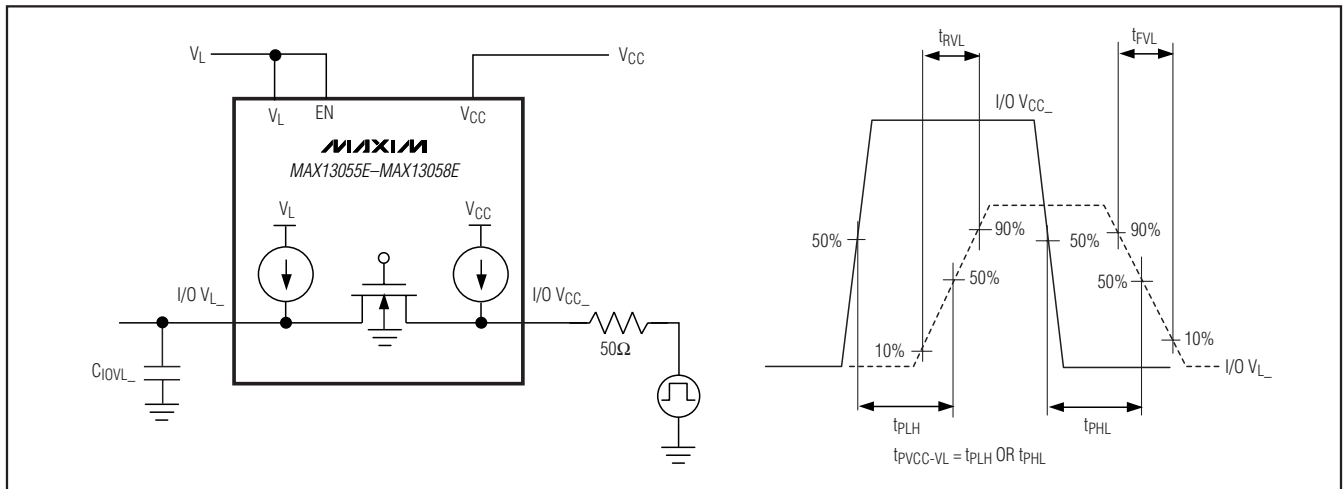


Figure 2. Push-Pull Driving I/O V_{CC_-} Test Circuit and Timing

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Test Circuits/Timing Diagrams (continued)

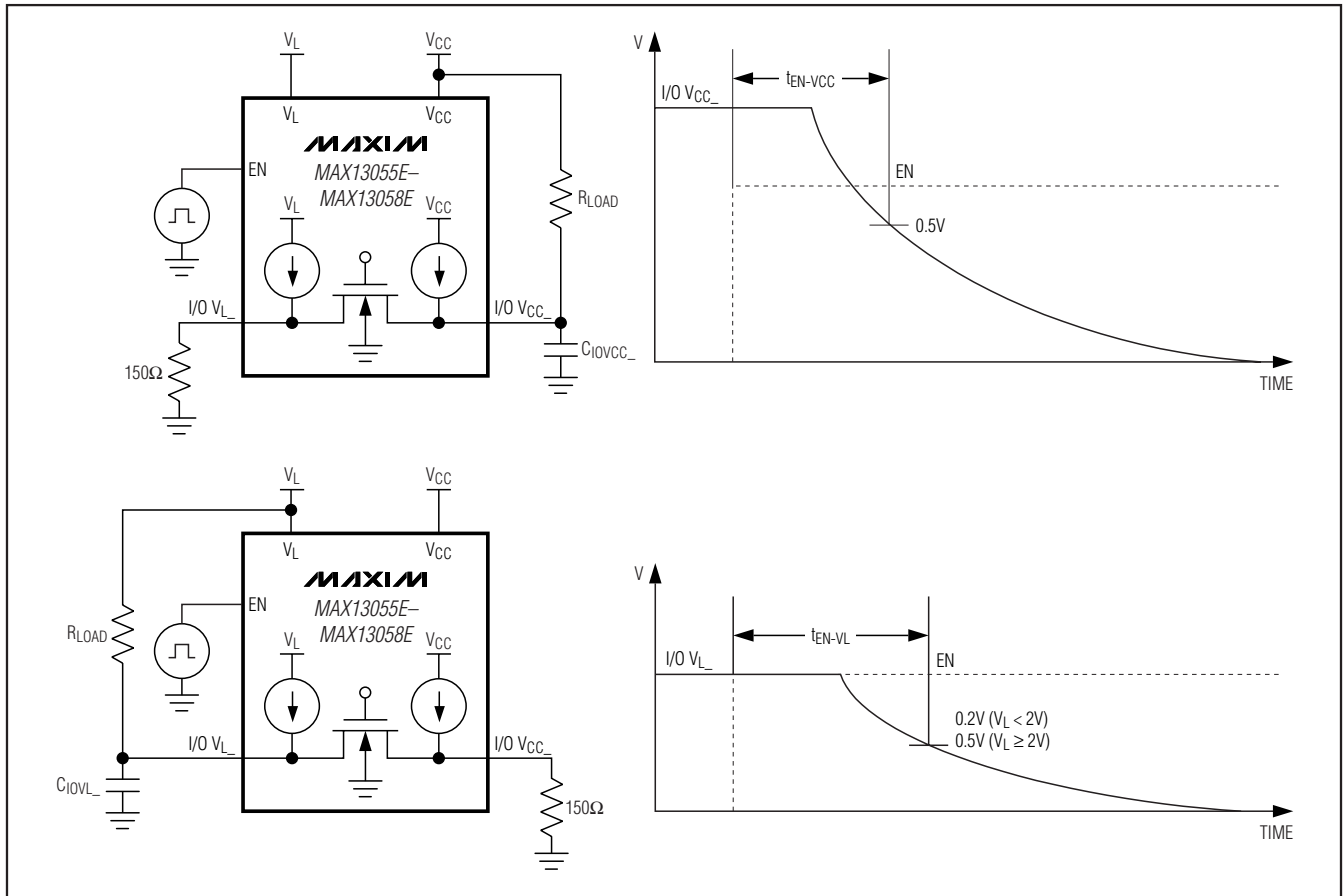
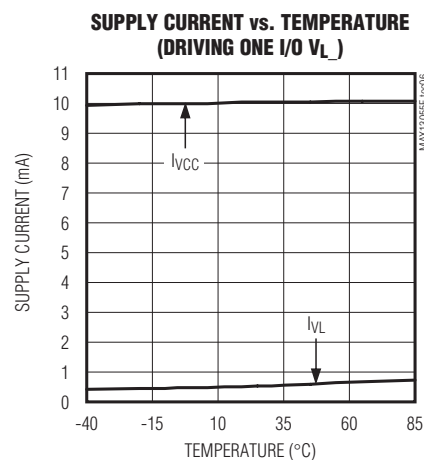
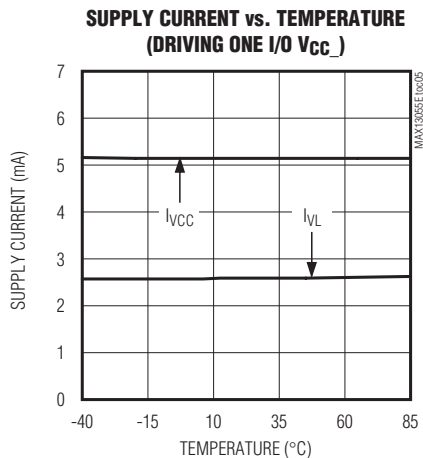
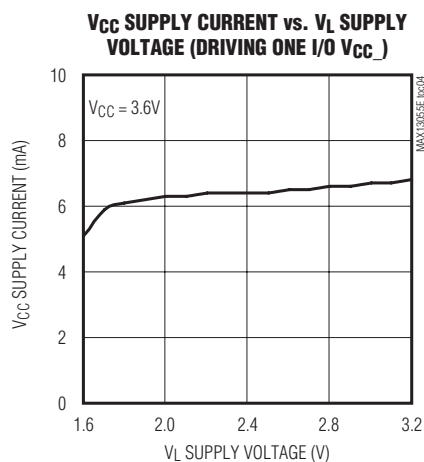
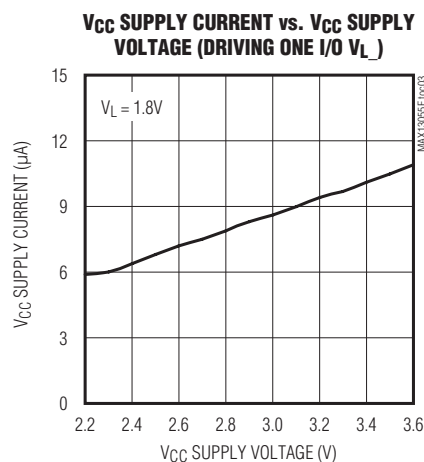
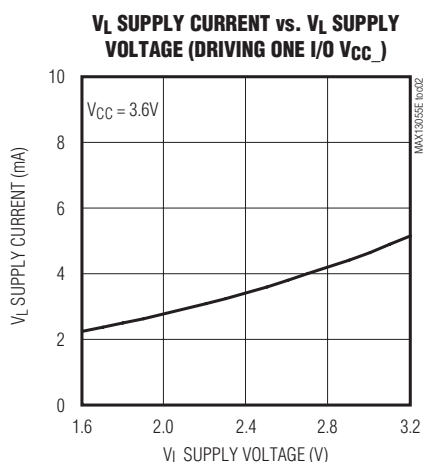
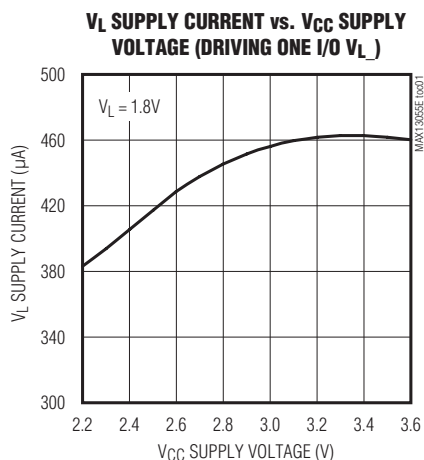


Figure 3. Enable Test Circuit and Timing

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Typical Operating Characteristics

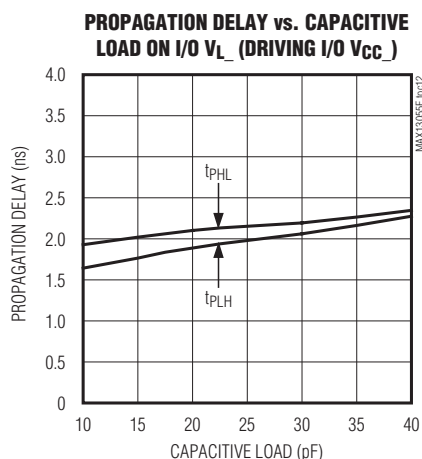
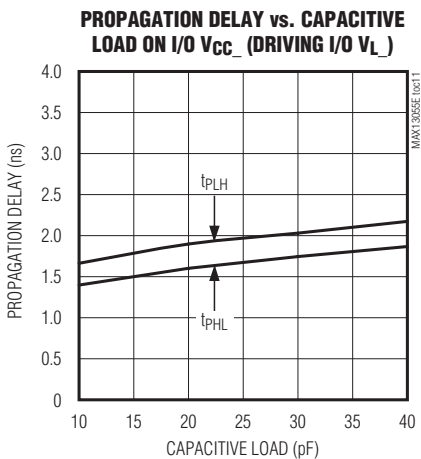
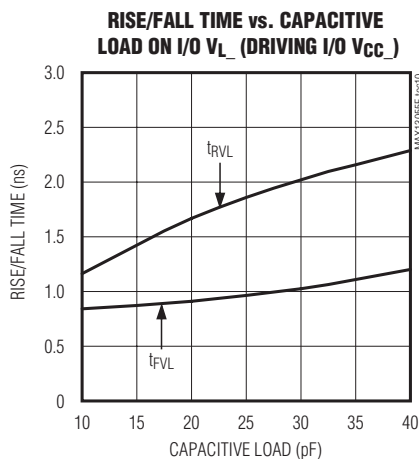
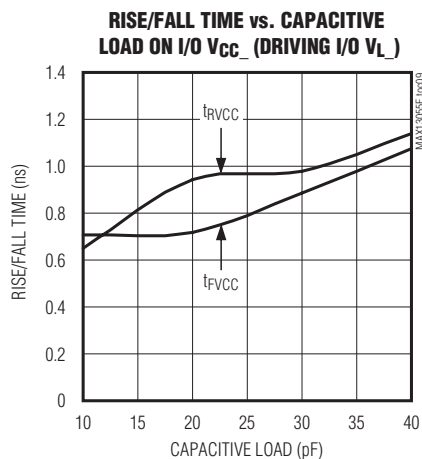
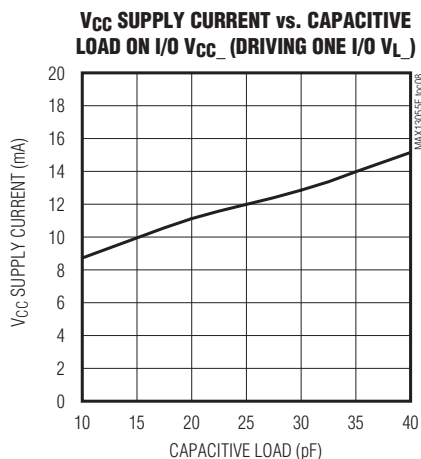
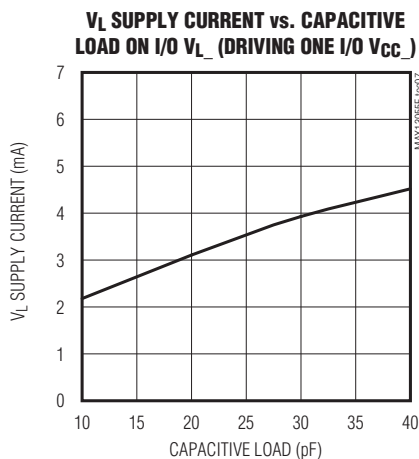
($V_{CC} = +3.3V$, $V_L = +1.8V$, $C_{I/OVCC_} = 10pF$, $C_{I/OVL_} = 15pF$, $R_{SOURCE} = 50\Omega$, data rate = 100Mbps, push-pull driver, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)



1.62V to 3.6V, 8-Channel, High-Speed LLT

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($V_{CC} = +3.3V$, $V_L = +1.8V$, $C_{I/OVCC_} = 10pF$, $C_{I/OVL_} = 15pF$, $R_{SOURCE} = 50\Omega$, data rate = 100Mbps, push-pull driver, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)

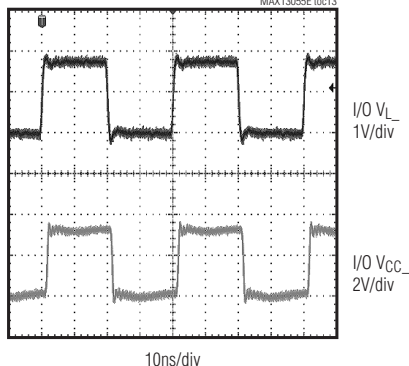


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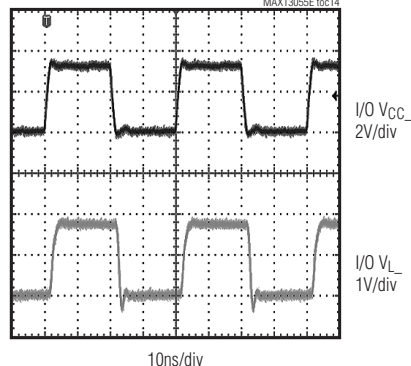
Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

($V_{CC} = +3.3V$, $V_L = +1.8V$, $C_{I/OVCC_} = 10pF$, $C_{I/OVL_} = 15pF$, $R_{SOURCE} = 50\Omega$, data rate = 100Mbps, push-pull driver, $T_A = +25^\circ C$, unless otherwise noted.)

TYPICAL I/O V_L DRIVING
(FREQUENCY = 25MHz, $C_{I/OVCC_} = 40pF$)



TYPICAL I/O $V_{CC_}$ DRIVING
(FREQUENCY = 25MHz, $C_{I/OVL_} = 15pF$)



Pin Description

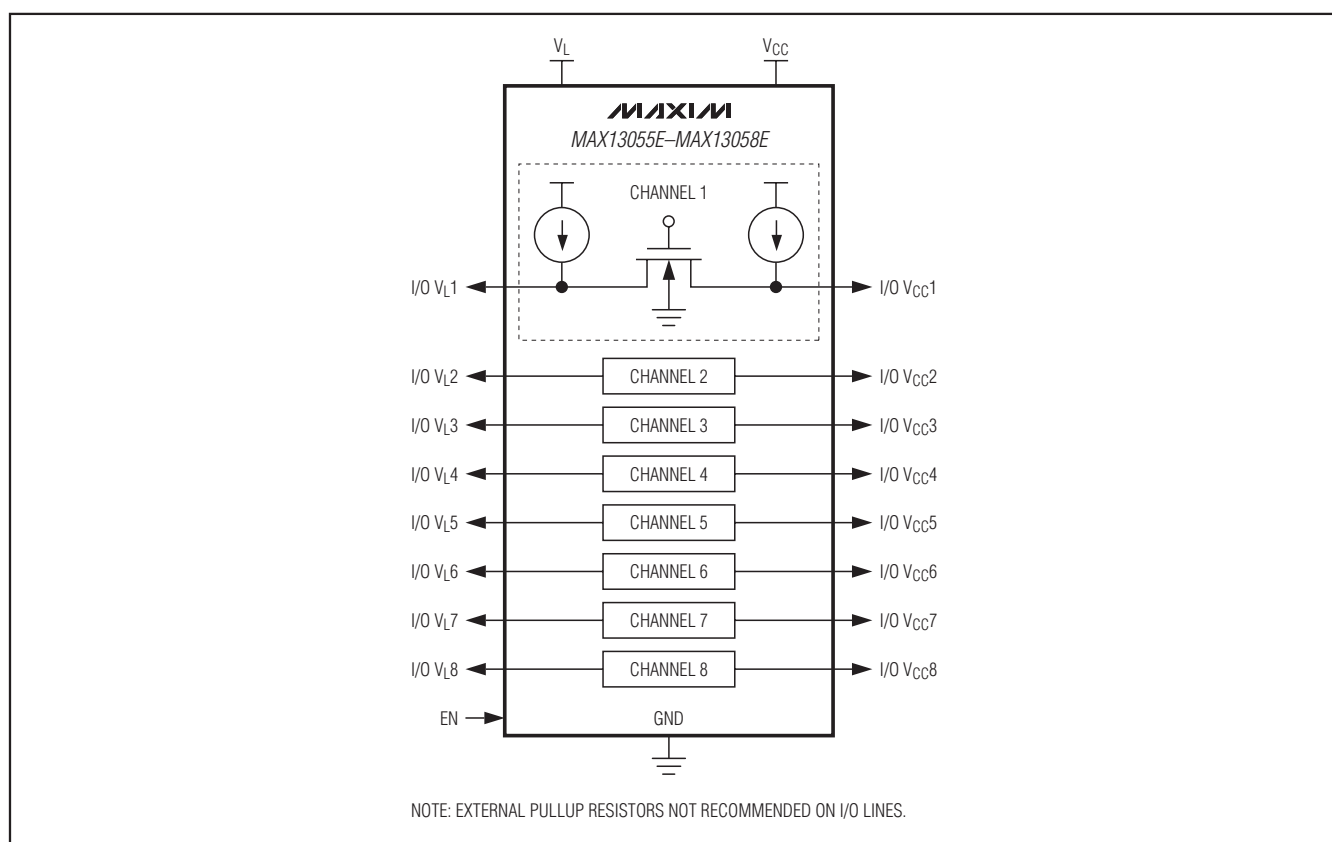
PIN		NAME	FUNCTION
TQFN-EP	WLP		
1, 12, 13, 14, 24, 25, 26, 27	—	N.C.	No Connection. N.C. is not internally connected.
2	B1	I/O V_L 1	Input/Output 1 Referenced to V_L
3	A1	I/O V_L 2	Input/Output 2 Referenced to V_L
4	A2	I/O V_L 3	Input/Output 3 Referenced to V_L
5	A3	I/O V_L 4	Input/Output 4 Referenced to V_L
6	B3, B4, B5	GND	Ground
7	A4	I/O V_L 5	Input/Output 5 Referenced to V_L
8	A5	I/O V_L 6	Input/Output 6 Referenced to V_L
9	A6	I/O V_L 7	Input/Output 7 Referenced to V_L
10	B6	I/O V_L 8	Input/Output 8 Referenced to V_L
11	C5	EN	Enable Control Input. Drive EN high for normal operation. Drive EN low for shutdown mode.
15	C6	I/O V_{CC} 8	Input/Output 8 Referenced to V_{CC}
16	D6	I/O V_{CC} 7	Input/Output 7 Referenced to V_{CC}
17	D5	I/O V_{CC} 6	Input/Output 6 Referenced to V_{CC}
18	D4	I/O V_{CC} 5	Input/Output 5 Referenced to V_{CC}
19	C2, C3, C4	V_{CC}	+2.2V to +3.6V Power-Supply Voltage. Bypass V_{CC} with 1 μF and 0.1 μF ceramic capacitors located as close to the device as possible.
20	D3	I/O V_{CC} 4	Input/Output 4 Referenced to V_{CC}

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Pin Description (continued)

PIN		NAME	FUNCTION
TQFN-EP	WLP		
21	D2	I/O V _{CC3}	Input/Output 3 Referenced to V _{CC}
22	D1	I/O V _{CC2}	Input/Output 2 Referenced to V _{CC}
23	C1	I/O V _{CC1}	Input/Output 1 Referenced to V _{CC}
28	B2	V _L	+1.62V to +3.2V Logic-Supply Voltage. Bypass V _L with a 0.1μF ceramic capacitor located as close to the device as possible.
—	—	EP	Exposed Pad. Connect EP to GND.

Functional Diagram



1.62V to 3.6V, 8-Channel, High-Speed LLT

Detailed Description

The MAX13055E-MAX13058E 8-channel, bidirectional level translators provide the level shifting necessary for 100Mbps data transfer in multivoltage systems. The MAX13055E-MAX13058E are ideally suited for level translation in systems with 8 channels. Externally applied voltages, V_{CC} and V_L , set the logic levels on either side of the device. Logic-high signals presented on the V_L side of the device appear as a logic-high signal on the V_{CC} side of the device and vice versa.

The MAX13055E-MAX13058E operate at full speed with external drivers that source as little as 4mA output current. Each I/O channel is pulled up to V_{CC} or V_L by an internal 40 μ A current source, allowing the MAX13055E-MAX13058E to be driven by either push-pull or open-drain drivers.

The MAX13055E-MAX13058E feature an enable (EN) input that places the devices into a low-power shutdown mode when driven low. The MAX13055E-MAX13058E feature an automatic shutdown mode that disables the part when V_{CC} is less than V_L . The state of I/O V_{CC} and I/O V_L during shutdown is chosen by selecting the appropriate part version (see the *Ordering Information/Selector Guide*).

The MAX13055E-MAX13058E operate with V_{CC} voltages from +2.2V to +3.6V and V_L voltages from +1.62V to +3.2V.

Level Translation

For proper operation, ensure that $+2.2V \leq V_{CC} \leq +3.6V$, $+1.62V \leq V_L \leq V_{CC} - 0.2V$. When power is supplied to

V_L while V_{CC} is missing or less than V_L , the MAX13055E-MAX13058E automatically enter a low-power mode. The devices also enter shutdown mode when $V_{EN} = 0V$. This allows V_{CC} to be disconnected and still have a known state on I/O V_L . The maximum data rate depends heavily on the load capacitance (see the Rise/Fall Time vs. Capacitive Load graphs in the *Typical Operating Characteristics*), output impedance of the driver, and the operating voltage range.

Input Requirements

The MAX13055E-MAX13058E architecture is based on an nMOS pass gate and rise/fall time accelerator stages (Figure 4). The accelerators are active only when there is a rising/falling edge on a given I/O. A short pulse is then generated where the output accelerator stages become active and charges/discharges the capacitance at the I/Os. Due to its architecture, both input stages become active during the one-shot pulse. This can lead to current feeding into the external source that is driving the translator. However, this behavior helps to speed up the transition on the driven side.

The MAX13055E-MAX13058E have internal current sources capable of sourcing 40 μ A to pull up the I/O lines. These internal pullup current sources allow the inputs to be driven with open-drain drivers as well as push-pull drivers. It is not recommended to use external pullup resistors on the I/O lines. The architecture of the MAX13055E-MAX13058E permits either side to be driven with a minimum of 4mA drivers or larger.

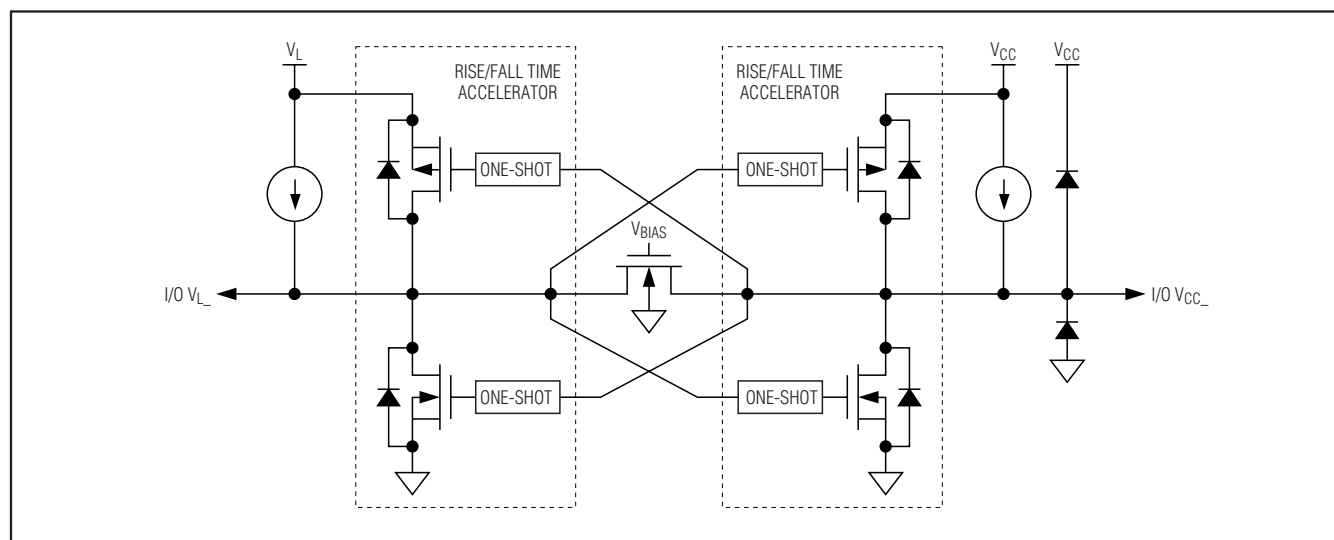


Figure 4. Simplified Functional Diagram for One I/O Line

1.62V to 3.6V, 8-Channel, High-Speed LLT

Output Load Requirements

The MAX13055E–MAX13058E I/O are designed to drive CMOS inputs. Do not load the I/O lines with a resistive load less than 25k Ω . Do not place an RC circuit at the input of these devices to slow down the edges. If a slower rise/fall time is required, refer to the MAX3000E/MAX3001E logic-level translator data sheet.

Shutdown Mode

The MAX13055E–MAX13058E feature an enable (EN) input that places the devices into a low-power shutdown mode when driven low. The MAX13055E–MAX13058E feature an automatic shutdown mode that disables the part when V_{CC} is unconnected or less than V_L.

Applications Information

Layout Recommendations

Use standard high-speed layout practices when laying out a board with the MAX13055E–MAX13058E. For example, to minimize line coupling, place all other signal lines not connected to the MAX13055E–MAX13058E at least 1x the substrate height of the PCB away from the input and output lines of the MAX13055E–MAX13058E.

Power-Supply Decoupling

To reduce ripple and the chance of introducing data errors, bypass V_L and V_{CC} to ground with 0.1 μ F ceramic capacitors. Place all capacitors as close to the power-supply inputs as possible. For full ESD protection, bypass V_{CC} with a 1 μ F ceramic capacitor located as close to the V_{CC} input as possible.

Unidirectional vs. Bidirectional Level Translator

The MAX13055E–MAX13058E bidirectional level translators can operate as a unidirectional device to translate signals without inversion. These devices provide a small solution for unidirectional level translation without inversion.

ESD Test Conditions

ESD performance depends on a variety of conditions. Contact Maxim for a reliability report that documents test setup, test methodology, and test results.

Use with External Pullup/Pulldown Resistors

Due to the architecture of the MAX13055E–MAX13058E, it is not recommended to use external pullup or pulldown resistors on the bus. In certain applications, the use of external pullup or pulldown resistors is desired to have a known bus state when there is no active driver on the bus. The MAX13055E–MAX13058E include internal pullup current sources that set the bus

state when the device is enabled. In shutdown mode, the state of I/O V_{CC} and I/O V_L is dependent on the selected part version (see the *Ordering Information/Selector Guide*).

Open-Drain Signaling

The MAX13055E–MAX13058E are designed to pass open-drain as well as CMOS push-pull signals. When used with open-drain signaling, the rise time is dominated by the interaction of the internal pullup current source and the parasitic load capacitance. The MAX13055E–MAX13058E include internal rise-time accelerators to speed up transitions, eliminating any need for external pullup resistors. For applications such as I²C or 1-Wire® that require an external pullup resistor, refer to the MAX3378E and MAX3396E data sheets.

Human Body Model

Figure 5a shows the Human Body Model and Figure 5b shows the current waveform it generates when discharged into a low impedance. This model consists of a 100pF capacitor charged to the ESD voltage of interest, which is then discharged into the test device through a 1.5k Ω resistor.

IEC 61000-4-2

The IEC 61000-4-2 standard covers ESD testing and performance of finished equipment; it does not specifically refer to integrated circuits. The MAX13055E–MAX13058E help in designing equipment that meets level 4 (the highest level) of IEC 61000-4-2, without the need for additional ESD-protection components. The major difference between tests done using the Human Body Model and IEC 61000-4-2 is higher peak current in IEC 61000-4-2, because series resistance is lower in the IEC 61000-4-2 model. Hence, the ESD withstand voltage measured to IEC 61000-4-2 is generally lower than that measured using the Human Body Model. Figure 6a shows the IEC 61000-4-2 model and Figure 6b shows the current waveform for the $\pm$ 8kV, IEC 61000-4-2, level 4, ESD Contact Discharge Method.

The Air Gap Method involves approaching the device with a charged probe. The Contact Discharge Method connects the probe to the device before the probe is energized.

Chip Information

PROCESS: CMOS

1-Wire is a registered trademark of Maxim Integrated Products, Inc.

1.62V to 3.6V, 8-Channel, High-Speed LLT

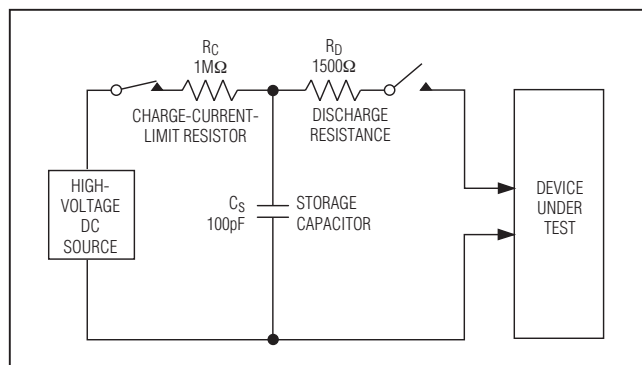


Figure 5a. Human Body ESD Test Model

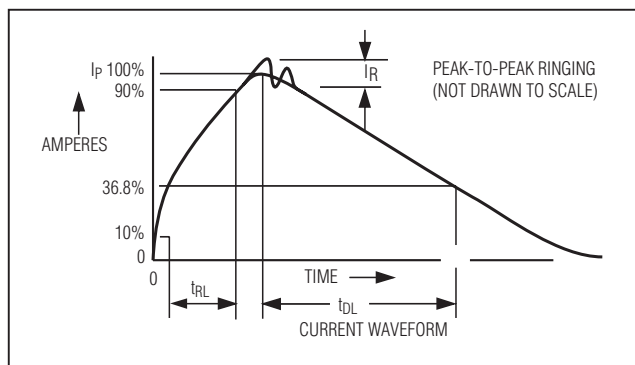


Figure 5b. Human Body Current Waveform

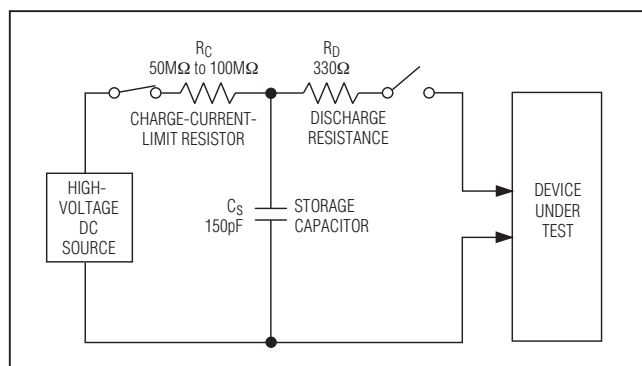


Figure 6a. IEC 61000-4-2 ESD Test Model

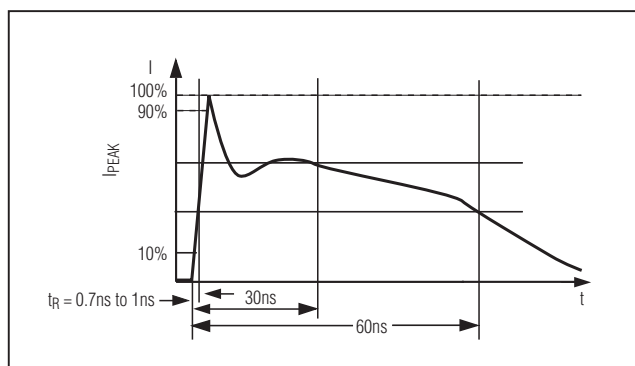


Figure 6b. IEC 61000-4-2 ESD Generator Current Waveform

Ordering Information/Selector Guide (continued)

PART	I/O V _L STATE DURING SHUTDOWN	I/O V _{CC} STATE DURING SHUTDOWN	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE
MAX13056 EWG+**	Open Drain	10kΩ to GND	-40°C to +85°C	24 WLP
MAX13056EETI+**	Open Drain	10kΩ to GND	-40°C to +85°C	28 TQFN-EP*
MAX13057 EWG+**	10kΩ to GND	Open Drain	-40°C to +85°C	24 WLP
MAX13057EETI+**	10kΩ to GND	Open Drain	-40°C to +85°C	28 TQFN-EP*
MAX13058 EWG+	10kΩ to GND	10kΩ to GND	-40°C to +85°C	24 WLP
MAX13058EETI+	10kΩ to GND	10kΩ to GND	-40°C to +85°C	28 TQFN-EP*

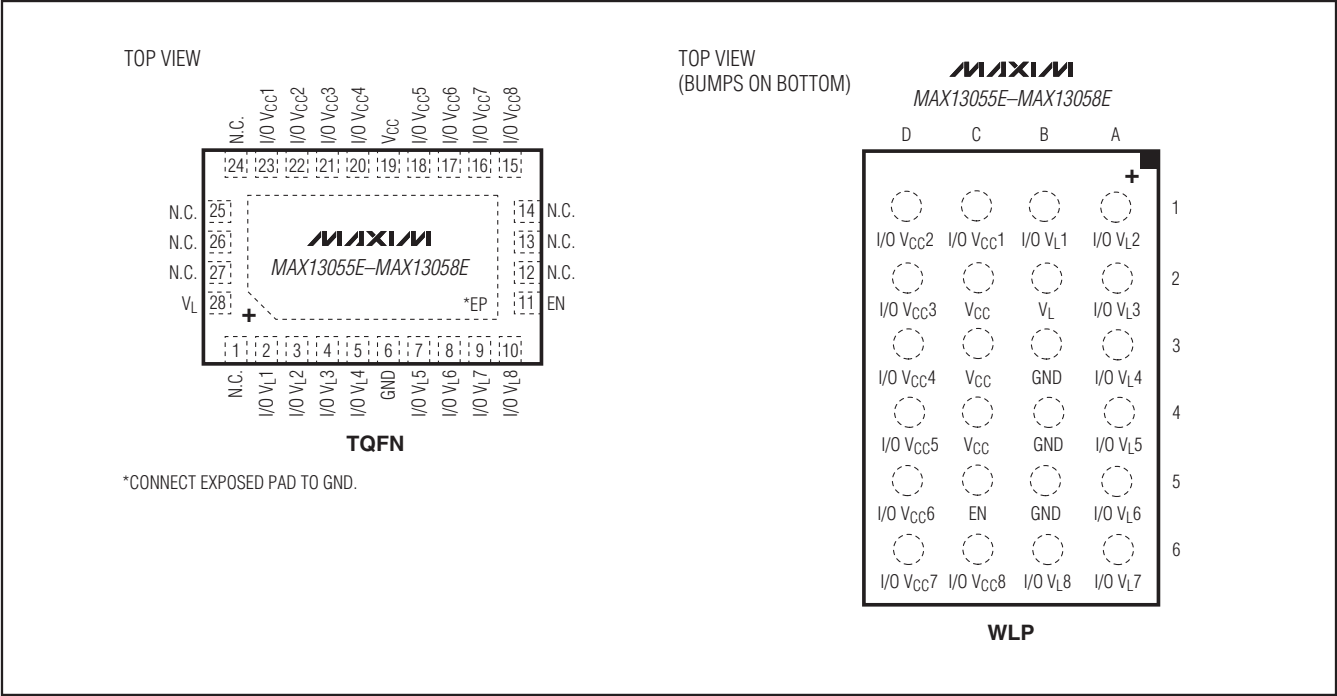
+Denotes a lead(Pb)-free/RoHS-compliant package.

*EP = Exposed pad.

**Future product—contact factory for availability.

1.62V to 3.6V, 8-Channel, High-Speed LLT

Pin Configurations



Package Information

For the latest package outline information and land patterns, go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.

PACKAGE TYPE	PACKAGE CODE	DOCUMENT NO.
24 WLP	W241B2-1	21-0219
28 TQFN	T283555-1	21-0184

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