

**SOT-25**

**Pin Definition:**

1. Input
2. Ground
3. Enable
4. N/C
5. Output

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1. Enable
2. N/C or Ground
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4. Output
5. Input

**General Description**

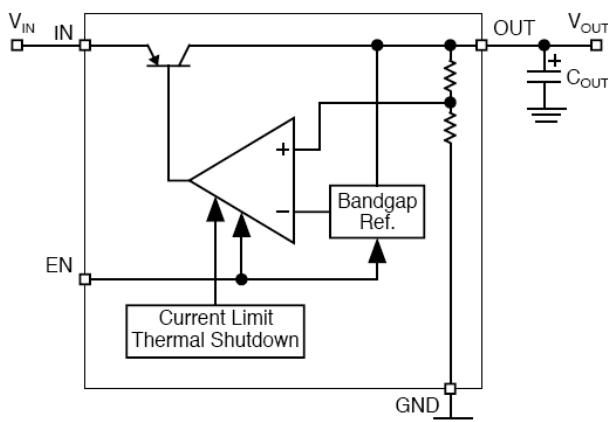
TS5213 is an efficient linear voltage regulator with ultra low noise output, very low dropout voltage (typically 50mV at light loads and 320mV at 80mA), and very low ground current (225uA at 20mA), providing high output current even when the application requires very low dropout voltage. The Chip Enable (EN) includes a CMOS or TTL compatible input allows the output to be turned off to prolong battery life. When shutdown, power consumption drops nearly to zero. TS5213 is included a precision voltage reference, error correction circuit, a current limited output driver, over temperature shutdown and reversed battery protection.

**Features**

- Ultra Low Noise Output
- Output Current up to 80mA
- Low Power Consumption
- “Zero” Off-mode Consumption
- Logic Controlled Electronic Enable
- Current Limit & Thermal Shutdown Protection

**Application**

- Cellular Telephones
- Palmtops, Notebook Computers
- Battery Powered Equipment
- SMPS Post Regulator and DC to DC Modules
- High-efficiency Linear Power Supplies
- Portable Application

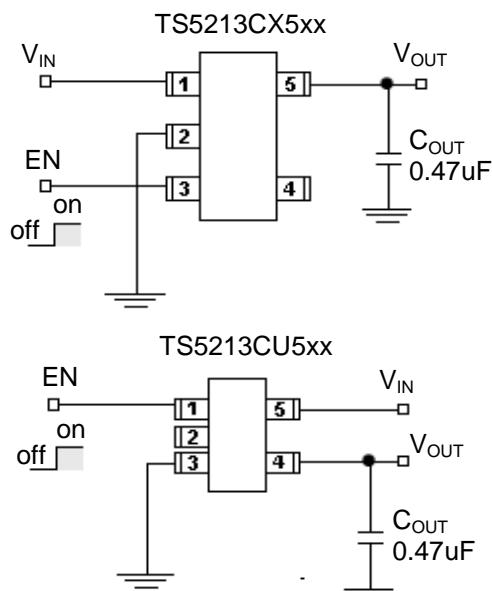
**Block Diagram**

**Ordering Information**

Part No.	Package	Packing
TS5213CX5xx RF	SOT-25	3Kpcs / 7" Reel
TS5213CU5xx RF	SOT-353	3Kpcs / 7" Reel

Note: Where **xx** denotes voltage option, available are

**50**=5.0V

**33**=3.3V

**Typical Application Circuit**


EN may be connected to  $V_{IN}$  pin to regulation ON  
 $C_{IN} > 0.1\mu F$  in basic operating  
 $C_{OUT} > 0.47\mu F$  in low noise operating

**Absolute Maximum Rating** (Note 1)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Input Supply Voltage	$V_{IN}$	-20 ~ +20	V
Enable Input Voltage	$V_{CE}$	-20 ~ +20	V
Power Dissipation (Note 2)	$P_D$	Internal limited	
Thermal Resistance	SOT-25	220	$^{\circ}\text{C}/\text{W}$
	SOT-353	450	
Operating Junction Temperature Range	$T_J$	-40 ~ +125	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Storage Temperature Range	$T_{STG}$	-65 ~ +150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Lead Soldering Temperature (260 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ )		5	S

**Recommend Operating Rating** (Note 2)

Parameter	Symbol	Limit	Unit
Input Supply Voltage	$V_{IN}$	+2.5 ~ +16	V
Enable Input Voltage	$V_{CE}$	0 ~ $V_{IN}$	V

**Electrical Specification** ( $V_{IN}=V_o+1\text{V}$ ,  $I_o=1\text{mA}$ ,  $C_{OU}\text{T}=0.47\mu\text{F}$ ,  $V_{EN}\geq 2\text{V}$ ,  $T_J=25^{\circ}\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified.)

Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Output Voltage	$V_{IN}=V_o + 1\text{V}$	-3	--	3	%
	$-40^{\circ}\text{C} \leq T_J \leq +125^{\circ}\text{C}$	-4	--	4	
Output Voltage Temp. Coefficient	(Note 5)	--	50	200	$\text{ppm}/^{\circ}\text{C}$
Line Regulation	$V_o+1\text{V} \leq V_{IN} \leq 16\text{V}$	--	0.008	0.3	%
Load Regulation (Note 6)	$0.1\text{mA} \leq I_o \leq 80\text{mA}$	--	0.08	0.3	%
Dropout Voltage (Note 7)	$I_o=100\mu\text{A}$	--	50	--	mV
	$I_o=20\text{mA}$	--	230	300	
	$I_o=50\text{mA}$	--	280	370	
	$I_o=80\text{mA}$	--	320	420	
Quiescent Current	$V_{EN}\leq 0.4\text{V}$ (shutdown)	--	0.01	10	uA
Ground Pin Current (Note 8)	$V_{EN}\geq 2\text{V}$ (active)	$I_o=100\mu\text{A}$	--	80	uA
		$I_o=20\text{mA}$	--	225	
		$I_o=50\text{mA}$	--	850	
		$I_o=80\text{mA}$	--	1800	
Output Current Limit	$V_{OUT}=0\text{V}$	--	250	500	mA
Power Supply Rejection Ratio	At $f=100\text{Hz}$ , $I_o=100\mu\text{A}$ ,	--	65	--	dB
Thermal Regulation (Note 9)		--	0.05	--	%/W
<b>Enable function</b>					
Enable Input Logic-Low Voltage	Regulation shutdown	--	--	0.6	V
Enable Input Logic-High Voltage	Regulation enable	2.0	--	--	V
Enable Input Current	$V_{IL}\leq 0.6\text{V}$	--	0.01	1	uA
	$V_{IH}\geq 2.0\text{V}$	--	15	50	

## Electrical Specification (Continue)

Note 1: Exceeding the absolute maximum rating may damage the device.

Note 2: The maximum allowable power dissipation at any  $T_a$  is  $P_d(\max) = [T_{J(\max)} - T_a] + \Theta_{JA}$ . Exceeding the maximum allowable power dissipation will result in excessive die temperature, and the regulator will go into thermal shutdown.

Note 3: Devices are ESD sensitive. Handling precautions recommended.

Note 4: The device is not guaranteed to function outside its operating rating.

Note 5: Output voltage temperature coefficient is defined as the worst case voltage change divided by the total temperature range.

Note 6: Regulation is measured at constant junction temperature using low duty cycle pulse testing. Parts are tested for load regulation in the load range from 1mA to 80mA. Changes in output voltage due to heating effects are covered by the thermal regulation specification.

Note 7: Dropout voltage is defined as the input to output differential at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value measured at 1V differential.

Note 8: Ground pin current is the regulator quiescent current plus pass transistor base current. The total current drawn from the supply is the sum of the load current plus the ground pin current.

Note 9: Thermal regulation is defined as the change in output voltage at a time "t" after a change in power dissipation is applied, excluding load or line regulation effects. Specifications are for a 80mA load pulse at  $V_{IH} = 16V$  for  $t=10mS$ .

## Application Information

### Enable Input

TS5213 series feature an active-high (>2V) enable (EN) input that allows ON/OFF control of the regulator. Current drain reduces to "zero" when the device is shutdown, with only micro-amperes of leakage current. The EN is compatible with CMOS logic interfacing. EN may be directly tied to  $V_{IH}$  and pulled up to the maximum supply voltage.

### Input Capacitor Requirement

An input capacitor of 0.17uF or greater is recommended when the device is more than 10" away from the bulk AC supply capacitance or when the supply is a battery.

### Output Capacitor Requirement

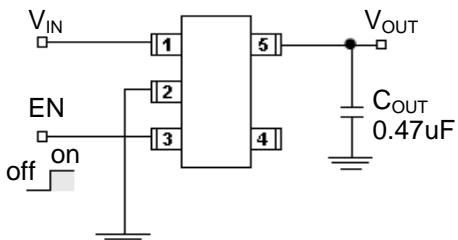
The TS5213 series requires an output capacitor to maintain stability and improve transient response is necessary. The TS5213 is ultra stable, requiring only 0.47uF of output capacitance for stability. It is stable with all type of capacitors, including the tiny, low-ESR ceramic chip capacitors. The output capacitor value may be increased without limit.

### No Load Stability

The TS5213 series will remain stable and in regulation with no load, unlike many other voltage regulators. This is especially important in CMOS RAM keep alive applications.

## Application Information (Continue)

### Fixed Output Regulator Application



TS5213 series is offered a smaller system solution, it is only required a small multilayer ceramic capacitor for stability.

### Low Noise Fixed Voltage Application

### Thermal Characteristics

TS5213 series is designed to provide 80mA of continuous current in a very small package. Maximum power dissipation can be calculated based on the output current and the voltage drop across the part. To determine the maximum power dissipation of the package, use the junction-ambient thermal resistance of the device and the following basic equation:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = [ T_{J(MAX)} - T_A ] / \Theta_{JA}$$

$T_{J(MAX)}$  is the maximum junction temperature of the die( $125^{\circ}\text{C}$ ), and  $T_A$  is the ambient operating temperature.  $\Theta_{JA}$  is layout dependent, the actual power dissipation of the regulator circuit can be determined using the equation:

$$P_D = (V_{IN} - V_{OUT}) * I_{OUT} + V_{IN} * I_{GND}$$

Substituting  $P_d(max)$  for  $P_d$  and solving for the operating conditions that are critical to the application will give the maximum operating conditions for the regulator circuit. For example, when operating the TS5213CX550 at room temperature with a minimum footprint layout, the maximum input voltage for a set output current can be determined as follows:

$$P_{D(MAX)} = (125^{\circ}\text{C} - 25^{\circ}\text{C}) / 220^{\circ}\text{C/W}$$

$$P_{D(MAX)} = 455\text{mW}$$

The junction to ambient thermal resistance for the minimum footprint is  $220^{\circ}\text{C/W}$ , the maximum power dissipation must not be exceeded for proper operation. Using the output voltage of  $5.0\text{V}$  and an output current of  $80\text{mA}$ , the maximum input voltage can be determined. Form the electrical characteristics table, the maximum ground current for  $80\text{mA}$  output current is  $1\text{mA}$ .

$$445\text{mW} = (V_{IN} - 5.0\text{V}) * 80\text{mA} + V_{IN} * 1.8\text{mA}$$

$$445\text{mW} = V_{IN} * 80\text{mA} - 5.0 * 80\text{mA} + V_{IN} * 1.8\text{mA}$$

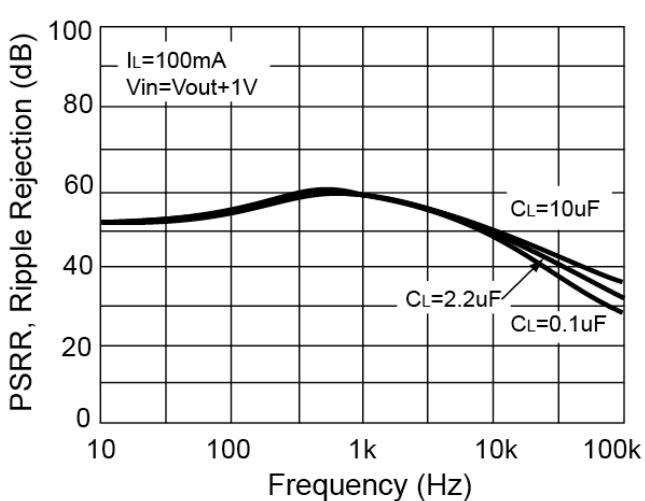
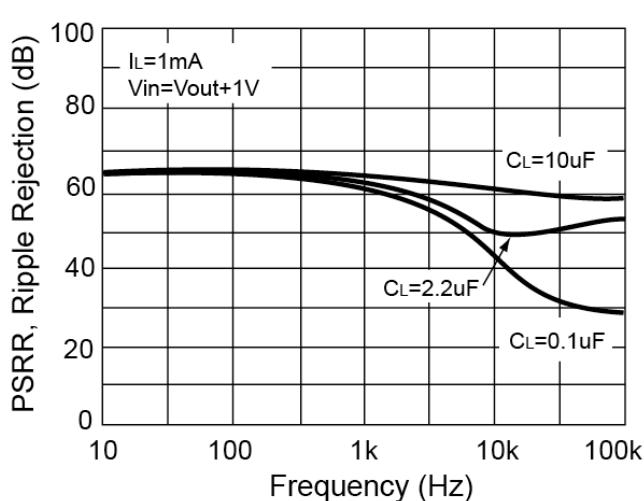
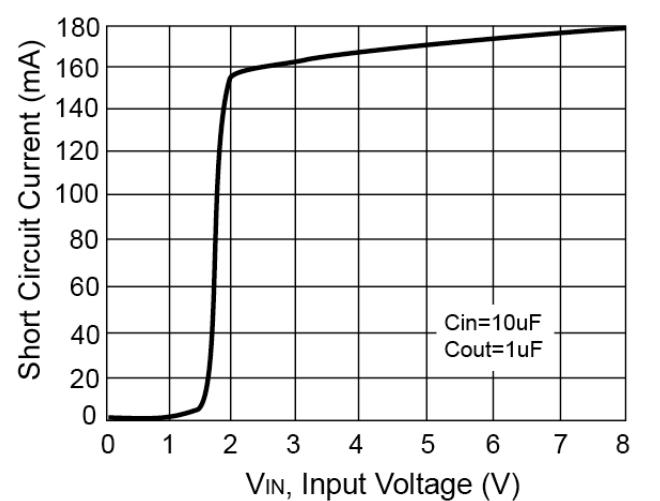
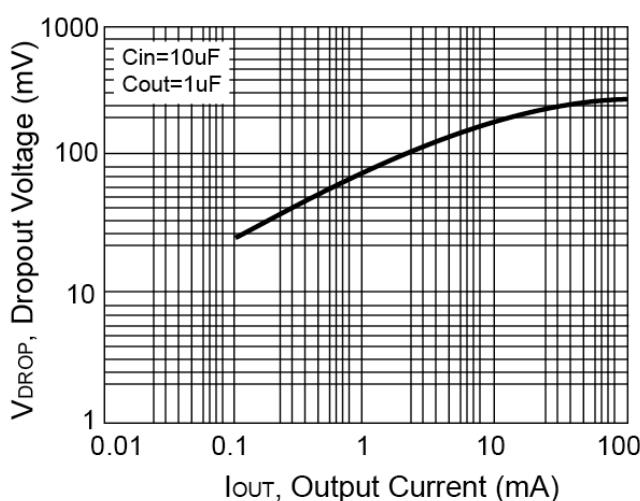
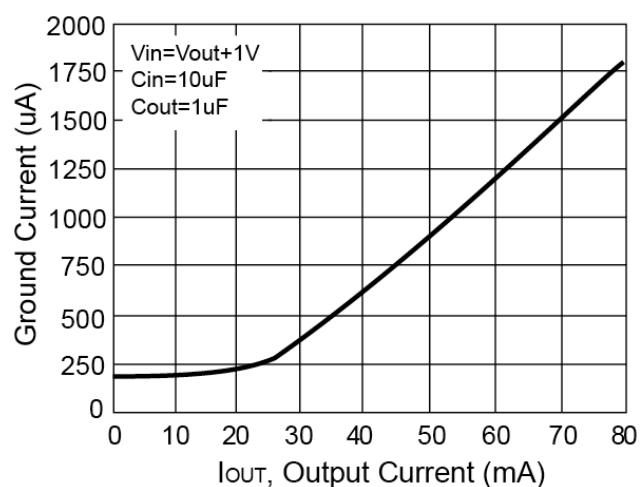
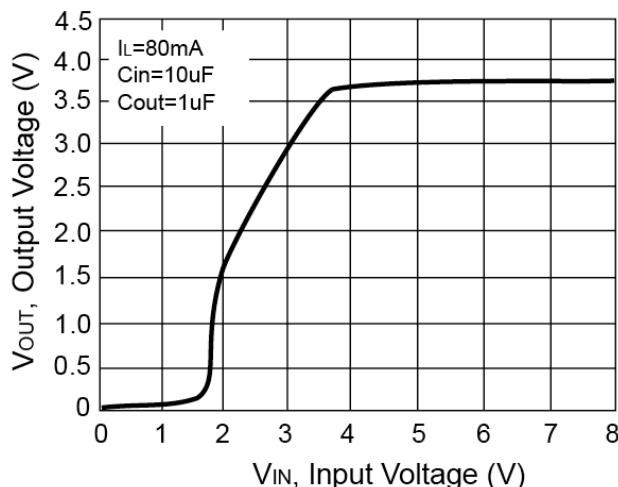
$$445\text{mW} = V_{IN} * 80\text{mA} - 400\text{mW} + V_{IN} * 1.8\text{mA}$$

$$845\text{mW} = V_{IN} * 81.8\text{mA}$$

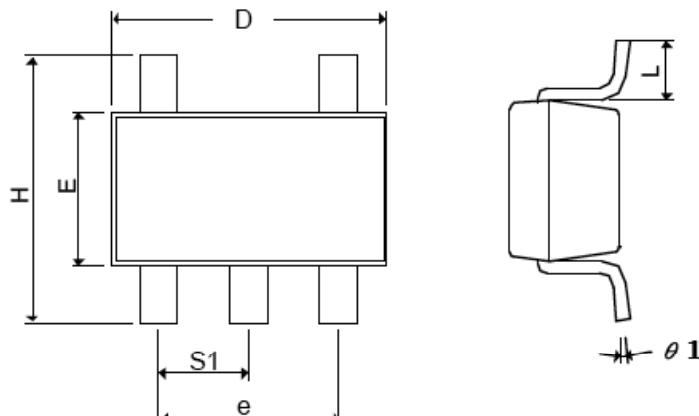
$$V_{IN} (\text{max}) = 10.33\text{V}$$

Therefore, a  $5.0\text{V}$  application at  $80\text{mA}$  of output current can accept a maximum input voltage of  $10.33\text{V}$  in a SOT-25 package.

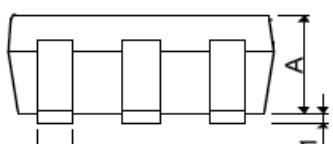
**Electrical Characteristics Curve**



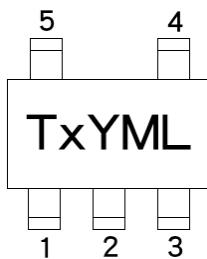
## SOT-25 Mechanical Drawing



SOT-25 DIMENSION				
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX.
A+A <sub>1</sub>	0.09	1.25	0.0354	0.0492
B	0.30	0.50	0.0118	0.0197
C	0.09	0.25	0.0035	0.0098
D	2.70	3.10	0.1063	0.1220
E	1.40	1.80	0.0551	0.0709
E	1.90 BSC		0.0748 BSC	
H	2.40	3.00	0.09449	0.1181
L	0.35 BSC		0.0138 BSC	
$\theta 1$	0°	10°	0°	10°
S1	0.95 BSC		0.0374 BSC	

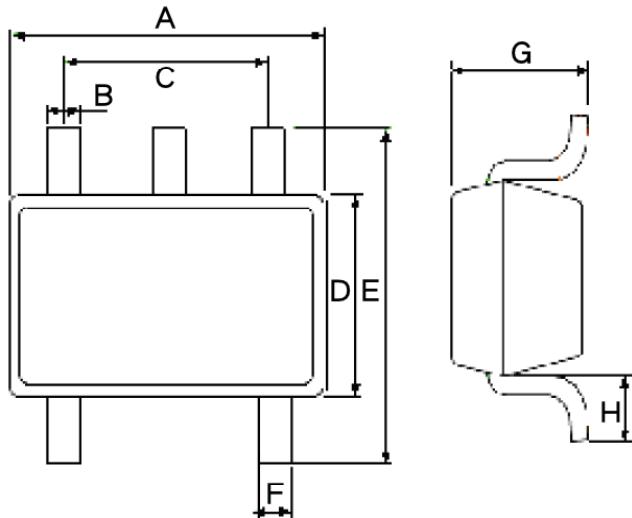


## Marking Diagram



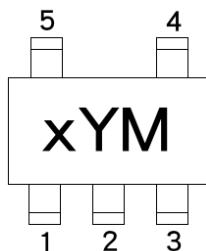
**T** = Device Code  
**X** = Voltage Code  
 (5 = 5.0V, S = 3.3V)  
**Y** = Year Code  
**M** = Month Code  
 (A=Jan, B=Feb, C=Mar, D=Apl, E=May, F=Jun, G=Jul, H=Aug, I=Sep,  
 J=Oct, K=Nov, L=Dec)  
**L** = Lot Code

### SOT-353 Mechanical Drawing



SOT-353 DIMENSION				
DIM	MILLIMETERS		INCHES	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	1.80	2.20	0.0709	0.0866
B	0.25	0.40	0.0098	0.0157
C	1.30(typ)		0.0512(typ)	
D	1.15	1.35	0.0453	0.0531
E	1.80	2.40	0.0709	0.0945
F	0.35	0.50	0.0137	0.0197
G	0.80	1.10	0.0315	0.0433
H	0.10	0.45	0.0039	0.0177

### Marking Diagram



**X** = Voltage Code  
(**5** = 5.0V, **S** = 3.3V)

**Y** = Year Code

**M** = Month Code

(**A**=Jan, **B**=Feb, **C**=Mar, **D**=Apr, **E**=May, **F**=Jun, **G**=Jul, **H**=Aug, **I**=Sep,  
**J**=Oct, **K**=Nov, **L**=Dec)

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