

SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL TRANSISTORS

N-P-N silicon transistors, in a microminiature plastic envelope intended for switching and linear applications in thick and thin-film circuits.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

			PMBT2222	PMBT2222A
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CB0}	max.	60	75 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CE0}	max.	30	40 V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EB0}	max.	5,0	6,0 V
Collector current (d.c.)	I_C	max.	600	mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	250	mW
D.C. current gain				
$I_C = 150\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	h_{FE}		100 to 300	
$I_C = 500\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$	h_{FE}	>	30	40
Transition frequency at $f = 100\text{ MHz}$	f_T	>	250	300 MHz
$I_C = 20\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 20\text{ V}$				

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

Fig. 1 SOT-23.

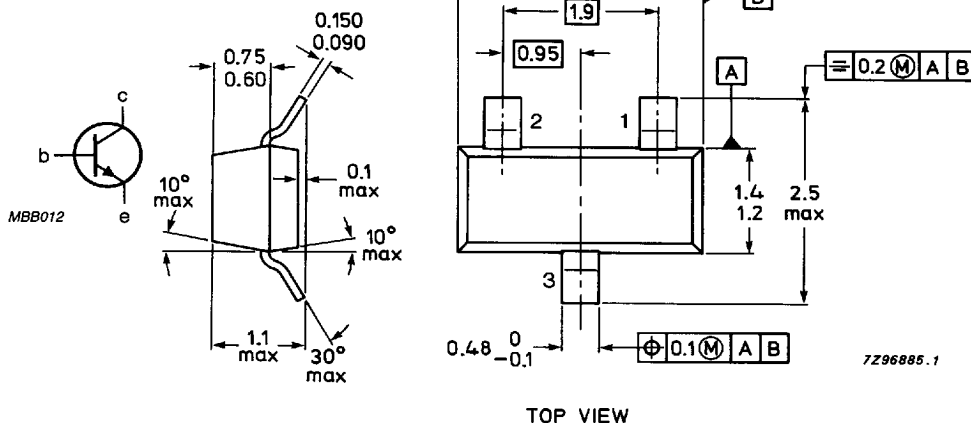
Pinning:

- 1 = base
- 2 = emitter
- 3 = collector

Marking code

PMBT2222 = p1B

PMBT2222A = p1P



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RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

		PMBT2222	PMBT2222A
Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max. 60	75 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max. 30	40 V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EBO}	max. 5,0	6,0 V
Collector current (d.c.)	I_C	max 600	mA
Total power dissipation* up to $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max. 250	mW
Storage temperature range	T_{stg}	−65 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
Junction temperature	T_j	max. 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL RESISTANCE *

From junction to ambient	$R_{th\ j-a}$	=	500	K/W
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CHARACTERISTICS

 $T_j = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

		PMBT2222	PMBT2222A
Collector cut-off current			
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 50\text{ V}$	I_{CBO}	< 0,01	— μA
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 60\text{ V}$	I_{CBO}	< —	0,01 μA
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 50\text{ V}; T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	I_{CBO}	< 10	— μA
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 60\text{ V}; T_j = 125^\circ\text{C}$	I_{CBO}	< —	10 μA
$V_{EB} = 3\text{ V}; V_{CE} = 60\text{ V}$	I_{CEX}	< —	10 nA
Base current with reverse biased emitter junction $V_{EB} = 3\text{ V}; V_{CE} = 60\text{ V}$	I_{BEX}	< —	20 nA
Emitter cut-off current $I_C = 0; V_{EB} = 3\text{ V}$	I_{EBO}	< —	10 nA
Saturation voltages** $I_C = 150\text{ mA}; I_B = 15\text{ mA}$	V_{CEsat}	< 400	300 mV
	V_{BEsat}	< 1300	— mV
	V_{BEsat}	—	0,6 to 1,2 V
$I_C = 500\text{ mA}; I_B = 50\text{ mA}$	V_{CEsat}	< 1600	1000 mV
	V_{BEsat}	< 2600	2000 mV
Breakdown voltages $I_C = 1,0\text{ mA}; I_B = 0$	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	> 30	40 V
$I_C = 100\text{ }\mu\text{A}; I_E = 0$	$V_{(BR)CBO}$	> 60	75 V
$I_C = 0; I_E = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$	$V_{(BR)EBO}$	> 5,0	6,0 V

* Device mounted on a ceramic substrate of 8 mm x 10 mm x 0.7 mm.

** Measured under pulsed conditions to avoid excessive dissipation; $t_p \leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$; $\delta \leq 0,02$.

			PMBT2222	PMBT2222A
D.C. current gain				
$I_C = 0,1 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	$>$	35	
$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	$>$	50	
$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	$>$	75	
$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}; T_{amb} = -55^\circ\text{C}$	h_{FE}	$>$	35	
$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	$>$	100 to 300	
$I_C = 150 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 1 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	$>$	50	
$I_C = 500 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$	h_{FE}	$>$	30	40
Transition frequency at $f = 100 \text{ MHz}^*$				
$I_C = 20 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 20 \text{ V}$	f_T	$>$	250	300 MHz
Output capacitance at $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$				
$I_E = 0; V_{CB} = 10 \text{ V}$	C_o	$<$	8,0	pF
Input capacitance at $f = 1 \text{ MHz}$				
$I_C = 0; V_{EB} = 0,5 \text{ V}$	C_i	$<$	30	25
h-parameters (common emitter) at $f = 1 \text{ kHz}$				
$I_C = 1 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$				
input impedance	h_{ie}		2,0 to 8,0	$k\Omega$
reverse voltage transfer ratio	h_{re}		$< 8,0 \times 10^{-4}$	
small signal current gain	h_{fe}		50 to 300	
output admittance	h_{oe}		5,0 to 35	μS
$I_C = 10 \text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}$				
input impedance	h_{ie}		0,25 to 1,25	$k\Omega$
reverse voltage transfer ratio	h_{re}		$< 4,0 \times 10^{-4}$	
small signal current gain	h_{fe}		75 to 375	
output admittance	h_{oe}		25 to 200	μS
Noise figure at $R_S = 1 k\Omega$				
$I_C = 100 \mu A; V_{CE} = 10 \text{ V}; f = 1 \text{ kHz}$	F	$<$	4,0	dB
Switching times (between 10% and 90% levels)				
Turn-on time switched to $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$				
delay time	t_d	$<$	10	ns
rise time	t_r	$<$	25	ns
Turn-off time switched from $I_C = 150 \text{ mA}$				
storage time	t_s	$<$	225	ns
fall time	t_f	$<$	60	ns

* f_T is defined as the frequency at which h_{fe} extrapolates to unity.

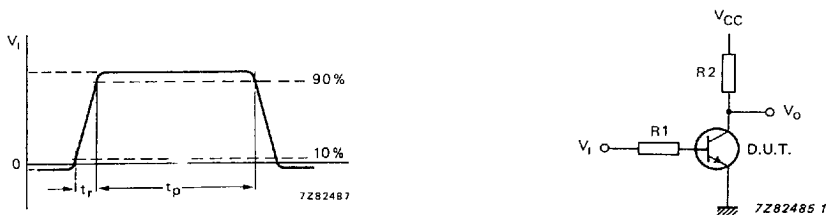


Fig. 2 Waveform and test circuit delay and rise time.

$V_i = -0,5$ to $+9,9$ V; $V_{CC} = 30$ V; $R_1 = 619 \Omega$; $R_2 = 200 \Omega$.

Pulse generator:

pulse duration	$t_p \leq 200$ ns
rise time	$t_r \leq 2$ ns
duty factor	$\delta = 2\%$

Oscilloscope:

input impedance	$Z_i > 100$ k Ω
input capacitance	$C_i < 12$ pF
rise time	$t_r < 5$ ns

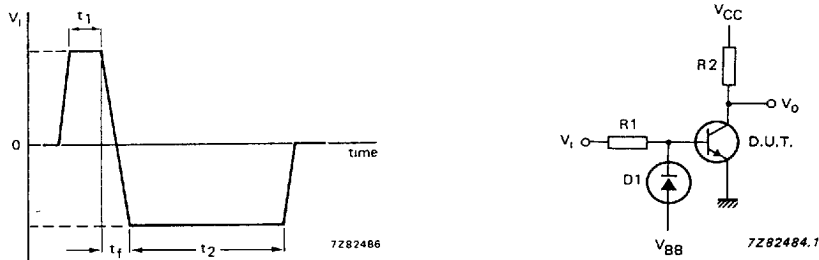


Fig. 3 Waveform and test circuit storage and fall time.

$V_i = -13,8$ to $+16,2$ V; $V_{CC} = 30$ V; $-V_{BB} = 3$ V; $R_1 = 1$ k Ω ; $R_2 = 200 \Omega$.

Pulse generator:

fall time	$t_f < 5$ ns
pulse time	$t_1 = 100$ μ s
	$t_2 = 500$ μ s

Oscilloscope:

input impedance	$Z_i > 100$ k Ω
input capacitance	$C_i < 12$ pF
rise time	$t_r < 5$ ns

SILICON PLANAR EPITAXIAL SWITCHING TRANSISTOR

N-P-N transistor in a plastic SOT-23 envelope intended for high-speed switching applications.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max.	40 V
Collector-emitter voltage ($V_{BE} = 0$)	V_{CES}	max.	40 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	15 V
Collector current (d.c. value)	I_C	max.	500 mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$	P_{tot}	max.	250 mW
D.C. current gain			
$I_C = 10\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$	h_{FE}		40 to 120
$I_C = 100\text{ mA}; V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$	h_{FE}	>	20
Storage time			
$I_{Con} = I_{Bon} = I_{Boff} = 10\text{ mA}$	t_s	<	13 ns

MECHANICAL DATA

Dimensions in mm

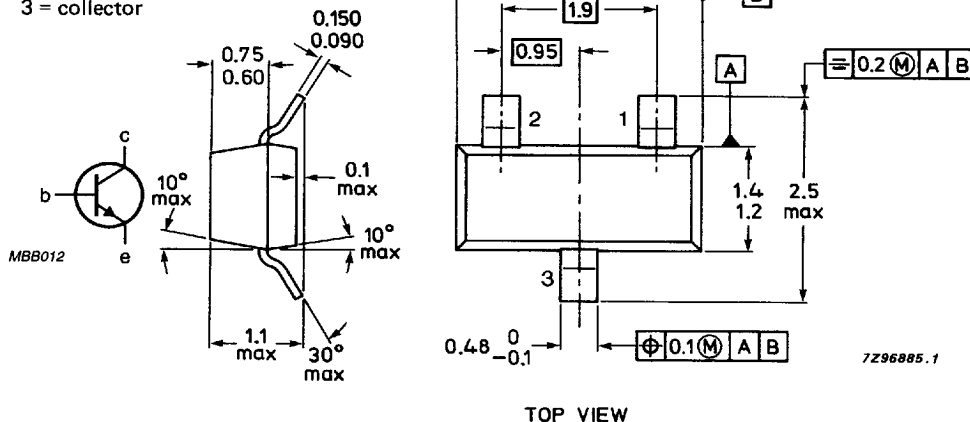
Fig. 1 SOT-23.

Marking code

PMBT2369 = p1J

Pinning:

- 1 = base
- 2 = emitter
- 3 = collector



RATINGS

Limiting values in accordance with the Absolute Maximum System (IEC 134)

Collector-base voltage (open emitter)	V_{CBO}	max.	40 V
Collector-emitter voltage ($V_{BE} = 0$)	V_{CES}	max.	40 V
Collector-emitter voltage (open base)	V_{CEO}	max.	15 V
Emitter-base voltage (open collector)	V_{EBO}	max.	4,5 V
Collector current (d.c. value)	I_C	max.	500 mA
Total power dissipation up to $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ *	P_{tot}	max.	250 mW
Storage temperature	T_{stg}		-65 to 150 $^{\circ}\text{C}$
Junction temperature	T_j	max.	150 $^{\circ}\text{C}$

THERMAL RESISTANCE

From junction to ambient in free air*	$R_{th\ j-a}$	=	500 K/W
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CHARACTERISTICS $T_j = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified

Collector cut-off current

 $I_E = 0$; $V_{CB} = 20\text{ V}$ $I_E = 0$; $V_{CB} = 20\text{ V}$; $T_j = 125\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

I_{CBO}	<	400 nA
I_{CBO}	<	30 μA

Saturation voltages

 $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$; $I_B = 1\text{ mA}$

V_{CEsat}	<	0,25 V
V_{BEsat}		0,70 to 0,85 V

D.C. current gain

 $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$; $V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$ $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$; $V_{CE} = 1\text{ V}$; $T_{amb} = -55\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ $I_C = 100\text{ mA}$; $V_{CE} = 2\text{ V}$

h_{FE}		40 to 120
h_{FE}	>	20
h_{FE}	>	20

Output capacitance at $f = 1\text{ MHz}$ $I_E = 0$; $V_{CB} = 5\text{ V}$

C_o	<	4,0 pF
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Small-signal current gain

 $I_C = 1,0\text{ mA}$; $V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$; $f = 100\text{ MHz}$; $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

h_{fe}	>	5,0 pF
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Breakdown voltages

 $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$; $I_B = 0$ $I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$; $I_E = 0$ $I_C = 0$; $I_E = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$ $I_C = 10\text{ }\mu\text{A}$; $V_{BE} = 0$

$V_{(BR)CEO}$	min.	15 V
$V_{(BR)CBO}$	min.	40 V
$V_{(BR)EBO}$	min.	4,5 V
$V_{(BR)CES}$	min.	40 V

Switching times at $T_{amb} = 25\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$

Storage time (see Fig. 2)

 $I_{Con} = I_{Bon} = -I_{Boff} = 10\text{ mA}$

t_s	typ.	5,0 ns
	<	13 ns

Turn-on time (see Fig. 3)

 $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$; $I_{Bon} = 3\text{ mA}$; $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$

t_{on}	typ.	8,0 ns
t_{on}	<	12 ns

Turn-off time (see Fig. 3)

 $I_C = 10\text{ mA}$; $I_{Bon} = 3\text{ mA}$; $I_{Boff} = 1,5\text{ mA}$; $V_{CC} = 3\text{ V}$

t_{off}	typ.	10 ns
t_{off}	<	18 ns

* Device mounted on a ceramic substrate of 8 mm x 10 mm x 0,7 mm.