

IRF9204PbF

Features

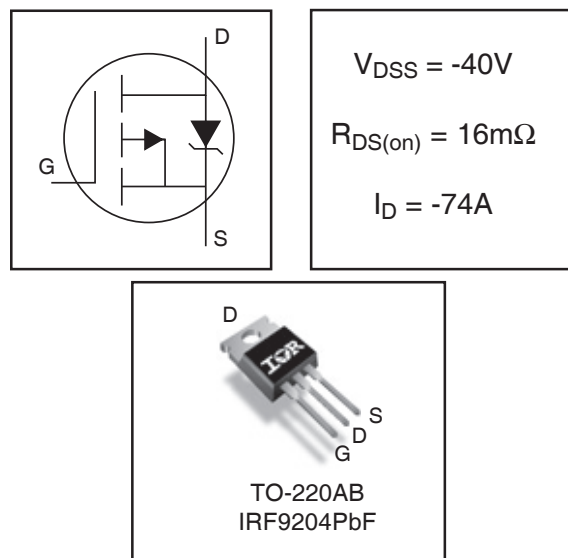
- Advanced Process Technology
- Ultra Low On-Resistance
- Dynamic dv/dt Rating
- 175°C Operating Temperature
- Fast Switching
- P-Channel
- Fully Avalanche Rated
- Lead-Free

Description

This HEXFET® Power MOSFET utilizes advanced processing techniques to achieve extremely low on-resistance per silicon area. This benefit, combined with the fast switching speed and ruggedized device design that HEXFET Power MOSFETs are well known for, provides the designer with an extremely efficient and reliable device for use in a wide variety of applications.

The TO-220 package is universally preferred for all commercial-industrial applications at power dissipation levels to approximately 50 watts. The low thermal resistance and low package cost of the TO-220 contribute to its wide acceptance throughout the industry.

HEXFET® Power MOSFET



G	D	S
Gate	Drain	Source

Absolute Maximum Ratings

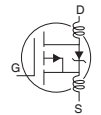
	Parameter	Max.	Units
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (Silicon Limited)	-74	A
$I_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (Silicon Limited)	-53	
$I_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Drain Current, $V_{GS} @ 10V$ (Wire Bond Limited)	-56	
I_{DM}	Pulsed Drain Current ①	-300	
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Power Dissipation	143	W
	Linear Derating Factor	0.95	W/°C
V_{GS}	Gate-to-Source Voltage	± 20	V
E_{AS} (Thermally limited)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy ②	270	mJ
E_{AS} (Tested)	Single Pulse Avalanche Energy Tested Value ⑥	502	
I_{AR}	Avalanche Current ①	See Fig.17a, 17b, 14, 15	A
E_{AR}	Repetitive Avalanche Energy ⑤		mJ
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to + 175	°C
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 seconds		
	Mounting Torque, 6-32 or M3 screw ⑦		

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case ⑧	—	1.05	°C/W
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, Flat, Greased Surface ⑦	0.50	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient ⑦	—	62	

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
$V_{(BR)DSS}$	Drain-to-Source Breakdown Voltage	-40	—	—	V	$V_{GS} = 0V, I_D = -250\mu A$
$\Delta V_{(BR)DSS}/\Delta T_J$	Breakdown Voltage Temp. Coefficient	—	0.03	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	Reference to 25°C , $I_D = -1mA$
$R_{DS(on)}$	Static Drain-to-Source On-Resistance	—	—	16	$m\Omega$	$V_{GS} = -10V, I_D = -37A$ ③
		—	—	23		$V_{GS} = -4.5V, I_D = -30A$ ③
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	-1.0	-2.0	-3.0	V	$V_{DS} = V_{GS}, I_D = -100\mu A$
g_{fs}	Forward Transconductance	29	—	—	S	$V_{DS} = -10V, I_D = -37A$
I_{DSS}	Drain-to-Source Leakage Current	—	—	-25	μA	$V_{DS} = -40V, V_{GS} = 0V$
		—	—	-250		$V_{DS} = -40V, V_{GS} = 0V, T_J = 125^\circ\text{C}$
I_{GSS}	Gate-to-Source Forward Leakage	—	—	-100	nA	$V_{GS} = -20V$
	Gate-to-Source Reverse Leakage	—	—	100		$V_{GS} = 20V$
Q_g	Total Gate Charge	—	149	224	nC	$I_D = -37A$
Q_{gs}	Gate-to-Source Charge	—	27	—		$V_{DS} = -32V$
Q_{gd}	Gate-to-Drain ("Miller") Charge	—	31	—		$V_{GS} = -10V$ ③
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	27	—	ns	$V_{DD} = -20V$
t_r	Rise Time	—	383	—		$I_D = -37A$
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	139	—		$R_G = 7.5 \Omega$
t_f	Fall Time	—	153	—		$V_{GS} = -10V$ ③
L_D	Internal Drain Inductance	—	4.5	—	nH	Between lead, 6mm (0.25in.) from package and center of die contact
L_S	Internal Source Inductance	—	7.5	—		
C_{iss}	Input Capacitance	—	7676	—	pF	$V_{GS} = 0V$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	654	—		$V_{DS} = -25V$
C_{rss}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	539	—		$f = 1.0KHz$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	1747	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 1.0V, f = 1.0KHz$
C_{oss}	Output Capacitance	—	598	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = -32V, f = 1.0KHz$
$C_{oss \text{ eff.}}$	Effective Output Capacitance	—	797	—		$V_{GS} = 0V, V_{DS} = 0V \text{ to } -32V$ ④



Source-Drain Ratings and Characteristics

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions
I_S	Continuous Source Current (Body Diode)	—	—	-74	A	MOSFET symbol showing the integral reverse p-n junction diode.
I_{SM}	Pulsed Source Current (Body Diode) ①	—	—	-300		
V_{SD}	Diode Forward Voltage	—	—	-1.3	V	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_S = -37A, V_{GS} = 0V$ ③
t_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Time	—	51	77	ns	$T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}, I_F = -37A, V_{DD} = -20V$
Q_{rr}	Reverse Recovery Charge	—	377	566	nC	$di/dt = 100A/\mu s$ ③
t_{on}	Forward Turn-On Time	Intrinsic turn-on time is negligible (turn-on is dominated by $L_S + L_D$)				

Notes:

- ① Repetitive rating; pulse width limited by max. junction temperature. (See fig. 11).
- ② Limited by T_{Jmax} , starting $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $L = 0.399mH$
 $R_G = 25\Omega, I_{AS} = -37A, V_{GS} = -10V$. Part not recommended for use above this value.
- ③ Pulse width $\leq 1.0ms$; duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.
- ④ $C_{oss \text{ eff.}}$ is a fixed capacitance that gives the same charging time as C_{oss} while V_{DS} is rising from 0 to 80% V_{DSS} .

- ⑤ Limited by T_{Jmax} , see Fig.17a, 17b, 14, 15 for typical repetitive avalanche performance.
- ⑥ This value determined from sample failure population. 100% tested to this value in production.
- ⑦ This is only applied to TO-220AB package.
- ⑧ R_θ is measured at T_J approximately 90°C

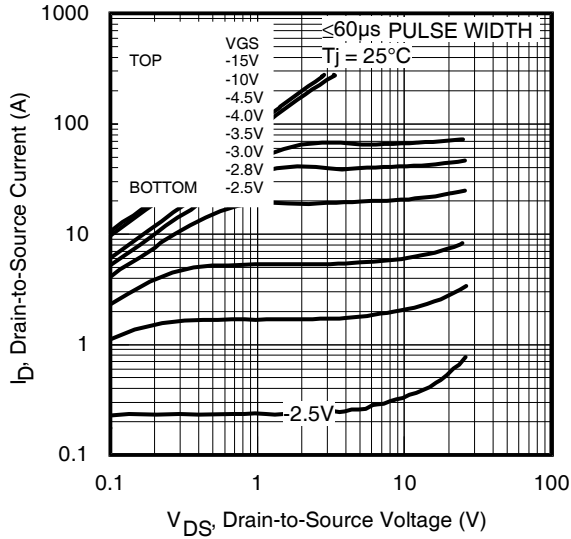


Fig 1. Typical Output Characteristics

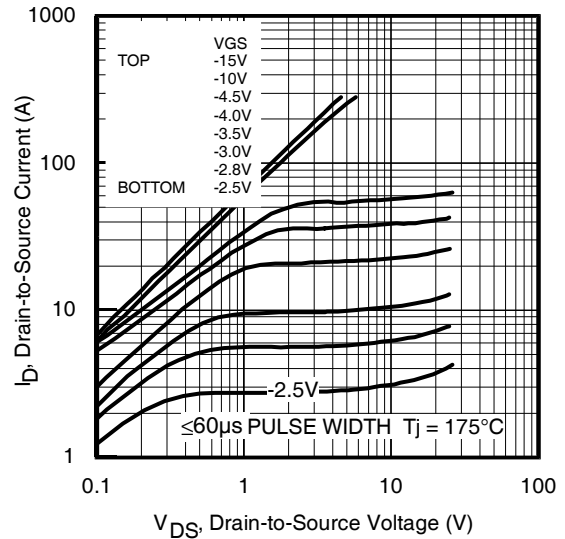


Fig 2. Typical Output Characteristics

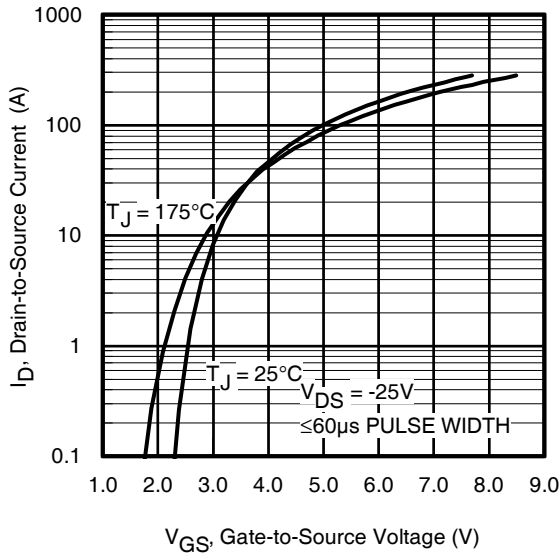


Fig 3. Typical Transfer Characteristics

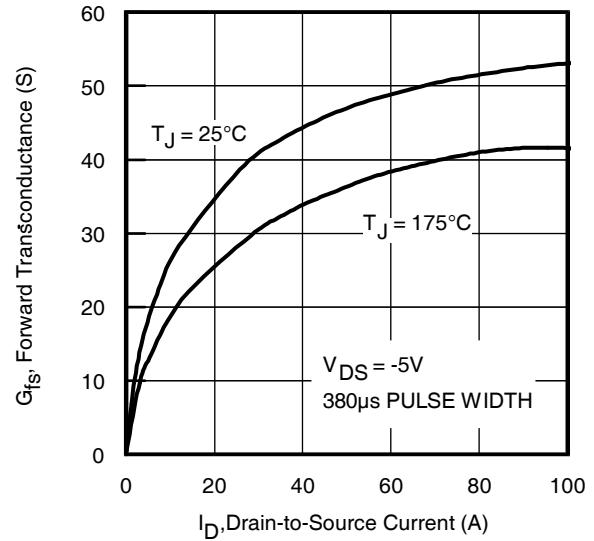


Fig 4. Typical Forward Transconductance Vs. Drain Current

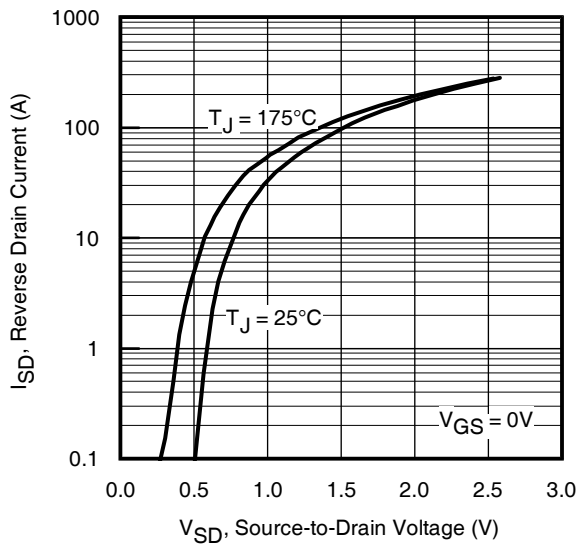


Fig 5. Typical Source-Drain Diode Forward Voltage
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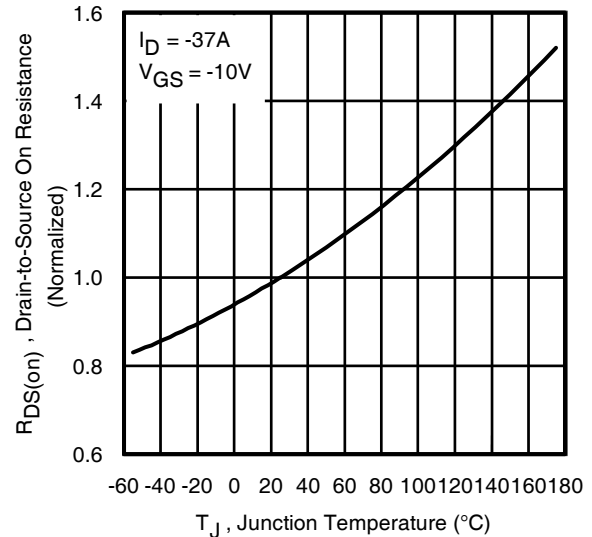


Fig 6. Normalized On-Resistance Vs. Temperature

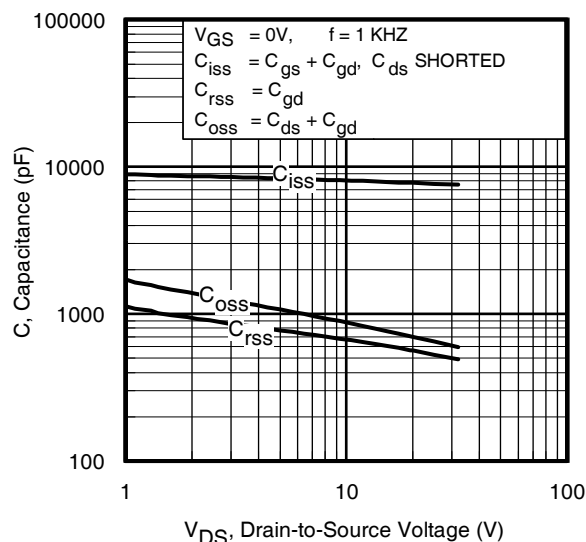


Fig 7. Typical Capacitance Vs. Drain-to-Source Voltage

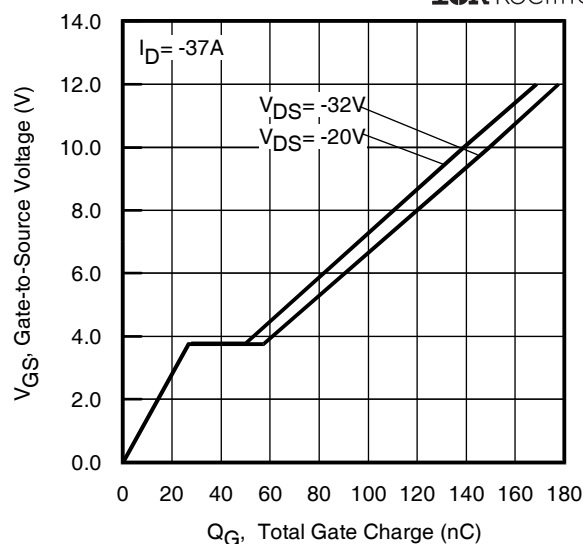


Fig 8. Typical Gate Charge Vs. Gate-to-Source Voltage

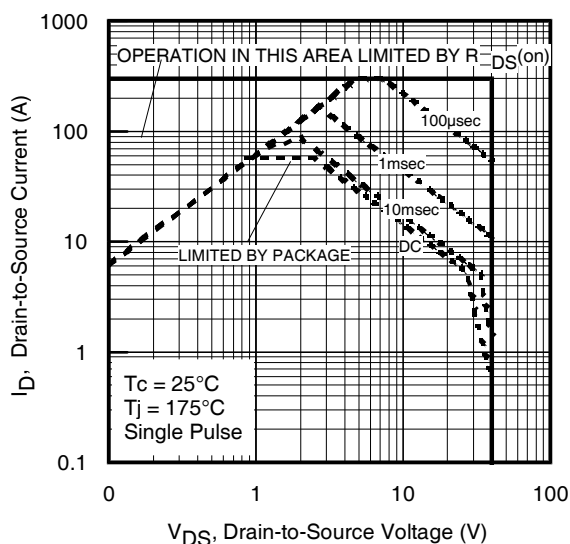


Fig 9. Maximum Safe Operating Area

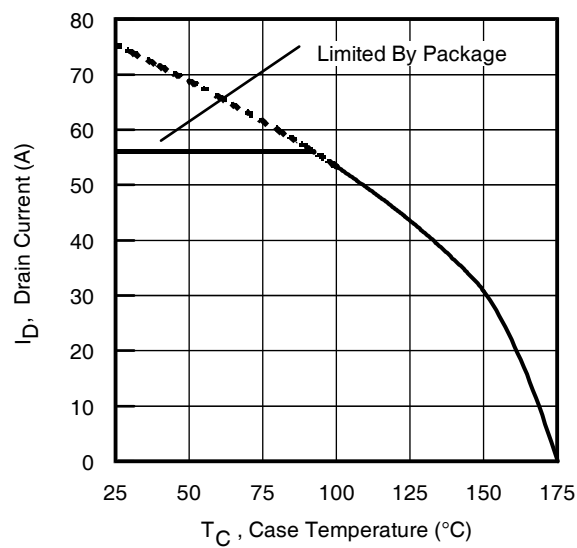


Fig 10. Maximum Drain Current Vs. Case Temperature

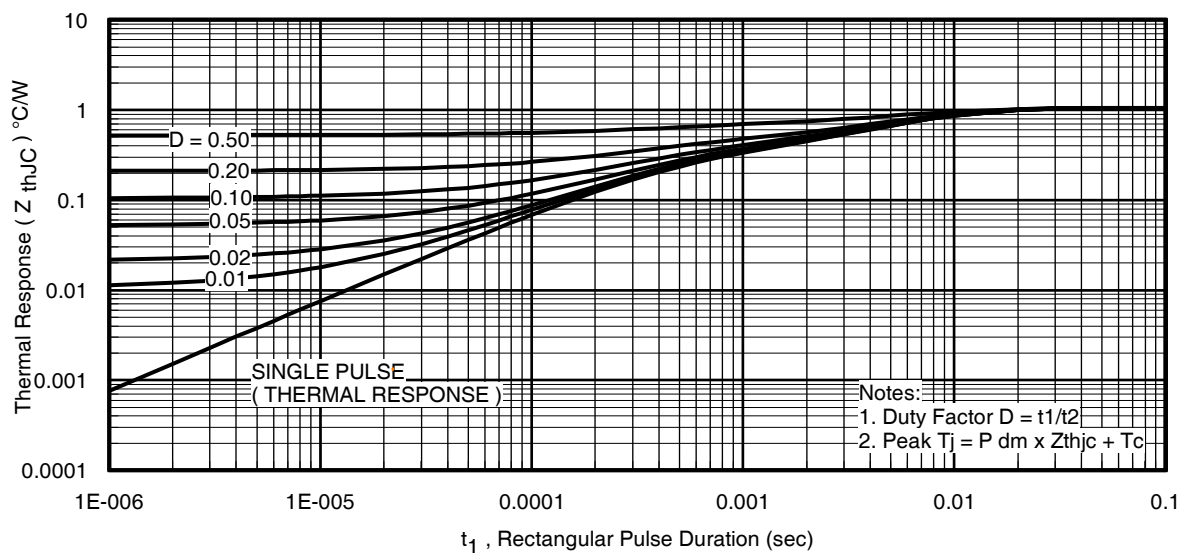


Fig 11. Maximum Effective Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case

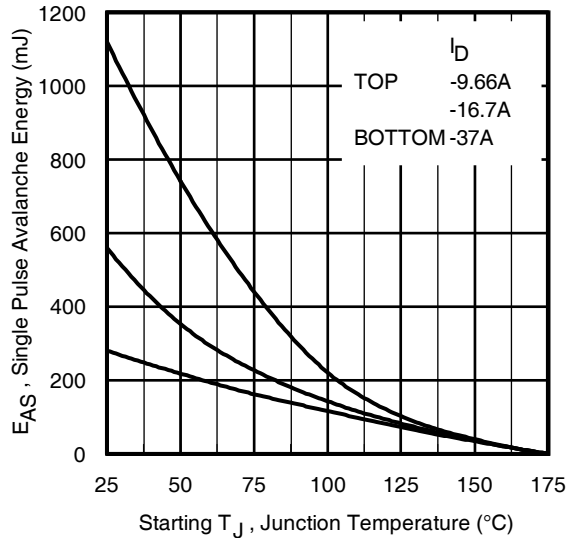


Fig 12. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Drain Current

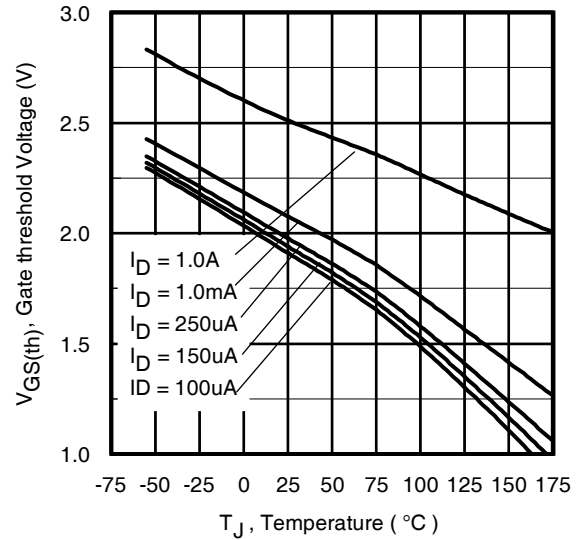


Fig 13. Threshold Voltage Vs. Temperature

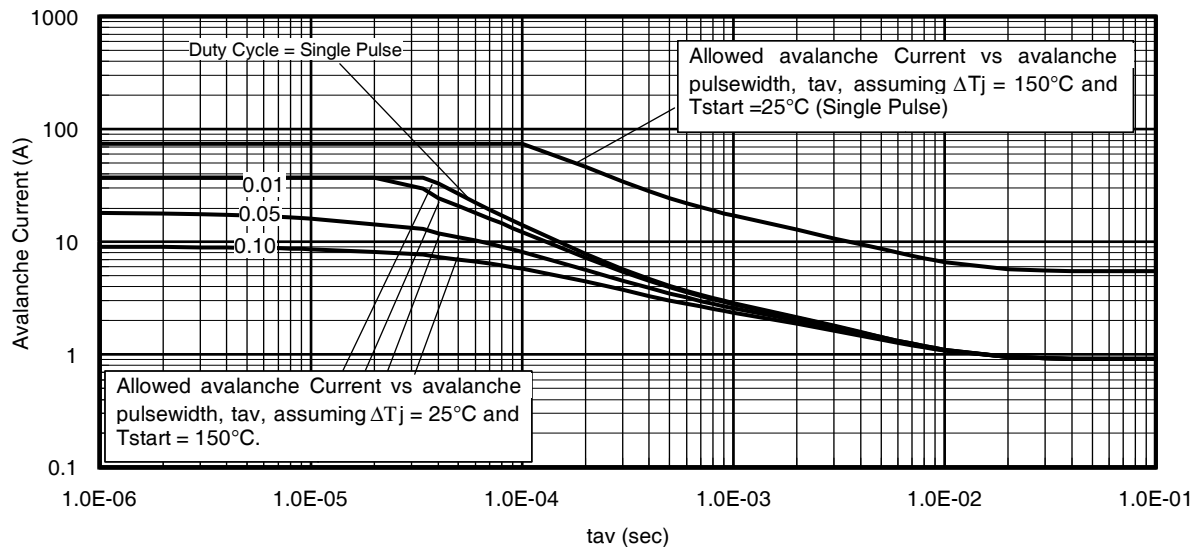


Fig 14. Typical Avalanche Current Vs. Pulsewidth

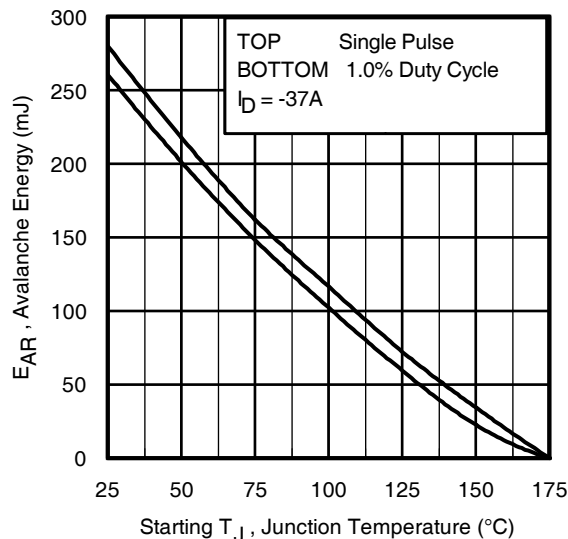


Fig 15. Maximum Avalanche Energy Vs. Temperature

Notes on Repetitive Avalanche Curves , Figures 14, 15:
(For further info, see AN-1005 at www.irf.com)

1. Avalanche failures assumption:
Purely a thermal phenomenon and failure occurs at a temperature far in excess of T_{jmax} . This is validated for every part type.
2. Safe operation in Avalanche is allowed as long as T_{jmax} is not exceeded.
3. Equation below based on circuit and waveforms shown in Figures 17a, 17b.
4. $P_{D(ave)}$ = Average power dissipation per single avalanche pulse.
5. BV = Rated breakdown voltage (1.3 factor accounts for voltage increase during avalanche).
6. I_{av} = Allowable avalanche current.
7. ΔT = Allowable rise in junction temperature, not to exceed T_{jmax} (assumed as 25°C in Figure 14, 15).
 t_{av} = Average time in avalanche.
 D = Duty cycle in avalanche = $t_{av} \cdot f$
 $Z_{thJC}(D, t_{av})$ = Transient thermal resistance, see figure 11)

$$P_{D(ave)} = 1/2 (1.3 \cdot BV \cdot I_{av}) = \Delta T / Z_{thJC}$$

$$I_{av} = 2\Delta T / [1.3 \cdot BV \cdot Z_{th}]$$

$$E_{AS(AR)} = P_{D(ave)} \cdot t_{av}$$

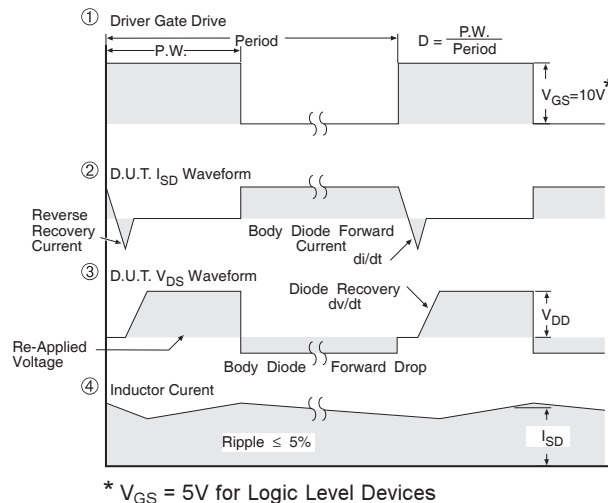
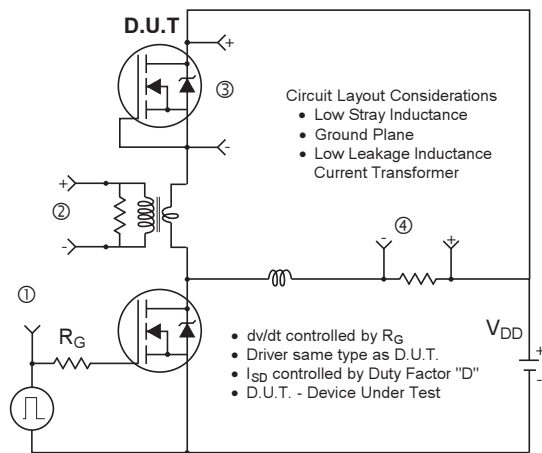


Fig 16. Peak Diode Recovery dv/dt Test Circuit for N-Channel HEXFET® Power MOSFETs

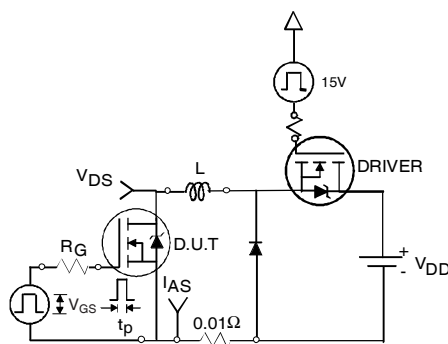


Fig 17a. Unclamped Inductive Test Circuit

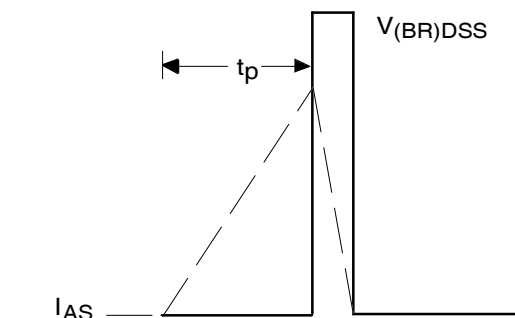


Fig 17b. Unclamped Inductive Waveforms

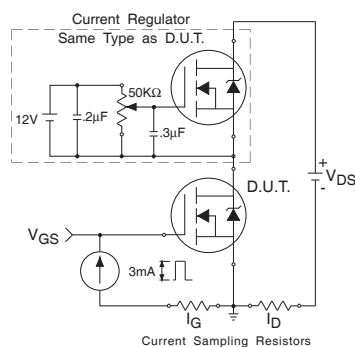


Fig 18a. Gate Charge Test Circuit

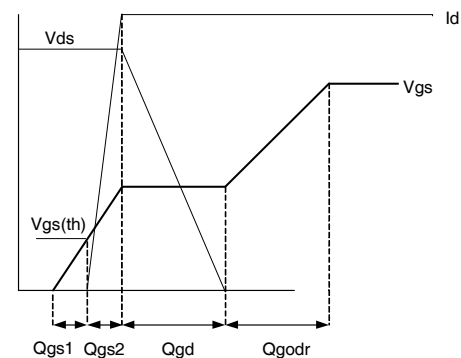


Fig 18b. Gate Charge Waveform

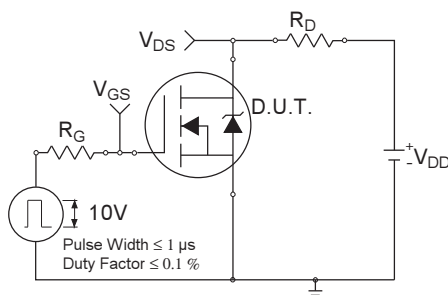


Fig 19a. Switching Time Test Circuit

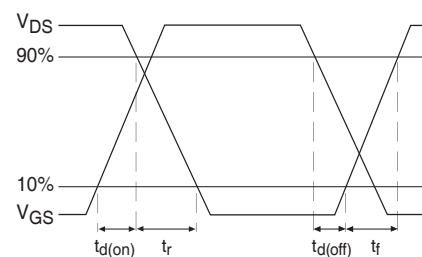


Fig 19b. Switching Time Waveforms

The drawing consists of three main views and two detail insets:

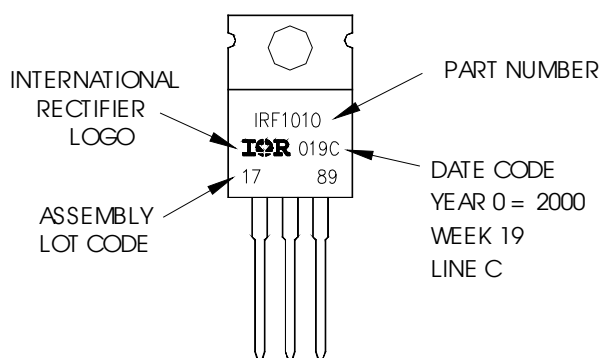
- Top View (Front View):** Shows a rectangular seat cushion with a central circular hole. Dimensions include overall width c , hole diameter $\varnothing 1.014$, and various offsets like $c/2$, D , and $D1$. A section line A-A is indicated.
- Side View:** Shows the profile of the seat cushion. It includes a top flange with a hole of diameter $\varnothing 1.014$ and a central vertical support structure. Section lines A-A and A1-A1 are shown.
- Detail A:** A close-up of the top flange hole, showing a hole of diameter $\varnothing 1.014$ and a hole of diameter $\varnothing 1.014$ in the flange.
- Detail B:** A close-up of the central vertical support structure, showing a hole of diameter $\varnothing 1.014$ and a hole of diameter $\varnothing 1.014$ in the support.
- Lead Tip:** A detail of the lead tip, showing a rectangular base with a central hole and a lead tip.
- Bottom View:** Shows the underside of the seat cushion. It includes a central circular hole and three vertical support structures. Dimensions include overall width (E) , hole diameter $\varnothing 1.014$, and offsets like $(H1)$, $D2$, and $E1$.

- NOTES:
- 1.- DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING AS PER ASME Y14.5 M- 1994.
 - 2.- DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES [MILLIMETERS].
 - 3.- LEAD DIMENSION AND FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
 - 4.- DIMENSION D, D1 & E2 DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
 - 5.- DIMENSION b1, b3 & c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
 - 6.- CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCHES.
 - 7.- THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS E1,H1,D2 & E1
 - 8.- DIMENSION E2 X H1 DEFINE A ZONE WHERE STAMPING AND SINGULATION IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.
 - 9.- OUTLINE CONFORMS TO JEDEC TO-220, EXCEPT A2 (max.) AND D2 (min.) WHERE DIMENSIONS ARE DERIVED FROM THE ACTUAL PACKAGE OUTLINE.

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	3.56	4.83	.140	.190	
A1	0.51	1.40	.020	.055	
A2	2.03	2.92	.080	.115	
b	0.38	1.01	.015	.040	
b1	0.38	0.97	.015	.038	5
b2	1.14	1.78	.045	.070	
b3	1.14	1.73	.045	.068	5
c	0.36	0.61	.014	.024	
c1	0.36	0.56	.014	.022	5
D	14.22	16.51	.560	.650	4
D1	8.38	9.02	.330	.355	
D2	11.68	12.88	.460	.507	7
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	4,7
E1	6.86	8.89	.270	.350	7
E2	—	0.76	—	.030	8
e	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC		
e1	5.08 BSC		.200 BSC		
H1	5.84	6.86	.230	.270	7,8
L	12.70	14.73	.500	.580	
L1	3.56	4.06	.140	.160	3
øP	3.54	4.08	.139	.161	
O	2.54	3.42	.100	.135	

1.- ANODE
2.- CATHODE
3.- ANODE

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead-Free"



Note: For the most current drawing please refer to IR website at <http://www.irf.com/package/>

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
This product has been designed for the Industrial market.
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

IR WORLD HEADQUARTERS: 101N. Sepulveda Blvd, El Segundo, California 90245, USA Tel: (310) 252-7105
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