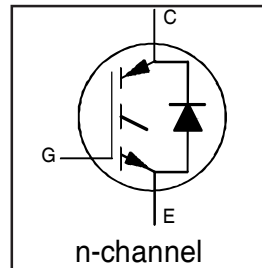


INSULATED GATE BIPOLAR TRANSISTOR WITH
ULTRAFAST SOFT RECOVERY DIODE

IRGB10B60KDPbF
IRGS10B60KDPbF
IRGSL10B60KDPbF

Features

- Low VCE (on) Non Punch Through IGBT Technology.
- Low Diode VF.
- 10µs Short Circuit Capability.
- Square RBSOA.
- Ultrasoft Diode Reverse Recovery Characteristics.
- Positive VCE (on) Temperature Coefficient.
- Lead-Free



$$V_{CES} = 600V$$

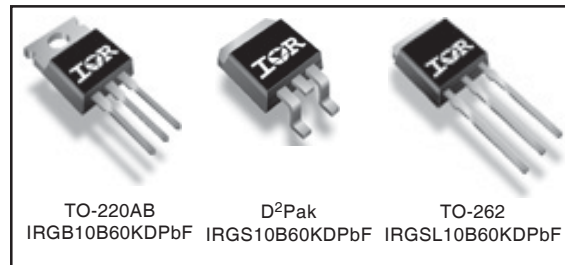
$$I_C = 19A, T_C = 100^\circ C$$

$$t_{sc} > 10\mu s, T_J = 150^\circ C$$

$$V_{CE(on)} \text{ typ.} = 1.8V$$

Benefits

- Benchmark Efficiency for Motor Control.
- Rugged Transient Performance.
- Low EMI.
- Excellent Current Sharing in Parallel Operation.



Absolute Maximum Ratings

	Parameter	Max.	Units
V_{CES}	Collector-to-Emitter Voltage	600	V
$I_C @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	35	A
$I_C @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Continuous Collector Current	19	
I_{CM}	Pulsed Collector Current	44	
I_{LM}	Clamped Inductive Load Current ④	44	
$I_F @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	35	
$I_F @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Diode Continuous Forward Current	19	A
I_{FM}	Diode Maximum Forward Current	44	
V_{GE}	Gate-to-Emitter Voltage	± 20	V
$P_D @ T_C = 25^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	156	W
$P_D @ T_C = 100^\circ C$	Maximum Power Dissipation	62	
T_J	Operating Junction and	-55 to +150	$^\circ C$
T_{STG}	Storage Temperature Range		
	Soldering Temperature, for 10 sec.	300 (0.063 in. (1.6mm) from case)	

Thermal Resistance

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - IGBT	—	—	0.8	$^\circ C/W$
$R_{\theta JC}$	Junction-to-Case - Diode	—	—	3.4	
$R_{\theta CS}$	Case-to-Sink, flat, greased surface	—	0.50	—	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient, typical socket mount①	—	—	62	
$R_{\theta JA}$	Junction-to-Ambient (PCB Mount, steady state)②	—	—	40	
Wt	Weight	—	1.44	—	g

Electrical Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref.Fig.
$V_{(BR)CES}$	Collector-to-Emitter Breakdown Voltage	600	—	—	V	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 500\mu A$	
$\Delta V_{(BR)CES}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Breakdown Voltage	—	0.3	—	V/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{GE} = 0V, I_C = 1.0mA, (25^\circ\text{C}-150^\circ\text{C})$	
$V_{CE(on)}$	Collector-to-Emitter Saturation Voltage	1.5	1.80	2.20	V	$I_C = 10A, V_{GE} = 15V$	5, 6,7
		—	2.20	2.50		$I_C = 10A, V_{GE} = 15V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	9,10,11
$V_{GE(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	3.5	4.5	5.5	V	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 250\mu A$	9,10,11
$\Delta V_{GE(th)}/\Delta T_J$	Temperature Coeff. of Threshold Voltage	—	-10	—	mV/ $^\circ\text{C}$	$V_{CE} = V_{GE}, I_C = 1.0mA, (25^\circ\text{C}-150^\circ\text{C})$	12
g_{fe}	Forward Transconductance	—	7.0	—	S	$V_{CE} = 50V, I_C = 10A, PW=80\mu s$	
I_{CES}	Zero Gate Voltage Collector Current	—	3.0	150	μA	$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V$	
		—	300	700		$V_{GE} = 0V, V_{CE} = 600V, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	
V_{FM}	Diode Forward Voltage Drop	—	1.30	1.45	V	$I_C = 10A$	8
		—	1.30	1.45		$I_C = 10A, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	
I_{GES}	Gate-to-Emitter Leakage Current	—	—	± 100	nA	$V_{GE} = \pm 20V$	

Switching Characteristics @ $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ (unless otherwise specified)

	Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units	Conditions	Ref.Fig.
Q_g	Total Gate Charge (turn-on)	—	38	—	nC	$I_C = 10A$	CT1
Q_{ge}	Gate - Emitter Charge (turn-on)	—	4.3	—		$V_{CC} = 400V$	
Q_{gc}	Gate - Collector Charge (turn-on)	—	16.3	—		$V_{GE} = 15V$	
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	140	247	μJ	$I_C = 10A, V_{CC} = 400V$	CT4
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	250	360		$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 47\Omega, L = 200\mu H$	
E_{tot}	Total Switching Loss	—	390	607		$L_s = 150nH, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$ ③	
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	30	39	ns	$I_C = 10A, V_{CC} = 400V$	CT4
t_r	Rise Time	—	20	29		$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 47\Omega, L = 200\mu H$	
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	230	262		$L_s = 150nH, T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$	
t_f	Fall Time	—	23	32			
E_{on}	Turn-On Switching Loss	—	230	340	μJ	$I_C = 10A, V_{CC} = 400V$	CT4 13,15
E_{off}	Turn-Off Switching Loss	—	350	464		$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 47\Omega, L = 200\mu H$	
E_{tot}	Total Switching Loss	—	580	804		$L_s = 150nH, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$ ③	
$t_{d(on)}$	Turn-On Delay Time	—	30	39	ns	$I_C = 10A, V_{CC} = 400V$	14, 16 CT4 WF1 WF2
t_r	Rise Time	—	20	28		$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 47\Omega, L = 200\mu H$	
$t_{d(off)}$	Turn-Off Delay Time	—	250	274		$L_s = 150nH, T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	
t_f	Fall Time	—	26	34			
C_{ies}	Input Capacitance	—	620	—	pF	$V_{GE} = 0V$	
C_{oes}	Output Capacitance	—	62	—		$V_{CC} = 30V$	
C_{res}	Reverse Transfer Capacitance	—	22	—		$f = 1.0MHz$	
RBSOA	Reverse Bias Safe Operating Area	FULL SQUARE				$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, I_C = 44A, V_p = 600V$ $V_{CC} = 500V, V_{GE} = +15V \text{ to } 0V, R_G = 47\Omega$	4 CT2
SCSOA	Short Circuit Safe Operating Area	10	—	—	μs	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}, V_p = 600V, R_G = 47\Omega$ $V_{CC} = 360V, V_{GE} = +15V \text{ to } 0V$	CT3 WF4
E_{rec}	Reverse Recovery energy of the diode	—	245	330	μJ	$T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$	17,18,19
t_{rr}	Diode Reverse Recovery time	—	90	105	ns	$V_{CC} = 400V, I_F = 10A, L = 200\mu H$	20, 21
I_{rr}	Diode Peak Reverse Recovery Current	—	19	22	A	$V_{GE} = 15V, R_G = 47\Omega, L_s = 150nH$	CT4,WF3

Note ① to ④ are on page 15

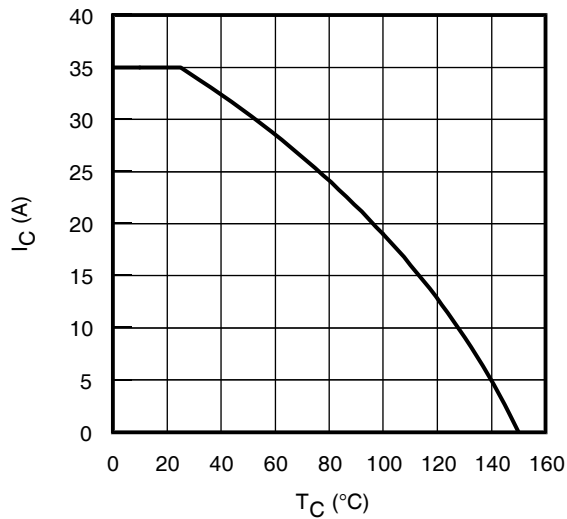


Fig. 1 - Maximum DC Collector Current vs. Case Temperature

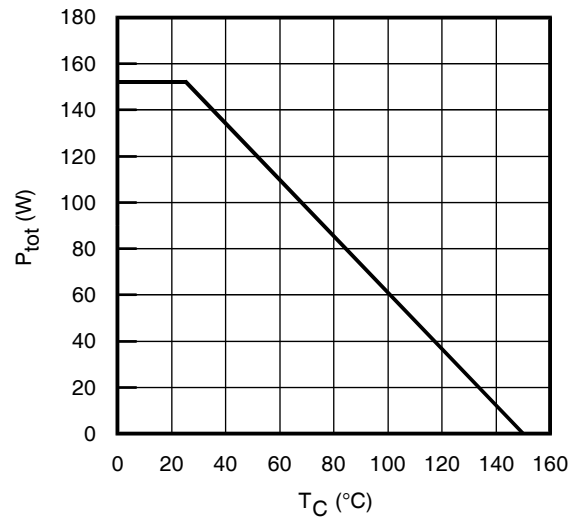


Fig. 2 - Power Dissipation vs. Case Temperature

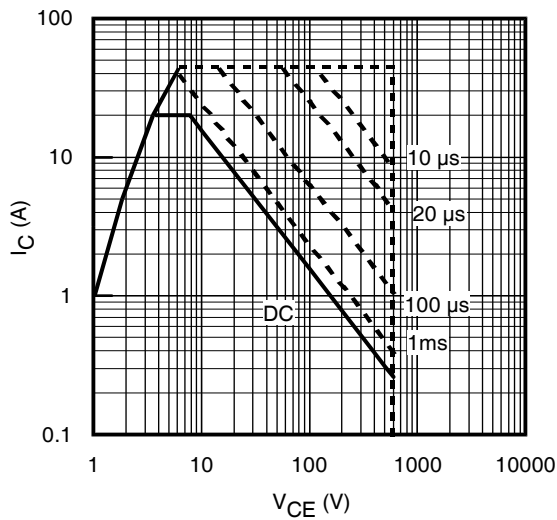


Fig. 3 - Forward SOA
 $T_C = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$; $T_J \leq 150^{\circ}\text{C}$

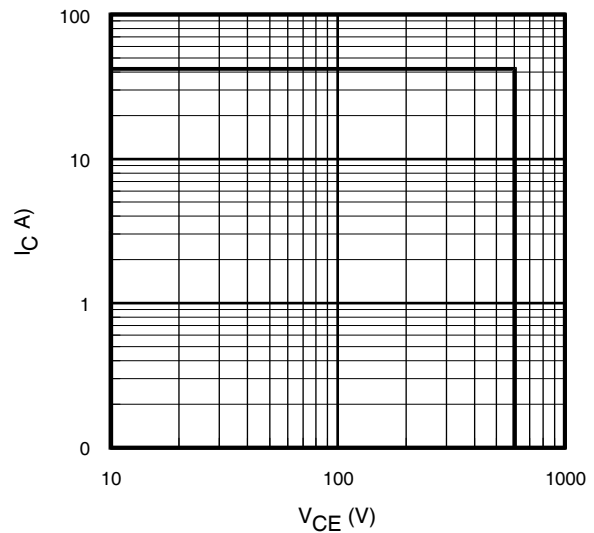


Fig. 4 - Reverse Bias SOA
 $T_J = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$; $V_{GE} = 15\text{V}$

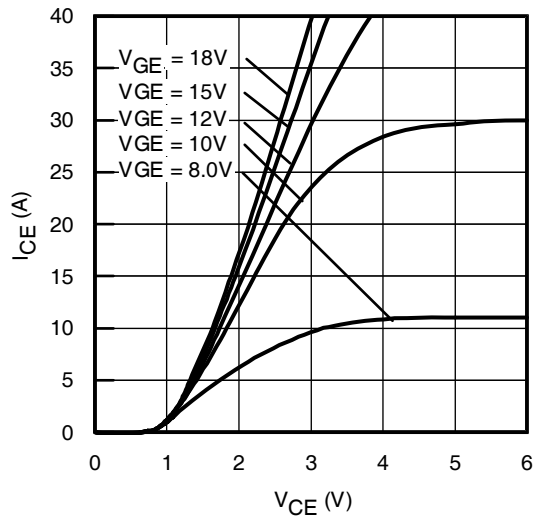


Fig. 5 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
T_J = -40°C; t_p = 80μs

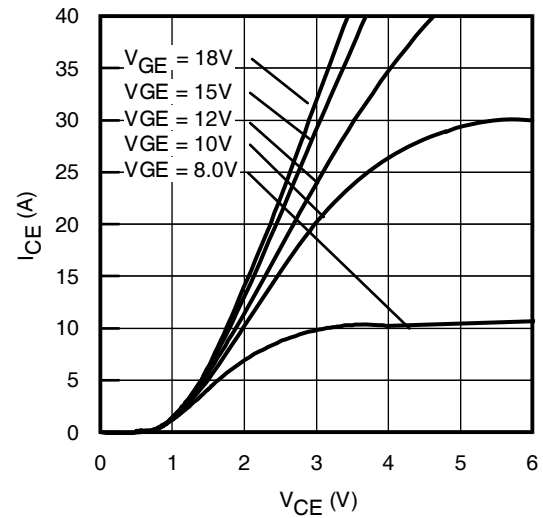


Fig. 6 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
T_J = 25°C; t_p = 80μs

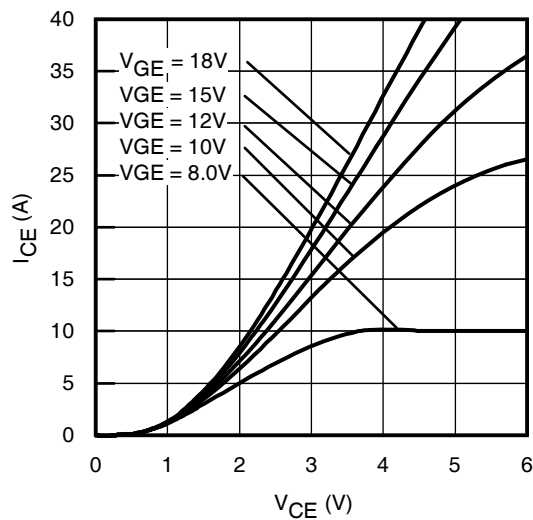


Fig. 7 - Typ. IGBT Output Characteristics
T_J = 150°C; t_p = 80μs

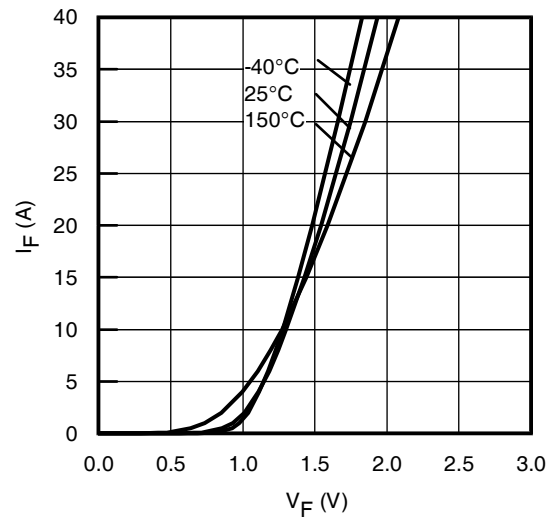


Fig. 8 - Typ. Diode Forward Characteristics
t_p = 80μs

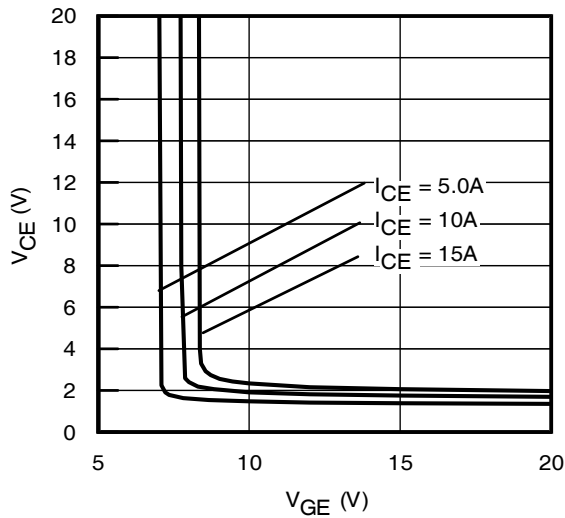


Fig. 9 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = -40^\circ\text{C}$

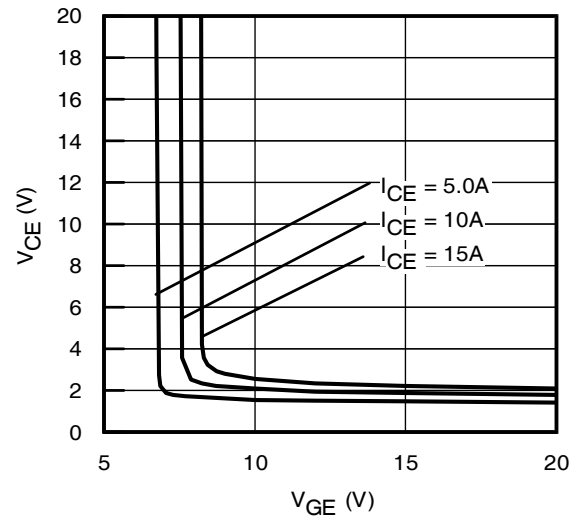


Fig. 10 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 25^\circ\text{C}$

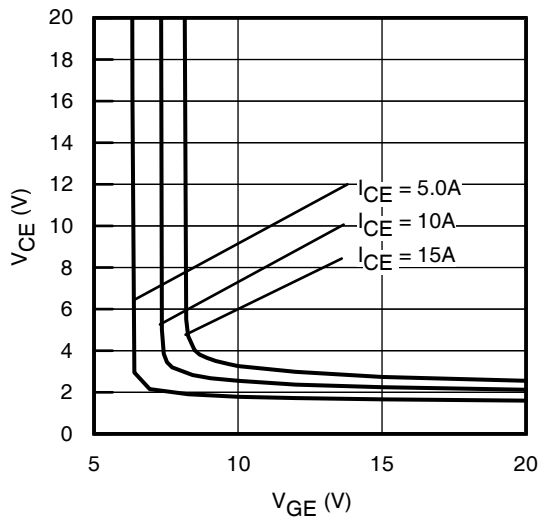


Fig. 11 - Typical V_{CE} vs. V_{GE}
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

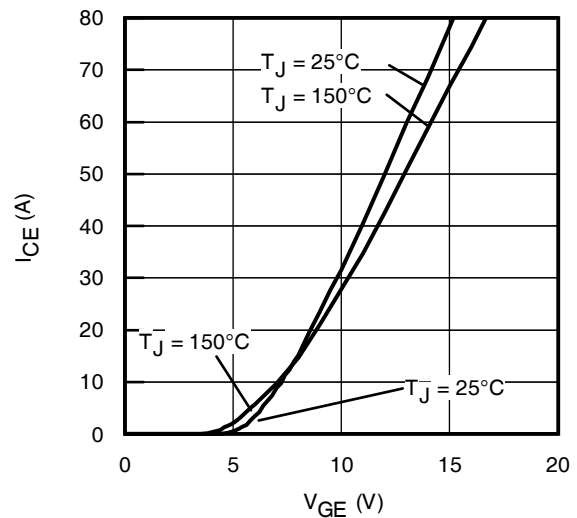


Fig. 12 - Typ. Transfer Characteristics
 $V_{CE} = 50\text{V}$; $t_p = 10\mu\text{s}$

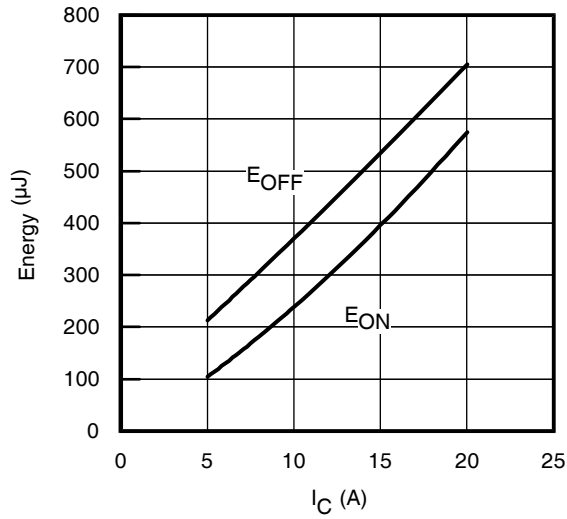


Fig. 13 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. I_C
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$; $L=200\mu\text{H}$; $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$
 $R_G=47\Omega$; $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$

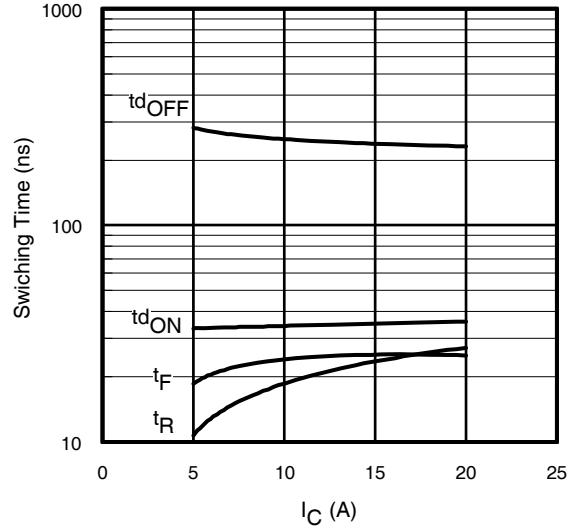


Fig. 14 - Typ. Switching Time vs. I_C
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$; $L=200\mu\text{H}$; $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$
 $R_G=47\Omega$; $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$

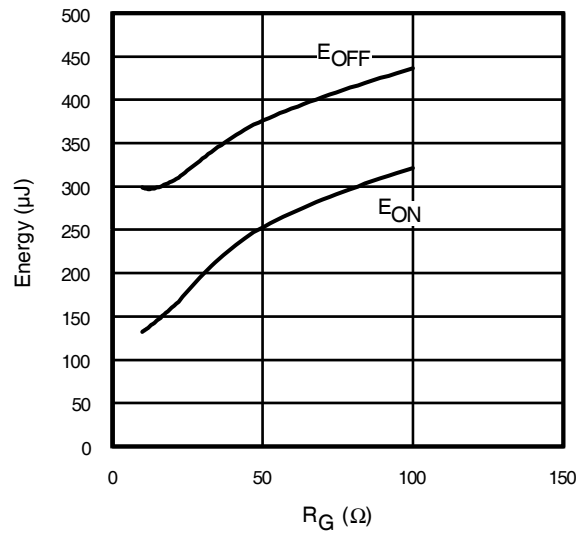


Fig. 15 - Typ. Energy Loss vs. R_G
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$; $L=200\mu\text{H}$; $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$
 $I_{CE}=10\text{A}$; $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$

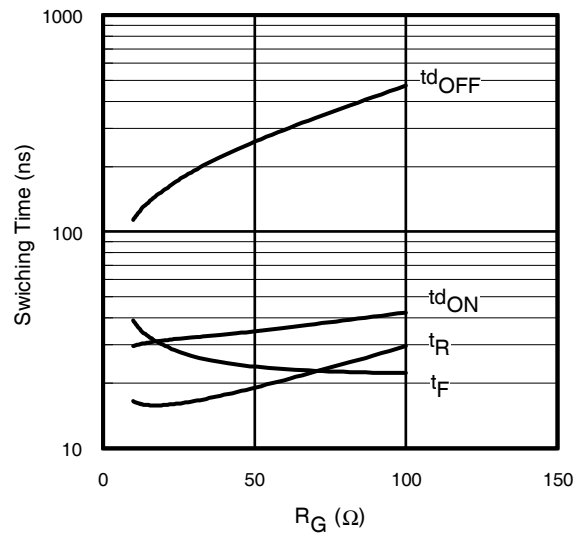


Fig. 16 - Typ. Switching Time vs. R_G
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$; $L=200\mu\text{H}$; $V_{CE}=400\text{V}$
 $I_{CE}=10\text{A}$; $V_{GE}=15\text{V}$

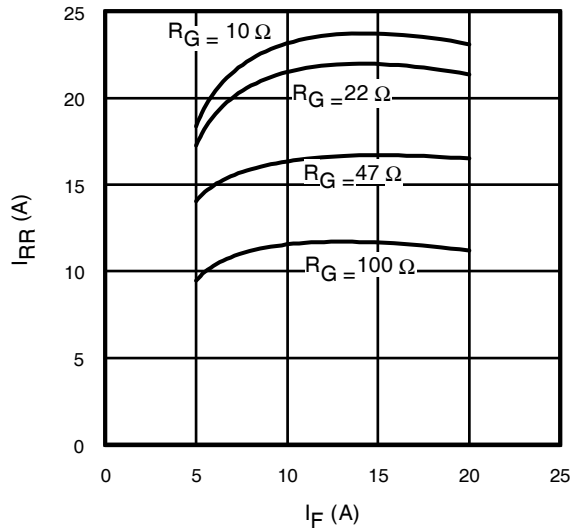


Fig. 17 - Typical Diode I_{RR} vs. I_F
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

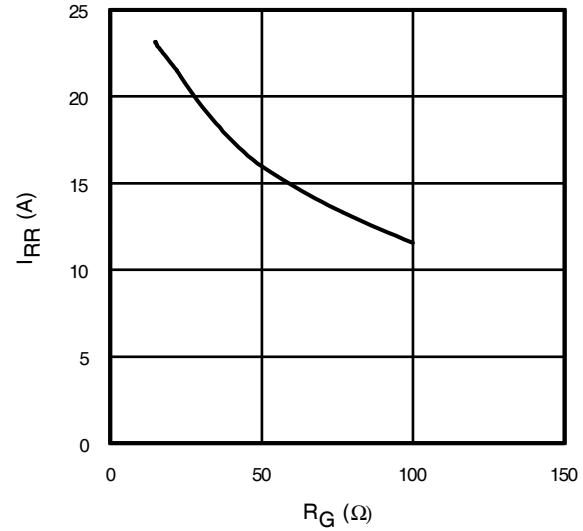


Fig. 18 - Typical Diode I_{RR} vs. R_G
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}; I_F = 10\text{A}$

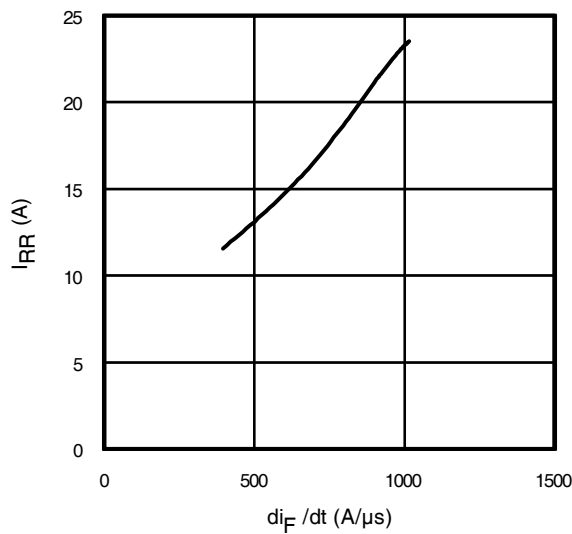


Fig. 19 - Typical Diode I_{RR} vs. di_F/dt
 $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}; V_{GE} = 15\text{V};$
 $I_{CE} = 10\text{A}; T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

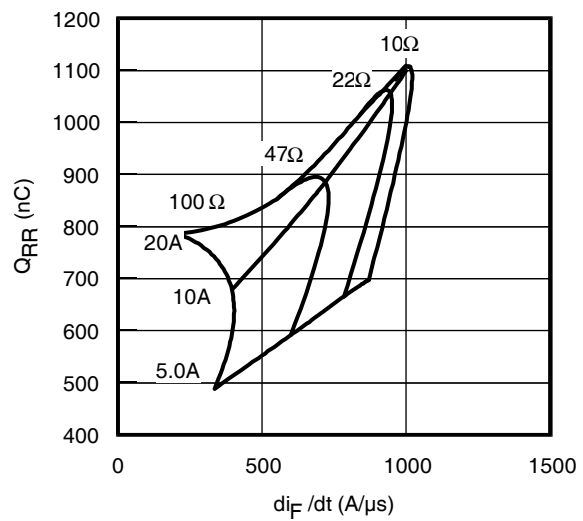


Fig. 20 - Typical Diode Q_{RR}
 $V_{CC} = 400\text{V}; V_{GE} = 15\text{V}; T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

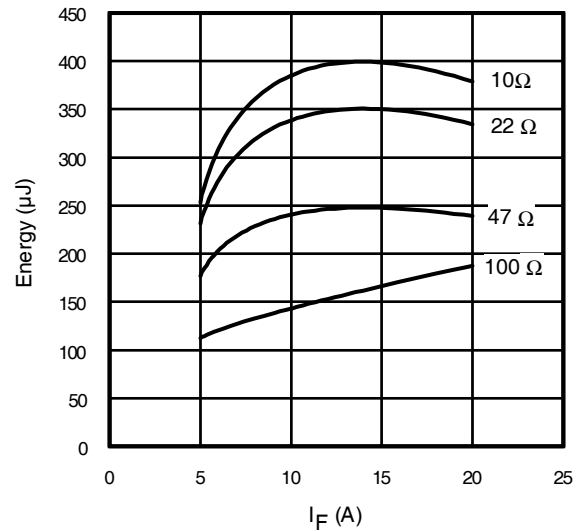


Fig. 21 - Typical Diode E_{RR} vs. I_F
 $T_J = 150^\circ\text{C}$

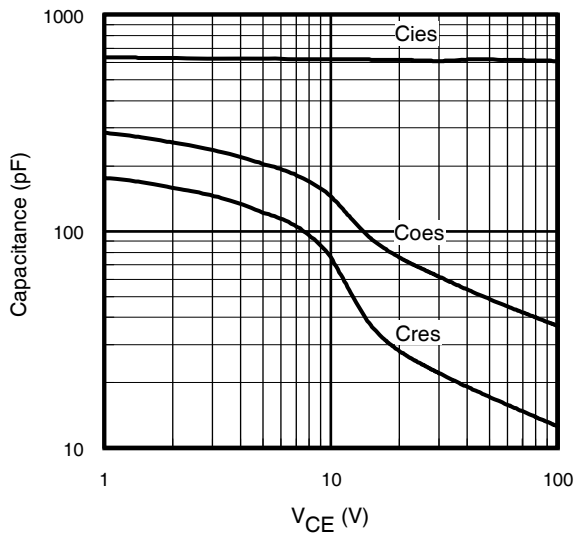


Fig. 22- Typ. Capacitance vs. V_{CE}
 $V_{GE} = 0\text{V}$; $f = 1\text{MHz}$

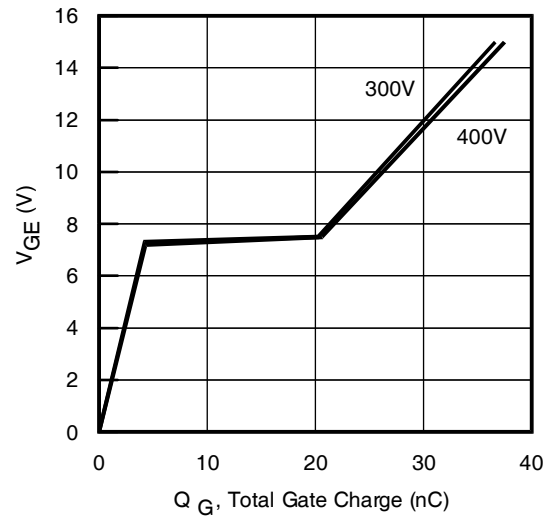


Fig. 23 - Typical Gate Charge vs. V_{GE}
 $I_{CE} = 10\text{A}$; $L = 600\mu\text{H}$

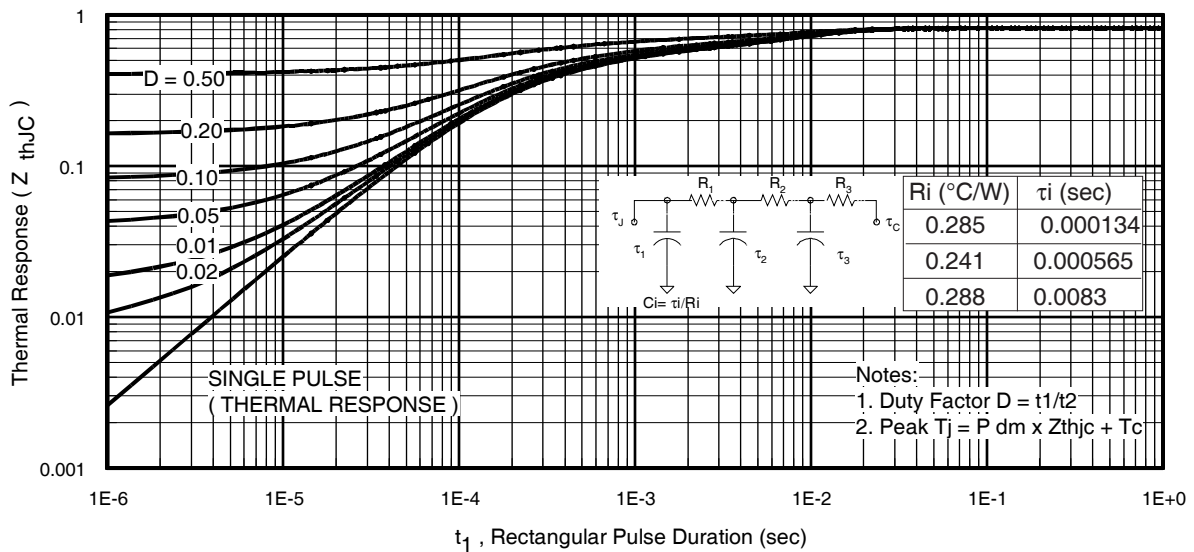


Fig 24. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (IGBT)

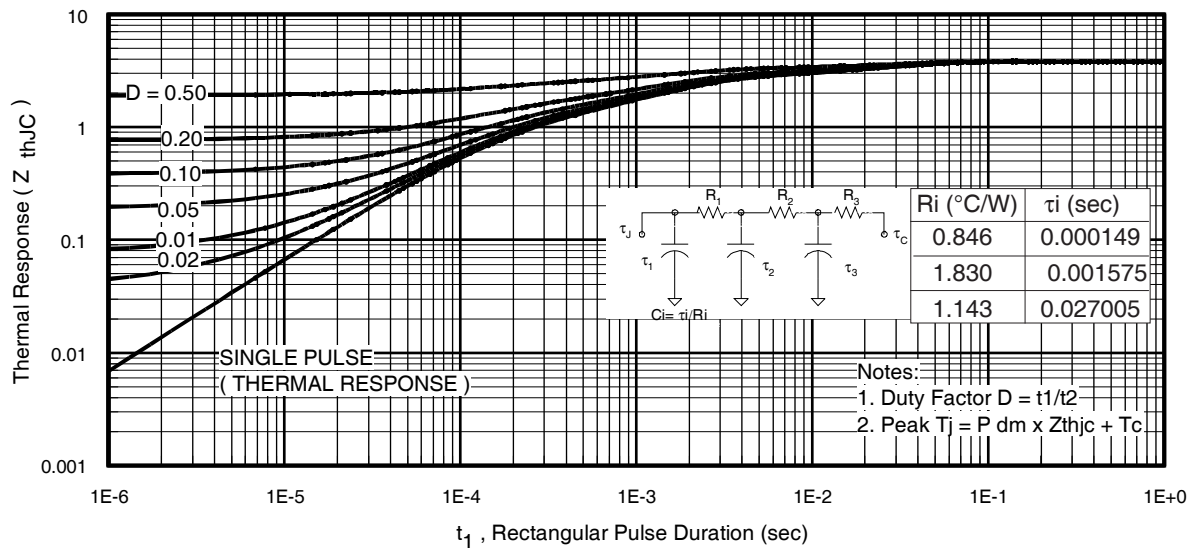


Fig 25. Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance, Junction-to-Case (DIODE)

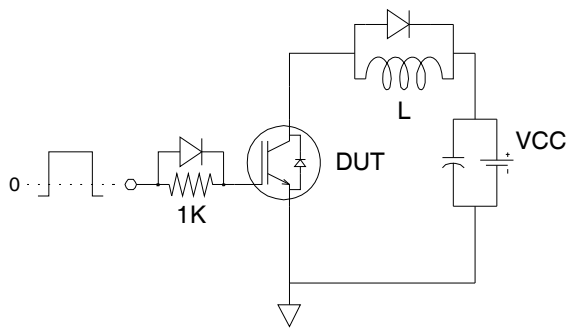


Fig.C.T.1 - Gate Charge Circuit (turn-off)

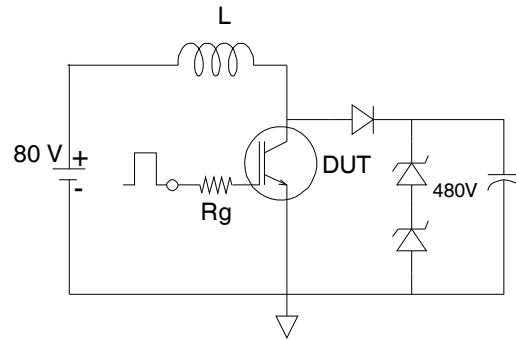


Fig.C.T.2 - RBSOA Circuit

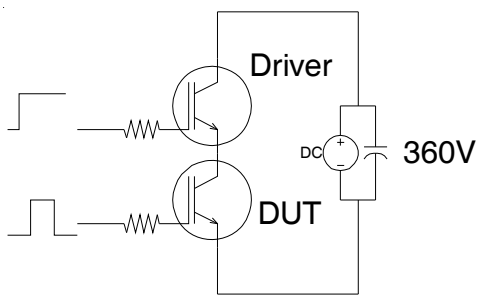


Fig.C.T.3 - S.C.SOA Circuit

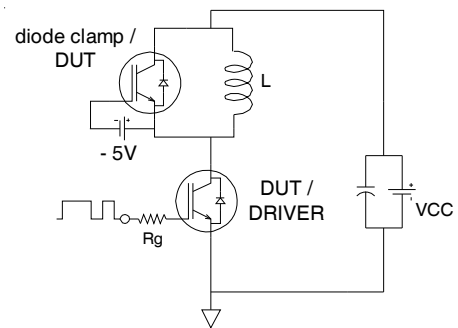


Fig.C.T.4 - Switching Loss Circuit

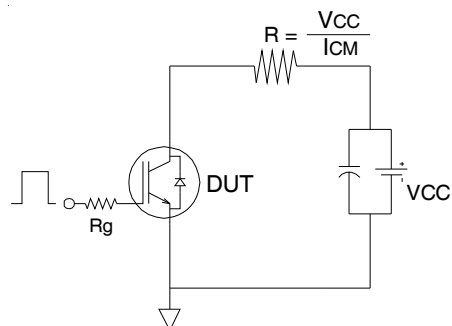


Fig.C.T.5 - Resistive Load Circuit

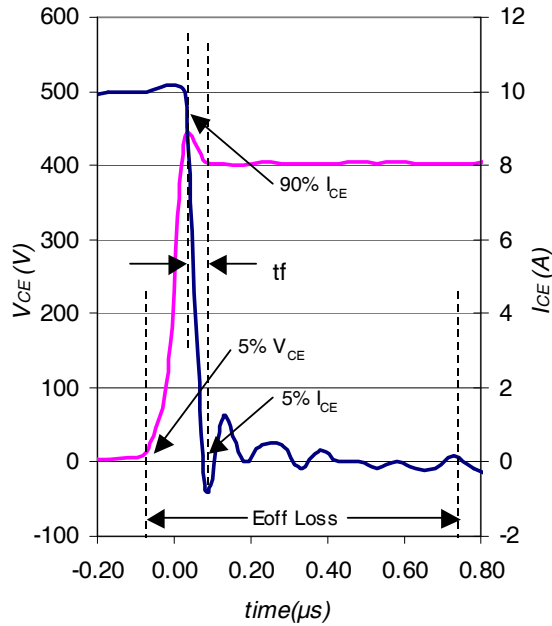


Fig. WF1- Typ. Turn-off Loss Waveform
@ $T_J = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.4

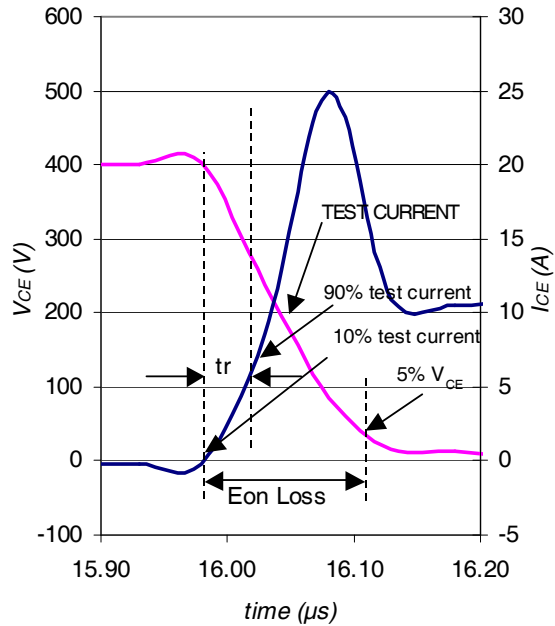


Fig. WF2- Typ. Turn-on Loss Waveform
@ $T_J = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.4

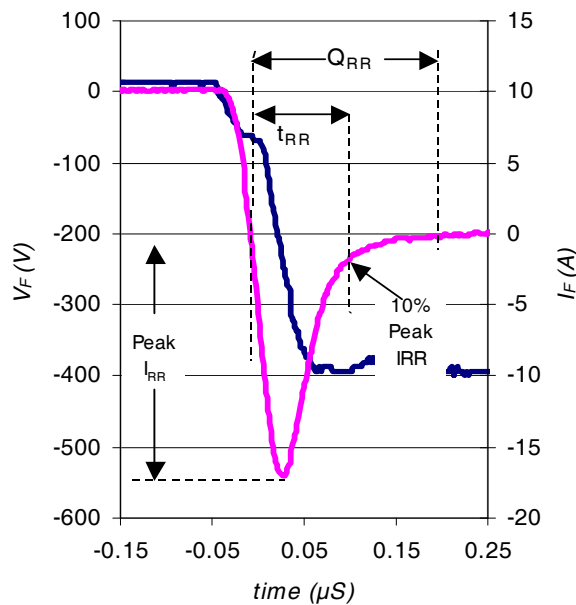


Fig. WF3- Typ. Diode Recovery Waveform
@ $T_J = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.4

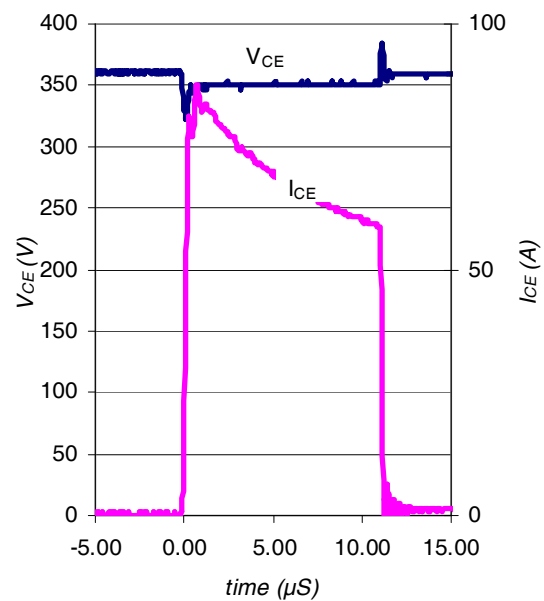


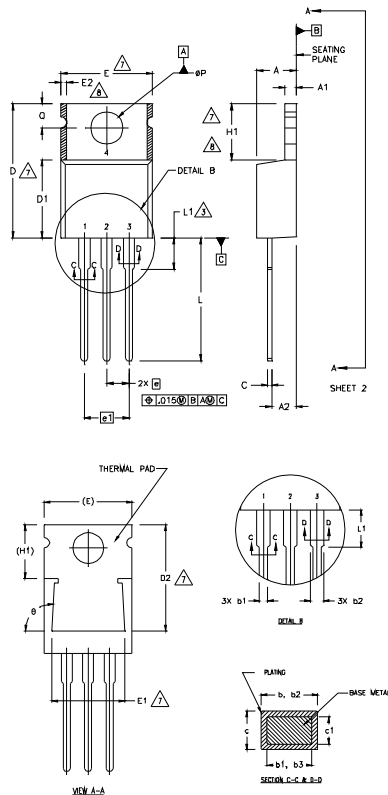
Fig. WF4- Typ. S.C Waveform
@ $T_J = 150^{\circ}\text{C}$ using Fig. CT.3

IRG/B/S/SL10B60KDPbF

International
IR Rectifier

TO-220AB Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5 M- 1994.
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN INCHES (MILLIMETERS).
3. LEAD DIMENSION AND FINISH UNCONTROLLED IN L1.
4. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED .005" (0.127) PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTERMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
5. DIMENSION b1 & c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
6. CONTROLLING DIMENSION : INCHES.
7. THERMAL PAD CONTOUR OPTIONAL WITHIN DIMENSIONS E, H1, D2 & E1
8. DIMENSION E2 X H1 DEFINE A ZONE WHERE STAMPING AND SINGULATION IRREGULARITIES ARE ALLOWED.

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXMET

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE

IGBTs, COPACK

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER

DIODES

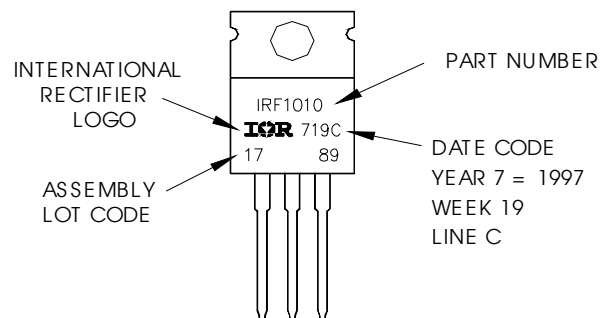
- 1.- ANODE/OPEN
- 2.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	3.56	4.82	.140	.190	5
A1	0.51	1.40	.020	.055	
A2	2.04	2.92	.080	.115	
b	0.38	1.01	.015	.040	
b1	0.38	0.96	.015	.038	
b2	1.15	1.77	.045	.070	5
b3	1.15	1.73	.045	.068	
c	0.36	0.61	.014	.024	
c1	0.36	0.56	.014	.022	
D	14.22	16.51	.560	.650	
D1	8.38	9.02	.330	.355	
D2	12.19	12.88	.480	.507	7
E	9.66	10.66	.380	.420	4,7
E1	8.38	8.89	.330	.350	7
e	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC		7,8
e1	5.08		.200 BSC		
H1	5.85	6.55	.230	.270	
L	12.70	14.73	.500	.580	
L1	-	6.35	-	.250	
ØP	3.54	4.08	.139	.161	3
Q	2.54	3.42	.100	.135	
ø	90°-93°		90°-93°		

TO-220AB Part Marking Information

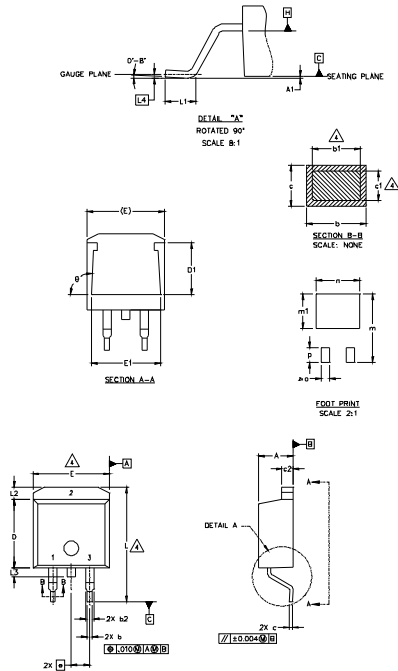
EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF1010
LOT CODE 1789
ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 1997
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "C"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead-Free"



D²Pak Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



SYM BOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	4.06	4.83	.160	.190	4
A1		0.127		.005	
b	0.51	0.99	.020	.039	
b1	0.51	0.89	.020	.035	
b2	1.14	1.40	.045	.055	4
c	0.43	0.63	.017	.025	
c1	0.38	0.74	.015	.029	
c2	1.14	1.40	.045	.055	
D	8.51	9.65	.335	.380	3
D1	5.33		.210		3
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	
E1	6.22		.245		
e	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC		
L	14.61	15.88	.575	.625	
L1	1.78	2.79	.070	.110	
L2		1.65		.065	
L3	1.27	1.78	.050	.070	
L4	0.25 BSC		.010 BSC		
m	17.78		.700		
m1	8.89		.350		
n	11.43		.450		
o	2.08		.082		
p	3.81		.150		
θ	90°	93°	90°	93°	



LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

IGBTs, CoPACK

DIODES

HEXFEET

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- DRAIN
- 3.- SOURCE

- 1.- GATE
- 2.- COLLECTOR
- 3.- EMITTER

- 1.- ANODE *
- 2.- CATHODE
- 3.- ANODE

* PART DEPENDENT.

NOTES:

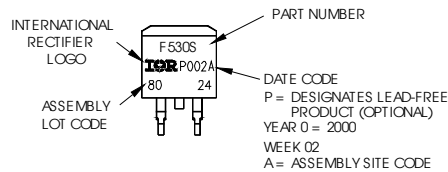
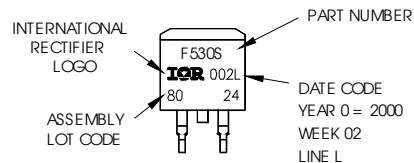
1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES].
3. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.127 [0.005"] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
4. DIMENSION b1 AND c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
5. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

D²Pak Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRF530S WITH
LOT CODE 8024
ASSEMBLED ON WW 02, 2000
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "L"

Note: "P" in assembly line
position indicates "Lead-Free"

OR

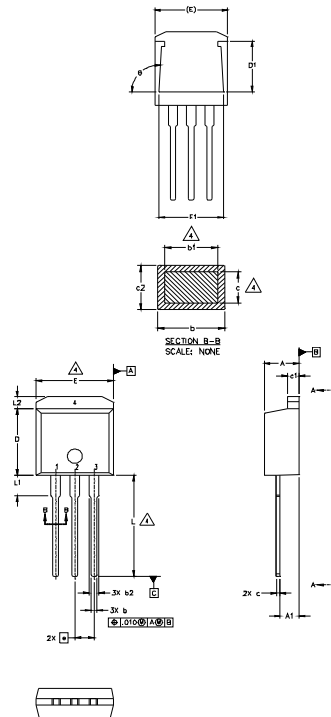


IRG/B/S/SL10B60KDPbF

International
IR Rectifier

TO-262 Package Outline

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



SYMBOL	DIMENSIONS				NOTES
	MILLIMETERS		INCHES		
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.	
A	4.06	4.83	.160	.190	4
A1	2.03	2.92	.080	.115	
b	0.51	0.99	.020	.039	
b1	0.51	0.89	.020	.035	
b2	1.14	1.40	.045	.055	4
c	0.38	0.63	.015	.025	
c1	1.14	1.40	.045	.055	
c2	0.43	.063	.017	.029	
D	8.51	9.65	.335	.380	3
D1	5.33		.210		
E	9.65	10.67	.380	.420	
E1	6.22		.245		
e	2.54 BSC		.100 BSC		3
L	13.46	14.09	.530	.555	
L1	3.56	3.71	.140	.146	
L2		1.65		.065	

LEAD ASSIGNMENTS

HEXFET

- 1. - GATE
- 2. - DRAIN
- 3. - SOURCE
- 4. - DRAIN

IGBT

- 1 - GATE
- 2 - COLLECTOR
- 3 - EMITTER

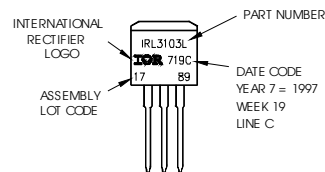
NOTES

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ASME Y14.5M-1994
2. DIMENSIONS ARE SHOWN IN MILLIMETERS [INCHES]
3. DIMENSION D & E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.127 [0.005"] PER SIDE. THESE DIMENSIONS ARE MEASURED AT THE OUTMOST EXTREMES OF THE PLASTIC BODY.
4. DIMENSION b1 AND c1 APPLY TO BASE METAL ONLY.
5. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.

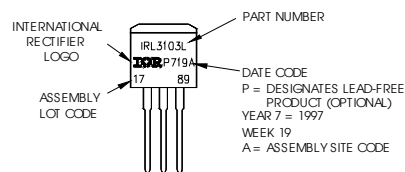
TO-262 Part Marking Information

EXAMPLE: THIS IS AN IRL3103L
LOT CODE 1789
ASSEMBLED ON WW 19, 1997
IN THE ASSEMBLY LINE "C"

Note: "P" in assembly line position indicates "Lead-Free"

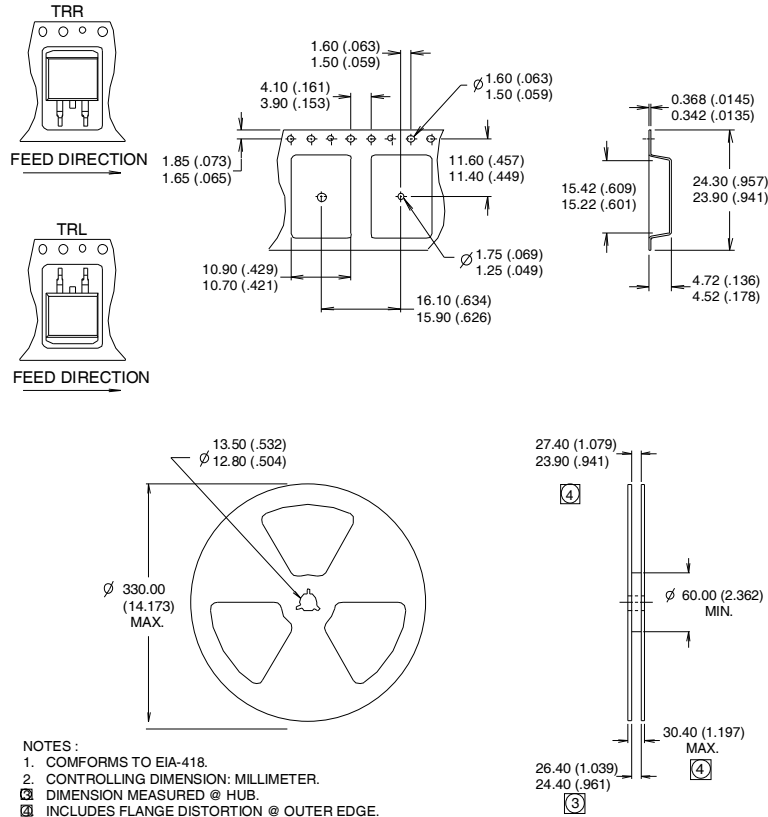


OR



D²Pak Tape & Reel Information

Dimensions are shown in millimeters (inches)



Notes:

- ① This is only applied to TO-220AB package
- ② This is applied to D²Pak, when mounted on 1" square PCB (FR-4 or G-10 Material).
For recommended footprint and soldering techniques refer to application note #AN-994.
- ③ Energy losses include "tail" and diode reverse recovery.
- ④ $V_{CC} = 80\% (V_{CES})$, $V_{GE} = 20V$, $L = 100\mu H$, $R_G = 47\Omega$.

TO-220 package is not recommended for Surface Mount Application

Data and specifications subject to change without notice.
This product has been designed and qualified for Industrial market.
Qualification Standards can be found on IR's Web site.

International
IR Rectifier

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TAC Fax: (310) 252-7903

Visit us at www.irf.com for sales contact information. 01/2013