



CH1786 Family of Ultra Small 2400 bps Modems

INTRODUCTION

The CH1786 family of modems offer the smallest footprint commercially available for a full function, FCC Part 68 approved 2400bps modem. These modems provide a fast, easy and flexible way to integrate a modem into any OEM product while utilizing the minimum amount of PCB space (1.0 "x 1.25 "x 0.53 "). The CH1786 family only requires two external interfaces: a CCITT V.24 serial interface that can be routed directly to a UART, and a Tip and Ring interface which goes directly to an RJ-11 jack for the PSTN line connection. The CH1786 can be controlled with industry standard AT commands and, hence, is compatible with available industry communication software.

All CH1786 modems support asynchronous operation at 2400bps, 1200bps, and 300bps to both Bell and CCITT standards. The resident PSTN line interface, or Data Access Arrangement (DAA), while being FCC approved, is also Canadian DOT approveable and can be approved in other countries that require 1500VAC RMS isolation requirements per UL 1950.

The CH1786 family of modems operate off a single 5-volt supply. The low power operation and automatic standby mode make these modems ideally suited for portable equipment. In addition, their small physical size affords maximum flexibility in equipment design.

FEATURES

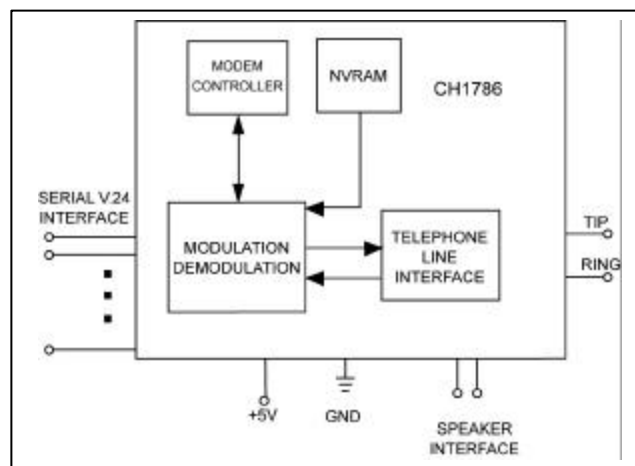
- Supports Standards CCITT V.22bis, V.22, Bell 212, and Bell 103
- FCC Part 68 approved and DOT CSA CS-03 Part I approveable
- UL 1950 and CSA C22.2 950 Listed
- AT Command structure with extensions
- 1500 VAC RMS isolation barrier minimum, 2122V peak surge protection minimum
- Single 5 volt operation
- Low power operation with automatic reduced power standby mode
- Automatic adaptive and fixed compromise equalization
- Test modes and diagnostics
- Size: 1.0 "x 1.25 "x 0.53 "(nominal)
- NVRAM allows storage of custom configurations and telephone numbers

CH1786 Family Includes:

CH1786LC	2400bps Modem, voice/ Inject, Hermetic Operating
CH1786NH	2400bps Modem, No Voice/Inject, Non-hermetic Operating Temperature: 0°C to +70°C
CH1786	2400bps Modem, NVRAM, Voice/ Inject, Operating Temperature: 0°C to +70°C
CH1786ET	2400bps Modem, NVRAM, Voice/ Inject, Hermetic, Operating Temperature: -40°C to +85°C
CH1786FX	Same as CH1786 with send and receive fax capability

The CH1786 comes with FCC Part 68 approval and is shipped from the factory with an FCC Part 68 label indicating the registration number and ringer equivalent. This label should be prominently displayed on the end product.

Figure 1. Functional Block Diagram of CH1786.



DESCRIPTION OF FUNCTIONAL BLOCKS AND DISCUSSION OF BASIC OPERATIONS

Figure 1 contains a functional block drawing of the CH1786. The CH1786 is a highly integrated, full-function modem, comprised of a modulator/ demodulator, controller, NVRAM (Non-Volatile RAM) and an FCC Part 68 approved PSTN line interface DAA (Data Access Arrangement).

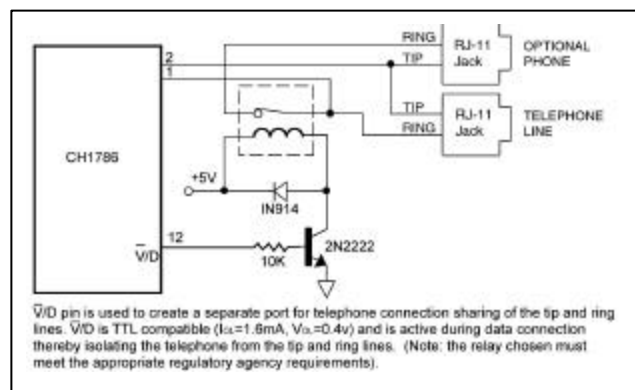
Modulation/Demodulation and Modem Controller.

These functions are provided by a monolithic modem integrated circuit. This IC has built-in facilities to accommodate integrated AT command control and contains the necessary resident interfaces for general communication and routing to the DAA.

Telephone Line Interface or DAA.

The CH1786 family of modems is designed to meet 1500VAC RMS isolation and provide 2122V peak surge protection. Consequently, the CH1786 satisfies U.S. FCC Part 68 and DOT CSA CS-03 Part I Canadian requirements, and will meet other international approval agency requirements that specify these levels of isolation.

Figure 2. Voice/ Data Port Control



With the exception of the U.S., most countries (including Canada) require submission of the final product or system containing the CH1786 to the appropriate governing regulatory agency for approval. Typically this is accomplished by submitting the final end product to an independent test house or consultant for evaluation. The test house or consultant then forwards the test results and applicable documents to the regulatory agency. Call Cermetek for a list of suggested consultants.

Non-Volatile RAM (NVRAM).

The NVRAM present on the CH1786 is sufficient to store up to two user customized modem configurations. The AT&Wn command will store the active modem configuration in the selected NVRAM locations by specifying an n of 0 or 1.

The AT&Yn command selects the modem configurations to be automatically recalled and made active upon a reset or power up. The ATZn command immediately recalls and activates a stored configuration. Refer to Tables 4, 5 and 6 for storable S-Registers and available commands.

The NVRAM can save up to four telephone numbers with up to 36 digits or modifiers in each telephone number. The AT&Zn=s command will store s, the telephone number dial string. The individual NVRAM telephone number storage locations are selected by specifying an n of 0,1,2,or 3. The ATDTS=n command will cause the modem to dial the stored telephone number in location n. NVRAM is not available on the CH1786LC or CH1786NH.

SUPPORT FEATURES

“AT” Command Set.

A 40-character command line is supported. The command line starts with AT and may contain standard or enhanced commands. The commands are compatible with EIA Document TR302.2/88-08006.

Serial Host Interface.

The serial interface is a V.24 (EIA-232) compatible interface. See pin description in Table 2.

Speaker Interface.

The SPK output reflects the receiver analog input and provides a signal that can be used to monitor call progress. The SPK signal can drive a 300 Ω load directly. Typically, the SPK signal is input into an audio power amplifier and the amplifier, in turn, drives the speaker coil. The speaker is activated with the ATMn command. The speaker volume is adjusted using the ATLn command, where n is 0,1,2,or 3. Increasing numbers correspond to higher volume. Figure 6 indicates one method of driving an external 8 Ω speaker.

Phone Control.

Cermetek's CH1786 contains a pin called Voice or Data (V/D). The V/D pin toggles high when the modem goes off hook. This pin can be used to activate a relay which can switch a telephone on or off the Tip and Ring incoming PSTN lines. This feature allows any telephone associated with the CH1786 to be disconnected when a data call is in progress, thereby preventing the data from being disturbed by an inadvertent telephone pick-up. See Figure 2.

Speed and Parity Selection.

Prior to call initiation, the host controller trains the modem to the host speed (2400,1200,or 300 bps) and parity (odd, even, mark, space, or none) via a host-initiated training sequence. This training also sets the speed of the data for originate calls. The CH1786 will automatically adjust to the originator's speed when answering calls.

The CH1786 matches the host's parity when it returns status messages to the host. During a data connection, however, the modem passes parity through without interpretation or alteration.

Sleep Mode.

To minimize power consumption, the CH1786 includes a power down feature called Sleep Mode. When activated, the CH1786 will automatically enter Sleep Mode after 0 to 254 seconds of inactivity. The inactivity delay is selected using the ATS24 command. The CH1786 is delivered from the factory with a 5 second inactivity delay enabled (i.e., ATS24=5). The CH1786 returns to normal operation when a ring signal is received or upon an input low signal on the TXD pin. ATS24 = 255 disables the Sleep Mode and is the default if no value is set in register S24.

A SLEEP output signal is available to control power to external devices. In Figure 6, a FET controlled by the SLEEP signal turns off the external speaker amplifier when the CH1786 enters Sleep Mode. In Sleep Mode, power is reduced to approximately 50% of normal operating power.

Guard Tone.

A guard tone of 550 Hz or 1800 Hz can be generated at 6 dB or 9 dB below the transmit level, respectively, by using the command &Gn. Refer to “Cermetek AT Commands and S-Registers reference Guide” or the Cermetek web site at <http://www.cermetek.com>

Answer Tone.

A CCITT (2100 Hz) or Bell (2225Hz) answer tone is generated depending on the selected configuration. Refer to “Cermetek AT commands and S-Registers Reference Guide” or the Cermetek web site at <http://www.cermetek.com>.

Data Encoding.

The data encoding conforms to CCITT recommendations V.22 bis or V.22, or Bell212A, or 103, depending on the selected configuration. Refer to “Cermetek AT commands and S-Register Reference Guide” or the Cermetek web site at <http://www.cermetek.com>

Line Equalization.

Transmitter and receiver digital filters compensate for delay and amplitude distortion during operation on nominal phone lines. In addition, automatic adaptive equalization in the receiver minimizes the effects of intersymbol interference.

Transmission Speed.

In normal operation, the originating modem initiates the call and attempts to connect to the answering modem at a speed established by the originating modem's controller prior to call initiation. This is referred to as the Initial Trained Rate. Upon receiving the call, the answering modem will attempt to connect to the originating modem at its Initial Trained Rate.

If these two rates are identical, the connection is made. If the speeds differ, the answering modem must adjust its rate or terminate the call. Table 1 indicates the connection rate that will result when the calling modem's Initial Trained Rate and the answering modem's Initial Trained Rate are different.

Note that a 2400 baud connection rate will only result if both modems are initially set at 2400 baud.

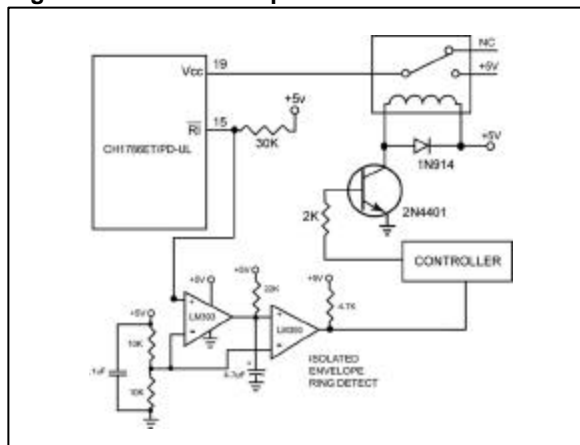
Table 1. Connection Rates.

Answering Modem Initial Trained Rate	Connection Rate Resulting When Calling Modem Initial Trained Rate is:		
	300	1200	2400
300	300	1200	1200
1200	300	1200	1200
2400	300	1200	2400

Zero Power Mode (CH1786ET only).

If an application calls for zero power during standby periods, the power may be switched off using external circuitry and then reapplied when the CH1786's RI pin becomes active. The CH1786ET products can thus be powered down to zero.

Figure 3. Zero Power Operation



Referring to Figure 3, the controller activates the relay switch, supplying power (+5V) to the CH1786ET-UL. In this configuration, the ring signal is used to "wake up" the CH1786ET-UL when the CH1786ET-UL is in the power down state.

The pins of the CH1786ET-UL will be in an undefined state when power is switched off. This must be taken into consideration to assure that no unwanted signals are presented to the CH1786ET-UL during power down.

Ring Indicator (RI).

The RI pin follows the frequency of the ring signal and toggles low when the CH1786 detects an incoming call. The ring signal is typically 20 to 30 Hz and is on for 2 seconds and off for 4 seconds. Although not TTL compliant, the RI pin can, nonetheless, be utilized to activate external circuitry including the external RST pin.

When using the RI pin, it is recommended that a Schmitt Trigger or the Isolated Envelope Detect Circuit in Figures 3 or 5 be placed between the RI pin and the external load.

Power Supply.

The CH1786 modem module is a complex set of sub-systems. During the course of normal operation the CH1786 decodes analog signals from the telephone line that are in the millivolt range. Steps must be taken by the user to guarantee that power supply noise on all supply lines, including ground, does not exceed 50 mV peak to peak. Any frequency between 20 kHz and 150 kHz must be less than 500 micro volts peak. If necessary, use dedicated power and ground planes. Failure to provide such operating conditions could cause the CH1786 to malfunction or to function erratically.

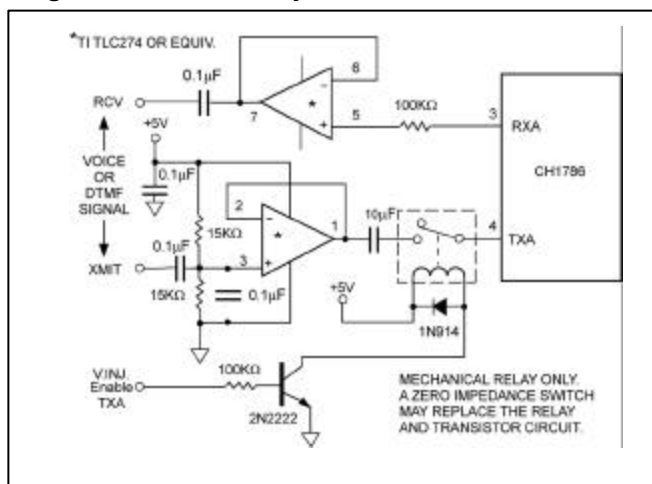
The CH1786 requires a single +5V $\pm 5\%$ supply. It is recommended that by-pass capacitors be placed on the power supply as close to the modem's supply input as practical. It's recommended a 10 μ F Tantalum capacitor in parallel with a 0.01 μ F ceramic capacitor be used.

Voice/ Tone Injection Port.

The CH1786 provides two pins to allow the user to share the telephone line interface associated with the modem for voice and DTMF applications. Figure 4 contains a schematic indicating one possible configuration for voice/ tone utilization.

WARNING: The CH1786 has been FCC Part 68 approved as a data modem only. Utilization of the Voice/Tone Port requires further registration. FCC will require that the system, including the CH1786 and the handset or DTMF transceiver, adhere to Part 68 rules. Voice/Tone Injection is not active on CH1786NH.

Figure 4. Voice/ Tone Injection



Typically, voice communication would precede data communications. For this case, the following commands should be used to configure the CH1786 (Refer to Figure 4):

Enter: ATSO=[CR] Disables auto-answer
Enter: ATS7=255[CR] Eliminates hang-up due to lack of carrier signal.
Enter: ATS10=255[CR]

The following command sequences illustrate implementation of common Voice/Tone Port applications.

- To answer a voice call:
 - Enter: ATH1[CR]
 - Drive V.INJ. HIGH to activate relay.
 - Begin voice conversation.
- To switch to data mode, drive V.INJ. LOW, then:
 - At the originate modem:
Enter: ATX1[CR]
- To disconnect (hang-up) a voice call or a data call:
Enter: ATH[CR]
- To place a call using the CH1786's DTMF:
 - Enter ATDT#:C0[CR]
 - Drive V.INJ high

Figure 5. CH1786 Application Diagram

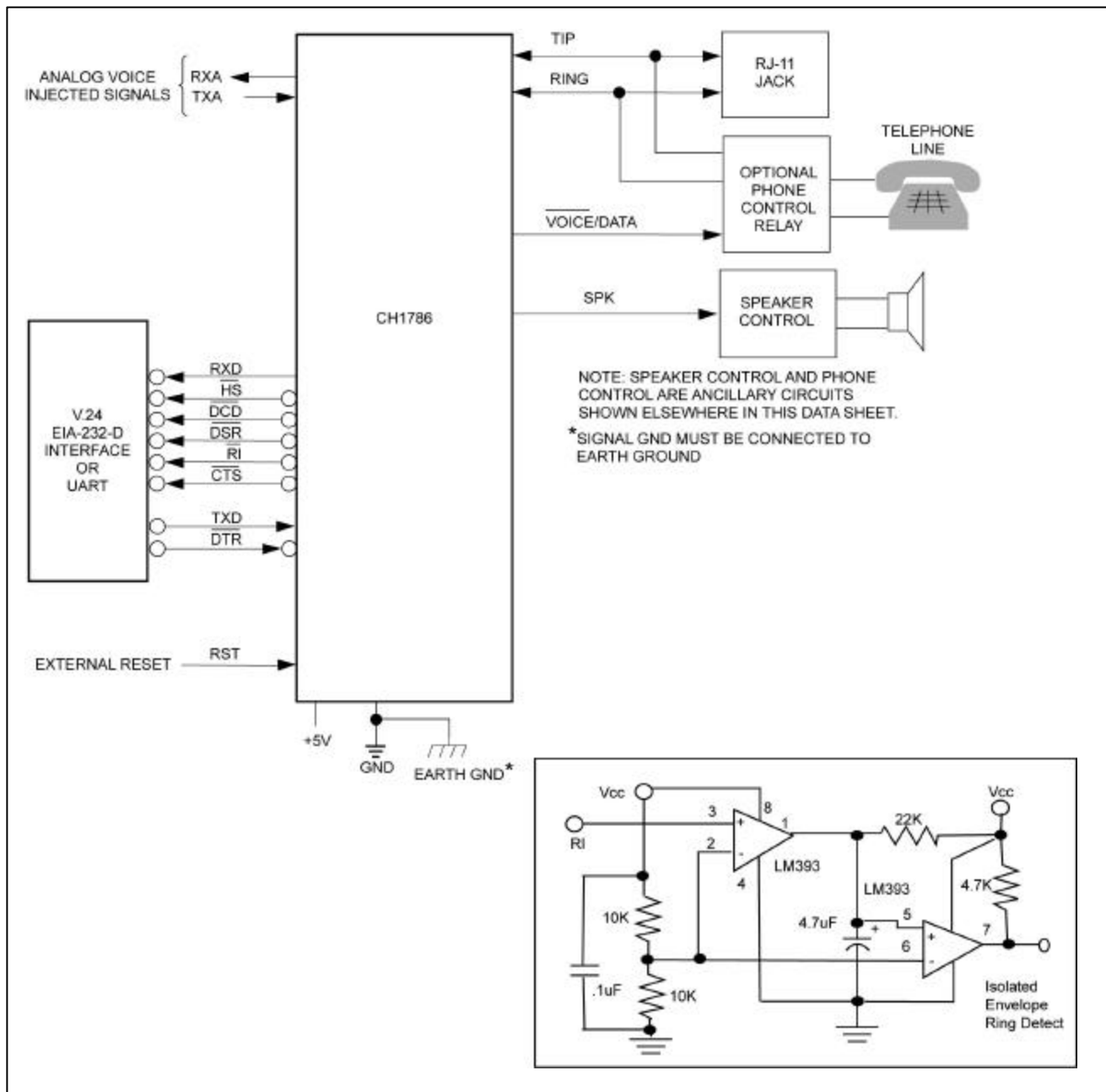


Table 2. CH1786 Pin Descriptions

PIN	NAME	TYPE	FUNCTION
1	RING	I/O	Directly connects to the telephone line's Ring lead through a user supplied RJ-11C jack.
2	TIP	I/O	Directly connects to the telephone line's Tip lead through a user supplied RJ-11C jack.
3	RXA	O	ANALOG VOICE INJECTED. Receive Signal. Let float if not used. Not active in CH1786NH.
4	TXA	I	ANALOG VOICE INJECTED. Transmit Signal. Let float if not used. Not active in CH1786NH.

Table 2. CH1786 Pin Descriptions (Continued)

5	SPK	O	SPEAKER. Audio output for speaker. See speaker control schematic in Figure 6.
6	NC	-	No connection.
7	NC	-	No connection.
8	$\overline{\text{SLEEP}}$	O	SLEEP output. A LOW indicates CH1786 is in low power idle mode. Used to control power to other devices. See Figure 6. Register S24 is the sleep timer register. When the CH1786 is inactive for a period of time specified by S24, the CH1786 will power down by about 50% of its normal operating power. During power down, all I/O lines become undefined. The CH1786 products are shipped from the factory with a 5 second inactivity timer (ATS24=5) enabled.
9	NC	-	No connection.
10	TXD	I	TRANSMIT DATA. Serial Transmit data input. Marking or a binary 1 condition is transmitted when a HIGH is asserted.
11	RXD	O	RECEIVE DATA. Serial Receive data output. Received marking or binary 1 condition is indicated by HIGH.
12	$\overline{\text{V/D}}$	O	Voice/Data output is used to switch between telephone and modem line use. In a typical application, V/D active HIGH opens the normally closed voice injection relay and disconnects the handset from the telephone line. See Figure 2.
13	$\overline{\text{DTR}}$	I	DATA TERMINAL READY input. Active LOW. Switching off DTR can either return modem to command state, disconnect phone call, or reset modem. DET should be set LOW when not used.
14	$\overline{\text{DSR}}$	O	DATA SET READY output. LOW indicates handshaking with a remote modem is in progress, and/ or the data carrier of a remote modem has been detected.
15	$\overline{\text{RI}}$	O	RING INDICATION. This signal follows the frequency of the ringing signal and is normally about 20 to 40 Hz for 2 seconds on with 4 seconds off.
16	$\overline{\text{CTS}}$	O	CLEAR-TO SEND. Output always LOW. Reserved for flow control when using FAX option. Currently, CTS only active on CH1786FX when S24=255. No power down mode option available. Effective 31 May 2000, CTS will be active on CH1786 also.
17	$\overline{\text{DCD}}$	O	DATA CARRIER DETECT. LOW indicates a data carrier from a remote modem is detected.
18	$\overline{\text{HS}}$	O	SPEED INDICATION. HIGH speed select output. A low on this pin indicates the modem is operating at 2400bps.
19	VCC	-	POWER SUPPLY. 5 volts \pm 5% Note: Noise should be less than 50mV peak to peak.
20	GND	-	GROUND. Note: Noise should be less than 50mV peak to peak.
21	RST ¹	I	RESET input. Active HIGH. This input must be asserted HIGH for at least 10 ms to reset the modem. RESET is then returned LOW for normal operation. If no system reset is available, let this pin float to enable internal reset.
22	NC	-	No connection.

Note: (1) If VCC has a slow power up ramp time, the internal reset may be ineffective.

MODEM CONTROL

The CH1786 modem may be controlled by sending serial ASCII command sequences. The commands are sent to the modem serially on the TXD pin. After execution of a received command, the modem returns a serial status message that can be read on pin RXD. This message indicates command completion status. Refer to Table 3 for a complete list of status messages.

INITIALIZING THE MODEM

Before commands may be sent to the CH1786, the modem must be initialized. This consists of two events:

- 1) Reset. This is accomplished by applying a hardware reset pulse to pin RST or by switching the power off and then back on.
- 2) Initial modem training. The modem must be trained to the host's speed (2400, 1200, 300 bps) and parity (odd, even, mark, space or none).

These activities are briefly described below.

Reset.

Upon applying power to the CH1786, the CH1786 automatically generates an internal reset pulse. The user can also reset the modem externally by applying a high-going reset pulse to the RST pin for at least 10ms after the +5V power supply has stabilized. Delay sending commands to CH1786 for 200ms after reset has been initiated to allow the CH1786 time to properly reconfigure.

Training the Modem.

Each modem must be trained to match its host's speed and parity so that it is able to recognize serial asynchronous commands sent to it by the host UART. The host must retrain the modem each time a reset pulse is applied on RST or after a RESET serial command has been issued.

Modem Training Command Sequence.

The CH1786 is trained by sending it the following sequence:

Enter: **AT [CR]**

Where: **A** and **T** may be either upper or lower case but must be the same case.

[CR] represents carriage return

The "AT" sequence is referred to as an attention sequence. The CH1786 will respond with one of the following status messages, depending on whether it is optioned for abbreviated or English status messages.

Result: **0 [CR]** (Abbreviated form)

Result: **[CR][LF] OK [CR][LF]** English form)

Where: **[CR]** represents carriage return (ASCII 13 or HEX 0D).

[LF] represents line feed (ASCII 10 or HEX 0A).

The modem is now in idle mode and is ready to accept commands. An alternate attention sequence "A/" may be sent which behaves much like the AT sequence except that it causes the previously entered command specified with an AT prefix to be executed. When given, it must be in upper case ASCII. No carriage return is needed.

THE COMMAND FORMAT

Typical commands consist of three elements: the attention sequence, the commands themselves, and a terminating carriage return.

AT [commands] [CR].

Where: **AT** represents attention sequence.

[commands] represents command strings.

[CR] represents carriage return (ASCII 13 or HEX 0D).

When entering commands to the modem, the backspace character-control-H (ASCII 8 or HEX 08) can be used to edit mistakes. "AT" and "A/" may not be edited however. Multiple commands may be placed in the command line. A command line may be as long as 40 characters, excluding the letters AT. By way of example, the command below instructs the CH1786 to configure itself to not echo characters when in command mode (E0) and then put itself in answer mode (A).

Enter: **ATE0A [CR]**

AT Command Set.

The available command set is divided into four types of commands: dial modifiers, basic commands, ampersand and percent commands. Refer to the complete list in Table 5.

AT Command Data Rate.

With the serial interface, the rate is speed sensed for parity and format.

THE STATUS MESSAGES

The CH1786 responds with a status message after each command is executed. This status message may either be a single digit followed by a carriage return or a carriage return and line feed with a message in English, followed by a carriage return and line feed.

The basic status code subsets are enabled with the Xn command. Where n=0,1,2,3,4 establishes the result codes allowed by the user.

X0 -Result Codes 0, 1, 2, 3, 4 allowed

X1 -Result Codes 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 10 allowed

X2 -Result Codes 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10 allowed

X3 -Result Codes 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7, 10 allowed

X4 -Result Codes 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 10 allowed

The CH1786 is factory set to X4, which allows all result codes.

Table 3. Summary of Result Codes and Meanings.

Result Codes	Status Message	Meaning
0	OK	Command executed
1	CONNECT	Carrier detected at 300 bps
2	RING	Ring detected
3	NO CARRIER	Did not detect carrier
4	ERROR	Entry error
5	CONNECT 1200	Carrier detected at 1200 bps
6	NO DIAL TONE	Off-hook, but no response after 5 seconds
7	BUSY	Busy signal detected
10	CONNECT 2400	Carrier detected at 2400 bps

Table 4. CH1786 Register Summary

Register	Function
S0*	Ring to Answer On
S1	Ring Count
S2	Escape Code Character
S3	Carriage Return Character
S4	Line Feed Character
S5	Back Space Character
S6	Wait for Dial tone
S7	Wait for Data Carrier
S8	Pause Time for Comma
S9	Carrier Detect Response Time
S10	Lost Carrier to Hang-up Delay
S11	DTMF Dialing Speed
S12	Escape Code Guard Time
S14*	Bit Mapped Options Register
S16	Modem Test Options
S18*	Test Timer
S21*	Bit Mapped Options Register
S22*	Bit Mapped Options Register
S23*	Bit Mapped Options Register
S24	Sleep Mode Inactivity Time
S25*	Delay to DTR
S27*	Bit Mapped Options Register
S28*	Bit Mapped Options Register

*=S-Registers stored in NVRAM upon receipt of &W command

Table 5. CH1786 “AT” Command Set Summary

Basic Commands	Function
AT	Attention Code
A	Answer command
A/	Repeat last Command
*BN	Communications Standard Option
D	Dial Command
*E	Off-Line Character Echo Option
Hn	Switch Hook Control Option
*Ln	Speaker Volume Option
*Mn	Speaker Control Option
On	On-Line Command
P	Pulse Dial
*Qn	Result Code Display Option
Sn	Select an S Register
Sn=	Write to an S Register
Sn?	Read an S Register
*Vn	Result code Form Option
*Xn	Result Code Set/Call Progress Option
+++	Escape Code Sequence Pause
,	Pause
?	Returns Last addressed S Register
*Yn	Long Space Disconnect Option
Fn	On Line Echo character Option
Z	Reset

Table 6. Fax Command Set Summary

Fax Command	Function
+FCLASS=n	Select Service Class
+F<command>?	Report Active Configuration
+F<command>=?	Report Operating Capabilities
+FAA=n	Data/Fax Auto Answer
+FF	Enhanced Flow Control
+FTS=n	Stop Transmission and Wait
+FTSM=n	Transmit Data
+FTH=n	Receive Data
+FTH=n	Transmit Data with HDLC Framing
+FRH=n	Receive Data with HDLC Framing
+FRT=n	Receive Test Data
+FTTn=m	Transmit test Data

MODEM STATES

The CH1786 can be in either command mode or data mode. When the modem is idle, it is in command mode by default and will recognize commands. When data transmission is in progress, the CH1786 is in the data mode state and will not recognize commands. To force the CH1786 to recognize commands, the host must send an “escape sequence” to the CH1786 forcing it out of data mode and into command mode.

The escape sequence consists of a “guard time” (a period where no characters are sent to the modem), followed by 3 escape characters, followed by another guard time. At power-up, the guard time is set to 1 second minimum, and the escape character is set as “+.” These two parameters can be modified via registers S12 and S2, respectively.

The CH1786 will stay off-hook with its carrier on after the escape sequence is received and it returns an OK status message when it is ready to accept commands. The CH1786 can be put into data mode by issuing the command **ATO [CR]**.

Dial Modifiers	Function
P	Pulse Dial
R	Originate Call in Answer Mode
T	Touch Tone Dial
W	Wait for Dial Tone
;	Return to Idle State
@	Wait for Quiet Answer Command
!	Flash Hook
,	Paul
0-9	Dial Digits/Characters
A,B,C,D	

Amperсанд Commands	Function
*&Cn	Data Carrier Detect Option
*&Dn	Data Terminal Ready Option
&F	Load Factory Defaults
*&Gn	Guard tone Option
*&Pn	Make to Break Ratio Selection
*&Sn	Data Set Ready Option
&Tn	Test Command Option
&V	View Active Configuration
*&Wn	Store active profile
*&Yn	Recall active profile
*&Zn	Store telephone numbers

Percent Commands	Function
%Dn	DTMF Attenuation
%J	Load Secondary Factory Defaults

*=Commands that can be stored in NVRAM. Not supported by the CH1786LC or CH1786NH.

NOTE: A detailed definition of all commands and registers is available from Cermetek Microelectronics, Inc. Refer to Cermetek Document “AT Commands and S-Registers Reference Guide” or access our web site at www.cermetek.com.

Dialing A Phone Number.

Example: Dial number.
Enter: AT D1234567

In response to this command, the CH1786 dials the telephone number "123-4567" and then waits for a carrier from the distant modem. If no carrier is detected within a given time (the default time is 30 seconds), the CH1786 automatically releases the line and sends a NO CARRIER result code. If a carrier is detected, the CH1786 gives a CONNECT result code and goes on-line, permitting communication with the distant modem.

Pause During Dialing.

When placing a call from an office with a telephone connected to a PBX, it may be necessary to dial an access code (usually the digit 9) to get an outside line. Inserting a comma in the telephone number instructs the modem to pause for a specific length of time. The factory set default pause time is 2 seconds.

Example: Dial 9,pause, dial number.
Enter: **AT DT9,1234567**

Multiple commas may be used to generate integer multiples of the specified delay time.

Originate a Call in Answer Mode.

The D command forces the modem into originate mode. To call an originate-only modem, dial the number and set the modem to answer mode via the R command (reverse originate). This is done by including an R at the end of the telephone number.

Example: Change modem from original-only to answer mode.
Enter: **AT DT 1234567R**

Redial Last Number.

Redial Last Number:
Use A/, the repeat command, to redial the last telephone number dialed.

Return to Command State.

Example: Touch-tone dial 9, pause, dial number, return for Command.

Example: Touch-tone dial 9, pause, dial number, return for command.
Enter: **AT DT9,1234567;**
Result: **OK**

Automatic Answering.

The S0 register controls the number of rings that must occur before the modem answers a call. The register may range in value from 0 to 255.

When S0 is set to 0,the modem will not auto-answer.

The CH1786 supports a full EIA-232D/V.24 serial interface. Signal levels are TTL rather than EIA-232D level compatible, which allows direct connection of the CH1786 to the host UART without level translating circuitry. See Table 2 for a complete pin description.

The modem is controlled by sending it serial commands over TXD and can be monitored by serial status messages returned on RXD. DTR is optionally used to reset, terminate calls or return CH1786 to command mode.

All other serial interface lines may be utilized for the convenience of a particular application but are not required by the CH1786. Unused outputs (from modem) should be left unconnected. Unused inputs should be set to the proper logic level. See Table 2.

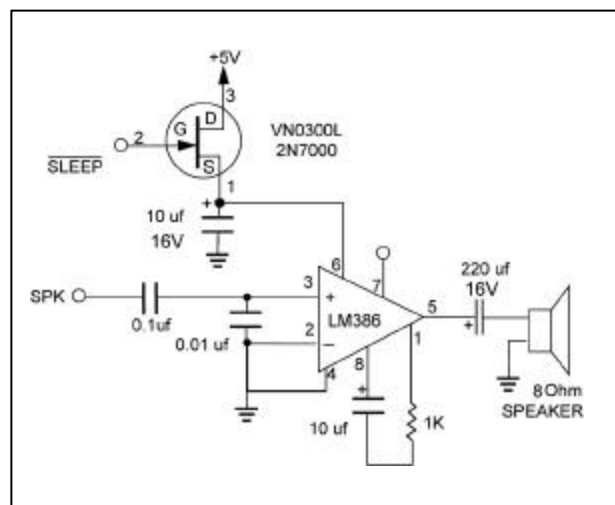
The CH1786FX supports Send and Receive Fax in addition to the modem functions as defined by CH1786.

FAX modes and rates are determined by the AT+F commands. Refer to Table 6.

FAX modem processing is explicitly defined in CCITT V.29, CCITT V.27, and CCITT V.21 recommendations. All modulation, wave-form spectrum, and data processing functions conform to the appropriate specifications.

For additional information on CCITT recommendations, contact Omnicom, Tel: 703-281-1135 or see CONEXANT's RC224ATF Designer's Guide, Tel: 714-221-4600.

Figure 6. Speaker Control Circuit— optional to allow for call progress monitoring.



8

PHONE LINE CONNECTION GUIDELINES

- 1) The CH1786 must be mounted in the final assembly such that it is isolated from exposure to any hazardous voltages within the assembly. Adequate separation and restraint of cables and cords must be provided.
- 2) The circuitry from the CH1786 to the telephone line interface must be provided in wiring that carries no other circuitry other than that specifically allowed in the FCC rules (such as A and A1 leads).
- 3) Connection to phone line should be made through an RJ-11C jack.
- 4) PCB traces from the modem's RING and TIP pins to the RJ-11C jack must be 0.1 inch spacing or greater to one another and 0.2 inch spacing or greater to all other traces. The traces should have a nominal width of 0.020 inches or greater.
- 5) The RING and TIP PCB traces should be as short as possible and oriented to prevent coupling other high speed or high frequency signals present on the host circuit PCB.
- 6) No additional circuitry other than that shown in Figure 7A or 7B may be connected between the modem module and the RJ-11C jack. Doing so will invalidate the FCC approval.
- 7) The CH1786LC (only) requires external surge protection (see Figure 7B). This is mandatory to maintain FCC Part 68 conveyed approval.
- 8) The CH1786, the RJ-11C jack, the interfacing circuitry and all PCB traces in between, must be contained on a PCB with a 94 V-0 flammability rating.
- 9) The supplied FCC registration label must be applied visibly on the outside of the product.
- 10) The product's User Manual must provide the user with instructions for connection and use as recommended in the FCC Registration Section below.

CH1786 HANDLING AND ASSEMBLY RECOMMENDATIONS

The CH1786 contains static-sensitive components and should only be handled by personnel and in areas that are properly protected against static discharge. There are two mounting techniques that are recommended for physically connecting the CH1786 to a PCB: 1) sockets, and 2) direct soldering.

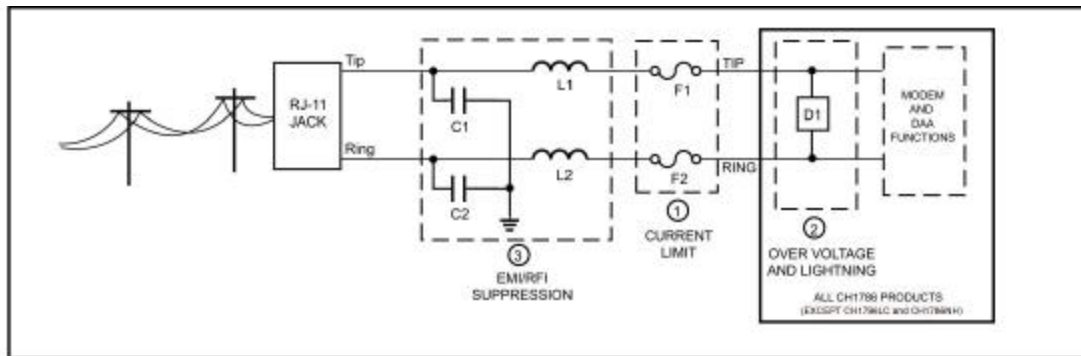
Direct Soldering.

The CH1786 may be wave soldered onto a circuit card. All CH1786 products are hermetically sealed (except the CH1786NH) and will not be harmed by industry standard wave soldering processes. Cermetek recommends against exposing the non-hermetic CH1786NH to aqueous based rinsing processes.

Socketing.

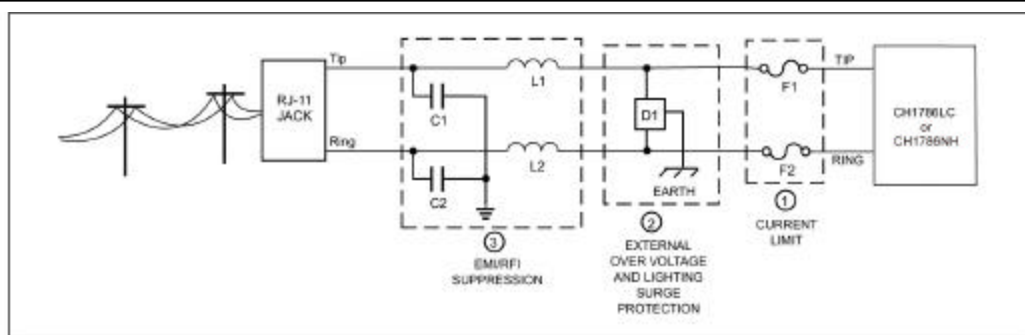
The socketing approach to mounting eliminates cleaning and desoldering concerns. When the socket is used, it must make a solid connection to all pins. Failure to do so will cause unreliable or intermittent operation. Also, steps should be taken to assure that the module remains tightly seated in the socket after the end product is shipped. Cermetek recommends socket CES-150-01-T-S by Samtec, 50 pin strip socket.

Figure 7A. PSTN Line Interface for CH1786 Family (except CH1786LC and CH1786NH).



1. **Current Limiting PSTN Protection Line Device.**
Current limiting is mandatory to meet UL safety requirements. To maintain conveyed FCC Part 68 approval, the current limiting devices identified as F1 and F2 in dashed box #1 must also survive FCC Part 68 surge tests. Use one of the external component schemes defined below in section 1A-1C to maintain compliance. Reference Cermetek Application Note # 126 for more details.
 - A. A Raychem Polyfuse TR 600-150 (rated at 0.15 amps) is preferred because this device resets automatically upon removal of the current flow. Non-resetable devices such as Littlefuse, type 220003, or WICKMAN 19397-038 are also acceptable.
 - B. Resistors (10Ω carbon film or 1/8 watt minimum) may be used in Canada as Canada has no requirement that PSTN equipment be operational after a Type B surge test.
 - C. Although CSA CS-03 Part 1 (Canada) follows the requirements of FCC Part 68 (USA), Cermetek recommends contacting DOT (Canada) and/or a certified independent lab to verify compliance. For Canada, use either 10Ω resistors (carbon film or SMD parts 1/8 watt minimum) as described in paragraph B, above, or non-resetable fuses or resetable Polyfuses as described in paragraph A above.
2. **Over Voltage and Lightning Protection.**
Surge Protection is provided by internal circuitry contained within the CH1786 Family (except CH1786LC and CH1786NH). No additional external components are required to maintain conveyed FCC Part 68 approval. Refer to Cermetek Application Note #126 for more details.
3. **EMI/RFI Suppression.**
No external EMI/RFI noise suppression circuitry is required to maintain conveyed FCC Part 68 approval. However, additional suppression, if required for other reasons, may be added as described below in sections 3A-3B without adversely affecting the FCC Part 68 approval.
 - A. To provide adequate EMI/RFI suppression, the capacitor/inductor network contained in dashed box #3 should be located as close to the RJ11 Jack as possible. Further, this network should be provided with an excellent ground path to the chassis.
 - B. Capacitors C1 and C2 should not exceed 0.005 μf. They must have a rating of 1.5 KV and typically are .001 μf +/- 20%. Recommended devices for inductors L1 and L2 are Fair-Rite 2543666611 or 2943666611 or equivalent. For UL applications, choose capacitors and inductors that are UL 1950 listed. The actual values of the components used may vary depending on the end product design.

Figure 7B. PSTN Line Interface for CH1786LC and CH1786NH only.



1. **Current Limiting PSTN Protection Line Device.**
Current limiting devices are mandatory to meet UL safety standards. To maintain conveyed FCC Part 68 approval, the current limiting components identified as F1 and F2 in dashed box #1 must also survive FCC Part 68 surge testing. Refer to Cermetek Application Note #126 for more details.
 - A. A Raychem Polyfuse TR 600-150 (rated at 0.15 amps) is preferred because this device resets automatically upon removal of the current flow. Non-resetable devices such as Littelfuse, type 2200C3, or WICKMAN 19397-036 are also acceptable.
 - B. Resistors (10Ω carbon film or 1/8 watt minimum) may be used in Canada as Canada has no requirement that PSTN equipment be operational after a Type B surge test.
 - C. Although CSA CS-03 Part 1 (Canada) follows the requirements of FCC Part 68 (USA), Cermetek recommends contacting DOT (Canada) and/or a certified independent lab to verify compliance. For Canada, use either 10Ω resistors (carbon film or SMD parts 1/8 watt minimum) as described in paragraph B above, or non-resetable fuses or resetable Polyfuses as described in paragraph A above.
2. **Over Voltage and Lightning Protection.**
 - A. Over voltage and lightning surge protection is mandatory for FCC Part 68 compliance. The required external surge protection (identified as D1 in dashed box 2) is mandatory and the purchaser must include some form of surge protection as described below to maintain conveyed FCC part 68 approval.
 - B. In most environments, 2 terminal surge suppressors are adequate. For these applications, Cermetek recommends the use of Teccor Sidactor P/N 3100EB or equivalent. For severe environments, use the 3 terminal Teccor Sidactor P/N 3203AB or equivalent.
3. **EMI/RFI Suppression.**
No external EMI/RFI noise suppression circuitry is required to maintain conveyed FCC Part 68 approval. However, additional suppression, if required for other reasons, may be added as described below in sections 3A-3B without adversely affecting FCC Part 68 approval.
 - A. To provide adequate EMI/RFI suppression, the capacitor/inductor network contained in dashed box #3 should be located as close to the RJ11 Jack as possible. Further, this network should be provided with an excellent ground path to the chassis.
 - B. Capacitors C1 and C2 should not exceed 0.005 μF. They must have a rating of 1.5 KV and typically are .001 μF +/- 20%. Recommended devices for inductors L1 and L2 are Fair-Rite 2643666611 or 294366661 or equivalent. For UL applications, choose capacitors and inductors that are UL 1950 listed. The actual values of the components used may vary depending on the end product design.

FCC REGISTRATION

All products in the CH1786 family are registered with the FCC (Federal Communications Commission) under Part 68. To maintain the validity of the registration, you must serve notice to the end user of the products of several restrictions the FCC places on the modem and its use.

In addition to restriction notification, the FCC requires that Cermetek make all repairs to all products in the CH1786 family. If repairs are necessary after installation of the CH1786 in the end product and the end product has been delivered to the end user, the end product must be returned to the end product supplier where the CH1786 can be removed and then forward to Cermetek for repair. The following notice is recommended and should be included in the end product's user manual.

FOR YOUR USER'S MANUAL

The part 68 rules require the following (or equivalent) be provided to the end user of equipment containing a DAA:

Type of Service: The (insert end product name) is designed to be used on standard device telephone lines. It connects to the telephone line by means of a standard jack called the USOC RJ-11C (or USOC RJ45S). Connection to telephone-company-provided coin service (central office implemented systems) is prohibited. Connection to party lines service is subject to state tariffs.

Changes in Attestation Procedure for Plugs and Jacks.

(Name of applicant) attests that the network interface plugs or jacks used on this equipment comply with and will continue to comply with the mechanical requirements specified in Part 58, sub-part F, specifically the dimensions, tolerances and metallic plating requirements. The compliance of these connectors will be assured by purchase specifications and incoming inspection. Documentation of such specifications and/or inspections will be provided to the FCC within 30 days of their request for the same.

Telephone Company Procedures: The goal of the telephone company is to provide you with the best service it can. In order to do this, it may occasionally be necessary for them to make changes in their equipment, operations or procedures. If these changes might affect your service or the operation of your equipment, the telephone company will give you notice, in writing, to allow you to make any changes necessary to maintain uninterrupted service.

In certain circumstances, it may be necessary for the telephone company to request information from you concerning the equipment which you have connected to your telephone line. Upon request of the telephone company, provide the FCC registration number and the ringer equivalence number (REN); both of these items are listed on the equipment label. The sum of all of the REN's on your telephone lines should be less than five in order to assure proper service from the telephone company. In some cases, a sum of five may not be useable on given line. Consult your telephone provider.

If Problems Arise: If any of your telephone equipment is not operating properly, you should immediately remove it from your telephone line, as it may cause harm to the telephone network. If the telephone company notes a problem, they may temporarily discontinue service. When practical, they will notify you in advance of this disconnection. If advance notice is not feasible, you will be notified as soon as possible.

When you are notified, you will be given the opportunity to correct the problem and informed of your right to file a complaint with the FCC. Contact your local telephone service provider if you have any questions about your phone line.

In the event repairs are ever needed on the (insert your product name), they should be performed by (insert your company name) or an authorized representative of (insert your company name). For information contact (insert your company address).

DEFAULT STATUS, PERFORMANCE, AND SPECS

The following is a summary of the Default Configuration Profile installed by Cermetek Microelectronics, Inc prior to delivery of the CH1786.

Async mode selected
2400bps
Bell 212A operation at 1200bps
Even parity
Auto answer enabled (Disabled on CH1786NH)
Command echo ON
All result codes enabled –extended
Wait for dial tone before dialing =2 seconds
Detects busy signal
Full word result codes
Pulse dial make/break ratio =39/61
DSR enabled
Modem enabled DTR (Disabled on CH1786NH)
DCD enabled (Disabled on CH1786NH)
Speaker enabled but off when receiving carrier
Speaker volume set to medium
Local modem will grant RDL request from remote modem
Guard tones disabled
Minimum DTR pulse width =0.1 seconds
Ring count =01 (CH1786)
Escape code character =43
Carriage return character =13
Line feed character =10
Back space character =08
Duration of wait for dial tone =02 seconds
Duration of wait for carrier after dialing =30 seconds
Duration of dial pulse (comma)=02 seconds
Carrier detect response time =0.1 seconds
Escape code guard time =1 second
Length of use after comma =2.0 seconds
Last carrier to hang up delay =0.1 seconds
DTMF interdigit delay =0.1 seconds
DTMF Attenuation =-4dB
Sleep mode inactivity time =5 seconds
Long space disconnect disabled

Table 7. CH1786 System Data Mode Compatibility Specifications

Parameter	Specification	Parameter	Specification
Asynchronous	2400, 1200, 600 bps character asynchronous. 0-300 bps asynchronous	Receive Carrier Frequencies V.22 bis, V.22, 212A	Originate 2400 Hz \pm 7Hz Answer 1200 Hz \pm 7Hz
Asynchronous Speed Range	TXD may differ +1%, -2.5% from modem output. Offsets will be corrected by adding/deleting stop bits.	Bell 103	Answer 'space' 2020 Hz \pm 7Hz Answer 'mark' 2225 Hz \pm 7Hz Original 'space' 1070 Hz \pm 7Hz Original 'mark' 1270 Hz \pm 7Hz
Asynchronous Format	8, 9, 10 bits, including start, stop, parity	Receiver Sensitivity	OFF to ON threshold -43 dBm ON to OFF threshold -48 dBm
Telephone Line Interface	Two-wire full duplex over public switched network. On-chip hybrid and billing delay timers.	Billing Delay	2.0 to 3.0 seconds ($T_s=25^{\circ}\text{C}$)
Modulation	V.22 bis, 16 point QAM at 600 baud. V.22 and 212A, 4 point DPSK at 600 baud. 103 Binary phase coherent FSK.	Hysteresis	2 dB minimum
Self Test Pattern Generator	Alternate 'ones' and 'zeros' and error detector, to be used along with most loopbacks. A number indicating the bit errors detected is sent to DTE.	Line Equalization	Fixed compromise equalization, transmit. Adaptive equalizer for PSK/QAM, receive.
Transmit Carrier Frequencies V.22 bis, V.22, 212A	Originate 1200 Hz \pm .01% Answer 2400 Hz \pm .01%	Diagnostics Available	Local analog loopback. Local digital loopback. Remote digital loopback. Request remote digital loopback. Local interface loopback modem with self test.
Bell 103	Originate 'space' 1070Hz \pm .01% Originate 'mark' 1270Hz \pm .01% Answer 'space' 2020Hz \pm .01% Answer 'mark' 2225Hz \pm .01%	Call Progress Tones Detected	With speaker or quiet screen messages (no dial tone, busy, ring-back, modem answer tone and voice).
		Computer Interface	IBM PC/XT/AT bus compatible with an 8250/16450/16550A UART as a serial controller

Table 8. CH1786 Electrical Specifications

Parameter	Description	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units
V_{cc}	Positive Supply voltage - Noise less than 50mV	4.75	5.0	5.25	V
I_{cc} Off Hook	Nominal Operating current when modem is OFF Hook		50	75	mA
I_{cc} On Hook	Nominal Operating Current when modem is ON Hook		25	50	mA
I_{CCPD}	Power Down Current			10	mA
V_{IH}	High Level Input Voltage	2			V
V_{IL}	Low Level Input Voltage	-0.3		0.8	V
I_{IN}	Input Leakage Current (TXD, DTR, RTS)	15		100	μ A
I_{LO}	Leakage Current _____ DCD, HS, RXD, SLEEP, DSR			10	μ A
C_p	Capacitive Load (TXT, DTR, RST)			10	pF
VT+	Positive Hysteresis Threshold for RESET pin		2.5		V
VT-	Negative Hysteresis Threshold for RESET pin		1.8		V
V_{OH}	High Level Output	2.4			V
V_{OL}	Low Level Output			0.6	V

Table 9. CH1786 Electrical Specifications

Parameter	Minimum	Typical	Maximum	Units	Comments
Off Hook Impedance	20			Ohm	
Trans Hybrid Loss		25		dB	600 Ohm, RXA, TXA
Ring Voltage Loop	110V		250V	V _{pp}	On 48VDC line voltage for sustained periods
Line Loop Current – (Off-Hook)		20	100	mA	
Return Loss @ 1000 Hz		15		dB	600 Ohm
Ring Frequencies		40		Hz	
Receiver Insertion Gain	-0.5	0.0	+0.5	dBm	600 Ohm – Data Mode
Transmit Power		-9.5		dB	
First Character After Reset	0.5	1.0	5	sec	Delay
Inter Character Delay	20	50		msec	Between all command characters
Command Delay	100	200		msec	Between all AT commands
Minimum Reset Pulse Duration	10			msec	If user supplied

Table 10. Other Performance Specifications

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max	Units	Comments
Tone 2 nd Harmonic Distortion			-35	dB	HYB enabled into 600Ω
DTMF Twist (Balance)		3		dB	
DTMF Tone Duration	50		255	ms	95 ms default
Pulse Dialing Rate	8	10	20	pps	10pps default
Pulse Dialing Make/ Break		39/61		%	US, Canada default
Pulse Dialing Make/ Break		33/67		%	UK, Hong Kong
Pulse Interdigit Interval	700		3000	ms	789 ms default
Guard Tone Frequency		550		Hz	Referenced to High Channel Transmit
Guard Tone Amplitude		-6		dB	Referenced to High Channel Transmit
Guard Tone Frequency		1800		Hz	Referenced to High Channel Transmit
Guard Tone Amplitude		-9		dB	Referenced to High Channel Transmit
High Channel Transmit Amplitude		-1		dB	Referenced to Low channel, Guard tone enabled
Guard Tone 2 nd Harmonic Distortion		-40		dB	
Call Progress Passband Frequency	120		620	Hz	
Wait Time for Dial tone	2		255	sec	Two second default
Return loss @ 1000 Hz		30		dB	T _r = 600 Ω + 2.16 μ F

Table 11. Analog Characteristics

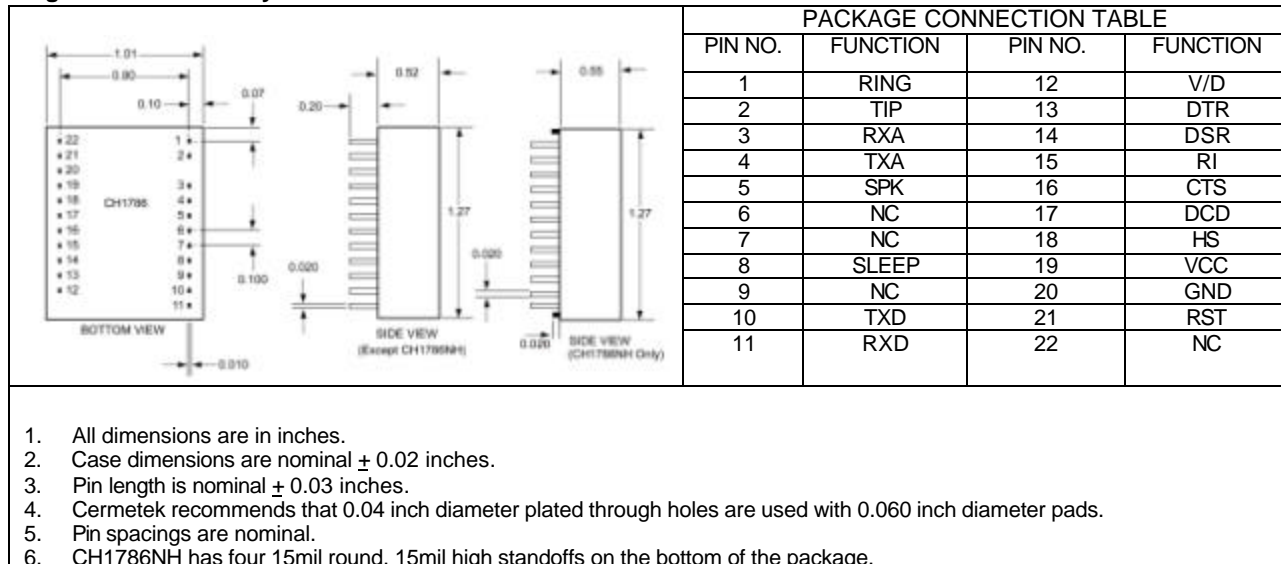
Name	Type	Characteristic	Value
SPK	O(DF)	Minimum Load	300Ω
		Maximum capacitive Load	0.01μ
		Output Impedance	10Ω
		Output voltage	2.5 ± 1.6V
		D.C. Offset	<20mV

Table 12. Summary CH1786 Family of Products

Model	Summary of Features	Operating Temperature
CH1786LC	Full function, Voice/ Inject, FCC Part 68 Approved, UL 1950 Listed, Hermetic	0° C to 70°C
CH1786NH	Full Function, No Voice/Inject, FCC Part 68 Approved, Non-Hermetic, UL1950 Listed	0° C to 70°C
CH1786	Full Function, NVRAM, FCC Part 68 approved, UL1950 Listed, Hermetic	0° C to 70°C
CH1786ET	Full Function, NVRAM, Zero Power Option, FCC Part 68 Approved, UL1950 Listed, Hermetic	-40° C to 85°C
CH1786FX	Full Function + FAX, NVRAM, FCC Part 68 Approved, Hermetic, UL1950 Listed.	0° C to 70°C

Currently, both UL1459 and UL1950 Listed versions are available. Effective 31 May 2000, the higher performance UL1950 versions will become standard. Additionally, effective 31 May 2000, the combined data + FAX functions will become standard on the CH1786 thereby obsoleting the CH1786FX.

Figure 8. CH1786 Physical Dimensions and Pin Functions



***If a low profile version of the CH1786 is required, please see the CH2000.**

Cermetek reserves the right to make changes in specifications at any time and without notice. The information furnished by Cermetek in this publication is believed to be accurate and reliable. However, no responsibility is assumed by Cermetek for its use, or for any infringements of patents or other rights of third parties resulting from its use. No license is granted under any patents or patent rights of Cermetek.

Printed in U.S.A

406 TASMAN DRIVE | SUNNYVALE CA 94089 | LOCAL: 408-752-5000 | TOLL FREE: 1-800-882-6271 | FAX: 408-752-5004
 WEB SITE <http://www.cermetek.com> | EMAIL: sales@cermetek.com