INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

DATA SHEET

74AHC1G04; 74AHCT1G04 Inverter

Product specification Supersedes data of 1999 Jan 27 File under Integrated Circuits, IC06

2001 Jan 31





Inverter

74AHC1G04; 74AHCT1G04

FEATURES

- Symmetrical output impedance
- · High noise immunity
- · ESD protection:
 - HBM EIA/JESD22-A114-A exceeds 2000 V
 - MM EIA/JESD22-A115-A exceeds 200 V.
- Low power dissipation
- · Balanced propagation delays
- Very small 5-pin package
- · Output capability: standard.

DESCRIPTION

The 74AHC1G/AHCT1G04 is a high-speed Si-gate CMOS device.

The 74AHC1G/AHCT1G04 provides the inverting buffer.

QUICK REFERENCE DATA

GND = 0 V; T_{amb} = 25 °C; t_r = $t_f \le 3.0$ ns.

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | TYP | UNIT | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|-------|--------|-----|
| STINIBUL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | AHC1G | AHCT1G | ONT |
| t _{PHL} /t _{PLH} | propagation delay A to Y | C _L = 15 pF; V _{CC} = 5 V | 3.1 | 3.4 | ns |
| Cı | input capacitance | | 1.5 | 1.5 | pF |
| C _{PD} | power dissipation capacitance | notes 1 and 2; C _L = 50 pF; f = 1 MHz | 15 | 16 | pF |

Notes

1. C_{PD} is used to determine the dynamic power dissipation P_D (μ W).

$$P_D = C_{PD} \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_i + (C_L \times V_{CC}^2 \times f_o)$$
 where:

f_i = input frequency in MHz;

f_o = output frequency in MHz;

C_L = output load capacitance in pF;

V_{CC} = supply voltage in Volts.

2. The condition is $V_I = GND$ to V_{CC} .

FUNCTION TABLE

See note 1.

| INPUT | ОИТРИТ |
|-------|--------|
| Α | Υ |
| L | Н |
| Н | L |

Note

1. H = HIGH voltage level;

L = LOW voltage level.

Inverter

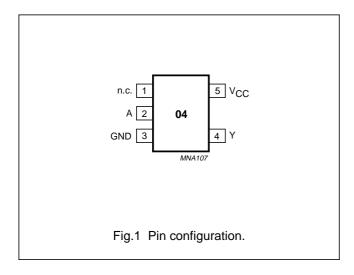
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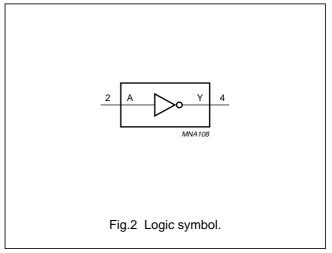
ORDERING AND PACKAGE INFORMATION

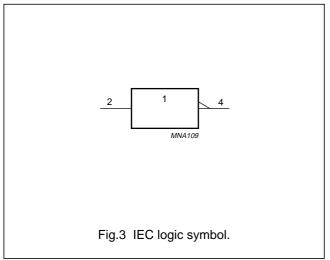
| | | PACKAGES | | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|----------------------|----------|---------|----------|--------|---------|--|--|--|--|--|
| TYPE NUMBER | TEMPERATURE RANGE | PINS | PACKAGE | MATERIAL | CODE | MARKING | | | | | |
| 74AHC1G04GW | –40 to +85 °C | 5 | SC-88A | plastic | SOT353 | AC | | | | | |
| 74AHCT1G04GW | –40 to +85 °C | 5 | SC-88A | plastic | SOT353 | СС | | | | | |

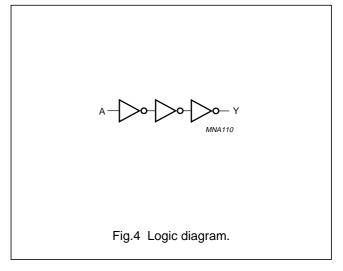
PINNING

| PIN | SYMBOL | DESCRIPTION |
|-----|-----------------|----------------|
| 1 | n.c. | not connected |
| 2 | A | data input A |
| 3 | GND | ground (0 V) |
| 4 | Υ | data output Y |
| 5 | V _{CC} | supply voltage |









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RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | 7 | 74AHC1G | | | 74AHCT1G | | | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|--|------|---------|-----------------|------|----------|-----------------|------|--|
| STWBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | UNIT | |
| V _{CC} | supply voltage | | 2.0 | 5.0 | 5.5 | 4.5 | 5.0 | 5.5 | V | |
| VI | input voltage | | 0 | _ | 5.5 | 0 | _ | 5.5 | V | |
| Vo | output voltage | | 0 | _ | V _{CC} | 0 | _ | V _{CC} | V | |
| T _{amb} | operating ambient temperature | see DC and AC characteristics per device | -40 | +25 | +85 | -40 | +25 | +85 | °C | |
| $t_r, t_f (\Delta t/\Delta f)$ | input rise and fall times | $V_{CC} = 3.3 \pm 0.3 \text{ V}$ | _ | _ | 100 | _ | _ | _ | ns/V | |
| | | $V_{CC} = 5 \pm 0.5 \text{ V}$ | _ | _ | 20 | _ | _ | 20 | ns/V | |

LIMITING VALUES

In accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134); voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | CONDITIONS | MIN. | MAX. | UNIT |
|------------------|--------------------------------|---|------|------|------|
| V _{CC} | supply voltage | | -0.5 | +7.0 | V |
| VI | input voltage | | -0.5 | +7.0 | V |
| I _{IK} | input diode current | V _I < -0.5 V | _ | -20 | mA |
| I _{OK} | output diode current | $V_{O} < -0.5 \text{ or } V_{O} > V_{CC} + 0.5 \text{ V}; \text{ note 1}$ | _ | ±20 | mA |
| Io | output source or sink current | $-0.5 \text{ V} < \text{V}_{\text{O}} < \text{V}_{\text{CC}} + 0.5 \text{ V}$ | _ | ±25 | mA |
| I _{CC} | V _{CC} or GND current | | _ | ±75 | mA |
| T _{stg} | storage temperature | | -65 | +150 | °C |
| P _D | power dissipation per package | for temperature range from –40 to +85 °C; note 2 | _ | 200 | mW |

Notes

- 1. The input and output voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output current ratings are observed.
- 2. Above 55 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ the value of P_D derates linearly with 2.5 mW/K.

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DC CHARACTERISTICS

Family 74AHC1G

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| | | TEST CONDITIONS | | | , | T _{amb} (°C | ;) | | |
|-----------------|--------------------------|--|---------------------|------|------|----------------------|-------|--------|------|
| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | OTUED | ., | | 25 | | −40 t | to +85 | UNIT |
| | | OTHER | V _{CC} (V) | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. | |
| V _{IH} | HIGH-level | | 2.0 | 1.5 | _ | _ | 1.5 | - | V |
| | input voltage | | 3.0 | 2.1 | _ | _ | 2.1 | _ | V |
| | | | 5.5 | 3.85 | _ | _ | 3.85 | _ | V |
| V _{IL} | LOW-level | | 2.0 | _ | _ | 0.5 | _ | 0.5 | V |
| | input voltage | | 3.0 | _ | _ | 0.9 | _ | 0.9 | V |
| | | | 5.5 | _ | _ | 1.65 | _ | 1.65 | V |
| V _{OH} | HIGH-level | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $I_O = -50 \mu A$ | 2.0 | 1.9 | 2.0 | _ | 1.9 | _ | V |
| | output voltage | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $I_O = -50 \mu A$ | 3.0 | 2.9 | 3.0 | _ | 2.9 | _ | V |
| | | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $I_O = -50 \mu A$ | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.5 | _ | 4.4 | _ | V |
| | | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $I_O = -4.0$ mA | 3.0 | 2.58 | _ | _ | 2.48 | _ | V |
| | | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $I_O = -8.0$ mA | 4.5 | 3.94 | _ | _ | 3.8 | _ | V |
| V _{OL} | LOW-level | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $I_O = 50 \mu A$ | 2.0 | _ | 0 | 0.1 | _ | 0.1 | ٧ |
| | output voltage | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $I_O = 50 \mu A$ | 3.0 | _ | 0 | 0.1 | _ | 0.1 | 7 |
| | | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $I_O = 50 \mu A$ | 4.5 | _ | 0 | 0.1 | _ | 0.1 | ٧ |
| | | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $I_O = 4.0$ mA | 3.0 | _ | _ | 0.36 | _ | 0.44 | ٧ |
| | | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $I_O = 8.0$ mA | 4.5 | _ | _ | 0.36 | _ | 0.44 | ٧ |
| I _{LI} | input leakage current | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND | 5.5 | _ | - | 0.1 | _ | 1.0 | μΑ |
| I _{CC} | quiescent supply current | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_O = 0$ | 5.5 | _ | _ | 1.0 | _ | 10 | μΑ |
| C _I | input capacitance | | | _ | 1.5 | 10 | _ | 10 | pF |

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Family 74AHCT1G

At recommended operating conditions; voltages are referenced to GND (ground = 0 V).

| | | TEST CONDIT | TONS | | | T _{amb} (°C | ;) | | |
|------------------|---|--|---------------------------------------|------|------|----------------------|-------|--------|------|
| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | OTUED | \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ | | 25 | | -40 t | to +85 | UNIT |
| | | OTHER | V _{CC} (V) | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. | |
| V _{IH} | HIGH-level input voltage | | 4.5 to 5.5 | 2.0 | _ | _ | 2.0 | _ | ٧ |
| V _{IL} | LOW-level input voltage | | 4.5 to 5.5 | _ | _ | 0.8 | _ | 0.8 | V |
| V _{OH} | HIGH-level output voltage | $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = -50 \mu\text{A}$ | 4.5 | 4.4 | 4.5 | _ | 4.4 | _ | V |
| | | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $I_O = -8.0$ mA | 4.5 | 3.94 | _ | _ | 3.8 | _ | V |
| V _{OL} | LOW-level output voltage | $V_I = V_{IH} \text{ or } V_{IL};$ $I_O = 50 \mu A$ | 4.5 | _ | 0 | 0.1 | _ | 0.1 | V |
| | | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} ; $I_O = 8.0 \text{ mA}$ | 4.5 | _ | _ | 0.36 | _ | 0.44 | V |
| I _{LI} | input leakage current | $V_I = V_{IH}$ or V_{IL} | 5.5 | _ | _ | 0.1 | _ | 1.0 | μΑ |
| I _{CC} | quiescent supply current | $V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND; $I_O = 0$ | 5.5 | _ | - | 1.0 | _ | 10 | μΑ |
| Δl _{CC} | additional quiescent supply current per input pin | $V_I = 3.4 \text{ V}$; other inputs at V_{CC} or GND; $I_O = 0$ | 5.5 | _ | _ | 1.35 | _ | 1.5 | mA |
| C _I | input capacitance | | | _ | 1.5 | 10 | _ | 10 | pF |

Inverter

74AHC1G04; 74AHCT1G04

AC CHARACTERISTICS

Type 74AHC1G04

 $GND = 0 \ V; \ t_r = t_f \leq 3.0 \ ns.$

| | | TEST CONDITIONS | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|------------------|-------|---------------------|------|--------------------|------|------|------------|----|
| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | WAVEFORMS | _ | V 00 | | 25 | 25 | | −40 to +85 | |
| | | WAVEFORING | CL | V _{CC} (V) | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. | |
| t _{PHL} /t _{PLH} | propagation | see Figs 5 and 6 | 15 pF | 3.0 to 3.6 | _ | 4.3 ⁽¹⁾ | 8.9 | 1.0 | 10.5 | ns |
| | delay A to Y | | 50 pF | 3.0 to 3.6 | _ | 6.1 ⁽¹⁾ | 11.4 | 1.0 | 13 | ns |
| | | | 15 pF | 4.5 to 5.5 | _ | 3.1 ⁽²⁾ | 5.5 | 1.0 | 6.5 | ns |
| | | | 50 pF | 4.5 to 5.5 | _ | 4.5 ⁽²⁾ | 7.5 | 1.0 | 8.5 | ns |

Notes

- 1. Typical values are measured at $V_{CC} = 3.3 \text{ V}$.
- 2. Typical values are measured at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$.

Type 74AHCT1G04

 $GND=0\ V;\ t_r=t_f\leq 3.0\ ns.$

| | | TEST CONDITIONS | | | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|------------------|-------|---------------------|------|--------------------|------|-------|-------|------|
| SYMBOL | PARAMETER | WAVEFORMS | _ | V 00 | | 25 | | −40 t | o +85 | UNIT |
| | | WAVEFORMS | CL | V _{CC} (V) | MIN. | TYP. | MAX. | MIN. | MAX. | |
| t _{PHL} /t _{PLH} | propagation | see Figs 5 and 6 | 15 pF | 4.5 to 5.5 | _ | 3.4 ⁽¹⁾ | 6.7 | 1.0 | 7.5 | ns |
| | delay A to Y | | 50 pF | 4.5 to 5.5 | _ | 4.9 ⁽¹⁾ | 7.7 | 1.0 | 8.5 | ns |

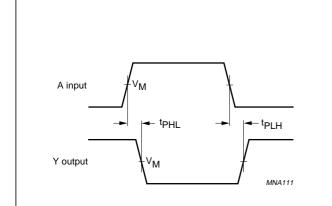
Note

1. Typical values are measured at $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$.

Inverter

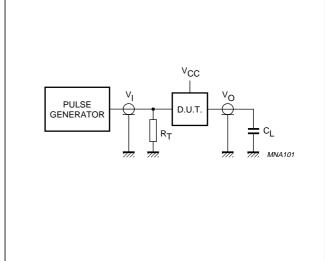
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AC WAVEFORMS



| FAMILY | V _I INPUT REQUIREMENTS | V _M INPUT | V _M OUTPUT |
|--------|--------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|
| AHC1G | GND to V _{CC} | 50% V _{CC} | 50% V _{CC} |
| AHCT1G | GND to 3.0 V | 1.5 V | 50% V _{CC} |

Fig.5 The input (A) to output (Y) propagation delays.



Definitions for test circuit:

 $C_{L} = \mbox{load}$ capacitance including jig and probe capacitance (see Chapter "AC characteristics").

 R_T = termination resistance should be equal to the output impedance Z_0 of the pulse generator.

Fig.6 Load circuitry for switching times.

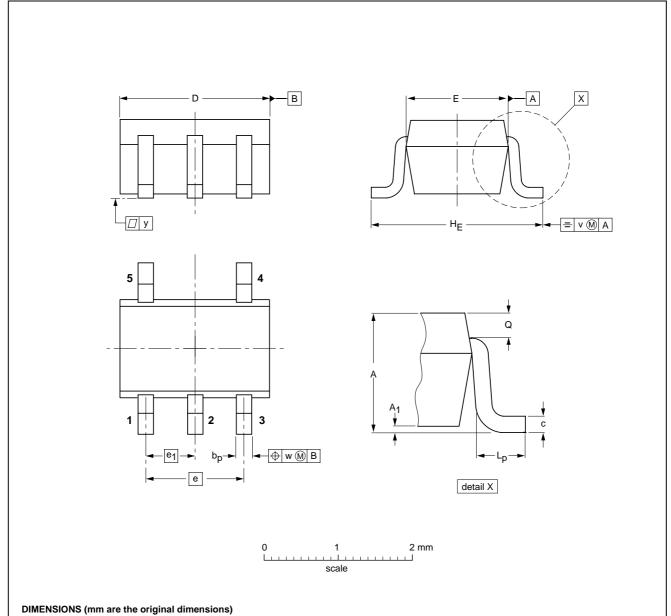
Inverter

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PACKAGE OUTLINE

Plastic surface mounted package; 5 leads

SOT353



| UNIT | Α | A ₁ max | bp | С | D | E ⁽²⁾ | е | e ₁ | HE | Lp | Q | ٧ | w | у |
|------|------------|-----------------------|--------------|--------------|------------|------------------|-----|----------------|------------|--------------|--------------|-----|-----|-----|
| mm | 1.1 0.8 | 0.1 | 0.30 0.20 | 0.25 0.10 | 2.2 1.8 | 1.35 1.15 | 1.3 | 0.65 | 2.2 2.0 | 0.45 0.15 | 0.25 0.15 | 0.2 | 0.2 | 0.1 |

| OUTLINE | REFERENCES | | | | EUROPEAN | ISSUE DATE |
|---------|------------|-------|--------|--|------------|------------|
| VERSION | IEC | JEDEC | EIAJ | | PROJECTION | ISSUE DATE |
| SOT353 | | | SC-88A | | | 97-02-28 |

Inverter

74AHC1G04; 74AHCT1G04

SOLDERING

Introduction to soldering surface mount packages

This text gives a very brief insight to a complex technology. A more in-depth account of soldering ICs can be found in our "Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages" (document order number 9398 652 90011).

There is no soldering method that is ideal for all surface mount IC packages. Wave soldering can still be used for certain surface mount ICs, but it is not suitable for fine pitch SMDs. In these situations reflow soldering is recommended.

Reflow soldering

Reflow soldering requires solder paste (a suspension of fine solder particles, flux and binding agent) to be applied to the printed-circuit board by screen printing, stencilling or pressure-syringe dispensing before package placement.

Several methods exist for reflowing; for example, convection or convection/infrared heating in a conveyor type oven. Throughput times (preheating, soldering and cooling) vary between 100 and 200 seconds depending on heating method.

Typical reflow peak temperatures range from 215 to 250 °C. The top-surface temperature of the packages should preferable be kept below 220 °C for thick/large packages, and below 235 °C for small/thin packages.

Wave soldering

Conventional single wave soldering is not recommended for surface mount devices (SMDs) or printed-circuit boards with a high component density, as solder bridging and non-wetting can present major problems.

To overcome these problems the double-wave soldering method was specifically developed.

If wave soldering is used the following conditions must be observed for optimal results:

- Use a double-wave soldering method comprising a turbulent wave with high upward pressure followed by a smooth laminar wave.
- For packages with leads on two sides and a pitch (e):
 - larger than or equal to 1.27 mm, the footprint longitudinal axis is **preferred** to be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board;
 - smaller than 1.27 mm, the footprint longitudinal axis must be parallel to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board.

The footprint must incorporate solder thieves at the downstream end.

 For packages with leads on four sides, the footprint must be placed at a 45° angle to the transport direction of the printed-circuit board. The footprint must incorporate solder thieves downstream and at the side corners.

During placement and before soldering, the package must be fixed with a droplet of adhesive. The adhesive can be applied by screen printing, pin transfer or syringe dispensing. The package can be soldered after the adhesive is cured.

Typical dwell time is 4 seconds at 250 °C. A mildly-activated flux will eliminate the need for removal of corrosive residues in most applications.

Manual soldering

Fix the component by first soldering two diagonally-opposite end leads. Use a low voltage (24 V or less) soldering iron applied to the flat part of the lead. Contact time must be limited to 10 seconds at up to $300~^{\circ}$ C.

When using a dedicated tool, all other leads can be soldered in one operation within 2 to 5 seconds between 270 and 320 $^{\circ}$ C.

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Suitability of surface mount IC packages for wave and reflow soldering methods

| PACKAGE | SOLDERING METHOD | | |
|---|-----------------------------------|-----------------------|--|
| PACKAGE | WAVE | REFLOW ⁽¹⁾ | |
| BGA, HBGA, LFBGA, SQFP, TFBGA | not suitable | suitable | |
| HBCC, HLQFP, HSQFP, HSOP, HTQFP, HTSSOP, HVQFN, SMS | not suitable(2) | suitable | |
| PLCC ⁽³⁾ , SO, SOJ | suitable | suitable | |
| LQFP, QFP, TQFP | not recommended ⁽³⁾⁽⁴⁾ | suitable | |
| SSOP, TSSOP, VSO | not recommended ⁽⁵⁾ | suitable | |

Notes

- 1. All surface mount (SMD) packages are moisture sensitive. Depending upon the moisture content, the maximum temperature (with respect to time) and body size of the package, there is a risk that internal or external package cracks may occur due to vaporization of the moisture in them (the so called popcorn effect). For details, refer to the Drypack information in the "Data Handbook IC26; Integrated Circuit Packages; Section: Packing Methods".
- 2. These packages are not suitable for wave soldering as a solder joint between the printed-circuit board and heatsink (at bottom version) can not be achieved, and as solder may stick to the heatsink (on top version).
- 3. If wave soldering is considered, then the package must be placed at a 45° angle to the solder wave direction. The package footprint must incorporate solder thieves downstream and at the side corners.
- 4. Wave soldering is only suitable for LQFP, TQFP and QFP packages with a pitch (e) equal to or larger than 0.8 mm; it is definitely not suitable for packages with a pitch (e) equal to or smaller than 0.65 mm.
- 5. Wave soldering is only suitable for SSOP and TSSOP packages with a pitch (e) equal to or larger than 0.65 mm; it is definitely not suitable for packages with a pitch (e) equal to or smaller than 0.5 mm.

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DATA SHEET STATUS

| DATA SHEET STATUS | PRODUCT STATUS | DEFINITIONS (1) |
|---------------------------|-------------------|--|
| Objective specification | Development | This data sheet contains the design target or goal specifications for product development. Specification may change in any manner without notice. |
| Preliminary specification | Qualification | This data sheet contains preliminary data, and supplementary data will be published at a later date. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design and supply the best possible product. |
| Product specification | Production | This data sheet contains final specifications. Philips Semiconductors reserves the right to make changes at any time without notice in order to improve design and supply the best possible product. |

Note

Please consult the most recently issued data sheet before initiating or completing a design.

DEFINITIONS

Short-form specification — The data in a short-form specification is extracted from a full data sheet with the same type number and title. For detailed information see the relevant data sheet or data handbook.

Limiting values definition — Limiting values given are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 60134). Stress above one or more of the limiting values may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and operation of the device at these or at any other conditions above those given in the Characteristics sections of the specification is not implied. Exposure to limiting values for extended periods may affect device reliability.

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NOTES

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NOTES

Philips Semiconductors – a worldwide company

Argentina: see South America

Australia: 3 Figtree Drive, HOMEBUSH, NSW 2140, Tel. +61 2 9704 8141, Fax. +61 2 9704 8139 **Austria:** Computerstr. 6, A-1101 WIEN, P.O. Box 213, Tel. +43 1 60 101 1248. Fax. +43 1 60 101 1210

Belarus: Hotel Minsk Business Center, Bld. 3, r. 1211, Volodarski Str. 6,

220050 MINSK, Tel. +375 172 20 0733, Fax. +375 172 20 0773

Belgium: see The Netherlands **Brazil:** see South America

Bulgaria: Philips Bulgaria Ltd., Energoproject, 15th floor,

51 James Bourchier Blvd., 1407 SOFIA, Tel. +359 2 68 9211, Fax. +359 2 68 9102

Canada: PHILIPS SEMICONDUCTORS/COMPONENTS,

Tel. +1 800 234 7381, Fax. +1 800 943 0087

China/Hong Kong: 501 Hong Kong Industrial Technology Centre,

72 Tat Chee Avenue, Kowloon Tong, HONG KONG, Tel. +852 2319 7888, Fax. +852 2319 7700

Colombia: see South America Czech Republic: see Austria

Denmark: Sydhavnsgade 23, 1780 COPENHAGEN V,

Tel. +45 33 29 3333, Fax. +45 33 29 3905 **Finland:** Sinikalliontie 3, FIN-02630 ESPOO, Tel. +358 9 615 800, Fax. +358 9 6158 0920

France: 51 Rue Carnot, BP317, 92156 SURESNES Cedex,

Tel. +33 1 4099 6161, Fax. +33 1 4099 6427

Germany: Hammerbrookstraße 69, D-20097 HAMBURG,

Tel. +49 40 2353 60, Fax. +49 40 2353 6300

Hungary: Philips Hungary Ltd., H-1119 Budapest, Fehervari ut 84/A,

Tel: +36 1 382 1700, Fax: +36 1 382 1800

India: Philips INDIA Ltd, Band Box Building, 2nd floor, 254-D, Dr. Annie Besant Road, Worli, MUMBAI 400 025,

Tel. +91 22 493 8541, Fax. +91 22 493 0966

Indonesia: PT Philips Development Corporation, Semiconductors Division,

Gedung Philips, Jl. Buncit Raya Kav.99-100, JAKARTA 12510, Tel. +62 21 794 0040 ext. 2501, Fax. +62 21 794 0080

Ireland: Newstead, Clonskeagh, DUBLIN 14, Tel. +353 1 7640 000, Fax. +353 1 7640 200

Israel: RAPAC Electronics, 7 Kehilat Saloniki St, PO Box 18053,

TEL AVIV 61180, Tel. +972 3 645 0444, Fax. +972 3 649 1007

Italy: PHILIPS SEMICONDUCTORS, Via Casati, 23 - 20052 MONZA (MI),

Tel. +39 039 203 6838, Fax +39 039 203 6800

Japan: Philips Bldg 13-37, Kohnan 2-chome, Minato-ku, TOKYO 108-8507, Tel. +81 3 3740 5130, Fax. +81 3 3740 5057

Korea: Philips House, 260-199 Itaewon-dong, Yongsan-ku, SEOUL,

Tel. +82 2 709 1412, Fax. +82 2 709 1415

Malaysia: No. 76 Jalan Universiti, 46200 PETALING JAYA, SELANGOR,

Marketing Communications, Building BE-p, P.O. Box 218, 5600 MD EINDHOVEN,

Tel. +60 3 750 5214, Fax. +60 3 757 4880

Mexico: 5900 Gateway East, Suite 200, EL PASO, TEXAS 79905,

For all other countries apply to: Philips Semiconductors,

Tel. +9-5 800 234 7381, Fax +9-5 800 943 0087

Middle East: see Italy

Netherlands: Postbus 90050, 5600 PB EINDHOVEN, Bldg. VB,

Tel. +31 40 27 82785, Fax. +31 40 27 88399

New Zealand: 2 Wagener Place, C.P.O. Box 1041, AUCKLAND, Tel. +64 9 849 4160, Fax. +64 9 849 7811

Norway: Box 1, Manglerud 0612, OSLO, Tel. +47 22 74 8000, Fax. +47 22 74 8341

Pakistan: see Singapore

Philippines: Philips Semiconductors Philippines Inc., 106 Valero St. Salcedo Village, P.O. Box 2108 MCC, MAKATI, Metro MANILA, Tel. +63 2 816 6380, Fax. +63 2 817 3474

Poland: Al.Jerozolimskie 195 B, 02-222 WARSAW, Tel. +48 22 5710 000, Fax. +48 22 5710 001

Portugal: see Spain Romania: see Italy

Russia: Philips Russia, Ul. Usatcheva 35A, 119048 MOSCOW,

Tel. +7 095 755 6918, Fax. +7 095 755 6919

Singapore: Lorong 1, Toa Payoh, SINGAPORE 319762,

Tel. +65 350 2538, Fax. +65 251 6500

Slovakia: see Austria Slovenia: see Italy

South Africa: S.A. PHILIPS Pty Ltd., 195-215 Main Road Martindale,

2092 JOHANNESBURG, P.O. Box 58088 Newville 2114,

Tel. +27 11 471 5401, Fax. +27 11 471 5398 South America: Al. Vicente Pinzon, 173, 6th floor,

04547-130 SÃO PAULO, SP, Brazil, Tel. +55 11 821 2333, Fax. +55 11 821 2382

Spain: Balmes 22, 08007 BARCELONA, Tel. +34 93 301 6312, Fax. +34 93 301 4107

Sweden: Kottbygatan 7, Akalla, S-16485 STOCKHOLM,

Tel. +46 8 5985 2000, Fax. +46 8 5985 2745 **Switzerland:** Allmendstrasse 140, CH-8027 ZÜRICH,

Tel. +41 1 488 2741 Fax. +41 1 488 3263

Taiwan: Philips Semiconductors, 5F, No. 96, Chien Kuo N. Rd., Sec. 1, TAIPEI, Taiwan Tel. +886 2 2134 2451, Fax. +886 2 2134 2874

Thailand: PHILIPS ELECTRONICS (THAILAND) Ltd.,

60/14 MOO 11, Bangna Trad Road KM. 3, Bagna, BANGKOK 10260,

Tel. +66 2 361 7910, Fax. +66 2 398 3447

Turkey: Yukari Dudullu, Org. San. Blg., 2.Cad. Nr. 28 81260 Umraniye,

ISTANBUL, Tel. +90 216 522 1500, Fax. +90 216 522 1813

Ukraine: PHILIPS UKRAINE, 4 Patrice Lumumba str., Building B, Floor 7,

252042 KIEV, Tel. +380 44 264 2776, Fax. +380 44 268 0461

United Kingdom: Philips Semiconductors Ltd., 276 Bath Road, Hayes, MIDDLESEX UB3 5BX, Tel. +44 208 730 5000, Fax. +44 208 754 8421

United States: 811 East Arques Avenue, SUNNYVALE, CA 94088-3409,

Tel. +1 800 234 7381, Fax. +1 800 943 0087

Uruguay: see South America **Vietnam:** see Singapore

Yugoslavia: PHILIPS, Trg N. Pasica 5/v, 11000 BEOGRAD,

Tel. +381 11 3341 299, Fax.+381 11 3342 553

Internet: http://www.semiconductors.philips.com

The Netherlands, Fax. +31 40 27 24825

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