

CMOS 8-Bit Microcontrollers

TMP90C441N/TMP90C441F

1. Outline and Characteristics

The TMP90C441 is a high-speed advanced 8-bit microcontroller applicable to a variety of equipment.

With its 8-bit CPU, A/D converter, multi-function timer/event counter and general-purpose serial interface integrated into a single CMOS chip, the TMP90C441 allows the expansion of external memories for programs (up to 64K byte) and data (1M byte).

The TMP90C441N is a 64-pin shrink DIP product. (SDIP64-P750)

The TMP90C441F is a 64-pin flat package product. (QFP64-P1420A)

The characteristics of the TMP90C441 include:

- (1) Powerful instructions: 163 basic instructions, including Multiplication, division, 16-bit arithmetic operations, bit manipulation instructions
- (2) Minimum instruction executing time: 250ns at 16MHz oscillation frequency)
- (3) Internal RAM
- (4) Memory expansion
External program memory: 64K byte
External data memory: 1M byte
- (5) 8-bit A/D converter (6 channels)
- (6) General-purpose serial interface (1 Channel)
Asynchronous mode, I/O interface mode
- (7) Multi-function 16-bit timer/event counter (1 channel)
- (8) 8-bit timers (4 channels)
- (9) Stepping motor control port (2 channels)
- (10) Input/Output ports (28 pins)
- (11) Interrupt function: 10 internal interrupts and 4 external interrupts
- (12) Micro Direct Memory Access (μ DMA) function (11 channels)
- (13) Watchdog timer
- (14) Standby function (4 HALT modes)

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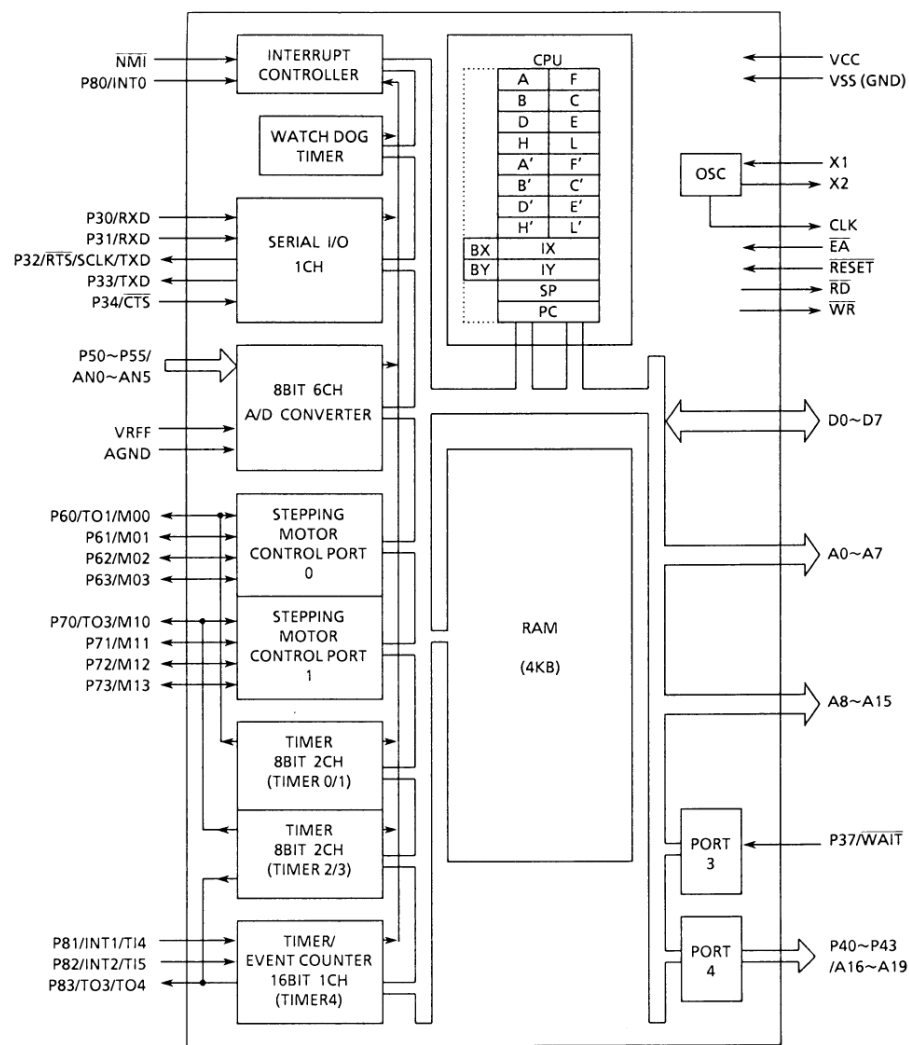


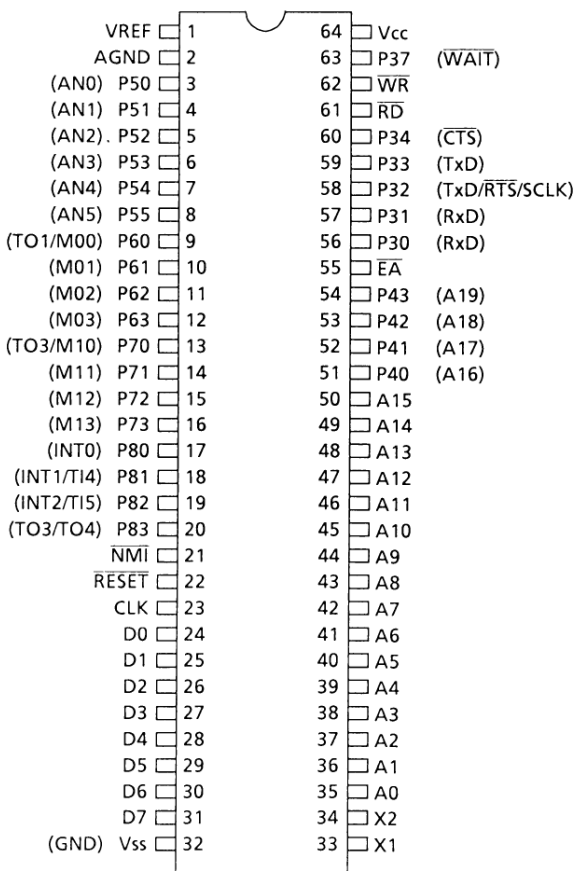
Figure 1. TMP90C441 Block Diagram

2. Pin Assignment and Functions

The assignment of input/output pins, their names and functions are described below.

2.1 Pin Assignment

Figure 2.1 (1) shows pin assignment of the TMP90C441N.



**Figure 2.1 (1). Pin Assignment
(Shrink Dual Inline Package)**

Figure 2.1 (2) shows pin assignment of theTMP90C441F.

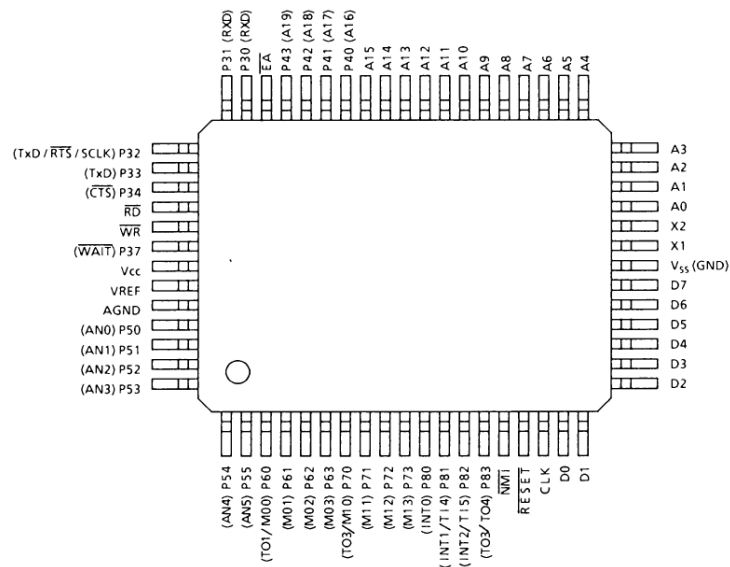


Figure 1. 1 (2). Pin Assignment (Flat Package)

2.2 Pin Names and Functions

The names of input/output pins and their functions are summarized in Table 2.2.

Table 2.2 Pin Names and Functions (1/2)

Pin Name	No. of pins	I/O 3 states	Function
D0 ~ D7	8	3 states	Data bus: Also functions as 8-bit bidirectional data bus for external memory
A0 ~ A7	8	Output	Address bus: The lower 8 bits address bus for external memory
A8 ~ A15	8	Output	Address bus: The upper 8 bits address bus for external memory
P30 /RxD	1	Input	Port 30: 1-bit input port Receiver Serial Data
P31 /RxD	1	Input	Port 31: 1-bit input port Receiver Serial Data
P32 /Tx/D /RTS /SCLK	1	Output	Port 32: 1-bit input port Transmitter Serial Data Request to send Serial Data Serial clock output
P33 /Tx/D	1	Output	Port 33: 1-bit output port Transmitter Serial Data
P34 /CTS	1	Input	Port 34: 1-bit input port Clear to send Serial data
$\overline{RD}$	1	Output	Read: Generates strobe signal for reading external memory
$\overline{WR}$	1	Output	Write: Generates strobe signal for writing into external memory

Table 2.2 Pin Names and Functions (2/2)

Pin Name	No. of Pins	I/O 3 states	Function
P37 /WAIT	1	Input	Port 37: 1-bit input port Wait: Input pin for connecting slow speed memory or peripheral LSI
P40 ~ P43 /A16 ~ A19	4	Output	Port 4: 4-bit output port that allows selection of Port/Address Bus on bit basis Address bus: Also functions as address bus for external memory (4 bits of bank address)
P50 ~ P55 /AN0 ~ AN5	6	Input	Port 5: 6-bit input port Analog input: 6 analog input to A/D converter
VREF	1	—	Input of reference voltage to A/D converter
AGND	1	—	Ground pin for A/D converter
P60 ~ P63 /M00 ~ M03 /T01	4	I/O	Port 6: 4-bit I/O port that allows I/O selection on bit basis
		Output	Stepping motor control port 0
		Output	Timer output 1: Output of Timer 0 or 1
P70 ~ P73 /M10 ~ M13 /T03	4	I/O	Port 7: 4-bit I/O port that allows I/O selection on bit basis
		Output	Stepping motor control port 1
		Output	Timer output 3: Output of timer 2 or 3
P80 /INT0	1	Input	Port 80: 1-bit input port Interrupt request pin 0: Interrupt request pin (Level/rising edge is programmable) 
P81 /INT1 /T14	1	Input	Port 81: 1-bit input port Interrupt request pin 1: Interrupt request pin (Rising/falling edge is programmable)  Timer input 4: Counter/capture trigger signal for Timer 4
P82 /INT2 /T15	1	Input	Port 82: 1-bit input port Interrupt request pin 2: rising edge interrupt request pin Timer input 5: capture trigger signal for Timer 4
P82 /T03/T04	1	Output	Port 83: 1-bit output port Timer output 3/4: Output of Timer 2, 3 or 4
$\overline{\text{NMI}}$	1	Input	Non-maskable interrupt request pin: Falling edge interrupt request pin 
CLK	1	Output	Clock output: Generates clock pulse at 1/4 frequency of clock oscillation. It is Pulled up internally during resetting.
$\overline{\text{EA}}$	1	Input	External access: Connects with GND pin in the TMP90C441 with no internal ROM.
$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	1	Input	Reset: Initializes the TMP 90C441. (Built-in pull-up resistor)
X1/X2	2	Input/ Output	Pin for quartz crystal or ceramic resonator
V _{CC}	1	—	Power supply (+5V)
V _{SS} (GND)	1	—	Ground (0V)

3. Operation

The following explains the TMP90C441 functions and basic operations. The CPU functions and internal I/O functions of the TMP90C441 are the same as the TMP90C840A.

Refer to the “TMP90C840A” section concerning functions which are not explained the following.

3.1 CPU

The TMP90C441 has an internal high-performance 8-bit CPU.

Refer to the “TLCS-90 CPU” section concerning CPU operation.

3.2 Memory Map

The TMP90C441 supports a program memory of up to 64K bytes and a data memory of maximum 1M bytes.

The program memory may be assigned to the address space from 00000H to 0FFFFH, while the data memory can be allocated to any address from 00000H to FFFFFH.

(1) Internal RAM

The TMP90C441 internally contains a 4K byte RAM, which is allocated to the address space from FBC0H to FFBFH. The CPU allows the access to a certain RAM area (FF00H to FFBFH, 192 bytes) by a short operation code (opcode) in a “direct addressing mode”.

The addresses from FF10H to FF7FH in this RAM area can be used as parameter area for micro DMA processing (and for any other purposes when the micro DMA function is not used).

(2) Internal I/O

The TMP90C441 provides a 48-byte address space as an internal I/O area, whose addressess range from FFC0H to FFEFH. This I/O area can be accessed by the CPU using a short opcode in the “direct addressing mode”.

Figure 3.1 is a memory map indicating the areas accessible by the CPU in the respective addressing mode.

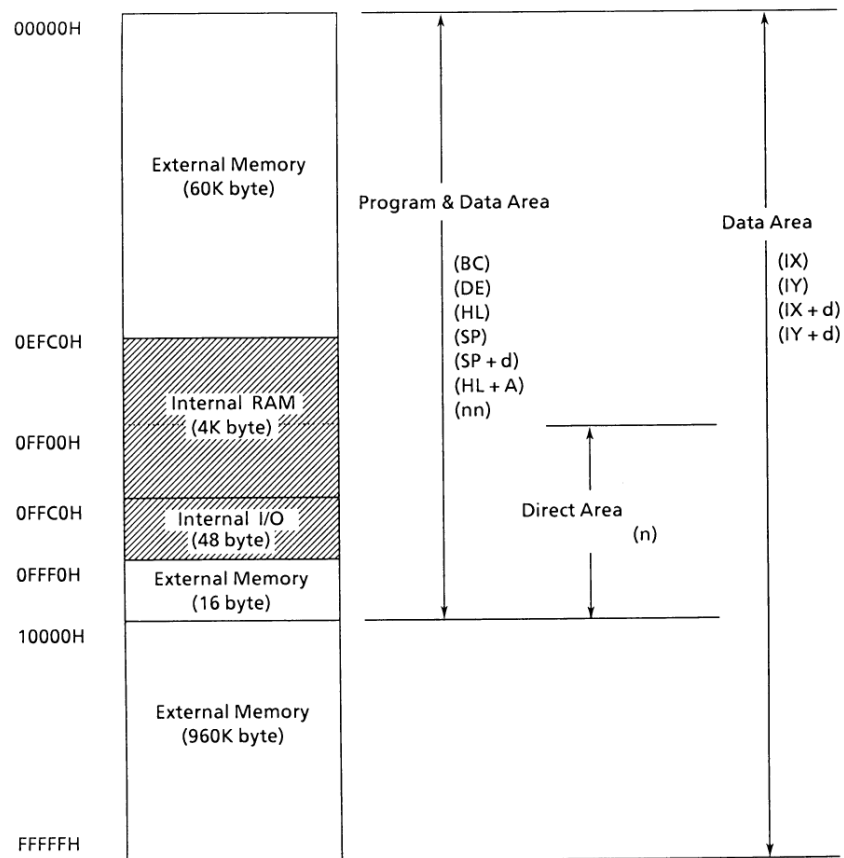


Figure 3.2. Memory Map

4. Electrical Characteristics

TMP90C441N/TMP90C441F

4.1 Absolute Maximum Ratings

Symbol	Parameter	Rating	Unit
V_{CC}	Supply voltage	-0.5 ~ + 6.5	V
V_{IN}	Input voltage	-0.5 ~ $V_{CC} + 0.5$	V
P_D	Power dissipation ($T_a = 70^\circ\text{C}$)	F 500	mW
		N 600	
T_{SOLDER}	Soldering temperature (10s)	260	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{STG}	Storage temperature	-65 ~ 150	$^\circ\text{C}$
T_{OPR}	Operating temperature	-20 ~ 70	$^\circ\text{C}$

4.2 DC Characteristics

$T_A = -20 \sim 70^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$
Typical Values are for $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ and $V_{CC} = 5V$.

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Max	Unit	Test Conditions
V_{IL}	Input Low Voltage (D0 ~ D7)	-0.3	0.8	V	—
V_{IL1}	P3, P5, P6, P7, P8	-0.3	$0.3V_{CC}$	V	—
V_{IL2}	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$, INT0, $\overline{\text{NMI}}$	-0.3	$0.25V_{CC}$	V	—
V_{IL4}	X1	-0.3	$0.2V_{CC}$	V	—
V_{IH}	Input High Voltage (D0 ~ D7)	2.2	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	—
V_{IH1}	P3, P5, P6, P7, P8	$0.7V_{CC}$	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	—
V_{IH2}	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$, INT0, $\overline{\text{NMI}}$	$0.75V_{CC}$	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	—
V_{IH4}	X1	$0.8V_{CC}$	$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V	—
V_{OL}	Output Low Voltage	—	0.45	V	$I_{OL} = 1.6\text{mA}$
V_{OH} V_{OH1} V_{OH2}	Output High Voltage	2.4 $0.75V_{CC}$ $0.9V_{CC}$	—	V V V	$I_{OH} = -400\mu\text{A}$ $I_{OH} = -100\mu\text{A}$ $I_{OH} = -20\mu\text{A}$
I_{DAR}	Darlington Drive Current (8 I/O pins)	-1.0	-3.5	mA	$V_{EXT} = 1.5V$ $R_{EXT} = 1.1k\Omega$
I_{LI}	Input Leakage Current	0.02 (Typ)	± 5	μA	$0.0 \leq V_{in} \leq V_{CC}$
I_{LO}	Output Leakage Current	0.05 (Typ)	± 10	μA	$0.2 \leq V_{in} \leq V_{CC} - 0.2$
I_{CC}	Operating Current (RUN)	19 (Typ)	30	mA	$t_{osc} = 16\text{MHz}$
	Idle 1	1.6 (Typ)	6	mA	
	Idle 2	9 (Typ)	15	mA	
	STOP ($T_A = -20 \sim 70^\circ\text{C}$) STOP ($T_A = 0 \sim 50^\circ\text{C}$)	0.2 (Typ)	50 10	μA μA	$0.2 \leq V_{in} \leq V_{CC} - 0.2$
R_{RST}	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Pull Up Register	50	150	$k\Omega$	—
CIO	Pin Capacitance	—	10	pF	testfreq = 1MHz
V_{TH}	Schmitt width $\overline{\text{RESET}}$, $\overline{\text{NMI}}$, INT0	0.4	1.0 (Typ)	V	—

Note: I_{DAR} is guaranteed for a total of up to 8 optional ports.

4.3 AC Characteristics

$T_A = -20 \sim 70^\circ\text{C}$ $V_{CC} = 5V \pm 10\%$
 $CL = 50\text{pF}$

Symbol	Parameter	Variable		10MHz Clock		16MHz Clock		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t_{OSC}	OSC. Period = x	80	1000	100	—	82.5	—	ns
t_{CYC}	CLK Period	4x	4x	400	—	250	—	ns
t_{WL}	CLK Low width	2x - 40	—	160	—	85	—	ns
t_{WH}	CLK High width	2x - 40	—	160	—	85	—	ns
t_{AC}	Address Setup to $\overline{RD}$, $\overline{WR}$	x - 45	—	55	—	17	—	ns
t_{RR}	$\overline{RD}$ Low width	2.5x - 40	—	210	—	115	—	ns
t_{CA}	Address Hold Time After $\overline{RD}$, $\overline{WR}$	0.5x - 30	—	20	—	5	—	ns
t_{AD}	Address to Valid Data In	—	3.5x - 95	—	255	—	124	ns
t_{RD}	$\overline{RD}$ to Valid Data In	—	2.5x - 80	—	170	—	77	ns
t_{HR}	Input Data Hold After $\overline{RD}$	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
t_{WW}	$\overline{WR}$ Low width	2.5x - 40	—	210	—	115	—	ns
t_{DW}	Data Setup to $\overline{WR}$	2x - 50	—	150	—	75	—	ns
t_{WD}	Data Hold After $\overline{WR}$	20	70	20	70	20	70	ns
t_{CWA}	$\overline{RD}$, $\overline{WR}$ to Valid $\overline{WAIT}$	—	1.5x - 80	—	70	—	14	ns
t_{AWA}	Address to Valid $\overline{WAIT}$	—	2.5x - 130	—	120	—	27	ns
t_{WAS}	$\overline{WAIT}$ Setup to CLK	50	—	50	—	50	—	ns
t_{WAH}	$\overline{WAIT}$ Hold After CLK	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
t_{RV}	$\overline{RD}/\overline{WR}$ Recovery Time	1.5x - 35	—	115	—	58	—	ns
t_{CPW}	CLK to Port Data Output	—	x + 200	—	300	—	263	ns
t_{PRC}	Port Data Setup to CLK	200	—	200	—	200	—	ns
t_{CPR}	Port Data Hold After CLK	100	—	100	—	100	—	ns
t_{CHCL}	$\overline{RD}/\overline{WR}$ Hold After CLK	x - 60	—	40	—	10	—	ns
t_{CLC}	$\overline{RD}/\overline{WR}$ Setup to CLK	1.5x - 25	—	125	—	68	—	ns
t_{CLHA}	Address Hold After CLK	1.5x - 80	—	70	—	13	—	ns
t_{ACL}	Address Setup to CLK	2.5x - 80	—	170	—	76	—	ns
t_{CLD}	Data Setup to CLK	x - 50	—	50	—	12	—	ns

- AC output level High 2.2V/Low 0.8V
- AC input level High 2.4V/Low 0.45V (D0 – D7)
 High $0.8V_{CC}$ /Low $0.2V_{CC}$ (excluding D0 – D7)

4.4 A/D Conversion Characteristics

TA = -20 ~ 70°C V_{CC} = 5V ± 10%

Symbol	Parameter	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{REF}	Analog reference voltage	V _{CC} - 1.5	V _{CC}	V _{CC}	V
A _{GND}	Analog reference voltage	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	V _{SS}	
V _{AIN}	Allowable analog input voltage	V _{SS}	—	V _{CC}	
I _{REF}	Supply current for analog reference voltage	—	0.5	1.0	mA
Error (1M ≤ f _c ≤ 12.5MHz)	Total error (TA = 25°C, V _{CC} = V _{REF} = 5.0V)	—	—	1.0	LSB
	Total error	—	—	2.5	
Error (12.5M ≤ f _c ≤ 16MHz)	Total error (TA = 25°C, V _{CC} = V _{REF} = 5.0V)	—	—	2.0	LSB
	Total error	—	—	3.5	

4.5 Zero-Cross Characteristics

TA = -20 ~ 70°C V_{CC} = 5V ± 10%

Symbol	Parameter	Condition	Min	Max	Unit
V _{ZX}	Zero-cross detection input	AC coupling C = 0.1μF	1	1.8	VAC p - p
A _{ZX}	Zero-cross accuracy	50/60Hz sine wave	—	135	mV
F _{ZX}	Zero-cross detection input frequency	—	0.04	1	kHz

4.6 Serial Channel Timing-I/O Interface Mode

TA = -20 ~ 70°C V_{CC} = 5V ± 10%
CL = 50pF

Symbol	Parameter	Variable		10MHz Clock		16MHz Clock		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{SCY}	Serial Port Clock Cycle Time	8x	—	800	—	500	—	ns
t _{OSS}	Output Data Setup SCLK Rising Edge	6x - 150	—	450	—	225	—	ns
t _{OHS}	Output Data Hold After SCLK Rising Edge	2x - 120	—	80	—	45	—	ns
t _{HSR}	Input Data Hold After SCLK Rising Edge	0	—	0	—	0	—	ns
t _{SRD}	SCLK Rising Edge to Input DATA Valid	—	6x - 150	—	450	—	225	ns

4.7 16-bit Event Counter

TA = -20 ~ 70°C V_{CC} = 5V ± 10%

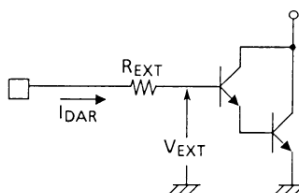
Symbol	Parameter	Variable		10MHz Clock		16MHz Clock		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{VCK}	TI4 clock cycle	8x + 100	—	900	—	600	—	ns
t _{VCKL}	TI4 Low clock pulse width	4x + 40	—	440	—	290	—	ns
t _{VCKH}	TI4 High clock pulse width	4x + 40	—	440	—	290	—	ns

4.8 Interrupt Operation

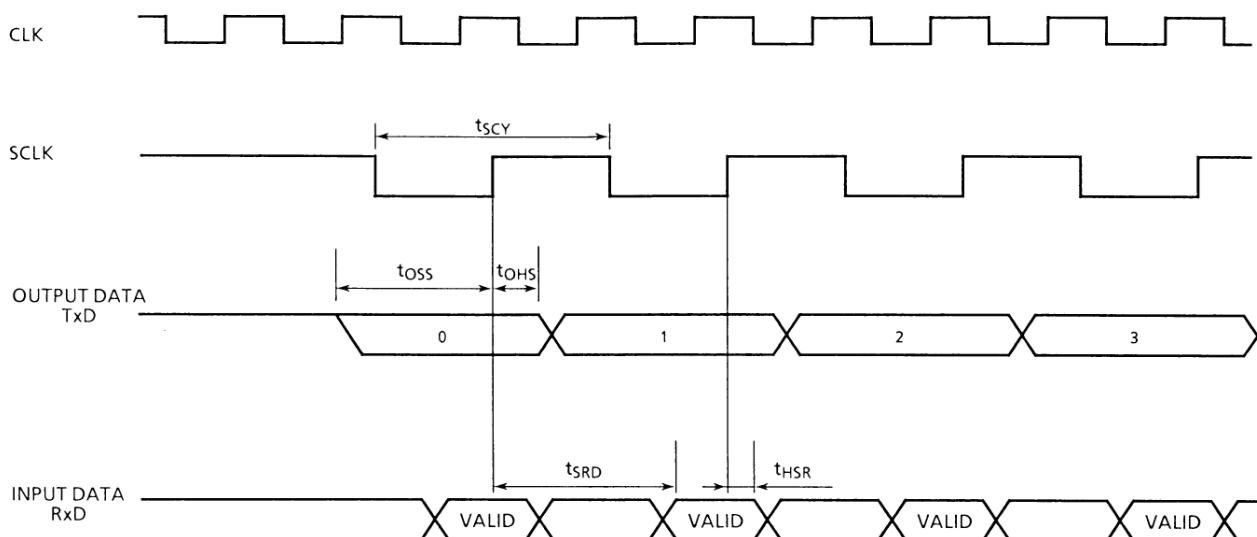
TA = -20 ~ 70°C V_{CC} = 5V ± 10%

Symbol	Parameter	Variable		10MHz Clock		16MHz Clock		Unit
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
t _{INTAL}	NMI, INTO Low level pulse width 	4x	—	400	—	250	—	ns
t _{INTAH}	NMI, INTO High level pulse width 	4x	—	400	—	250	—	ns
t _{INTBL}	INT1, INT2 Low level pulse width 	8x + 100	—	900	—	600	—	ns
t _{INTBH}	INT1, INT2 High level pulse width 	8x + 100	—	900	—	600	—	ns

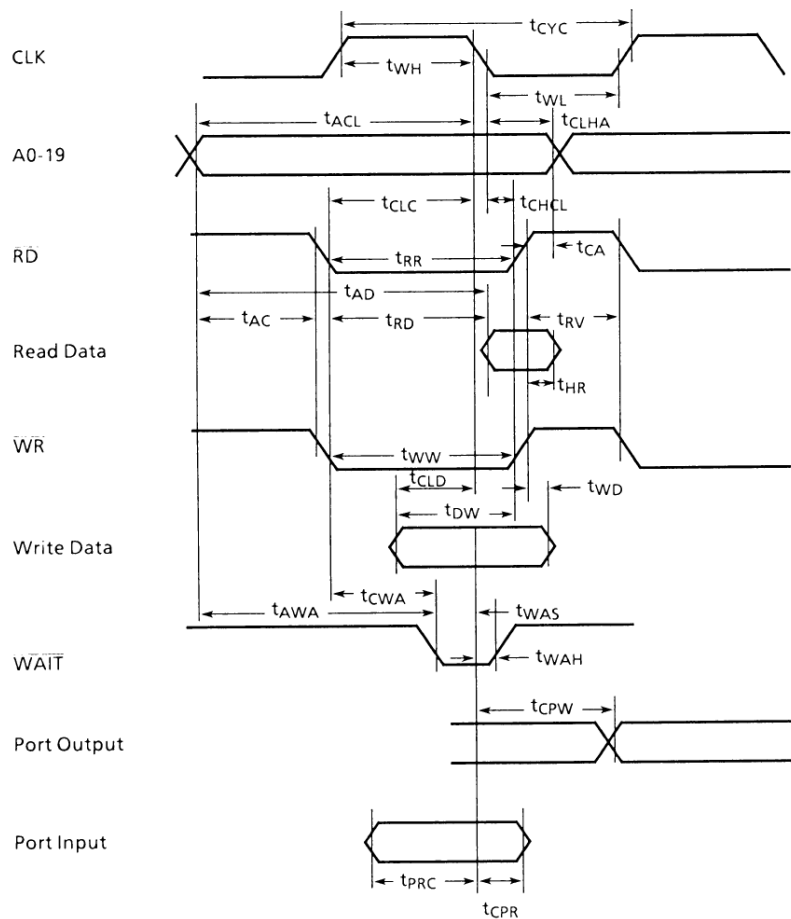
(Reference) Definition of I_{DAR}



4.9 I/O Interface Mode Timing Chart



4.10 Timing Chart



TMP90C441 Special Function Register Address Table

Address	Symbol	Address	Symbol	Address	Symbol
FFC0	Reserved	FFD0	P8	FEC0	TREG4L
FFC1	Reserved	FFD1	P8CR	FEC1	TREG4H
FFC2	IRFL (Note 1)	FFD2	WDMOD	FEC2	TREG5L
FFC3	IRFH	FFD3	WDCR	FEC3	TREG5H
FFC4	Reserved	FFD4	TREG0	FEC4	T4MOD
FFC5	Reserved	FFD5	TREG1	FEC5	T4FFCR
FFC6	P3 (Note 2)	FFD6	TREG2	FEC6	INTEL
FFC7	P3CR	FFD7	TREG2	FEC7	INTEH (DMAEL)
FFC8	P4	FFD8	TCLK	FEC8	DMAEH
FFC9	P4CR	FFD9	TFFCR	FEC9	SCHMOD
FFCA	SMMOD	FFDA	TMOD	FECA	SCCR
FFCB	P5	FFDB	TRUN	FECB	SCBUF
FFCC	P6	FFDC	CAP1L	FECC	BX
FFCD	P7	FFDD	CAP1H	FECD	BY
FFCE	P67CR	FFDE	CAP2L	FECE	ADREG
FFCF	SMCR	FFDF	CAP2H	FECE	ADMOD

Note 1) You can't use except for bit 4, 5, and 6 in Address (FFC2H)
Note 2) You can't use except for bit 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 7 in Address (FFC6H)