

IS32BL3552

BOOST TYPE LED DRIVER WITH 2-CHANNEL CURRENT SOURCE

August 2015

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The IS32BL3552 is a white LED driver for backlight applications based on a highly efficient boost controller operating over a wide input voltage range of 4.5V to 33V.

The IS32BL3552 contains four regulated current sources with 1.5% (Typ.) current matching between strings for a uniform LED brightness. Each current source can be programmed via an external resistor to drive from 40mA to 360mA. A fast slew rate current source allows high frequency and narrow pulse width dimming signals to achieve a very high contrast ratio. The device operating frequency can be adjusted from 0.1MHz to 1MHz.

The IS32BL3552 has safety protection features to prevent damage during fault conditions. Protection features include an internal soft-start circuit to prevent a high inrush current during startup, open/short LED protection to automatically disable a faulty current source, over temperature protection (OTP), cycle-by-cycle current limit, under voltage lockout (UVLO), programmable OVP, VOUT short / Schottky diode open protection and Schottky Diode short-circuit protection.

The IS32BL3552 is available in a thermally enhanced eTSSOP-16 package.

FEATURES

- Input voltage range: 4.5V to 33V
- 2-Channel LED current sinks, 360mA per string
- LED current adjustable from 40mA to 360mA
- String-to-string current matching accuracy: 1.5%
- Adjustable operating frequency: 100kHz to 1MHz
- External PWM dimming
- High contrast ratio
- Less than 3 μ A shutdown current
- Programmable soft-start
- Built-in protection features
 - OCP, OTP, UVLO
 - Open/short LED protection
 - Programmable OVP
 - Schottky Diode/inductor short-circuit protection
- Automotive AEC-Q100 Qualified

APPLICATIONS

- Automotive Lighting
- LCD Monitor/TV
- LCD Display Module

TYPICAL APPLICATION CIRCUIT

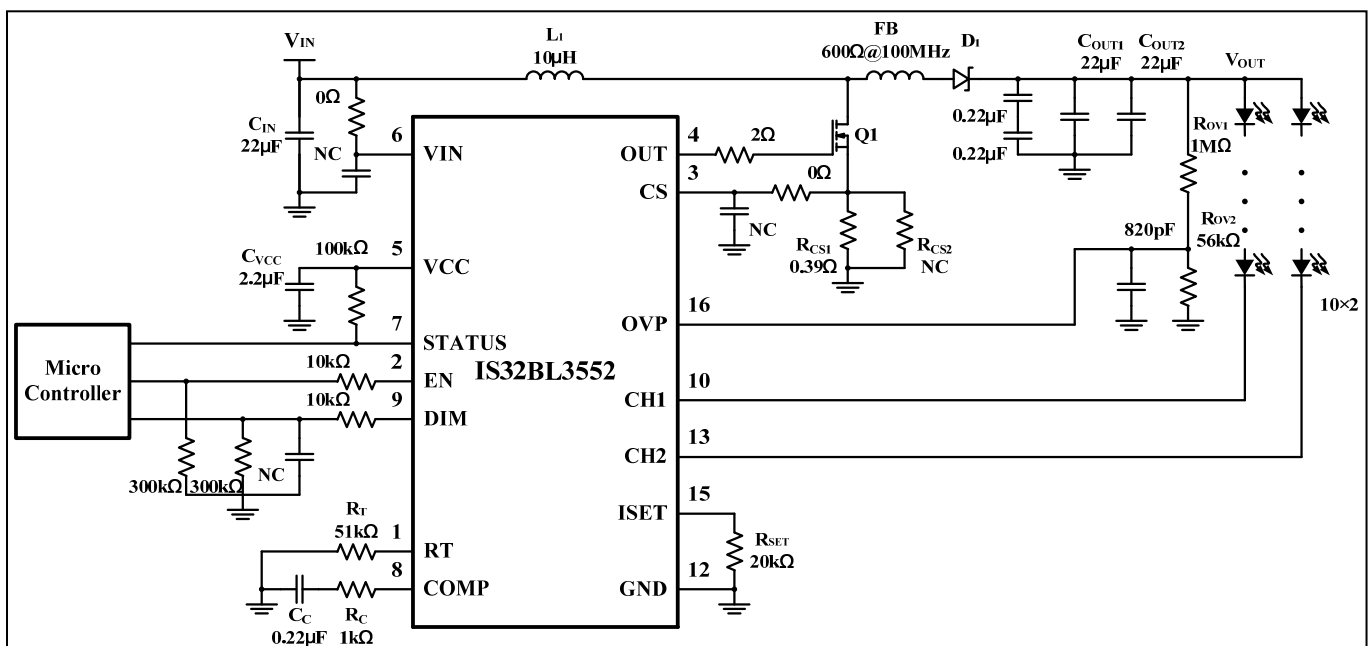
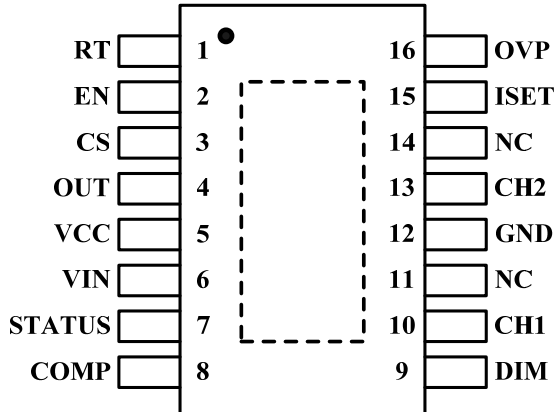


Figure 1 Typical Application Circuit

IS32BL3552

PIN CONFIGURATION

| Package | Pin Configuration (Top View) |
|-----------|--|
| eTSSOP-16 |  |

PIN DESCRIPTION

| No. | Pin | Description |
|-------|-------------|--|
| 1 | RT | A resistor value to ground sets the switching frequency from 100kHz to 1MHz. |
| 2 | EN | Enable Input. The IC is Enabled when this pin is above 2.4V. The IC is Disabled and in Shutdown mode when this pin is below 0.5V. In shutdown mode only a minimal 3μA current is consumed. |
| 3 | CS | Current sense input from the switching converter. A sense resistor from the source of the external N-MOSFET to GND sets the switching current limit. |
| 4 | OUT | Switching N-MOSFET Gate Drive Output. This pin outputs a high voltage (5V/V _{CC} -0.5V) to drive an external switching N-MOSFET. |
| 5 | VCC | 5V linear regulator output. Bypass this pin to GND with a ceramic capacitor as close as possible to the pin. |
| 6 | VIN | Supply input (4.5V to 33V). Bypass VIN to GND with a capacitor (typical 10μF) to keep the DC input voltage constant. |
| 7 | STATUS | LED operation status will output logic low if a fault is detected. |
| 8 | COMP | Soft-start and control loop compensation. |
| 9 | DIM | PWM signal input for LED dimming. If dimming is not implemented, connect it to VCC pin 5. |
| 10 | CH1 | LED current sink 1 (up to 360mA). If unused leave the pin open unconnected. |
| 11,14 | NC | No connection. |
| 13 | CH2 | LED current sink 2 (up to 360mA). If unused leave the pin open unconnected. |
| 12 | GND | Ground. Connect all grounds at a single point. |
| 15 | ISET | LED current adjust input. Connect a resistor R _{ISET} between ISET pin and GND to set the reference current through each LED string. |
| 16 | OVP | Over voltage protection pin. Connect a resistor-divider from the switching converter output to this pin. The OVP comparator reference is internally set to 2.0V. Above 2.0V triggers OVP and shuts down switch power; switch resumes normal operation when the pin voltage drops below hysteresis voltage. |
| | Thermal Pad | Connect to GND. |



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ORDERING INFORMATION

Automotive Range: -40°C to +125°C

| Order Part No. | Package | QTY |
|--------------------|----------------------|-----------|
| IS32BL3552-ZLA3-TR | eTSSOP-16, Lead-free | 2500/Reel |
| IS32BL3552-ZLA3 | | 96/Tube |

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

| | |
|--|----------------|
| Input voltage, V_{IN} | -0.3V ~ +42V |
| CH1 to CH2 voltage, V_{CH} | -0.3V ~ +55V |
| GND pin voltage, V_{GND} | -0.3V ~ +0.3V |
| Voltage in other pins, V_{PIN} | -0.3V ~ +7.0V |
| Thermal resistance, θ_{JA} | 39.9°C/W |
| Thermal simulation @25°C ambient temperature, still air convection, 2s2p boards according to JESD51. | |
| Operating junction temperature, T_J | 150°C |
| Lead Temperature(Soldering, 10s), T_{LEAD} | 260°C |
| Storage temperature range, T_{STG} | -65°C ~ +150°C |
| Operating ambient temperature range, T_A | -40°C ~ +125°C |
| ESD(HBM) | 2kV |
| ESD(CDM) | 750V |

Note:

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these or any other condition beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|------------|-------------------------------|-----------|------|------|------|------|
| V_{IN} | Input voltage | | 4.5 | | 33 | V |
| f_{OSC} | Switch frequency | | 0.1 | | 1 | MHz |
| V_{LEDX} | LED channel voltage | | | | 50 | V |
| I_{LEDX} | LED channel current | | 40 | | 360 | mA |
| f_{PWM} | PWM dimming frequency | (Note 1) | 0.1 | | 20 | kHz |
| T_A | Operating ambient temperature | | -40 | | 125 | °C |

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

$V_{IN} = 12V$, $V_{EN} = 5V$, $T_A = T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$, Typical values are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|---------------------|----------------------|---|------|--------------|------|---------|
| Input Supply | | | | | | |
| V_{IN} | Input voltage | | 4.5 | | 33 | V |
| I_{CC} | Quiescent current | No switching | | 3 | 5 | mA |
| I_{SD} | Shutdown current | $V_{EN} = V_{DIM} = 0V$ | | 0.1 | 3 | μA |
| V_{UVLO} | UVLO | V_{IN} Rising | 3.4 | 3.8 | 4.2 | V |
| V_{UVLO_HYS} | UVLO hysteresis | | | 0.2 | | V |
| VCC Section | | | | | | |
| V_{CC} | VCC voltage | $V_{IN} \geq 5.5V$ | | 5 | | V |
| | | $V_{IN} < 5.5V$, $I_{LOAD} = 10mA$ | | $V_{IN}-0.1$ | | V |
| t_{RISING} | Out pin rising time | 1nF load (Note 1) | | 30 | 50 | ns |
| $t_{FALLING}$ | Out pin falling time | 1nF load (Note 1) | | 30 | 50 | ns |
| | Load Regulation | $V_{IN} = 12V$, $I_{LOAD} = 0mA \sim 30mA$ | | 5 | 10 | mV/mA |
| | Line Regulation | $V_{IN} = 6.5V \sim 12V$, $I_{LOAD} = 1mA$ | | 3 | 10 | mV/V |

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

$V_{IN} = 12V$, $V_{EN} = 5V$, $T_A = T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$, Typical values are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|---|-----------------------------------|--|------|-------------|------|-----------|
| High Frequency Oscillator | | | | | | |
| $t_{ON-TIME}$ | Minimum on-time | $f = 500kHz$ (Note 1) | | 200 | | ns |
| f_{OSC} | Switch frequency (10% variation) | $R_T = 100k\Omega$ | 440 | 520 | 570 | kHz |
| D_{MAX} | Maximum duty cycle | $f = 500kHz$ | 88 | 90 | | % |
| Enable Logic And Dimming Logic | | | | | | |
| V_{EN_H} | EN high voltage | | 2.4 | | | V |
| V_{EN_L} | EN low voltage | | | | 0.5 | V |
| V_{DIM_H} | PWM logic for external dimming | | 2.5 | | | V |
| V_{DIM_L} | | | | | 0.3 | V |
| t_{PWM_MIN} | PWM dimming minimum pulse width | (Note 1) | | $3/f_{OSC}$ | | μs |
| Power Switch Drive | | | | | | |
| V_{LIMIT} | Current limit threshold voltage | | 480 | 560 | 640 | mV |
| V_{LIMIT2} | D/I short threshold voltage | | 720 | 800 | 930 | mV |
| t_{LEB} | Current sense LEB time | (Note 1) | 80 | 100 | 150 | ns |
| Compensation And Soft Start (COMP Pin) | | | | | | |
| G_{EA} | Error amplifier trans-conductance | | | 2300 | | $\mu A/V$ |
| I_{O_H} | Sourcing current | $V_{COMP} = 0.5V$ | 55 | 120 | 200 | μA |
| I_{O_L} | Sinking current | $V_{COMP} = 2V$ | 60 | 120 | 200 | μA |
| Over-Voltage Protection | | | | | | |
| V_{OVP} | OVP threshold voltage | V_{OUT} rising, $T_A = -40^{\circ}C, 25^{\circ}C$ | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.2 | V |
| | | V_{OUT} rising, $T_A = 125^{\circ}C$ | 1.8 | 2.0 | 2.25 | |
| V_{OVP_HYS} | OVP hysteresis | | 200 | 250 | 330 | mV |
| V_{OVP_SH} | Shutdown under abnormal condition | | 3.0 | 3.2 | 3.6 | V |

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (Continued)

$V_{IN} = 12V$, $V_{EN} = 5V$, $T_A = T_J = -40^{\circ}C$ to $+125^{\circ}C$, Typical values are at $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$

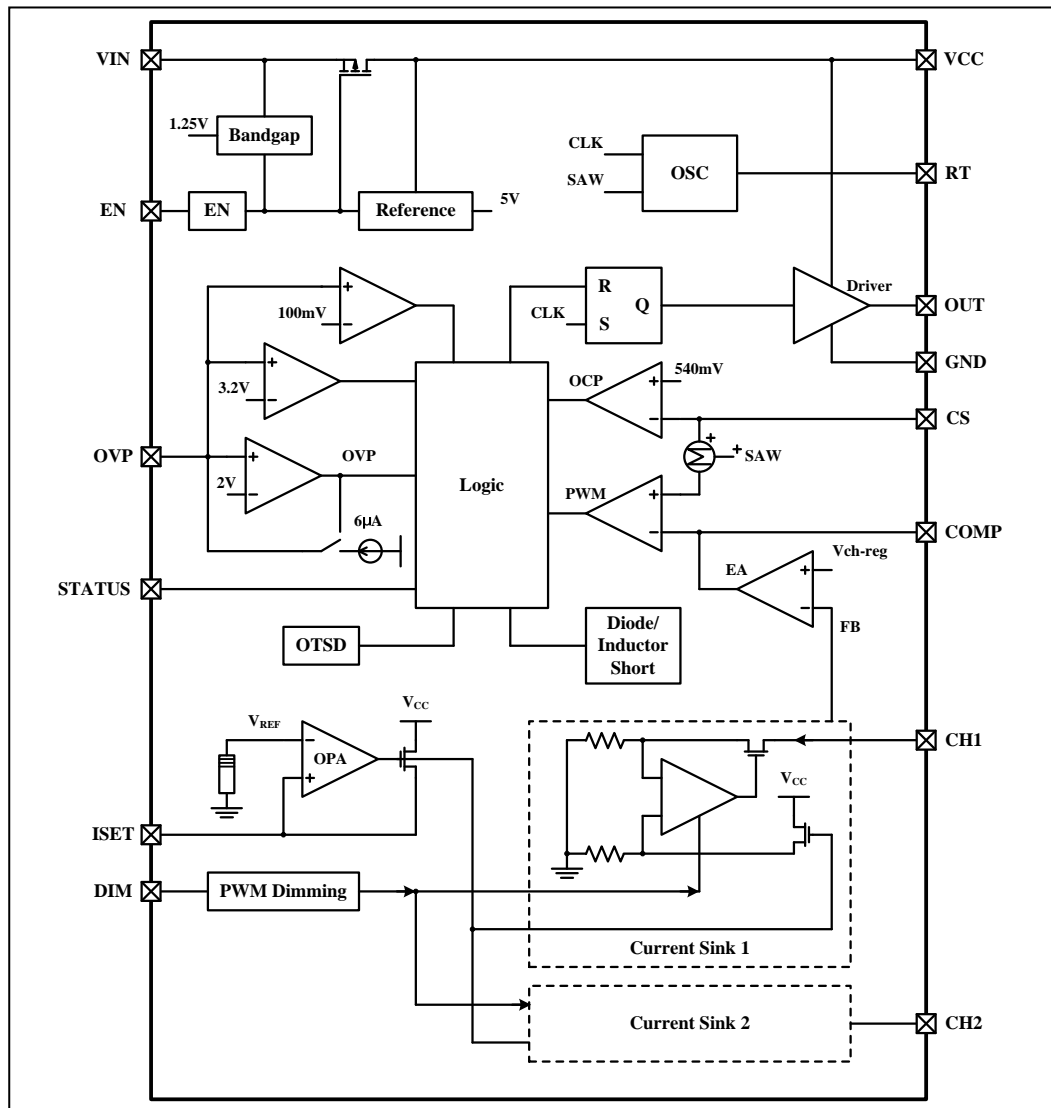
| Symbol | Parameter | Condition | Min. | Typ. | Max. | Unit |
|------------------------------------|--|---|------|------|------|-------------|
| Current Source | | | | | | |
| I_{CH_MATCH} | LED current matching between each string | $T_A = 25^{\circ}C, 125^{\circ}C$, $I_{LED} = 100mA$ (Note 2) | | 1.5 | 5 | % |
| | | $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$, $I_{LED} = 100mA$ (Note 2) | | 2 | 8 | |
| I_{LED} | Regulation current per channel | $T_A = 25^{\circ}C, 125^{\circ}C$, $R_{SET} = 24k\Omega$ | 88 | 100 | 110 | mA |
| | | $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$, $R_{SET} = 24k\Omega$ | | 100 | | |
| V_{LED_REG} | Minimum LED regulation voltage | $I_{LED} = 100mA$ | | 230 | 400 | mV |
| I_{LED_LEAK} | CH1 to CH2 leakage current | $V_{EN} = 0V$, $V_{LED} = 50V$ | | 0.1 | 1 | μA |
| V_{LED_S} | LED Short protection threshold | | 6.6 | 7.3 | 8.0 | V |
| Over-Temperature Protection | | | | | | |
| T_{OTSD} | Thermal shutdown temperature | (Note 1) | | 160 | | $^{\circ}C$ |
| T_{HYS} | Thermal shutdown recovery | (Note 1) | | 140 | | $^{\circ}C$ |

Note 1: Guaranteed by design and characterization, not production tested.

Note 2: $I_{ST_MATCH} = \frac{I_{MAX} - I_{MIN}}{2 \times I_{AVG}} \times 100\%$.

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FUNCTIONAL BLOCK DIAGRAM



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APPLICATION INFORMATION

DESCRIPTION

The IS32BL3552 is a highly integrated HBLED driver with all the features required of a backlight driver for HB LEDs used in automotive displays as well as other small to medium size LCD display applications. The device operates from an input voltage up to 33V. Advanced features include detection and string disconnect for open LED strings, partial or fully shorted strings and unused strings. Overvoltage protection clamps the converter output voltage to the programmed OVP threshold in the event of an open LED string condition. The STATUS pin outputs string open or short circuit conditions and over voltage or over temperature conditions.

ENABLE

When the EN pin connected to a logic-low the IS32BL3552 will completely shut down, reducing its current consumption to less than 3μA. The device is enabled when the logic threshold at EN exceeds 2.4V and it is disabled when it is lower than 0.5V.

LED CURRENT SETTING

The maximum LED current per channel can be adjusted up to 360mA via ISET pin. When ≥ 360mA current is needed for an application, two or more channels can be paralleled to provide larger drive current. Connect resistor R_{SET} between ISET pin and GND to set the reference current I_{SET} . The LED current can be expressed as below Equation (1):

$$I_{LED} [mA] = \frac{2400}{R_{SET} [k\Omega]} \quad (1)$$

The current regulator of the IS32BL3552 has a fast response so that it can allow a very high contrast ratio.

DIMMING CONTROL

A PWM signal applied to the DIM pin will adjust the LED current to all enabled channels. During the “high level” period of the PWM signal, the LED is turned ON and 100% of the current flows, while during the “low level” period the LED is turned OFF and almost no current flows. This ON/OFF operation generates an average current flow that will set the LED brightness between $1\% \times I_{CHX_MAX}$ to $100\% \times I_{CHX_MAX}$. A 100Hz (or higher) PWM signal frequency can be applied to PWM pin.

CONTRAST RATIO

The PWM dimming contrast ratio (CR) of the system depends on the PWM frequency, the value of external components, input/output voltage and so on.

The CR definition can be showed by following Equation (2):

$$CR = \frac{1}{D_{MIN}} \quad (2)$$

$$\text{Where, } D_{MIN} = \frac{t_D + t_{SU}}{t_{PWM}} \text{ and } t_{PWM} = \frac{1}{f_{PWM}}$$

t_D is the propagation delay from the time PWM logic signal goes high to the time that the LED driver begins to increase the output current. t_{SU} is the slew up time needed for the output current from zero to the set level.

Base on the equations, the lower PWM dimming frequency, f_{PWM} , the higher contrast ratio, as these fixed delays consume a smaller portion of the dimming period, t_{PWM} . The lower limit for f_{PWM} is approximately 100Hz, below which the eye no longer blends the pulses into a perceived continuous light. The upper limit is determined by the minimum contrast ratio that is required.

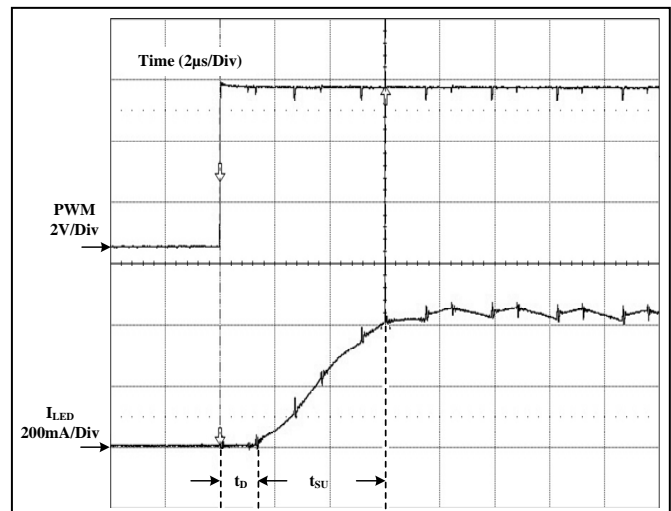


Figure 2 PWM vs. LED Current

FREQUENCY SELECTION

The IS32BL3552's switching frequency can be adjusted between 100kHz to 1MHz by using an external resistor R_T , placed between R_T pin and GND. A low frequency operation can help to reduce switch loss for a higher efficiency while a high frequency operation will minimize the external component size. The approximate operating frequency can be expressed as below Equation (3):

$$f_{osc} [MHz] = \frac{52}{R_T [k\Omega]} \quad (3)$$

STATUS OUTPUT

The STATUS output provides a warning of extreme operating or fault conditions. After initial power up, the STATUS pin will output a logic low (normally high) if any of the following conditions exists:

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- (1) Any string is open
- (2) LED short circuit protection
- (3) Shut down under abnormal condition
- (4) Over voltage protection
- (5) Over temperature protection
- (6) Schottky Diode short protection
- (7) VOUT Short/Open Schottky Diode protection

PROTECTION FEATURES

The IS32BL3552 is designed with integrated safety features for a reliable and stable operation in the normal operating range. In the event of more than one fault condition occurring, the higher priority condition will take precedence.

SOFT START

The internal soft start circuit prevents a high inrush current during startup.

OVER VOLTAGE PROTECTION

The IS32BL3552 integrates an OVP circuit to prevent system damage should the output voltage become excessive. To maintain a safe output level, the integrated OVP circuit continuously monitors the voltage output level. The OVP pin is connected to the center tap of voltage-divider (R_{OV1} and R_{OV2}) connected between high voltage output and GND. If the voltage on OVP pin exceeds 2.0V the IS32BL3552 stops switching, which causes the output voltage to drop. When the OVP pin voltage drops below the threshold the device begins oscillating once again, which causes the output voltage to rise. This OVP hysteresis is 250mV (V_{OVP_HYS}). The formula to calculate V_{OVP} can be expressed as below Equation (4):

$$V_{OVP} = \frac{(R_{OV1} + R_{OV2}) \times 2.0V}{R_{OV2}} \quad (4)$$

V_{OVP} = OVP voltage

V_{OVP_HYS} = OVP hysteresis voltage

OVER CURRENT PROTECTION

The IS32BL3552 integrates an OCP circuit. The CS pin is connected to the external voltage-sense resistor (R_{CS}) that is placed between the Drain of MOS and GND. If the voltage on CS pin exceeds 0.56V (V_{LIMIT}), it is turned OFF immediately and will not turn ON until the next cycle begins.

SCHOTTKY DIODE/INDUCTOR SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION

The IS32BL3552 features a Schottky diode/inductor short-circuit protection circuit. When CS pin voltage exceeds 0.8V (V_{LIMIT2}) for more than 16 switching clocks, the IC will latch. The voltage of CS is monitored after a short delay of Leading Edge Blanking signal.

LED OPEN CIRCUIT PROTECTION

The IS32BL3552 integrates an LED open-circuit protection circuit. When any LED string is open, V_{OUT} will boost up until the voltage at OVP pin reaches an approximate 2.0V threshold. The IC will automatically ignore the open string whose corresponding pin voltage is less than 100mV and the remaining string will continue operation. If all the strings are open and the voltage at OVP reaches a threshold of 2.0V, the MOSFET drive GATE will turn off and IC will shut down and latch.

LED SHORT CIRCUIT PROTECTION

The IS32BL3552 integrates an LED short-circuit protection circuit. If the voltage at any of the two channel pins exceeds a threshold of approximately 7.3V (V_{LED_S}) during normal operation, the corresponding string is turned off and is latched off. To reset the latch and start operation, the V_{IN} and/or EN must be toggled OFF/ON. The priority of the LED short detecting logic is lower than the open LED and OVP logic. The LED short circuit detection logic is triggered when V_{LED_MIN} is <0.1V under dimming on mode. It is disabled when an LED open occurs or when the output voltage resumes to the regulated output level.

V_{OUT} SHORT / OPEN SCHOTTKY DIODE PROTECTION

The IS32BL3552 monitors the OVP pin, if the OVP pin voltage is less than 0.1V, MOSFET drive output will turn off. This protects the converter if the output schottky diode is open or V_{OUT} is shorted to ground.

UNDER VOLTAGE LOCKOUT

The IS32BL3552 provides an under voltage lockout circuit with built in hysteresis to prevent an undefined status during startup. The UVLO circuit shuts down the device when V_{CC} drops below 3.6V (Typ.) and will turn on when V_{CC} rises above 3.8V. The UVLO circuit has a 200mV (V_{UVLO_HYS}) hysteresis, which means the device will start up when V_{CC} rises above 3.8V.

OVER TEMPERATURE PROTECTION

The thermal overload protection prevents excessive power dissipation from overheating and damaging the IS32BL3552. If the junction temperature exceeds approximately 160°C (T_{OTSD}), the IC will shut down to allow it to cool down. The device will begin a soft-start process when the junction temperature (T_J) of the die falls below approximately 140°C (T_{HYS}).

SHUT DOWN UNDER ABNORMAL CONDITION

The IS32BL3552 integrates a shutdown under abnormal condition protection circuit. When the OVP pin voltage exceeds 3.2V (V_{OVP_SH}), the IC will latch. The EN pin must then be toggled to restart the IC. This feature can be used for any other protection to shut down the IC.

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APPLICATION INFORMATION

DESIGN EXAMPLE FOR IS32BL3552

This section describes a component calculation method for selecting component values when designing with the IS32BL3552 (Figure 1).

For the purposes of this example, the following assumptions are given as application requirements:

$V_{IN} = 12V$
 LED Loading = 10×2
 LED current per channel, $I_{LED} = 120mA$
 LED $V_{F1} = 3.2V$ at $120mA$
 $f_{OSC} = 1MHz$
 Efficiency, $\eta = 90\%$

Once the initial operating parameters have been identified, the next step is to sequentially calculate the individual parameters in an ordered manner starting with Step 1 and continuing step by step until the final Step 9.

Step 1: Calculate the LED current setting resistor R_{SET} using Equation (5):

$$I_{LED} [mA] = \frac{2400}{R_{SET} [k\Omega]} \quad (5)$$

The $I_{LED} = 120mA$, so the R_{SET} should be:

$$\begin{aligned} R_{SET} [k\Omega] &= \frac{2400}{I_{LED} [mA]} \\ &= \frac{2400}{120} = 20k\Omega \end{aligned}$$

Choose a $20k\Omega$ resistor for R_{SET} .

Step 2: Calculate the frequency setting resistor R_T using Equation (6):

$$f_{OSC} [MHz] = \frac{52}{R_T [k\Omega]} \quad (6)$$

Therefore, for an $f_{OSC} = 1MHz$, R_T is calculated as:

$$\begin{aligned} R_T [k\Omega] &= \frac{52}{f_{OSC} [MHz]} \\ &= \frac{52}{1} = 52k\Omega \end{aligned}$$

Choose a standard resistor value of $51k\Omega$ for R_T .

Note: A high f_{OSC} operating frequency will result in a smaller PWM duty cycle enabling high contrast dimming results.

Step 3: Calculate OVP resistors R_{OV1} and R_{OV2} , using Equation (7):

$$V_{OVP} [V] = \frac{(R_{OV1} + R_{OV2}) \times 2.0}{R_{OV2}} \quad (7)$$

Step 3a: Calculate the maximum required LED output voltage, V_{OUT} .

$$\begin{aligned} V_{OUT} &= (Number \text{ SERIES LED}) \times V_{F1} \quad (8) \\ &= 10 \times 3.2 = 32V \end{aligned}$$

Step 3b: Use V_{OVP} Equation (4) to calculate R_{OV1} and R_{OV2} .

$$\begin{aligned} V_{OVP} [V] &= \frac{(R_{OV1} + R_{OV2}) \times 2.0}{R_{OV2}} \\ &= 1.2 \times V_{OUT} = 1.2 \times 32V = 38.4V \end{aligned}$$

Therefore, $R_{OV1} = 18.2 \times R_{OV2}$

Pick a standard resistor value of $56k\Omega$ for R_{OV2} then calculate for $R_{OV1} = 1M\Omega$.

Note: Multiplier 1.2x is added for design margin to cover noise and output ripple voltage.

Step 4: Choose the input filter capacitor. The input capacitor (C_{IN}) filters the current peaks drawn from the input supply and reduces noise injection into the IS32BL3552. A $22\mu F/63V$ electrolytic capacitor is recommended for most applications.

Step 5: Choose the output capacitors. The output capacitors provide filtering for both the boost converter and for the PWM dimming function. The biggest factors that contribute to the size of the output capacitor are: PWM dimming frequency and PWM duty cycle. Another major contributor is leakage current, I_{LK} ; the reverse current of the switching diode. In this design the PWM dimming frequency is to be $100Hz$ and the minimum duty cycle is 0.1% . Typically, the voltage variation on the output, V_{COUT} , during PWM dimming must be less than $250mV$, to minimize any audible hum. The output capacitance is calculated using Equation (9):

$$\begin{aligned} C_{OUT} &= I_{LK} \times \frac{1 - D_{MIN}}{f_{PWM} \times V_{COUT}} \quad (9) \\ &= 1000 \times \frac{1 - 0.001}{100 \times 0.25} = 39.96\mu F \end{aligned}$$

Where $I_{LK} = 1mA$.

Because capacitors tend to degrade when subjected to high voltages; a capacitance value greater than $39.96\mu F$ should be selected.

Two $22\mu F$ $63V$ capacitors connected in parallel are a good choice to fulfill this requirement.

Step 6: Calculate duty cycle D_{ON} using Equation (10):

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$$D_{ON} = \frac{V_{OUT} - V_{IN}}{V_{OUT}} \quad (10)$$

$$= \frac{32 - 12}{32} = 62.5\%$$

The turn on time t_{ON} is calculated using equation (11) below:

$$t_{ON} = \frac{D_{ON}}{f_{OSC}} \quad (11)$$

$$= \frac{0.625}{1} = 0.625 \mu s$$

Step 6a: Calculate the average input current $I_{IN(Avg)}$, using Equation (12):

$$I_{IN(Avg)} = \frac{V_{OUT} \times I_{LED} \times 2}{V_{IN} \times \eta} \quad (12)$$

$$= \frac{32 \times 0.12 \times 2}{12 \times 0.9} \approx 0.71 A$$

Equation (13) is used to calculate the maximum ripple current $I_{RIPPLE(MAX)}$:

$$I_{RIPPLE(MAX)} = 2 \times I_{IN(Avg)} \quad (13)$$

$$= 2 \times 0.71 = 1.42 A$$

Step 6b: Calculate the minimum inductor value, L_1 , using Equation (14):

$$L_{CCM(MIN)} = \frac{V_{IN} \times t_{ON}}{I_{RIPPLE(MAX)}} \quad (14)$$

$$= \frac{12 \times 0.625}{1.42} \approx 5.28 \mu H$$

The selected value for L_1 should be higher than the $L_{CCM(MIN)}$. A lower inductance for L_1 will result in a narrower PWM duty cycle for high contrast dimming. The trade off for a low inductance is higher output current ripple. Therefore choose a 10 μ H inductor for L_1 .

Step 6c: Determining the peak input current I_{PEAK} , calculated as follows:

First calculate the ripple current I_{RIPPLE} using Equation (15):

$$I_{RIPPLE} = \frac{t_{ON} \times V_{IN}}{L_1} \quad (15)$$

$$= \frac{0.625 \times 12}{10} = 0.75 A$$

Then calculate the inductor peak current using equation (16):

$$I_{PEAK} = I_{IN(Avg)} + 0.5 \times I_{RIPPLE} \quad (16)$$

$$= 0.71 + 0.5 \times 0.75 = 1.085 A$$

Step 6d: The peak current protect resistor R_{CS} is shown in Equation (17):

$$R_{CS} [\Omega] = 0.8 \times \frac{0.54}{I_{PEAK} [A]} \quad (17)$$

$$= 0.8 \times \frac{0.54}{1.085} \approx 0.40 \Omega$$

Choose a 0.39 Ω resistor for R_{CS} .

Generally a constant term, 0.8x, is added when calculating the R_{CS} value. A lower R_{CS} value will result in a higher I_{PEAK} to prevent over current protection errors.

Step 7: The boost converter requires a diode to carry the inductor current during the MOSFET off time. Schottky diodes are recommended due to their fast recovery time and low forward voltage. D_1 should be rated to handle the maximum output voltage (plus switching node ringing) and the peak switch current. The conduction loss of the diode is calculated by:

$$P_{DIODE} = I_{RMS_OFF} \times V_F$$

$$I_{RMS_OFF}^2 = \frac{V_{IN}}{V_{OUT}} \times \left(I_{IN}^2 + \frac{\Delta I_L^2}{12} \right) \quad (18)$$

Where V_F is the forward voltage of the Schottky diode.

Step 8: The IS32BL3552 integrates a soft start and control loop compensation in COMP Pin. The soft start feature allows the boost converter to gradually reach its initial steady state output voltage, thereby reducing startup stresses and current surges. The startup time is controlled by an internal 130 μ A (I_{CS}) current source and the external compensation circuit composed of C_C and R_C . When powering on, after the V_{IN} UVLO threshold is satisfied, the internal 130 μ A current source charges the external capacitor C_C . The COMP pin voltage will ramp up slowly and limit the inrush current during startup. The soft start time is determined by the Equation (19):

$$t_{SS} = \frac{V_{COMP} \times C_C}{I_{CS}} \quad (19)$$

Where V_{COMP} is the voltage of COMP pin and I_{CS} is the internal source current. Typically, a value of $R_C=1k\Omega$ and $C_C=0.22\mu F$ is sufficient for operating at 500kHz.

Low-ESR Surface-Mount Ceramic Capacitors (MLCCs) are recommended. For most applications, ceramic capacitors with X7R temperature characteristics are preferred. These capacitors have tight capacitance tolerance (as good as $\pm 10\%$) and hold their value over temperature (X7R: $\pm 15\%$ over $-55^\circ C$ to $125^\circ C$).

IS32BL3552

Step 9: The IS32BL3552 includes an internal low dropout linear regulator with the output pin VCC. This pin is used to power the internal PWM controller, control logic and MOSFET driver. The regulator generates a 5V supply when $V_{IN} \geq 5.5V$. When V_{IN} is less than 5.5V, connect VCC directly to VIN.

The VCC pin should be decoupled with a 2.2 μ F ceramic capacitor placed as close to the pin as possible. This capacitor keeps VCC voltage steady when the system operates at a high frequency. X7R type ceramic capacitors should be used for decoupling due to their good thermal stability.

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CLASSIFICATION REFLOW PROFILES

| Profile Feature | Pb-Free Assembly |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Preheat & Soak Temperature min (T _{smin}) Temperature max (T _{smax}) Time (T _{smin} to T _{smax}) (t _s) | 150°C 200°C 60-120 seconds |
| Average ramp-up rate (T _{smax} to T _p) | 3°C/second max. |
| Liquidous temperature (T _L) Time at liquidous (t _L) | 217°C 60-150 seconds |
| Peak package body temperature (T _p)* | Max 260°C |
| Time (t _p)** within 5°C of the specified classification temperature (T _c) | Max 30 seconds |
| Average ramp-down rate (T _p to T _{smax}) | 6°C/second max. |
| Time 25°C to peak temperature | 8 minutes max. |

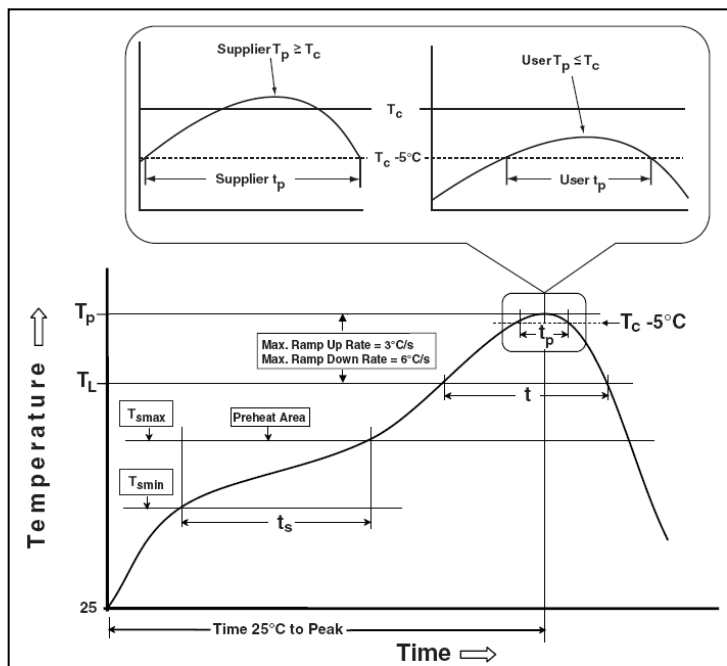
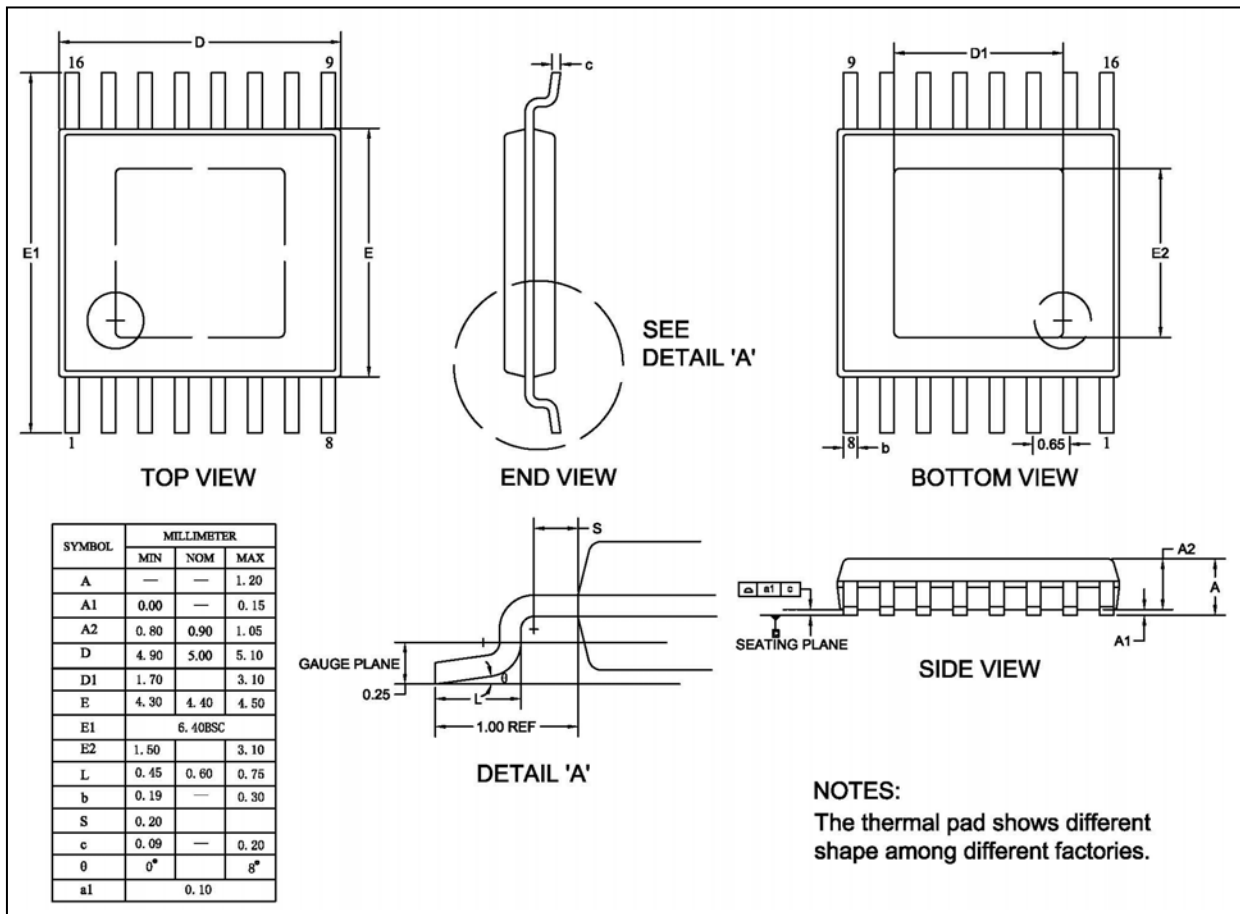


Figure 3 Classification Profile

IS32BL3552

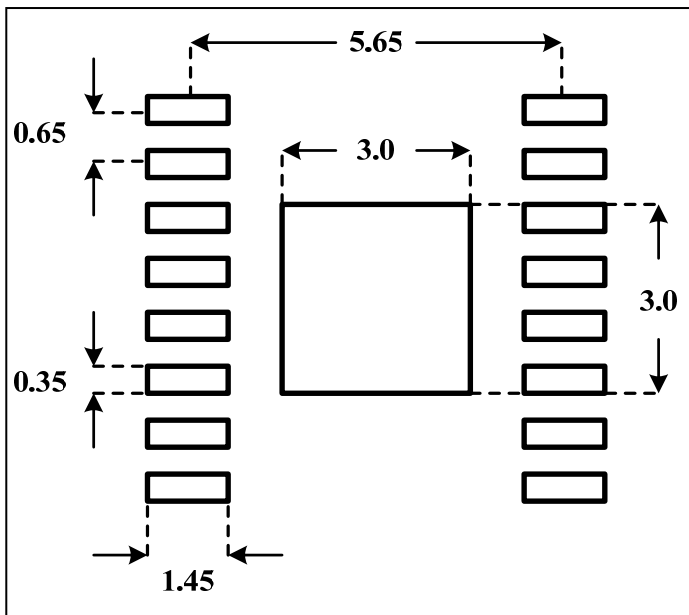
PACKAGE INFORMATION

eTSSOP-16



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RECOMMENDED LAND PATTERN



Note:

1. Land pattern complies to IPC-7351.
2. All dimensions in MM.
3. This document (including dimensions, notes & specs) is a recommendation based on typical circuit board manufacturing parameters. Since land pattern design depends on many factors unknown (eg. user's board manufacturing specs), user must determine suitability for use.

IS32BL3552

REVISION HISTORY

| Revision | Detail Information | Date |
|----------|--------------------|------------|
| A | Initial release | 2015.07.20 |