

## GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The SP2525A device is an integrated high-side power switch ideal for self-powered and bus-powered Universal Serial Bus (USB) applications.

The high-side switches are MOSFETs with  $70m\Omega$   $R_{DS(ON)}$ , which meets USB voltage drop requirements for maximum transmission wire length. Multi-purpose open-drain fault flag output indicates over-current limiting, thermal shutdown, or under voltage lockout. Output current is typically limited to 0.85A below the 5A safety requirement, and the thermal shutdown function shuts the switch off to prevent damage under overcurrent conditions. Guaranteed minimum output rise time limits inrush current during hot plug-in, minimizing EMI and preventing the voltage at the upstream port from dropping excessively.

The SP2525A is offered in a RoHS compliant "green"/halogen free 8-pin NSOIC package.

## APPLICATIONS

- Self Powered USB 2.0 and 3.0 Hubs
- USB Compliant  $V_{BUS}$  Power Distribution
- Audio-Video Equipments
- Generic Power Switching

## FEATURES

- +3.0V to +5.5V Input Voltage Range
- 500mA Continuous Load Current per Channel
- 2.6V Undervoltage Lockout
- 1.25A Short Circuit Current Limit
- 100mΩ Maximum On-Resistance
- 75µA On-State Supply Current
- 1µA Shutdown Current
- Output can be Forced Higher than Input (Off-State)
- Thermal Shutdown
- Slow Turn On and Fast Turn Off
- Active-high Version: SP2525A-1
- Active-low Version: SP2525A-2
- RoHS Compliant, Green/Halogen Free 8-Pin NSOIC Package

## TYPICAL APPLICATION DIAGRAM

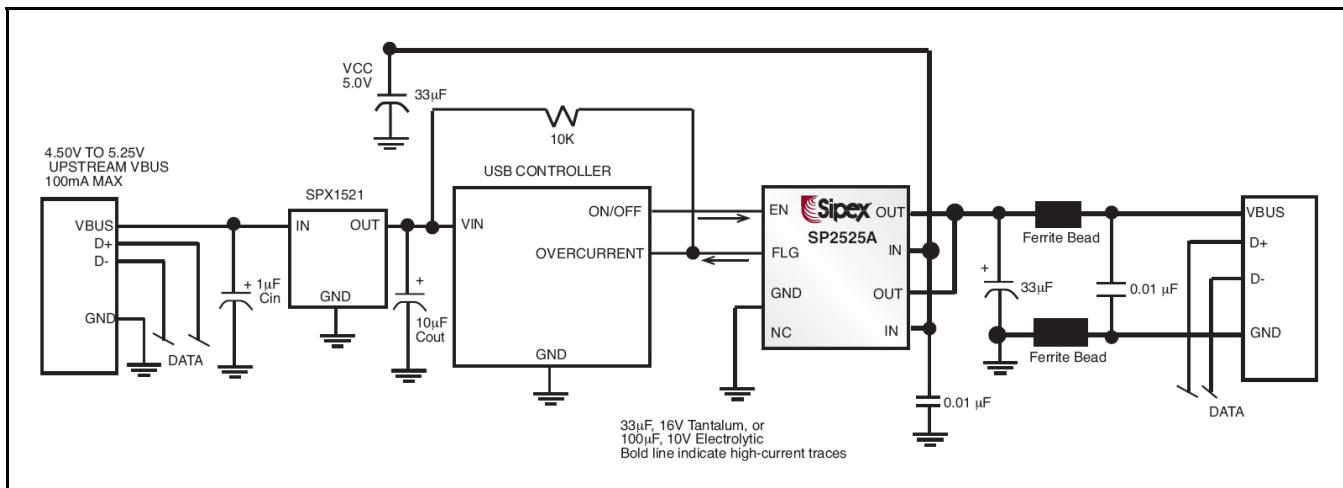


Fig. 1: SP2525A Application Diagram – Single Port Self Powered Hub

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

These are stress ratings only and functional operation of the device at these ratings or any other above those indicated in the operation sections of the specifications below is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods of time may affect reliability.

Supply Voltage $V_{IN}$ .....	7.0V
Fault Flag Voltage $V_{FLG}$ .....	7.0V
Fault Flag Current $I_{FLG}$ .....	50mA
Enable Input $V_{EN}$ .....	-0.3V to 15V
Storage Temperature .....	-65°C to 150°C
Power Dissipation (NSOIC-8) .....	
(de-rate 6.14mW/°C above 70°C) .....	500mW

## OPERATING RATINGS

Ambient Temperature Range ..... -40°C to 85°C

## **ELECTRICAL SPECIFICATIONS**

Specifications with standard type are for an Operating Ambient Temperature of  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  only; limits applying over the full Operating Junction Temperature range are denoted by a “•”. Minimum and Maximum limits are guaranteed through test, design, or statistical correlation. Typical values represent the most likely parametric norm at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , and are provided for reference purposes only. Unless otherwise indicated,  $V_{\text{IN}} = 5.0\text{V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .

Parameter	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Units		Conditions
Supply Current		0.75	5.0	μA		$V_{EN} = \text{Logic "0"} \text{ OUT} = \text{open}$
		75	100			$V_{EN} = \text{Logic "1"} \text{ OUT} = \text{open}$
Enable Input Voltage	0.8	1.7		V		$V_{EN} = \text{Logic "0"}$
		2.0	2.4			$V_{EN} = \text{Logic "1"}$
Enable Input Current		0.01	1	μA		$V_{EN} = \text{Logic "0"}$
		0.01	1			$V_{EN} = \text{Logic "1"}$
Enable Input Capacitance		1		PF		
Output MOSFET Resistance		70	100	mΩ		
Output turn-on delay		100		μs		$R_L = 10\Omega$ , each output
Output turn-on rise time		1000	4000	μs		$R_L = 10\Omega$ , each output
Output turn-off delay		0.8	20	μs		$R_L = 10\Omega$ , each output
Output turn-off fall time		0.7	20	μs		$R_L = 10\Omega$ , each output
Output Leakage Current			10	μA		
Current limit threshold	0.6	1.0	1.25	A		
Over temperature shutdown threshold		135		°C		Temperature $T_J$ raising
		125				Temperature $T_J$ decreasing
Error Flag Output Resistance		10	25	Ω		$V_{IN}=5V, I_L=10mA$
		15	40			$V_{IN}=3.3V, I_L=10mA$
Error Flag Current		0.01	1	μA		
UVLO threshold		2.6		V		$V_{IN}$ increasing
		2.4				$V_{IN}$ decreasing

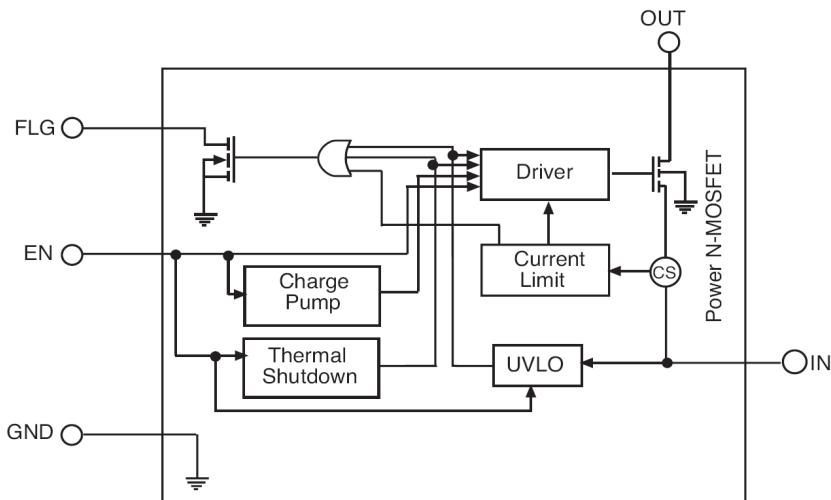
**BLOCK DIAGRAM**


Fig. 2: SP2525A Block Diagram

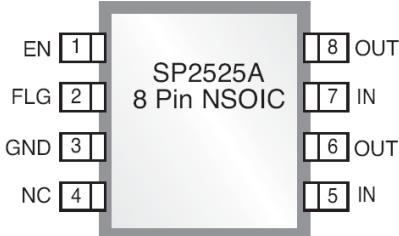
**PIN ASSIGNMENT**


Fig. 3: SP2525A Pin Assignment

**PIN DESCRIPTION**

Name	Pin Number	Description
EN	1	Enable Input Active High for SP2525A-1 and Active Low for SP2525A-2
FLG	2	An active-low and open-drained fault flag output for power switch. It can indicate current limit if CTL is active. In normal mode operation, it also can indicate thermal shutdown or under voltage
GND	3	Chip Power Ground
NC	4	Not Internally Connected
IN	5, 7	Power Supply Input
OUT	6, 8	MOSFET Switch Output

**SP2525A****Single Channel USB Power Distribution Switch****ORDERING INFORMATION**

Part Number	Temperature Range	Marking	Package	Packing Quantity	Note 1	Note 2
SP2525A-1EN-L	-40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C	Sipex 2525A-1E YYWWL	NSOIC8	Bulk	RoHS Compliant Halogen Free	Enable Active high
SP2525A-1EN-L/TR	-40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C			2.5K/Tape & Reel		
SP2525A-2EN-L	-40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C	Sipex 2525A-2E YYWWL	NSOIC8	Bulk	RoHS Compliant Halogen Free	Enable Active Low
SP2525A-2EN-L/TR	-40°C ≤ T <sub>A</sub> ≤ +85°C			2.5K/Tape & Reel		

"YY" = Year – "WW" = Work Week – "X" = Lot Number

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

All data taken at  $V_{IN} = 5.0V$ ,  $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise specified - Schematic and BOM from Application Information section of this datasheet.

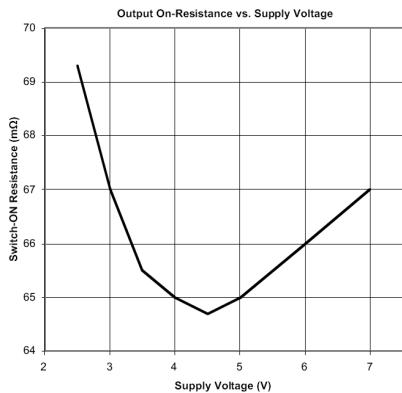


Fig. 4: Output On-Resistance vs Supply Voltage

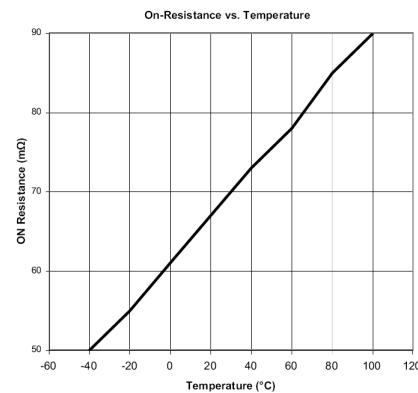


Fig. 5: Output On-Resistance vs Temperature

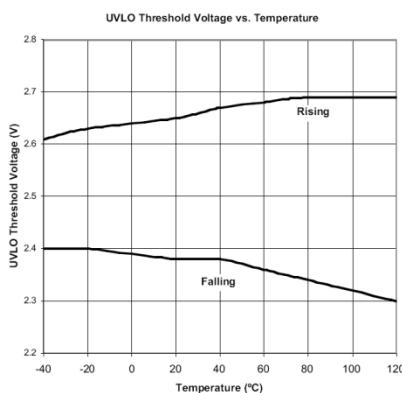


Fig. 6: UVLO Threshold vs Temperature

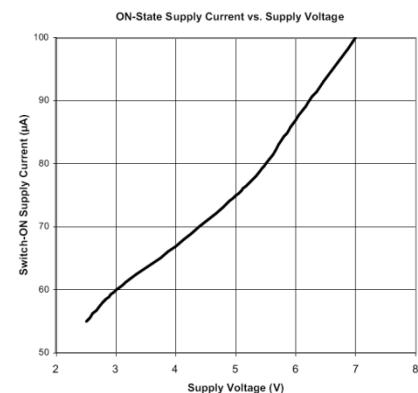


Fig. 7: On-state Supply Current vs Supply Voltage

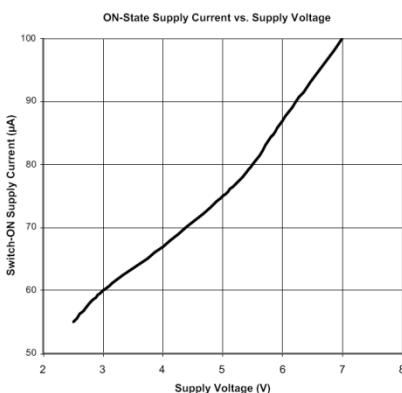


Fig. 8: On-state Supply Current vs Temperature

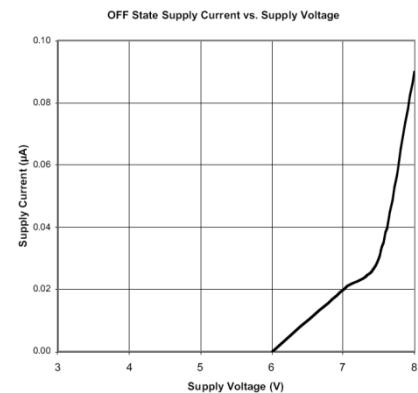


Fig. 9: Off-state Supply Current vs Supply Voltage

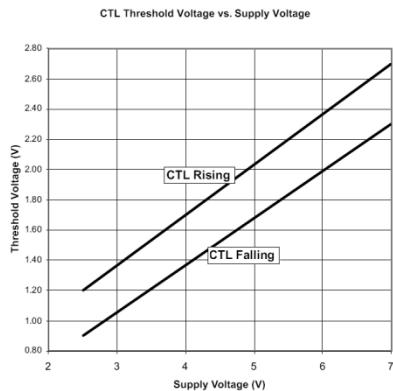


Fig. 10: CTL Threshold vs Supply Voltage

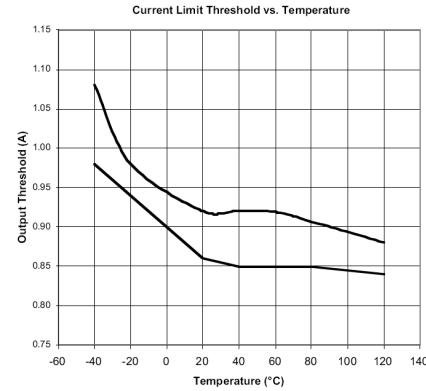


Fig. 11: Current Limit Threshold vs Temperature

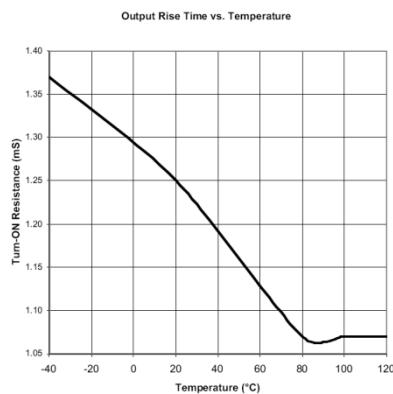


Fig. 12: Output Rise Time vs Temperature

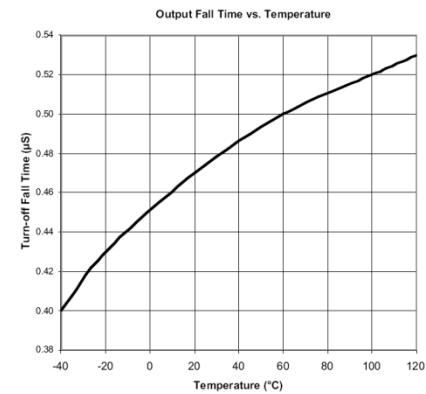


Fig. 13: Output Fall Time vs Temperature

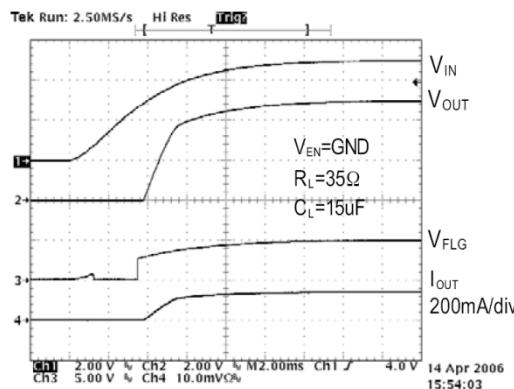


Fig. 14: Input Voltage Response

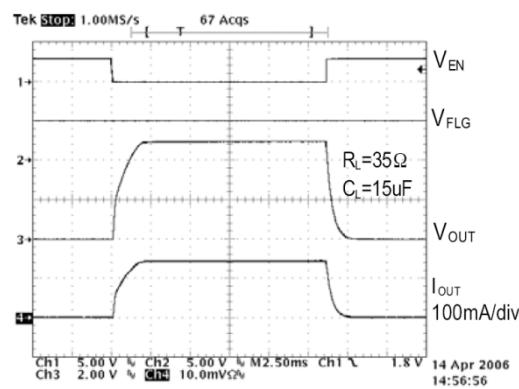
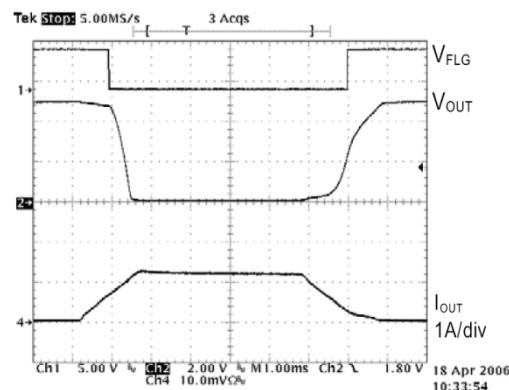
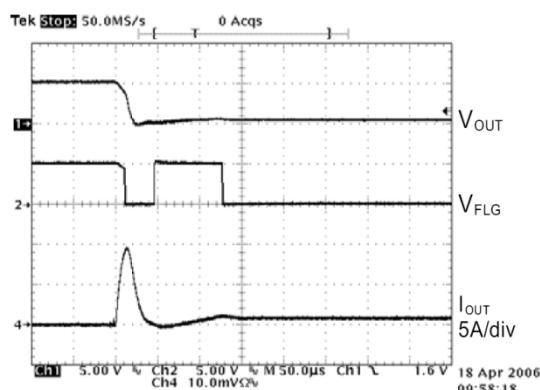
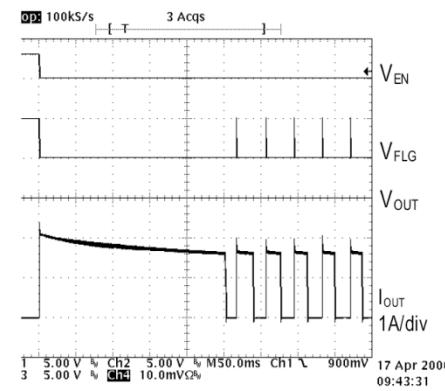
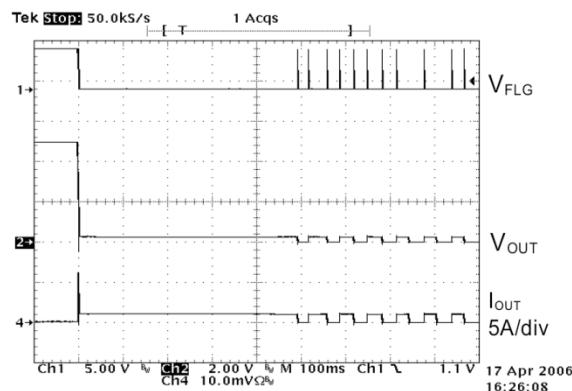
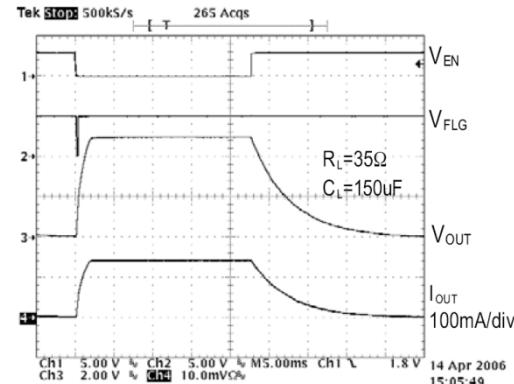
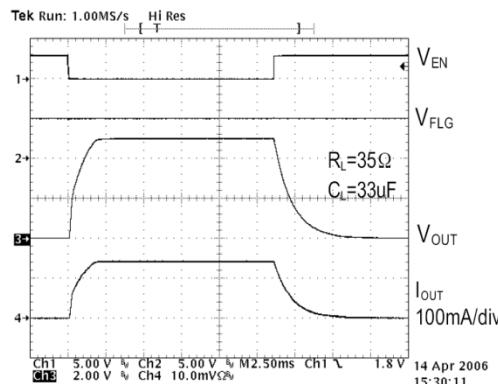


Fig. 15: Turn-On, Turn-Off Characteristics



## APPLICATION INFORMATION

### ERROR FLAG

The Error Flag is an open-drained output of an N-channel MOSFET, the FLG output is pulled low to signal the following fault conditions: input undervoltage, output current limit, and thermal shutdown.

### CURRENT LIMIT

The current limit threshold is preset internally. It protects the output MOSFET switches from damage resulting from undesirable short circuit conditions or excess inrush current, which is often encountered during hot plug-in. The low limit of the current limit threshold of the SP2525A allows a minimum current of 0.5A through the MOSFET switches. A current limit condition will signal the Error Flag.

### THERMAL SHUTDOWN

When the temperature of the SP2525A exceeds 135°C for any reasons, the thermal shutdown function turns off the MOSFET switch and signals the Error Flag. A hysteresis of 10°C prevents the MOSFETs from turning back on until the chip temperature drops below 125°C.

### SUPPLY FILTERING

A 0.1µF to 1µF bypass capacitor from IN to GND, located near the device, is strongly recommended to control supply transients. Without a bypass capacitor, an output short may cause ringing on the input (from supply lead inductance) which can damage internal control circuitry.

### TRANSIENT REQUIREMENTS

USB supports dynamic attachment (hot plugin) of peripherals. A current surge is caused by the input capacitance of a downstream device. Ferrite beads are recommended in series with all power and ground connector pins. Ferrite beads reduce EMI and limit the inrush current during hot-attachment by filtering high-frequency signals.

### SHORT CIRCUIT TRANSIENT

Bulk capacitance provides the short-term transient current needed during a hot-attachment event. A 33µF/16V tantalum or a 100µF/ 10V electrolytic capacitor mounted close to the downstream connector at each port should provide sufficient transient drop protection.

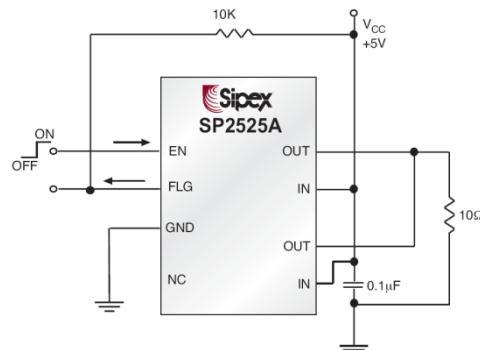
### PRINTED CIRCUIT LAYOUT

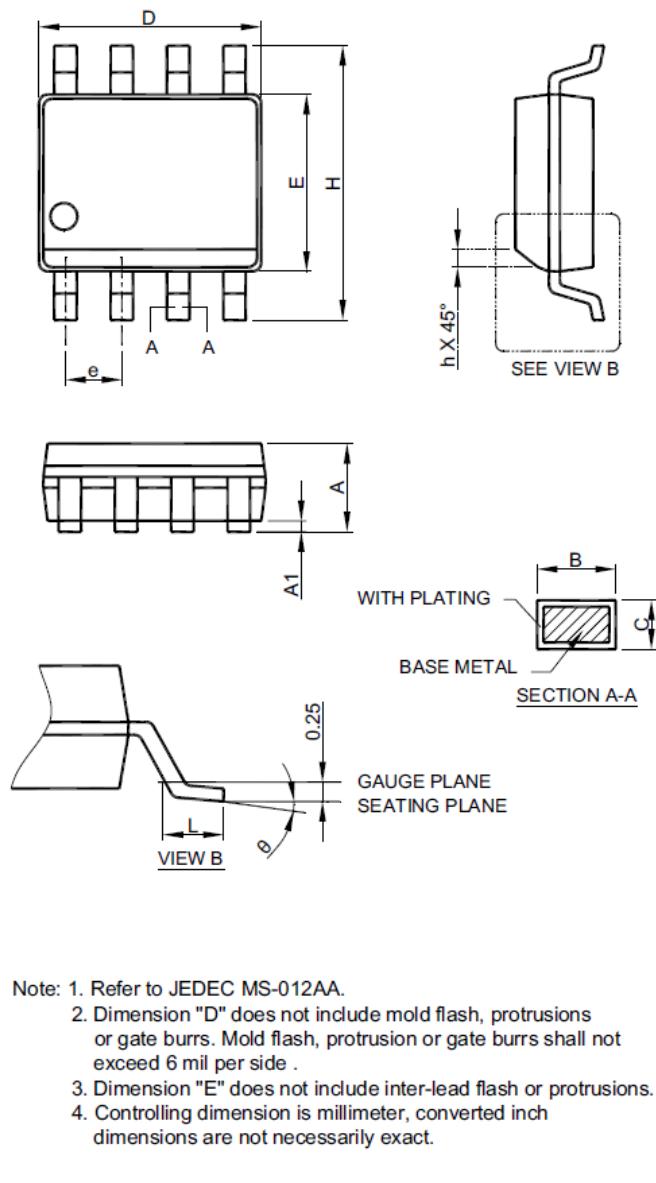
The Power circuitry of USB printed circuit boards requires a customized layout to maximize thermal dissipation and to minimize voltage drop and EMI.

### INPUT AND OUTPUT

The independent solid state switch connects the IN pin to the OUT pin when enabled by a logic signal at EN. The IN pin is the power supply connection to the internal circuitry and the drain of the output MOSFET. The OUT pin is the source for the MOSFET. Typically, the current in USB application will flow through the switch from IN to OUT towards the load. If VOUT is greater than VIN when a switch is enabled, the current will flow from OUT to the IN pin because the MOSFET channels are bidirectional when switched on. The output source is allowed to be externally forced to a higher voltage than its input without causing unwanted current flow when the output is disabled.

### TEST CIRCUIT



**PACKAGE SPECIFICATION**
**8-PIN NSOIC**


8 PIN SOICN		
MILLIMETERS		
SYMBOL	MIN.	MAX.
A	1.35	1.75
A1	0.10	0.25
B	0.33	0.51
C	0.19	0.25
D	4.80	5.00
E	3.80	4.00
e	1.27 BSC	
H	5.80	6.20
h	0.25	0.50
L	0.40	1.27
$\theta$	0°	8°

**SP2525A****Single Channel USB Power Distribution Switch****REVISION HISTORY**

Revision	Date	Description
2.0.0	11/10/2010	Reformat of datasheet
2.1.1	11/04/2011	Updated package specification

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