



## **AO8816**

# **Common-Drain Dual N-Channel Enhancement Mode Field Effect Transistor**

### **General Description**

The AO8816 uses advanced trench technology to provide excellent R<sub>DS(ON)</sub>, low gate charge and operation with gate voltages as low as 2.5V. This device is suitable for use as a load switch or in PWM applications. Standard Product AO8816 is Pb-free (meets ROHS & Sony 259 specifications). AO8816L is a Green Product ordering option. AO8816 and AO8816L are electrically identical.

#### **Features**

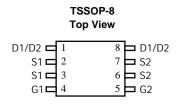
 $V_{DS}(V) = 30V$ 

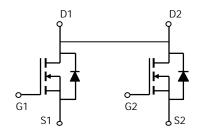
 $I_D = 8 A (V_{GS} = 10V)$ 

 $R_{DS(ON)}$  < 15m $\Omega$  (V<sub>GS</sub> = 10V)

 $R_{DS(ON)} < 17 m\Omega (V_{GS} = 4.5)$ 

 $R_{DS(ON)}$  < 23m $\Omega$  ( $V_{GS}$  = 2.5V)





Absolute Maximum Ratings T <sub>A</sub> =25°C unless otherwise noted							
Parameter		Symbol	Maximum	Units			
Drain-Source Voltage		$V_{DS}$	30	V			
Gate-Source Voltage		$V_{GS}$	±12	V			
Continuous Drain	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C		8				
Current <sup>A</sup>	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	I <sub>D</sub>	6	Α			
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>B</sup>		I <sub>DM</sub>	30				
	T <sub>A</sub> =25°C	D	1.5	10/			
Power Dissipation A	T <sub>A</sub> =70°C	$-P_{D}$	1	W			
Junction and Storage Temperature Range		$T_J$ , $T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	°C			

Thermal Characteristics								
Parameter	Symbol	Тур	Max	Units				
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient A	t ≤ 10s	$R_{ heta JA}$	64	83	°C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	Steady-State	$\kappa_{\theta}$ JA	89	120	°C/W			
Maximum Junction-to-Lead <sup>C</sup>	Steady-State	$R_{ hetaJL}$	53	70	°C/W			

#### Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions		Min	Тур	Max	Units
STATIC I	PARAMETERS						
$BV_{DSS}$	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	$I_D = 250 \mu A, V_{GS} = 0 V$		30			V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =24V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V				1	μА
	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current		T <sub>J</sub> =55°C			5	μΑ
$I_{GSS}$	Gate-Body leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> =±12V				±100	nA
$V_{GS(th)}$	Gate Threshold Voltage	$V_{DS}=V_{GS} I_{D}=250\mu A$		0.6	1	1.4	>
$I_{D(ON)}$	On state drain current	$V_{GS}$ =4.5V, $V_{DS}$ =5V		30			Α
R <sub>DS(ON)</sub> Static Drain-Source On	Statia Drain Sauras On Besistanes	$V_{GS}$ =10V, $I_D$ =8A			12.2	15	mΩ
		Т	_j=125°C		17	21	1115.2
	Static Dialii-Source Oil-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =5A			13	17	mΩ
		$V_{GS}$ =2.5V, $I_D$ =4A			17.6	23	mΩ
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	$V_{DS}$ =5V, $I_{D}$ =8A			23		S
$V_{SD}$	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A,V <sub>GS</sub> =0V			0.73	1	V
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current					2.5	Α
DYNAMI	PARAMETERS		•		•		
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance				1130		pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, f=1MHz			170		pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance				125		pF
$R_g$	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz			1.5		Ω
SWITCHI	NG PARAMETERS	•	•		•		
$Q_g$	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, I <sub>D</sub> =8A			14		nC
$Q_{gs}$	Gate Source Charge				1.65		nC
$Q_{gd}$	Gate Drain Charge				5.5		nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime				5.7		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time	$V_{GS}$ =5V, $V_{DS}$ =15V, $R_L$ =1.8 $\Omega$ , $R_{GEN}$ =3 $\Omega$			4.8		ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime				36		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time				7		ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =8A, dI/dt=100A/μs			23		ns
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	g I <sub>F</sub> =8A, dI/dt=100A/μs			16		nC

A: The value of  $R_{\theta JA}$  is measured with the device mounted on  $1\text{in}^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$  =25°C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design. The current rating is based on the t≤ 10s thermal resistance rating

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B: Repetitive rating, pulse width limited by junction temperature.

C. The  $R_{\theta JA}$  is the sum of the thermal impedence from junction to lead  $R_{\theta JL}$  and lead to ambient.

D. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6,12,14 are obtained using  $80\,\mu s$  pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.

E. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in $^2$  FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with  $T_A$ =25°C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.

#### TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

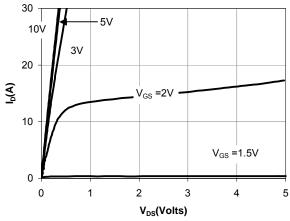


Figure 1: On-Regions Characteristi CS

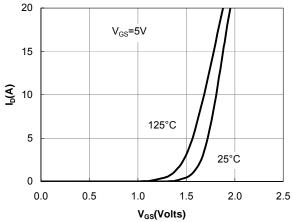


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics

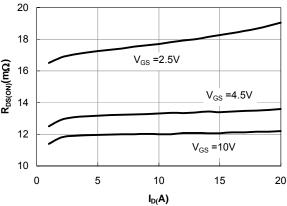


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage

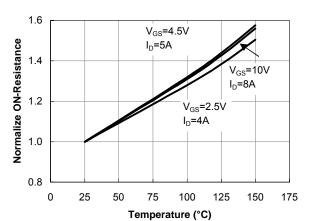


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature

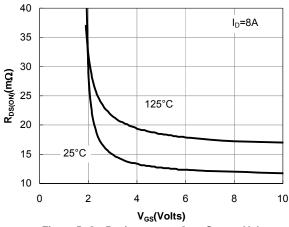


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage

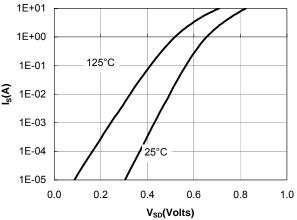
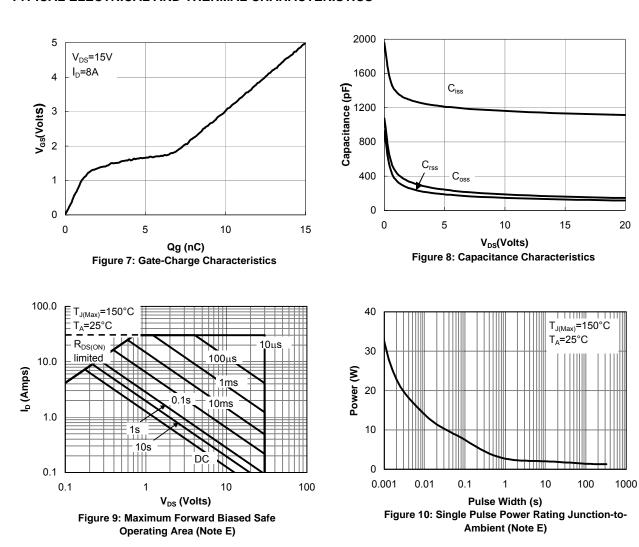


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics

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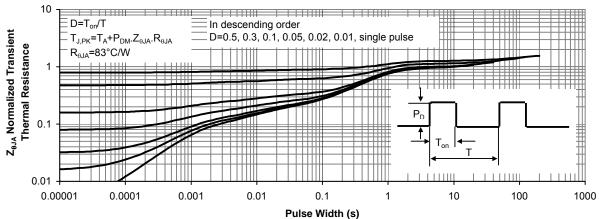


Figure 11: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance