



# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

**MAX3301E/MAX3302E**

## General Description

The MAX3301E/MAX3302E fully integrated USB On-the-Go (OTG) transceivers and charge pumps allow mobile devices such as PDAs, cellular phones, and digital cameras to interface directly with USB peripherals and each other without the need of a host PC. Use the MAX3301E/MAX3302E with an embedded USB host to directly connect to peripherals such as printers or external hard drives.

The MAX3301E/MAX3302E integrate a USB OTG transceiver, a VBUS charge pump, a linear regulator, and an I<sup>2</sup>C-compatible, 2-wire serial interface. An internal level shifter allows the MAX3301E/MAX3302E to interface with +1.65V to +3.6V logic supply voltages. The MAX3301E/MAX3302E's OTG-compliant charge pump operates with +3V to +4.5V input supply voltages, and supplies an OTG-compatible output on VBUS while sourcing more than 8mA of output current.

The MAX3301E/MAX3302E enable USB OTG communication from highly integrated digital devices that cannot supply or tolerate the +5V VBUS levels that USB OTG requires. The device supports USB OTG session-request protocol (SRP) and host-negotiation protocol (HNP).

The MAX3301E/MAX3302E provide built-in ±15kV electrostatic-discharge (ESD) protection for the VBUS, ID\_IN, D+, and D- terminals. The MAX3301E/MAX3302E are available in 25-bump chip-scale (UCSP™), 25-bump WLP package, 28-pin TQFN, and 32-pin TQFN packages and operate over the extended -40°C to +85°C temperature range.

## Selector Guide

| PART            | POWER-UP STATE†                                                                 | I <sup>2</sup> C ADDRESSES FOR SPECIAL-FUNCTION REGISTER 2 |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>MAX3301E</b> | Shutdown (sdwn = 1, bit 0 of special-function register 2)                       | 16h, 17h                                                   |
| <b>MAX3302E</b> | Operating ( $\overline{\text{sdwn}}$ = 1, bit 0 of special-function register 2) | 10h, 11h, and 16h, 17h                                     |

†The MAX3301E powers up in its lowest power state and the MAX3302E powers up in the operational, VP/VM USB mode.

## Applications

Mobile Phones      Digital Cameras  
PDAs                  MP3 Players

## Features

- ◆ **USB 2.0-Compliant Full-/Low-Speed OTG Transceivers**
- ◆ **Ideal for USB On-the-Go, Embedded Host, or Peripheral Devices**
- ◆ **±15kV ESD Protection on ID\_IN, VBUS, D+, and D-Terminals**
- ◆ **Charge Pump for VBUS Signaling and Operation Down to 3V**
- ◆ **Internal VBUS and ID Comparators**
- ◆ **Internal Switchable Pullup and Pulldown Resistors for Host/Peripheral Functionality**
- ◆ **I<sup>2</sup>C Bus Interface with Command and Status Registers**
- ◆ **Linear Regulator Powers Internal Circuitry and D+/D- Pullup Resistors**
- ◆ **Support SRP and HNP**

## Ordering Information

| PART                  | PACKAGE SIZE (mm) | PIN-PACKAGE  | PKG CODE |
|-----------------------|-------------------|--------------|----------|
| <b>MAX3301EEBA-T</b>  | 2.5 x 2.5         | 25 UCSP‡     | B25-1    |
| MAX3301EETJ           | 5 x 5             | 32 TQFN-EP** | T3255-4  |
| <b>MAX3302EEBA-T*</b> | 2.5 x 2.5         | 25 UCSP‡     | B25-1    |
| MAX3302EETI           | 4 x 4             | 28 TQFN-EP** | T2844-1  |
| MAX3302EEWA+T         | 2.54 x 2.54       | 25 WLP       | W252A2-1 |

**Note:** All devices specified over the -40°C to +85°C operating range.

‡UCSP bumps are in a 5 x 5 array. The UCSP package size is 2.5mm x 2.5mm x 0.62mm. Requires solder temperature profile described in the Absolute Maximum Ratings section. UCSP reliability is integrally linked to the user's assembly methods, circuit board material and environment. See the UCSP Applications Information section of this data sheet for more information.

\*Future product—contact factory for availability.

\*\*EP = Exposed paddle.

T = Tape and reel.

+Denotes a lead-free package.

Pin Configurations appear at end of data sheet.



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**For pricing, delivery, and ordering information, please contact Maxim Direct at 1-888-629-4642, or visit Maxim's website at [www.maxim-ic.com](http://www.maxim-ic.com).**

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

All voltages are referenced to GND.

|                                                                           |                                    |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| V <sub>CC</sub> , V <sub>L</sub> .....                                    | -0.3V to +6V                       |
| TRM (regulator off or supplied by V <sub>BUS</sub> ) .....                | -0.3V to (V <sub>BUS</sub> + 0.3V) |
| TRM (regulator supplied by V <sub>CC</sub> ) .....                        | -0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)  |
| D+, D- (transmitter tri-stated) .....                                     | -0.3V to +6V                       |
| D+, D- (transmitter functional) .....                                     | -0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)  |
| V <sub>BUS</sub> .....                                                    | -0.3V to +6V                       |
| ID_IN, SCL, SDA .....                                                     | -0.3V to +6V                       |
| INT̄, SPD, RESET, ADD, OE/INT̄, RCV, VP,<br>VM, SUS, DAT_VP, SE0_VM ..... | -0.3V to (V <sub>L</sub> + 0.3V)   |
| C+ .....                                                                  | -0.3V to (V <sub>BUS</sub> + 0.3V) |
| C- .....                                                                  | -0.3V to (V <sub>CC</sub> + 0.3V)  |
| Short-Circuit Duration, V <sub>BUS</sub> to GND .....                     | Continuous                         |

Continuous Power Dissipation (T<sub>A</sub> = +70°C)

|                                                                         |                 |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------|
| 25-Bump WLP (derate 12.2mW/°C above +70°C) .....                        | 976mW           |
| 25-Bump UCSP (derate 12.2mW/°C above +70°C) .....                       | 976mW           |
| 32-Pin TQFN (5mm x 5mm x 0.8mm) (derate 21.3mW/°C<br>above +70°C) ..... | 1702mW          |
| 28-Pin TQFN (4mm x 4mm x 0.8mm) (derate 20.8mW/°C<br>above +70°C) ..... | 1666mW          |
| Operating Temperature Range .....                                       | -40°C to +85°C  |
| Junction Temperature .....                                              | +150°C          |
| Storage Temperature Range .....                                         | -65°C to +150°C |
| Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s) .....                                 | +300°C          |
| Bump Reflow Temperature (Note 1)                                        |                 |
| Infrared (15s) .....                                                    | +200°C          |
| Vapor Phase (20s) .....                                                 | +215°C          |

**Note 1:** The UCSP package is constructed using a unique set of packaging techniques that impose a limit on the thermal profile the device can be exposed to during board-level solder attach and rework. This limit permits only the use of the solder profiles recommended in the industry-standard specification, JEDEC 020A, paragraph 7.6, Table 3 for IR/VPF and convection reflow. Preheating is required. Hand or wave soldering is not allowed.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(V<sub>CC</sub> = +3V to +4.5V, V<sub>L</sub> = +1.65V to +3.6V, C<sub>FLYING</sub> = 100nF, C<sub>VBUS</sub> = 1μF, ESR<sub>CVBUS</sub> = 0.1Ω (max), T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = +3.7V, V<sub>L</sub> = +2.5V, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                                      | SYMBOL                 | CONDITIONS                                                             | MIN                  | TYP | MAX  | UNITS |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|-----|------|-------|
| Supply Voltage                                                 | V <sub>CC</sub>        |                                                                        | 3.0                  |     | 4.5  | V     |
| TRM Output Voltage                                             | V <sub>TRM</sub>       |                                                                        | 3.0                  |     | 3.6  | V     |
| Logic Supply Voltage                                           | V <sub>L</sub>         |                                                                        | 1.65                 |     | 3.60 | V     |
| V <sub>L</sub> Supply Current                                  | I <sub>VL</sub>        | I <sup>2</sup> C interface in steady state                             |                      |     | 5    | μA    |
| V <sub>CC</sub> Operating Supply Current                       | I <sub>CC</sub>        | USB normal mode, C <sub>L</sub> = 50pF, device switching at full speed |                      |     | 10   | mA    |
| V <sub>CC</sub> Supply Current During Full-Speed Idle          |                        | V <sub>BUS_DRV</sub> = 1, I <sub>VBUS</sub> = 0                        |                      | 1.4 | 2    | mA    |
|                                                                |                        | V <sub>BUS_DRV</sub> = 0, D+ = high, D- = low                          |                      | 0.5 | 0.8  |       |
| V <sub>CC</sub> Shutdown Supply Current                        | I <sub>CC(SHDN)</sub>  |                                                                        |                      | 3.5 | 10   | μA    |
| V <sub>CC</sub> Interrupt Shutdown Supply Current              | I <sub>CC(ISHDN)</sub> | ID_IN unconnected or high                                              |                      | 20  | 30   | μA    |
| V <sub>CC</sub> Suspend Supply Current                         |                        | USB suspend mode, ID_IN unconnected or high                            |                      | 170 | 500  | μA    |
| <b>LOGIC I/O</b>                                               |                        |                                                                        |                      |     |      |       |
| RCV, DAT_VP, SE0_VM, INT̄, OE/INT̄, VP, VM Output High Voltage | V <sub>OH</sub>        | I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1mA (sourcing)                                      | V <sub>L</sub> - 0.4 |     |      | V     |
| RCV, DAT_VP, SE0_VM, INT̄, OE/INT̄, VP, VM Output Low Voltage  | V <sub>OL</sub>        | I <sub>OUT</sub> = 1mA (sinking)                                       |                      |     | 0.4  | V     |
| OE/INT̄, SPD, SUS, RESET, DAT_VP, SE0_VM Input High Voltage    | V <sub>IH</sub>        |                                                                        | 2/3 x V <sub>L</sub> |     |      | V     |

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

( $V_{CC}$  = +3V to +4.5V,  $V_L$  = +1.65V to +3.6V,  $C_{FLYING}$  = 100nF,  $C_{VBUS}$  = 1 $\mu$ F,  $ESR_{CVBUS}$  = 0.1 $\Omega$  (max),  $T_A$  =  $T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = +3.7V,  $V_L$  = +2.5V,  $T_A$  = +25°C.) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                                      | SYMBOL            | CONDITIONS                                                                     |                         | MIN                  | TYP | MAX | UNITS     |   |
|----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|----------------------|-----|-----|-----------|---|
| OE/INT, SPD, SUS, RESET<br>DAT_VP, SE0_VM Input Low<br>Voltage | V <sub>IL</sub>   |                                                                                |                         | 0.4                  |     |     | V         |   |
| ADD Input High Voltage                                         | V <sub>IHA</sub>  |                                                                                |                         | 2/3 x V <sub>L</sub> |     |     | V         |   |
| ADD Input Low Voltage                                          | V <sub>ILA</sub>  |                                                                                |                         | 1/3 x V <sub>L</sub> |     |     | V         |   |
| Input Leakage Current                                          |                   |                                                                                |                         | ±1                   |     |     | µA        |   |
| TRANSCEIVER SPECIFICATIONS                                     |                   |                                                                                |                         |                      |     |     |           |   |
| Differential Receiver Input<br>Sensitivity                     |                   | V <sub>D+</sub> - V <sub>D-</sub>                                              |                         | 0.2                  |     |     | V         |   |
| Differential Receiver Common-<br>Mode Voltage                  |                   |                                                                                |                         | 0.8                  |     |     | 2.5<br>V  |   |
| Single-Ended Receiver Input Low<br>Voltage                     | V <sub>ILD</sub>  | D+, D-                                                                         |                         | 0.8                  |     |     | V         |   |
| Single-Ended Receiver Input<br>High Voltage                    | V <sub>IHD</sub>  | D+, D-                                                                         |                         | 2.0                  |     |     | V         |   |
| Single-Ended Receiver Hysteresis                               |                   |                                                                                |                         | 0.2                  |     |     | V         |   |
| Single-Ended Output Low Voltage                                | V <sub>OLD</sub>  | D+, D-, R <sub>L</sub> = 1.5kΩ from D+ or D- to 3.6V                           |                         | 0.3                  |     |     | V         |   |
| Single-Ended Output High Voltage                               | V <sub>OHD</sub>  | D+, D-, R <sub>L</sub> = 15kΩ from D+ or D- to GND                             |                         | 2.8                  |     |     | 3.6<br>V  |   |
| Off-State Leakage Current                                      |                   | D+, D-                                                                         |                         | ±1                   |     |     | µA        |   |
| Driver Output Impedance                                        |                   | D+, D-, not<br>including R <sub>EXT</sub>                                      | Low steady-state drive  | 2                    |     |     | 13        | Ω |
|                                                                |                   |                                                                                | High steady-state drive | 2                    |     |     | 13        |   |
| ESD PROTECTION (V <sub>BUS</sub> , ID_IN, D+, D-)              |                   |                                                                                |                         |                      |     |     |           |   |
| Human Body Model                                               |                   |                                                                                |                         | ±15                  |     |     | kV        |   |
| IEC 61000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge                                |                   |                                                                                |                         | ±10                  |     |     | kV        |   |
| IEC 61000-4-2 Contact Discharge                                |                   |                                                                                |                         | ±6                   |     |     | kV        |   |
| THERMAL SHUTDOWN                                               |                   |                                                                                |                         |                      |     |     |           |   |
| Thermal Shutdown Low-to-High                                   |                   |                                                                                |                         | +160                 |     |     | °C        |   |
| Thermal Shutdown High-to-Low                                   |                   |                                                                                |                         | +150                 |     |     | °C        |   |
| CHARGE-PUMP SPECIFICATIONS (vbus_drv = 1)                      |                   |                                                                                |                         |                      |     |     |           |   |
| V <sub>BUS</sub> Output Voltage                                | V <sub>BUS</sub>  | 3V < V <sub>CC</sub> < 4.5V, C <sub>VBUS</sub> = 10µF, I <sub>VBUS</sub> = 8mA |                         | 4.80                 |     |     | 5.25<br>V |   |
| V <sub>BUS</sub> Output Current                                | I <sub>VBUS</sub> |                                                                                |                         | 8                    |     |     | mA        |   |
| V <sub>BUS</sub> Output Ripple                                 |                   | I <sub>VBUS</sub> = 8mA, C <sub>VBUS</sub> = 10µF                              |                         | 100                  |     |     | mV        |   |

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

( $V_{CC}$  = +3V to +4.5V,  $V_L$  = +1.65V to +3.6V,  $C_{FLYING}$  = 100nF,  $C_{VBUS}$  = 1 $\mu$ F,  $ESR_{CVBUS}$  = 0.1 $\Omega$  (max),  $T_A$  =  $T_{MIN}$  to  $T_{MAX}$ , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at  $V_{CC}$  = +3.7V,  $V_L$  = +2.5V,  $T_A$  = +25°C.) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                           | SYMBOL                   | CONDITIONS                                                                        | MIN                   | TYP | MAX                   | UNITS      |
|-----------------------------------------------------|--------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------|-----|-----------------------|------------|
| Switching Frequency                                 | f <sub>SW</sub>          |                                                                                   |                       | 390 |                       | kHz        |
| V <sub>BUS</sub> Leakage Voltage                    |                          | V <sub>BUS_DRV</sub> = 0                                                          |                       |     | 0.2                   | V          |
| V <sub>BUS</sub> Rise Time                          |                          | C <sub>VBUS</sub> = 10 $\mu$ F, I <sub>VBUS</sub> = 8mA, measured from 0 to +4.4V |                       |     | 100                   | ms         |
| V <sub>BUS</sub> Pulldown Resistance                |                          | V <sub>BUS_DISCHRG</sub> = 1, V <sub>BUS_DRV</sub> = 0, V <sub>BUS_CHRG</sub> = 0 | 3.8                   | 5   | 6.5                   | k $\Omega$ |
| V <sub>BUS</sub> Pullup Resistance                  |                          | V <sub>BUS_CHRG</sub> = 1, V <sub>BUS_DRV</sub> = 0, V <sub>BUS_DISCHRG</sub> = 0 | 650                   | 930 | 1250                  | $\Omega$   |
| V <sub>BUS</sub> Input Impedance                    | Z <sub>INVBUS</sub>      | V <sub>BUS_DISCHRG</sub> = 0, V <sub>BUS_DRV</sub> = 0, V <sub>BUS_CHRG</sub> = 0 | 40                    | 70  | 100                   | k $\Omega$ |
| <b>COMPARATOR SPECIFICATIONS</b>                    |                          |                                                                                   |                       |     |                       |            |
| V <sub>BUS</sub> Valid Comparator Threshold         | V <sub>TH-VBUS</sub>     |                                                                                   | 4.4                   | 4.6 | 4.8                   | V          |
| V <sub>BUS</sub> Valid Comparator Hysteresis        | V <sub>HYS-VBUS</sub>    |                                                                                   |                       | 50  |                       | mV         |
| Session-Valid Comparator Threshold                  | V <sub>TH-SESS_VLD</sub> |                                                                                   | 0.8                   | 1.4 | 2.0                   | V          |
| Session-End Comparator Threshold                    | V <sub>TH-SESS_END</sub> |                                                                                   | 0.2                   | 0.5 | 0.8                   | V          |
| dp_hi Comparator Threshold                          |                          |                                                                                   | 0.8                   | 1.3 | 2.0                   | V          |
| dm_hi Comparator Threshold                          |                          |                                                                                   | 0.8                   | 1.3 | 2.0                   | V          |
| cr_int Pulse Width                                  |                          |                                                                                   |                       | 750 |                       | ns         |
| cr_int Comparator Threshold                         |                          |                                                                                   | 0.4                   | 0.5 | 0.6                   | V          |
| <b>ID_IN SPECIFICATIONS</b>                         |                          |                                                                                   |                       |     |                       |            |
| ID_IN Input Voltage for Car Kit                     |                          |                                                                                   | 0.2 x V <sub>CC</sub> |     | 0.8 x V <sub>CC</sub> | V          |
| ID_IN Input Voltage for A Device                    |                          |                                                                                   |                       |     | 0.1 x V <sub>CC</sub> | V          |
| ID_IN Input Voltage for B Device                    |                          |                                                                                   | 0.9 x V <sub>CC</sub> |     |                       | V          |
| ID_IN Input Impedance                               | Z <sub>ID_IN</sub>       |                                                                                   | 70                    | 100 | 130                   | k $\Omega$ |
| ID_IN Input Leakage Current                         |                          | ID_IN = V <sub>CC</sub>                                                           | -1                    |     | +1                    | $\mu$ A    |
| ID_IN Pulldown Resistance                           |                          | id_pulldown = 1                                                                   |                       | 150 | 300                   | $\Omega$   |
| <b>TERMINATING RESISTOR SPECIFICATIONS (D+, D-)</b> |                          |                                                                                   |                       |     |                       |            |
| D+ Pulldown Resistor                                |                          | dp_pulldown = 1                                                                   | 14.25                 | 15  | 15.75                 | k $\Omega$ |
| D- Pulldown Resistor                                |                          | dm_pulldown = 1                                                                   | 14.25                 | 15  | 15.75                 | k $\Omega$ |
| D+ Pullup Resistor                                  |                          | dp_pullup = 1                                                                     | 1.425                 | 1.5 | 1.575                 | k $\Omega$ |
| D- Pullup Resistor                                  |                          | dm_pullup = 1                                                                     | 1.425                 | 1.5 | 1.575                 | k $\Omega$ |

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

(V<sub>CC</sub> = +3V to +4.5V, V<sub>L</sub> = +1.65V to +3.6V, C<sub>FLYING</sub> = 100nF, C<sub>VBUS</sub> = 1μF, ESR<sub>CVBUS</sub> = 0.1Ω (max), T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = +3.7V, V<sub>L</sub> = +2.5V, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                                                                                         | SYMBOL                              | CONDITIONS                                  | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| <b>TRANSMITTER CHARACTERISTICS (FULL-SPEED MODE)</b>                                                              |                                     |                                             |     |     |     |       |
| D+, D- Rise Time                                                                                                  | t <sub>R</sub>                      | Figures 2 and 5                             | 4   |     | 20  | ns    |
| D+, D- Fall Time                                                                                                  | t <sub>F</sub>                      | Figures 2 and 5                             | 4   |     | 20  | ns    |
| Rise-/Fall-Time Matching                                                                                          |                                     | Figures 2 and 5 (Note 3)                    | 90  |     | 110 | %     |
| Output-Signal Crossover Voltage                                                                                   | V <sub>CRS_F</sub>                  | Figures 2, 6, and 7 (Note 3)                | 1.3 |     | 2.0 | V     |
| <b>TRANSMITTER CHARACTERISTICS (LOW-SPEED MODE)</b>                                                               |                                     |                                             |     |     |     |       |
| D+, D- Rise Time                                                                                                  | t <sub>R</sub>                      | Figures 2 and 5                             | 75  |     | 300 | ns    |
| D+, D- Fall Time                                                                                                  | t <sub>F</sub>                      | Figures 2 and 5                             | 75  |     | 300 | ns    |
| Rise-/Fall-Time Matching                                                                                          |                                     | Figures 2 and 5                             | 80  |     | 125 | %     |
| Output-Signal Crossover Voltage                                                                                   | V <sub>CRS_L</sub>                  | Figures 2, 6, and 7                         | 1.3 |     | 2.0 | V     |
| <b>TRANSMITTER TIMING (FULL-SPEED MODE)</b>                                                                       |                                     |                                             |     |     |     |       |
| Driver Propagation Delay<br>(DAT_VP, SE0_VM to D+, D-)                                                            | t <sub>PLH</sub>                    | Low-to-high, Figures 2 and 6                |     |     | 25  | ns    |
|                                                                                                                   | t <sub>PHL</sub>                    | High-to-low, Figures 2 and 6                |     |     | 25  |       |
| Driver Disable Delay                                                                                              | t <sub>PDZ</sub>                    | Figures 1 and 8                             |     |     | 25  | ns    |
| Driver Enable Delay                                                                                               | t <sub>PZD</sub>                    | Figures 2 and 8                             |     |     | 25  | ns    |
| <b>TRANSMITTER TIMING (LOW-SPEED MODE) (Low-speed delay timing is dominated by the slow rise and fall times.)</b> |                                     |                                             |     |     |     |       |
| <b>SPEED-INDEPENDENT TIMING CHARACTERISTICS</b>                                                                   |                                     |                                             |     |     |     |       |
| Receiver Disable Delay                                                                                            | t <sub>PVZ</sub>                    | Figure 4                                    |     |     | 30  | ns    |
| Receiver Enable Delay                                                                                             | t <sub>PZV</sub>                    | Figure 4                                    |     |     | 30  | ns    |
| D+ Pullup Assertion Time                                                                                          |                                     | During HNP                                  |     |     | 3   | μs    |
| RCV Rise Time                                                                                                     | t <sub>R</sub>                      | Figures 3 and 5, C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF      |     | 4   |     | ns    |
| RCV Fall Time                                                                                                     | t <sub>F</sub>                      | Figures 3 and 5, C <sub>L</sub> = 15pF      |     | 4   |     | ns    |
| Differential-Receiver Propagation Delay                                                                           | t <sub>PHL</sub> , t <sub>PLH</sub> | Figures 3 and 10, ID+ - D-I to DAT_VP       |     |     | 30  | ns    |
|                                                                                                                   |                                     | Figures 3 and 9, ID+ - D-I to RCV           |     |     | 30  |       |
| Single-Ended-Receiver Propagation Delay                                                                           | t <sub>PHL</sub> , t <sub>PLH</sub> | Figures 3 and 9, D+, D- to DAT_VP, SE0_VM   |     |     | 30  | ns    |
| Interrupt Propagation Delay                                                                                       |                                     |                                             |     |     | 100 | μs    |
| VBUS_CHRG Propagation Delay                                                                                       |                                     | Dominated by the V <sub>BUS</sub> rise time |     | 0.2 |     | μs    |
| Time to Exit Shutdown                                                                                             |                                     |                                             |     |     | 1   | μs    |
| Shutdown Delay                                                                                                    |                                     |                                             |     |     | 10  | μs    |

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## I<sup>2</sup>C-/SMBus™-COMPATIBLE TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

(V<sub>CC</sub> = +3V to +4.5V, V<sub>L</sub> = +1.65V to +3.6V, C<sub>FLYING</sub> = 100nF, C<sub>VBUS</sub> = 1μF, ESR<sub>CVBUS</sub> = 0.1Ω (max), T<sub>A</sub> = T<sub>MIN</sub> to T<sub>MAX</sub>, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at V<sub>CC</sub> = +3.7V, V<sub>L</sub> = +2.5V, T<sub>A</sub> = +25°C.) (Note 2)

| PARAMETER                                       | SYMBOL              | CONDITIONS                                                          | MIN                             | TYP | MAX                     | UNITS |
|-------------------------------------------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----|-------------------------|-------|
| Serial Clock Frequency                          | f <sub>SCL</sub>    |                                                                     |                                 |     | 400                     | kHz   |
| Bus-Free Time Between Stop and Start Conditions | t <sub>BUF</sub>    |                                                                     | 1.3                             |     |                         | μs    |
| Start-Condition Hold Time                       | t <sub>HD_STA</sub> |                                                                     | 0.6                             |     |                         | μs    |
| Stop-Condition Setup Time                       | t <sub>SU_STO</sub> |                                                                     | 0.6                             |     |                         | μs    |
| Clock Low Period                                | t <sub>LOW</sub>    |                                                                     | 1.3                             |     |                         | μs    |
| Clock High Period                               | t <sub>HIGH</sub>   |                                                                     | 0.6                             |     |                         | μs    |
| Data Setup Time                                 | t <sub>SU_DAT</sub> |                                                                     | 100                             |     |                         | ns    |
| Data Hold Time                                  | t <sub>HD_DAT</sub> | (Note 4)                                                            |                                 |     | 0.9                     | μs    |
| Rise Time of SDA and SCL                        | t <sub>R</sub>      | (Note 5)                                                            | 20 +<br>0.1 x<br>C <sub>B</sub> |     | 300                     | ns    |
| Fall Time of SDA and SCL                        | t <sub>F</sub>      | Measured from 0.3 x V <sub>L</sub> to 0.7 x V <sub>L</sub> (Note 5) |                                 |     | 300                     | ns    |
| Capacitive Load for each Bus Line               | C <sub>B</sub>      |                                                                     |                                 |     | 400                     | pF    |
| <b>SDA AND SCL I/O STAGE CHARACTERISTICS</b>    |                     |                                                                     |                                 |     |                         |       |
| Input-Voltage Low                               | V <sub>IL</sub>     |                                                                     |                                 |     | 0.3 x<br>V <sub>L</sub> | V     |
| Input-Voltage High                              | V <sub>IH</sub>     |                                                                     | 0.7 x<br>V <sub>L</sub>         |     |                         | V     |
| SDA Output-Voltage Low                          | V <sub>OL</sub>     | I <sub>SINK</sub> = 3mA                                             |                                 |     | 0.4                     | V     |
| Pulse Width of Suppressed Spike                 | t <sub>SP</sub>     | (Note 6)                                                            |                                 | 50  |                         | ns    |

**Note 2:** Parameters are 100% production tested at +25°C. Limits over temperature are guaranteed by design.

**Note 3:** Guaranteed by bench characterization. Limits are not production tested.

**Note 4:** A master device must provide a hold time of at least 300ns for the SDA signal to bridge the undefined region of SCL's falling edge.

**Note 5:** C<sub>B</sub> is the total capacitance of one bus line in pF, tested with C<sub>B</sub> = 400pF.

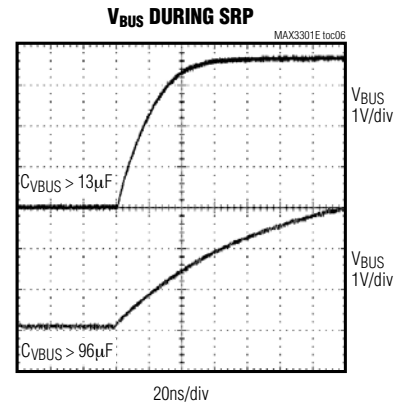
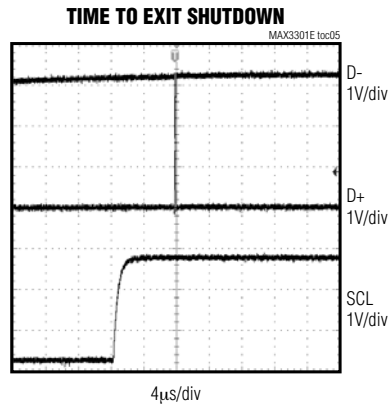
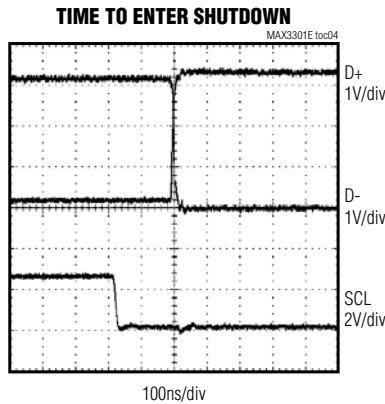
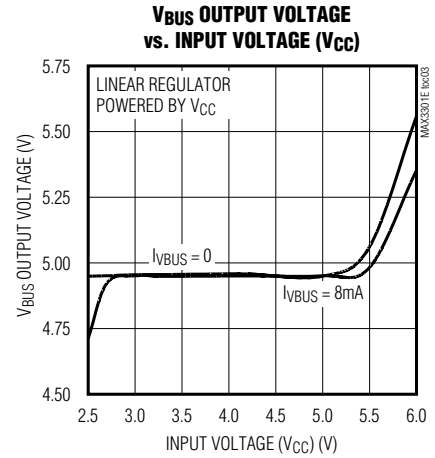
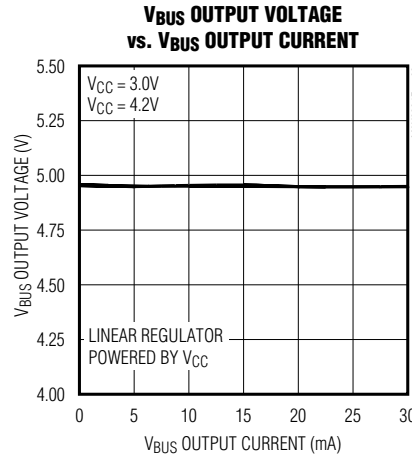
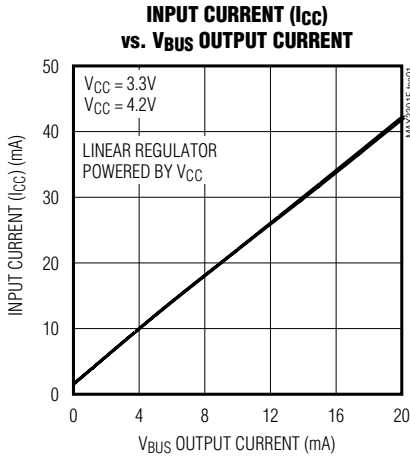
**Note 6:** Input filters on SDA, SCL, and ADD suppress noise spikes of less than 50ns.

SMBus is a trademark of Intel Corporation.

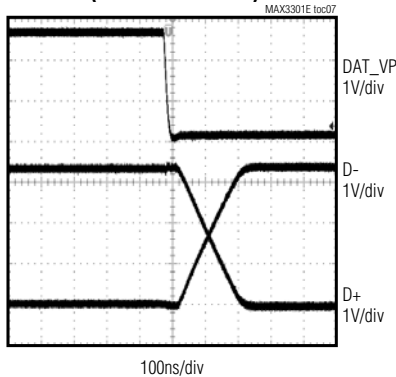
# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## Typical Operating Characteristics

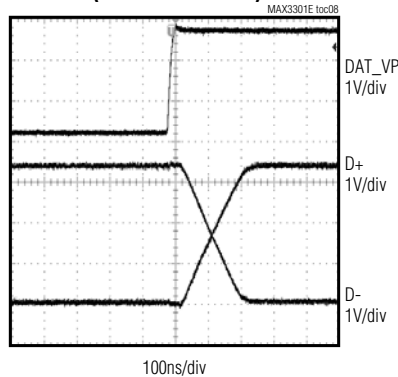
(Typical operating circuit,  $V_{CC} = +3.7V$ ,  $V_L = +2.5V$ ,  $C_{FLYING} = 100nF$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)



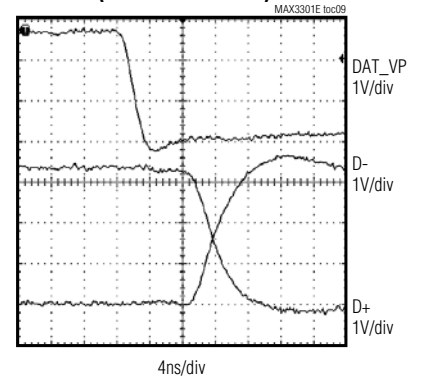
**DRIVER PROPAGATION DELAY HIGH-TO-LOW (LOW-SPEED MODE)**



**DRIVER PROPAGATION DELAY LOW-TO-HIGH (LOW-SPEED MODE)**



**DRIVER PROPAGATION DELAY HIGH-TO-LOW (FULL-SPEED MODE)**

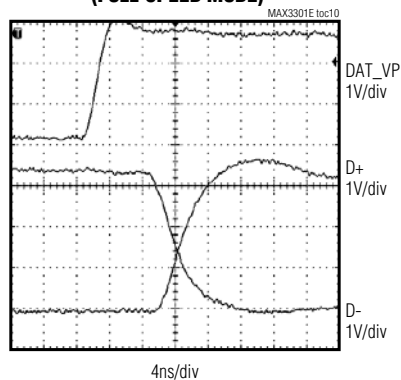


# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

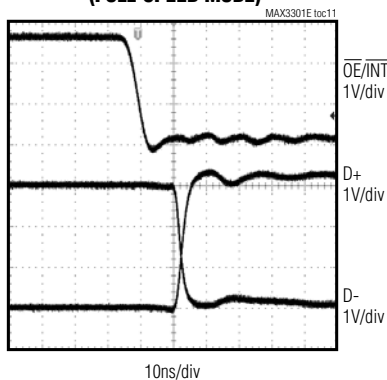
## Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(Typical operating circuit,  $V_{CC} = +3.7V$ ,  $V_L = +2.5V$ ,  $C_{FLYING} = 100nF$ ,  $T_A = +25^\circ C$ , unless otherwise noted.)

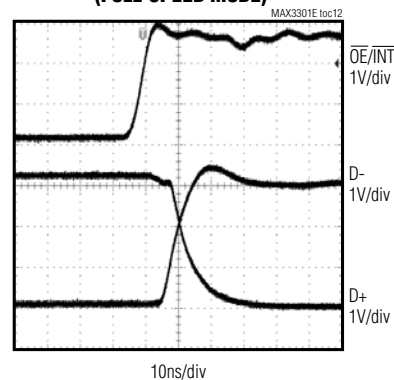
**DRIVER PROPAGATION DELAY LOW-TO-HIGH  
(FULL-SPEED MODE)**



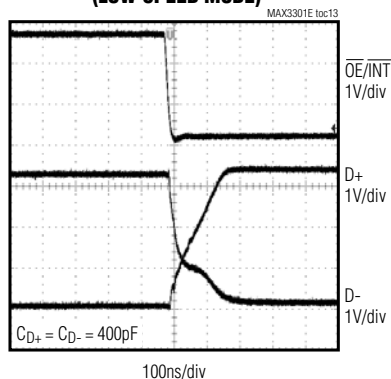
**DRIVER ENABLE DELAY  
(FULL-SPEED MODE)**



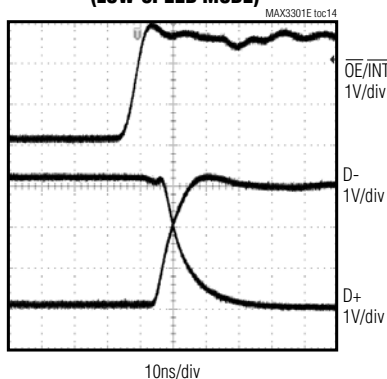
**DRIVER DISABLE DELAY  
(FULL-SPEED MODE)**



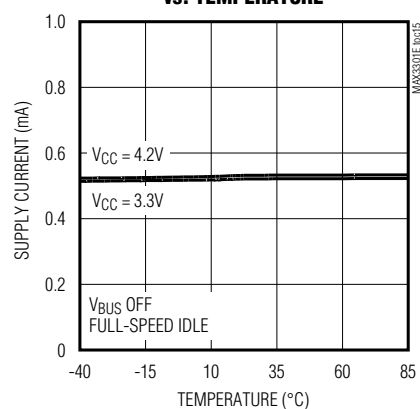
**DRIVER ENABLE DELAY  
(LOW-SPEED MODE)**



**DRIVER DISABLE DELAY  
(LOW-SPEED MODE)**



**SUPPLY CURRENT  
vs. TEMPERATURE**





# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## Pin Description

MAX3301E/MAX3302E

| PIN                     |                         |              | NAME                           | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|--------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| MAX3302E<br>28-PIN TQFN | MAX3301E<br>32-PIN TQFN | UCSP/<br>WLP |                                |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 1                       | 2                       | D2           | DAT_VP                         | System-Side Data Input/Output. DAT_VP is an input if $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$ is logic 0. DAT_VP is an output if $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$ is logic 1. Program the function of DAT_VP with the dat_se0 bit (bit 2 of control register 1, see Table 7).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 2, 25                   | 3, 29                   | D1, E3       | VCC                            | Input Power Supply. Connect a +3V to +4.5V supply to VCC and bypass to GND with a 1µF capacitor. The supply range enables direct powering from one Li+ battery.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 3, 9, 23                | 1, 4, 9, 12, 17, 25, 28 | —            | N.C.                           | No Connection. Not internally connected.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 4                       | 5                       | C1           | C-                             | Charge-Pump Flying-Capacitor Negative Terminal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 5                       | 6                       | C2           | SE0_VM                         | System-Side Data Input/Output. SE0_VM is an input if $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$ is logic 0. SE0_VM is an output if $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$ is logic 1. Program the function of SE0_VM with the dat_se0 bit (bit 2 of control register 1, see Table 7).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 6, 18                   | 7, 21                   | B1, C5       | GND                            | Ground                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| 7                       | 8                       | A1           | SDA                            | I2C-Compatible Serial Data Interface. Open-drain data input/output.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 8                       | 10                      | B2           | SCL                            | I2C-Compatible Serial Clock Input                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 10                      | 11                      | A2           | $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$ | Output Enable. $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$ controls the input or output status of DAT_VP/SE0_VM and D+/D-. When $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$ is logic 0, the device is in transmit mode. When $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$ is logic 1, the device is in receive mode. When in suspend mode, $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$ can be programmed to function as an interrupt output that detects the same interrupts as $\overline{INT}$ . The oe_int_en bit (bit 5 of control register 1, see Table 7) enables and disables the interrupt circuitry of $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$ . The irq_mode bit (bit 1 of special-function register 2, see Table 15) programs the output configuration of $\overline{INT}$ and $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$ as open-drain or push-pull. |
| 11                      | 13                      | A3           | RCV                            | D+ and D- Differential Receiver Output. In receive mode (see Table 4), when D+ is high and D- is low, RCV is high. In receive mode, when D+ is low and D- is high, RCV is low. RCV is low in suspend mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 12                      | 14                      | B3           | SPD                            | Speed-Selector Input. Connect SPD to GND to select the low-speed data rate (1.5Mbps). Connect SPD to V <sub>L</sub> to select the full-speed data rate (12Mbps). Disable the SPD input by writing a 1 to spd_susp_ctl (bit 1 in special-function register 1, see Table 14). The speed bit (bit 0 of control register 1, see Table 7) determines the maximum data rate of the MAX3301E/MAX3302E when the SPD input is disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 13                      | 15                      | A4           | V <sub>L</sub>                 | System-Side Logic-Supply Input. Connect to the system's logic-level power supply, +1.65V to +3.6V. This sets the maximum output levels of the logic outputs and the input thresholds of the logic inputs. Bypass to GND with a 0.1µF capacitor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 14                      | 16                      | A5           | SUS                            | Active-High Suspend Input. Drive SUS low for normal USB operation. Drive SUS high to enable suspend mode. RCV asserts low in suspend mode. Disable the SUS input by writing a 1 to spd_susp_ctl (bit 1 in special-function register 1, see Table 14). The suspend bit (bit 1 of control register 1, see Table 7) determines the operating mode of the MAX3301E/MAX3302E when the SUS input is disabled.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## Pin Description (continued)

| PIN                     |                         |              | NAME                      | FUNCTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|-------------------------|-------------------------|--------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| MAX3302E<br>28-PIN TQFN | MAX3301E<br>32-PIN TQFN | UCSP/<br>WLP |                           |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 15                      | 18                      | B4           | $\overline{\text{INT}}$   | Active-Low Interrupt Source. Program the $\overline{\text{INT}}$ output as push-pull or open-drain with the irq_mode bit (bit 1 of special-function register 2, see Tables 15 and 16).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
| 16                      | 19                      | B5           | $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ | Active-Low Reset Input. Drive $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ low to asynchronously reset the MAX3301E/MAX3302E.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 17                      | 20                      | C3           | ADD                       | I <sup>2</sup> C-Interface Address Selection Input. (See Table 5.)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 19                      | 22                      | C4           | ID_IN                     | ID Input. ID_IN is internally pulled up to V <sub>CC</sub> . The state of ID_IN determines ID bits 3 and 5 of the interrupt source register (see Table 10).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 20                      | 23                      | D5           | D-                        | USB Differential Data Input/Output. Connect D- to the D- terminal of the USB connector through a 27.4 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% series resistor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 21                      | 24                      | E5           | D+                        | USB Differential Data Input/Output. Connect D+ to the D+ terminal of the USB connector through a 27.4 $\Omega$ $\pm$ 1% series resistor.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 22                      | 26                      | D4           | VM                        | Single-Ended Receiver Output. VM functions as a receiver output in all operating modes. VM duplicates D-.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 24                      | 27                      | E4           | TRM                       | USB Transceiver Regulated Output Voltage. TRM provides a regulated 3.3V output. Bypass TRM to GND with a 1 $\mu$ F ceramic capacitor installed as close to the device as possible. TRM normally derives power from V <sub>CC</sub> . TRM provides power to internal circuitry and provides the pullup voltage for the internal USB pullup resistor. Do not use TRM to power external circuitry. The reg_sel bit (bit 3 of special-function register 2, see Table 15 and Table 16) controls the TRM power source with software. |
| 26                      | 30                      | D3           | VP                        | Single-Ended Receiver Output. VP functions as a receiver output in all operating modes. VP duplicates D+.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 27                      | 31                      | E2           | V <sub>BUS</sub>          | USB Bus Power. Use V <sub>BUS</sub> as an output to power the USB bus, or as an input to power the internal linear regulator. Bits 5 to 7 of control register 2 (see Table 8) control the charging and discharging functions of V <sub>BUS</sub> .                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 28                      | 32                      | E1           | C+                        | Charge-Pump Flying-Capacitor Positive Terminal                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
| EP                      | EP                      | —            | EP                        | Exposed Paddle. Connect EP to GND or leave unconnected.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |

## Test Circuits and Timing Diagrams

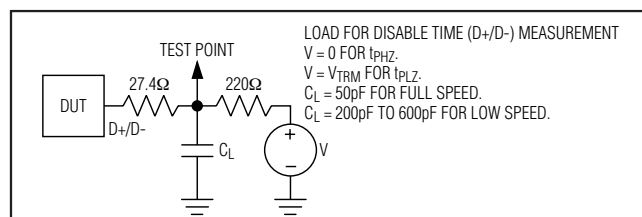


Figure 1. Load for Disable Time Measurement

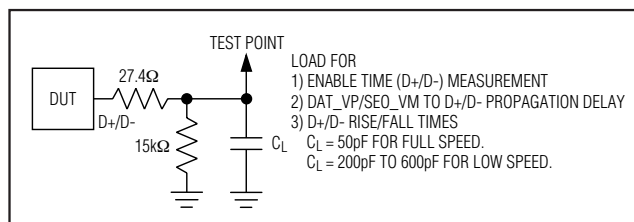


Figure 2. Load for Enable Time, Transmitter Propagation Delay, and Transmitter Rise/Fall Times

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## Test Circuits and Timing Diagrams (continued)

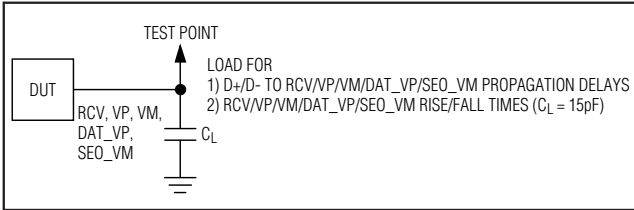


Figure 3. Load for Receiver Propagation Delay and Receiver Rise/Fall Times

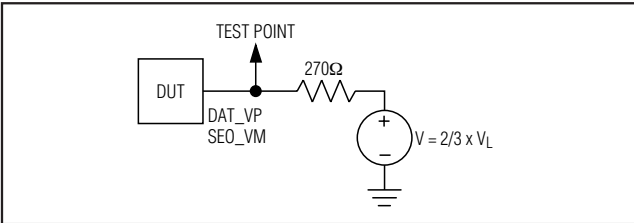


Figure 4. Load for DAT\_VP, SEO\_VM Enable/Disable Time Measurements

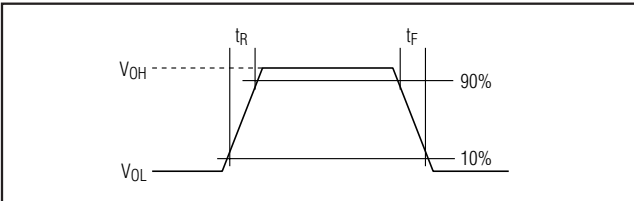


Figure 5. Rise and Fall Times

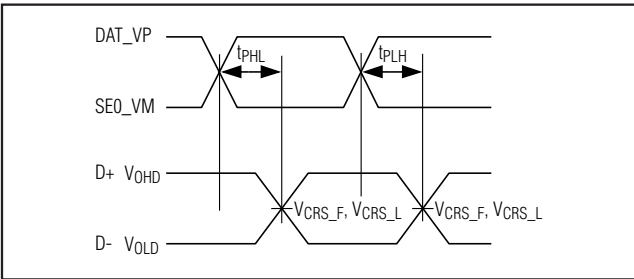


Figure 6. Timing of DAT\_VP, SEO\_VM to D+, D- in VP\_VM Mode (dat\_se0 = 0)

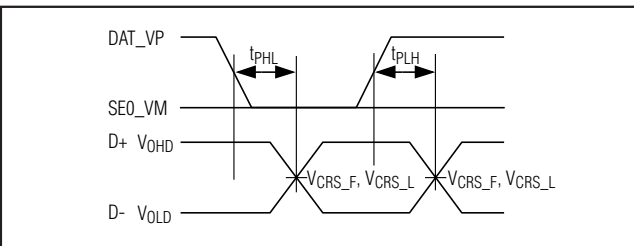


Figure 7. Timing of DAT\_VP, SEO\_VM to D+/D- in DAT\_SE0 Mode (dat\_se0 = 1)

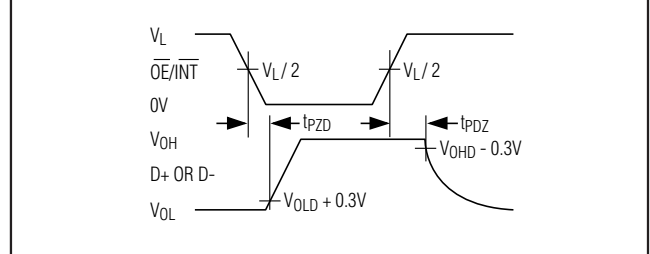


Figure 8. Enable and Disable Timing

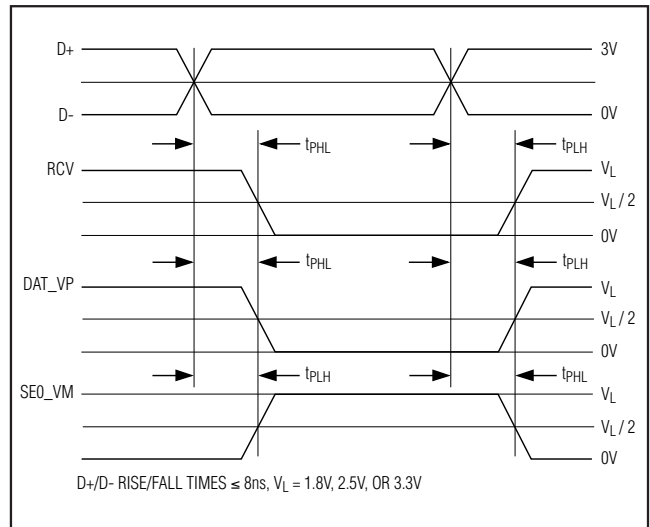


Figure 9. D+/D- to RCV, DAT\_VP, SEO\_VM Propagation Delays (VP\_VM Mode)

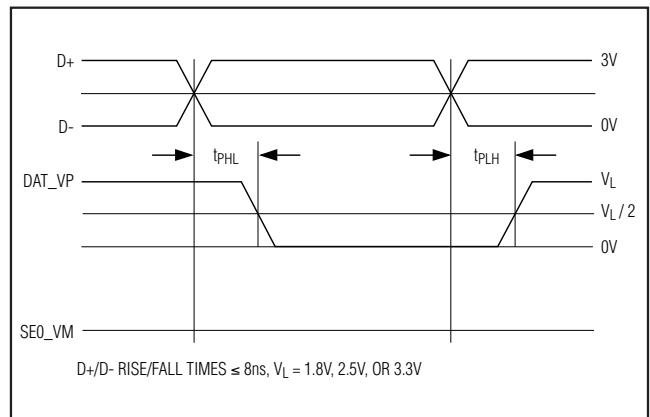


Figure 10. D+/D- to DAT\_VP, SEO\_VM Propagation Delays (DAT\_SE0 Mode)

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## Block Diagram

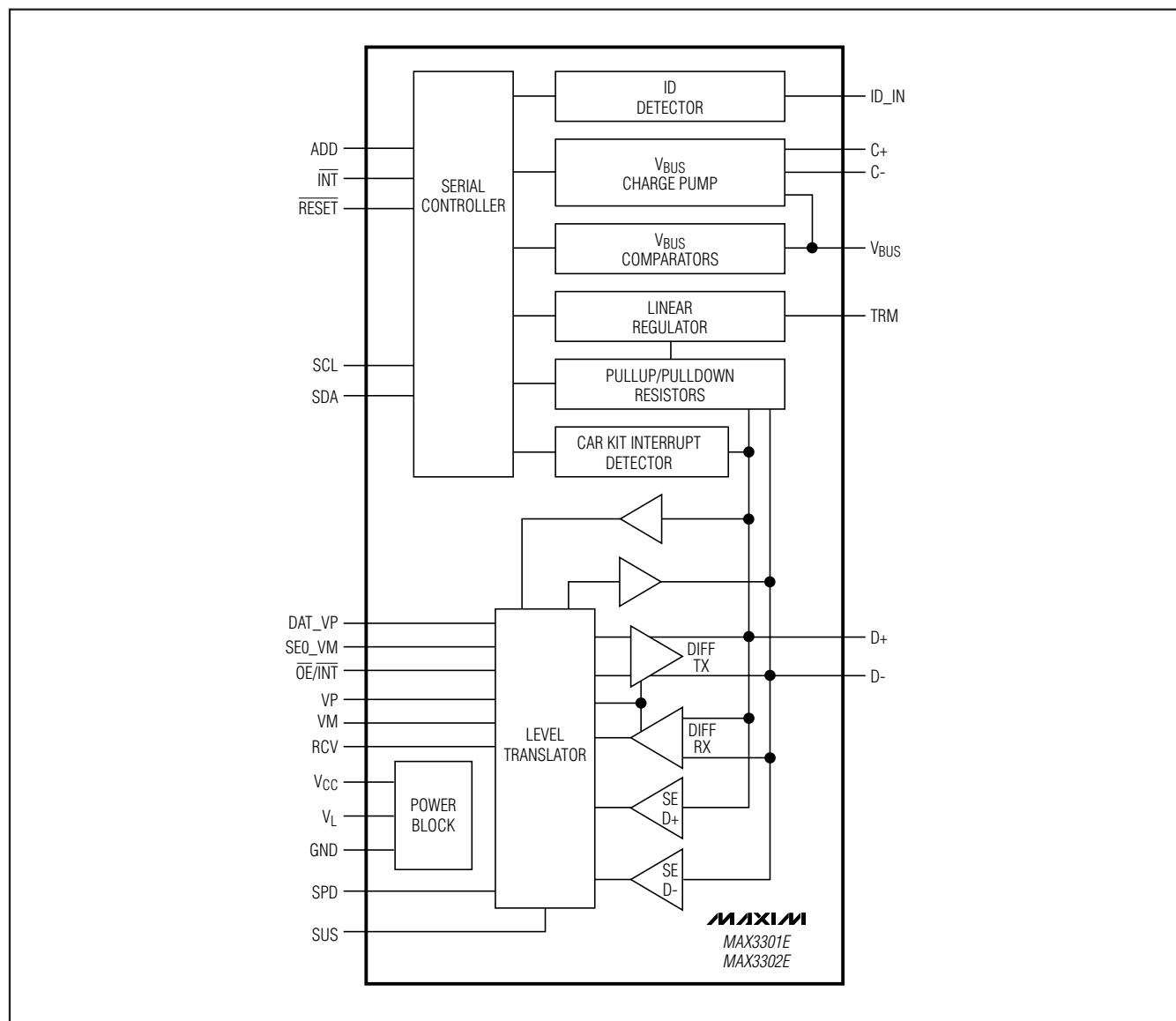


Figure 11. Block Diagram

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## Detailed Description

The USB OTG specification defines a dual-role USB device that acts either as an A device or as a B device. The A device supplies power on VBUS and initially serves as the USB host. The B device serves as the initial peripheral and requires circuitry to monitor and pulse VBUS. These initial roles can be reversed using HNP.

The MAX3301E/MAX3302E combine a low- and full-speed USB transceiver with additional circuitry required by a dual-role device. The MAX3301E/MAX3302E employ flexible switching circuitry to enable the device to act as a dedicated host or peripheral USB transceiver. For example, the charge pump can be turned off and the internal regulator can be powered from VBUS for bus-powered peripheral applications.

The *Selector Guide* shows the differences between the MAX3301E and MAX3302E. The MAX3301E powers up in its lowest power state and must be turned on by setting the *sdwn* bit to 0. The MAX3302E powers up in the operational, VP/VM USB mode. This allows a micro-processor ( $\mu$ P) to use the USB port for power-on boot-up, without having to access I<sup>2</sup>C. To put the MAX3302E into low-power shutdown, set the *sdwn* bit to 0. In the MAX3302E, special-function register 2 can be addressed at I<sup>2</sup>C register location 10h, 11h (as well as locations 16h, 17h) to support USB OTG serial-interface engine (SIE) implementations that are limited to I<sup>2</sup>C register addresses between 0h and 15h.

## Transceiver

The MAX3301E/MAX3302E transceiver complies with the USB version 2.0 specification, and operates at full-speed (12Mbps) and low-speed (1.5Mbps) data rates. Set the data rate with the *SPD* input. Set the direction of data transfer with the *OE/INT* input. Alternatively, control transceiver operation with control register 1 (Table 7) and special-function registers 1 and 2 (see Tables 14, 15, and 16).

## Level Shifters

Internal level shifters allow the system-side interface to run at logic-supply voltages as low as +1.65V. Interface logic signals are referenced to the voltage applied to the logic-supply voltage, *V<sub>L</sub>*.

## Charge Pump

The MAX3301E/MAX3302E's OTG-compliant charge pump operates with +3V to +4.5V input supply voltages (*V<sub>CC</sub>*) and supplies a +4.8V to +5.25V OTG-compatible output on VBUS while sourcing the 8mA or greater output current that an A device is required to supply. Connect a 0.1 $\mu$ F flying capacitor between C+ and C-. Bypass VBUS to GND with a 1 $\mu$ F to 6.5 $\mu$ F capacitor, in

accordance with USB OTG specifications. The charge pump can be turned off to conserve power when not used. Control of the charge pump is set through the *vbus\_drv* bit (bit 5) of control register 2 (see Table 8).

## Linear Regulator (TRM)

An internal 3.3V linear regulator powers the transceiver and the internal 1.5k $\Omega$  D+/D- pullup resistor. Under the control of internal register bits, the linear regulator can be powered from *V<sub>CC</sub>* or VBUS. The regulator power-supply settings are controlled by the *reg\_sel* bit (bit 3) in special-function register 2 (Tables 15 and 16). This flexibility allows the system designer to configure the MAX3301E/MAX3302E for virtually any USB power situation.

The output of the TRM is not a power supply. Do not use as a power source for any external circuitry. Connect a 1.0 $\mu$ F (or greater) ceramic or plastic capacitor from TRM to GND, as close to the device as possible.

## VBUS Level-Detection Comparators

Comparators drive interrupt source register bits 0, 1, and 7 (Table 10) to indicate important USB OTG VBUS voltage levels:

- VBUS is valid (*vbus\_vld*)
- USB session is valid (*sess\_vld*)
- USB session has ended (*sess\_end*)

The *vbus\_valid* comparator sets *vbus\_vld* to 1 if VBUS is higher than the VBUS valid comparator threshold. The VBUS valid status bit (*vbus\_vld*) is used by the A device to determine if the B device is sinking too much current (i.e., is not supported). The *session\_valid* comparator sets *sess\_vld* to 1 if VBUS is higher than the session valid comparator threshold. This status bit indicates that a data transfer session is valid. The *session\_end* comparator sets *sess\_end* to 1 if VBUS is higher than the

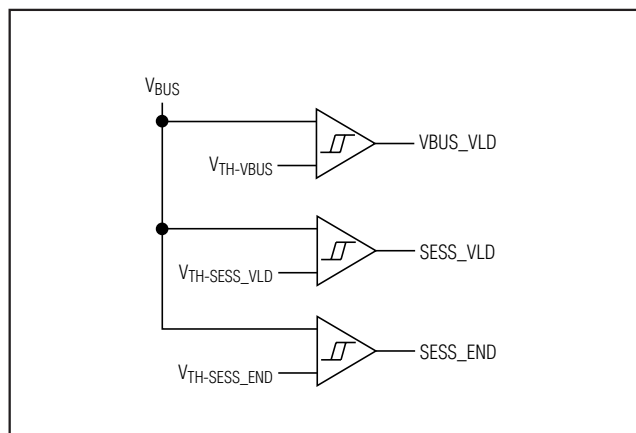


Figure 12. Comparator Network Diagram

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

session end comparator threshold. Figure 12 shows the level-detector comparators. The interrupt-enable registers (Tables 12 and 13) determine whether a falling or rising edge of VBUS asserts these status bits.

## ID\_IN

The USB OTG specification defines an ID input that determines which dual-role device is the default host. An OTG cable connects ID to ground in the connector of one end and is left unconnected in the other end. Whichever dual-role device receives the grounded end becomes the A device. The MAX3301E/MAX3302E provide an internal pullup resistor on ID\_IN. Internal comparators detect if ID\_IN is grounded or left floating.

## Interrupt Logic

When OTG events require action, the MAX3301E/MAX3302E provide an interrupt output signal on INT. Alternatively, OE/INT can be configured to act as an interrupt output while the device operates in USB suspend mode. Program INT and OE/INT as open-drain or push-pull interrupts with irq\_mode (bit 1 of special-function register 2, see Tables 15 and 16).

## VBUS Power Control

VBUS is a dual-function port that powers the USB bus and/or provides a power source for the internal linear regulator. The VBUS power-control block performs the various switching functions required by an OTG dual-role device. These actions are programmed by the system logic using bits 5 to 7 of control register 2 (see Table 8) to:

- Discharge VBUS through a resistor
- Provide power-on or receive power from VBUS
- Charge VBUS through a resistor

The OTG supplement allows an A device to turn VBUS off when the bus is not being used to conserve power. The B device can issue a request that a new session be started using SRP. The B device must discharge VBUS to a level below the session-end threshold (0.8V) to ensure that no session is in progress before initiating SRP. Setting bit 6 of control register 2 to 1, discharges VBUS to GND through a 5kΩ current-limiting resistor. When VBUS has discharged, the resistor is removed from the circuit by resetting bit 6 of control register 2.

An OTG A device is required to supply power on VBUS. The MAX3301E/MAX3302E provide power to VBUS from VCC or from the internal charge pump. Set bit 5 in control register 2 to 1 in both cases. Bit 5 in control register 2 controls a current-limited switch, preventing damage to the device in the event of a VBUS short circuit.

An OTG B device (peripheral mode) can request a session using SRP. One of the steps in implementing SRP requires pulsing VBUS high for a controlled time. A 930Ω resistor limits the current according to the OTG specification. Pulse VBUS through the pullup resistor by asserting bit 7 of control register 2. Prior to pulsing VBUS (bit 7), a B device first connects an internal pulldown resistor to discharge VBUS below the session-end threshold. The discharge current is limited by the 5kΩ resistor and set by bit 6 of control register 2. An OTG A device must

**Table 1. Functional Blocks Enabled During Specific Operating Modes**

| MODE                               | I2C | ID_IN | sess_end<br>COMP | sess_vld<br>COMP | vbus_vld<br>COMP | cr_int<br>COMP | dp_hi<br>COMP | dm_hi<br>COMP | TRM | TX | DIFF<br>RX | SE<br>RX |
|------------------------------------|-----|-------|------------------|------------------|------------------|----------------|---------------|---------------|-----|----|------------|----------|
| Shutdown <sup>1</sup>              | ✓   | X     | X                | X                | X                | X              | X             | X             | X   | X  | X          | X        |
| Interrupt<br>Shutdown <sup>2</sup> | ✓   | ✓     | X                | ✓                | X                | X              | ✓             | ✓             | X   | X  | X          | X        |
| Suspend <sup>3</sup>               | ✓   | ✓     | ✓                | ✓                | ✓                | ✓              | ✓             | ✓             | ✓   | ✓  | X          | ✓        |
| Normal<br>Operating                | ✓   | ✓     | ✓                | ✓                | ✓                | ✓              | ✓             | ✓             | ✓   | ✓  | ✓          | ✓        |

✓ = Enabled.

X = Disabled.

1. For the MAX3301E, enter shutdown mode by writing a 1 to sdwn (bit 0 of special-function register 2). For the MAX3302E, enter shutdown mode by writing a 0 to sdwn (bit 0 of special-function register 2).

2. Enter interrupt shutdown mode by writing a 1 to int\_sdwn (bit 0 of special-function register 1).

3. Enter suspend mode by writing a 1 to spd\_susp\_ctl (bit 1 of special-function register 1) and suspend (bit 1 of control register 1), or by writing a 0 to spd\_susp\_ctl (bit 1 of special-function register 1) and driving SUS high.



# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

supply 5V power and at least 8mA on V<sub>BUS</sub>. Setting bit 5 of control register 2 turns on the V<sub>BUS</sub> charge pump.

## Operating Modes

The MAX3301E/MAX3302E have four operating modes to optimize power consumption. Only the I<sup>2</sup>C interface remains active in shutdown mode, reducing supply current to 1μA. The I<sup>2</sup>C interface, the ID<sub>IN</sub> port, and the session-valid comparator all remain active in interrupt shutdown mode. RCV asserts low in suspend mode; however, all other circuitry remains active. Table 1 lists the active blocks' power in each of the operating modes.

## Applications Information

### Data Transfer

#### Transmitting Data to the USB

The MAX3301E/MAX3302E transceiver features two modes of transmission: DAT\_SE0 or VP\_VM (see Table 3). Set the transmitting mode with dat\_se0 (bit 2 in control register 1, see Table 7). In DAT\_SE0 mode with  $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$  low, DAT\_VP specifies data for the differential transceiver, and SE0\_VM forces D+/D- to the single-ended zero (SE0) state. In VP\_VM mode with  $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$  low, DAT\_VP drives D+, and SE0\_VM drives D-. The differential receiver determines the state of RCV.

#### Receiving Data from the USB

The MAX3301E/MAX3302E transceiver features two modes of receiving data: DAT\_SE0 or VP\_VM (see Table 4). Set the receiving mode with dat\_se0 (bit 2 in control register 1, see Table 7). In DAT\_SE0 mode with  $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$  high, DAT\_VP is the output of the differential receiver and SE0\_VM indicates that D+ and D- are both logic-low. In VP\_VM mode with  $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$  high, DAT\_VP provides the input logic level of D+ and SE0\_VM provides the input logic level of D-. The differential receiver determines the state of RCV. VP and VM echo D+ and D-, respectively.

#### $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$

$\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$  controls the direction of communication.  $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$  can also be programmed to act as an interrupt output when in suspend mode. The output-enable portion controls the input or output status of DAT\_VP/SE0\_VM and D+/D-. When  $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$  is a logic 0, DAT\_VP and SE0\_VM function as inputs to the D+ and D- outputs in a method depending on the status of dat\_se0 (bit 2 in control register 1). When  $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$  is a logic 1, DAT\_VP and SE0\_VM indicate the activity of D+ and D-.

$\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$  functions as an interrupt output when the MAX3301E/MAX3302E is in suspend mode and oe\_int\_en = 1 (bit 5 in control register 1, see Table 7). In

this mode,  $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$  detects the same interrupts as  $\overline{INT}$ . Set irq\_mode (bit 1 in special-function register 2, see Tables 15 and 16) to 0 to program  $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$  as an open-drain interrupt output. Set irq\_mode to 1 to configure  $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$  as a push-pull interrupt output.

#### RCV

RCV monitors D+ and D- when receiving data. RCV is a logic 1 for D+ high and D- low. RCV is a logic 0 for D+ low and D- high. RCV retains its last valid state when D+ and D- are both low (single-ended zero, or SE0). RCV asserts low in suspend mode. Table 4 shows the state of RCV.

#### SPD

Use hardware or software to control the slew rate of the D+ and D- terminals. The SPD input sets the slew rate of the MAX3301E/MAX3302E when spd\_susp\_ctl (bit 1 in special-function register 1, see Table 14) is 0. Drive SPD low to select low-speed mode (1.5Mbps). Drive SPD high to select full-speed mode (12Mbps). Alternatively, when spd\_susp\_ctl (bit 1 of special-function register 1) is 1, software controls the slew rate. The SPD input is ignored when using software to control the data rate. The speed bit (bit 0 of control register 1, see Table 7) sets the slew rate when spd\_susp\_ctl = 1.

#### SUS

Use hardware or software to control the suspend mode of the MAX3301E/MAX3302E. Set spd\_susp\_ctl (bit 1 of special-function register 1, see Table 14) to 0 to allow the SUS input to enable and disable the suspend mode of the MAX3301E/MAX3302E. Drive SUS low for normal operation. Drive SUS high to enable suspend mode. RCV asserts low in suspend mode while all other circuitry remains active.

Alternatively, when the spd\_susp\_ctl bit (bit 1 of special-function register 1) is set to 1, software controls the suspend mode. Set the suspend bit (bit 1 of control register 1, see Table 7) to 1 to enable suspend mode. Set the suspend bit to 0 to resume normal operation. The SUS input is ignored when using software to control suspend mode. The MAX3301E/MAX3302E must be in full-speed mode (SPD = high or speed = 1) to issue a remote wake-up from the device when in suspend mode.

#### RESET

The active-low  $\overline{RESET}$  input allows the MAX3301E/MAX3302E to be asynchronously reset without cycling the power supply. Drive  $\overline{RESET}$  low to reset the internal registers (see Tables 7–16 for the default power-up states). Drive  $\overline{RESET}$  high for normal operation.

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## 2-Wire I<sup>2</sup>C-Compatible Serial Interface

A register file controls the various internal switches and operating modes of the MAX3301E/MAX3302E through a simple 2-wire interface operating at clock rates up to 400kHz. This interface supports data bursting, where multiple data phases can follow a single address phase.

### UART Mode

Set `uart_en` (bit 6 in control register 1) to 1 to place the MAX3301E/MAX3302E in UART mode. D+ transfers data to DAT\_VP and SE0\_VM transfers data to D- in UART mode.

### General-Purpose Buffer Mode

Set `gp_en` (bit 7 in special-function register 1) and `dat_se0` (bit 2 in control register 1) to 1, set `uart_en` (bit 6 in control register 1) to 0, and drive  $\overline{\text{OE/INT}}$  low to place the MAX3301E/MAX3302E in general-purpose buffer mode. Control the direction of data transfer with `dminus_dir` and `dplus_dir` (bits 3 and 4 of special-function register 1, see Tables 2 and 14).

### Serial Addressing

The MAX3301E/MAX3302E operate as a slave device that sends and receives control and status signals through an I<sup>2</sup>C-compatible 2-wire interface. The interface uses a serial data line (SDA) and a serial clock line (SCL) to achieve bidirectional communication between master(s) and slave(s). A master (typically a microcontroller) initiates all data transfers to and from the MAX3301E/MAX3302E and generates the SCL clock that synchronizes the data transfer (Figure 13).

The MAX3301E/MAX3302E SDA line operates as both an input and as an open-drain output. SDA requires a

**Table 2. Setting the Direction of Data Transfer in General-Purpose Buffer Mode**

| dplus_dir | dminus_dir | DIRECTION OF DATA TRANSFER |
|-----------|------------|----------------------------|
| 0         | 0          | DAT_VP → D+<br>SE0_VM → D- |
| 0         | 1          | DAT_VP → D+<br>SE0_VM ← D- |
| 1         | 0          | DAT_VP ← D+<br>SE0_VM → D- |
| 1         | 1          | DAT_VP ← D+<br>SE0_VM ← D- |

pullup resistor, typically 4.7kΩ. The MAX3301E/MAX3302E SCL line only operates as an input. SCL requires a pullup resistor if there are multiple masters on the 2-wire interface, or if the master in a single-master system has an open-drain SCL output.

Each transmission consists of a start condition (see Figure 14) sent by a master device, the MAX3301E/MAX3302E 7-bit slave address (determined by the state of ADD), plus an R/W bit (see Figure 15), a register address byte, one or more data bytes, and a stop condition (see Figure 14).

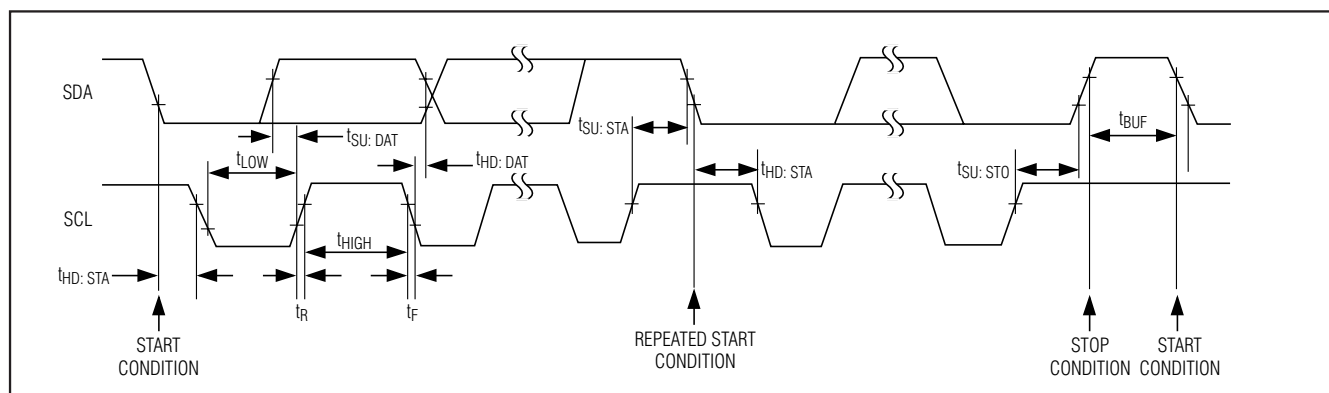


Figure 13. 2-Wire Serial-Interface Timing Details



# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

**Table 3. Transmit Mode**

| MODE                          | CONTROL PIN/BIT |       |        |         | INPUT       |        | OUTPUT            |                   | DESCRIPTION                                                                               |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|-------|--------|---------|-------------|--------|-------------------|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                               | SUS             | GP_EN | OE/INT | DAT_SE0 | DAT_VP      | SE0_VM | D+                | D-                |                                                                                           |
| Functional<br>DAT_SE0         | 0               | 0     | 0      | 1       | 0           | 0      | 0                 | 1                 | USB functional mode<br>transceiver and I <sup>2</sup> C interface<br>are fully functional |
|                               | 0               | 0     | 0      | 1       | 1           | 0      | 1                 | 0                 |                                                                                           |
|                               | 0               | 0     | 0      | 1       | 0           | 1      | 0                 | 0                 |                                                                                           |
|                               | 0               | 0     | 0      | 1       | 1           | 1      | 0                 | 0                 |                                                                                           |
| Functional<br>VP_VM           | 0               | 0     | 0      | 0       | 0           | 0      | 0                 | 0                 |                                                                                           |
|                               | 0               | 0     | 0      | 0       | 1           | 0      | 1                 | 0                 |                                                                                           |
|                               | 0               | 0     | 0      | 0       | 0           | 1      | 0                 | 1                 |                                                                                           |
|                               | 0               | 0     | 0      | 0       | 1           | 1      | 1                 | 1                 |                                                                                           |
| Suspend                       | 1               | 0     | 0      | 1       | 0           | 0      | 0                 | 1                 | USB suspend mode                                                                          |
|                               | 1               | 0     | 0      | 1       | 1           | 0      | 1                 | 0                 |                                                                                           |
|                               | 1               | 0     | 0      | 1       | 0           | 1      | 0                 | 0                 |                                                                                           |
|                               | 1               | 0     | 0      | 1       | 1           | 1      | 0                 | 0                 |                                                                                           |
|                               | 1               | 0     | 0      | 0       | 0           | 0      | 0                 | 0                 |                                                                                           |
|                               | 1               | 0     | 0      | 0       | 1           | 0      | 1                 | 0                 |                                                                                           |
|                               | 1               | 0     | 0      | 0       | 0           | 1      | 0                 | 1                 |                                                                                           |
|                               | 1               | 0     | 0      | 0       | 1           | 1      | 1                 | 1                 |                                                                                           |
| Receiving                     | 0               | 0     | 1      | X       | X           | X      | Driver is<br>Hi-Z | Driver is<br>Hi-Z | See Table 4                                                                               |
| General-<br>purpose<br>buffer | X               | 1     | 0      | 1       | See Table 2 |        |                   |                   | General-purpose buffer<br>mode                                                            |

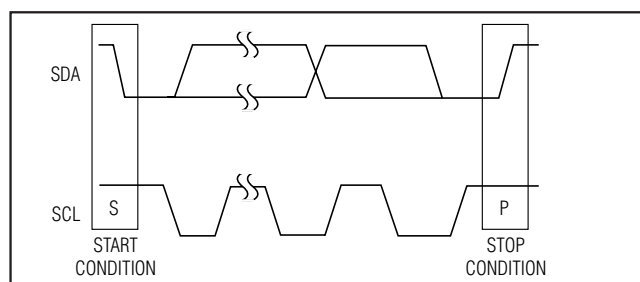


Figure 14. Start and Stop Conditions

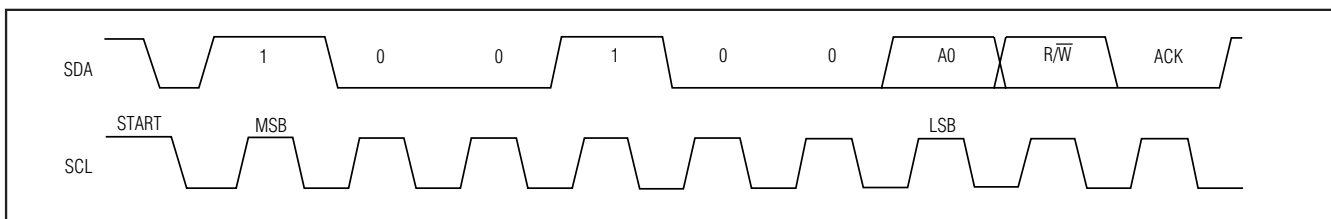


Figure 15. Slave Address

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Table 4. Receive Mode

| MODE                                    | CONTROL PIN/BIT |       |        |         |       | INPUTS      |    | OUTPUTS                 |        |                      |            |            |
|-----------------------------------------|-----------------|-------|--------|---------|-------|-------------|----|-------------------------|--------|----------------------|------------|------------|
|                                         | SUS<br>(NOTE 7) | GP_EN | OE/INT | DAT_SE0 | BI_DI | D+          | D- | DAT_VP                  | SE0_VM | RCV                  | VP         | VM         |
| Functional<br>DAT_SE0                   | 0               | 0     | 1      | 1       | 1     | 0           | 0  | Last value<br>of DAT_VP | 1      | Last value<br>of RCV | Echo<br>D+ | Echo<br>D- |
|                                         | 0               | 0     | 1      | 1       | 1     | 1           | 0  | 1                       | 0      | 1                    |            |            |
|                                         | 0               | 0     | 1      | 1       | 1     | 0           | 1  | 0                       | 0      | 0                    |            |            |
|                                         | 0               | 0     | 1      | 1       | 1     | 1           | 1  | Undefined               | 0      | Undefined            |            |            |
|                                         | 1               | 0     | 1      | 1       | 1     | 0           | 0  | 0                       | 1      | 0                    |            |            |
|                                         | 1               | 0     | 1      | 1       | 1     | 1           | 0  | 1                       | 0      | 0                    |            |            |
|                                         | 1               | 0     | 1      | 1       | 1     | 0           | 1  | 0                       | 0      | 0                    |            |            |
|                                         | 1               | 0     | 1      | 1       | 1     | 1           | 1  | 1                       | 0      | 0                    |            |            |
| Functional<br>VP_VM                     | 0               | 0     | 1      | 0       | 1     | 0           | 0  | 0                       | 0      | Last value<br>of RCV |            |            |
|                                         | 0               | 0     | 1      | 0       | 1     | 1           | 0  | 1                       | 0      | 1                    |            |            |
|                                         | 0               | 0     | 1      | 0       | 1     | 0           | 1  | 0                       | 1      | 0                    |            |            |
|                                         | 0               | 0     | 1      | 0       | 1     | 1           | 1  | 1                       | 1      | Undefined            |            |            |
|                                         | 1               | 0     | 1      | 0       | 1     | 0           | 0  | 0                       | 0      | 0                    |            |            |
|                                         | 1               | 0     | 1      | 0       | 1     | 1           | 0  | 1                       | 0      | 0                    |            |            |
|                                         | 1               | 0     | 1      | 0       | 1     | 0           | 1  | 0                       | 1      | 0                    |            |            |
|                                         | 1               | 0     | 1      | 0       | 1     | 1           | 1  | 1                       | 1      | 0                    |            |            |
| General-<br>purpose buffer              | X               | 1     | X      | X       | X     | See Table 2 |    |                         |        | 0                    |            |            |
| Transmitting<br>(see Table 3)           | X               | X     | 0      | X       | X     | —           |    |                         |        | 0                    |            |            |
| Unidirectional<br>(transmitter<br>only) | X               | X     | X      | X       | 0     | —           |    |                         |        | 0                    |            |            |

**Note 7:** Enter suspend mode by driving SUS high or by writing a 1 to suspend (bit 1 in control register 1), depending on the status of spd\_susp\_ctl in special-function register 1.

X = Don't care.

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## Start and Stop Conditions

Both SCL and SDA assert high when the interface is not busy. A master device signals the beginning of a transmission with a start (S) condition by transitioning SDA from high to low while SCL is high. The master issues a stop (P) condition by transitioning SDA from low to high while SCL is high. The bus is then free for another transmission (see Figure 14).

## Bit Transfer

One data bit is transferred during each clock pulse. The data on SDA must remain stable while SCL is high (see Figure 16).

## Acknowledge

The acknowledge bit (ACK) is the 9th bit attached to any 8-bit data word. ACK is always generated by the receiving device. The MAX3301E/MAX3302E generate

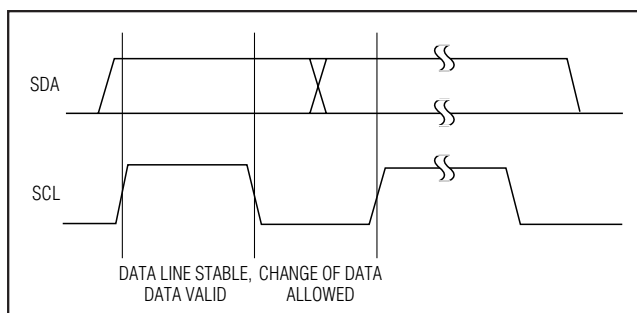


Figure 16. Bit Transfer

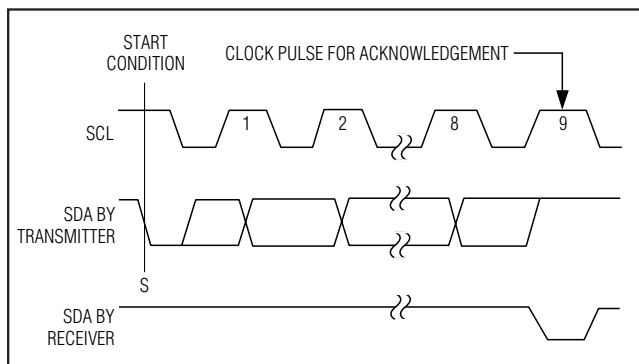


Figure 17. Acknowledge

an ACK when receiving an address or data by pulling SDA low during the ninth clock period. When transmitting data, the MAX3301E/MAX3302E wait for the receiving device to generate an ACK. Monitoring ACK allows for detection of unsuccessful data transfers. An unsuccessful data transfer occurs if a receiving device is busy or if a system fault has occurred. In the event of an unsuccessful data transfer, the bus master should reattempt communication at a later time.

## Slave Address

A bus master initiates communication with a slave device by issuing a START condition followed by the 7-bit slave address (see Figure 15). When idle, the MAX3301E/MAX3302E wait for a START condition followed by its slave address. The LSB of the address word is the read/write (R/W) bit. R/W indicates whether the master is writing to or reading from the MAX3301E/MAX3302E ( $R/\bar{W} = 0$  selects the write condition,  $R/\bar{W} = 1$  selects the read condition). After receiving the proper address, the MAX3301E/MAX3302E issue an ACK.

The MAX3301E/MAX3302E have two possible addresses (see Table 5). Address bits A6 through A1 are preset, while a reset condition or an I<sup>2</sup>C general call address loads the value of A0 from ADD. Connect ADD to GND to set A0 to 0. Connect ADD to V<sub>L</sub> to set A0 to 1. This allows up to two MAX3301E's or two MAX3302E's to share the same bus.

## Write Byte Format

Writing data to the MAX3301E/MAX3302E requires the transmission of at least 3 bytes. The first byte consists of the MAX3301E/MAX3302E's 7-bit slave address, followed by a 0 (R/W bit). The second byte determines which register is to be written to. The third byte is the new data for the selected register. Subsequent bytes are data for sequential registers. Figure 18 shows the typical write byte format.

## Read Byte Format

Reading data from the MAX3301E/MAX3302E requires the transmission of at least 3 bytes. The first byte consists of the MAX3301E/MAX3302E's slave address, followed by a 0 (R/W bit). The second byte selects the register from which data is read. The third byte consists

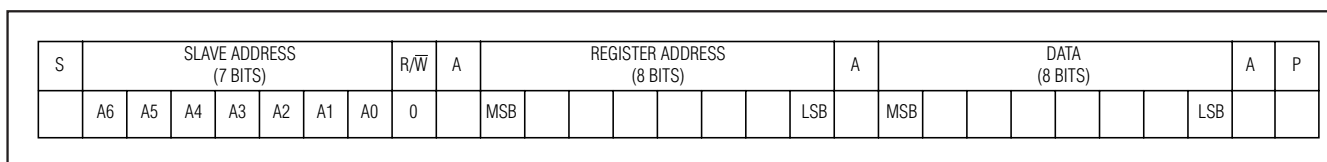


Figure 18. Write Byte Format

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

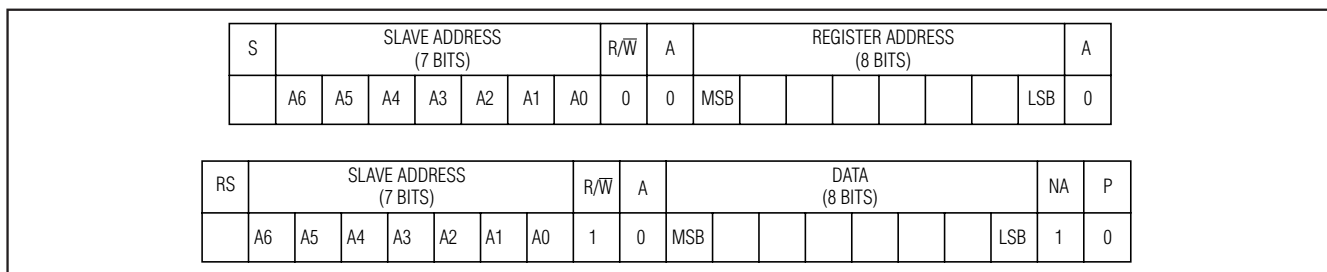


Figure 19. Read Byte Format

R/W: Read/write (R/W = 1: read; R/W = 0: write)

S: Start condition

RS: Repeated start condition

P: Stop condition

A: Acknowledge bit from the slave

NA: Not-acknowledged bit from the master

Blank: Master transmission

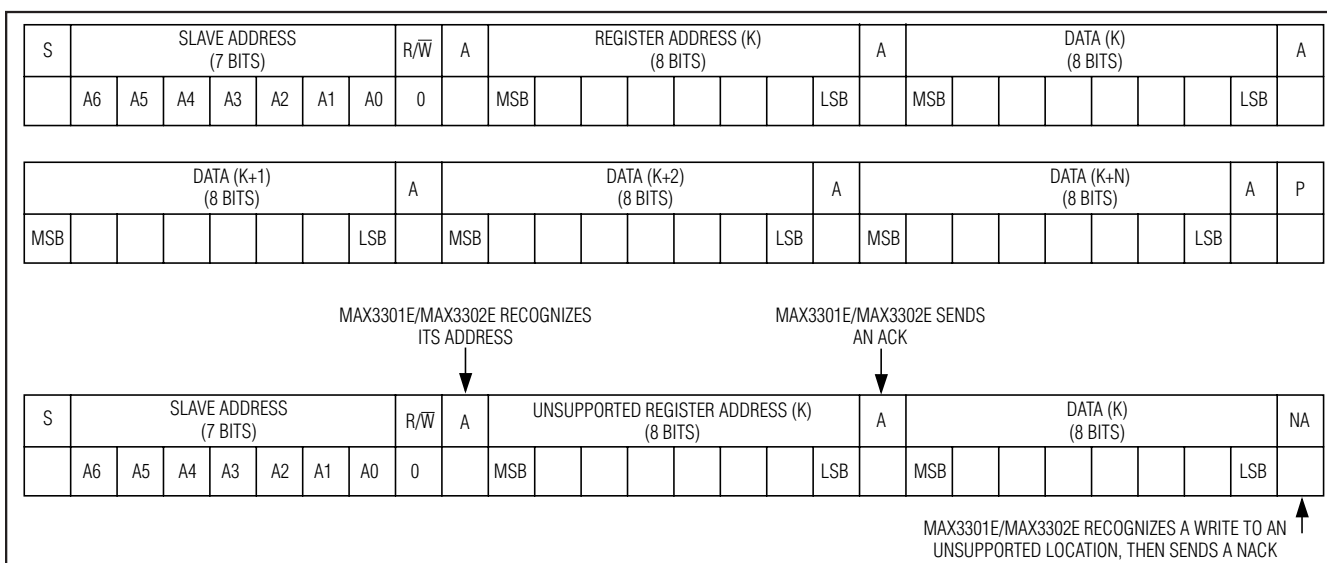


Figure 20. Burst-Mode Write Byte Format

of the MAX3301E/MAX3302E's slave address, followed by a 1 (R/W bit). The master then reads one or more bytes of data. Figure 19 shows the typical read byte format.

## Burst-Mode Write Byte Format

The MAX3301E/MAX3302E allow a master device to write to sequential registers without repeatedly sending the slave address and register address each time. The master first sends the slave address, followed by a 0 to write data to the MAX3301E/MAX3302E. The MAX3301E/MAX3302E send an acknowledge bit back to the master. The master sends the 8-bit register

address and the MAX3301E/MAX3302E return an acknowledge bit. The master writes a data byte to the selected register and receives an acknowledge bit if a supported register address has been chosen. The register address increments and is ready for the master to send the next data byte. The MAX3301E/MAX3302E send an acknowledge bit after each data byte. If an unsupported register is selected, the MAX3301E/MAX3302E send a NACK to the master and the register index does not increment (see Figure 20).

**MAX3301E/MAX3302E**



| ADD INPUT          | ADDRESS BITS   |                |                |                |                |                |                |
|--------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
|                    | A <sub>6</sub> | A <sub>5</sub> | A <sub>4</sub> | A <sub>3</sub> | A <sub>2</sub> | A <sub>1</sub> | A <sub>0</sub> |
| GND (0)            | 0              | 1              | 0              | 1              | 1              | 0              | 0              |
| V <sub>L</sub> (1) | 0              | 1              | 0              | 1              | 1              | 0              | 1              |

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

**Table 6. Register Map**

| REGISTER                         | MEMORY ADDRESS           | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                       |
|----------------------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Vendor ID                        | 00h, 01h                 | Read only. The contents of registers 00h and 01h are 6Ah and 0Bh, respectively.                                                                   |
| Product ID                       | 02h, 03h                 | Read only. The contents of registers 02h and 03h are 01h and 33h, respectively.                                                                   |
| Control 1                        | 04h (set)<br>05h (clear) | Sets operating modes, maximum data rate, and direction of data transfer.                                                                          |
| Control 2                        | 06h (set)<br>07h (clear) | Controls D+/D- pullup/pulldown resistor connections, ID_IN state, and V <sub>BUS</sub> behavior.                                                  |
| Interrupt source                 | 08h (read)               | Read only.                                                                                                                                        |
| Unused*                          | 09h                      | Not used.                                                                                                                                         |
| Interrupt latch                  | 0Ah (set)<br>0Bh (clear) | Indicates which interrupts have occurred.                                                                                                         |
| Interrupt-enable<br>Falling edge | 0Ch (set)<br>0Dh (clear) | Enables interrupts for high-to-low transitions.                                                                                                   |
| Interrupt-enable<br>Rising edge  | 0Eh (set)<br>0Fh (clear) | Enables interrupts for low-to-high transitions.                                                                                                   |
| Unused*/Special<br>Function 2    | 10h (set)<br>11h (clear) | MAX3301E: Not used.<br>MAX3302E: Alternate register addresses for special-function register 2. This register is also accessible from 16h and 17h. |
| Special function 1               | 12h (set)<br>13h (clear) | Enables hardware/software control of the MAX3301E's behavior, interrupt activity, and operating modes.                                            |
| Revision ID                      | 14h, 15h                 | Read only. The contents of registers 14h and 15h are 77h and 41h, respectively.                                                                   |
| Special function 2               | 16h (set)<br>17h (clear) | Sets operating modes, $\overline{\text{INT}}$ output configuration, D+/D- behavior in audio mode, and TRM source.                                 |
| Unused*                          | 18h–Fh                   | Not used.                                                                                                                                         |

\*When writing to an unused register, the device generates a NACK and the register index does not increment.

## Burst-Mode Read Byte Format

The MAX3301E/MAX3302E allow a master device to read data from sequential registers with the burst-mode read byte protocol (see Figure 21). The master device first sends the slave address, followed by a 0. The MAX3301E/MAX3302E then sends an acknowledge bit. Next, the master sends the register address to the MAX3301E/MAX3302E, which then generates another acknowledge bit. The master then sends a stop condition to the MAX3301E/MAX3302E. Next, the master sends a start condition, followed by the MAX3301E/MAX3302E's slave address, and then a 1 to indicate a read command. The MAX3301E/MAX3302E then sends data to the master device, one byte at a time. The master sends an acknowledge bit to the MAX3301E/MAX3302E after each data byte, and the register address of the MAX3301E/MAX3302E increments after each byte. This continues until the master sends a stop

condition. If an unsupported register address is encountered, the MAX3301E/MAX3302E send a byte of zeros.

## Registers

### Control Registers

There are two read/write control registers. Control register 1 (Table 7) sets operating modes, sets the data rate, and controls the direction of data transfer. Control register 2 (Table 8) connects the D+/D- pullup or pulldown resistors, sets the V<sub>BUS</sub> charge/discharge conditions, and grounds ID\_IN. The control registers have two addresses that implement write-one-set and write-one-clear features for each of these registers. Writing a 1 to the set address sets that bit to 1. Writing a 1 to the clear address resets that bit to 0. Writing a 0 to either address has no effect on the bits.

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

**Table 7. Control Register 1 Description (Write to Address 04h to Set, Write to Address 05h to Clear)**

| BIT NUMBER | SYMBOL       | OPERATION                                                                                                                                                                                                     | VALUE AT POWER-UP |
|------------|--------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 0          | speed        | Set to 0 for low-speed (1.5Mbps) mode. Set to 1 for full-speed (12Mbps) mode. This bit changes the data rate only if spd_susp_ctl = 1 in special-function register 1.                                         | 0                 |
| 1          | suspend      | Set to 0 for normal operating mode. Set to 1 for suspend mode. This bit changes the operating mode only if spd_susp_ctl = 1 in special-function register 1.                                                   | 0                 |
| 2          | dat_se0      | Set to 0 for VP_VM USB mode. Set to 1 for DAT_SE0 USB mode.                                                                                                                                                   | 0                 |
| 3          | —            | Not used.                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 0                 |
| 4          | bdis_acon_en | Enables the transceiver (when configured as an A device) to connect its pullup resistor if the B device disconnect is detected during HNP. Set to 0 to disable this feature. Set to 1 to enable this feature. | 0                 |
| 5          | oe_int_en    | Set to 0 to disable the interrupt output circuitry of $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$ . Set to 1 to enable the interrupt output circuitry of $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$ .                                  | 0                 |
| 6          | uart_en      | Set to 0 to disable UART mode. Set to 1 to enable UART mode. This bit overrides the settings of dminus_dir, dplus_dir, and gp_en bits.                                                                        | 0                 |
| 7          | —            | Not used.                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 0                 |

**Table 8. Control Register 2 Description (Write to Address 06h to Set, Write to Address 07h to Clear)**

| BIT NUMBER | SYMBOL       | OPERATION                                                                                                         | VALUE AT POWER-UP |
|------------|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 0          | dp_pullup    | Set to 0 to disconnect the pullup resistor to D+. Set to 1 to connect the pullup resistor to D+.                  | 0                 |
| 1          | dm_pullup    | Set to 0 to disconnect the pullup resistor to D-. Set to 1 to connect the pullup resistor to D-.                  | 0                 |
| 2          | dp_pulldown  | Set to 0 to disconnect the pulldown resistor to D+. Set to 1 to connect the pulldown resistor to D+.              | 1                 |
| 3          | dm_pulldown  | Set to 0 to disconnect the pulldown resistor to D-. Set to 1 to connect the pulldown resistor to D-.              | 1                 |
| 4          | id_pulldown  | Set to 0 to allow ID_IN to float. Set to 1 to connect ID_IN to GND.                                               | 0                 |
| 5          | vbus_drv     | Set to 0 to turn VBUS off. Set to 1 to drive VBUS through a low impedance (see Note 8).                           | 0                 |
| 6          | vbus_dischrg | Set to 0 to disconnect the VBUS discharge resistor. Set to 1 to connect the VBUS discharge resistor (see Note 8). | 0                 |
| 7          | vbus_chrg    | Set to 0 to disconnect the VBUS charge resistor. Set to 1 to connect the VBUS charge resistor (see Note 8).       | 0                 |

**Note 8:** To prevent a high-current state where the transceiver is both sourcing current to VBUS and sinking current from VBUS, the following logic is used to set bits 5, 6, and 7 of control register 2:

- Setting vbus\_drv clears vbus\_dischrg and vbus\_chrg
- Setting vbus\_dischrg clears vbus\_drv and vbus\_chrg, unless vbus\_drv is set with the same command, in which case vbus\_drv clears the other bits
- Setting vbus\_chrg clears vbus\_drv and vbus\_dischrg, unless either of these bits are set with the same command, as shown in Table 9



# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

**Table 9. VBUS Control Logic**

| SET COMMAND (ADDRESS 06h) |              |           | BEHAVIOR OF MAX3301E/MAX3302E |              |              |
|---------------------------|--------------|-----------|-------------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| vbus_drv                  | vbus_dischrg | vbus_chrg | vbus_drv                      | vbus_dischrg | vbus_chrg    |
| 1                         | X            | X         | 1                             | 0            | 0            |
| 0                         | 1            | X         | 0                             | 1            | 0            |
| 0                         | 0            | 1         | 0                             | 0            | 1            |
| 0                         | 0            | 0         | Not affected                  | Not affected | Not affected |

X = Don't care.

**Table 10. Interrupt Source Register (Address 08h is Read Only)**

| BIT NUMBER | SYMBOL          | CONTENTS                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|------------|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0          | vbus_vld        | Logic 1 if VBUS > VBUS valid comparator threshold.                                                                                                                                                  |
| 1          | sess_vld        | Logic 1 if VBUS > session valid comparator threshold.                                                                                                                                               |
| 2          | dp_hi           | Logic 1 if VD+ > dp_hi comparator threshold (D+ assertion during data line pulsing through SRP method).                                                                                             |
| 3          | id_gnd          | Logic 1 if VID_IN < 0.1 x VCC.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 4          | dm_hi           | Logic 1 if VD- > dm_hi comparator threshold (D- assertion during data line pulsing through SRP method).                                                                                             |
| 5          | id_float        | Logic 1 if VID_IN > 0.9 x VCC.                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 6          | bdis_acon       | Logic 1 if bdis_acon_en = 1 and the MAX3301E/MAX3302E assert dp_pullup after detecting a B device disconnect during HNP.                                                                            |
| 7          | cr_int_sess_end | Logic 1 if VBUS < sess_end comparator threshold, or if VD+ > cr_int comparator threshold (0.4V to 0.6V), depending on the value of int_source (bit 5 of special-function register 1, see Table 14). |

## Interrupt Registers

Four registers control all interrupt behavior of the MAX3301E/MAX3302E. A source register (Table 10) indicates the current status of the various interrupt sources. An interrupt latch register (Table 11) indicates which interrupts have occurred. An interrupt-enable low and interrupt-enable high register enable interrupts on rising or falling (or both) transitions. Tables 10–13 provide the bit configurations for the various interrupt registers. The interrupt latch, interrupt-enable low, and interrupt-enable high registers have two addresses that implement write-one-set and write-one-clear features for each of these registers. Writing a 1 to the set address sets that bit to 1. Writing a 1 to the clear address resets that bit to 0. Writing a 0 to either address has no effect on the bits.

## Special-Function Registers

Tables 14, 15, and 16 describe the special-function registers. The special-function registers have two addresses that implement write-one-set and write-one-clear features for each of these registers. Writing a 1 to

the set address sets that bit to 1. Writing a 1 to the clear address resets that bit to 0. Writing a 0 to either address has no effect on the bits. Special-function register 1 determines whether hardware or software controls the maximum data rate and suspend behavior, sets the direction of data transfer, and toggles general-purpose buffer mode. Special-function register 2 enables shutdown mode, configures the interrupt output as open-drain or push-pull, sets the TRM power source, and controls the D+/D- connections for audio mode. Table 15 depicts the special-function register 2 for the MAX3301E and Table 16 depicts the special-function register 2 for the MAX3302E.

The MAX3301E powers up in its lowest power state and must be turned on by setting the sdwn bit to 0. The MAX3302E powers up in the operational, VP/VM USB mode. This allows a  $\mu$ P to use the USB port for power-on boot-up, without having to access I<sup>2</sup>C. To put the MAX3302E into low-power shutdown, set the sdwn bit to 0. The MAX3302E also has special-function register 2 mapped to two I<sup>2</sup>C register addresses. In the MAX3302E, special-function register 2 can be

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**Table 11. Interrupt Latch Register Description (Write to Address 0Ah to Set, Write to Address 0Bh to Clear)**

| BIT NUMBER | SYMBOL          | CONTENTS                                                                                                                                                           | VALUE AT POWER-UP |
|------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 0          | vbus_vld        | vbus_vld asserts if a transition occurs on this condition and the appropriate interrupt-high or interrupt-low enable bit is set. See Tables 10, 12, and 13.        | 0                 |
| 1          | sess_vld        | sess_vld asserts if a transition occurs on this condition and the appropriate interrupt-high or interrupt-low enable bit is set. See Tables 10, 12, and 13.        | 0                 |
| 2          | dp_hi           | dp_hi asserts if a transition occurs on this condition and the appropriate interrupt-high or interrupt-low enable bit is set. See Tables 10, 12, and 13.           | 0                 |
| 3          | id_gnd          | id_gnd asserts if a transition occurs on this condition and the appropriate interrupt-high or interrupt-low enable bit is set. See Tables 10, 12, and 13.          | 0                 |
| 4          | dm_hi           | dm_hi asserts if a transition occurs on this condition and the appropriate interrupt-high or interrupt-low enable bit is set. See Tables 10, 12, and 13.           | 0                 |
| 5          | id_float        | id_float asserts if a transition occurs on this condition and the appropriate interrupt-high or interrupt-low enable bit is set. See Tables 10, 12, and 13.        | 0                 |
| 6          | bdis_acon       | bdis_acon asserts if a transition occurs on this condition and the appropriate interrupt-high or interrupt-low enable bit is set. See Tables 10, 12, and 13.       | 0                 |
| 7          | cr_int_sess_end | cr_int_sess_end asserts if a transition occurs on this condition and the appropriate interrupt-high or interrupt-low enable bit is set. See Tables 10, 12, and 13. | 0                 |

**Table 12. Interrupt-Enable Low Register (Write to Address 0Ch to Set, Write to Address 0Dh to Clear)**

| BIT NUMBER | SYMBOL          | CONTENTS                                                                                                                                                                             | VALUE AT POWER-UP |
|------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 0          | vbus_vld        | Set to 0 to disable the vbus_vld interrupt for a high-to-low transition. Set to 1 to enable the vbus_vld interrupt for a high-to-low transition. See Tables 10 and 11.               | 0                 |
| 1          | sess_vld        | Set to 0 to disable the sess_vld interrupt for a high-to-low transition. Set to 1 to enable the sess_vld interrupt for a high-to-low transition. See Tables 10 and 11.               | 0                 |
| 2          | dp_hi           | Set to 0 to disable the dp_hi interrupt for a high-to-low transition. Set to 1 to enable the dp_hi interrupt for a high-to-low transition. See Tables 10 and 11.                     | 0                 |
| 3          | id_gnd          | Set to 0 to disable the id_gnd interrupt for a high-to-low transition. Set to 1 to enable the id_gnd interrupt for a high-to-low transition. See Tables 10 and 11.                   | 0                 |
| 4          | dm_hi           | Set to 0 to disable the dm_hi interrupt for a high-to-low transition. Set to 1 to enable the dm_hi interrupt for a high-to-low transition. See Tables 10 and 11.                     | 0                 |
| 5          | id_float        | Set to 0 to disable the id_float interrupt for a high-to-low transition. Set to 1 to enable the id_float interrupt for a high-to-low transition. See Tables 10 and 11.               | 0                 |
| 6          | bdis_acon       | Set to 0 to disable the bdis_acon interrupt for a high-to-low transition. Set to 1 to enable the bdis_acon interrupt for a high-to-low transition. See Tables 10 and 11.             | 0                 |
| 7          | cr_int_sess_end | Set to 0 to disable the cr_int_sess_end interrupt for a high-to-low transition. Set to 1 to enable the cr_int_sess_end interrupt for a high-to-low transition. See Tables 10 and 11. | 0                 |

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**Table 13. Interrupt-Enable High Register (Write to Address 0Eh to Set, Write to Address 0Fh to Clear)**

| BIT NUMBER | SYMBOL          | CONTENTS                                                                                                                                                                             | VALUE AT POWER-UP |
|------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 0          | vbus_vld        | Set to 0 to disable the vbus_vld interrupt for a low-to-high transition. Set to 1 to enable the vbus_vld interrupt for a low-to-high transition. See Tables 10 and 11.               | 0                 |
| 1          | sess_vld        | Set to 0 to disable the sess_vld interrupt for a low-to-high transition. Set to 1 to enable the sess_vld interrupt for a low-to-high transition. See Tables 10 and 11.               | 0                 |
| 2          | dp_hi           | Set to 0 to disable the dp_hi interrupt for a low-to-high transition. Set to 1 to enable the dp_hi interrupt for a low-to-high transition. See Tables 10 and 11.                     | 0                 |
| 3          | id_gnd          | Set to 0 to disable the id_gnd interrupt for a low-to-high transition. Set to 1 to enable the id_gnd interrupt for a low-to-high transition. See Tables 10 and 11.                   | 0                 |
| 4          | dm_hi           | Set to 0 to disable the dm_hi interrupt for a low-to-high transition. Set to 1 to enable the dm_hi interrupt for a low-to-high transition. See Tables 10 and 11.                     | 0                 |
| 5          | id_float        | Set to 0 to disable the id_float interrupt for a low-to-high transition. Set to 1 to enable the id_float interrupt for a low-to-high transition. See Tables 10 and 11.               | 0                 |
| 6          | bdis_acon       | Set to 0 to disable the bdis_acon interrupt for a low-to-high transition. Set to 1 to enable the bdis_acon interrupt for a low-to-high transition. See Tables 10 and 11.             | 0                 |
| 7          | cr_int_sess_end | Set to 0 to disable the cr_int_sess_end interrupt for a low-to-high transition. Set to 1 to enable the cr_int_sess_end interrupt for a low-to-high transition. See Tables 10 and 11. | 0                 |

addressed at I<sup>2</sup>C register location 10h, 11h (as well as locations 16h, 17h) to support USB OTG SIE implementations that are limited to I<sup>2</sup>C register addresses between 0h and 15h.

## ID and Manufacturer Register Address Map

Table 17 provides the contents of the ID registers of the MAX3301E/MAX3302E. Addresses 00h and 01h comprise the vendor ID registers. Addresses 02h and 03h comprise the product ID registers. Addresses 14h and 15h comprise the revision ID registers.

## Audio Car Kit

Many cell phones are required to interface to car kits. Depending upon the car kit, the interface to the phone may be required to support any or all of the following functions:

- Audio input
- Audio output
- Charging
- Control and status

D+ and D- of the MAX3301E/MAX3302E go to a high-impedance state when in shutdown mode, allowing external signals (including audio) to be multiplexed onto these lines.

## External Components

### External Resistors

Two external resistors ( $27.4\Omega \pm 1\%$ ) are required for USB connection. Install one resistor in series between D+ of the MAX3301E/MAX3302E and D+ of the USB connector. Install the other resistor in series between D- of the MAX3301E/MAX3302E and D- of the USB connector (see the *Typical Operating Circuit*).

### External Capacitors

Five external capacitors are recommended for proper operation. Install all capacitors as close to the device as possible. Decouple V<sub>L</sub> to GND with a 0.1μF ceramic capacitor. Bypass V<sub>CC</sub> to GND with a 1μF ceramic capacitor. Bypass TRM to GND with a 1μF (or greater) ceramic or plastic capacitor. Connect a 100nF flying capacitor between C+ and C- for the charge pump (see the *Typical Operating Circuit*). Bypass V<sub>BUS</sub> to GND with a 1μF to 6.5μF ceramic capacitor in accordance with USB OTG specifications.

### ESD Protection

To protect the MAX3301E/MAX3302E against ESD, D+, D-, ID\_IN, and V<sub>BUS</sub>, have extra protection against static electricity to protect the device up to ±15kV. The ESD structures withstand high ESD in all states; normal oper-

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

**Table 14. Special-Function Register 1 (Write to Address 12h to Set, Write to Address 13h to Clear)**

| BIT NUMBER | SYMBOL       | CONTENTS                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | VALUE AT POWER-UP |
|------------|--------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 0          | int_sdwn     | Set to 0 for normal operation. Set to 1 to enter interrupt shutdown mode. The I2C interface and interrupt sources remain active, while all other circuitry is off.                                                            | 0                 |
| 1          | spd_susp_ctl | Set to 0 to control the MAX3301E/MAX3302E behavior with SPD and SUS. Set to 1 to control the MAX3301E/MAX3302E behavior with the speed and suspend bits in control register 1 (see Table 7).                                  | 0                 |
| 2          | bi_di        | Set to 0 to transfer data from DAT_VP and SE0_VM to D+ and D-, respectively. DAT_VP and SE0_VM are always inputs when this bit is 0. Set to 1 to control the direction of data transfer with $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$ . | 1                 |
| 3          | dminus_dir   | Set to 0 to transfer data from SE0_VM to D-. Set to 1 to transfer data from D- to SE0_VM. Ensure that gp_en = 1, dat_se0 = 1, uart_en = 0, and $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$ = low to activate this function.                | 0                 |
| 4          | dplus_dir    | Set to 0 to transfer data from DAT_VP to D+. Set to 1 to transfer data from D+ to DAT_VP. Ensure that gp_en = 1, dat_se0 = 1, uart_en = 0, and $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$ = low to activate this function.                | 0                 |
| 5          | int_source   | Set to 0 to use cr_int as the interrupt source for bit 7 of the interrupt source register. Set to 1 to use sess_end as the interrupt source for bit 7 of the interrupt source register (see Table 10).                        | 0                 |
| 6          | sess_end     | Session end comparator status (read only). Sess_end = 0 when VBUS > sess_end threshold. Sess_end = 1 when VBUS < sess_end threshold.                                                                                          | —                 |
| 7          | gp_en        | Set to 0 to disable general-purpose buffer mode. Set to 1 to enable general-purpose buffer mode.                                                                                                                              | 0                 |

**Note:** sess\_end value at power-up is dependent on the voltage at VBUS.

**Table 15. MAX3301E Special-Function Register 2 (Write to Address 16h to Set, Write to Address 17h to Clear)**

| BIT NUMBER | SYMBOL          | CONTENTS                                                                                                                                                                             | VALUE AT POWER-UP |
|------------|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 0          | sdwn            | Set to 0 for normal operation. Set to 1 to enable shutdown mode. Only the I2C interface remains active in shutdown.                                                                  | 1                 |
| 1          | irq_mode        | Set to 0 to set $\overline{INT}$ and $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$ as open-drain outputs. Set to 1 to set $\overline{INT}$ and $\overline{OE}/\overline{INT}$ as push-pull outputs. | 0                 |
| 2          | xcvr_input_disc | Set to 0 to leave the D+/D- single-ended receiver inputs connected. Set to 1 to disconnect the D+/D- receiver inputs to reduce power consumption in audio mode.                      | 0                 |
| 3          | reg_sel         | Set to 0 to power TRM from VCC. Set to 1 to power TRM from VBUS.                                                                                                                     | 0                 |
| 4–7        | —               | Reserved. Set to 0 for normal operation.                                                                                                                                             | 0000              |

ation, suspend mode, interrupt shutdown, and shutdown. For the ESD structures to work correctly, connect a 1μF or greater capacitor from TRM to GND and from VBUS to GND. ESD protection can be tested in various ways; the D+, D-, ID\_IN, and VBUS inputs/outputs are characterized for protection to the following limits:

- ±15kV using the Human Body Model
- ±6kV using the IEC 61000-4-2 Contact Discharge Method
- ±10kV using the IEC 61000-4-2 Air-Gap Discharge Method

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**Table 16. MAX3302E Special-Function Register 2 (Write to Address 10h or 16h to Set, Write to Address 11h or 17h to Clear)**

| BIT NUMBER | SYMBOL                   | CONTENTS                                                                                                                                                                                   | VALUE AT POWER-UP |
|------------|--------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|
| 0          | $\overline{\text{sdwn}}$ | Set to 0 to enable shutdown mode. Set to 1 for normal operation. Only the I <sup>2</sup> C interface remains active in shutdown.                                                           | 1                 |
| 1          | irq_mode                 | Set to 0 to set $\overline{\text{INT}}$ and $\overline{\text{OE/INT}}$ as open-drain outputs. Set to 1 to set $\overline{\text{INT}}$ and $\overline{\text{OE/INT}}$ as push-pull outputs. | 0                 |
| 2          | xcvr_input_disc          | Set to 0 to leave the D+/D- single-ended receiver inputs connected. Set to 1 to disconnect the D+/D- receiver inputs to reduce power consumption in audio mode.                            | 0                 |
| 3          | reg_sel                  | Set to 0 to power TRM from V <sub>CC</sub> . Set to 1 to power TRM from V <sub>BUS</sub> .                                                                                                 | 0                 |
| 4–7        | —                        | Reserved. Set to 0 for normal operation.                                                                                                                                                   | 0000              |

**Table 17. ID Registers**

| REGISTER    | ADDRESS | CONTENTS |
|-------------|---------|----------|
| Vendor ID   | 00h     | 6Ah      |
|             | 01h     | 0Bh      |
| Product ID  | 02h     | 01h      |
|             | 03h     | 33h      |
| Revision ID | 14h     | 77h      |
|             | 15h     | 41h      |

ESD performance depends on a variety of conditions. Contact Maxim for a reliability report that documents test setup, methodology, and results.

## Human Body Model

Figure 22 shows the Human Body Model and Figure 23 shows the current waveform it generates when discharged into a low impedance. This model consists of a 100pF capacitor charged to the ESD voltage of interest, which is then discharged into the test device through a 1.5k $\Omega$  resistor.

## IEC 61000-4-2

The IEC 61000-4-2 standard covers ESD testing and performance of finished equipment; it does not specifically refer to integrated circuits. The MAX3301E/MAX3302E helps the user design equipment that meets level 3 of IEC 61000-4-2, without the need for additional ESD-protection components. The major difference between tests done using the Human Body Model and IEC 61000-4-2 is a higher peak current in IEC 61000-4-2, due to the fact that series resistance is lower in the IEC 61000-4-2 model. Hence, the ESD-withstand voltage measured to IEC 61000-4-2 is generally lower than that measured using the Human Body Model. Figure 24 shows the IEC 61000-4-2 model. The Air-Gap Discharge

test involves approaching the device with a charged probe. The contact discharge method connects the probe to the device before the probe is energized. Figure 25 shows the IEC 61000-4-2 current waveform.

## Layout Considerations

The MAX3301E/MAX3302E high operating frequency makes proper layout important to ensure stability and maintain the output voltage under all loads. For best performance, minimize the distance between the bypass capacitors and the MAX3301E/MAX3302E. Use symmetric trace geometry from D+ and D- to the USB connector.

## UCSP Applications Information

For the latest application details on UCSP construction, dimensions, tape carrier information, PC board techniques, bump-pad layout, and the recommended reflow temperature profile, as well as the latest information on reliability testing results, refer to the Application Note: *Understanding the Basics of the Wafer-Level Chip-Scale Package (WL-CSP)* available on Maxim's website at [www.maxim-ic.com/ucsp](http://www.maxim-ic.com/ucsp).

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

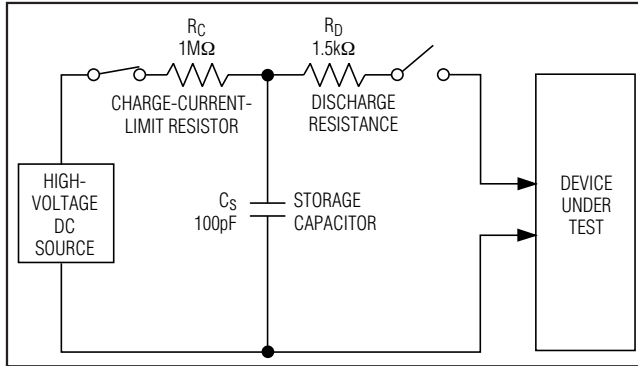


Figure 22. Human Body ESD Test Modes

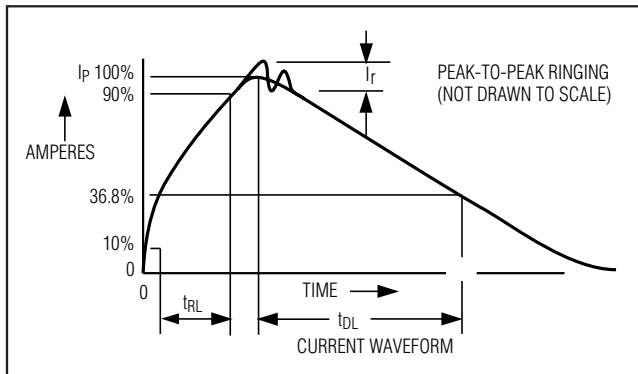


Figure 23. Human Body Model Current Waveform

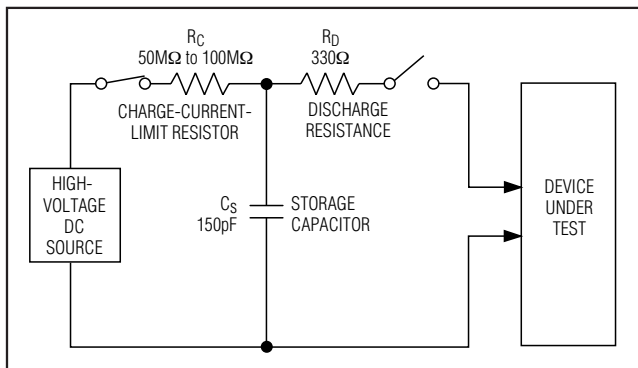


Figure 24. IEC 61000-4-2 ESD Test Model

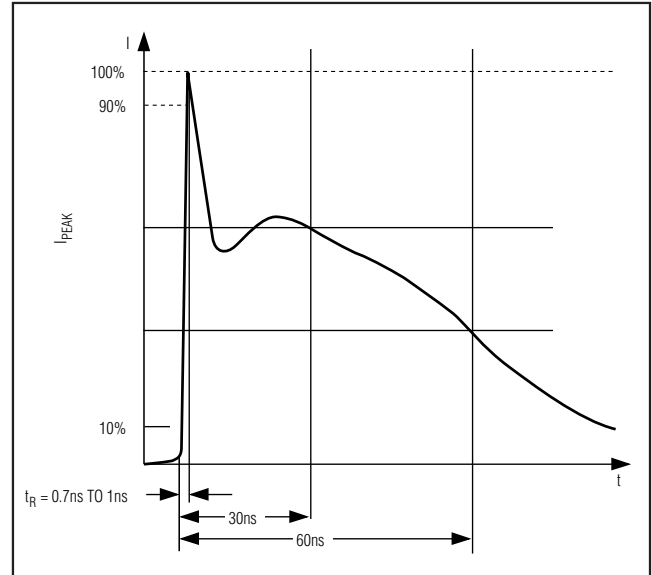


Figure 25. IEC 61000-4-2 Current Waveform

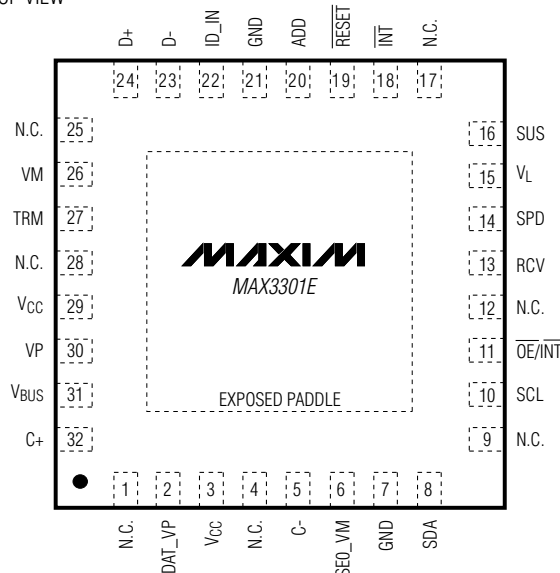
## Chip Information

PROCESS: BiCMOS

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

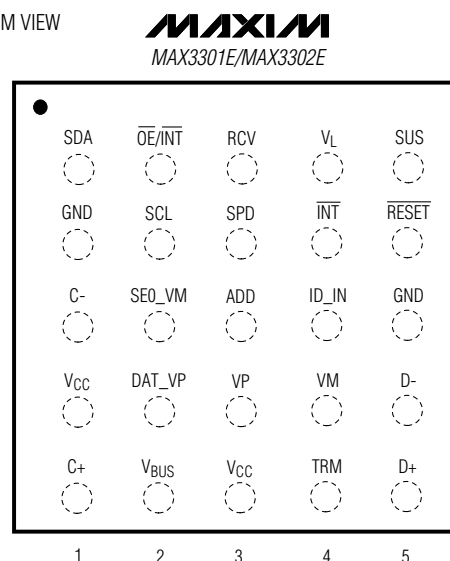
## Pin Configurations

TOP VIEW



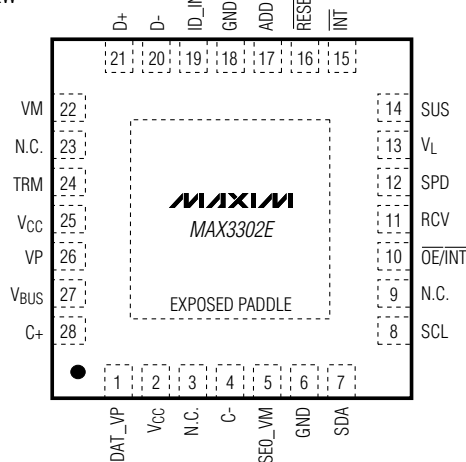
**TQFN**  
(5mm x 5mm)

BOTTOM VIEW



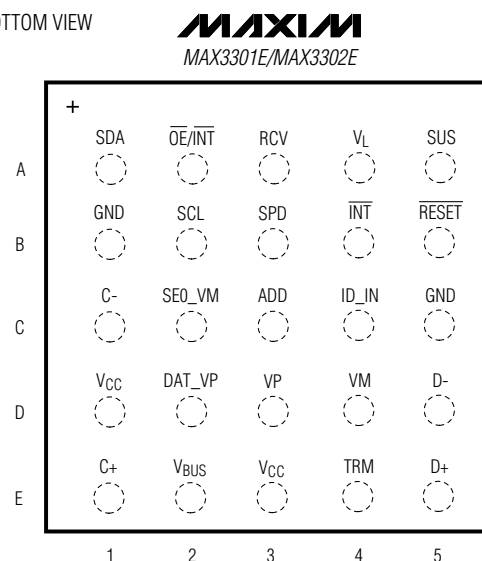
**UCSP**  
(2.5mm x 2.5mm)

TOP VIEW



**TQFN**  
(4mm x 4mm)

BOTTOM VIEW

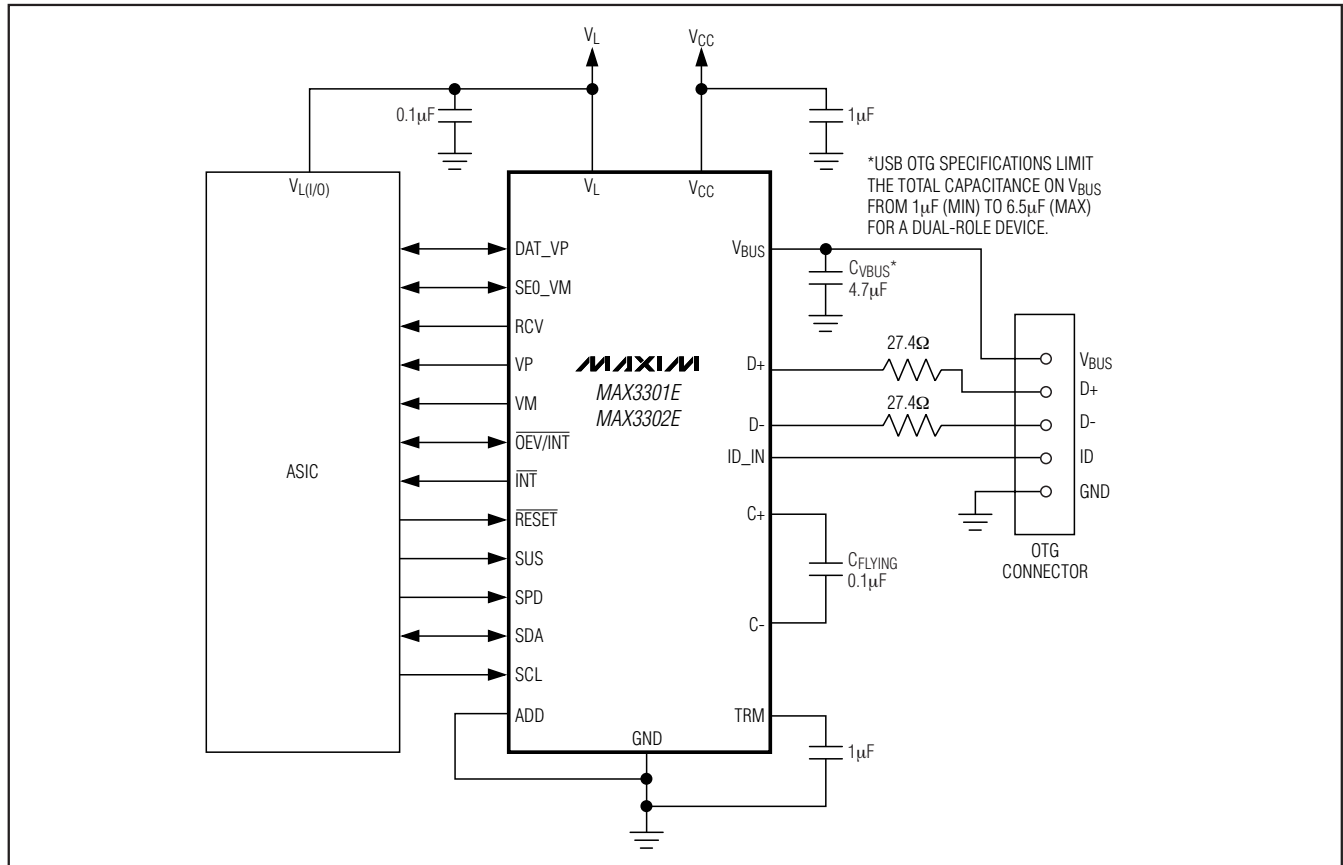


**WLP PACKAGE**  
(2.54mm x 2.54mm)

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## Typical Operating Circuit

**MAX3301E/MAX3302E**

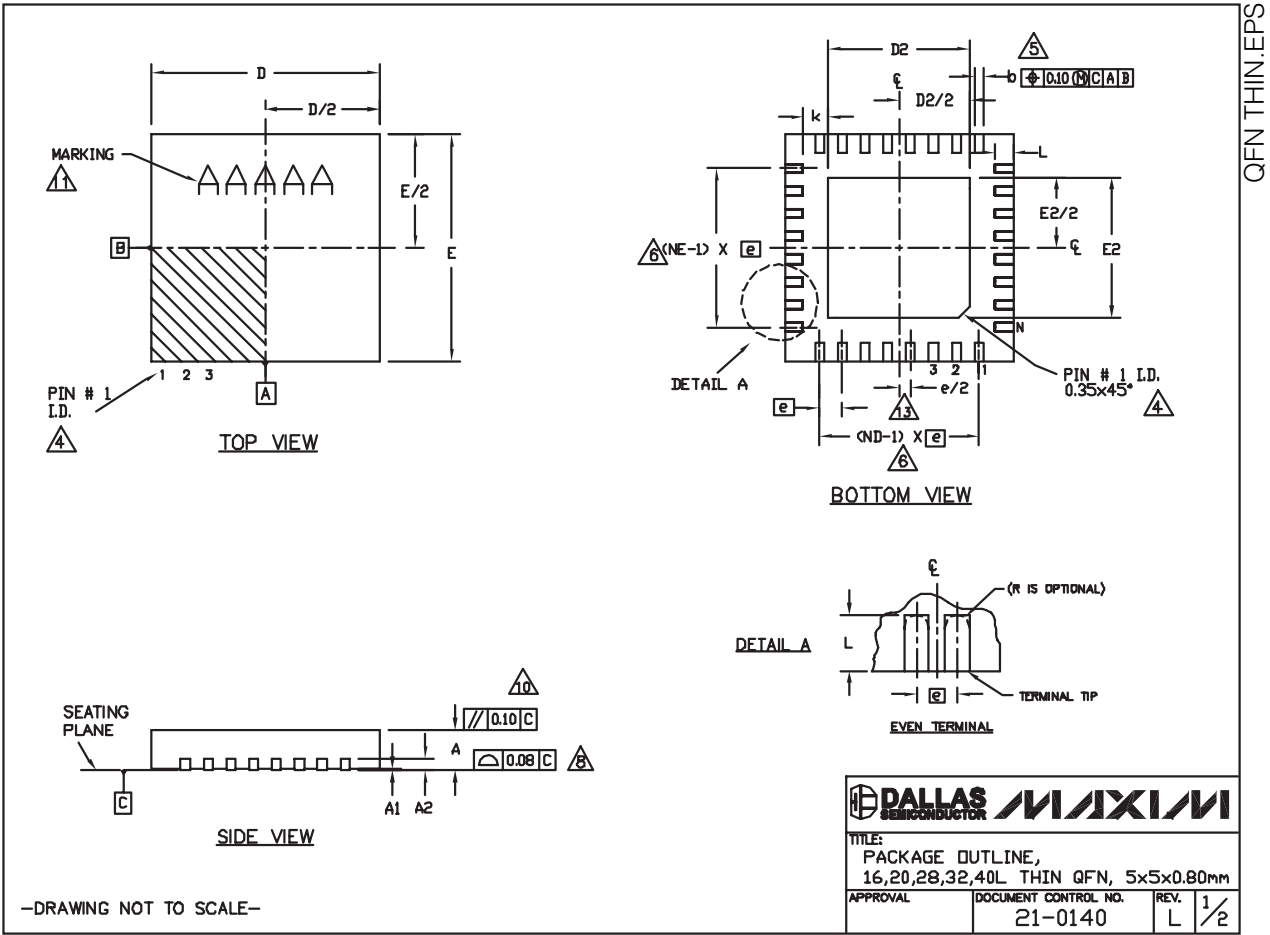




# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to [www.maxim-ic.com/packages](http://www.maxim-ic.com/packages).)



—DRAWING NOT TO SCALE—

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to [www.maxim-ic.com/packages](http://www.maxim-ic.com/packages).)

MAX3301E/MAX3302E

| COMMON DIMENSIONS |           |      |      |           |      |      |           |      |      |           |      |      |           |      |      |
|-------------------|-----------|------|------|-----------|------|------|-----------|------|------|-----------|------|------|-----------|------|------|
| PKG               | 16L 5x5   |      |      | 20L 5x5   |      |      | 28L 5x5   |      |      | 32L 5x5   |      |      | 40L 5x5   |      |      |
| SYMBOL            | MIN.      | NOM. | MAX. | MIN.      | NOM. | MAX. | MIN.      | NOM. | MAX. | MIN.      | NOM. | MAX. | MIN.      | NOM. | MAX. |
| A                 | 0.70      | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0.70      | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0.70      | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0.70      | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0.70      | 0.75 | 0.80 |
| A1                | 0         | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0         | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0         | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0         | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0         | 0.02 | 0.05 |
| A2                | 0.20 REF. |      |      | 0.20 REF. |      |      | 0.20 REF. |      |      | 0.20 REF. |      |      | 0.20 REF. |      |      |
| b                 | 0.25      | 0.30 | 0.35 | 0.25      | 0.30 | 0.35 | 0.20      | 0.25 | 0.30 | 0.20      | 0.25 | 0.30 | 0.15      | 0.20 | 0.25 |
| D                 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 |
| E                 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 | 4.90      | 5.00 | 5.10 |
| e                 | 0.80 BSC. |      |      | 0.65 BSC. |      |      | 0.50 BSC. |      |      | 0.50 BSC. |      |      | 0.40 BSC. |      |      |
| k                 | 0.25      | -    | -    | 0.25      | -    | -    | 0.25      | -    | -    | 0.25      | -    | -    | 0.25      | -    | -    |
| L                 | 0.30      | 0.40 | 0.50 | 0.45      | 0.55 | 0.65 | 0.45      | 0.55 | 0.65 | 0.30      | 0.40 | 0.50 | 0.30      | 0.40 | 0.50 |
| N                 | 16        |      |      | 20        |      |      | 28        |      |      | 32        |      |      | 40        |      |      |
| ND                | 4         |      |      | 5         |      |      | 7         |      |      | 8         |      |      | 10        |      |      |
| NE                | 4         |      |      | 5         |      |      | 7         |      |      | 8         |      |      | 10        |      |      |
| JEDEC             | VHFB      |      |      | VHHC      |      |      | VHHD-1    |      |      | VHHD-2    |      |      | -----     |      |      |

### NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M-1994.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES.
3. N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINALS.
- △ THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL NUMBERING CONVENTION SHALL CONFORM TO JEDEC 95-1 SPP-012. DETAILS OF TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER ARE OPTIONAL, BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE ZONE INDICATED. THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER MAY BE EITHER A MOLD OR MARKED FEATURE.
- △ DIMENSION b APPLIES TO METALLIZED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.25 mm AND 0.30 mm FROM TERMINAL TIP.
- △ ND AND NE REFER TO THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS ON EACH D AND E SIDE RESPECTIVELY.
7. DEPOPULATION IS POSSIBLE IN A SYMMETRICAL FASHION.
- △ COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.
9. DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO220, EXCEPT EXPOSED PAD DIMENSION FOR T2855-3, T2855-6, T4055-1 AND T4055-2.
- △ WARPAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.10 mm.
11. MARKING IS FOR PACKAGE ORIENTATION REFERENCE ONLY.
12. NUMBER OF LEADS SHOWN ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
- △ LEAD CENTERLINES TO BE AT TRUE POSITION AS DEFINED BY BASIC DIMENSION 'e', ±0.05.
14. ALL DIMENSIONS APPLY TO BOTH LEADED AND PbFREE PARTS.

—DRAWING NOT TO SCALE—

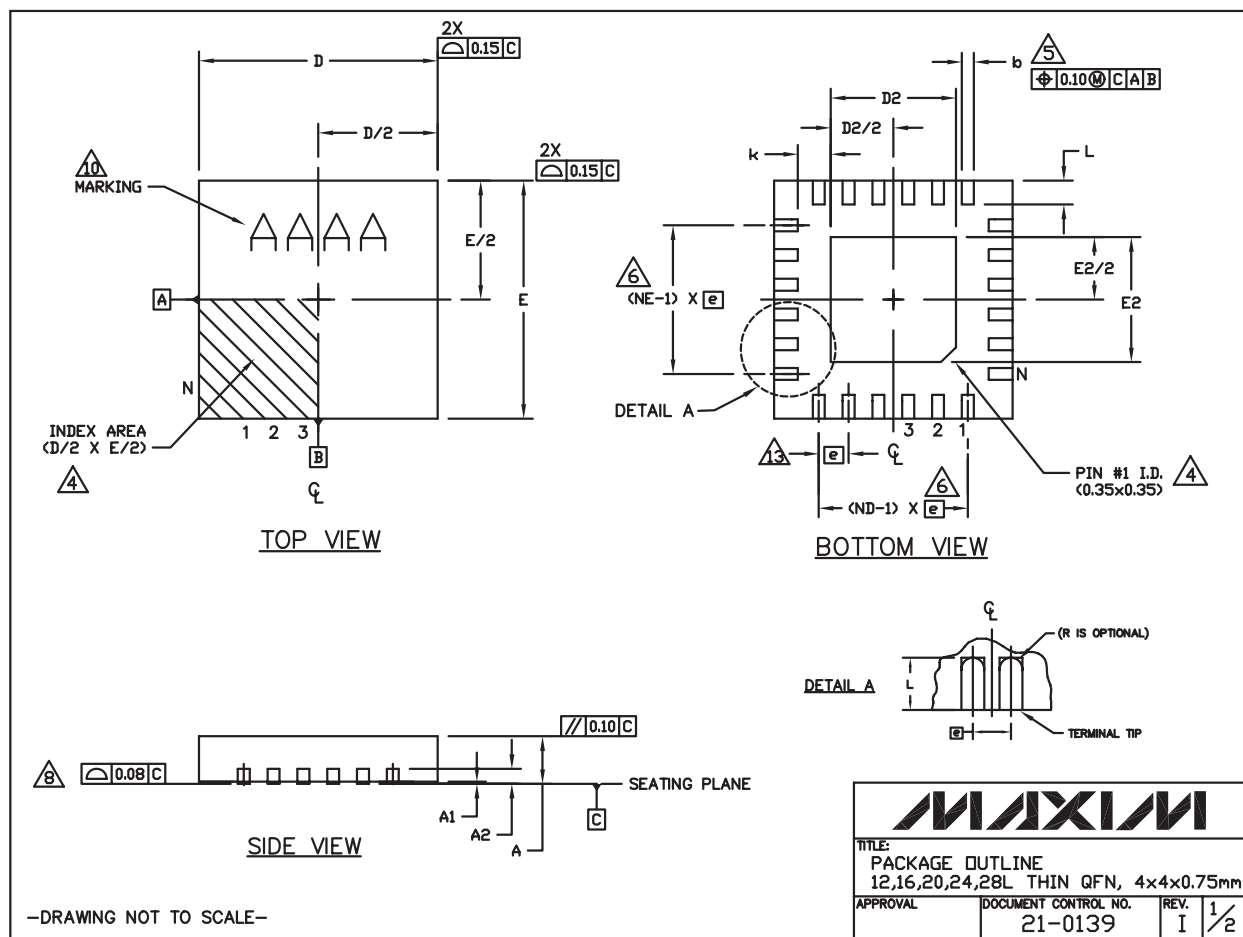
| EXPOSED PAD VARIATIONS |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| PKG. CODES             | D2   |      |      | E2   |      |      |
|                        | MIN. | NOM. | MAX. | MIN. | NOM. | MAX. |
| T1655-2                | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T1655-3                | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T1655N-1               | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T2055-3                | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T2055-4                | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T2055-5                | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 |
| T2055MN-5              | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 |
| T2855-3                | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 |
| T2855-4                | 2.60 | 2.70 | 2.80 | 2.60 | 2.70 | 2.80 |
| T2855-5                | 2.60 | 2.70 | 2.80 | 2.60 | 2.70 | 2.80 |
| T2855-6                | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 |
| T2855-7                | 2.60 | 2.70 | 2.80 | 2.60 | 2.70 | 2.80 |
| T2855-8                | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 |
| T2855N-1               | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 | 3.15 | 3.25 | 3.35 |
| T3255-3                | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T3255-4                | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T3255M-4               | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T3255-5                | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T3255N-1               | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 | 3.00 | 3.10 | 3.20 |
| T4055-1                | 3.40 | 3.50 | 3.60 | 3.40 | 3.50 | 3.60 |
| T4055-2                | 3.40 | 3.50 | 3.60 | 3.40 | 3.50 | 3.60 |
| T4055MN-1              | 3.40 | 3.50 | 3.60 | 3.40 | 3.50 | 3.60 |

|                                                                                       |                      |      |     |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|------|-----|
|  |                      |      |     |
| TITLE:<br>PACKAGE OUTLINE,<br>16,20,28,32,40L THIN QFN, 5x5x0.80mm                    |                      |      |     |
| APPROVAL                                                                              | DOCUMENT CONTROL NO. | REV. |     |
|                                                                                       | 21-0140              | L    | 2/2 |

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to [www.maxim-ic.com/packages](http://www.maxim-ic.com/packages).)



# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to [www.maxim-ic.com/packages](http://www.maxim-ic.com/packages).)

MAX3301E/MAX3302E

| COMMON DIMENSIONS |           |      |      |           |      |      |           |      |      |           |      |      |           |      |      |
|-------------------|-----------|------|------|-----------|------|------|-----------|------|------|-----------|------|------|-----------|------|------|
| PKG               | 12L 4x4   |      |      | 16L 4x4   |      |      | 20L 4x4   |      |      | 24L 4x4   |      |      | 28L 4x4   |      |      |
| REF.              | MIN.      | NOM. | MAX. | MIN.      | NOM. | MAX. | MIN.      | NOM. | MAX. | MIN.      | NOM. | MAX. | MIN.      | NOM. | MAX. |
| A                 | 0.70      | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0.70      | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0.70      | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0.70      | 0.75 | 0.80 | 0.70      | 0.75 | 0.80 |
| A1                | 0.0       | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.0       | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.0       | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.0       | 0.02 | 0.05 | 0.0       | 0.02 | 0.05 |
| A2                | 0.20 REF  |      |      | 0.20 REF  |      |      | 0.20 REF  |      |      | 0.20 REF  |      |      | 0.20 REF  |      |      |
| b                 | 0.25      | 0.30 | 0.35 | 0.25      | 0.30 | 0.35 | 0.20      | 0.25 | 0.30 | 0.18      | 0.23 | 0.30 | 0.15      | 0.20 | 0.25 |
| D                 | 3.90      | 4.00 | 4.10 | 3.90      | 4.00 | 4.10 | 3.90      | 4.00 | 4.10 | 3.90      | 4.00 | 4.10 | 3.90      | 4.00 | 4.10 |
| E                 | 3.90      | 4.00 | 4.10 | 3.90      | 4.00 | 4.10 | 3.90      | 4.00 | 4.10 | 3.90      | 4.00 | 4.10 | 3.90      | 4.00 | 4.10 |
| e                 | 0.80 BSC. |      |      | 0.65 BSC. |      |      | 0.50 BSC. |      |      | 0.50 BSC. |      |      | 0.40 BSC. |      |      |
| k                 | 0.25      | -    | -    | 0.25      | -    | -    | 0.25      | -    | -    | 0.25      | -    | -    | 0.25      | -    | -    |
| L                 | 0.45      | 0.55 | 0.65 | 0.45      | 0.55 | 0.65 | 0.45      | 0.55 | 0.65 | 0.30      | 0.40 | 0.50 | 0.30      | 0.40 | 0.50 |
| N                 | 12        |      |      | 16        |      |      | 20        |      |      | 24        |      |      | 28        |      |      |
| ND                | 3         |      |      | 4         |      |      | 5         |      |      | 6         |      |      | 7         |      |      |
| NE                | 3         |      |      | 4         |      |      | 5         |      |      | 6         |      |      | 7         |      |      |
| JeDEC Ver.        | WGGB      |      |      | WGGC      |      |      | WGGD-1    |      |      | WGGD-2    |      |      | WGGE      |      |      |

| EXPOSED PAD VARIATIONS |      |      |      |      |      |      |
|------------------------|------|------|------|------|------|------|
| PKG. CODES             | D2   |      |      | E2   |      |      |
|                        | MIN. | NOM. | MAX. | MIN. | NOM. | MAX. |
| T1244-3                | 1.95 | 2.10 | 2.25 | 1.95 | 2.10 | 2.25 |
| T1244-4                | 1.95 | 2.10 | 2.25 | 1.95 | 2.10 | 2.25 |
| T1644-3                | 1.95 | 2.10 | 2.25 | 1.95 | 2.10 | 2.25 |
| T1644-4                | 1.95 | 2.10 | 2.25 | 1.95 | 2.10 | 2.25 |
| T2044-2                | 1.95 | 2.10 | 2.25 | 1.95 | 2.10 | 2.25 |
| T2044-3                | 1.95 | 2.10 | 2.25 | 1.95 | 2.10 | 2.25 |
| T2444-2                | 1.95 | 2.10 | 2.25 | 1.95 | 2.10 | 2.25 |
| T2444-3                | 2.45 | 2.60 | 2.63 | 2.45 | 2.60 | 2.63 |
| T2444-4                | 2.45 | 2.60 | 2.63 | 2.45 | 2.60 | 2.63 |
| T2444N-4               | 2.45 | 2.60 | 2.63 | 2.45 | 2.60 | 2.63 |
| T2444M-1               | 2.45 | 2.60 | 2.63 | 2.45 | 2.60 | 2.63 |
| T2844-1                | 2.50 | 2.60 | 2.70 | 2.50 | 2.60 | 2.70 |

### NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCING CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M-1994.
2. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS. ANGLES ARE IN DEGREES.
3. N IS THE TOTAL NUMBER OF TERMINALS.
4. THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL NUMBERING CONVENTION SHALL CONFORM TO JESD 95-1 SPP-012. DETAILS OF TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER ARE OPTIONAL, BUT MUST BE LOCATED WITHIN THE ZONE INDICATED. THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER MAY BE EITHER A MOLD OR MARKED FEATURE.
5. DIMENSION b APPLIES TO METALLIZED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.25mm AND 0.30mm FROM TERMINAL TIP.
6. ND AND NE REFER TO THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS ON EACH D AND E SIDE RESPECTIVELY.
7. DEPOPULATION IS POSSIBLE IN A SYMMETRICAL FASHION.
8. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.
9. DRAWING CONFORMS TO JEDEC MO220, EXCEPT FOR T2444-3, T2444-4 AND T2844-1.
10. MARKING IS FOR PACKAGE ORIENTATION REFERENCE ONLY.
11. COPLANARITY SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.08mm.
12. WARPAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.10mm.
13. LEAD CENTERLINES TO BE AT TRUE POSITION AS DEFINED BY BASIC DIMENSION 'e',  $\pm 0.05$ .
14. NUMBER OF LEADS SHOWN ARE FOR REFERENCE ONLY.
15. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE THE SAME FOR LEADED (-) & PbFREE (+) PACKAGE CODES.

-DRAWING NOT TO SCALE-

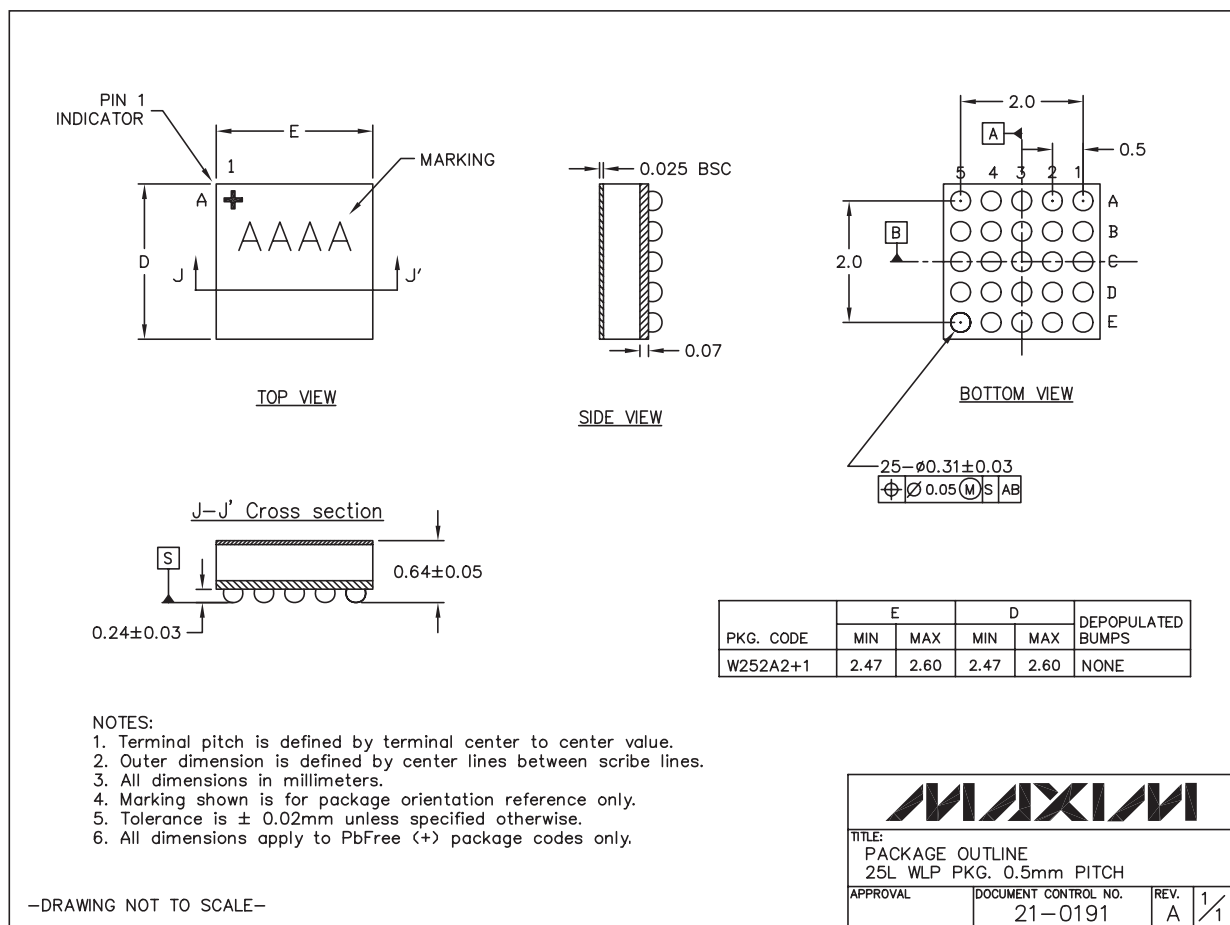
**MAXIM**

|                                                                   |                                 |           |     |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|-----|
| TITLE:<br>PACKAGE OUTLINE<br>12,16,20,24,28L THIN QFN, 4x4x0.75mm |                                 |           |     |
| APPROVAL                                                          | DOCUMENT CONTROL NO.<br>21-0139 | REV.<br>I | 2/2 |

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to [www.maxim-ic.com/packages](http://www.maxim-ic.com/packages).)



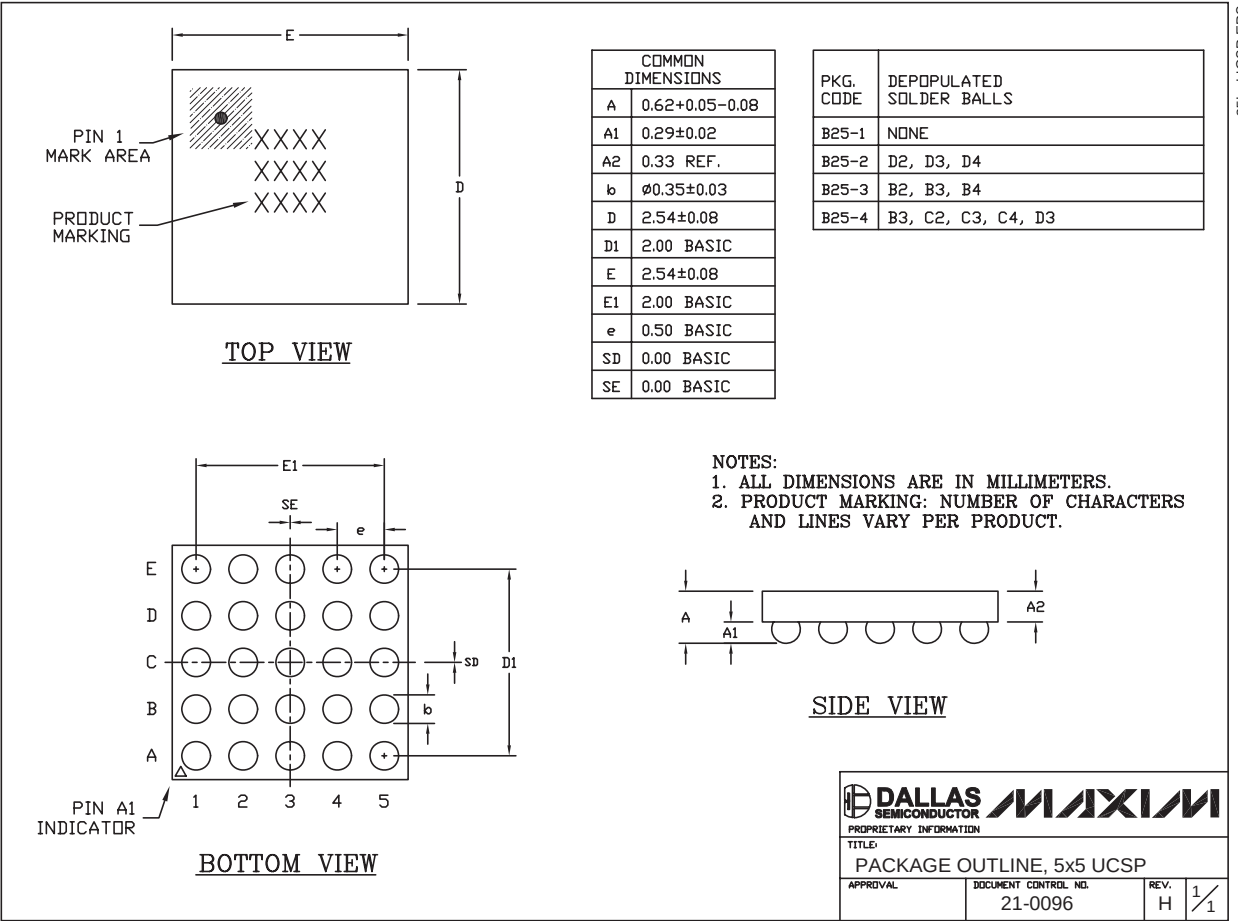
25L WLP:EPS

# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information, go to [www.maxim-ic.com/packages](http://www.maxim-ic.com/packages).)

MAX3301E/MAX3302E



# USB On-the-Go Transceivers and Charge Pumps

## Revision History

| REVISION<br>NUMBER | REVISION<br>DATE | DESCRIPTION               | PAGES<br>CHANGED           |
|--------------------|------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| 0                  | 0                | Initial release           | —                          |
| 1                  | 10/04            | Correction                | —                          |
| 2                  | 1/06             | Release of 3302E          | —                          |
| 3                  | 10/07            | Addition of new packaging | 1, 2, 4, 9, 10, 30, 36, 37 |

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