

LM135/LM235/LM335, LM135A/LM235A/LM335A

Precision Temperature Sensors

General Description

The LM135 series are precision, easily-calibrated, integrated circuit temperature sensors. Operating as a 2-terminal zener, the LM135 has a breakdown voltage directly proportional to absolute temperature at $+10 \text{ mV}/^\circ\text{K}$. With less than 1Ω dynamic impedance the device operates over a current range of $400 \mu\text{A}$ to 5 mA with virtually no change in performance. When calibrated at 25°C the LM135 has typically less than 1°C error over a 100°C temperature range. Unlike other sensors the LM135 has a linear output.

Applications for the LM135 include almost any type of temperature sensing over a -55°C to 150°C temperature range. The low impedance and linear output make interfacing to readout or control circuitry especially easy.

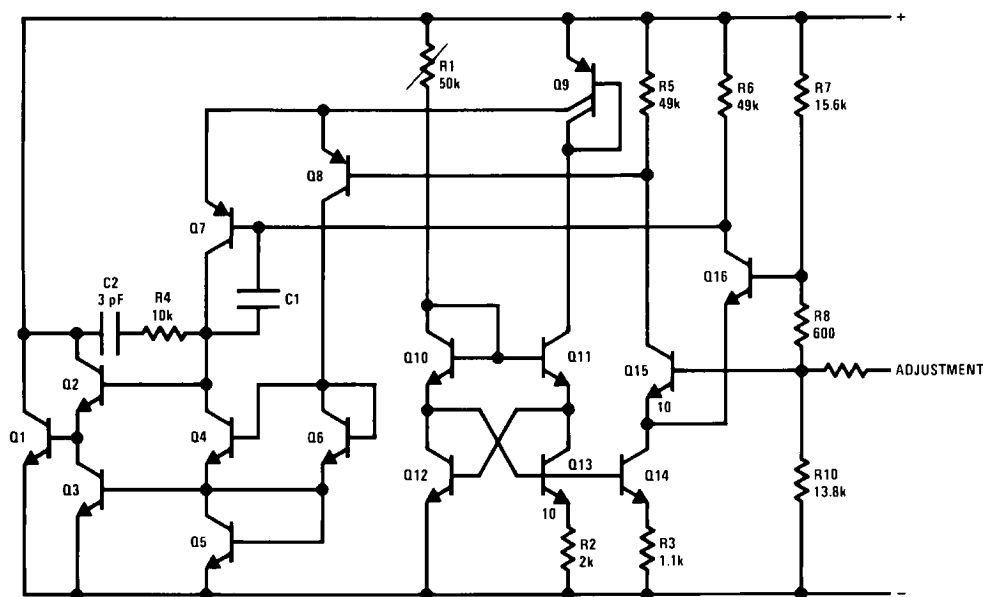
The LM135 operates over a -55°C to 150°C temperature range while the LM235 operates over a -40°C to 125°C tem-

perature range. The LM335 operates from -40°C to 100°C . The LM135/LM235/LM335 are available packaged in hermetic TO-46 transistor packages while the LM335 is also available in plastic TO-92 packages.

Features

- Directly calibrated in $^\circ\text{Kelvin}$
- 1°C initial accuracy available
- Operates from $400 \mu\text{A}$ to 5 mA
- Less than 1Ω dynamic impedance
- Easily calibrated
- Wide operating temperature range
- 200°C overrange
- Low cost

Schematic Diagram



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Absolute Maximum Ratings (Note 4)

If Military/Aerospace specified devices are required, please contact the National Semiconductor Sales Office/Distributors for availability and specifications.

Reverse Current	15 mA
Forward Current	10 mA
Storage Temperature	
8-Pin SOIC Package	-65°C to 150°C
TO-92 Package	-60°C to 150°C
TO-46 Package	-60°C to 180°C

Specified Operating Temp. Range

	Continuous	Intermittent (Note 2)
LM135, LM135A	-55°C to 150°C	150°C to 200°C
LM235, LM235A	-40°C to 125°C	125°C to 150°C
LM335, LM335A	-40°C to 100°C	100°C to 125°C
Lead Temp. (Soldering, 10 seconds)		
8-Pin SOIC Package:		300°C
Vapor Phase (60 seconds):		215°C
Infrared (15 seconds):		220°C
TO-92 Package:		260°C
TO-46 Package:		300°C

Temperature Accuracy (Note 1)

LM135/LM235, LM135A/LM235A

Parameter	Conditions	LM135A/LM235A			LM135/LM235			Units
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Operating Output Voltage	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_R = 1\text{ mA}$	2.97	2.98	2.99	2.95	2.98	3.01	V
Uncalibrated Temperature Error	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_R = 1\text{ mA}$		0.5	1		1	3	°C
Uncalibrated Temperature Error	$T_{\text{MIN}} \leq T_C \leq T_{\text{MAX}}$, $I_R = 1\text{ mA}$		1.3	2.7		2	5	°C
Temperature Error with 25°C Calibration	$T_{\text{MIN}} \leq T_C \leq T_{\text{MAX}}$, $I_R = 1\text{ mA}$		0.3	1		0.5	1.5	°C
Calibrated Error at Extended Temperatures	$T_C = T_{\text{MAX}}$ (Intermittent)		2			2		°C
Non-Linearity	$I_R = 1\text{ mA}$		0.3	0.5		0.3	1	°C

Temperature Accuracy (Note 1)

LM335, LM335A

Parameter	Conditions	LM335A			LM335			Units
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Operating Output Voltage	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_R = 1\text{ mA}$	2.95	2.98	3.01	2.92	2.98	3.04	V
Uncalibrated Temperature Error	$T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$, $I_R = 1\text{ mA}$		1	3		2	6	°C
Uncalibrated Temperature Error	$T_{\text{MIN}} \leq T_C \leq T_{\text{MAX}}$, $I_R = 1\text{ mA}$		2	5		4	9	°C
Temperature Error with 25°C Calibration	$T_{\text{MIN}} \leq T_C \leq T_{\text{MAX}}$, $I_R = 1\text{ mA}$		0.5	1		1	2	°C
Calibrated Error at Extended Temperatures	$T_C = T_{\text{MAX}}$ (Intermittent)		2			2		°C
Non-Linearity	$I_R = 1\text{ mA}$		0.3	1.5		0.3	1.5	°C

Electrical Characteristics (Note 1)

Parameter	Conditions	LM135/LM235 LM135A/LM235A			LM335 LM335A			Units
		Min	Typ	Max	Min	Typ	Max	
Operating Output Voltage	$400\text{ }\mu\text{A} \leq I_R \leq 5\text{ mA}$		2.5	10		3	14	mV
Change with Current	At Constant Temperature							
Dynamic Impedance	$I_R = 1\text{ mA}$		0.5			0.6		Ω
Output Voltage Temperature Coefficient			+10			+10		mV/°C
Time Constant	Still Air		80			80		sec
	100 ft/Min Air		10			10		sec
	Stirred Oil		1			1		sec
Time Stability	$T_C = 125^\circ\text{C}$		0.2			0.2		°C/khr

Note 1: Accuracy measurements are made in a well-stirred oil bath. For other conditions, self heating must be considered.

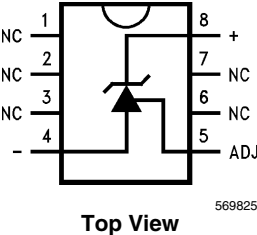
Note 2: Continuous operation at these temperatures for 10,000 hours for H package and 5,000 hours for Z package may decrease life expectancy of the device.

Thermal Resistance	8-Pin SOIC	TO-92	TO-46
θ_{JA} (Junction to Ambient)	165°C/W	202°C/W	400°C/W
θ_{JC} (Junction to Case)	N/A	170°C/W	N/A

Note 4: Refer to RETS135H for military specifications.

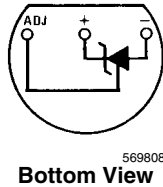
Connection Diagrams

8-Pin SOIC
Surface Mount Package



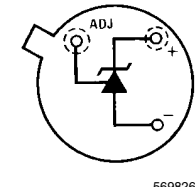
Top View

TO-92
Plastic Package



Bottom View

TO-46
Metal Can Package*



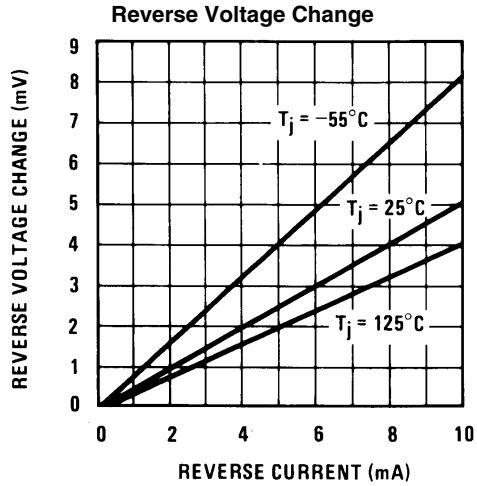
*Case is connected to negative pin

Bottom View

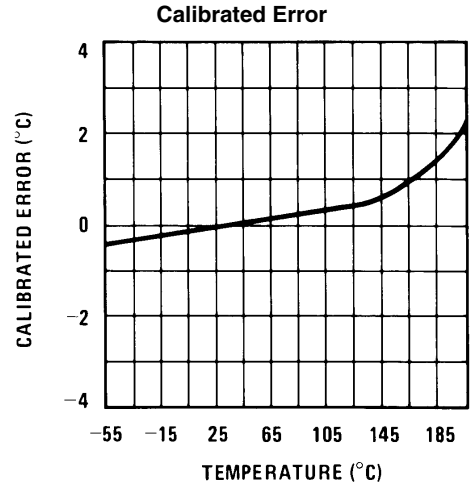
Ordering Information

Package	Part Number	Package Marking	Transport Media	NSC Drawing
8-Pin SOIC	LM335AM	LM335AM	95 Units/Rail	M08A
	LM335AMX		2.5k Units Tape and Reel	
	LM335M	LM335M	95 Units/Rail	
	LM335MX		2.5k Units Tape and Reel	
TO-92	LM335AZ	LM335AZ	1800 Bag	Z03Z
	LM335Z	LM335Z	1800 Bag	
TO-46	LM135AH	LM135AH	1000 Bag	H03H
	LM135H	LM135H	1000 Bag	
	LM235AH	LM235AH	1000 Bag	
	LM235H	LM235H	1000 Bag	
	LM335AH	LM335AH	1000 Bag	
	LM335H	LM335H	1000 Bag	

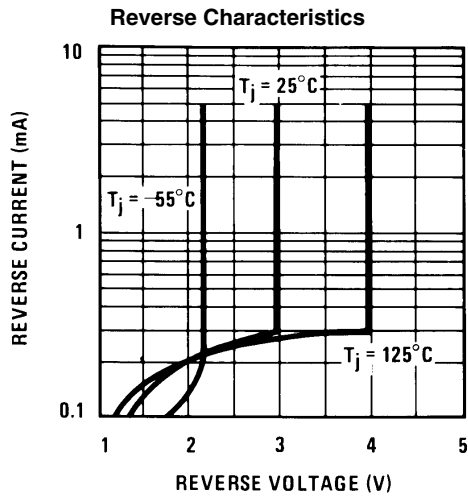
Typical Performance Characteristics



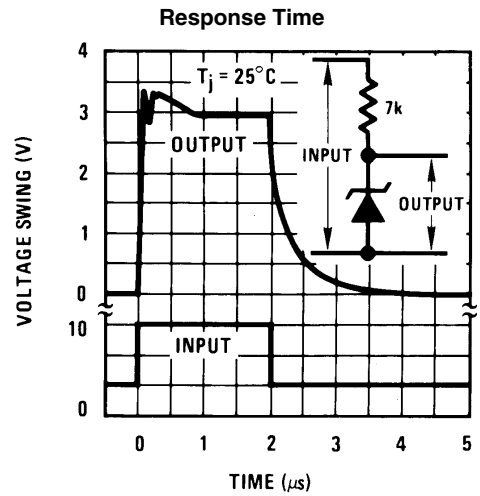
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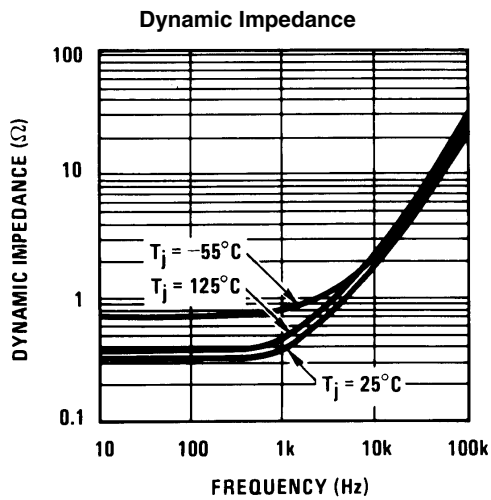
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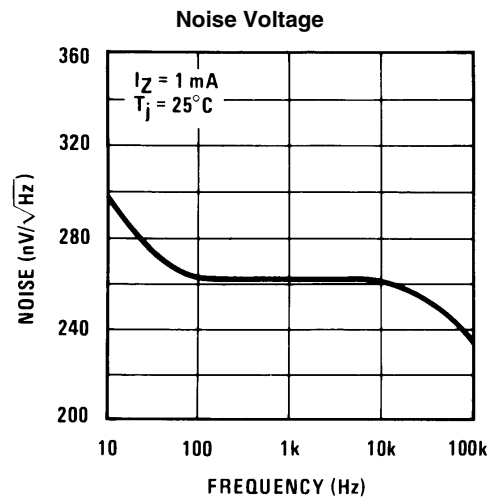
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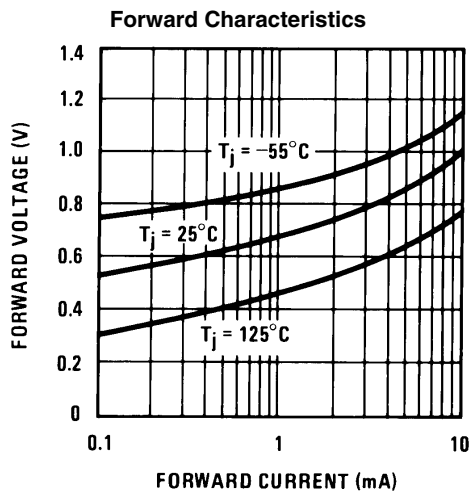
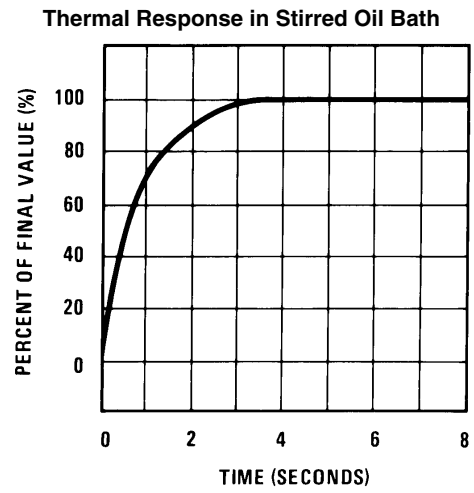
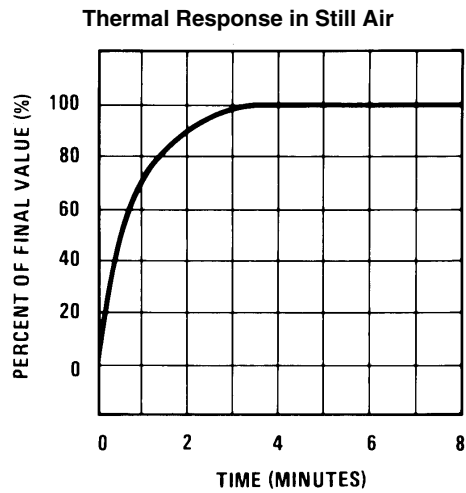
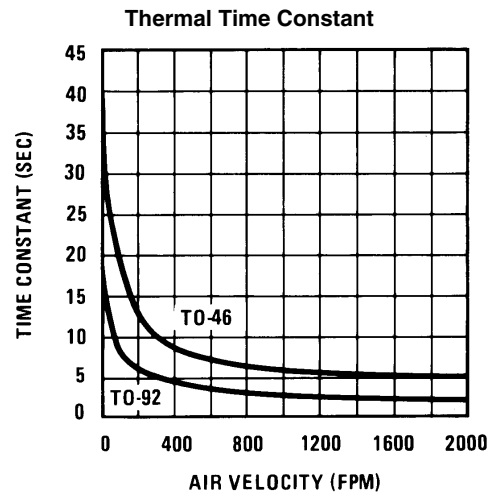
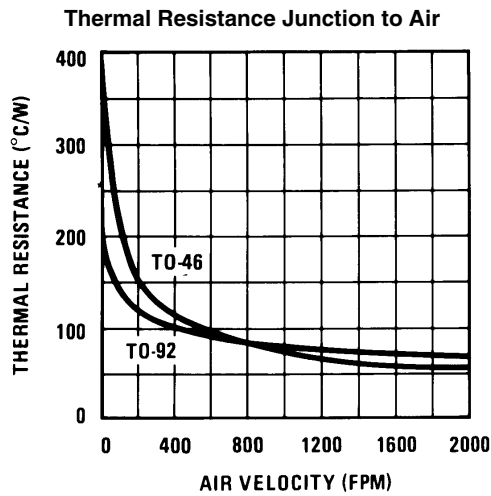
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Application Information

CALIBRATING THE LM135

Included on the LM135 chip is an easy method of calibrating the device for higher accuracies. A pot connected across the LM135 with the arm tied to the adjustment terminal allows a 1-point calibration of the sensor that corrects for inaccuracy over the full temperature range.

This single point calibration works because the output of the LM135 is proportional to absolute temperature with the extrapolated output of sensor going to 0V output at 0°K (-273.15°C). Errors in output voltage versus temperature are only slope (or scale factor) errors so a slope calibration at one temperature corrects at all temperatures.

The output of the device (calibrated or uncalibrated) can be expressed as:

$$V_{OUT_T} = V_{OUT_{T_0}} \times \frac{T}{T_0}$$

where T is the unknown temperature and T_0 is a reference temperature, both expressed in degrees Kelvin. By calibrating the output to read correctly at one temperature the output at all temperatures is correct. Nominally the output is calibrated at 10 mV/°K.

To insure good sensing accuracy several precautions must be taken. Like any temperature sensing device, self heating can reduce accuracy. The LM135 should be operated at the lowest current suitable for the application. Sufficient current, of course, must be available to drive both the sensor and the calibration pot at the maximum operating temperature as well as any external loads.

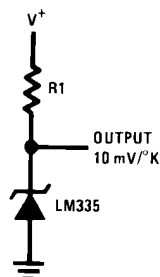
If the sensor is used in an ambient where the thermal resistance is constant, self heating errors can be calibrated out. This is possible if the device is run with a temperature stable current. Heating will then be proportional to zener voltage and therefore temperature. This makes the self heating error proportional to absolute temperature the same as scale factor errors.

WATERPROOFING SENSORS

Meltable inner core heat shrinkable tubing such as manufactured by Raychem can be used to make low-cost waterproof sensors. The LM335 is inserted into the tubing about 1/2" from the end and the tubing heated above the melting point of the core. The unfilled 1/2" end melts and provides a seal over the device.

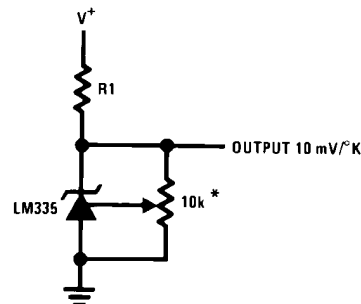
Typical Applications

Basic Temperature Sensor



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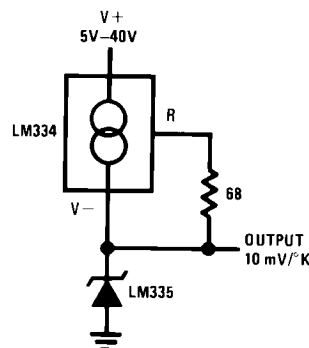
Calibrated Sensor



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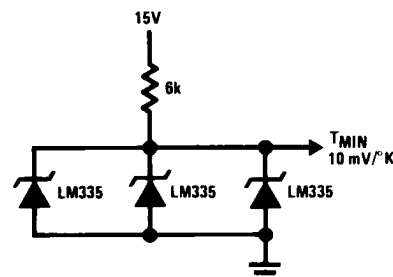
*Calibrate for 2.982V at 25°C

Wide Operating Supply



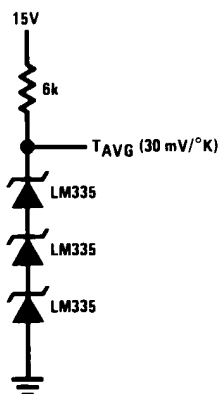
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Minimum Temperature Sensing



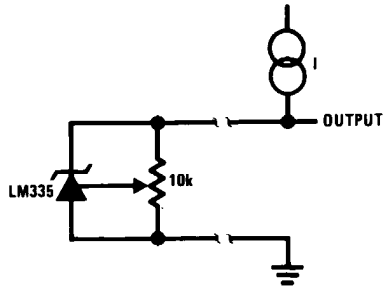
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Average Temperature Sensing



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Remote Temperature Sensing



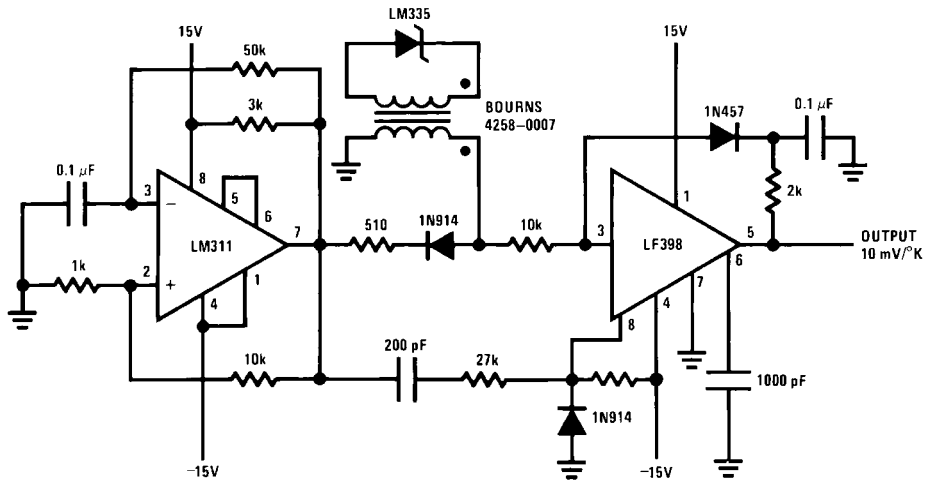
	$I_R = 1 \text{ mA}$	$I_R = 0.5 \text{ mA}^*$
AWG	FEET	FEET
14	4000	8000
16	2500	5000
18	1600	3200
20	1000	2000
22	625	1250
24	400	800

*For $I_R = 0.5 \text{ mA}$, the trim pot must be deleted.

Wire length for 1°C error due to wire drop

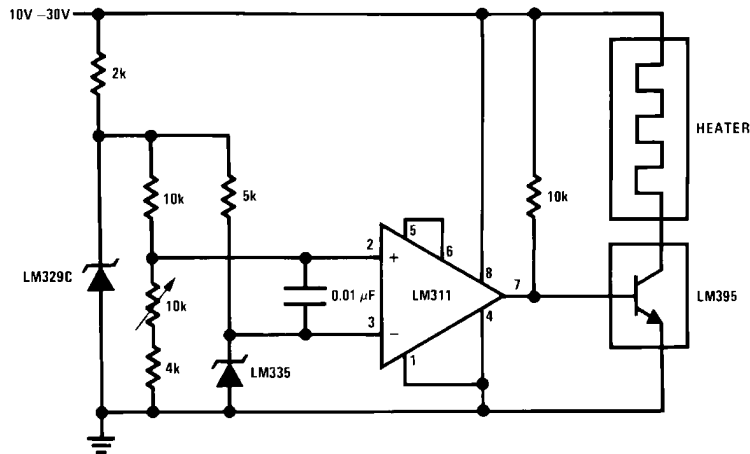
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Isolated Temperature Sensor



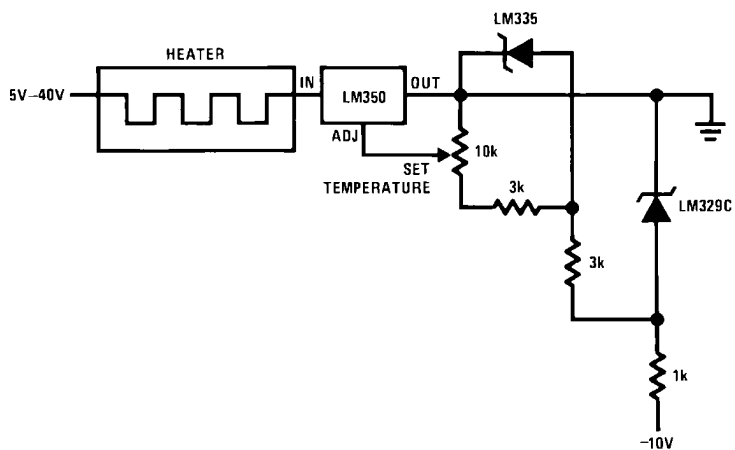
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Simple Temperature Controller



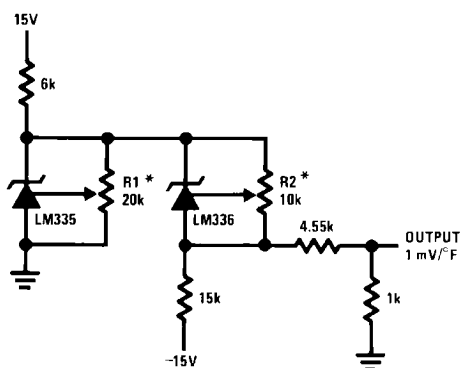
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Simple Temperature Control



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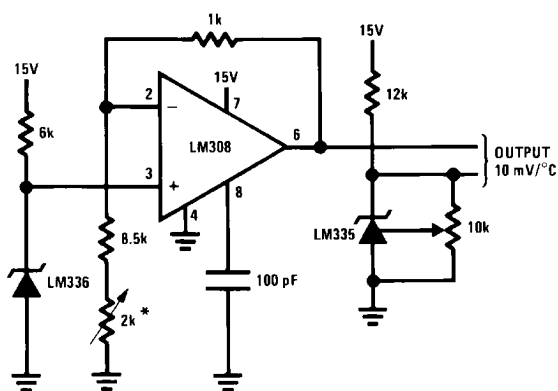
Ground Referred Fahrenheit Thermometer



569822

*Adjust R2 for 2.554V across LM336.
Adjust R1 for correct output.

Centigrade Thermometer



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*Adjust for 2.7315V at output of LM308



Adjust R1 for correct output.

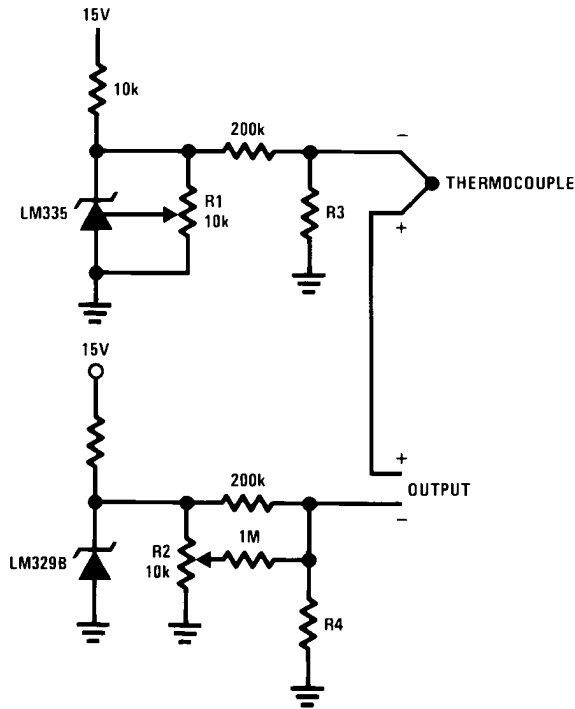
The circuit diagram shows a precision Wheatstone bridge powered by a 15V supply and a -15V supply. The bridge consists of four resistors: R1 (10k), R2 (10k), R3 (1M), and R4 (71.5k). A thermocouple is connected to the bridge output. The bridge is balanced by adjusting R3. The output of the bridge is connected to a meter. The circuit also includes two diodes, LM329B and LM335, which are used for temperature compensation. The LM329B diode is connected to the 15V supply and the bridge output. The LM335 diode is connected to the -15V supply and the bridge output. The bridge output is also connected to a 200k resistor and a 1% resistor. The circuit is labeled with component values and tolerances.

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THERMO- COUPLE	R3 (±1%)	SEEBECK COEFFICIENT
J	377Ω	52.3 μV/°C
T	308Ω	42.8 μV/°C
K	293Ω	40.8 μV/°C
S	45.8Ω	6.4 μV/°C

T	11.79 mV	S	1.768 mV
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Single Power Supply Cold Junction Compensation



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*Select R3 and R4 for thermocouple type

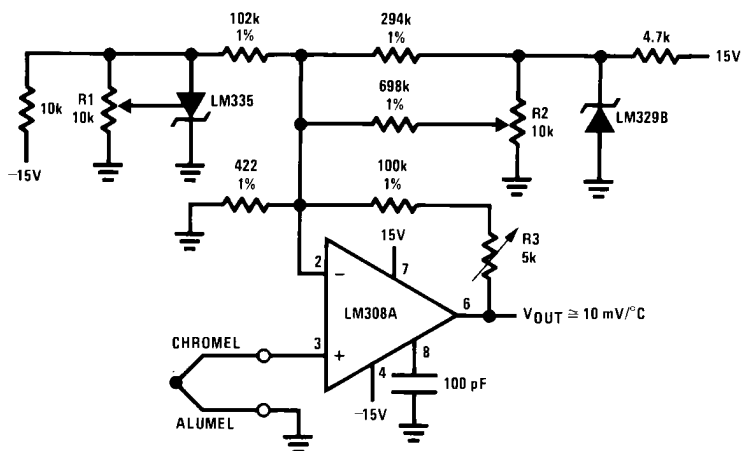
THERMO- COUPLE	R3	R4	SEEBECK COEFFICIENT
J	1.05K	385Ω	52.3 μV/°C
T	856Ω	315Ω	42.8 μV/°C
K	816Ω	300Ω	40.8 μV/°C
S	128Ω	46.3Ω	6.4 μV/°C

Adjustments:

1. Adjust R1 for the voltage across R3 equal to the Seebeck Coefficient times ambient temperature in degrees Kelvin.
2. Adjust R2 for voltage across R4 corresponding to thermocouple.

J	14.32 mV
T	11.79 mV
K	11.17 mV
S	1.768 mV

Centigrade Calibrated Thermocouple Thermometer



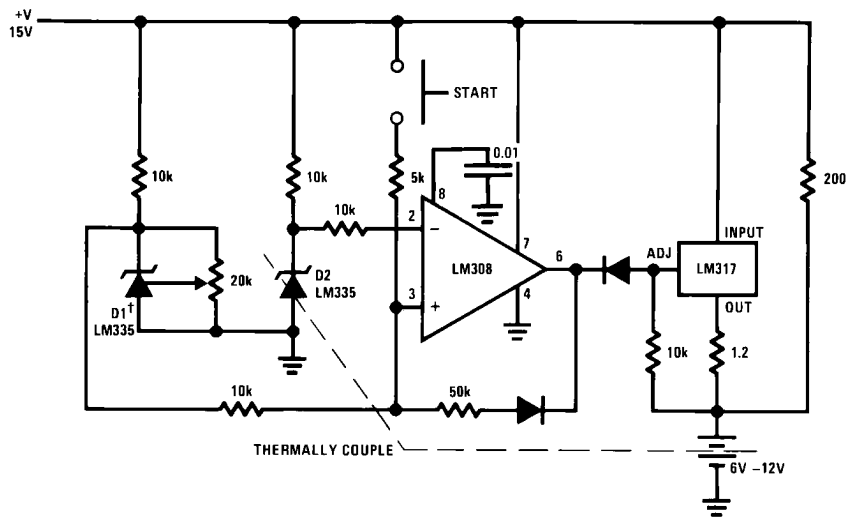
569812

Terminate thermocouple reference junction in close proximity to LM335.

Adjustments:

1. Apply signal in place of thermocouple and adjust R3 for a gain of 245.7.
2. Short non-inverting input of LM308A and output of LM329B to ground.
3. Adjust R1 so that $V_{OUT} = 2.982V$ @ $25^{\circ}C$.
4. Remove short across LM329B and adjust R2 so that $V_{OUT} = 246 mV$ @ $25^{\circ}C$.
5. Remove short across thermocouple.

Fast Charger for Nickel-Cadmium Batteries

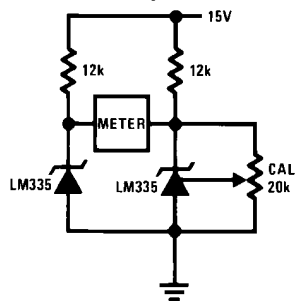


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†Adjust D1 to 50 mV greater V_Z than D2.

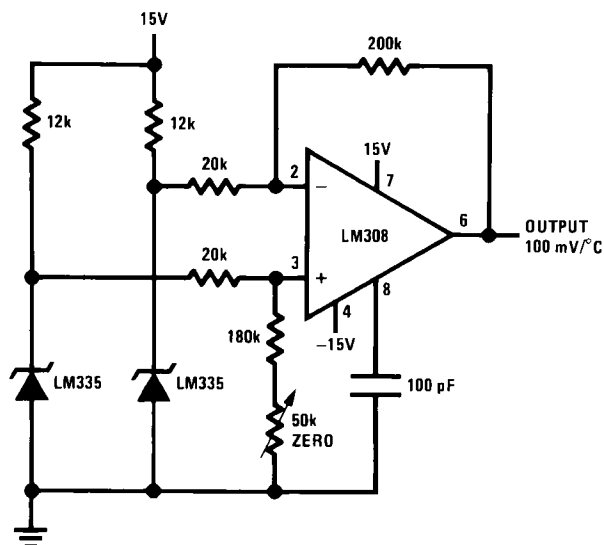
Charge terminates on $5^{\circ}C$ temperature rise. Couple D2 to battery.

Differential Temperature Sensor



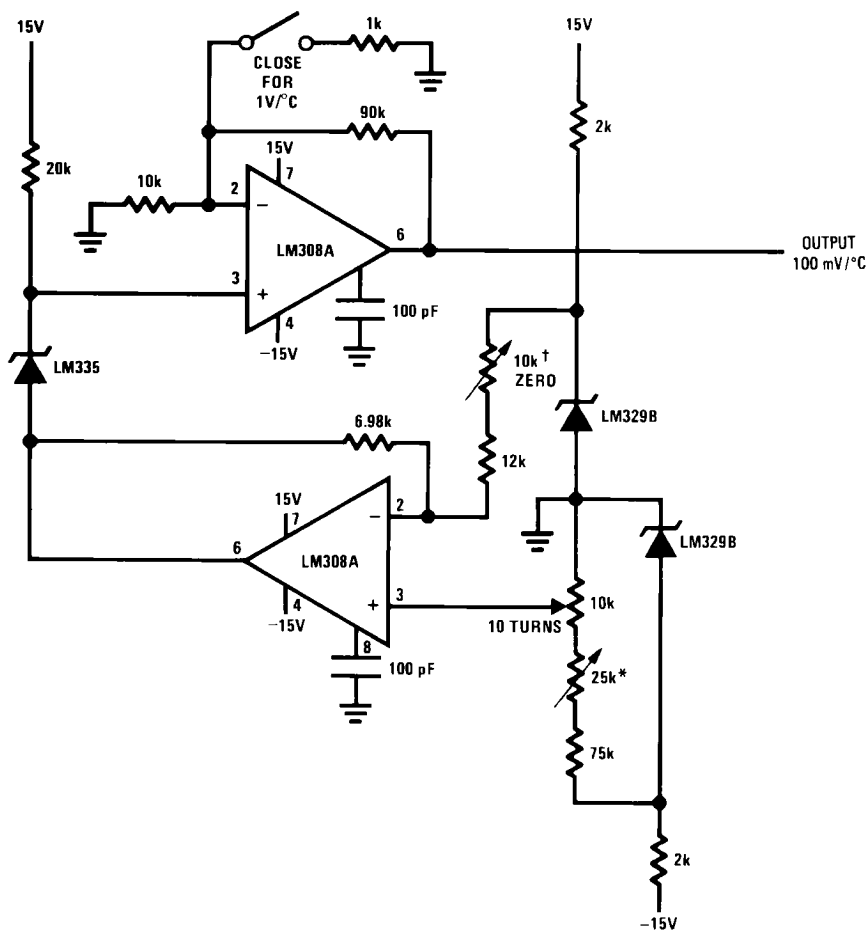
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Differential Temperature Sensor



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Variable Offset Thermometer†



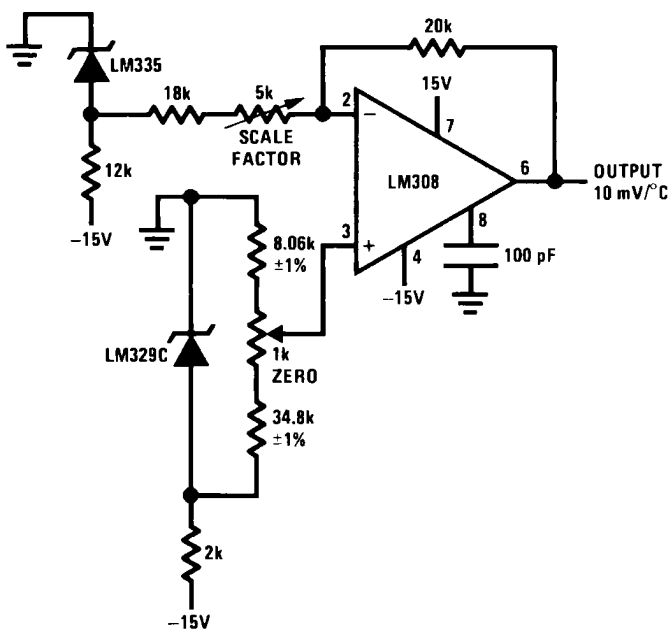
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†Adjust for zero with sensor at 0°C and 10T pot set at 0°C

*Adjust for zero output with 10T pot set at 100°C and sensor at 100°C

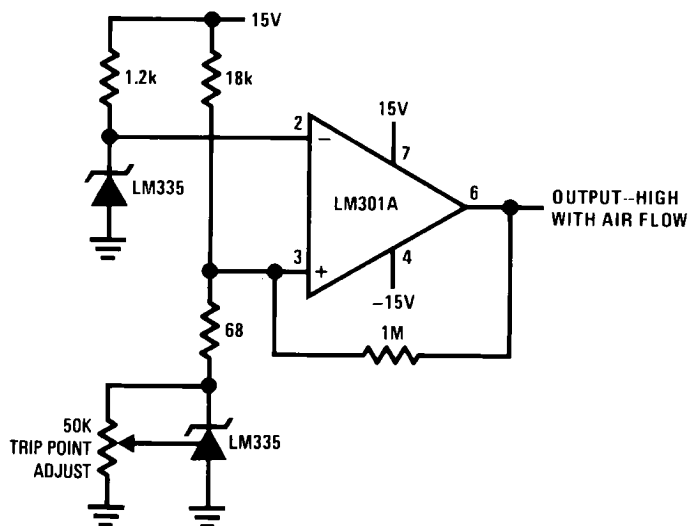
‡Output reads difference between temperature and dial setting of 10T pot

Ground Referred Centigrade Thermometer



569816

Air Flow Detector*



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*Self heating is used to detect air flow

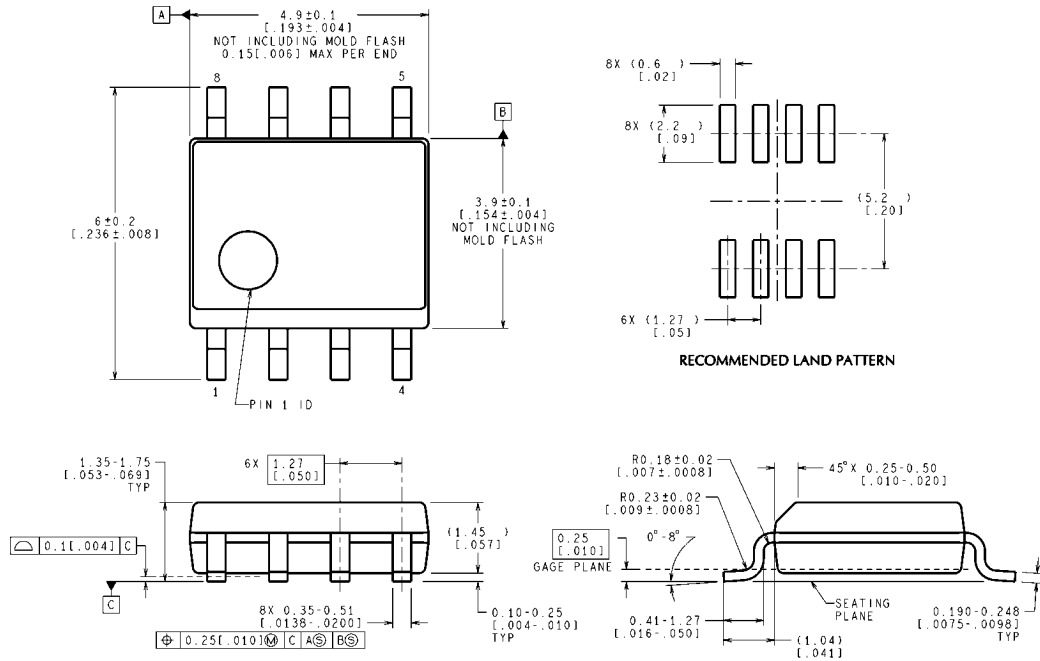
DEFINITION OF TERMS

Operating Output Voltage: The voltage appearing across the positive and negative terminals of the device at specified conditions of operating temperature and current.

Uncalibrated Temperature Error: The error between the operating output voltage at 10 mV/°K and case temperature at specified conditions of current and case temperature.

Calibrated Temperature Error: The error between operating output voltage and case temperature at 10 mV/°K over a temperature range at a specified operating current with the 25°C error adjusted to zero.

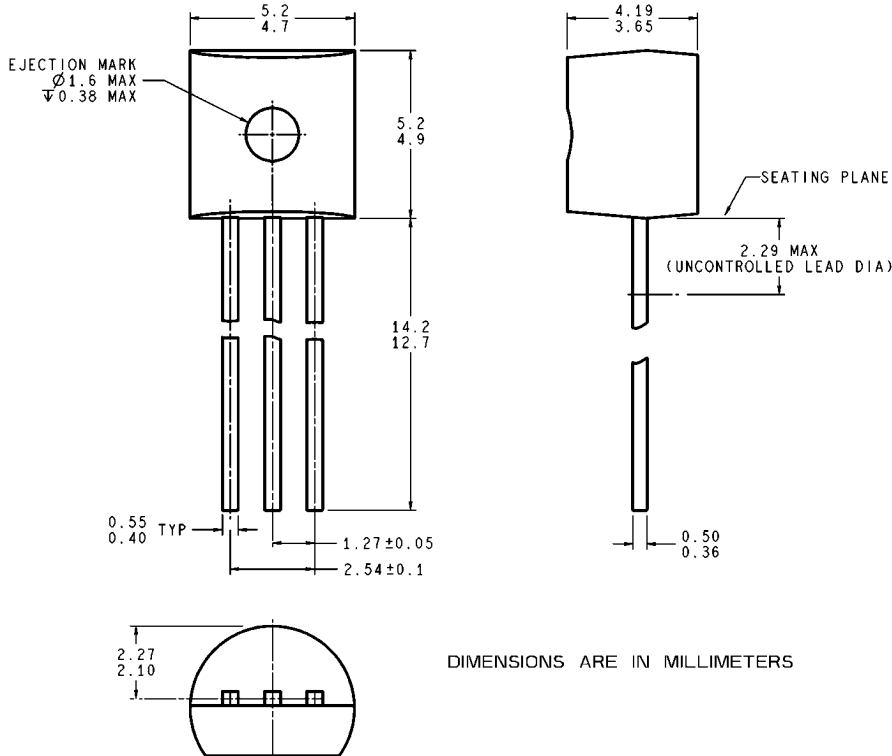
Physical Dimensions inches (millimeters) unless otherwise noted



CONTROLLING DIMENSION IS MILLIMETER
VALUES IN [] ARE INCHES
DIMENSIONS IN () FOR REFERENCE ONLY

8-Pin SOIC NS Package Number M08A

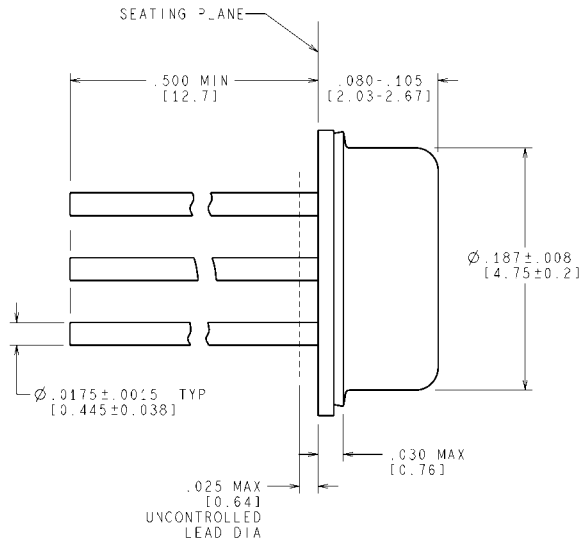
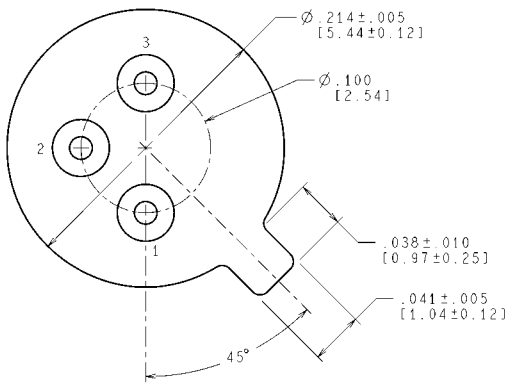
M08A (Rev L)



DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS

TO-92 NS Package Z03A

Z03A (Rev G)



CONTROLLING DIMENSION IS INCH
VALUES IN [] ARE IN MILLIMETERS

TO-46
NS Package Number H03H

H03H (Rev F)

Notes

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LDOs	www.national.com/ldo	Quality and Reliability	www.national.com/quality
LED Lighting	www.national.com/led	Feedback/Support	www.national.com/feedback
Voltage Reference	www.national.com/vref	Design Made Easy	www.national.com/easy
PowerWise® Solutions	www.national.com/powerwise	Solutions	www.national.com/solutions
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