

## 1:4 LOW-JITTER LVDS CLOCK BUFFER WITH 2:1 INPUT MUX

### Features

- 4 LVDS outputs
- Ultra-low additive jitter: 45 fs rms
- Wide frequency range: dc to 1250 MHz
- 2:1 input mux
- Universal input stage accepts differential or LVCMOS clock
- $V_{DD}$ : 1.8 / 2.5 / 3.3 V
- Small size: 16-QFN (3 mm x 3 mm)
- RoHS compliant, Pb-free
- Industrial temperature range: -40 to +85 °C

### Applications

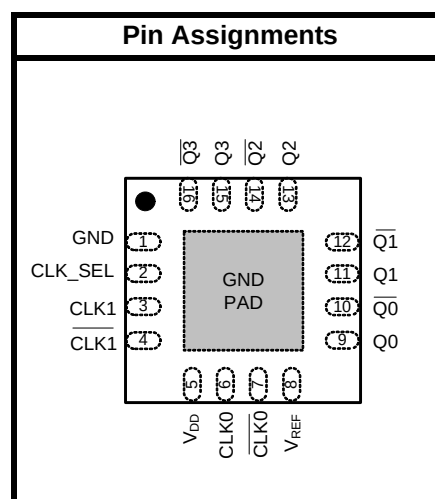
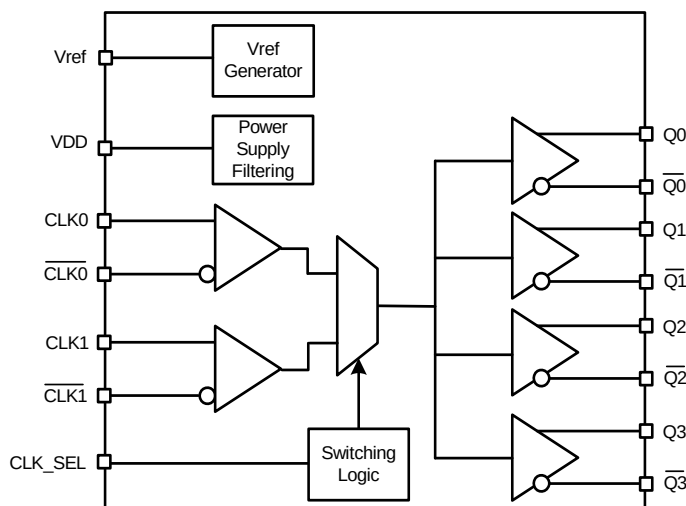
- High-speed clock distribution
- Ethernet switch/router
- Optical Transport Network (OTN)
- SONET/SDH
- PCI Express Gen 1/2/3
- Storage
- Telecom
- Industrial
- Servers
- Backplane clock distribution

### Description

The Si53340 is an ultra low jitter four output LVDS buffer. The Si53340 features a 2:1 input mux, making it ideal for redundant clocking applications. Utilizing Silicon Laboratories' advanced fan-out clock technology, the Si53340 guarantees low additive jitter, low skew, and low propagation delay variability from dc to 1250 MHz.

The Si53340 features minimal cross-talk and excellent supply noise rejection, simplifying low jitter clock distribution in noisy environments.

### Functional Block Diagram



Patents pending



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## 1. Electrical Specifications

**Table 1. Recommended Operating Conditions**

| Parameter                     | Symbol   | Test Condition | Min  | Typ | Max  | Unit |
|-------------------------------|----------|----------------|------|-----|------|------|
| Ambient Operating Temperature | $T_A$    |                | -40  | —   | 85   | °C   |
| Supply Voltage Range          | $V_{DD}$ | LVDS           | 1.71 | 1.8 | 1.89 | V    |
|                               |          |                | 2.38 | 2.5 | 2.63 | V    |
|                               |          |                | 2.97 | 3.3 | 3.63 | V    |

**Table 2. Input Clock Specifications**

( $V_{DD}$  = 1.8 V  $\pm$  5%, 2.5 V  $\pm$  5%, or 3.3 V  $\pm$  10%,  $T_A$  = -40 to 85 °C)

| Parameter                               | Symbol   | Test Condition                                           | Min                 | Typ | Max                 | Unit |
|-----------------------------------------|----------|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|-----|---------------------|------|
| Differential Input Common Mode Voltage  | $V_{CM}$ | $V_{DD} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%, 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ | 0.05                | —   | —                   | V    |
| Differential Input Swing (peak-to-peak) | $V_{IN}$ |                                                          | 0.2                 | —   | 2.2                 | V    |
| Input High Voltage                      | $V_{IH}$ | $V_{DD} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%, 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ | $V_{DD} \times 0.7$ | —   | —                   | V    |
| Input Low Voltage                       | $V_{IL}$ | $V_{DD} = 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%, 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%$ | —                   | —   | $V_{DD} \times 0.3$ | V    |
| Input Capacitance                       | $C_{IN}$ | CLK0 and CLK1 pins with respect to GND                   | —                   | 5   | —                   | pF   |

**Table 3. DC Common Characteristics**

( $V_{DD} = 1.8 \text{ V} \pm 5\%, 2.5 \text{ V} \pm 5\%, \text{ or } 3.3 \text{ V} \pm 10\%, T_A = -40 \text{ to } 85 \text{ } ^\circ\text{C}$ )

| Parameter                   | Symbol     | Test Condition                                              | Min                 | Typ    | Max                 | Unit       |
|-----------------------------|------------|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------|--------|---------------------|------------|
| Supply Current              | $I_{DD}$   |                                                             | —                   | 140    | —                   | mA         |
| Voltage Reference           | $V_{REF}$  | $V_{REF}$ pin<br>( $V_{DD} = 2.5 \text{ V}/3.3 \text{ V}$ ) | —                   | 1.25 V | —                   | V          |
| Input High Voltage          | $V_{IH}$   | CLK_SEL                                                     | $0.8 \times V_{DD}$ | —      | —                   | V          |
| Input Low Voltage           | $V_{IL}$   | CLK_SEL                                                     | —                   | —      | $0.2 \times V_{DD}$ | V          |
| Internal Pull-down Resistor | $R_{DOWN}$ | CLK_SEL                                                     | —                   | 25     | —                   | k $\Omega$ |

**Table 4. Output Characteristics—LVDS**(V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 V ± 5%, 2.5 V ± 5%, or 3.3 V ± 10%, T<sub>A</sub> = –40 to 85 °C)

| Parameter                                                       | Symbol            | Test Condition                                                                                                      | Min  | Typ  | Max  | Unit |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|
| Single-Ended Output Swing                                       | V <sub>SE</sub>   | R <sub>L</sub> = 100 Ω across Q <sub>N</sub> and $\overline{Q}_N$                                                   | 180  | —    | 454  | mV   |
| Output Common Mode Voltage<br>(V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.5 V or 3.3V) | V <sub>COM1</sub> | V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.38 to 2.63 V, 2.97 to 3.63 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 100 Ω across Q <sub>N</sub> and $\overline{Q}_N$ | 1.10 | 1.25 | 1.35 | V    |
| Output Common Mode Voltage<br>(V <sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 V)         | V <sub>COM2</sub> | V <sub>DD</sub> = 1.71 to 1.89 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 100 Ω across Q <sub>N</sub> and $\overline{Q}_N$                 | 0.85 | 0.97 | 1.10 | V    |

**Table 5. AC Characteristics**(V<sub>DD</sub> = 1.8 V ± 5%, 2.5 V ± 5%, or 3.3 V ± 10%, T<sub>A</sub> = –40 to 85 °C)

| Parameter                                        | Symbol                                 | Test Condition                                                          | Min  | Typ   | Max  | Unit |
|--------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|-------|------|------|
| Frequency                                        | F                                      | LVDS                                                                    | dc   | —     | 1250 | MHz  |
| Duty Cycle<br><b>Note:</b> 50% input duty cycle. | D <sub>C</sub>                         | 20/80% T <sub>R</sub> /T <sub>F</sub> < 10% of period (LVDS)            | 47   | 50    | 53   | %    |
| Minimum Input Clock Slew Rate                    | SR                                     | Required to meet prop delay and additive jitter specifications (20–80%) | 0.75 | —     | —    | V/ns |
| Output Rise/Fall Time                            | T <sub>R</sub> /T <sub>F</sub>         | LVDS                                                                    | —    | —     | 400  | ps   |
| Minimum Input Pulse Width                        | T <sub>W</sub>                         |                                                                         | 360  | —     | —    | ps   |
| Additive Jitter<br>(Differential Clock Input)    | J                                      | V <sub>DD</sub> = 2.5 / 3.3 V, F = 725 MHz, 0.75 V/ns input slew rate   | —    | 50    | 65   | fs   |
| Propagation Delay                                | T <sub>PLH</sub> ,<br>T <sub>PHL</sub> | LVDS                                                                    | 600  | 800   | 1000 | ns   |
| Output to Output Skew <sup>1</sup>               | T <sub>SK</sub>                        | LVDS                                                                    | —    | —     | 50   | ps   |
| Part to Part Skew <sup>2</sup>                   | T <sub>PS</sub>                        | LVDS                                                                    | —    | —     | 125  | ps   |
| Power Supply Noise Rejection <sup>3</sup>        | PSRR                                   | 10 kHz sinusoidal noise                                                 | —    | –70   | —    | dBc  |
|                                                  |                                        | 100 kHz sinusoidal noise                                                | —    | –65   | —    | dBc  |
|                                                  |                                        | 500 kHz sinusoidal noise                                                | —    | –60   | —    | dBc  |
|                                                  |                                        | 1 MHz sinusoidal noise                                                  | —    | –57.5 | —    | dBc  |

**Notes:**

- Output to output skew specified for outputs with an identical configuration.
- Defined as skew between any output on different devices operating at the same supply voltages, temperatures, and equal load conditions. Using the same type of inputs on each device, the outputs are measured at the differential cross points.
- Measured for 156.25 MHz carrier frequency. Sine-wave noise added to V<sub>DD</sub> (3.3 V = 100 mV<sub>PP</sub>) and noise spur amplitude measured. See “AN491: Power Supply Rejection for Low-Jitter Clocks” for further details.

**Table 6. Additive Jitter, Differential Clock Input**

| $V_{DD}$ | Input <sup>1,2</sup> |              |                                                          |                                             | Output       | Additive Jitter<br>(fs rms, 12 kHz to 20 MHz) <sup>3</sup> |     |
|----------|----------------------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
|          | Freq<br>(MHz)        | Clock Format | Amplitude<br>$V_{IN}$<br>(Single-Ended,<br>Peak-to-Peak) | Differential<br>20%-80% Slew<br>Rate (V/ns) | Clock Format | Typ                                                        | Max |
| 3.3      | 725                  | Differential | 0.15                                                     | 0.637                                       | LVDS         | 50                                                         | 65  |
| 3.3      | 156.25               | Differential | 0.5                                                      | 0.458                                       | LVDS         | 150                                                        | 200 |
| 2.5      | 725                  | Differential | 0.15                                                     | 0.637                                       | LVDS         | 50                                                         | 65  |
| 2.5      | 156.25               | Differential | 0.5                                                      | 0.458                                       | LVDS         | 145                                                        | 195 |

**Notes:**

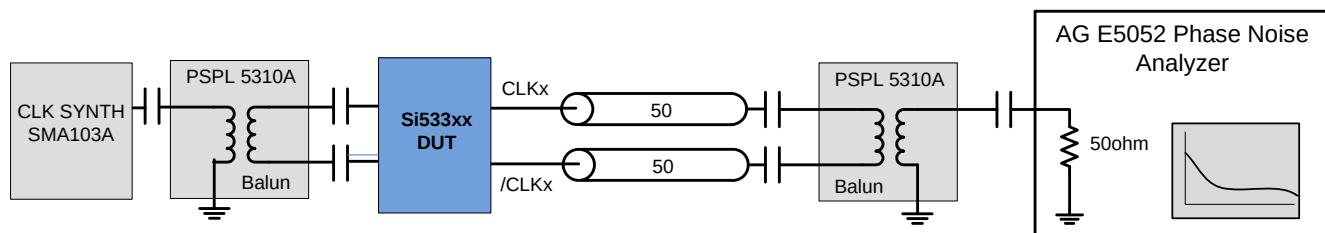
- For best additive jitter results, use the fastest slew rate possible. See “AN766: Understanding and Optimizing Clock Buffer’s Additive Jitter Performance” for more information.
- AC-coupled differential inputs.
- Measured differentially using a balun at the phase noise analyzer input. See Figure 1.

**Table 7. Additive Jitter, Single-Ended Clock Input**

| $V_{DD}$ | Input <sup>1,2</sup> |              |                                                          |                                   | Output       | Additive Jitter<br>(fs rms, 12 kHz to 20 MHz) <sup>3</sup> |     |
|----------|----------------------|--------------|----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------|-----|
|          | Freq<br>(MHz)        | Clock Format | Amplitude<br>$V_{IN}$<br>(single-ended,<br>peak to peak) | SE 20%-80%<br>Slew Rate<br>(V/ns) | Clock Format | Typ                                                        | Max |
| 3.3      | 156.25               | Single-ended | 2.18                                                     | 1                                 | LVDS         | 150                                                        | 200 |
| 2.5      | 156.25               | Single-ended | 2.18                                                     | 1                                 | LVDS         | 145                                                        | 195 |

**Notes:**

- For best additive jitter results, use the fastest slew rate possible. See “AN766: Understanding and Optimizing Clock Buffer’s Additive Jitter Performance” for more information.
- DC-coupled single-ended inputs.
- Measured differentially using a balun at the phase noise analyzer input (see Figure 1).



**Figure 1. Differential Measurement Method Using a Balun**

Table 8. Thermal Conditions

| Parameter                               | Symbol        | Test Condition | Value | Unit |
|-----------------------------------------|---------------|----------------|-------|------|
| Thermal Resistance, Junction to Ambient | $\theta_{JA}$ | Still air      | 57.6  | °C/W |
| Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case    | $\theta_{JC}$ | Still air      | 41.5  | °C/W |

Table 9. Absolute Maximum Ratings

| Parameter                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     | Symbol     | Test Condition                                     | Min  | Typ | Max            | Unit |
|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------|----------------------------------------------------|------|-----|----------------|------|
| Storage Temperature                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           | $T_S$      |                                                    | -55  | —   | 150            | °C   |
| Supply Voltage                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | $V_{DD}$   |                                                    | -0.5 | —   | 3.8            | V    |
| Input Voltage                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 | $V_{IN}$   |                                                    | -0.5 | —   | $V_{DD} + 0.3$ | V    |
| Output Voltage                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                | $V_{OUT}$  |                                                    | —    | —   | $V_{DD} + 0.3$ | V    |
| ESD Sensitivity                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | HBM        | HBM, 100 pF, 1.5 k $\Omega$                        | —    | —   | 2000           | V    |
| ESD Sensitivity                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | CDM        |                                                    | —    | —   | 1000           | V    |
| Peak Soldering Reflow Temperature                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | $T_{PEAK}$ | Pb-Free; Solder reflow profile per JEDEC J-STD-020 | —    | —   | 260            | °C   |
| Maximum Junction Temperature                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | $T_J$      |                                                    | —    | —   | 125            | °C   |
| <b>Note:</b> Stresses beyond those listed in this table may cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation specification compliance is not implied at these conditions. Exposure to maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability. |            |                                                    |      |     |                |      |

## 2. Functional Description

The Si53340 is a low-jitter, low-skew 1:4 LVDS buffer with an integrated 2:1 input mux. The device has a universal input that accepts most common differential or LVCMOS input signals. A clock select pin is used to select the active input clock.

### 2.1. Universal, Any-Format Input

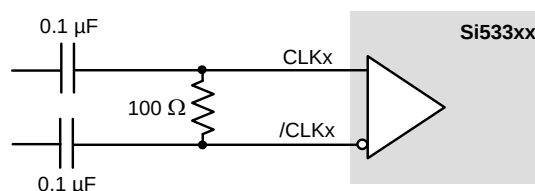
The Si53340 has a universal input stage that enables simple interfacing to a wide variety of clock formats, including LVPECL, low-power LVPECL, LVCMOS, LVDS, HCSL, and CML. Tables 10 and 11 summarize the various ac- and dc-coupling options supported by the device. Figures 3 and 4 show the recommended input clock termination options. For the best high-speed performance, the use of differential formats is recommended. For both single-ended and differential input clocks, the fastest possible slew rate is recommended since low slew rates can increase the noise floor and degrade jitter performance. Though not required, a minimum slew rate of 0.75 V/ns is recommended for differential formats and 1.0 V/ns for single-ended formats. For more information, see “AN766: Understanding and Optimizing Clock Buffer Additive Jitter Performance”.

**Table 10. LVPECL, LVCMOS, and LVDS**

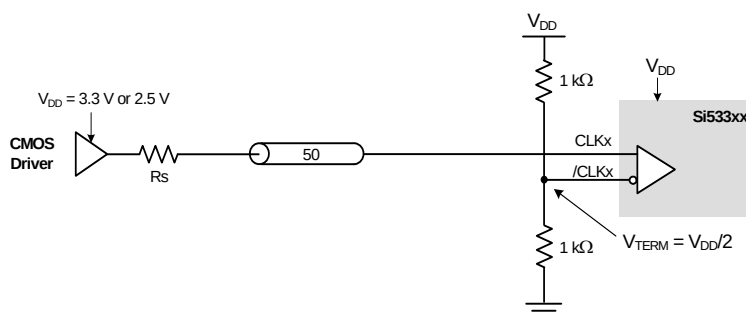
|           | LVPECL    |           | LVCMOS    |           | LVDS      |           |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
|           | AC-Couple | DC-Couple | AC-Couple | DC-Couple | AC-Couple | DC-Couple |
| 1.8 V     | N/A       | N/A       | No        | No        | Yes       | No        |
| 2.5/3.3 V | Yes       | Yes       | No        | Yes       | Yes       | Yes       |

**Table 11. HCSL and CML**

|           | HCSL        |             | CML       |           |
|-----------|-------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
|           | AC-Couple   | DC-Couple   | AC-Couple | DC-Couple |
| 1.8 V     | No          | No          | Yes       | No        |
| 2.5/3.3 V | Yes (3.3 V) | Yes (3.3 V) | Yes       | No        |



**Figure 2. Differential HCSL, LVPECL, Low-Power LVPECL, LVDS, CML AC-Coupled Input Termination**



**Figure 3. LVCMOS DC-Coupled Input Termination**



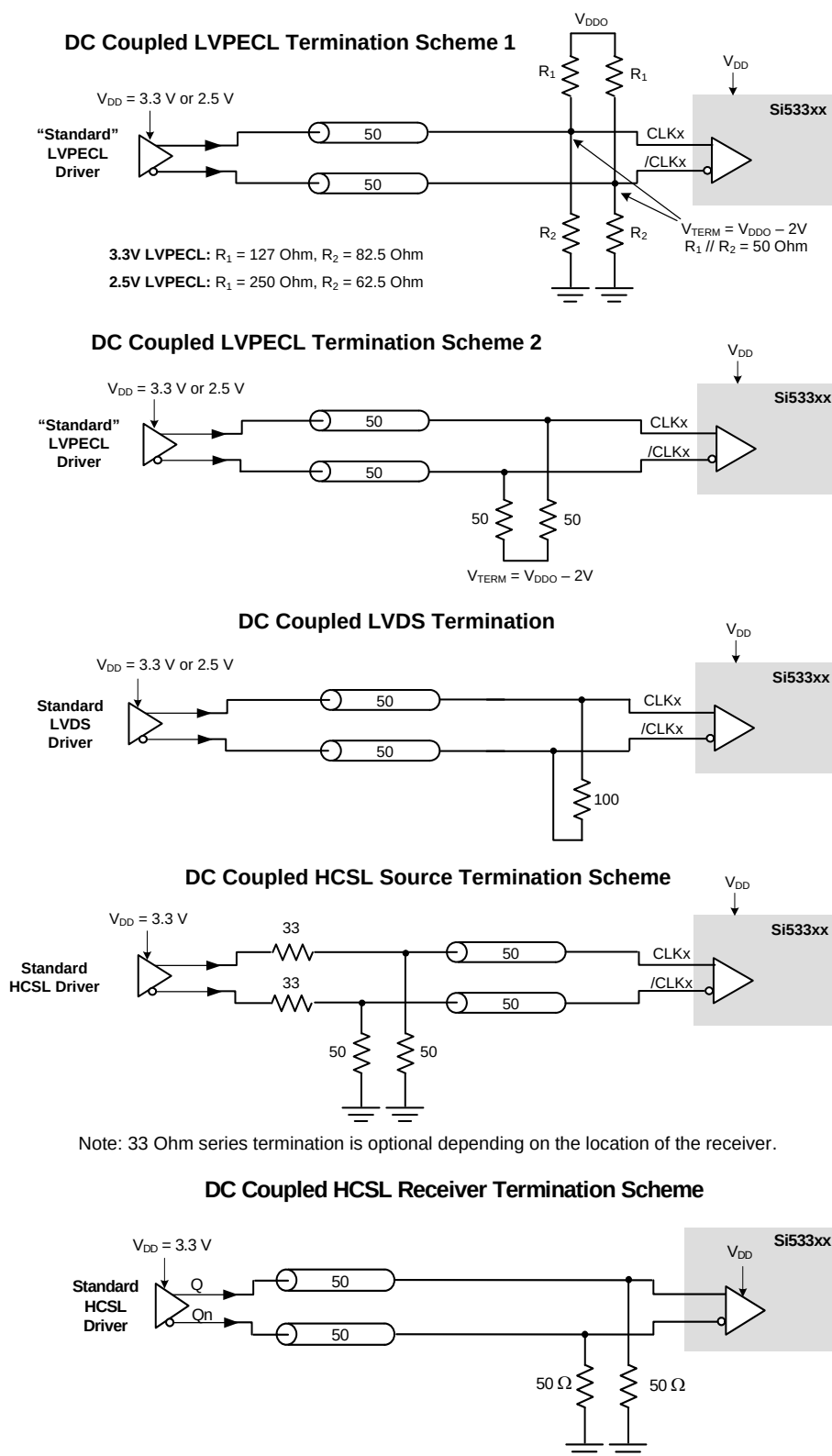
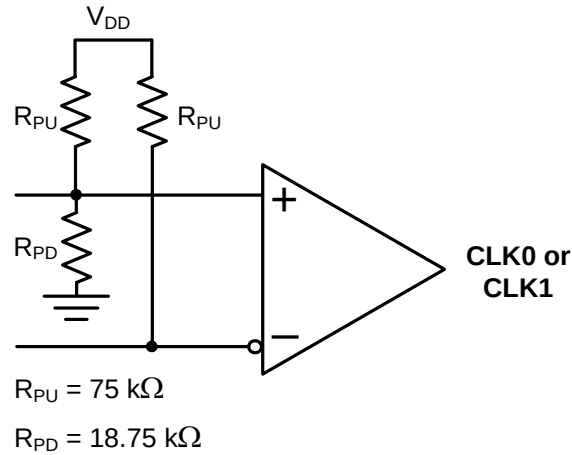


Figure 4. Differential DC-Coupled Input Terminations

## 2.2. Input Bias Resistors

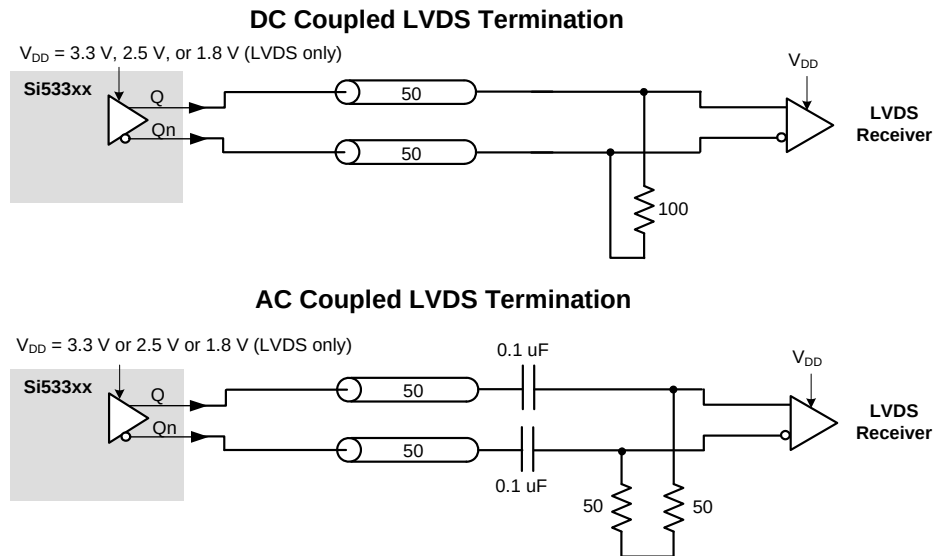
Internal bias resistors ensure a differential output low condition in the event that the clock inputs are not connected. The noninverting input is biased with a 18.75 kΩ pulldown to GND and a 75 kΩ pullup to V<sub>DD</sub>. The inverting input is biased with a 75 kΩ pullup to V<sub>DD</sub>.



**Figure 5. Input Bias Resistors**

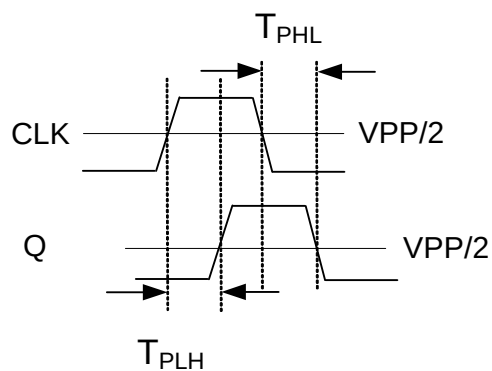
## 2.3. Output Clock Termination Options

The recommended output clock termination options are shown below. Unused outputs can be left floating. Do not short unused outputs to ground.

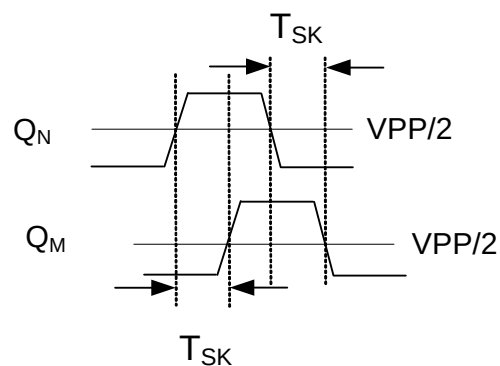


**Figure 6. LVDS Output Termination**

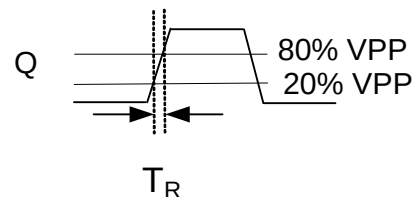
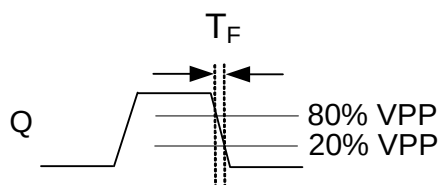
## 2.4. AC Timing Waveforms



Propagation Delay



Output-Output Skew



Rise/Fall Time

Figure 7. AC Waveforms

2.5. Typical Phase Noise Performance

Each of the following three figures shows three phase noise plots superimposed on the same diagram.

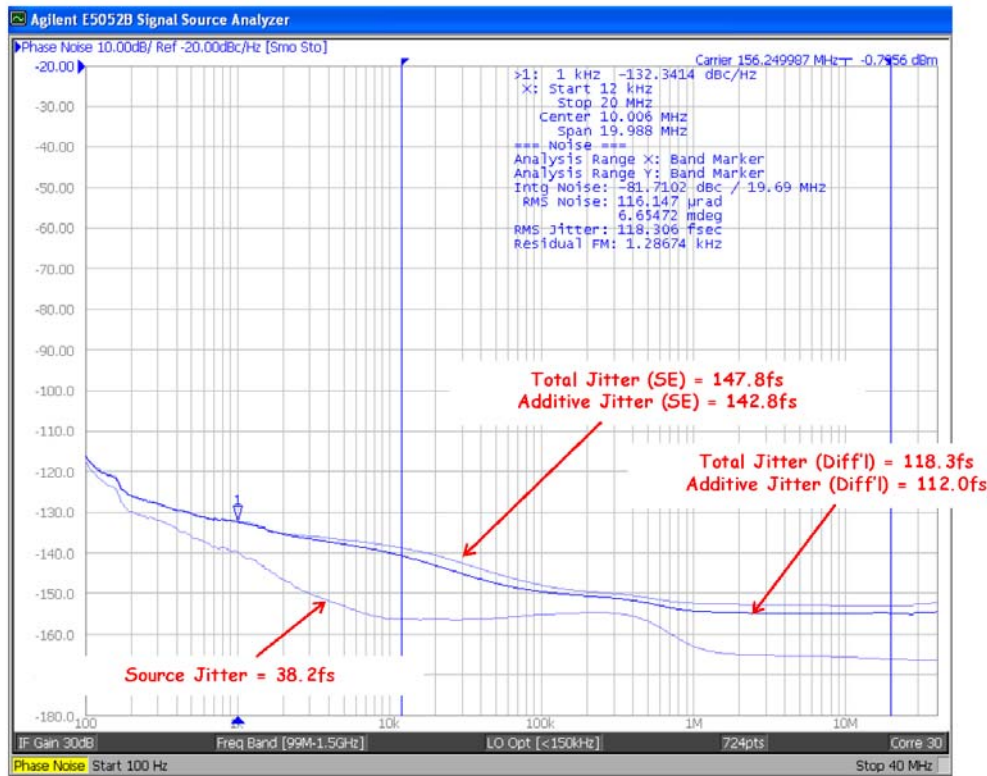
**Source Jitter:** Reference clock phase noise.

**Total Jitter (SE):** Combined source and clock buffer phase noise measured as a single-ended output to the phase noise analyzer and integrated from 12 kHz to 20 MHz.

**Total Jitter (Diff'l):** Combined source and clock buffer phase noise measured as a differential output to the phase noise analyzer and integrated from 12 kHz to 20 MHz. The differential measurement as shown in each figure is made using a balun. See Figure 1 on page 6.

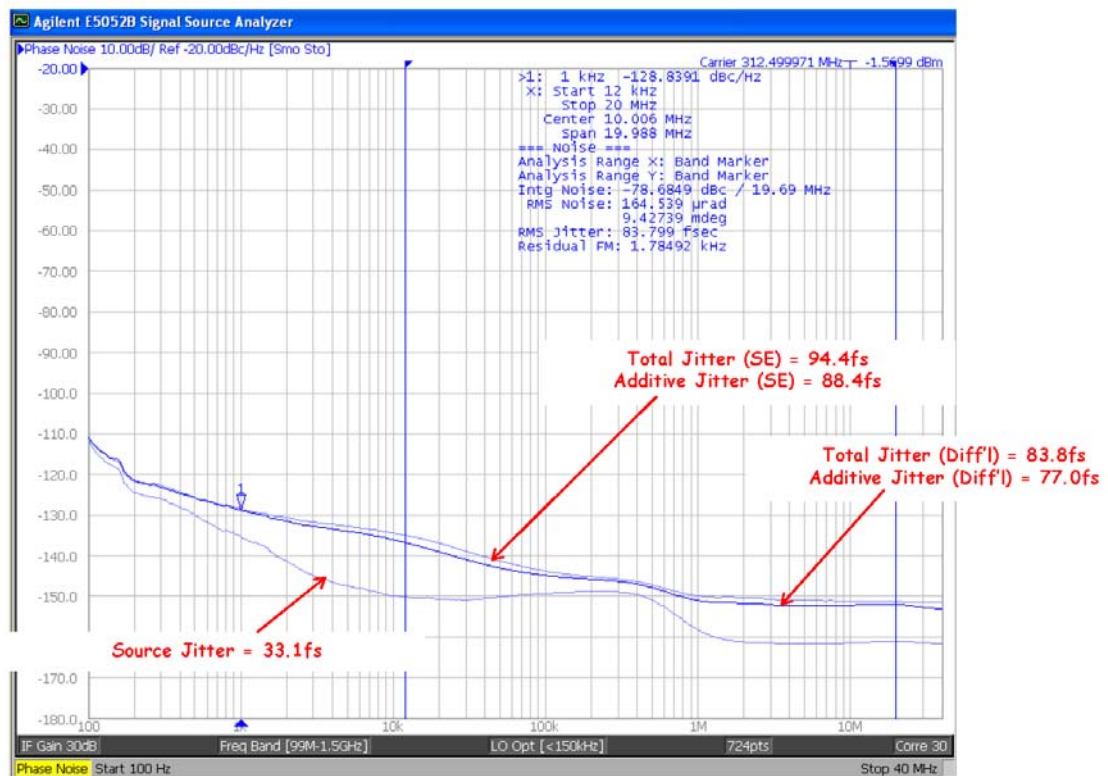
**Note:** To calculate the total RMS phase jitter when adding a buffer to your clock tree, use root-sum-square (RSS) addition.

The total jitter is a measure of the source plus the buffer's additive phase jitter. The additive jitter (rms) of the buffer can then be calculated (via root-sum-square addition).



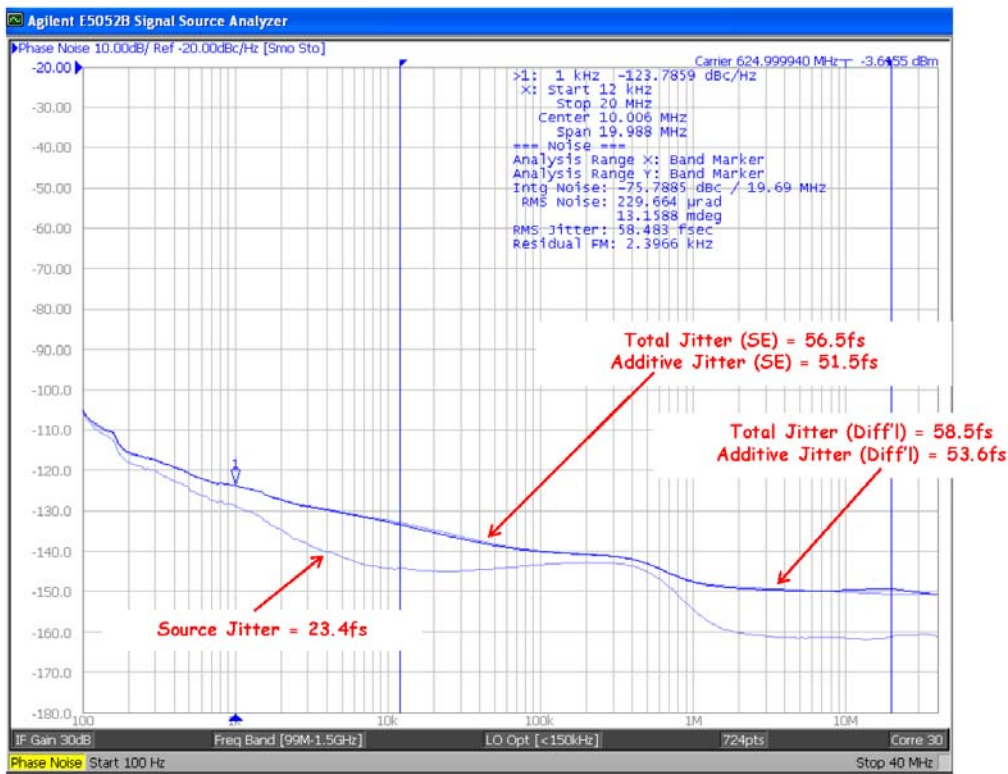
| Frequency (MHz) | Diff'l Input Slew Rate (V/ns) | Source Jitter (fs) | Total Jitter (SE) (fs) | Additive Jitter (SE) (fs) | Total Jitter (Diff'l) (fs) | Additive Jitter (Diff'l) (fs) |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 156.25          | 1.0                           | 38.2               | 147.8                  | 142.8                     | 118.3                      | 112.0                         |

Figure 8. Source, Additive, and Total Jitter (156.25 MHz)



| Frequency (MHz) | Diff'l Input Slew Rate (V/ns) | Source Jitter (fs) | Total Jitter (SE) (fs) | Additive Jitter (SE) (fs) | Total Jitter (Diff'l) (fs) | Additive Jitter (Diff'l) (fs) |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 312.5           | 1.0                           | 33.1               | 94.4                   | 88.4                      | 83.8                       | 77.0                          |

Figure 9. Source, Additive, and Total Jitter (312.5 MHz)



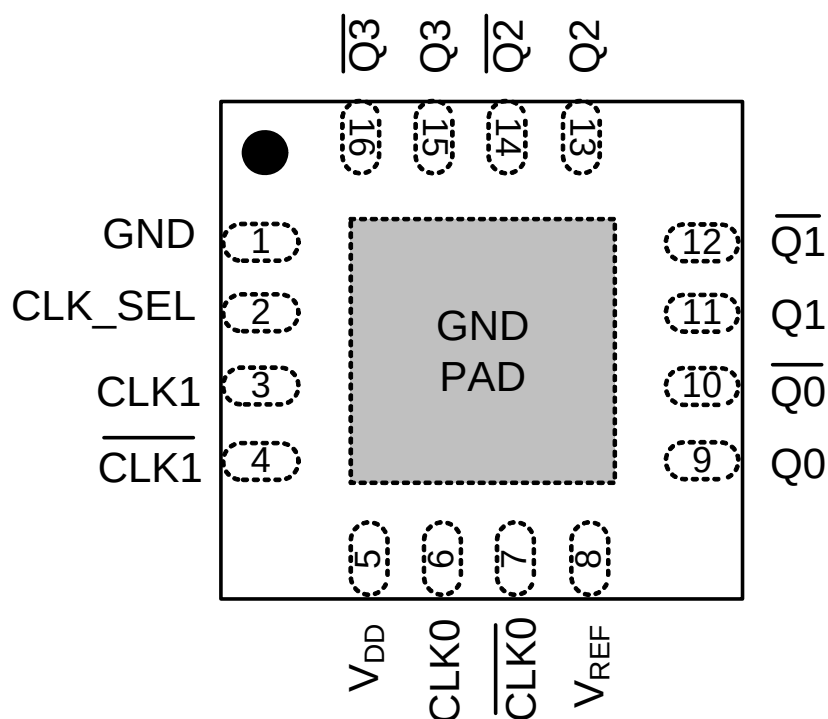
| Frequency (MHz) | Diff'l Input Slew Rate (V/ns) | Source Jitter (fs) | Total Jitter (SE) (fs) | Additive Jitter (SE) (fs) | Total Jitter (Diff'l) (fs) | Additive Jitter (Diff'l) (fs) |
|-----------------|-------------------------------|--------------------|------------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------------|
| 625             | 1.0                           | 23.4               | 56.5                   | 51.5                      | 58.5                       | 53.6                          |

Figure 10. Source, Additive, and Total Jitter (625 MHz)

2.6. Power Supply Noise Rejection

The device supports on-chip supply voltage regulation to reject noise present on the power supply, simplifying low jitter operation in real-world environments. This feature enables robust operation alongside FPGAs, ASICs and SoCs and may reduce board-level filtering requirements. For more information, see “AN491: Power Supply Rejection for Low Jitter Clocks”.

### 3. Pin Description: 16-Pin QFN



**Table 12. Pin Descriptions**

| Pin | Name                     | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|-----|--------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1   | GND                      | Ground                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 2   | CLK_SEL                  | MUX Input Select Pin (LVCMOS)<br>When CLK_SEL is high, CLK1 is selected<br>When CLK_SEL is low, CLK0 is selected<br>CLK_SEL contains an internal pull-down resistor                                         |
| 3   | CLK1                     | Input Clock 1                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 4   | $\overline{\text{CLK1}}$ | Input Clock 1 (Complement)<br>When the CLK is driven by a single-ended LVPECL input, connect $\overline{\text{CLK1}}$ to VREF.<br>See Figure 1, "Differential Measurement Method Using a Balun," on page 6. |
| 5   | VDD                      | Core Voltage Supply.<br>Bypass with 1.0 $\mu\text{F}$ capacitor and place as close to the VDD pin as possible.                                                                                              |
| 6   | CLK0                     | Input Clock 0                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 7   | $\overline{\text{CLK0}}$ | Input Clock 0 (Complement)<br>When the CLK is driven by a single-ended LVPECL input, connect CLK0 to VREF.<br>See Figure 1, "Differential Measurement Method Using a Balun," on page 6.                     |

**Table 12. Pin Descriptions (Continued)**

| Pin     | Name             | Description                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|---------|------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 8       | V <sub>REF</sub> | Input Clock Reference Voltage<br>When driven by a single-ended LVDS clock input, connect the unused clock input to VREF and a 0.1 µF cap to ground. When driven by a differential clock, do not connect the VREF pin. |
| 9       | Q0               | Output Clock 0                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 10      | $\overline{Q0}$  | Output Clock 0 (complement)                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 11      | Q1               | Output Clock 1                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 12      | $\overline{Q1}$  | Output Clock 1 (complement)                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 13      | Q2               | Output Clock 2                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 14      | $\overline{Q2}$  | Output Clock 2 (complement)                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 15      | Q3               | Output Clock 3                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 16      | $\overline{Q1}$  | Output Clock 3 (complement)                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| GND Pad | GND              | Ground                                                                                                                                                                                                                |

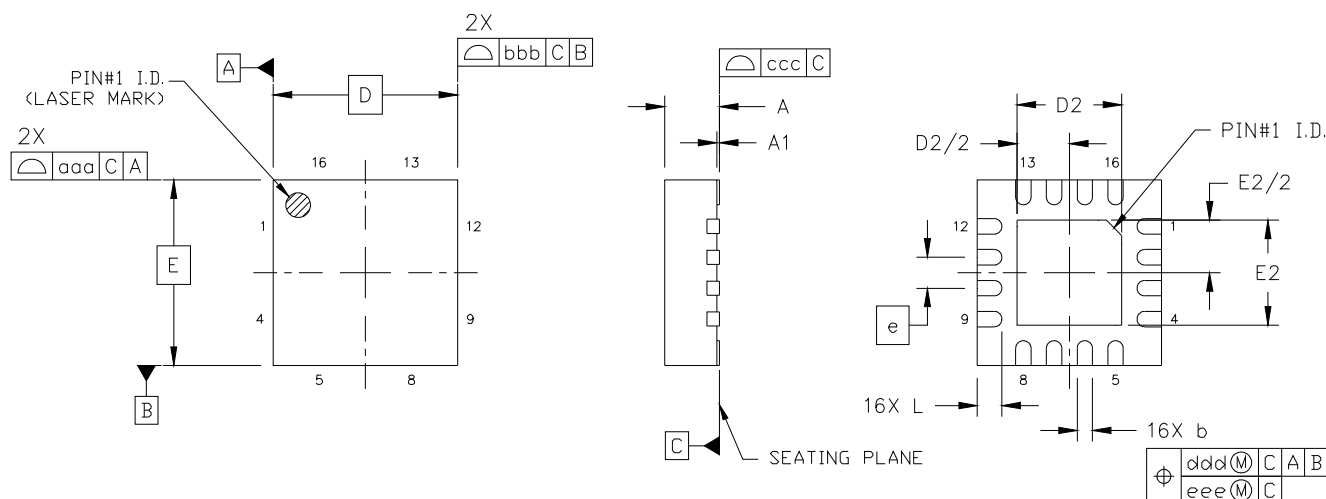


#### 4. Ordering Guide

| Part Number   | Package | Pb-Free, ROHS-6 | Temperature  |
|---------------|---------|-----------------|--------------|
| Si53340-B-GM  | 16-QFN  | Yes             | –40 to 85 °C |
| Si53301/4-EVB | NA      | Yes             | –40 to 85 °C |

## 5. Package Outline

Figure 11 shows the package dimensions for the 3x3 mm 16-pin QFN package. Table 13 lists the values for the dimensions shown in the illustration.



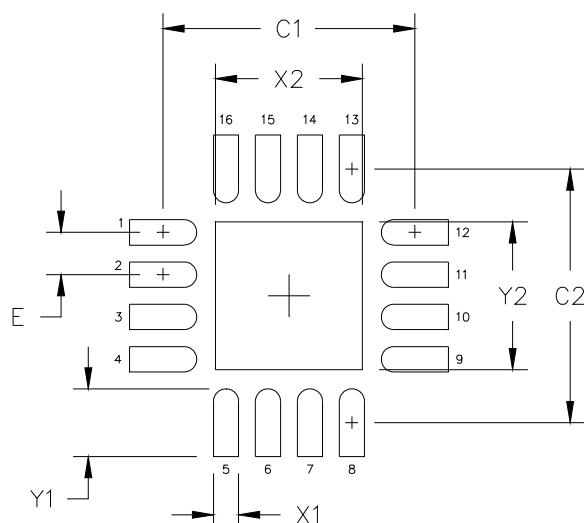
**Figure 11. Si53340 3x3 mm 16-QFN Package Diagram**

**Table 13. Package Diagram Dimensions**

| Dimension                                                                                                                                                                                              | Min       | Nom  | Max  |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|------|------|
| A                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 0.80      | 0.85 | 0.90 |
| A1                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 0.00      | 0.02 | 0.05 |
| b                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 0.18      | 0.25 | 0.30 |
| D                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 3.00 BSC. |      |      |
| D2                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 1.65      | 1.70 | 1.75 |
| e                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 0.50 BSC. |      |      |
| E                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 3.00 BSC. |      |      |
| E2                                                                                                                                                                                                     | 1.65      | 1.70 | 1.75 |
| L                                                                                                                                                                                                      | 0.30      | 0.40 | 0.50 |
| aaa                                                                                                                                                                                                    | —         | —    | 0.10 |
| bbb                                                                                                                                                                                                    | —         | —    | 0.10 |
| ccc                                                                                                                                                                                                    | —         | —    | 0.08 |
| ddd                                                                                                                                                                                                    | —         | —    | 0.10 |
| eee                                                                                                                                                                                                    | —         | —    | 0.05 |
| <b>Notes:</b> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm) unless otherwise noted.</li> <li>2. Dimensioning and Tolerancing per ANSI Y14.5M-1994.</li> </ol> |           |      |      |

## 6. PCB Land Pattern

Figure 12 shows the PCB land pattern dimensions for the 3x3 mm 16-pin QFN package. Table 14 lists the values for the dimensions shown in the illustration.



**Figure 12. Si53340 3x3 mm 16-QFN Package Land Pattern**

**Table 14. PCB Land Pattern Dimensions**

| Dimension | mm   |
|-----------|------|
| C1        | 3.00 |
| C2        | 3.00 |
| E         | 0.50 |
| X1        | 0.30 |
| Y1        | 0.80 |
| X2        | 1.75 |
| Y2        | 1.75 |

### Notes:

#### General

1. All dimensions shown are in millimeters (mm).
2. This Land Pattern Design is based on the IPC-7351 guidelines.
3. All dimensions shown are at Maximum Material Condition (MMC). Least Material Condition (LMC) is calculated based on a Fabrication Allowance of 0.05 mm.

#### Solder Mask Design

4. All metal pads are to be non-solder mask defined (NSMD). Clearance between the solder mask and the metal pad is to be 60  $\mu$ m minimum, all the way around the pad.

#### Stencil Design

5. A stainless steel, laser-cut and electro-polished stencil with trapezoidal walls should be used to assure good solder paste release.
6. The stencil thickness should be 0.125 mm (5 mils).
7. The ratio of stencil aperture to land pad size should be 1:1 for all perimeter pads.
8. A 2x2 array of 0.65 mm square openings on a 0.90 mm pitch should be used for the center ground pad.

#### Card Assembly

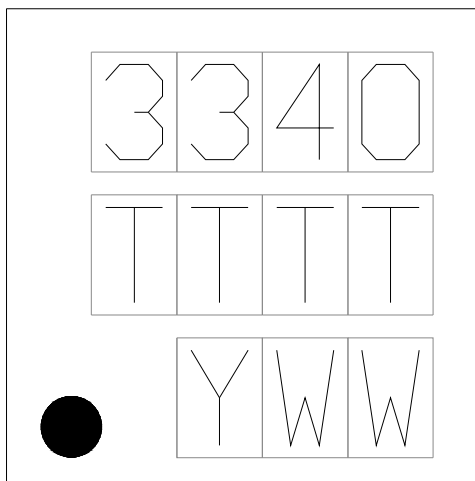
9. A No-Clean, Type-3 solder paste is recommended.
10. The recommended card reflow profile is per the JEDEC/IPC J-STD-020 specification for Small Body Components.

# Si53340

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## 7. Top Marking

### 7.1. Si53340 Top Marking



### 7.2. Top Marking Explanation

|                        |                                                     |                                                                                               |
|------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Mark Method:</b>    | Laser                                               |                                                                                               |
| <b>Font Size:</b>      | 0.635 mm (25 mils)<br>Right-Justified               |                                                                                               |
| <b>Line 1 Marking:</b> | Product ID                                          | <b>3340</b>                                                                                   |
| <b>Line 2 Marking:</b> | TTTT = Mfg Code                                     | Manufacturing Code from the Assembly Purchase Order form.                                     |
| <b>Line 3 Marking</b>  | Circle = 0.5 mm Diameter<br>(Bottom-Left Justified) | Pin 1 Identifier                                                                              |
|                        | YWW = Date Code                                     | Corresponds to the last digit of the current year (Y) and the workweek (WW) of the mold date. |

**NOTES:**

## CONTACT INFORMATION

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