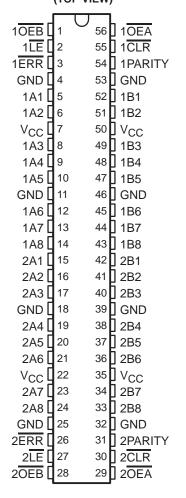
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- **Members of the Texas Instruments** Widebus™ Family
- State-of-the-Art *EPIC-IIB™* BiCMOS Design Significantly Reduces Power Dissipation
- Latch-Up Performance Exceeds 500 mA Per JEDEC Standard JESD-17
- Typical V<sub>OLP</sub> (Output Ground Bounce) < 1 V at  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ ,  $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$
- Distributed V<sub>CC</sub> and GND Pin Configuration **Minimizes High-Speed Switching Noise**
- Flow-Through Architecture Optimizes **PCB Layout**
- High-Drive Outputs (-32-mA I<sub>OH</sub>, 64-mA I<sub>OI</sub>)
- **Parity-Error Flag With Parity** Generator/Checker
- Latch for Storage of the Parity-Error Flag
- Package Options Include Plastic 300-mil Shrink Small-Outline (DL) and Thin Shrink Small-Outline (DGG) Packages and 380-mil Fine-Pitch Ceramic Flat (WD) Package **Using 25-mil Center-to-Center Spacings**

#### description

The 'ABT16853 dual 8-bit to 9-bit parity transceivers are designed for communication between data buses. When data is transmitted from the A bus to the B bus, a parity bit is generated. When data is transmitted from the B bus to the A bus, with its corresponding parity bit, the open-collector parity-error (ERR) output indicates whether or not an error in the B data has occurred. The output-enable  $(\overline{OEA} \text{ and } \overline{OEB})$ inputs can be used to disable the device so that the buses are effectively isolated. The 'ABT16853 provide true data at the outputs.

SN54ABT16853 . . . WD PACKAGE SN74ABT16853...DGG OR DL PACKAGE (TOP VIEW)



A 9-bit parity generator/checker generates a parity-odd (PARITY) output and monitors the parity of the I/O ports with the ERR flag. The parity-error output can be passed, sampled, stored, or cleared from the latch using the latch-enable (LE) and clear (CLR) control inputs. When both OEA and OEB are low, data is transferred from the A bus to the B bus, and inverted parity is generated. Inverted parity is a forced error condition that gives the designer more system diagnostic capability.

To ensure the high-impedance state during power up or power down,  $\overline{OE}$  should be tied to  $V_{CC}$  through a pullup resistor; the minimum value of the resistor is determined by the current-sinking capability of the driver.



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## SN54ABT16853, SN74ABT16853 DUAL 8-BIT TO 9-BIT PARITY BUS TRANSCEIVERS

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### description (continued)

The SN54ABT16853 is characterized for operation over the full military temperature range of  $-55^{\circ}$ C to  $125^{\circ}$ C. The SN74ABT16853 is characterized for operation from  $-40^{\circ}$ C to  $85^{\circ}$ C.

#### **FUNCTION TABLE**

		II	NPUTS			OUTPUT AND I/O					
OEB	OEA	CLR	LE	AI Σ OF H	BI <sup>†</sup> Σ OF H	Α	В	PARITY	ERR‡	FUNCTION	
L	Н	Х	Х	Odd Even	NA	NA	Α	L H	NA	A data to B bus and generate parity	
н	L	Х	L	NA	Odd Even	В	NA	NA	H L	B data to A bus and check parity	
Н	L	Н	Н	NA	Х	Χ	NA	NA	NC	Store error flag	
Х	Х	L	Н	Χ	Х	Χ	NA	NA	Н	Clear error-flag register	
		Н	Н	Х					NC		
н	Н	L	Н	Χ	Х	7	Z	Z	Н	Isolation§	
"	П	X	L	L Odd	^		_	۷	Н	(parity check)	
		X	L	H Even	en			L			
L	L	Х	Х	Odd Even	NA	NA	Α	H L	NA	A data to B bus and generate inverted parity	

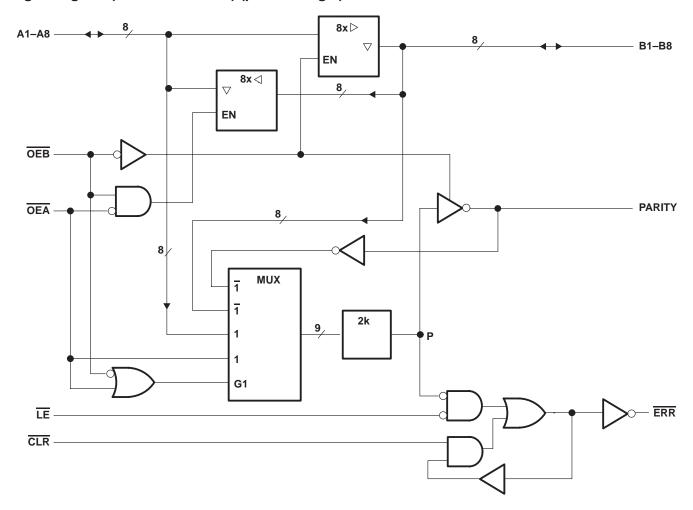
NA = not applicable, NC = no change, X = don't care

<sup>†</sup> Summation of high-level inputs includes PARITY along with Bi inputs.

<sup>‡</sup>Output states shown assume ERR was previously high.

<sup>§</sup> In this mode, ERR (when clocked) shows inverted parity of the A bus.

## logic diagram (each transceiver) (positive logic)

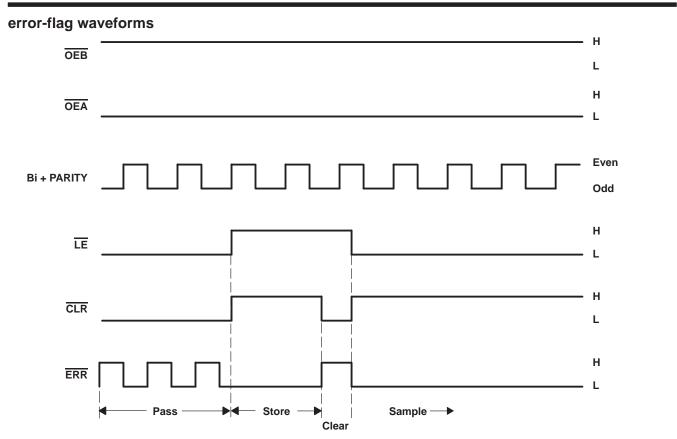


### **ERROR-FLAG FUNCTION TABLE**

INPUTS		INTERNAL TO DEVICE	OUTPUT	OUTPUT ERR	FUNCTION
CLR	LE	POINT P ERR <sub>n-1</sub> †		EKK	
		L	Х	L	Pass
	L	Н	Н		Pass
		L	Х	L	
Н	L	X	L	L	Sample
		Н	Н	Н	
L	Н	Х	Х	Н	Clear
ш	Н	Х	L	L	Store
Н	11	^	Н	Н	Sidle

<sup>†</sup>State of ERR before changes at CLR, LE, or point P

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## absolute maximum ratings over operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)†

Supply voltage range, V <sub>CC</sub>	$-0.5 \text{ V to 7 V}$
Input voltage range, V <sub>I</sub> (except I/O ports) (see Note 1)	–0.5 V to 7 V
Voltage range applied to any output in the high or power-off state, VO	. $-0.5\ V$ to $5.5\ V$
Current into any output in the low state, IO: SN54ABT16853	96 mA
SN74ABT16853	128 mA
Input clamp current, $I_{IK}$ ( $V_I < 0$ )	–18 mA
Output clamp current, I <sub>OK</sub> (V <sub>O</sub> < 0)	–50 mA
Package thermal impedance, θ <sub>JA</sub> (see Note 2): DGG package	81°C/W
DL package	
Storage temperature range, T <sub>Stg</sub>	$-65^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $150^{\circ}\text{C}$

<sup>†</sup> Stresses beyond those listed under "absolute maximum ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated under "recommended operating conditions" is not implied. Exposure to absolute-maximum-rated conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

NOTES: 1. The input and output negative-voltage ratings may be exceeded if the input and output clamp-current ratings are observed.

2. The package thermal impedance is calculated in accordance with EIA/JEDEC Std JESD51.



### recommended operating conditions (see Note 3)

			SN54AB	Г16853	SN74AB	Γ16853	UNIT
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII
Vcc	Supply voltage		4.5	5.5	4.5	5.5	V
VIH	High-level input voltage		2	, S	2		V
V <sub>IL</sub>	Low-level input voltage			0.8		0.8	V
VI	Input voltage		0	Vcc	0	Vcc	V
Vон	High-level output voltage	ERR	1	5.5		5.5	V
IOH	High-level output current	Except ERR	33	-24		-32	mA
loL	Low-level output current		0	48		64	mA
Δt/Δν	Input transition rise or fall rate	Outputs enabled	Q.	10		10	ns/V
TA	Operating free-air temperature		-55	125	-40	85	°C

NOTE 3: Unused pins (input or I/O) must be held high or low to prevent them from floating.

# electrical characteristics over recommended operating free-air temperature range (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST COL	Т	A = 25°C	;	SN54AB	Г16853	SN74ABT16853		UNIT	
l PA	RAMETER	TEST COI	NUTTONS	MIN	TYP†	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	UNII
٧ıĸ		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V},$	I <sub>I</sub> = -18 mA			-1.2		-1.2		-1.2	V
		$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V},$	I <sub>OH</sub> = -3 mA	2.5	3		2.5				
Vон	All outputs	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V,	I <sub>OH</sub> = -3 mA	3	3.4		3		3		V
VOH	except ERR	V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	I <sub>OH</sub> = -24 mA				2				V
		VCC = 4.5 V	$I_{OH} = -32 \text{ mA}$	2*	2.7				2		
VOL		V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V	$I_{OL} = 24 \text{ mA}$		0.25	0.55		0.55			V
VOL		VCC = 4.5 V	$I_{OL} = 64 \text{ mA}$		0.3	0.55*				0.55	V
$V_{hys}$					100						mV
loh	ERR	$V_{CC} = 4.5 \text{ V},$	V <sub>OH</sub> = 5.5 V			20		20		20	μΑ
loff		$V_{CC} = 0$ ,	$V_I$ or $V_O \le 4.5 V$			±100	14			±100	μΑ
ICEX	Outputs high	$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V},$	$V_0 = 5.5 \text{ V}$			50		50		50	μΑ
1.	Control inputs	V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V, V <sub>I</sub> = V <sub>CC</sub> or GND				±1	S	±1		±1	μА
lı .	A or B ports	VCC = 0.5  V, VI = V	CC or GMD			±100	9 =	±100		±100	μιτ
Iμ	A or B ports	$V_{CC} = 0$ ,	$V_I = GND$			-50	d'a	-50		-50	μΑ
10 <sup>‡</sup>		$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V},$	V <sub>O</sub> = 2.5 V	-50	-100	-180	-50	-180	-50	-180	mA
IOZH§		V <sub>CC</sub> =5.5 V,	V <sub>O</sub> = 2.7 V			50		50		50	μΑ
lozL§		$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V},$	V <sub>O</sub> = 0.5 V			-50		-50		-50	μΑ
		$V_{CC} = 5.5 \text{ V},$	Outputs high		1.5	2		2		2	
Icc	A or B ports	$I_{O} = 0$ ,	Outputs low		32	40		40		40	mA
		$V_I = V_{CC}$ or GND	Outputs disabled		1	2		2		2	
ΔICC¶		V <sub>CC</sub> = 5.5 V, One input at 3.4 V, Other inputs at V <sub>CC</sub> or GND				50		50		50	μΑ
Ci	Control inputs	V <sub>I</sub> = 2.5 V or 0.5 V			3						pF
C <sub>io</sub>	A or B ports	$V_0 = 2.5 \text{ V or } 0.5 \text{ V}$			9						pF

<sup>\*</sup> On products compliant to MIL-PRF-38535, this parameter does not apply.

This is the increase in supply current for each input that is at the specified TTL voltage level rather than VCC or GND.



<sup>†</sup> All typical values are at  $V_{CC} = 5 \text{ V}$ .

<sup>‡</sup> Not more than one output should be tested at a time, and the duration of the test should not exceed one second.

<sup>§</sup> The parameters IOZH and IOZL include the input leakage current.

## SN54ABT16853, SN74ABT16853 DUAL 8-BIT TO 9-BIT PARITY BUS TRANSCEIVERS

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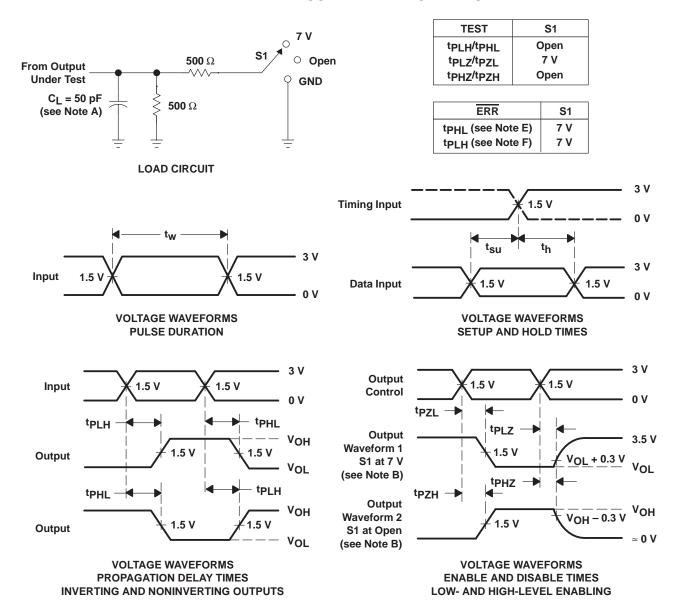
# timing requirements over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

				5 V, 25°C	SN54ABT16853		SN74ABT16853		UNIT		
			MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX			
t <sub>w</sub> Pulse duration		LE high or low	8.5		8.5	1/5	8.5		ns		
t <sub>W</sub>	Puise duration	CLR low			4 4		4		115		
	Catua tima	A, B, and PARITY before LE↓			10		10		no		
t <sub>su</sub>	Setup time	CLR before LE↓	0				0		ns		
<b>.</b>	Hold time	A, B, and PARITY after LE↓		A, B, and PARITY after LE↓			0	·	0		no
l t <sub>h</sub> H	Holu lille	CLR after LE↓	0		& O		0		ns		

# switching characteristics over recommended ranges of supply voltage and operating free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted) (see Figure 1)

PARAMETER	FROM			FROM TO (INPUT) (OUTPUT)		T16853	SN74AB1	16853	UNIT		
	(INFOT)	(001F01)	MIN	TYP	MAX	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
t <sub>PLH</sub>	A or B	B or A	1.5	2.5	3.3	1.5	4.2	1.5	4.1	ns	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	AUIB	BULA	2	3.1	3.9	2	4.5	2	4.3	115	
<sup>t</sup> PLH	4 a 2 <del>O</del> E	PARITY	2	4.6	5.9	2	7.3	2	7.1	ns	
t <sub>PHL</sub>	A or OE	FANITI	2	4.8	6.2	2	7.6	2	7.2	115	
<sup>t</sup> PLH	CLR	ERR	2	3.7	5.1	2	5.9	2	5.7	ns	
<sup>t</sup> PZH	ŌĒ	A or D	2	3.9	4.9	2	5.8	2	5.6		
tPZL		A or B	2.5	4.3	5.1	2.5	6.2	2.5	6	ns	
<sup>t</sup> PHZ		A or B	2	3.6	4.5	2	5.5	2	5.4	ns	
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	ŌĒ		1.5	3	3.8	1.5	4.7	1.5	4.3		
<sup>t</sup> PZH	ŌĒ	PARITY	2	3.6	5	2	5.8	2	5.7	ns	
t <sub>PZL</sub>	OE	FANITI	2.5	4.4	5.8	2.5	6.7	2.5	6.5	115	
<sup>t</sup> PHZ	-	PARITY	1.5	3.2	4	1.5	4.8	1.5	4.7	ns	
t <sub>PLZ</sub>	ŌĒ	FANITI	1.5	2.9	3.7	1.5	4.2	1.5	4.1	115	
t <sub>PLH</sub>	ΙĒ	FDD	2	3.5	4.2	2	5	2	4.8	ns	
t <sub>PHL</sub>		ERR	2	3.4	4.4	2	5.2	2	4.9	115	
<sup>t</sup> PLH	A, B, or PARITY	ERR	2	4.5	6.3	2	7.5	2	7.2	nc	
tPHL	A, D, UI FARIIT	EKK	2	4.8	6.3	2	7.7	2	7.4	ns	

#### PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION



NOTES: A. CL includes probe and jig capacitance.

- B. Waveform 1 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is low except when disabled by the output control. Waveform 2 is for an output with internal conditions such that the output is high except when disabled by the output control.
- C. All input pulses are supplied by generators having the following characteristics: PRR  $\leq$  10 MHz,  $Z_O$  = 50  $\Omega$ ,  $t_\Gamma \leq$  2.5 ns,  $t_f \leq$  2.5 ns.
- D. The outputs are measured one at a time with one transition per measurement.
- E.  $t_{PHL}$  is measured at 1.5 V.
- F.  $t_{PLH}$  is measured at  $V_{OL}$  + 0.3 V.

Figure 1. Load Circuit and Voltage Waveforms



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