

GaAs MMIC I/Q MIXER 19 - 33 GHz

Typical Applications

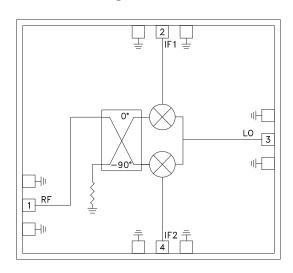
This HMC-MDB172 is ideal for:

- · Point-to-Point Radios
- VSAT
- · Military Radar, ECM & EW
- Test & Measurement Equipment
- SATCOM

Features

Wide IF Bandwidth: DC - 5 GHz High Image Rejection: 25 dB High LO to RF Isolation: 35 dB Passive: No DC Bias Required Die Size: 2.2 x 2.0 x 0.1 mm

Functional Diagram



General Description

The HMC-MDB172 is a monolithic I/Q Mixer which can be used as either an image reject mixer (IRM) or a single sideband upconverter. This passive MMIC is fabricated with GaAs Heterojunction Bipolar Transistor (HBT) Shottky diode technology. downconversion applications, an external quadrature hybrid can be used to select the desired sideband while rejecting image signals. All bond pads and the die backside are Ti/Au metallized and the Shottky devices are fully passivated for reliable operation. The HMC-MDB172 I/Q MMIC Mixer is compatible with conventional die attach methods, as well as thermocompression and thermosonic wire bonding, making it ideal for MCM and hybrid microcircuit applications. All data shown herein is measured with the chip in a 50 Ohm environment and contacted with RF probes.

Electrical Specifications,* $T_A = 25$ °C, IF = 3 GHz, LO = +16 dBm

Parameter	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Units
Frequency Range, RF & LO	19 - 33		GHz	
Frequency Range, IF		DC - 5		GHz
Conversion Loss with External Hybrid		8	11	dB
Image Rejection	20	25		dB
1 dB Compression (Input)		8		dBm
LO to RF Isolation	30	35		dB
LO to IF Isolation	18	23		dB
RF to IF Isolation	19	25		dB
IP3 (Input)		17		dBm

^{*}Unless otherwise indicated, all measurements are from probed die

HMC-MDB172* PRODUCT PAGE QUICK LINKS

Last Content Update: 11/29/2017

COMPARABLE PARTS 🖵

View a parametric search of comparable parts.

DOCUMENTATION

Data Sheet

• HMC-MDB172 Data Sheet

REFERENCE MATERIALS 🖳

Product Selection Guide

 RF, Microwave, and Millimeter Wave IC Selection Guide 2017

Technical Articles

 38, 60 & 82 GHz MMICs for High Capacity Communication Links

DESIGN RESOURCES 🖵

- HMC-MDB172 Material Declaration
- PCN-PDN Information
- · Quality And Reliability
- · Symbols and Footprints

DISCUSSIONS

View all HMC-MDB172 EngineerZone Discussions.

SAMPLE AND BUY 🖵

Visit the product page to see pricing options.

TECHNICAL SUPPORT

Submit a technical question or find your regional support number.

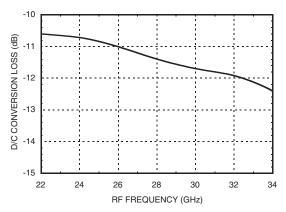
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Downconverter Conversion Loss



Note 1: Single side band measurement without 90° hybrid, and second IF port terminated.

RF = 20 - 34 GHz LO = 17 - 31 GHz IF = 3 GHz PLO = +16 dBm PRF = -20 dBm

Absolute Maximum Ratings

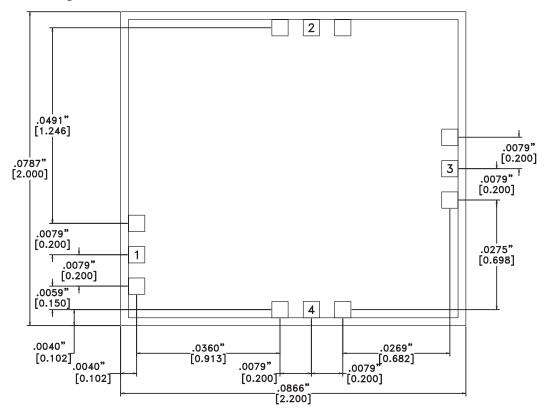
Storage Temperature	-65 °C to 150 °C
Operating Temperature	-55 °C to 85 °C





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Outline Drawing



Die Packaging Information [1]

Standard	Alternate	
GP-1 (Gel Pack)	[2]	

[1] Refer to the "Packaging Information" section for die packaging dimensions.

[2] For alternate packaging information contact Hittite Microwave Corporation.

NOTES:

- 1. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES [MM].
- 2. TYPICAL BOND PAD IS .004" SQUARE.
- 3. BACKSIDE METALLIZATION: GOLD.
- 4. BACKSIDE METAL IS GROUND.
- 5. BOND PAD METALLIZATION: GOLD.
- 6. CONNECTION NOT REQUIRED FOR UNLABELED BOND PADS.
- 7. OVERALL DIE SIZE ±.002"

Pad Descriptions

Pad Number	Function	Pin Description	Interface Schematic	
1	RF	This pad is DC coupled and matched to 50 Ohms.	RF O	
2, 4	IF1, IF2	This pad is DC coupled.	IF1,IF2 O	
3	LO	This pad is DC coupled and matched to 50 Ohms.	LO 0————————————————————————————————————	

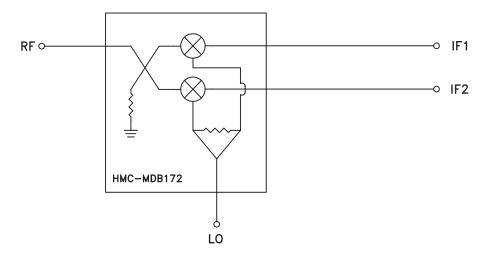


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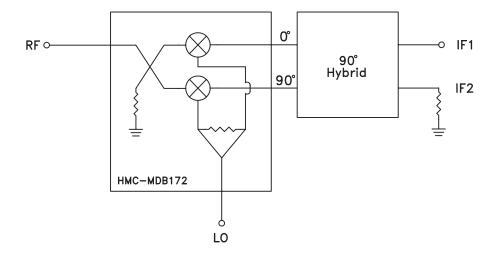
Application Circuits

Application circuit 1 shows the mixer equivalent circuit. Application Circuit 2 depicts the mixer with a 90° hybrid used to achieve signal image rejection. All RF parameters are specified with an ideal 90° hybrid on IF output ports. Conversion loss is measured (on wafer) at IF1 and/or IF2 (Application Circuit 1) with the second IF port terminated into 50 ohms. Three dB is then added to compensate for an ideal hybrid. The IP3 is stated as an input IP3 number and is obtained via a two-tone measurement.

Application Circuit 1



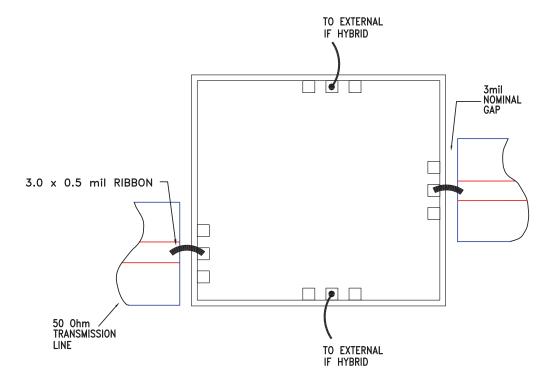
Application Circuit 2





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Assembly Diagram





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Mounting & Bonding Techniques for Millimeterwave GaAs MMICs

The die should be attached directly to the ground plane eutectically or with conductive epoxy (see HMC general Handling, Mounting, Bonding Note).

50 Ohm Microstrip transmission lines on 0.127mm (5 mil) thick alumina thin film substrates are recommended for bringing RF to and from the chip (Figure 1). If 0.254mm (10 mil) thick alumina thin film substrates must be used, the die should be raised 0.150mm (6 mils) so that the surface of the die is coplanar with the surface of the substrate. One way to accomplish this is to attach the 0.102mm (4 mil) thick die to a 0.150mm (6 mil) thick molybdenum heat spreader (moly-tab) which is then attached to the ground plane (Figure 2).

Microstrip substrates should be placed as close to the die as possible in order to minimize bond wire length. Typical die-to-substrate spacing is 0.076mm to 0.152 mm (3 to 6 mils).

Handling Precautions

Follow these precautions to avoid permanent damage.

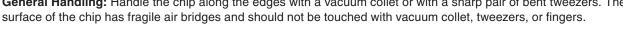
Storage: All bare die are placed in either Waffle or Gel based ESD protective containers, and then sealed in an ESD protective bag for shipment. Once the sealed ESD protective bag has been opened, all die should be stored in a dry nitrogen environment.

Cleanliness: Handle the chips in a clean environment. DO NOT attempt to clean the chip using liquid cleaning systems.

Static Sensitivity: Follow ESD precautions to protect against ESD strikes.

Transients: Suppress instrument and bias supply transients while bias is applied. Use shielded signal and bias cables to minimize inductive pick-

General Handling: Handle the chip along the edges with a vacuum collet or with a sharp pair of bent tweezers. The



Mounting

The chip is back-metallized and can be die mounted with AuSn eutectic preforms or with electrically conductive epoxy. The mounting surface should be clean and flat.

Eutectic Die Attach: A 80/20 gold tin preform is recommended with a work surface temperature of 255 °C and a tool temperature of 265 °C. When hot 90/10 nitrogen/hydrogen gas is applied, tool tip temperature should be 290 °C. DO NOT expose the chip to a temperature greater than 320 °C for more than 20 seconds. No more than 3 seconds of scrubbing should be required for attachment.

Epoxy Die Attach: Apply a minimum amount of epoxy to the mounting surface so that a thin epoxy fillet is observed around the perimeter of the chip once it is placed into position. Cure epoxy per the manufacturer's schedule.

Wire Bondina

RF bonds made with 0.003" x 0.0005" ribbon are recommended. These bonds should be thermosonically bonded with a force of 40-60 grams. DC bonds of 0.001" (0.025 mm) diameter, thermosonically bonded, are recommended. Ball bonds should be made with a force of 40-50 grams and wedge bonds at 18-22 grams. All bonds should be made with a nominal stage temperature of 150 °C. A minimum amount of ultrasonic energy should be applied to achieve reliable bonds. All bonds should be as short as possible, less than 12 mils (0.31 mm).

