# DM-3100L

Low Cost, 3½ Digit, LED Display in Short Depth Case

#### **FEATURES**

Balanced differential inputs, 5 pA

# OBSOLETE PR

- 1000 MΩ CMOS high impedance inputs, ±1.999 V dc FS range
- 31/2 digits, 56" high LED displays,

reference for drift correction

- Internal user-options:
  - 1. Accepts shunts for  $\pm$ 20  $\mu$ A to  $\pm$ 2A FS ranges
  - 2. Accepts attenuators for ± 2V to ± 1KV FS ranges
  - 3. Digital ohmmeter, 200 $\Omega$  to 10 M $\Omega$ . FSR
- Compact, short depth case measures only 3.00"W × 2.15"D × 1.76"H (76,2 × 54,6 × 44,7 mm).



#### GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The DM-3100L is a  $3\frac{1}{2}$  digit Digital Panel Meter which uses solid-state self-illuminated, light-emitting diode (LED) display. Its large size (0.56" high) and brilliant red light make it easily readable from many feet away. This DPM is contained in a very small short depth case (3.00"W  $\times$  2.15"D  $\times$  1.76"H) which makes for easy installation in shallow test panels. Besides measuring DC voltages, the user may install internal components to make resistance and current readings. The decimal point can also be externally selected by jumpering selected pins together. The versatility of this meter is further enhanced by its autozeroing capabilities.

The DPM DM-3100L accepts a dc or slowly-varying input voltage between -1.999V and +1.999 and displays that input on front panel numerical indicators. It employs a conventional dual-slope A/D converter plus 7 segment display decoder-drivers all in one LSI microcircuit. Since this microcircuit requires approximately 10V to power the A/D section, an internal DC/DC converter generates -5VDC from +5V power input to form a bipolar power supply.

Another feature of the DM-3100L is that it employs a bal-

anced differential input. When used with a bridge or transducer input, it offers high noise immunity and can accurately measure very small signals in the presence of much larger common mode signals.

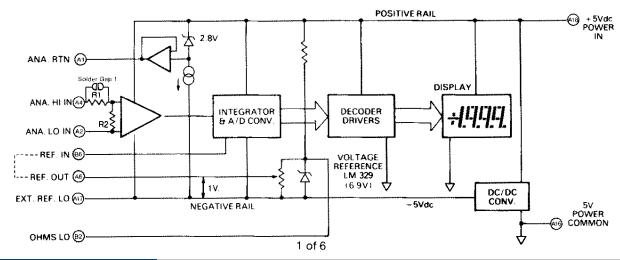
Another characteristic of this balanced differential input is that, due to the high input impedance, 1000 megohms, the DPM will not load down sensitive input circuits.

A very noteworthy feature of this meter is that it can be operated ratiometrically. This means that it has internal circuits that can automatically compensate for reference drifts in the supplies of balanced bridge or transducer sensors.

The DM-3100L finds use in analytical instruments, industrial process controllers, portable diagnostic instruments, automatic test equipment, medical and patient monitoring instruments, airborne, marine and ground vehicles and data acquisition/data logging systems.

Open PC board pads are provided to accept user-supplied input voltage attenuators, current shunts or digital ohmmeter components.

### SIMPLIFIED BLOCK DIAGRAM



#### SPECIFICATIONS DM-3100L (Typical @ +25°C unless noted)

ANALOG INPUT		Display Enable (Pin B18)	
	True, balanced differential bipolar -1.999 Vdc to +1.999Vdc Input pad area will accept user-		illuminate display. Disconnect to blank display but keep A/D converter cycling.
	installed range change	Display Test (Pin B14)	Connect this input to +5Vdc to light all display segments.
Input Bias Current Displayed Accuracy @ +25°C.		Polarity Enable (Pin B16)	Ground this input to automatically display a minus sign for negative inputs.
Resolution Temperature Drift of Zero	Autozeroed ±1 count over 0 to +50° C	Ohms Lo (Pin B2)	
Temperature Drift of Gain	±50 ppm of Reading/°C typ. ±100 ppm of Reading/°C max.		
Input Impedance	100 Megohms, minimum	POWER CONNECTIONS	
Input Overvoltage	± 250 Volts dc 175 VRMS continuous max. ±300 Volts intermittent max.	+5 VDC Power IN (Pin A18)	Connect this pin to +5 Vdc regulated to power the A/D converter and displays.
Common Mode Rejection Common Mode Voltage Range	80 dB, DC to 60 Hz, 1 Kilohm unbalance	5V Power Common (Pin A16) .	This pin may be used as a bias current return path for some inputs. Connect to Power Ground.
Common mode voltage range	where +Vs is the positive rail (Pin A18) and -Vs is the negative rail (Pin A17) -Vs is approximately	POWER REQUIREMENTS	External +5, ±0.25 Vdc regulated required at 280 mA typical, 450 mA max. Logic spikes must not exceed
Warm-up Time	equal to -5V below PWR. COM. Within 10 minutes Internal, referred to the negative rail (-Vs). External, user-supplied reference optional for ratiometric operation.	Calibration	50 mV. Power current varies rapidly so that unregulated supplies cannot be used.  A multiturn screwdriver pot adjusts the full scale reading (gain). Zero
External Ref. Range	+100 mV to +2V, referred to -Vs		is automatic (autozeroing). Suggested recalibration in stable conditions is 90 days.
Ramp-up Time		DUVOLOAL FAUUDONIAGNITAL	Conditions is so days.
DIODI AV		PHYSICAL-ENVIRONMENTAL	Interchangeable with other
DISPLAY	2 desimal digits and most significant	Short-Depth Case	Datel-Intersil cases
Decimal Points	3 decimal digits and most significant "1" digit (3½ digits) Selectable decimal points are	Outline Dimensions	$3.00$ "W $\times$ $2.15$ "D $\times$ $1.76$ "H $(76.2 \times 54.6 \times 44.7 \text{ mm})$
	included for scale multipliers.	Cutout Dimensions	1,812"H × 3.062"W (46,0 × 77,7 mm)
	Red, light-emitting diode (LED) self illuminated.	Mounting Method	
Display Height	0.56 inches (14,2 mm)		screws which are concealed by
Overscale	Inputs exceeding the full scale range blank the display, leaving a "1" MSD and sign	Weight	the bezel. Approximately 5 ounces (142g)
Autopolarity	A minus sign is automatically displayed for negative inputs, and may also be blanked	Connector	Double-sided edgeboard PC type, solder tab, gold-plated fingers. Dual 18-pin, 0.100" centers,
Sampling Rate	Factory set at 3 conversions per second. May be rewired up to 20 conversions/second.	Mounting Position	0 to +50 °C -25 to +85°C 0 to 15,000 feet (4900m)
I/O CONNECTIONS			
Analog HI Input (Pin A4) Analog LO Input (Pin A2)			

Analog HI Input (Pin A4) .... Differential input voltages are connected between these inputs. A bias current path to POWER COMMON (if 5V-powered) or ANALOG RETURN from both these inputs must be externally provided. External circuits must constrain these inputs to be within the common mode voltage range.

Analog Return (Pin A1) .... This pin may be used as a low-noise bias current for some floating inputs. If not need the common may be used as a low-noise bias current for some floating inputs.

This pin may be used as a low-noise bias current for some floating inputs: If not possible, inputs may be referenced to POWER COMMON (if 5V-powered). Analog Return is approximately -2.8V below +Vs and can sink 30 mA to -Vs. Normally, REF. IN and REF. OUT should be jumpered together. An

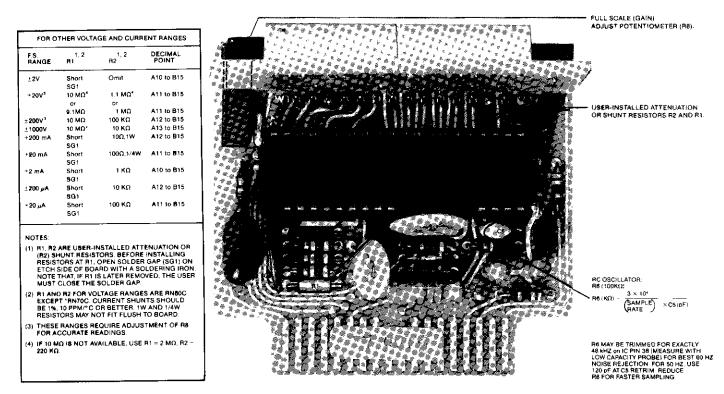
Reference In/Out ... Normally, REF. IN and REF. OUT
(Pins B6/A6) ... should be jumpered together. An
external floating source referred to
EXT. REF. LO (Pin A17) may be
substituted for ratiometric operation.

### **Ordering Information**

**DM-3100L-1:** ± 2Vdc Input Range (Supplied With Free Connector)

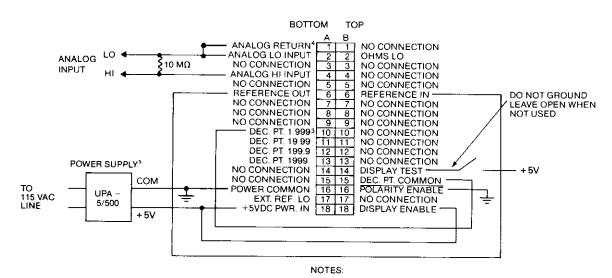
**RN-3100/4100:** Range-Change Accessory Kit for DM-Series Meters

### DM-3100L COMPONENT LOCATIONS



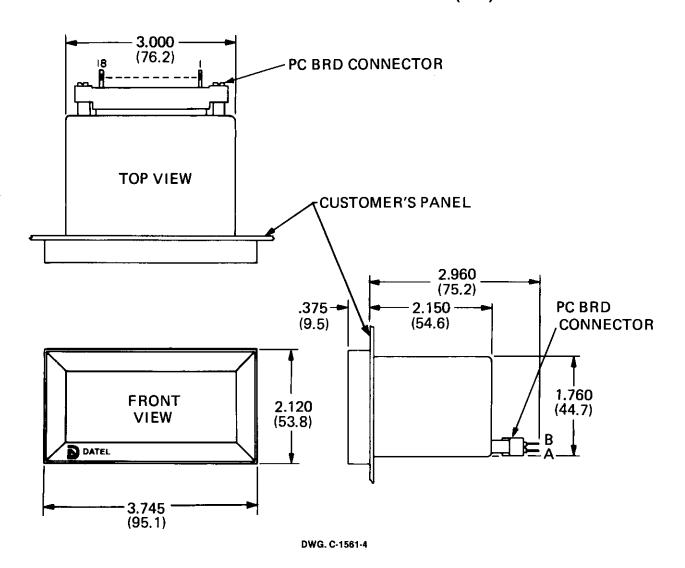
\* Refer to DATEL RN-3100/4100 Range-Change Accessory Kit data sheet for detailed modification instructions and R1& R2 locations.

#### INPUT/OUTPUT CONNECTIONS WITH SINGLE-ENDED INPUT

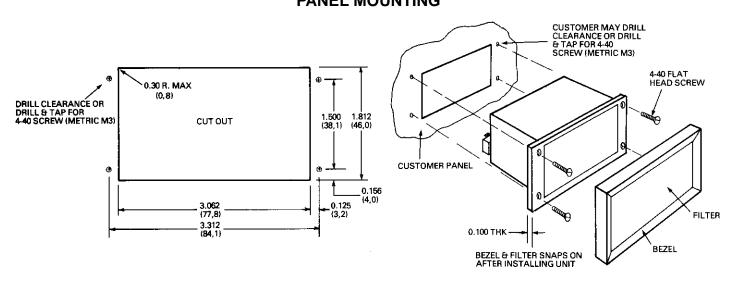


- This shows the connector rear view with the DPM tilted on its side.
- CAUTION: This DPM employs high impedance CMOS inputs. Although internal protection is provided for several hundred volt overloads, this DPM will be destroyed by kilovolts of static discharge which is especially prevalent in low humidity environments. Always handle the DPM with ground protection.
- DO NOT CONNECT DECIMAL POINT TO POWER COMMON as this will destroy the decimal point.
- 4. ANALOG RETURN = +Vs 2.8 Vdc.
- The UPA-5/500 Power Supply is a user-supplied, user installed DATEL-INTERSIL accessory.

## **MECHANICAL DIMENSIONS INCHES (mm)**



## PANEL MOUNTING



### DIFFERENTIAL INPUT WITH SAMPLE RATIOMETRIC CONNECTIONS

The DM-3100L has a reference in-out loop which makes possible ratiometric measurements. Representative connections are illustrated below. Ratiometric operation eliminates changes in the DPM reading due to voltage variations in the Bridge's external excitation source. The input gain on the DM-3100L varies inversely with voltage at Reference In — as REF IN voltage increases, meter gain decreases. Meter input gain thus can be made to compensate for variations in the bridge excitation source voltage. (The DPM is set for unity gain when REF IN V equals +1V as referred to EXT. REF. LO).

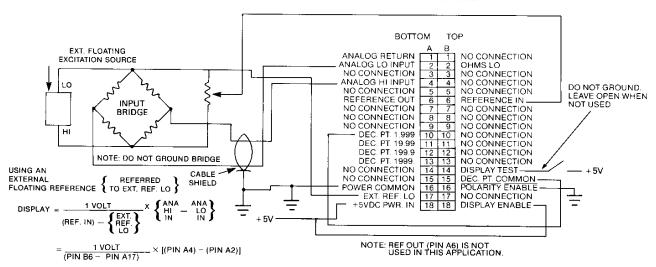
For all applications,  $V_{\text{IN}} = 2 \, V_{\text{REF}}$  at full scale (1999 counts). For small values of  $V_{\text{REF}}$  (100 mV or lower), increased display noise, nonlinearity, rollover and CMR errors will be apparent. Avoid  $V_{\text{REF}}$  inputs beyond about 2V to prevent integrator satu-

ration with full scale inputs. Variable  $V_{\text{REF}}$  is not intended for wide gain changes as in multimeter applications. Instead, it should be used for drift correction, scaling to engineering units, or for modest amounts of gain.

A note on grounding: The DM-3100L's internal voltage reference source is biased against the internal negative supply rail (EXT. REF. LO). Note that this is *not* the same electrical connection as the 5V Power Common connection. Refer to the Simplified Block Diagram.

Because of this configuration, external reference sources should be isolated from the 5V Power Common and should have the Reference Lo Output from the external source connected to the negative supply rail.

#### DM-3100L

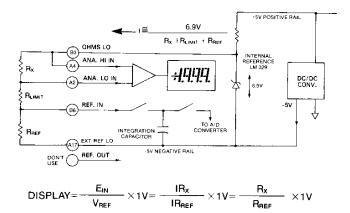


### **DIGITAL OHMMETER CONNECTIONS**

The digital ohmmeter circuit uses the DM-3100L's ratiometric capability. An external reference resistor of known resistance, accuracy, and temperature drift is connected in series with the unknown resistance. A constant, stable voltage from

the DPM's internal reference diode is applied to the resistor pair to produce a constant current. This current develops two voltage drops across the resistors which are proportional only to the ratio of the resistances since the current through them is identical.

The chart below lists recommended  $R_{\text{REF}}$  and  $R_{\text{LIMIT}}$  resistance values corresponding to different ohmmeter ranges. Values of  $R_{\text{LIMIT}}$  were selected to limit the current through  $R_{\text{REF}}$  and  $R_{\text{X}}$  to 1 milliampere maximum.



RANGE	RESOLUTION	R <sub>LIMIT</sub> !	RREF	DECIMAL POINT
19.99 ΜΩ	10 kΩ	22 ΜΩ	10 ΜΩ	A11 to B15
1.999 ΜΩ	1 kΩ	3.6 ΜΩ	1 ΜΩ	A10 to B15
199.9 kΩ	100 Ω	360 kΩ	100 kΩ	A12 to B15
19.99 kΩ	10 Ω	36 kΩ	10 kΩ	A11 to B15
1.999 kΩ	1 Ω	6.2 kΩ	1 kΩ	A10 to B15

R<sub>LIMIT</sub> and R<sub>REF</sub> should be metal film, High Stability Resistors (AS RN60C).

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