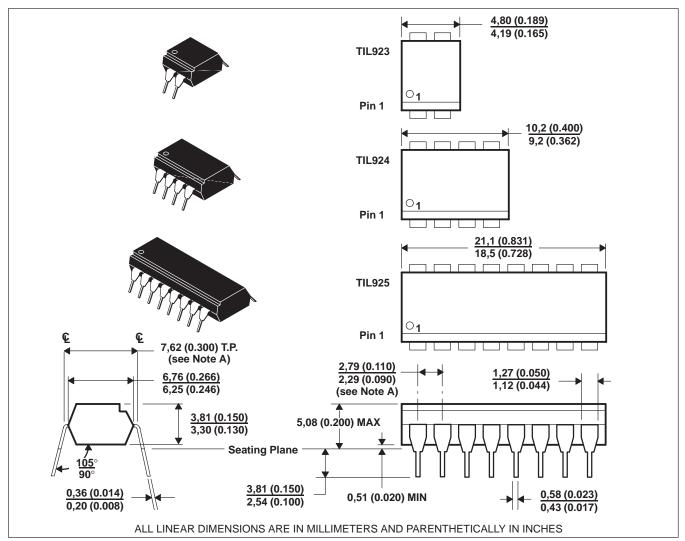
SOOS031 - OCTOBER 1991

- Gallium-Arsenide Diode Infrared Source
- Source Is Optically Coupled to Silicon N-P-N Darlington Phototransistor
- Choice of One, Two, or Four Channels
- Choice of Two Current-Transfer Ratios
- High-Voltage Electrical Isolation . . . 7.5 kV Peak (5.3 kV rms)
- Plastic Dual-In-Line Packages
- UL Listed File No. E65085

description

These optocouplers consist of a gallium-arsenide light-emitting diode and a silicon n-p-n Darlington phototransistor per channel. The TIL923 has one channel in a 4-pin package, the TIL924 has two channels in a 8-pin package, and the TIL925 has four channels in a 16-pin package. The standard devices, TIL923, TIL924, and TIL925, are tested for a current-transfer ratio of 500% minimum. Devices selected for a current-transfer ratio of 1000% are designated with the suffix.

mechanical data



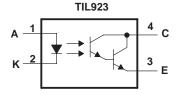
NOTE A: Each pin centerline is located 0,25 (0.010) of its true longitudinal position.

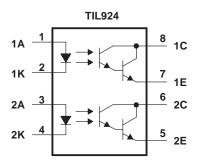


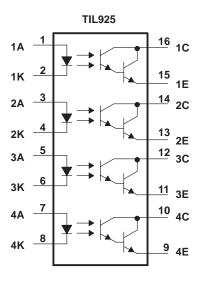
SINGLE/DUAL/QUAD CHANNEL OPTOCOUPLERS/OPTOISOLATORS

SOOS031 - OCTOBER 1991

schematic diagrams







absolute maximum ratings at 25°C free-air temperature (unless otherwise noted)

Input-to-output voltage (see Note 1)	. ±7.5 kV peak or dc (±5.3 kV rms)
Collector-emitter voltage (see Note 2)	35 V
Emitter-collector voltage	7 V
Input diode reverse voltage	5 V
Input diode continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature of the continuous forward current at (or be	ature (see Note 3) 50 mA
Continuous power dissipation at (or below) 25°C free-air temperature:	
Phototransistor (see Note 4)	150 mW
Input diode plus phototransistor per channel (see Note 5)	200 mW
Operating free-air temperature, T _A	–55°C to 100°C
Storage temperature range	–55°C to 125°C
Lead temperature 1,6 mm (1/16 inch) from case for 10 seconds	260°C

- NOTES: 1. This rating applies for sine-wave operation at 50 or 60 Hz. Service capability is verified by testing in accordance with UL requirements.
 - 2. This value applies when the base-emitter diode is open circuited.
 - 3. Derate linearly to 100°C free-air temperature at the rate of 0.67 mA/°C.
 - 4. Derate linearly to 100°C free-air temperature at the rate of 2 mW/°C.
 - 5. Derate linearly to 100°C free-air temperature at the rate of 2.67 mW/°C.

electrical characteristics, T_A = 25°C (unless otherwise noted)

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT	
V(BR)CEO	Collector-emitter breakdown voltage		$I_C = 0.5 \text{ mA},$	I _F = 0		35			V
V(BR)ECO	Emitter-collector breakdown voltage		I _C = 100 μA,	IF = 0		7			V
I _R	Input diode static reverse current		V _R = 5 V					10	μΑ
IC(off)	Off-state collector current		V _{CE} = 10 V,	IF = 0				100	nA
CTR	Current transfer ratio	TIL923, TIL924, TIL925	I _F = 2 mA,	V _{CE} = 1 V		500%			
		TIL923A, TIL924A, TIL925A				1000%			
٧F	Input diode static forward voltage		I _F = 20 mA					1.4	V
VCE(sat)	Collector-emitter saturation voltage		IF = 10 mA,	I _C = 50 mA				1	V
Cio	Input-to-output capacitance		$V_{in-out} = 0$,	f = 1 MHz,	See Note 6		1		pF
r _{io}	Input-to-output internal resistance		$V_{in-out} = \pm 1 \text{ kV},$	See Note 6			1011		Ω

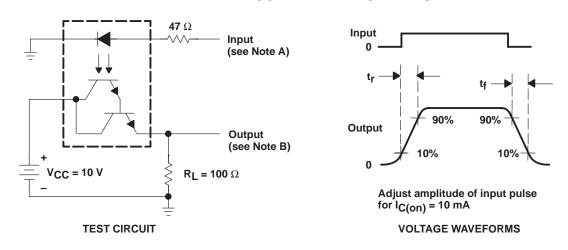
NOTE 6. These parameters are measured between all input-diode leads shorted together and all phototransistor leads shorted together.



switching characteristics at 25°C free-air temperature

PARAMETER		TEST CONDITIONS			MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
t _r	Rise time	$V_{CC} = 10 \text{ V}, I_{C(on)} = 10 \text{ mA}, R_L = 100 \Omega, \text{Sec}$	See Figure 1		100			
t _f	Fall time		IC(on) = 10 IIIA, RL = 100 22,	See Figure 1		100		μs

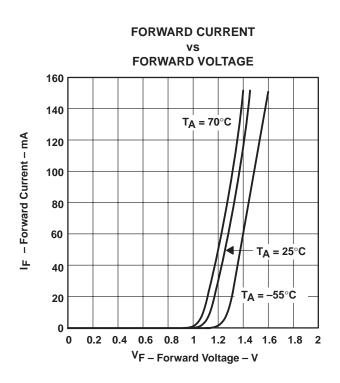
PARAMETER MEASUREMENT INFORMATION

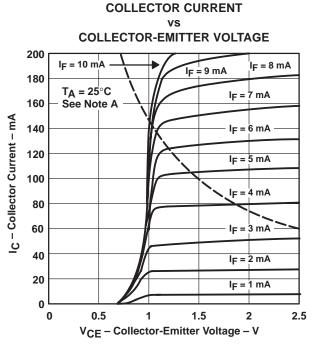


NOTES: A. The input waveform is supplied by a generator with the following characteristics: $Z_0 = 50 \,\Omega$, $t_r \le 15 \,\text{ns}$, duty cycle = 1%, $t_W = 500 \,\mu\text{s}$. B. The output waveform is monitored on an oscilloscope with the following characteristics: $t_r \le 12 \,\text{ns}$, $R_{in} \ge 1 \,\text{M}\Omega$, $C_{in} \le 20 \,\text{pF}$.

Figure 1. Switching Times

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

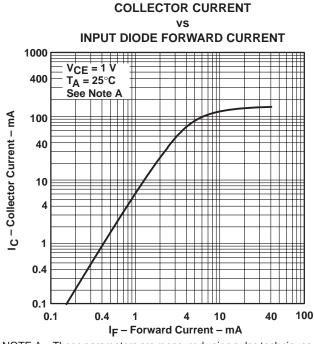




NOTE A: Pulse operation is required for operation beyond limits shown by the dashed line.

Figure 3

Figure 2



NOTE A: These parameters are measured using pulse techniques $t_W = 1 \text{ ms}$, duty cycle $\leq 2\%$.

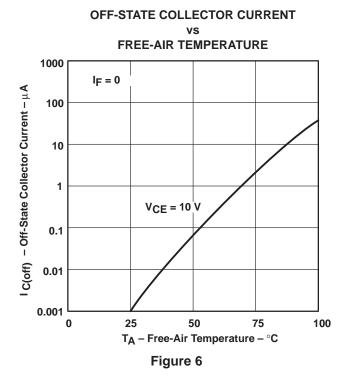
Figure 4



TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS

RELATIVE ON-STATE COLLECTOR CURRENT FREE-AIR TEMPERATURE 1.2 Collector Current Relative to Value at TA = 25 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ V_{CE} = 1 V I_F = 10 mA IF = 2 mA 0.8 I_F = 10 mA 0.6 0.4 I_F = 2 mA 0.2 -75 -50 -25 25 75 100 T_A – Free-Air Temperature – $^{\circ}C$

Figure 5



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