

Part Number: 7895400421  
 Frequency Range: Dimensions  
 Description: 95 PLANAR EI CORE SET  
 Application: Inductive Components  
 Where Used: Closed Magnetic Circuit  
 Part Type: Planar Cores  
 Generic Name: EI 32/10

## Mechanical Specifications

Weight: 24.000 (g)

## Part Type Information

EE14/7, EE18/8, EE22/11, EE32/13, EE38/16, EE43/19, EE64/21, EI 14/5, EI 18/6, EI 22/7, EI 32/10, E 64/15, ER9.5, ER11, ER14.5

Planar EE cores, and Planar EI cores, with their low profile are suitable for board level installation allowing assembly without the need for plastic coilformers and can also allow windings integrated into multi-level PCBs. Planar ER cores with their low mass and low profile are suitable for Surface Mount installations in low power filter and transformer applications.

-Planar EE, ER, and EI core part number is for a set.

-Planar EE, ER and EI cores can be supplied with the center post gapped to a mechanical dimension, or supplied as sets gapped for an AL value.

## Mechanical Specifications

Dim	mm	mm tol	nominal inch	inch misc.
A	31.75	± 0.5	1.250	-
B	6.35	± 0.15	0.250	-
C	20.32	± 0.4	0.800	-
D	3.18	± 0.15	0.125	-
E	24.50	min	0.965	min
F	6.35	± 0.2	0.250	-
G	3.18	± 0.15	0.125	-
H	-	-	-	-
J	-	-	-	-
K	-	-	-	-

## Electrical Specifications

Typical Impedance ( $\Omega$ )	

Electrical Properties	
$A_L$ (nH)	8700 ±25%
$A_e$ (cm <sup>2</sup> )	1.30000
$\sum I/A$ (cm <sup>-1</sup> )	2.70
$l_e$ (cm)	3.52
$V_e$ (cm <sup>3</sup> )	4.57000
$A_{min}$ (cm <sup>2</sup> )	1.290

## Land Patterns

V	W ref	X	Y	Z
-	-	-	-	-
-	-	-	-	-

## Winding Information

Turns Tested	Wire Size	1st Wire Length	2nd Wire Length
-	-	-	-

## Reel Information

Tape Width mm	Pitch mm	Parts 7 " Reel	Parts 13 " Reel	Parts 14 " Reel
-	-	-	-	-

## Package Size

Pkg Size
- (-)

## Connector Plate

# Holes	# Rows
-	-

### Legend

+ Test frequency

Preferred parts, the suggested choice for new designs, have shorter lead times and are more readily available.

The column H(Oe) gives for each bead the calculated dc bias field in oersted for 1 turn and 1 ampere direct current. The actual dc H field in the application is this value of H times the actual NI (ampere-turn) product. For the effect of the dc bias on the impedance of the bead material, see figures 18-23 in the application note How to choose Ferrite Components for EMI Suppression.

A ½ turn is defined as a single pass through a hole.

$\sum I/A$  - Core Constant

$A_e$  - Effective Cross-Sectional Area

$A_L$  - Inductance Factor ( $\frac{L}{N^2}$ )

N/AWG - Number of Turns/Wire Size for Test Coil

$l_e$  - Effective Path Length

$V_e$  - Effective Core Volume

NI - Value of dc Ampere-turns



## Ferrite Material Constants

Specific Heat .....	0.25 cal/g/°C
Thermal Conductivity .....	10x10 <sup>-3</sup> cal/sec/cm/°C
Coefficient of Linear Expansion .....	8 - 10x10 <sup>-6</sup> /°C
Tensile Strength .....	4.9 kgf/mm <sup>2</sup>
Compressive Strength .....	42 kgf/mm <sup>2</sup>
Young's Modulus .....	15x10 <sup>3</sup> kgf/mm <sup>2</sup>
Hardness (Knoop) .....	650
Specific Gravity .....	≈ 4.7 g/cm <sup>3</sup>

*The above quoted properties are typical for Fair-Rite MnZn and NiZn ferrites.*

See next page for further material specifications.



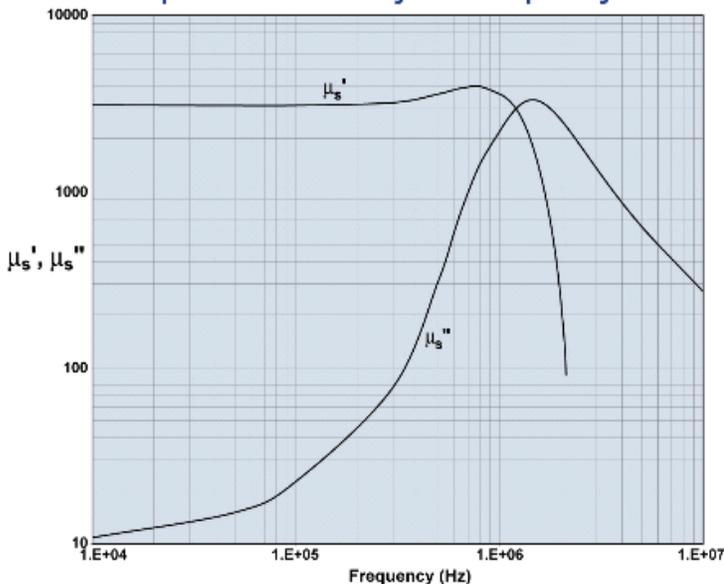
A low loss MnZn ferrite material for power applications up to 200kHz with low temperature variation. New type 95 Material is a low loss power material, which features less power loss variation over temperature (25-120°C) at moderate flux densities for operation below 200 kHz.

Shapes available in 95 material are Toroids, U cores, Pot Cores, RM, PQ, EFD, EP.

### 95 Material Characteristics

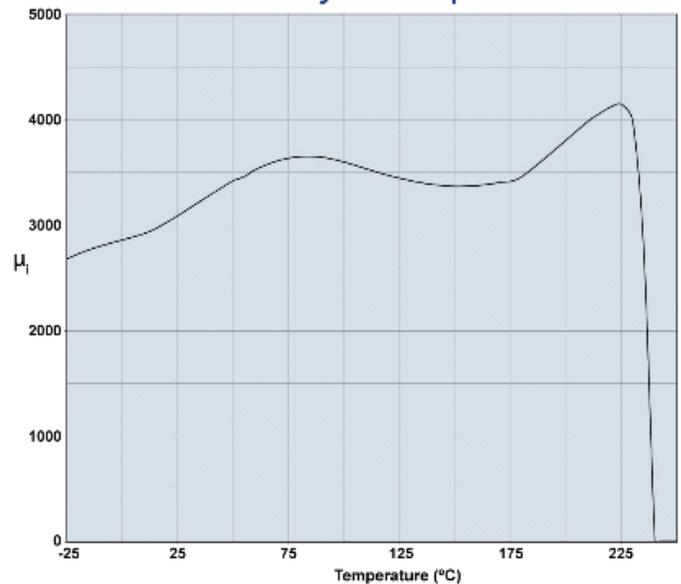
Property	Unit	Symbol	Value
Initial Permeability @ B < 10gauss		$\mu_i$	3000
Flux Density @ Field Strength	gauss oersted	B H	5000 5
Residual Flux Density	gauss	$B_r$	800
Coercive Force	oersted	$H_c$	0.13
Loss Factor @ Frequency	$10^{-6}$ MHz	$\tan\delta/\mu_i$	3.0 0.1
Temperature Factor of Initial Permeability (25 - 60°C)	$10^{-8}/^\circ\text{C}$		2.5
Curie Temperature	°C	$T_c$	> 220
Resistivity	ohm-cm	$\rho$	200

### Complex Permeability vs. Frequency



Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid using HP 4284A and HP 4291A.

### Initial Permeability vs. Temperature

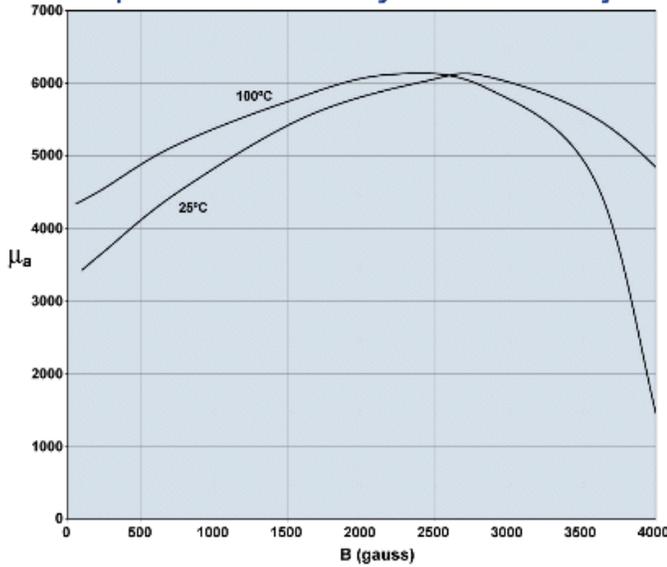


Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid at 10kHz.



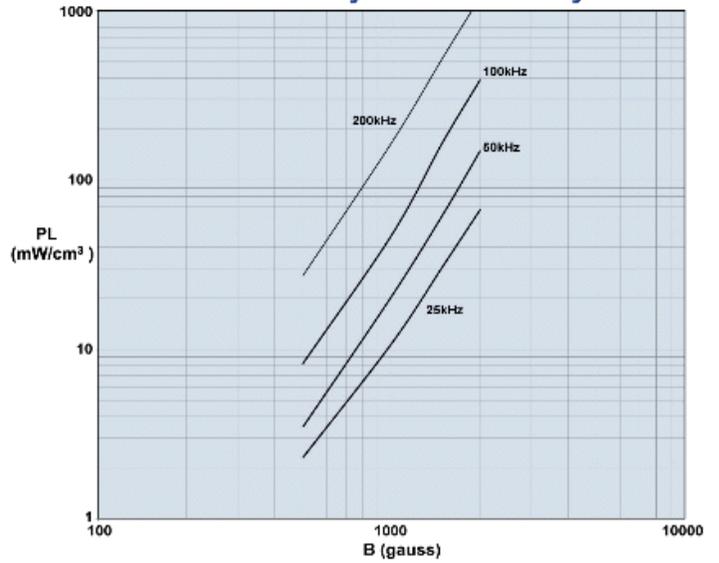
A low loss MnZn ferrite material for power applications up to 200kHz with low temperature variation.

**Amplitude Permeability vs. Flux Density**



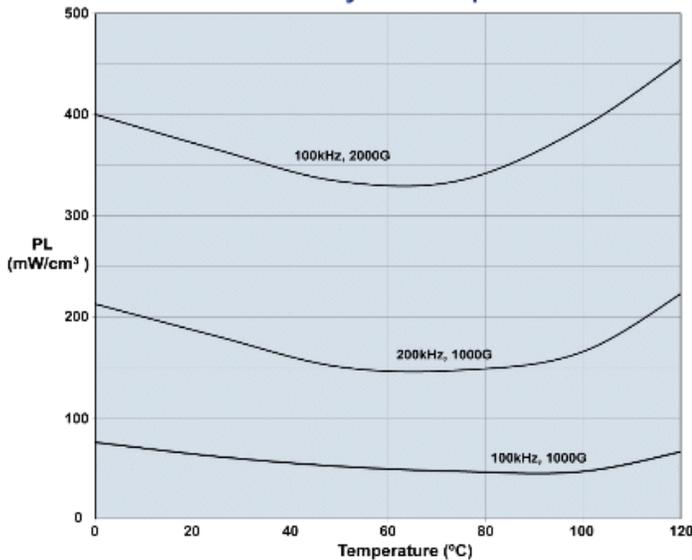
Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid at 10kHz.

**Power Loss Density vs. Flux Density**



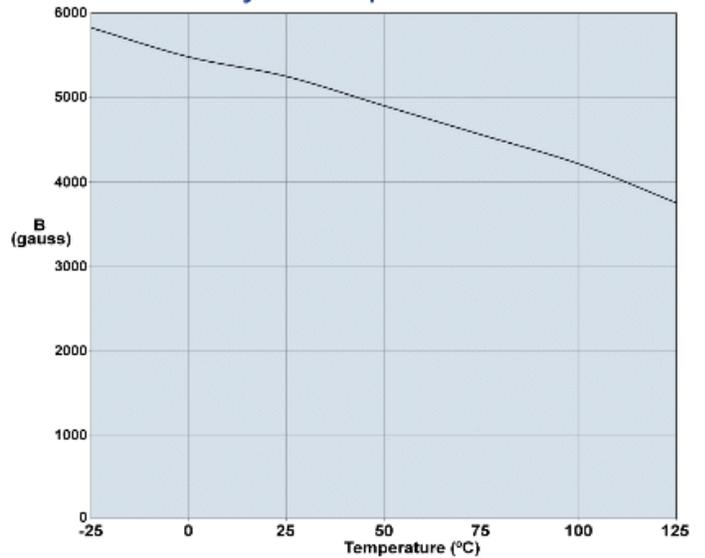
Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid using the Clarke Hess 258 VAW at 100°C.

**Power Loss Density vs. Temperature**



Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid using the Clarke Hess 258 VAW at 100°C.

**Flux Density vs. Temperature**



Measured on an 18/10/6mm toroid at 10kHz and H=5 oersted.