

April 1990
Edition 3.0



DATA SHEET

MBM27C256A-15/-17/-20/-25

CMOS 256K-BIT UV EPROM

CMOS 262,144-BIT UV ERASABLE AND ELECTRICALLY PROGRAMMABLE READ ONLY MEMORY

The Fujitsu MBM27C256A is a high speed 262,144-bits complementary MOS erasable and electrically reprogrammable read only memory (EPROM). It is especially well suited for application where rapid turn-around and/or bit pattern experimentation, and low-power consumption are important.

A 28-pin dual-in line package with a transparent lid and 32-pad Leadless Chip Carrier (LCC) are used to package the MBM27C256A. The transparent lid allows the user to expose the device to ultra-violet light in order to erase the memory bit pattern previously programmed. At the completion of erasure, a new pattern can then be written into the memory.

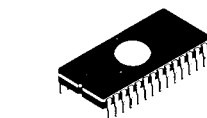
The MBM27C256A is fabricated using CMOS double polysilicon gate technology with single transistor stacked gate cells. It is organized as 32,768 words by 8 bits for use in microprocessor applications. Single +5V operation greatly facilitates its use in systems.

- CMOS power consumption
Standby: 550 μ W max.
Active: 41 mW/MHz
- 32,768 words x 8 bits organization, fully decoded
- Single location programming
- Programmable utilizing the quick programming Algorithm
- Programming Voltage: 12.5V
- No clocks required (fully static operation)
- Three-state output with OR-tie capability
- Fast access time:
150 ns max. (MBM27C256A-15)
170 ns max. (MBM27C256A-17)
200 ns max. (MBM27C256A-20)
250 ns max. (MBM27C256A-25)
- TTL compatible inputs/outputs
- Single +5V supply, $\pm 10\%$ tolerance
- Standard 28-pin Ceramic DIP: Suffix: -Z
- Standard 32-pad Ceramic LCC: Suffix: -TV

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (see NOTE)

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Temperature under Bias	T_{BIAS}	-25 to +85	$^{\circ}$ C
Storage Temperature	T_{STG}	-65 to +125	$^{\circ}$ C
All Inputs/Outputs Voltage with Respect to GND	V_{IN}, V_{OUT}	-0.6 to $V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
Voltage on A_9 with Respect to GND	V_{A9}	-0.6 to +13.5	V
V_{PP} Voltage with Respect to GND	V_{PP}	-0.6 to +14	V
Supply Voltage with Respect to GND	V_{CC}	-0.6 to +7	V

NOTE: Permanent device damage may occur if the above **Absolute Maximum Ratings** are exceeded. Functional operation should be restricted to the conditions as detailed in the operational sections of this data sheet. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

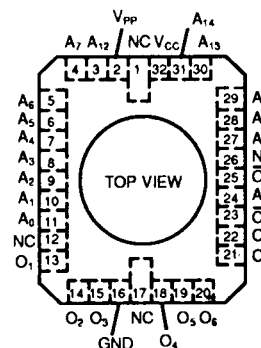
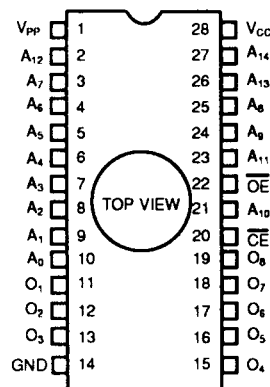


CERAMIC PACKAGE
DIP-28C-C01



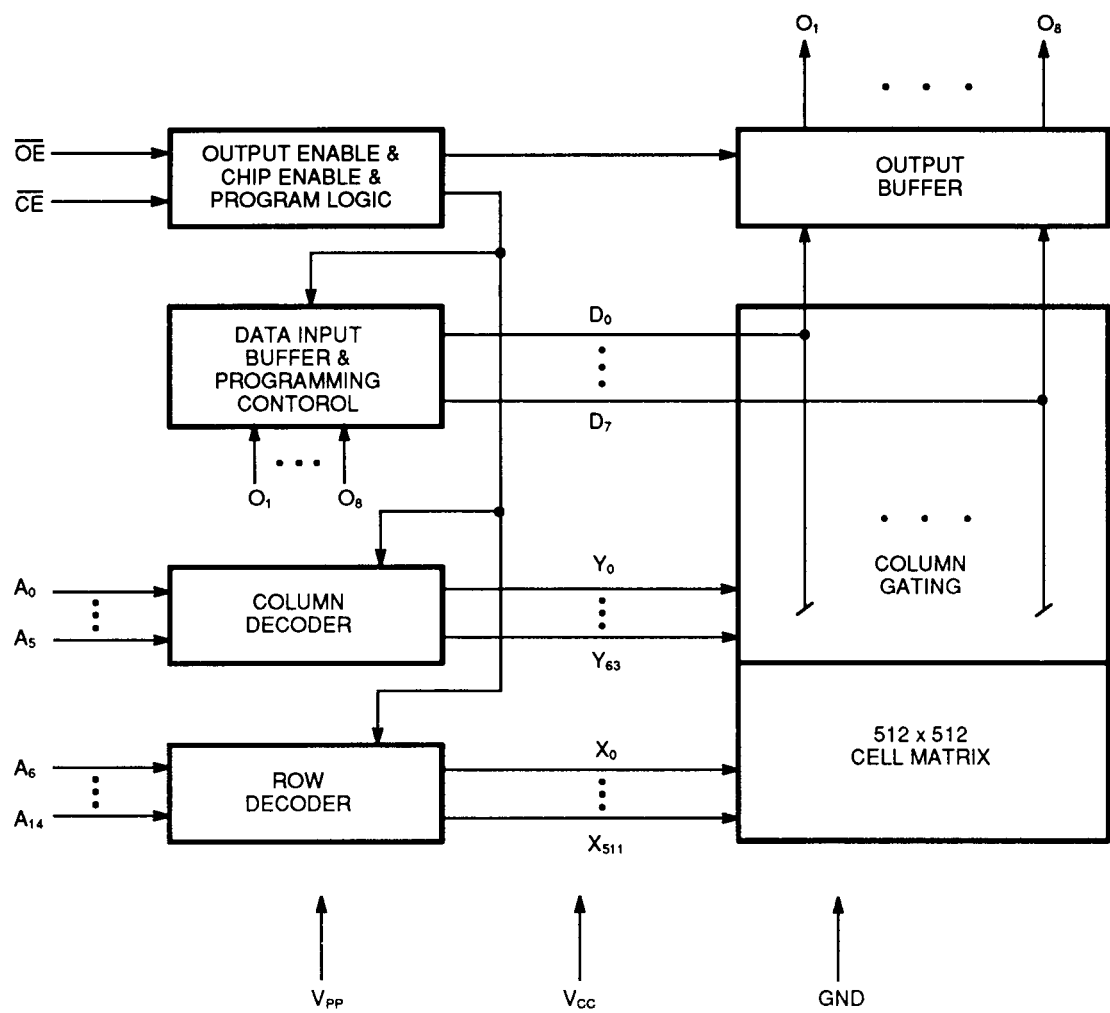
CERAMIC PACKAGE
LCC-32C-F01

PIN ASSIGNMENT



This device contains circuitry to protect the inputs against damage due to high static voltages or electric fields. However, it is advised that normal precautions be taken to avoid application of any voltage higher than maximum rated voltages to this high impedance circuit.

Fig. 1 – MBM27C256A BLOCK DIAGRAM



CAPACITANCE (T_A = 25°C, f = 1MHz)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input Capacitance (V _{IN} = 0V)	C _{IN}		4	6	pF
Output Capacitance (V _{OUT} = 0V)	C _{OUT}		8	12	pF

FUNCTIONS AND PIN CONNECTIONS

Function Mode	Address Input	A ₀	Data I/O	$\overline{\text{CE}}$	$\overline{\text{OE}}$	V _{CC}	V _{PP}	GND
Read	A _{IN}	A _{IN}	D _{OUT}	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	+5V	+5V	GND
Output Disable	A _{IN}	A _{IN}	High-Z	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	+5V	+5V	GND
Standby	Don't Care	Don't Care	High-Z	V _{IH}	Don't Care	+5V	+5V	GND
Program	A _{IN}	A _{IN}	D _{IN}	V _{IL}	V _{IH}	+6V	+12.5V	GND
Program Verify	A _{IN}	A _{IN}	D _{OUT}	Don't Care	V _{IL}	+6V	+12.5V	GND
Program Inhibit	Don't Care	Don't Care	High-Z	V _{IH}	V _{IH}	+6V	+12.5V	GND
Electronic Signature	A ₀	+12V	Code	V _{IL}	V _{IL}	+5V	+5V	GND

RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

(Referenced to GND)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
V _{CC} Supply Voltage*	V _{CC}	4.5	5.0	5.5	V
V _{PP} Supply Voltage	V _{PP}	V _{CC} -0.6	V _{CC}	V _{CC} +0.6	V
Operating Temperature	T _A	0		70	°C

Note: * V_{CC} must be applied either before or coincident with V_{PP} and removed either after or coincident with V_{PP}.

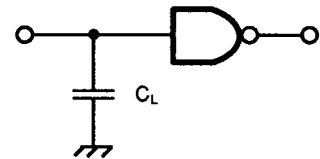
DC CHARACTERISTICS

(Recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input Load Current (V _{IN} = 5.5V)	I _{LI}			10	μA
Output Leakage Current (V _{OUT} = 5.5V)	I _{LO}			10	μA
V _{PP} Supply Current (V _{PP} = V _{CC} ±0.6V)	I _{PP1}		1	100	μA
V _{CC} Standby Current ($\overline{\text{CE}}$ = V _{IH})	I _{SB1}			1	mA
V _{CC} Standby Current ($\overline{\text{CE}}$ = V _{CC} ±0.3V, I _{OUT} = 0mA)	I _{SB2}		1	100	μA
V _{CC} Active Current ($\overline{\text{CE}}$ = V _{IL})	I _{CC1}		2	30	mA
V _{CC} Operating Current (f = 4MHz, I _{OUT} = 0mA)	I _{CC2}		5	30	mA
Input High Voltage	V _{IH}	2.0		V _{CC} +0.3	V
Input Low Voltage	V _{IL}	-0.1		0.8	V
Output Low Voltage (I _{OL} = 2.1mA)	V _{OL}			0.45	V
Output High Voltage (I _{OH} = -400μA)	V _{OH1}	2.4			V
Output High Voltage (I _{OH} = -100μA)	V _{OH2}	V _{CC} -0.7			V

Fig. 2 – AC TEST CONDITIONS (INCLUDING PROGRAMMING)

Input Pulse Levels: 0.45V to 2.4V
Input Rise and Fall Times: $\leq 20\text{ns}$
Timing Measurement Reference Levels: 0.8V and 2.0V for inputs
0.8V and 2.0V for outputs
Output Load: 1 TTL gate and $C_L = 100\text{pF}$

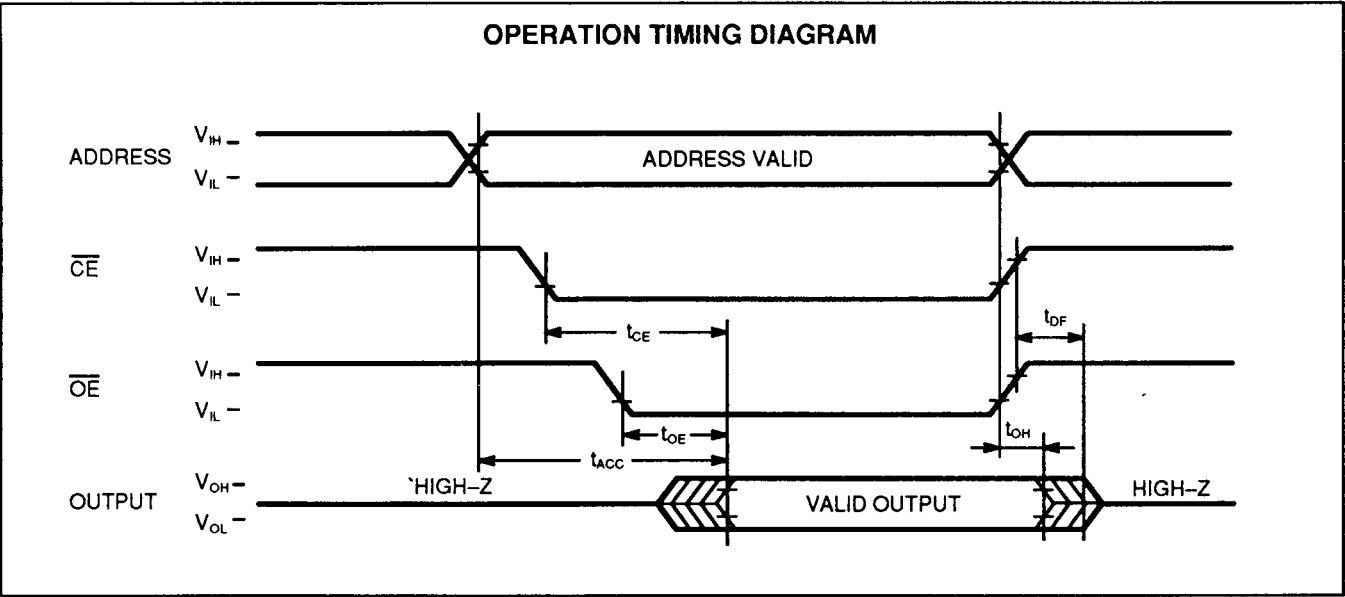


AC CHARACTERISTICS

(Recommended operating conditions unless otherwise noted)

Parameter	Symbol	MBM27C256A-15		MBM27C256A-17		MBM27C256A-20		MBM27C256A-25		Units
		Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	Min	Max	
Address Access Time*1 ($\overline{\text{CE}} = \overline{\text{OE}} = V_{\text{IL}}$)	t_{ACC}		150		170		200		250	ns
$\overline{\text{CE}}$ to Output Delay ($\overline{\text{OE}} = V_{\text{IL}}$)	t_{CE}		150		170		200		250	ns
$\overline{\text{OE}}$ to Output Delay*1 ($\overline{\text{CE}} = V_{\text{IL}}$)	t_{OE}		60		70		70		100	ns
Address to Output Hold	t_{OH}	0		0		0		0		ns
Output Enable High to Output Float*2	t_{DF}	0	60	0	60	0	60	0	60	ns

Notes: *1 $\overline{\text{OE}}$ may be delayed up to $t_{\text{ACC}} - t_{\text{OE}}$ after the falling edge of $\overline{\text{CE}}$ without impact on t_{ACC} .
*2 t_{DF} is specified from $\overline{\text{OE}}$ or $\overline{\text{CE}}$, whichever occurs first. Output Floating is defined as the point where data is no longer driven.



PROGRAMMING/ERASING INFORMATION

PROGRAMMING

Upon delivery from Fujitsu, or after each erasure (see Erasure section), the MBM27C256A has all 262,144 bits in the "1", or high state. "0's" are loaded into the MBM27C256A through the procedure of programming.

The MBM27C256A is programmed with a fast programming algorithm designed by Fujitsu called quick programming. The programming mode is entered when +12.5V and +6V are applied to V_{PP} and V_{CC} respectively, and $\overline{CE}$ and $\overline{OE}$ are V_{IH} . A 0.1 μ F capacitor between V_{PP} and GND is needed to prevent excessive voltage transients which could damage the device. The address to be programmed is applied to the proper address pins. The 8 bit data pattern to be written is placed on the respective data output pins. The voltage levels should be standard TTL levels. When both the address and data are stable, a 1 ms programming pulse is applied to $\overline{CE}$

and after that one additional pulse which is 3 times as wide as previous pulse is applied to $\overline{CE}$ to accomplish the programming.

Procedure of quick programming (Refer to the attached flowchart.)

- 1) Set the start address (=G) at the address pins.
- 2) Set $V_{CC} = 6V$, $V_{PP} = 12.5V$ and $\overline{CE} = V_{IH}$.
- 3) Clear the programming pulse counter ($X \leftarrow 0$).
- 4) Input data to respective pins.
- 5) Apply ONE Programming pulse ($t_{PW} = 1ms$ Typ.) to $\overline{CE}$.
- 6) Increment the counter ($X \leftarrow X+1$).
- 7) Compare the number (=X) of applied programming pulse with 25 and then verify the programmed data. If programmed data is verified, go to the next step regardless of X value. If $X = 25$ and programmed data is not verified, the device fails. If $X = 25$ and programmed

data is not verified, go back to the step 5).

- 8) Apply one additional wide programming pulse to $\overline{CE}$ (3X ms).
- 9) Compare the address with an end address (=N). If the programmed address is the end address, proceed to the next step. If not, increment the address ($G \leftarrow G+1$) and then go to the step 3) for the next address.
- 10) Set $V_{CC} = V_{PP} = 5V$.
- 11) Verify the all programmed data. If the verification succeeds, the programming completes. If any programmed data is not the same as original data, the device fails.

A continuous TTL low level should not apply to $\overline{CE}$ input pin during the program mode ($V_{PP} = 12.5V$, $V_{CC} = 6V$ and $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$) because it is required that one programming pulse width does not exceed 78.75 ms at each address.

ERASURE

In order to clear all locations of their programmed contents, it is necessary to expose the MBM27C256A to an ultraviolet light source. A dosage of 15 W-seconds/cm² is required to completely erase an MBM27C256A. This dosage can be obtained by exposure to an ultraviolet lamp (wavelength of 2537 Angstroms ($\text{\AA}$)) with intensity of 12000 μ W/cm² for 15 to 21 min-

utes. The MBM27C256A should be about one inch from the source and all filters should be removed from the UV light source prior to erasure.

It is important to note that the MBM27C256A and similar devices, will erase with light sources having wavelengths shorter than 4000 $\text{\AA}$. Although erasure time will be much longer than with UV

source at 2537 $\text{\AA}$, nevertheless the exposure to fluorescent light and sunlight will eventually erase the MBM27C256A, and exposure to them should be prevented to realize maximum system reliability. If used in such an environment, the package windows should be covered by an opaque label or substance.

ELECTRONIC SIGNATURE

The MBM27C256A has electronic signature mode which is intended for use by programming equipment for the purpose of automatically matching the device to be programmed with its corresponding pro-

gramming algorithm.

The electronic signature is activated when +12V is applied to address line A_9 (pin 24) of the MBM27C256A. Two identifier bytes are read out from the outputs by toggling

address line A_0 (pin 10) from V_{IL} to V_{IH} . The address lines from A_1 to A_{13} must be hold at V_{IL} to keep the electronic signature mode. See the table below.

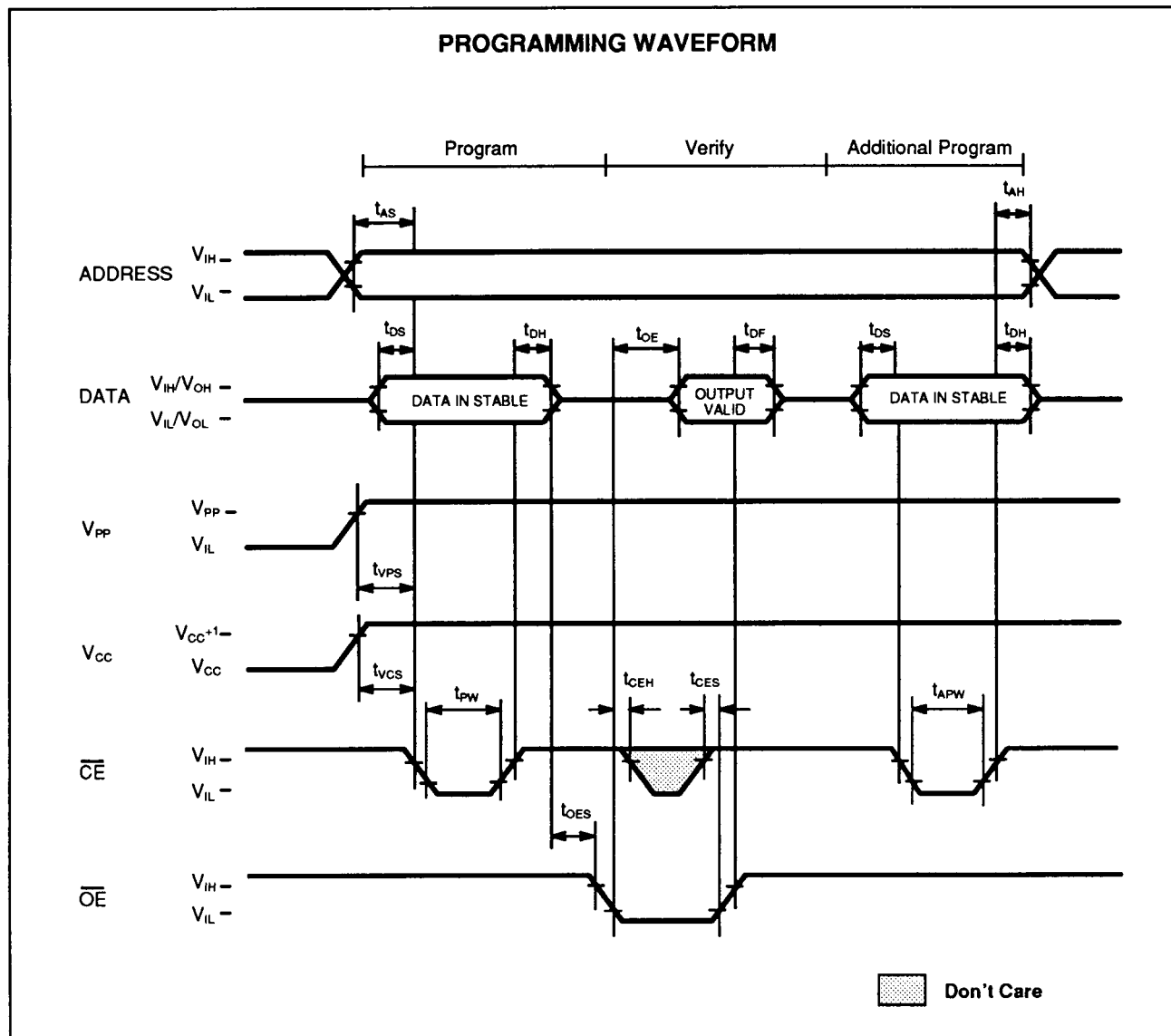
A_0	O_1	O_2	O_3	O_4	O_5	O_6	O_7	O_8	Definition
V_{IL}	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	Manufacture
V_{IH}	0	1	0	0	X	1	1	0	Device

Note: $A_9 = 12V \pm 0.5V$

A_1 thru $A_8 = A_{10}$ thru $A_{13} = \overline{CE} = \overline{OE} = V_{IL}$.

$A_{14} = \text{Either } V_{IL} \text{ or } V_{IH}$.

PROGRAMMING/ERASING INFORMATION (Continued)



DC CHARACTERISTICS

($T_A = 25 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC}^1 = 6V \pm 0.25V$, $V_{PP}^2 = 12.5V \pm 0.3V$)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Input Leakage Current ($V_{IN} = 6.25V/0.45V$)	$ I_{IL} $			10	μA
V_{PP} Supply Current ($\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$)	I_{PP2}			50	mA
V_{PP} Supply Current ($\overline{OE} = V_{IL}$)	I_{PP3}			5	mA
V_{CC} Supply Current	I_{CC}			30	mA
Input Low Level	V_{IL}	-0.1		0.8	V
Input High Level	V_{IH}	2.0		$V_{CC} + 0.3$	V
Output Low Voltage During Verify ($I_{OL} = 2.1mA$)	V_{OL}			0.45	V
Output High Voltage During Verify ($I_{OH} = -400\mu A$)	V_{OH}	2.4			V

Note: *1 V_{CC} must be applied either coincidently or before V_{PP} and removed either coincidently or after V_{PP} .

*2 V_{PP} must not be 14 volts or more including overshoot. Permanent device damage may occur if the device is taken out or put into socket remaining $V_{PP} = 12.5$ volts. Also, during $\overline{CE} = V_{IL}$, $\overline{OE} = V_{IH}$, V_{PP} must not be switched from V_{CC} to V_{PP} volts or vice versa.

AC CHARACTERISTICS

($T_A = 25 \pm 5^\circ\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 6V \pm 0.25V$, $V_{PP} = 12.5V \pm 0.3V$)

Parameter	Symbol	Min	Typ	Max	Unit
Address Setup Time	t_{AS}	2			μs
Output Enable Setup Time	t_{OES}	2			μs
Chip Enable Setup Time	t_{CES}	2			μs
Data Setup Time	t_{DS}	2			μs
V_{PP} Setup Time	t_{VPS}	2			μs
V_{CC} Setup Time	t_{VCS}	2			μs
Address Hold Time	t_{AH}	2			μs
Data Hold Time	t_{DH}	2			μs
Chip Enable Hold Time	t_{CEH}	2			μs
Output Enable to Output Valid	t_{OE}			120	ns
Output Disable to Output Float Delay	t_{DF}			105	ns
Programming Pulse Width	t_{PW}	0.95	1	1.05	ms
Programming Pulse Number	X	1		25	times
Additional Programming Pulse Width	t_{APW}	2.85		78.75	ms

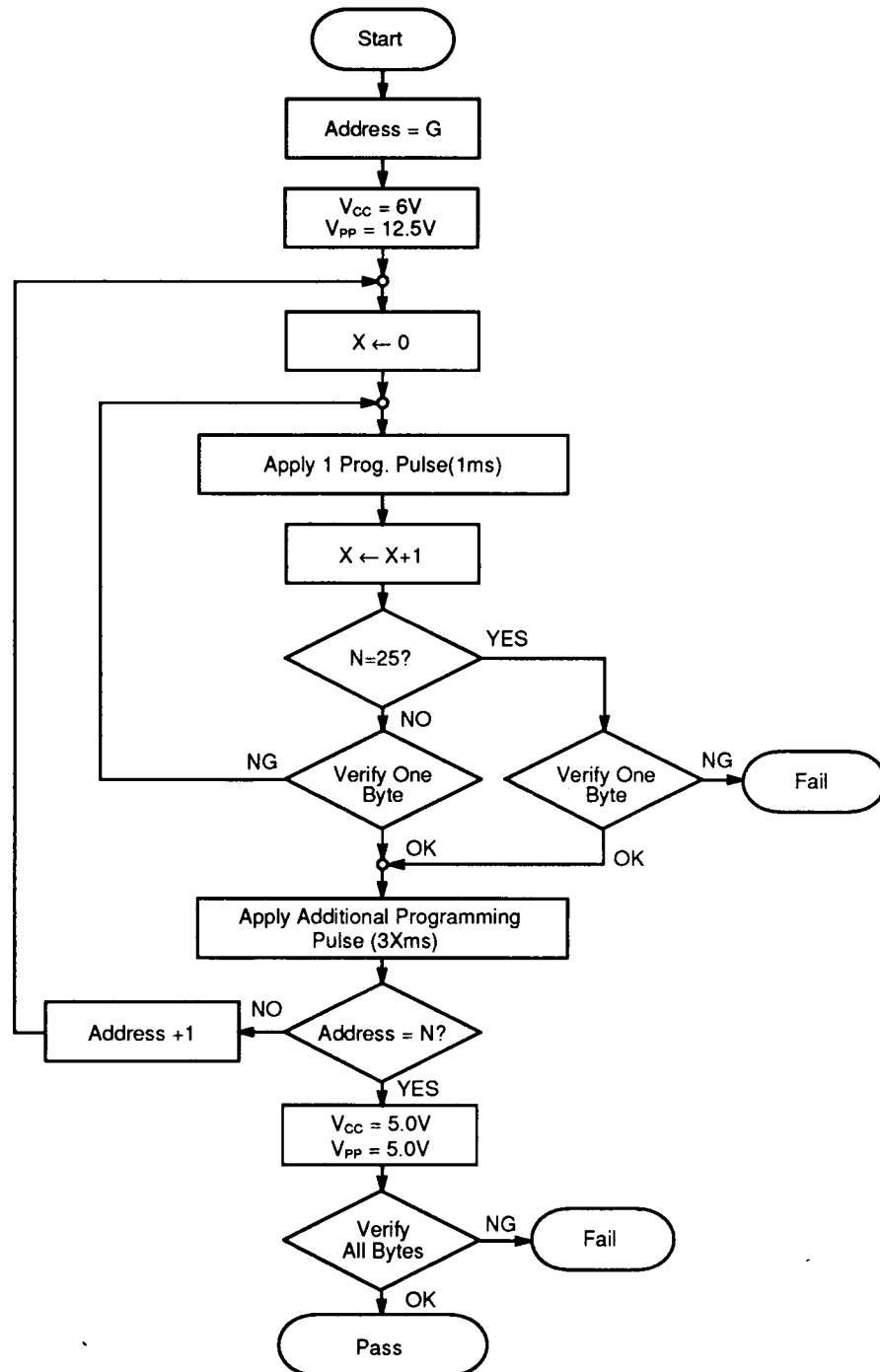
PROGRAMMING/ERASING INFORMATION (Continued)

QUICK PROGRAMMING FLOW CHART

$V_{CC} = 6V \pm 0.25V$
 $V_{PP} = 12.5 \pm 0.3V$

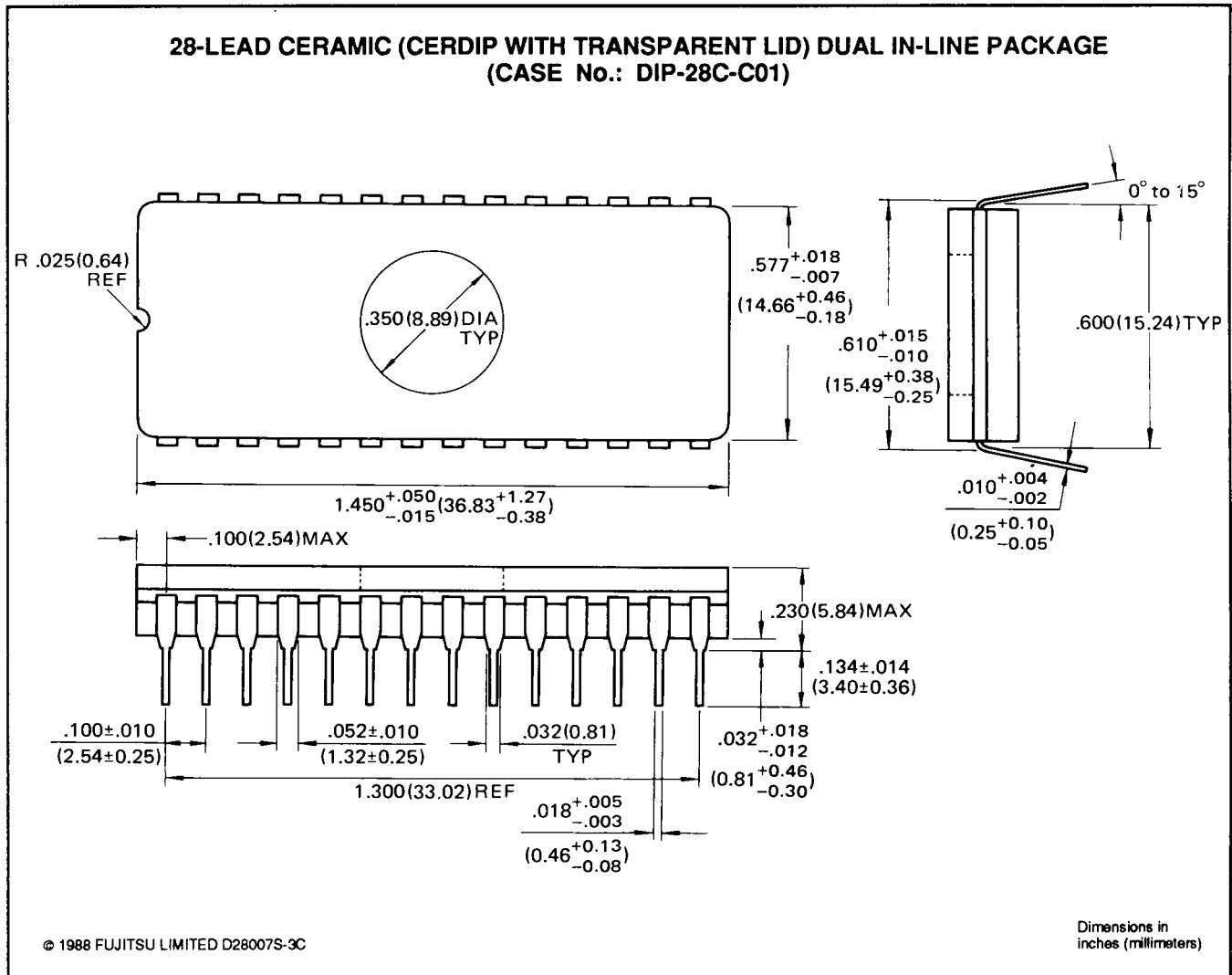
G : Start Address
 N : Stop Address
 X : Counter Value

Maximum 105ms/Byte
 Minimum 3.8ms/Byte



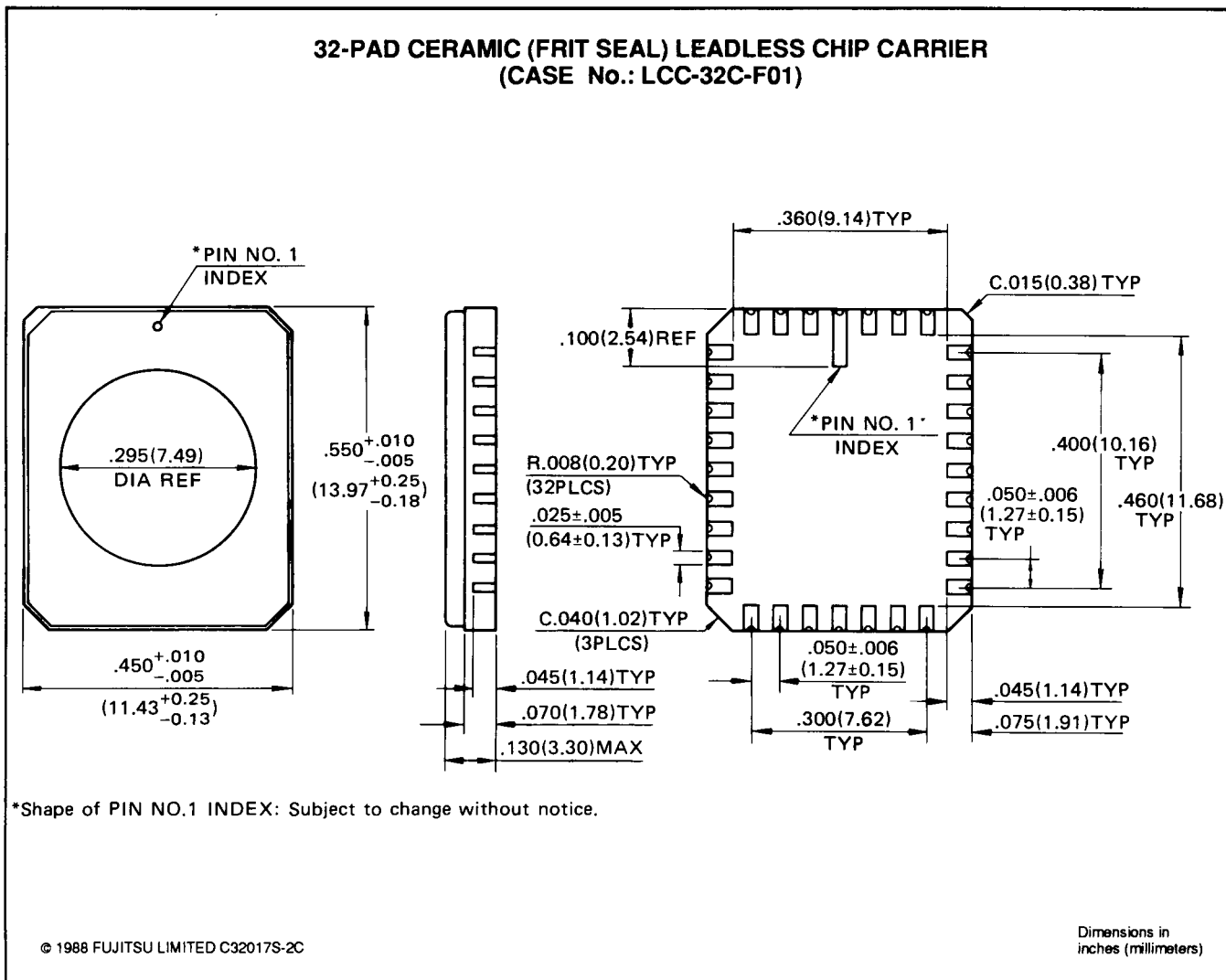
PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

Standard 28-pin Ceramic DIP (Suffix: -Z)



PACKAGE DIMENSIONS

Standard 32-pad Ceramic LCC (Suffix: -TV)



All Rights Reserved.

Circuit diagrams utilizing Fujitsu products are included as a means of illustrating typical semiconductor applications. Complete Information sufficient for construction purposes is not necessarily given.

The Information contained in this document has been carefully checked and is believed to be reliable. However, Fujitsu assumes no responsibility for inaccuracies.

The Information contained in this document does not convey any license under the copyrights, patent rights or trademarks claimed and owned by Fujitsu.

Fujitsu reserves the right to change products or specifications without notice.

No part of this publication may be copied or reproduced in any form or by any means, or transferred to any third party without prior written consent of Fujitsu.