

Current monitoring relays CM-SRS.M

For single-phase AC/DC currents

The CM-SRS.M is an electronic current monitoring relay that protects single-phase mains (DC or AC) from over- and undercurrent from 3 mA to 15 A. All devices are available with two different terminal versions. You can choose between the proven screw connection technology (double-chamber cage connection terminals) and the completely tool-free Easy Connect Technology (Push-in terminals).



Characteristics

- Monitoring of DC and AC currents (3 mA to 15 A)
- TRMS measuring principle
- One device includes 3 measuring ranges
- Over- or undercurrent monitoring configurable
- Open- or closed-circuit principle configurable
- Latching function configurable
- Hysteresis adjustable (3-30 %)
- Precise adjustment by front-face operating controls
- Screw connection technology or Easy Connect Technology available
- Housing material for highest fire protection classification UL 94 V-0
- Tool-free mounting on DIN rail as well as demounting
- Start-up delay T_S adjustable (0 s; 0.1-30 s)
- Tripping delay T_V adjustable (0 s; 0.1-30 s)
- 2 c/o (SPDT) contacts
- 22.5 mm (0.89 in) width
- 3 LEDs for status indication

Approvals

	UL 508, CAN/CSA C22.2 No.14	
	GL	(pending)
	GOST	
	CB Scheme	
	CCC	
	RMRS	

Marks

	CE
	C-Tick

Order data

Current monitoring relays

Type	Rated control supply voltage	Connection technology	Measuring ranges	Order code
CM-SRS.M1P	24-240 V AC/DC	Push-in terminals	3-30 mA, 10-100 mA, 0.1-1 A	1SVR 740 840 R0600
CM-SRS.M1S		Screw type terminals		1SVR 730 840 R0600
CM-SRS.M2S			0.3-1.5 A, 1-5 A, 3-15 A	1SVR 730 840 R0700

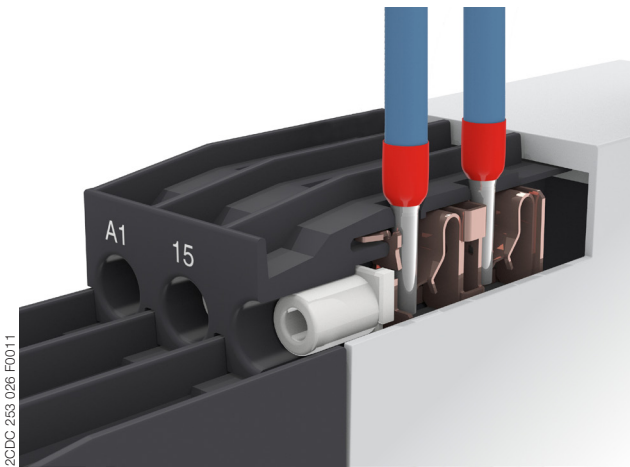
Accessories

Type	Description	Order code
ADP.01	Adapter for screw mounting	1SVR 430 029 R0100
MAR.12	Marker label for devices with DIP switches	1SVR 730 006 R0000
COV.11	Sealable transparent cover	1SVR 730 005 R0100

Connection technology

Maintenance free Easy Connect Technology with Push-in terminals

Type designation CM-xxS.yyP

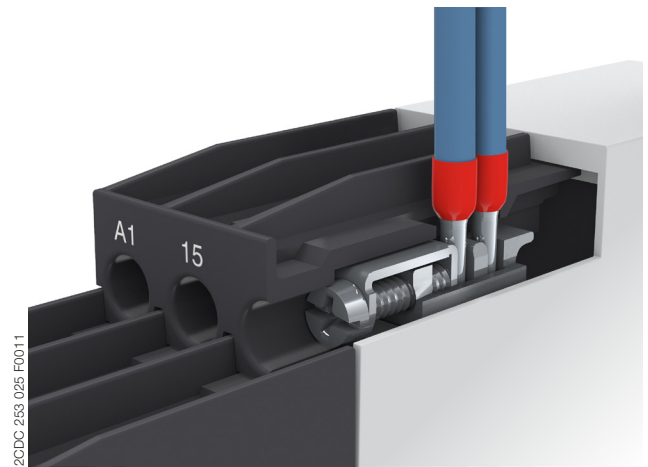


Push-in terminals

- Tool-free connection of rigid and flexible wires with wire end ferrule according to DIN 46228-1-A, DIN 46228-4-E
Wire size: $2 \times 0.5\text{--}1.5\text{ mm}^2$, (2 x 20 - 16 AWG)
- Easy connection of flexible wires without wire end ferrule by opening the terminals
- No retightening necessary
- One operation lever for opening both connection terminals
- For triggering the lever and disconnecting of wires you can use the same tool (Screwdriver according to DIN ISO 2380-1 Form A $0.8 \times 4\text{ mm}$ ($0.0315 \times 0.157\text{ in}$), DIN ISO 8764-1 PZ1 $\varnothing 4.5\text{ mm}$ (0.177 in))
- Constant spring force on terminal point independent of the applied wire type, wire size or ambient conditions (e. g. vibrations or temperature changes)
- Opening for testing the electrical contacting
- Gas-tight

Approved screw connection technology with double-chamber cage connection terminals

Type designation CM-xxS.yyS



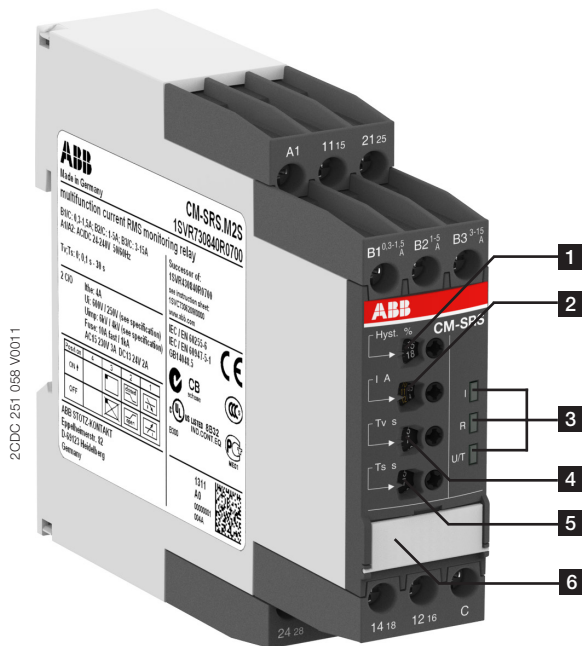
Double-chamber cage connection terminals

- Terminal spaces for different wire sizes:
fine-strand with/without wire end ferrule:
 $1 \times 0.5\text{--}2.5\text{ mm}^2$ (2 x 20 - 14 AWG),
 $2 \times 0.5\text{--}1.5\text{ mm}^2$ (2 x 20 - 16 AWG)
rigid:
 $1 \times 0.5\text{--}4\text{ mm}^2$ (1 x 20 - 12 AWG),
 $2 \times 0.5\text{--}2.5\text{ mm}^2$ (2 x 20 - 14 AWG)
- One screw for opening and closing of both cages
- Pozidrive screws for pan- or crosshead screwdrivers according to DIN ISO 2380-1 Form A $0.8 \times 4\text{ mm}$ ($0.0315 \times 0.157\text{ in}$), DIN ISO 8764-1 PZ1 $\varnothing 4.5\text{ mm}$ (0.177 in)

Both the Easy Connect Technology with Push-in terminals and screw connection technology with double-chamber cage connection terminals have the same connection geometry as well as terminal position.

Functions

Operating controls



- 1 Adjustment of the hysteresis (MIN = Default)
- 2 Adjustment of the threshold value (MIN = Default)
- 3 Indication of operational states
U/T: green LED – control supply voltage/timing
R: yellow LED – relay status
U: red LED – over- / undercurrent
- 4 Adjustment of the tripping delay T_V
- 5 Adjustment of the start-up delay T_S
- 6 DIP switches (see DIP switch functions)

Application

The multifunctional current monitoring relays CM-SRS.M are designed for use in single-phase AC and/or DC systems for over- or undercurrent monitoring. The devices operate over an universal range of supply voltages, provide an adjustable start-up as well as tripping delay and work according to the open-or closed-circuit principle.

Operating mode

The CM-SRS.M with 2 c/o (SPDT) contacts are available in 2 versions with 3 measuring ranges: 3-30 mA, 10-100 mA, 0.1-1 A (CM-SRS.M1) and 0.3-1.5 A, 1-5 A, 3-15 A (CM-SRS.M2). The measuring range is selected by connecting the monitored wire to the corresponding terminal B1/B2/B3-C.

The units are adjusted with front-face operating controls. The selection of over-  or undercurrent monitoring , open-  or closed-circuit principle  and latching function ON  or OFF  is made with DIP switches. Potentiometers, with direct reading scale, allow the adjustment of the threshold value I , the hysteresis %, the tripping delay T_V and the start-up delay T_S . The hysteresis % is adjustable within a range of 3 to 30 % of the threshold value and the tripping delay T_V and the start-up delay T_S are adjustable over a range of instantaneous to a 30 s delay. Timing is displayed by a flashing green LED labelled U/T.

Function diagrams

Overcurrent monitoring without latching

Open-circuit principle

The current to be monitored (measured value) is applied to terminals B1/B2/B3-C. When control supply voltage is applied to terminals A1-A2, the start-up delay T_S begins. The green LED flashes  during the start-up delay T_S and then turns steady. During the start-up delay T_S overcurrent is only displayed by glowing of the red LED.

If the measured value exceeds the adjusted threshold value, when T_S is complete, the tripping delay T_V starts and the red LED glows. Timing of T_V is displayed by the flashing  green LED. When T_V is complete and the measured value still exceeds the threshold value minus the adjusted hysteresis, the output relays energize and the yellow LED (relay energized) glows.

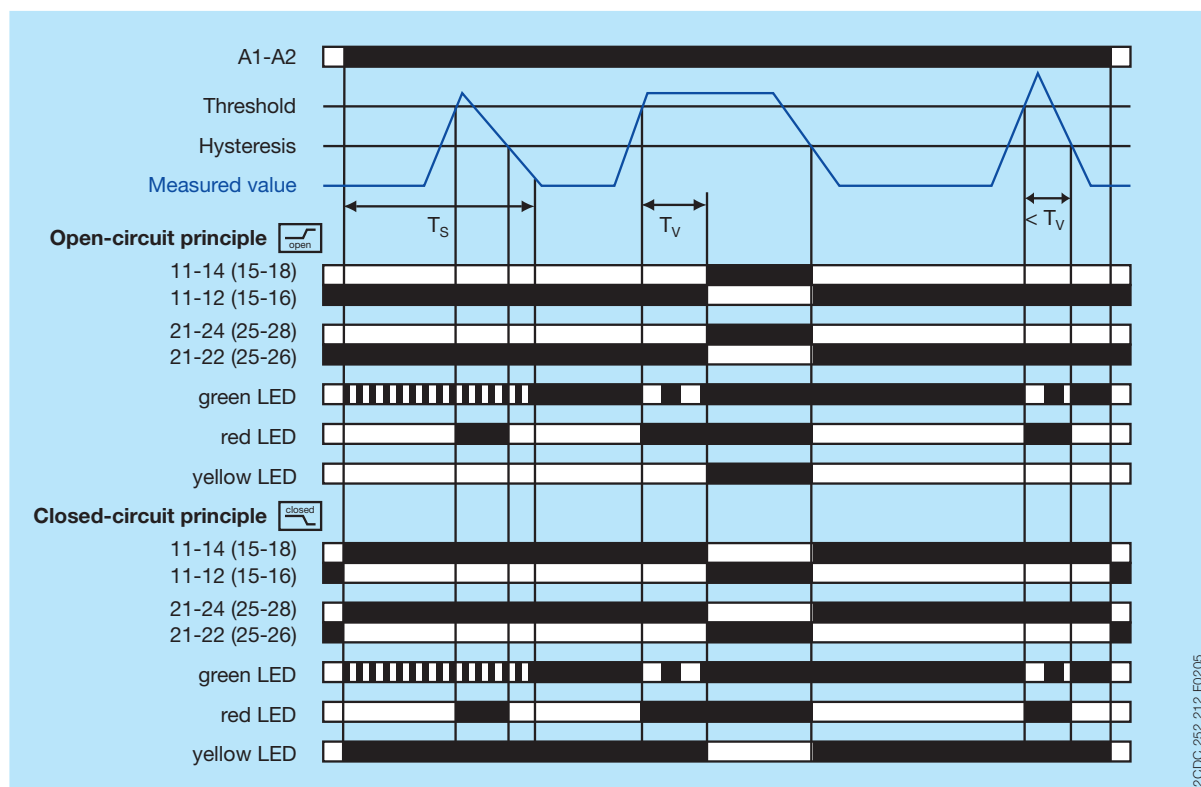
If the measured value decreases below the threshold value minus the hysteresis, the output relays de-energize and the red and yellow LEDs turn off. If control supply voltage is interrupted, the green LED turns off.

Closed-circuit principle

The current to be monitored (measured value) is applied to terminals B1/B2/B3-C. When control supply voltage is applied to terminals A1-A2, the start-up delay T_S begins, the output relays energize and the yellow LED (relays energized) glows. The green LED flashes  during the start-up delay T_S and then turns steady. During the start-up delay T_S overcurrent is only displayed by glowing of the red LED.

If the measured value exceeds the adjusted threshold value, when T_S is complete, the tripping delay T_V starts and the red LED glows. Timing of T_V is displayed by the flashing  green LED. When T_V is complete and the measured value still exceeds the threshold value minus the adjusted hysteresis, the output relays de-energize and the yellow LED turns off.

If the measured value decreases below the threshold value minus the hysteresis, the output relays re-energize, the yellow LED glows and the red LED turns off. If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relays de-energize and the green and yellow LEDs turn off.



Undercurrent monitoring without latching

Open-circuit principle

The current to be monitored (measured value) is applied to terminals B1/B2/B3-C. When control supply voltage is applied to terminals A1-A2, the start-up delay T_S begins. The green LED flashes  during the start-up delay T_S and then turns steady. During the start-up delay T_S undercurrent is only displayed by flashing  of the red LED.

If the measured value decreases below the adjusted threshold value, when T_S is complete, the tripping delay T_V starts and the red LED flashes . Timing of T_V is displayed by the flashing  green LED. When T_V is complete and the measured value is still below the threshold value plus the adjusted hysteresis, the output relays energize and the yellow LED (relays energized) turns off.

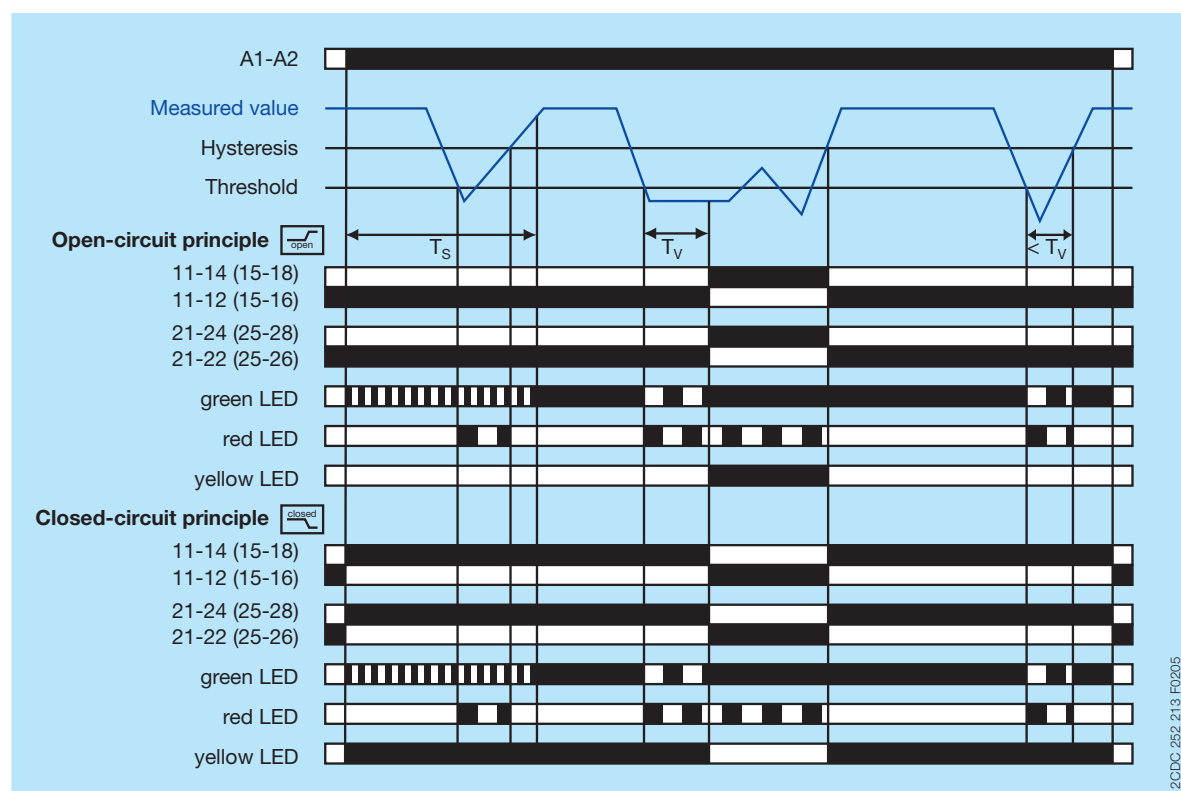
If the measured value exceeds the threshold value plus the hysteresis, the output relays de-energize and the red and yellow LEDs turn off. If control supply voltage is interrupted, the green LED turns off.

Closed-circuit principle

The current to be monitored (measured value) is applied to terminals B1/B2/B3-C. When control supply voltage is applied to terminals A1-A2, the start-up delay T_S begins, the output relays energize and the yellow LED (relays energized) glows. The green LED flashes  during the start-up delay T_S and then turns steady. During the start-up delay T_S undercurrent is only displayed by flashing  of the red LED.

If the measured value decreases below the adjusted threshold value, when T_S is complete, the tripping delay T_V starts and the red LED flashes . Timing of T_V is displayed by the flashing  green LED. When T_V is complete and the measured value is still below the threshold value plus the adjusted hysteresis, the output relays de-energize and the yellow LED turns off.

If the measured value exceeds the threshold value plus the hysteresis, the output relays re-energize, the yellow LEDs glows and the red LED turns off. If control supply voltage is interrupted, the output relays de-energize and the green and yellow LEDs turn off.



Overcurrent monitoring with latching

Open-circuit principle

The current to be monitored (measured value) is applied to terminals B1/B2/B3-C. When control supply voltage is applied to terminals A1-A2, the start-up delay T_S begins. The green LED flashes  during the start-up delay T_S and then turns steady. During the start-up delay T_S overcurrent is only displayed by glowing of the red LED.

If the measured value exceeds the adjusted threshold value, when T_S is complete, the tripping delay T_V starts and the red LED glows. Timing of T_V is displayed by the flashing  green LED. When T_V is complete and the measured value still exceeds the threshold value minus the adjusted hysteresis, the output relays energize and the yellow LED (relay energized) flashes .

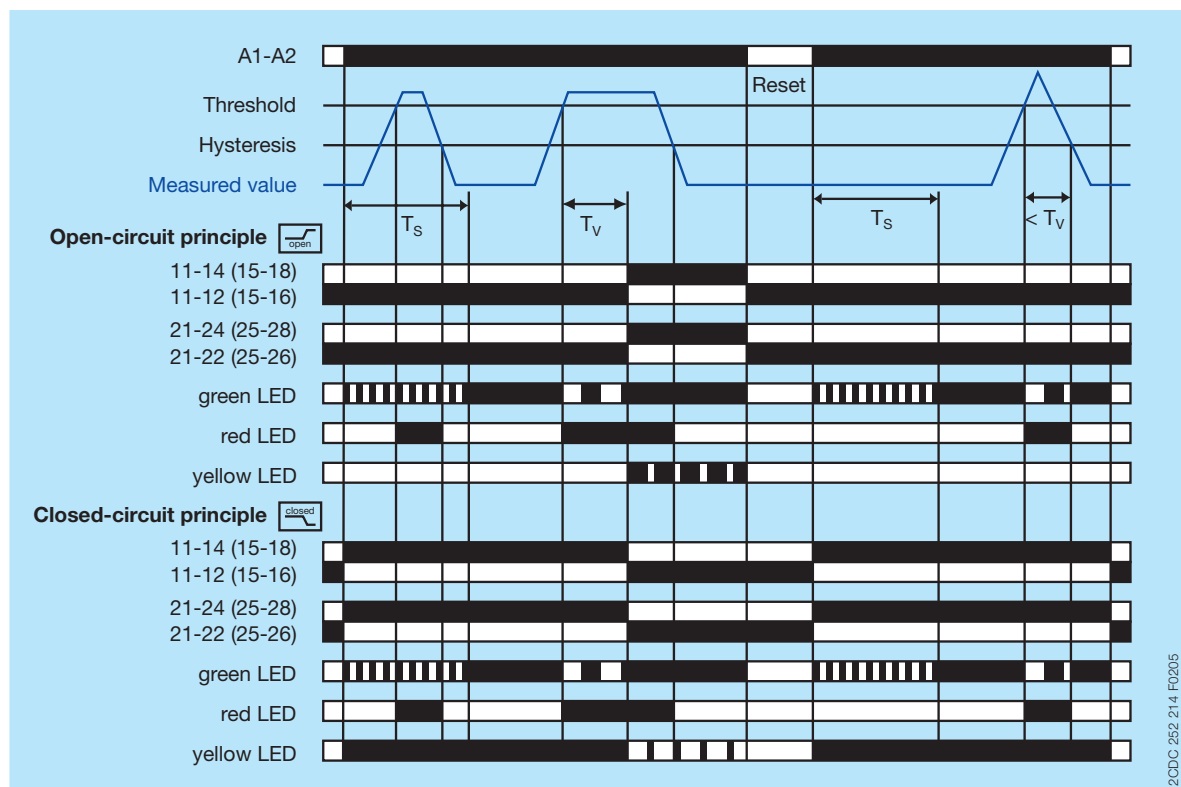
If the measured value decreases below the threshold value minus the hysteresis, the red LED turns off. The output relays remain energized (latching function). If control supply voltage is interrupted (reset), the output relays de-energize and the green and yellow LEDs turn off.

Closed-circuit principle

The current to be monitored (measured value) is applied to terminals B1/B2/B3-C. When control supply voltage is applied to terminals A1-A2, the start-up delay T_S begins, the output relays energize and the yellow LED (relays energized) glows. The green LED flashes  during the start-up delay T_S and then turns steady. During the start-up delay T_S overcurrent is only displayed by glowing of the red LED.

If the measured value exceeds the adjusted threshold value, when T_S is complete, the tripping delay T_V starts and the red LED glows. Timing of T_V is displayed by the flashing  green LED. When T_V is complete and the measured value still exceeds the threshold value minus the adjusted hysteresis, the output relays de-energize and the yellow LED flashes .

If the measured value decreases below the threshold value minus the hysteresis, the red LED turns off. The output relays remain de-energized (latching function). If control supply voltage is interrupted (reset), the green and yellow LEDs turn off. The output relays energize again when control supply voltage is re-applied.



Open-circuit principle

If the measured value decreases below the adjusted threshold value, when T_S is complete, the tripping delay T_V starts and the red LED flashes . Timing of T_V is displayed by the flashing  green LED. When T_V is complete and the measured value is still below the threshold value plus the adjusted hysteresis, the output relays energize and the yellow LED (relays energized) flashes .

Closed-circuit principle

If the measured value decreases below the adjusted threshold value, when T_S is complete, the tripping delay T_V starts and the red LED flashes . Timing of T_V is displayed by the flashing  green LED. When T_V is complete and the measured value is still below the threshold value plus the adjusted hysteresis, the output relays de-energize and the yellow LED flashes .

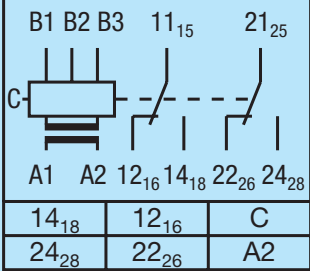
Open-circuit principle

Timing diagram showing the relationship between the A1-A2 input signal, the measured value, hysteresis, and threshold levels, and the resulting LED states (green, red, yellow) for various input ranges. The diagram is divided into two main sections: **Open-circuit principle** and **Closed-circuit principle**.

Open-circuit principle: This section includes a graph with a 'Reset' event and time intervals T_S and T_V . The graph shows the measured value (blue line) and the hysteresis (black line) relative to the threshold (grey line). The LED states (green, red, yellow) are shown for input ranges 11-14 (15-18), 11-12 (15-16), 21-24 (25-28), and 21-22 (25-26). The green LED is active (black bar) for input ranges 11-14 (15-18) and 21-24 (25-28). The red LED is active (black bar) for input ranges 11-12 (15-16) and 21-22 (25-26). The yellow LED is active (black bar) for input ranges 11-14 (15-18) and 21-24 (25-28).

Closed-circuit principle: This section shows the LED states for the same input ranges as the open-circuit principle. The green LED is active (black bar) for input ranges 11-14 (15-18) and 21-24 (25-28). The red LED is active (black bar) for input ranges 11-12 (15-16) and 21-22 (25-26). The yellow LED is active (black bar) for input ranges 11-14 (15-18) and 21-24 (25-28).

Electrical connection

A1	11 ₁₅	21 ₂₅
B1	B2	B3
		
14 ₁₈	12 ₁₆	C
24 ₂₈	22 ₂₆	A2

2CDC 252 205 F0005

A1-A2 Rated control supply voltage

B1-C Measuring range 1: CM-SRS.M1: 3-30 mA
 CM-SRS.M2: 0.3-1.5 A

B2-C Measuring range 2: CM-SRS.M1: 10-100 mA
 CM-SRS.M2: 1-5 A

B3-C Measuring range 3: CM-SRS.M1: 0.1-1 A
 CM-SRS.M2: 3-15 A

11₁₅-12₁₆/14₁₈ Output contacts – open- or closed-circuit principle

21₂₅-22₂₆/24₂₈

Connection diagram

DIP switches

Position	4	3	2	1
ON ↑				
OFF				

2CDC 252 273 F0005

1 ON Undercurrent monitoring

 OFF Overcurrent monitoring

2 ON Closed-circuit principle

 OFF Open-circuit principle

3 ON Latching function activated

 OFF Latching function not activated

OFF = Default

Technical data

Data at $T_a = 25\text{ °C}$ and rated values, unless otherwise indicated

Input circuits

Supply circuit		A1-A2						
Rated control supply voltage U _s		24-240 V AC/DC						
Rated control supply voltage U _s tolerance		-15...+10 %						
Rated frequency		50/60 Hz or DC						
Typical current / power consumption	24 V DC	30 mA / 0.75 W						
	115 V AC	17 mA / 1.9 VA						
	230 V AC	11 mA / 2.6 VA						
Power failure buffering time		20 ms						
Transient overvoltage protection		varistors						
Measuring circuit		B1/B2/B3-C						
Monitoring function		over- or undercurrent monitoring configurable						
Measuring method		TRMS measuring principle						
Measuring inputs		CM-SRS.M1			CM-SRS.M2			
		terminal connection	B1-C	B2-C	B3-C	B1-C	B2-C	B3-C
		measuring range	3-30 mA	10-100 mA	0.1-1 A	0.3-1.5 A	1-5 A	3-15 A ¹⁾
		input resistance	3.3 Ω	1 Ω	0.1 Ω	0.05 Ω	0.01 Ω	0.0025 Ω
		pulse overload capacity t < 1 s	500 mA	1 A	10 A	1 A	50 A	100 A
		continuous capacity	50 mA	150 mA	1.5 A	2 A	7 A	17 A
		Threshold value		adjustable within the indicated measuring range				
Tolerance of the adjusted threshold value		10 % of the range end value						
Hysteresis related to the threshold value		3-30 % adjustable						
Measuring signal frequency range		DC / 15 Hz - 2 kHz						
Rated measuring signal frequency range		DC / 50-60 Hz						
Maximum response time	AC	80 ms						
	DC	120 ms						
Accuracy within the rated control supply voltage tolerance		ΔU ≤ 0.5 %						
Accuracy within the temperature range		ΔU ≤ 0.06 % / °C						

¹⁾ In case of measured currents $> 10\text{ A}$, lateral spacing has to be min. 10 mm

Timing circuit		
Start-up time T_s		0 s or 0.1-30 s adjustable
Time delay T_v		0 s or 0.1-30 s adjustable
Repeat accuracy (constant parameters)		$\pm 0.07\%$ of full scale
Tolerance of the adjusted time delay		-
Accuracy within the rated control supply voltage tolerance		$\Delta t \leq 0.5\%$
Accuracy within temperature range		$\Delta t \leq 0.06\% / \text{°C}$

User interface

Indication of operational states		
Control supply voltage	U/T: green LED	 : control supply voltage applied  : start-up delay T_s active  : tripping delay T_v active
Measured value	U: red LED	 : overcurrent  : undercurrent
Relay status	R: yellow LED	 : output relay energized, no latching function  : output relay energized, active latching function  : output relay de-energized, active latching function

Output circuits

Kind of output	11 ₁₅ -12 ₁₆ /14 ₁₈	relay, 1st c/o (SPDT) contact
	21 ₂₅ -22 ₂₆ /24 ₂₈	relay, 2nd c/o (SPDT) contact
Operating principle		open- or closed-circuit principle configurable (open-circuit principle: output relays energize if the measured value exceeds  / falls below  the adjusted threshold value, closed-circuit principle: output relays de-energize if measured value exceeds  / falls below  the adjusted threshold value)
Contact material		AgNi
Rated operational voltage U_o (VDE 0110, IEC/EN 60947-1)		250 V
Minimum switching voltage / Minimum switching current		24 V / 10 mA
Maximum switching voltage / Maximum switching current		250 V AC / 4 A AC
Rated operational current I_o (IEC/EN 60947-5-1)	AC12 (resistive) at 230 V	4 A
	AC15 (inductive) at 230 V	3 A
	DC12 (resistive) at 24 V	4 A
	DC13 (inductive) at 24 V	2 A
AC rating (UL 508)	utilization category (Control Circuit Rating Code)	B 300
	max. rated operational voltage	300 V AC
	max. continuous thermal current at B 300	5 A
	max. making/breaking	3600/360 VA
	apparent power at B 300	
Mechanical lifetime		30 x 10 ⁶ switching cycles
Electrical lifetime	AC12, 230 V, 4 A	0.1 x 10 ⁶ switching cycles
Maximum fuse rating to achieve short-circuit protection	n/c contact	10 A fast-acting
	n/o contact	10 A fast-acting

General data

MTBF			on request			
Duty time			100 %			
Dimensions (W x H x D)			product dimensions	22.5 x 85.6 x 103.7 mm (0.89 x 3.37 x 4.08 in)		
			packaging dimensions	97 x 109 x 30 mm (3.82 x 4.29 x 1.18 in)		
Weight			Screw connection technology	Easy Connect Technology (Push-in)		
			net weight	CM-SRS.M1	0.153 kg (0.337 lb)	0.142 kg (0.313 lb)
				CM-SRS.M2	0.155 kg (0.342 lb)	-
			gross weight	CM-SRS.M1	0.175 kg (0.386 lb)	0.164 kg (0.362 lb)
				CM-SRS.M2	0.177 kg (0.390 lb)	-
Mounting			DIN rail (IEC/EN 60715), snap-on mounting without any tool			
Mounting position			any			
Minimum distance to other units			10 mm (0.39 in) at measured current > 10 A			
Material of housing			UL 94 V-0			
Degree of protection			housing	IP50		
			terminals	IP20		

Electrical connection

		Screw connection technology	Easy Connect Technology (Push-in)
Wire size	fine-strand with(out) wire end ferrule	1 x 0.5-2.5 mm ² (1 x 20-14 AWG) 2 x 0.5-1.5 mm ² (2 x 20-16 AWG)	2 x 0.5-1.5 mm ² (2 x 20-16 AWG)
	rigid	1 x 0.5-4 mm ² (1 x 20-12 AWG) 2 x 0.5-2.5 mm ² (2 x 20-14 AWG)	2 x 0.5-1.5 mm ² (2 x 20-16 AWG)
Stripping length		8 mm (0.32 in)	
Tightening torque		0.6 - 0.8 Nm (5.31 - 7.08 lb.in)	-

Environmental data

Ambient temperature ranges	operation	-20...+60 °C
	storage	-40...+85 °C
Damp heat, cyclic (IEC 60068-2-30)		55 °C, 6 cycle
Vibration, sinusoidal (IEC/EN 60255-21-1)		Class 2
Shock (IEC/EN 60255-21-2)		Class 2

Isolation data

Rated insulation voltage (VDE 0110, IEC/EN 60947-1, IEC/EN 60255-5)	supply / measuring circuit / output	600 V
	supply / output 1 / output 2	250 V
Rated impulse withstand voltage U _{imp} (IEC/EN 60947-1, IEC/EN 60255-5)	supply / measuring circuit / output	6 kV 1.2/50 µs
	supply / output 1 / output 2	4 kV 1.2/50 µs
Test voltage between all isolated circuits (type test)	rated insulation voltage 250 V	2.0 kV, 50 Hz
	rated insulation voltage 600 V	2.5 kV, 50 Hz
Pollution degree (VDE 0110, IEC/EN 60664, IEC/EN 60255-5)		3
Overvoltage category (VDE 0110, IEC/EN 60664, IEC/EN 60255-5)		III

Standards

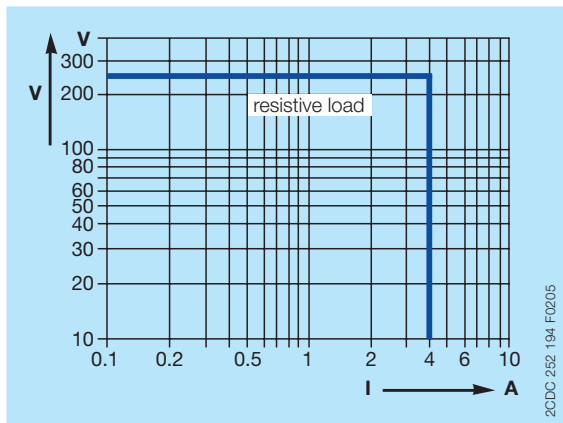
Product standard	IEC/EN 60255-6
Low Voltage Directive	2006/95/EC
EMC Directive	2004/108/EC
RoHS Directive	2002/95/EC

Electromagnetic compatibility

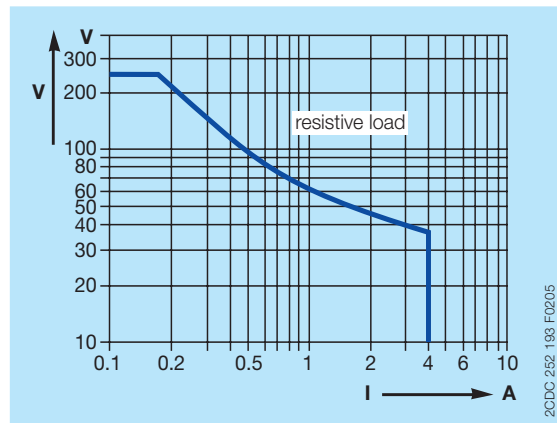
Interference immunity to		IEC/EN 61000-6-2
electrostatic discharge	IEC/EN 61000-4-2	Level 3
radiated, radio-frequency, electromagnetic field	IEC/EN 61000-4-3	Level 3
electrical fast transient / burst	IEC/EN 61000-4-4	Level 3
surge	IEC/EN 61000-4-5	Level 3
conducted disturbances, induced by radio-frequency fields	IEC/EN 61000-4-6	Level 3
Interference emission		IEC/EN 61000-6-3
high-frequency radiated	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	Class B
high-frequency conducted	IEC/CISPR 22, EN 55022	Class B

Technical diagrams

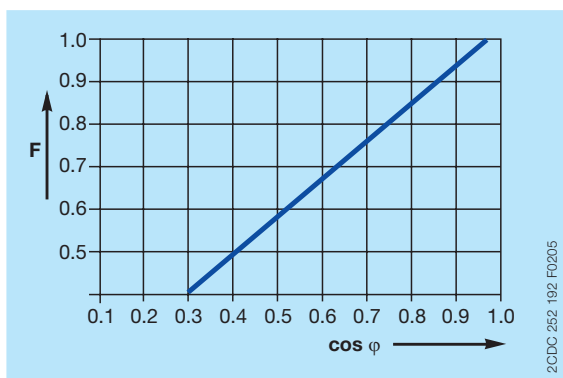
Load limit curves



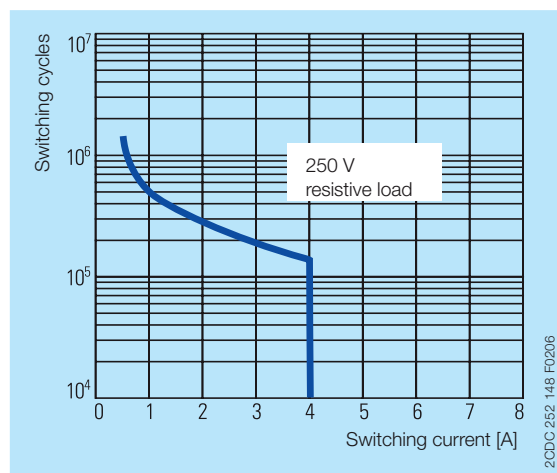
AC load (resistive)



DC load (resistive)



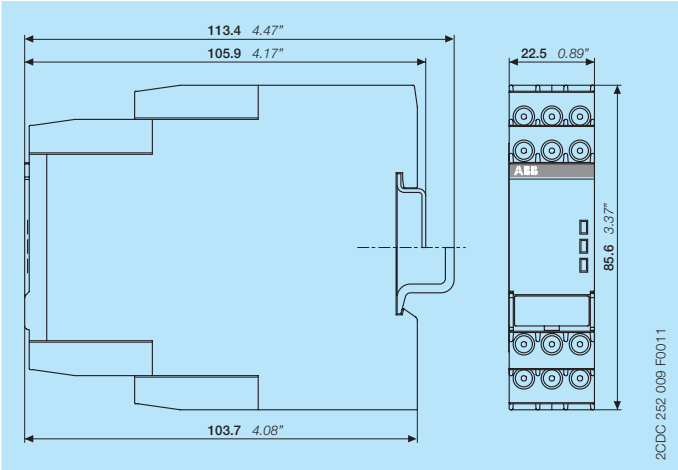
Derating factor F for inductive AC load



Contact lifetime

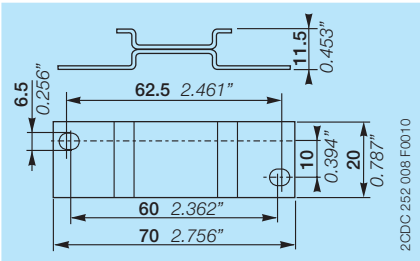
Dimensions

in mm and inches

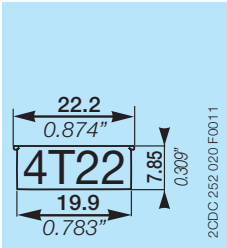


Accessories

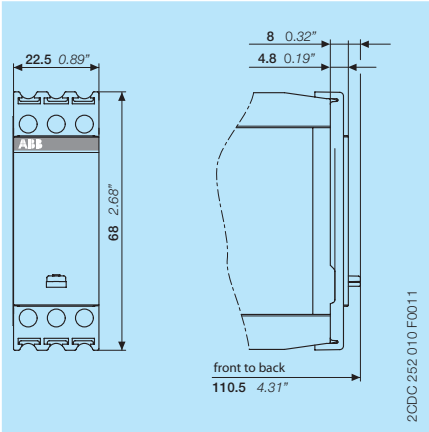
in mm and inches



ADP.01 - Adapter for screw mounting



MAR.12 - Marker label for devices with DIP switches



COV.11 - Sealable transparent cover

Further documentation

Document title	Document type	Document number
Electronic products and relays	Technical catalogue	2CDC 110 004 C020x
CM-SRS.M	Instruction manual	1SVC 730 620 M0000

You can find the documentation on the internet at www.abb.com/lowvoltage -> Control Products -> Electronic Relays and Controls -> Single Phase Monitors

Contact us

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<http://www.abb.com/contacts>
-> Low Voltage Products and Systems

Note:

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