

# T6M19, JT6M19-AS

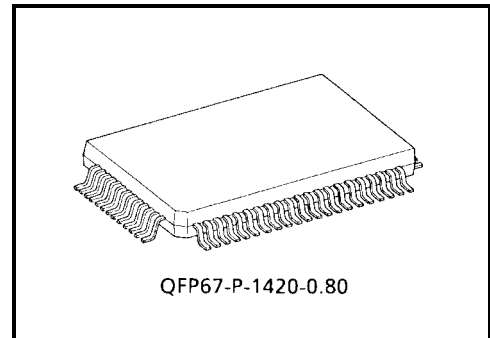
## T6M19, JT6M19-AS Single-Chip CMOS LSI for LCD Calculators

The T6M19, JT6M19-AS is single-chip microcomputer for 10-digit + 2-digit scientific calculation.

T6M19, JT6M19-AS is the complete single-chip CMOS LSI for calculator with 10 digits, 67 functions, 3 expression and hexadecimal, octal and binary, statistic calculation, fractional number calculation, and logic operation with the following features.

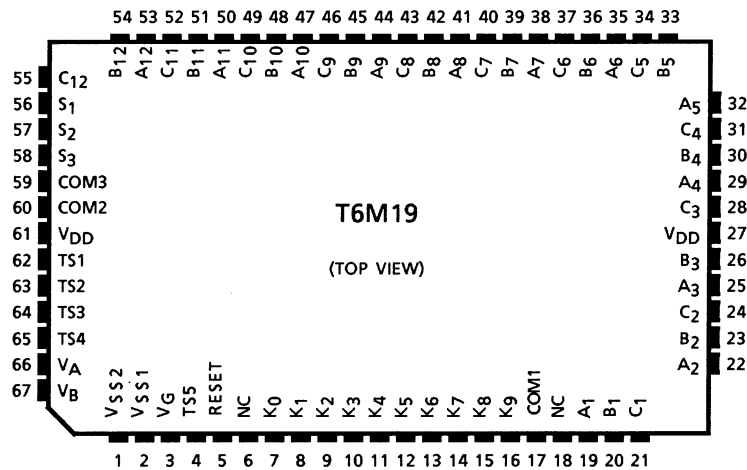
### Features

- 12-digit display plus 2-digit code at the right margin.
  - Scientific and engineering display.  
Mantissa 10 digits plus exponent 2 digits plus negative code 2 digits.
  - Other than above  
Mantissa 10 digits plus negative code 1 digit.
- 13 kinds of special display
  - M: Memory
  - —: Mantissa and exponent minus
  - E: Error
  - INV: Inverse
  - HYP: Hyperbolic
  - BIN: Binary mode
  - OCT: Octal mode
  - HEX: Hexadecimal mode
  - SD: Statistic calculation mode
  - DEG: Degree
  - RAD: Radian
  - GRAD: Gradian
  - ( ): Parenthesis calculation
- The minus sign of the mantissa is floating minus.
- The arithmetic key operation in clouding  $Y^x$  or  $Y^{1/x}$  has same sequence as mathematical equation. 6 pending operations are allowed and ( ) are up to continuous 15 levels.
- Fractional number calculation.
- It is possible to convert mutually between decimal, binary, octal and hexadecimal, and the 4 operations in arithmetic in binary, octal and hexadecimal.
- One independent accumulating memory.
- It is possible to convert or fix the display number system by FLO (floating), SCI (scientific) or ENG (engineering) key.
- It is possible to specify decimal part digits (0~9) by FIX key.
- Direct drive for FEM LCD (1/2 prebias, 1/3 duty).
- Automatic power on clear.
- Low-power consumption.  $V_G = -1.5$  V single power supply.
- The 67-pin flat package is used.
- Automatic power off (a time for about 10 min).

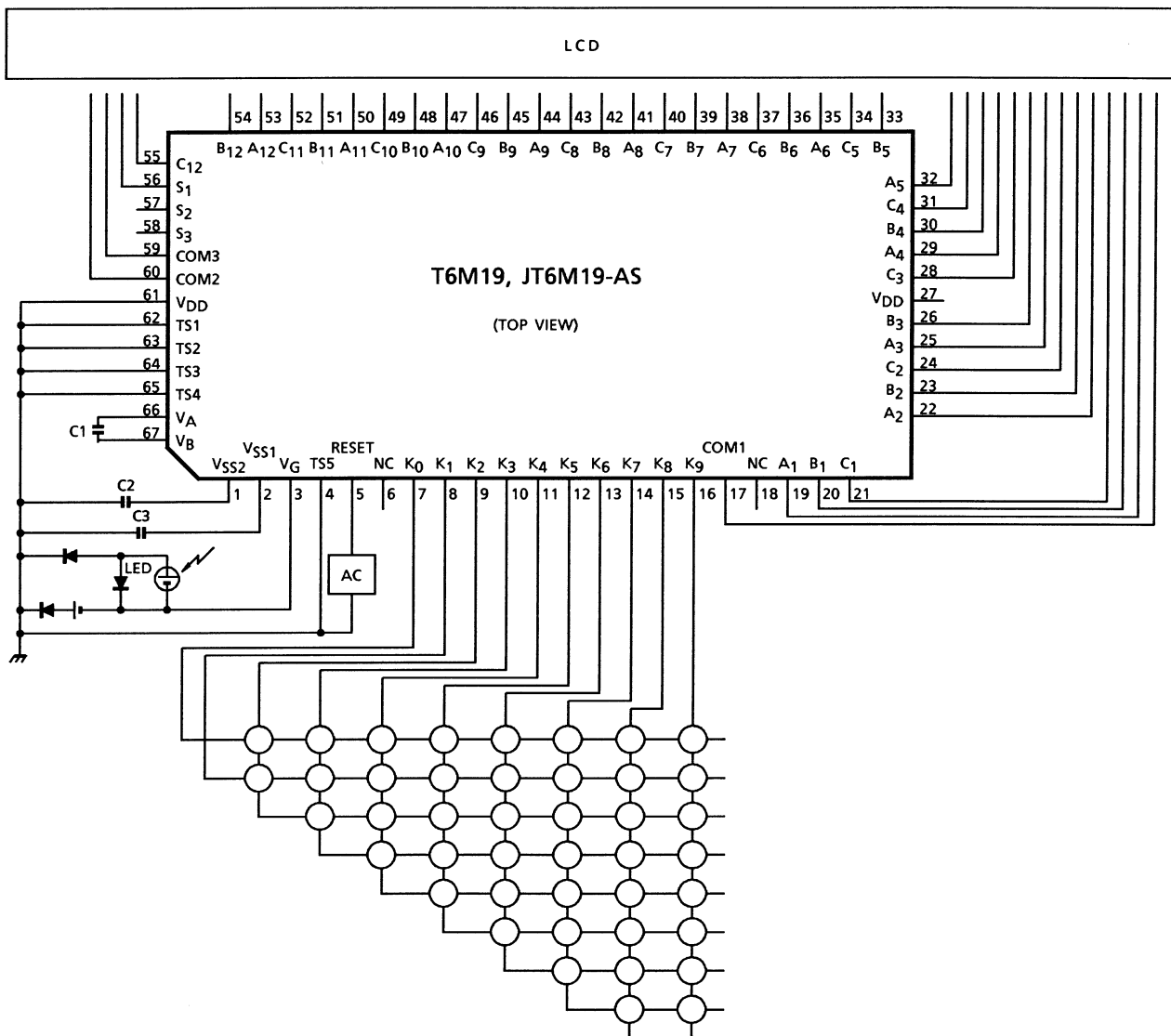


Weight: 1.20 g (typ.)

## Pin Assignment (top view)



## System Block Diagram



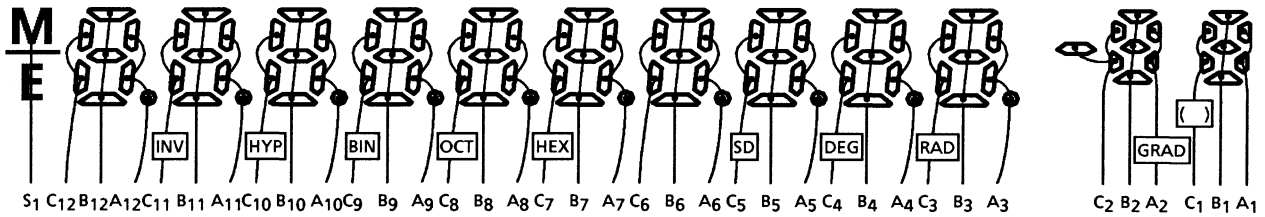
C1 = C2 = 0.1  $\mu$ F

C3 = 10  $\mu$ F

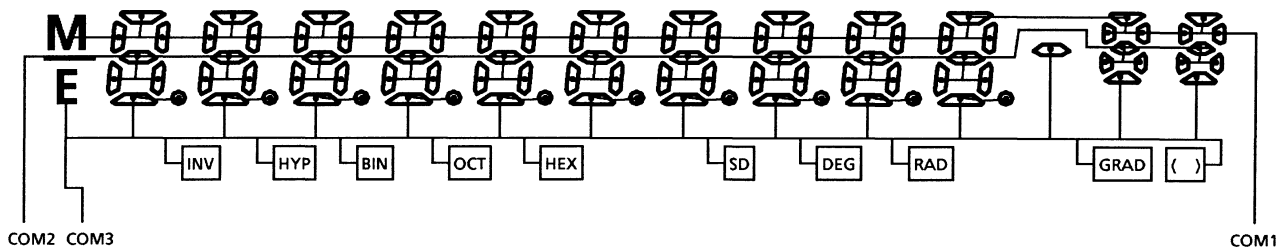
Note 1: Key resistance  $\leq 5.0$  k $\Omega$  at  $V_G = -1.2$  V

## Connection of LCD

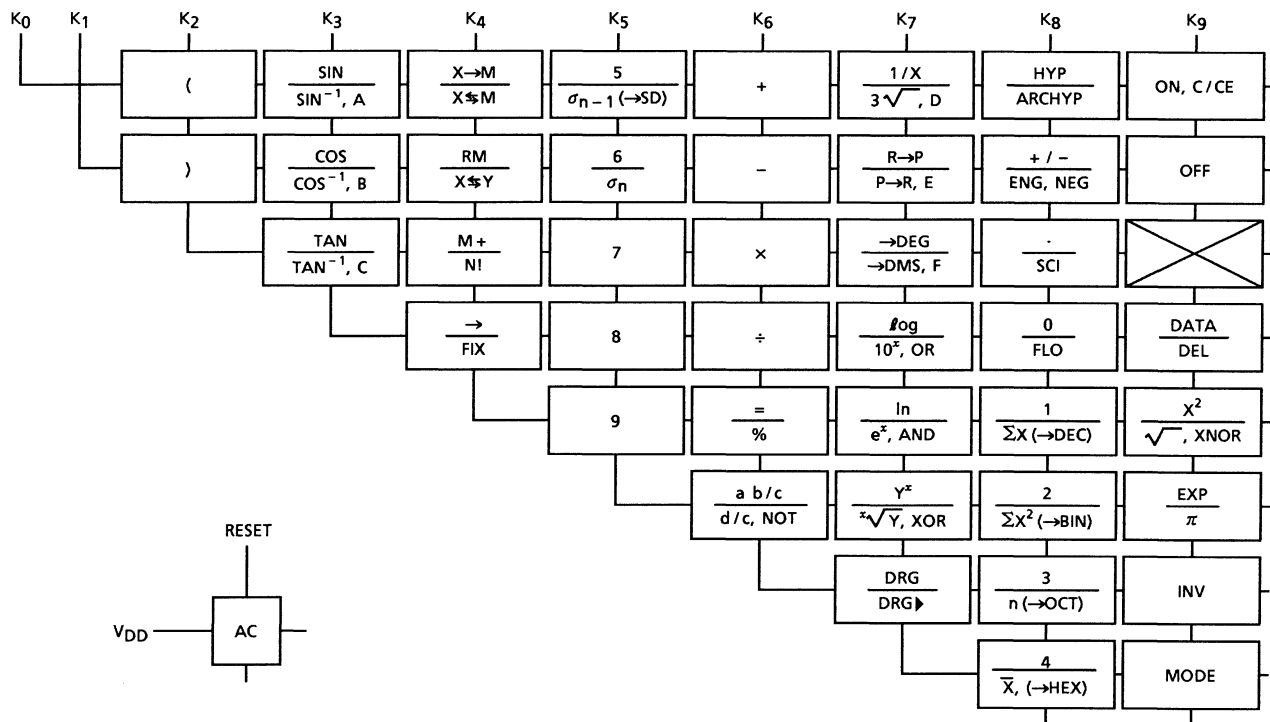
### Segment



### Common



### Key Connection



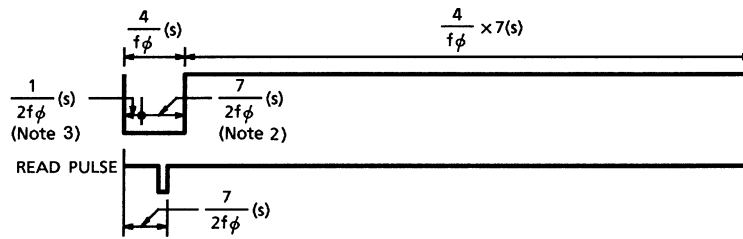
## Maximum Ratings (Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Rating	Unit
Supply voltage	V <sub>G</sub>	+0.3~−2.2	V
Input voltage	V <sub>IN</sub>	+0.3~V <sub>G</sub> − 0.3	V
Operating temperature	T <sub>opr</sub>	0~40	°C
Storage temperature	T <sub>stg</sub>	−55~125	°C

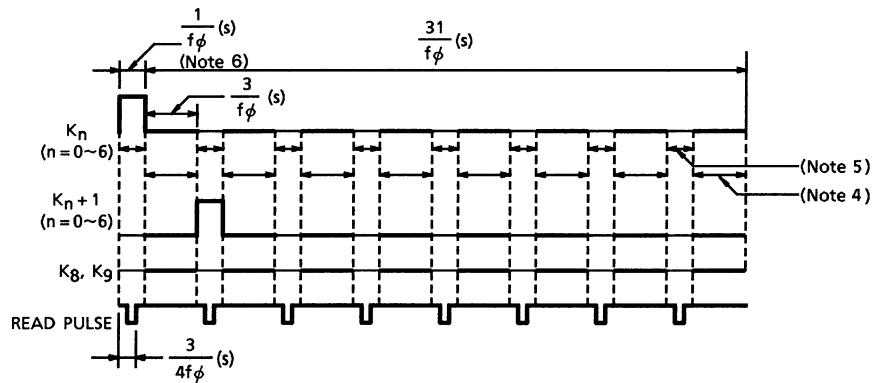
Electrical Characteristics (V<sub>G</sub> = −1.5 V ± 0.2 V, V<sub>SS2</sub> = −3.0 ± 0.4 V, V<sub>DD</sub> = 0 V, Ta = 25°C)

Characteristics	Symbol	Test Circuit	Pin Name	Test Condition	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Operating voltage	V <sub>G</sub>	—	—	—	−1.2	−1.5	−2.0	V
Supply current (I)	I <sub>DD</sub> WAIT	—	—	V <sub>G</sub> = −1.5 V, wait	—	2.0	3.0	μA
Supply current (II)	I <sub>DD</sub> OP	—	—	V <sub>G</sub> = −1.2 V, operate	—	4.5	7.0	μA
Supply current (III)	I <sub>DD</sub> OFF	—	—	V <sub>G</sub> = −1.5 V, off	—	—	2.0	μA
Oscillating frequency (I)	f <sub>φ</sub> WAIT	—	—	V <sub>G</sub> = −1.5 V, wait	5.4	9.0	12.6	kHz
Oscillating frequency (II)	f <sub>φ</sub> OP	—	—	V <sub>G</sub> = −1.5 V, operate	14.4	24.0	33.6	kHz
Frame frequency	f <sub>F</sub>	—	—	V <sub>G</sub> = −1.5 V, wait	56.3	93.8	131.3	Hz
"1" input voltage	V <sub>IH</sub>	—	K <sub>2</sub> ~K <sub>9</sub> RESET	—	V <sub>G</sub> + 0.4	—	V <sub>G</sub>	V
"0" input voltage	V <sub>IL</sub>	—	K <sub>2</sub> ~K <sub>9</sub> RESET	—	V <sub>SS</sub>	—	−0.4	V
"1" output voltage	V <sub>OH</sub> (I)	—	SEGMENT COM1~3	—	V <sub>SS2</sub> + 0.2	—	V <sub>SS2</sub>	V
"0" output voltage	V <sub>OL</sub> (I)	—	SEGMENT COM1~3	—	V <sub>DD</sub>	—	−0.2	V
"M" output voltage	V <sub>OH</sub>	—	COM1~3	—	V <sub>SS1</sub> + 0.2	—	V <sub>SS1</sub> − 0.2	V
"1" output voltage	V <sub>OH</sub> (II)	—	K <sub>0</sub> ~K <sub>9</sub> RESET	—	V <sub>SS1</sub> + 0.2	—	V <sub>SS1</sub>	V
"0" output voltage	V <sub>OL</sub> (II)	—	K <sub>0</sub> ~K <sub>9</sub> RESET	—	V <sub>DD</sub>	—	−0.2	V
"1" output resistance	R <sub>OH</sub>	—	SEGMENT COM1~3	V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>SS2</sub> + 0.5 V	—	—	70	kΩ
"0" output resistance	R <sub>OL</sub>	—	SEGMENT COM1~3	V <sub>OUT</sub> = −0.5 V	—	—	70	kΩ
RESET pull up resistance (I)	R <sub>RESETH</sub> (I)	—	RESET	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 V (Note 2)	156	260	364	kΩ
RESET pull up resistance (II)	R <sub>RESETH</sub> (II)	—	RESET	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 V (Note 3)	18	75	300	kΩ
Key pull up resistance (I)	R <sub>KEYH</sub> (I)	—	K <sub>0</sub> ~K <sub>9</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> = V <sub>G</sub> + 0.5 V (Note 4)	—	—	500	kΩ
Key pull up resistance (II)	R <sub>KEYH</sub>	—	K <sub>0</sub> ~K <sub>9</sub>	V <sub>OUT</sub> = 0 V (Note 5)	60	300	1500	kΩ
Key RESET pull down resistance	R <sub>KEYL</sub> RESETL	—	K <sub>0</sub> ~K <sub>9</sub> RESET	V <sub>OUT</sub> = −0.5 V (Note 6)	—	—	25	kΩ

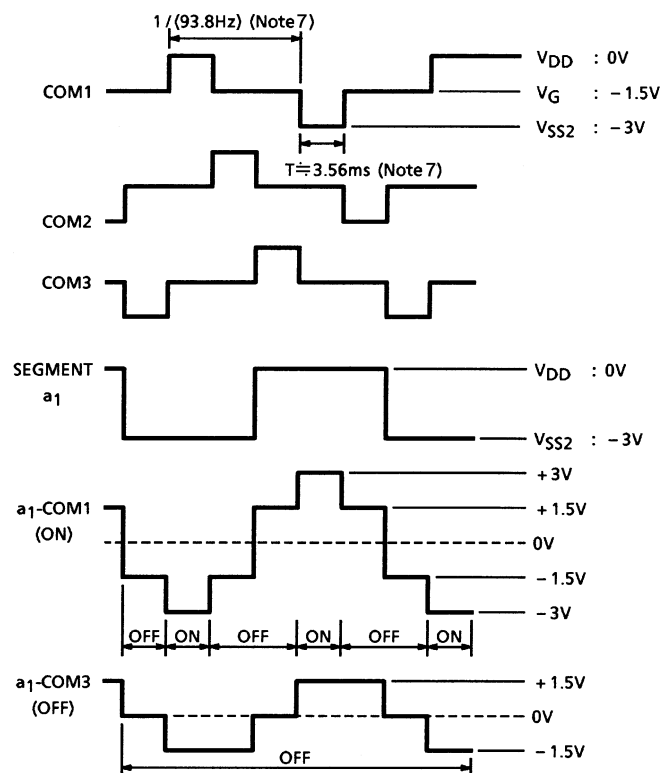
Note 2, 3, 6: RESET waveform, 1-cycle



Note 4, 5, 6: KEY waveform, 1-cycle



## Waveforms for Display



Note 7:  $f_{\phi}$  WAIT = 9 kHz

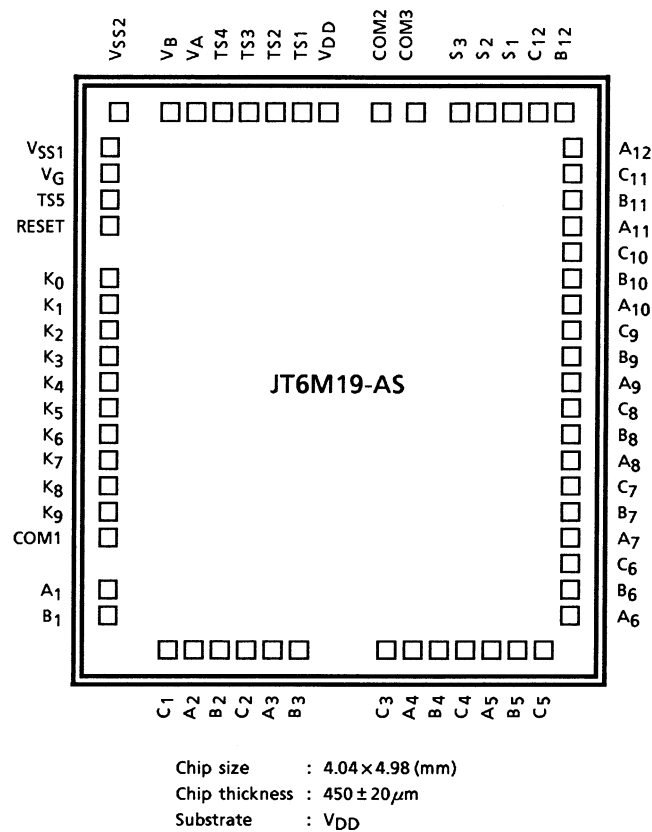
**Pad Location Table**

(μm)

Name	X Point	Y Point
V <sub>SS2</sub>	-1783	2330
V <sub>SS1</sub>	-1894	2102
V <sub>G</sub>	-1894	1901
TS5	-1894	1690
RESET	-1894	1469
K <sub>0</sub>	-1894	1070
K <sub>1</sub>	-1894	789
K <sub>2</sub>	-1894	547
K <sub>3</sub>	-1894	265
K <sub>4</sub>	-1894	23
K <sub>5</sub>	-1894	-259
K <sub>6</sub>	-1894	-501
K <sub>7</sub>	-1894	-782
K <sub>8</sub>	-1894	-1024
K <sub>9</sub>	-1894	-1306
COM1	-1894	-1602
A <sub>1</sub>	-1894	-2023
B <sub>1</sub>	-1894	-2258
C <sub>1</sub>	-1513	-2330
A <sub>2</sub>	-1277	-2330
B <sub>2</sub>	-1042	-2330
C <sub>2</sub>	-806	-2330
A <sub>3</sub>	-571	-2330
B <sub>3</sub>	-336	-2330
C <sub>3</sub>	118	-2330
A <sub>4</sub>	353	-2330
B <sub>4</sub>	589	-2330
C <sub>4</sub>	824	-2330
A <sub>5</sub>	1059	-2330
B <sub>5</sub>	1295	-2330
C <sub>5</sub>	1530	-2330
A <sub>6</sub>	1894	-2234

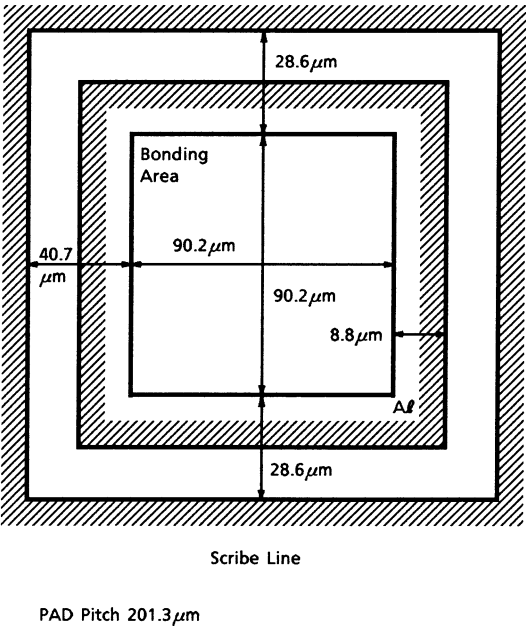
Name	X Point	Y Point
B <sub>6</sub>	1894	-1937
C <sub>6</sub>	1894	-1709
A <sub>7</sub>	1894	-1482
B <sub>7</sub>	1894	-1254
C <sub>7</sub>	1894	-1026
A <sub>8</sub>	1894	-799
B <sub>8</sub>	1894	-571
C <sub>8</sub>	1894	-343
A <sub>9</sub>	1894	-116
B <sub>9</sub>	1894	112
C <sub>9</sub>	1894	332
A <sub>10</sub>	1894	557
B <sub>10</sub>	1894	784
C <sub>10</sub>	1894	1012
A <sub>11</sub>	1894	1240
B <sub>11</sub>	1894	1467
C <sub>11</sub>	1894	1695
A <sub>12</sub>	1894	1920
B <sub>12</sub>	1839	2330
C <sub>12</sub>	1606	2330
S <sub>1</sub>	1373	2330
S <sub>2</sub>	1140	2330
S <sub>3</sub>	902	2330
COM3	565	2330
COM2	295	2330
V <sub>DD</sub>	-51	2330
TS1	-263	2330
TS2	-484	2330
TS3	-681	2330
TS4	-888	2330
V <sub>A</sub>	-1124	2330
V <sub>B</sub>	-1371	2330

Chip Layout



Pad Layout

Active Element



QFP67-P-1420-0.80

Technical drawing of a 16-pin D-subminiature connector. The drawing includes a top view, a side view of the pin array, and a cross-sectional view of the housing.

**Top View Dimensions:**

- Overall Width:  $24.1 \pm 0.4$
- Overall Height:  $18.1 \pm 0.4$
- Pin Array Width:  $20.0 \pm 0.2$
- Pin Array Height:  $14.0 \pm 0.2$
- Pin Pitch (Horizontal):  $2.0 \text{ TYP}$
- Pin Pitch (Vertical):  $2.2 \text{ TYP}$
- Pin 1 Location:  $0.8$  from the bottom left corner.
- Pin 16 Location:  $0.3 \pm 0.1$  from the top right corner.
- Pin 54 Location:  $2.0 \text{ TYP}$  from the top left corner.
- Pin 33 Location:  $1.2 \text{ TYP}$  from the top right corner.
- Pin 55 Location:  $2.2 \text{ TYP}$  from the top left corner.
- Pin 67 Location:  $2.2 \text{ TYP}$  from the bottom left corner.
- Pin 32 Location:  $3.8 \text{ TYP}$  from the top right corner.
- Pin 22 Location:  $2.2 \text{ TYP}$  from the bottom right corner.

**Side View Dimensions:**

- Pin Height:  $1.85 \pm 0.2$
- Pin Thickness:  $2.25 \text{ MAX}$
- Pin Spacing:  $0.15 \pm 0.1$

**Cross-sectional View Dimensions:**

- Housing Thickness:  $0.2^{+0.1}_{-0.05}$
- Pin Insertion Depth:  $1.35 \pm 0.2$

Weight: 1.20 g (typ.)



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