



CYPRESS

PRELIMINARY

CYW2330

## Dual Serial Input PLL with 2.5-GHz and 600-MHz Prescalers

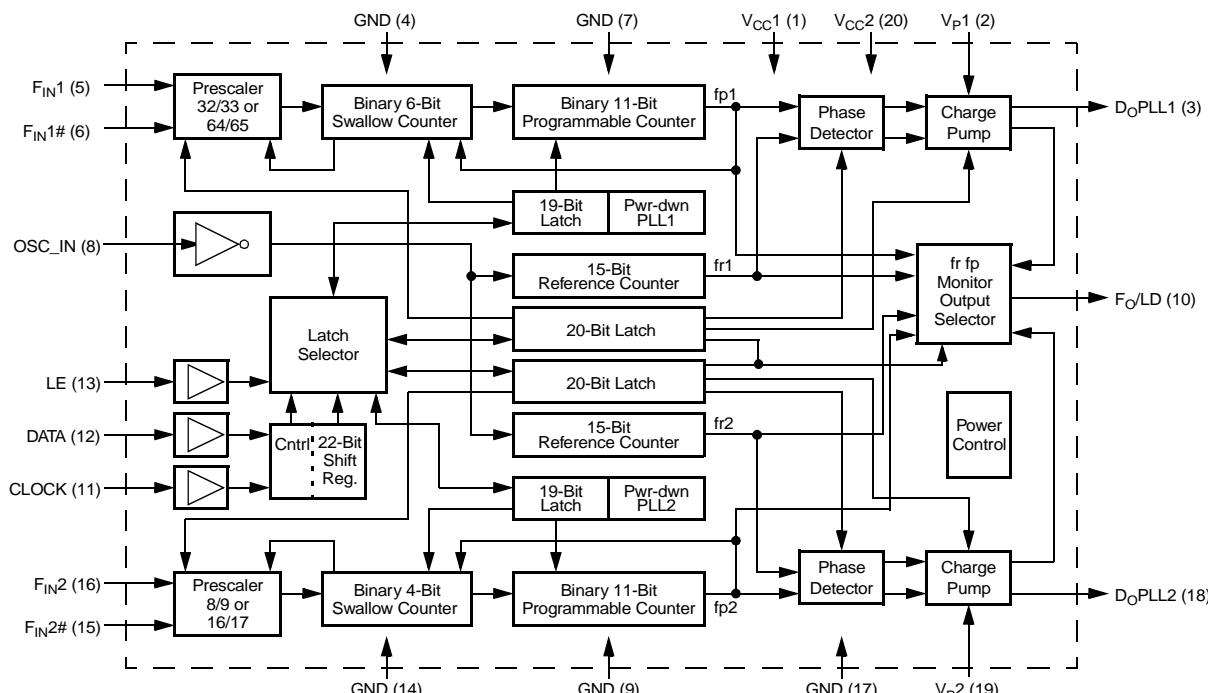
## Features

- Operating voltage: 2.7 V to 5.5 V
- PLL1 operating frequency:
  - 2.5 GHz with prescaler ratios of 32/33 and 64/65
- PLL2 operating frequency:
  - 600 MHz with prescaler ratios of 8/9 and 16/17
- Lock detect feature
- Available in a 20-pin TSSOP (Thin Shrink Small Outline Package)
- Available in a 24-pin CSP (Chip Scale Package)
- Available in a 20-pin MLF (Micro Lead Frame Package)

## Applications

The Cypress CYW2330 is a dual serial input PLL frequency synthesizer which includes a 2.5-GHz RF and a 600-MHz IF dual modulus prescaler to combine the RF and IF mixer frequency sections of wireless communication systems. The synthesizer is designed for cordless/cellular telephone systems, cable TV tuners, WLANs and other wireless communication systems. The device operates from 2.7 V and dissipates only 24 mW.

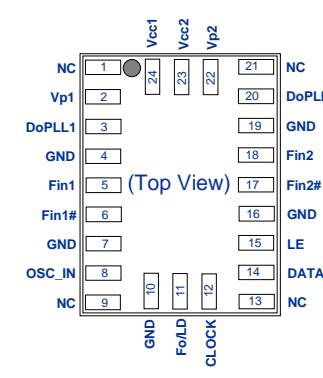
## CYW2330 Dual Hi-Lo PLL Block Diagram



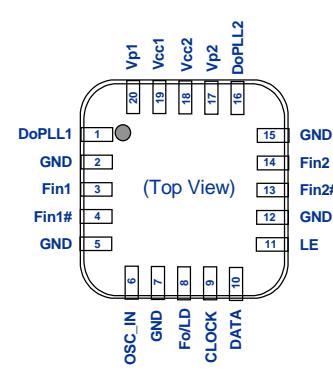
## Pin Configuration

V <sub>CC1</sub>	1	20	V <sub>CC2</sub>
V <sub>P1</sub>	2	19	V <sub>P2</sub>
D <sub>OPLL1</sub>	3	18	D <sub>OPLL2</sub>
GND	4	17	GND
F <sub>IN1</sub>	5	16	F <sub>IN2</sub>
F <sub>IN1</sub> #	6	15	F <sub>IN2</sub> #
GND	7	14	GND
OSC <sub>IN</sub>	8	13	LE
GND	9	12	DATA
F <sub>O/LD</sub>	10	11	CLOCK

TSSOP



CSP



MLF

**Pin Definitions**

Pin Name	Pin No. (TSSOP)	Pin No. (CSP)	Pin No. (MLF)	Pin Type	Pin Description
V <sub>CC</sub> 1	1	24	19	P	<b>Power Supply Connection for PLL1 and PLL2:</b> When power is removed from both the V <sub>CC</sub> 1 and V <sub>CC</sub> 2 pins, all latched data is lost.
V <sub>P</sub> 1	2	2	20	P	<b>PLL1 Charge Pump Rail Voltage:</b> This voltage accommodates VCO circuits with tuning voltages higher than the V <sub>CC</sub> of PLL1.
D <sub>O</sub> PLL1	3	3	1	O	<b>PLL1 Charge Pump Output:</b> The phase detector gain is $I_p/2\pi$ . Sense polarity can be reversed by setting the FC bit in software (via the Shift Register).
F <sub>IN</sub> 1	5	5	3	I	<b>Input to PLL1 Prescaler:</b> Maximum frequency 2.5 GHz.
F <sub>IN</sub> 1#	6	6	4	I	<b>Complementary Input to PLL1 Prescaler:</b> A bypass capacitor should be placed as close as possible to this pin and must be connected directly to the ground plane.
OSC_IN	8	8	6	I	<b>Oscillator Input:</b> This input has a V <sub>CC</sub> /2 threshold and CMOS logic level sensitivity.
F <sub>O</sub> /LD	10	11	8	O	<b>Lock Detect Pin of PLL1 Section:</b> This output is HIGH when the loop is locked. It is multiplexed to the output of the programmable counters or reference dividers in the test program mode. (Refer to Table 3 for configuration.)
CLOCK	11	12	9	I	<b>Data Clock Input:</b> One bit of data is loaded into the Shift Register on the rising edge of this signal.
DATA	12	14	10	I	<b>Serial Data Input</b>
LE	13	15	11	I	<b>Load Enable:</b> On the rising edge of this signal, the data stored in the Shift Register is latched into the reference counter and configuration controls, PLL1 or PLL2 depending on the state of the control bits.
F <sub>IN</sub> 2#	15	17	13	I	<b>Complementary Input to PLL2 Prescaler:</b> A bypass capacitor should be placed as close as possible to this pin and must be connected directly to the ground plane.
F <sub>IN</sub> 2	16	18	14	I	<b>Input to PLL2 Prescaler:</b> Maximum frequency 600 MHz.
D <sub>O</sub> PLL2	18	20	16	O	<b>PLL2 Charge Pump Output:</b> The phase detector gain is $I_p/2\pi$ . Sense polarity can be reversed by setting the FC bit in software (via the Shift Register).
V <sub>P</sub> 2	19	22	17	P	<b>PLL2 Charge Pump Rail Voltage:</b> This voltage accommodates VCO circuits with tuning voltages higher than the V <sub>CC</sub> of PLL2.
V <sub>CC</sub> 2	20	23	18	P	<b>Power Supply Connections for PLL1 and PLL2:</b> When power is removed from both the V <sub>CC</sub> 1 and V <sub>CC</sub> 2 pins, all latched data is lost.
GND	4, 7, 9, 14, 17	4, 7, 10, 16, 19	2, 5, 7, 12, 15	G	<b>Analog and Digital Ground Connections:</b> This pin must be grounded.
N/C	N/A	1, 9, 13, 21	N/A	N/C	<b>No Connect.</b>

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Stresses greater than those listed in this table may cause permanent damage to the device. These represent a stress rating

only. Operation of the device at these or any other conditions above those specified in the operating sections of this specification is not implied. Maximum conditions for extended periods may affect reliability.

Parameter	Description	Rating	Unit
$V_{CC}$ or $V_P$	Power Supply Voltage	–0.5 to +6.5	V
$V_{OUT}$	Output Voltage	–0.5 to $V_{CC}+0.5$	V
$I_{OUT}$	Output Current	±15	mA
$T_L$	Lead Temperature	+260	°C
$T_{STG}$	Storage Temperature	–55 to +150	°C

## Handling Precautions

Devices should be transported and stored in antistatic containers.

These devices are static sensitive. Ensure that equipment and personnel contacting the devices are properly grounded.

Cover workbenches with grounded conductive mats.

Always turn off power before adding or removing devices from system.

Protect leads with a conductive sheet when handling or transporting PC boards with devices.

If devices are removed from the moisture protective bags for more than 36 hours, they should be baked at 85°C in a moisture free environment for 24 hours prior to assembly in less than 24 hours.

## Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Description	Test Condition	Rating	Unit
$V_{CC1}$ , $V_{CC2}$	Power Supply Voltage		2.7 to 5.5	V
$V_P$	Charge Pump Voltage		$V_{CC}$ to +5.5	V
$T_A$	Operating Temperature	Ambient air at 0 CFM flow	–40 to +85	°C

**Electrical Characteristics:**  $V_{CC} = V_P = 2.7V$  to  $5.5V$ ,  $T_A = -40^{\circ}C$  to  $+85^{\circ}C$ , Unless otherwise specified

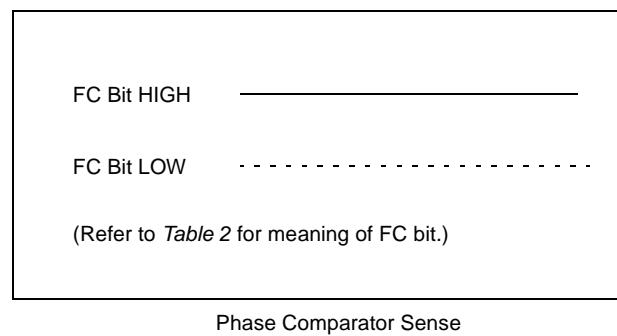
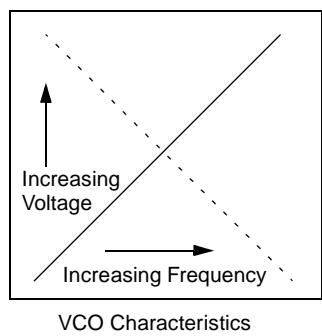
Parameter	Description	Test Condition	Pin	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
$I_{CC}$	Power Supply Current PLL1 + PLL2	$V_{CC1} = V_{CC2} = 3.0V$	$V_{CC1}$ , $V_{CC2}$		8.5		mA
$I_{PD}$	Power-down Current	Power-down, $V_{CC} = 3.0V$	$V_{CC1}$ , $V_{CC2}$		1	25	$\mu A$
$F_{IN1}$	Operating Frequency	PLL1	$F_{IN1}$	100		2500	MHz
$F_{IN2}$		PLL2	$F_{IN2}$	45		600	MHz
$F_{OSC}$	Oscillator Input Frequency		$OSC\_IN$	5		45	MHz
$F_{\phi}$	Phase Detector Frequency					10	MHz
$PF_{IN1}$	Input Sensitivity	$V_{CC} = 2.7V$	$F_{IN1}$	-15		4	dBm
$PF_{IN2}$		$V_{CC} = 5.5V$		-10		4	dBm
		$V_{CC} = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$	$F_{IN2}$	-10		4	dBm
$V_{OSC}$	Oscillator Input Sensitivity	$V_{CC} = 3.0V$	$OSC\_IN$	0.5			$V_{P-P}$
$I_{IH}$ , $I_{IL}$	High/Low Level Input Current			-100		100	$\mu A$
$V_{IH}$	High Level Input Voltage	$V_{CC} = 3.0V$	DATA, CLOCK, LE	$V_{CC} * 0.8$			V
$V_{IL}$	Low Level Input Voltage					$V_{CC} * 0.2$	V
$I_{IH}$	High Level Input Current			-10	0.5	10	$\mu A$
$I_{IL}$	Low Level Input Current			-10	0.5	10	$\mu A$
$V_{OH}$	High level Output Voltage	$V_{CC} = 3.0V$ , $I_{OH} = -1$ mA	$F_O/LD$	$V_{CC} * 0.8$			V
$V_{OL}$	Low Level Output Voltage					$V_{CC} * 0.2$	V
$ID_{OH(SO)}$	$ID_O$ High, Source Current	$V_{CC} = V_P = 3.0V$ , $D_O = V_P/2$	$D_OPLL1$ $D_OPLL2$		-3.8		mA
$ID_{OL(SO)}$	$ID_O$ Low, Source Current				-1		mA
$ID_{OH(SI)}$	$ID_O$ High, Sink Current				3.8		mA
$ID_{OL(SI)}$	$ID_O$ Low, Sink Current				1		mA
$\Delta ID_O$	$ID_O$ Charge Pump Sink and Source Mismatch	$V_{CC} = V_P = 3.0V$ , $[(ID_{O(SI)}@T - ID_{O(SI)}@25^{\circ}C)/ID_{O(SI)}@25^{\circ}C] * 100\%$ and $[(ID_{O(SO)}@T - ID_{O(SO)}@25^{\circ}C)/ID_{O(SO)}@25^{\circ}C] * 100\%$ .			3	15	%
$ID_O$ vs T	Charge Pump Current Variation vs. Temperature	$-40^{\circ}C < T < 85^{\circ}C$ $V_{DO} = V_P/2^{[1]}$			5		%
$I_{OFF}$	Charge Pump High-Impedance Leakage Current	$V_{CC} = V_P = 3.0V$ ,			$\pm 2.5$		nA

**Note:**

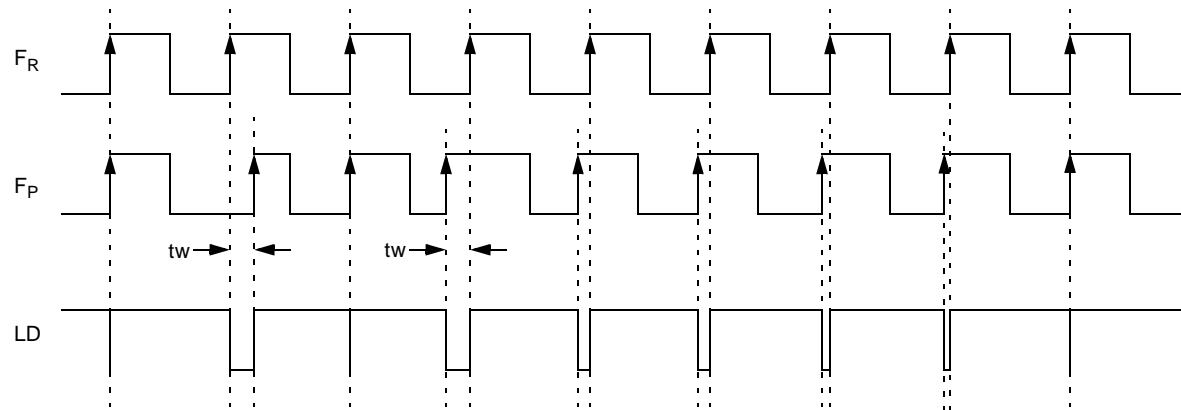
- $ID_O$  vs T; Charge pump current variation vs. temperature.  
 $[(ID_{O(SI)}@T - ID_{O(SI)}@25^{\circ}C)/ID_{O(SI)}@25^{\circ}C] * 100\%$  and  
 $[(ID_{O(SO)}@T - ID_{O(SO)}@25^{\circ}C)/ID_{O(SO)}@25^{\circ}C] * 100\%$ .

## Timing Waveforms

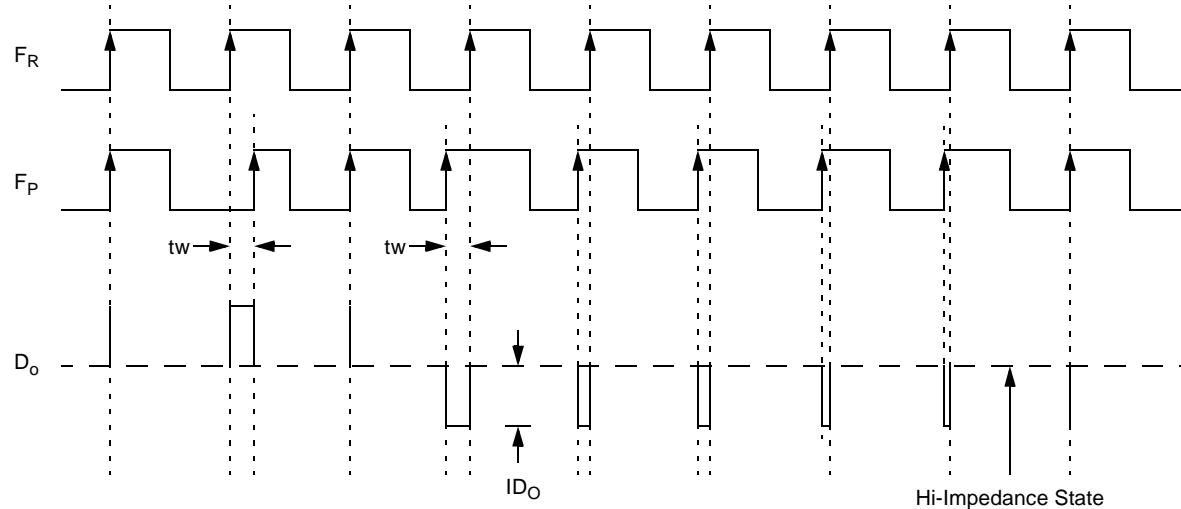
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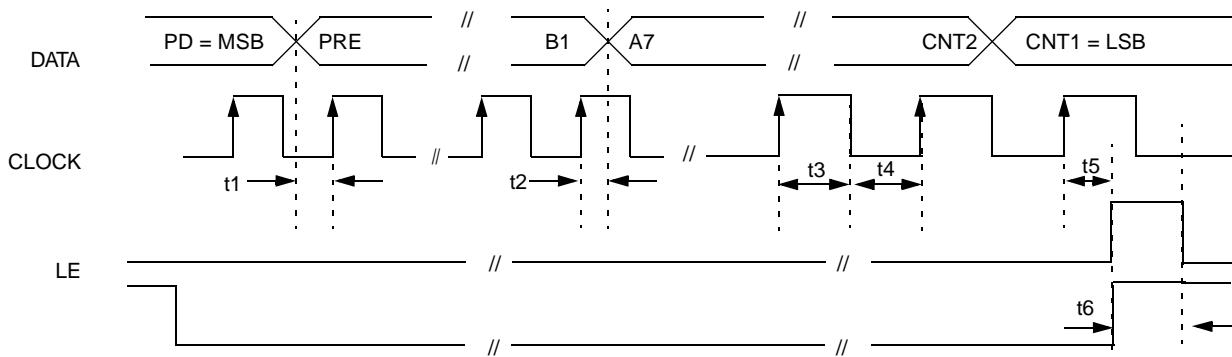


### Phase Detector Output Waveform



### $D_0$ Charge Pump Output Current Waveform



**Timing Waveforms (continued)**
**Serial Data Input Timing Waveform<sup>[2, 3, 4, 5]</sup>**

**Serial Data Input**

Data is input serially using the DATA, CLOCK, and LE pins. Two control bits direct data as described in *Table 1*.

**Table 1. Control Configuration**

CNT1	CNT2	Function
0	0	<b>Program Reference 2:</b> R = 3 to 32767, set PLL2 (low frequency) phase detector polarity, set current in PLL2, set PLL2 to Hi-Impedance state, set monitor selector to PLL2.
0	1	<b>Program Reference 1:</b> R = 3 to 32767, set PLL1 (high frequency) phase detector polarity, set current in PLL1, set PLL1 to Hi-Impedance state, set monitor selector to PLL1
1	0	<b>Program Counter for PLL2:</b> A = 0 to 15, B = 3 to 2047, set PLL2 prescaler ratio, set PLL2 to power-down.
1	1	<b>Program Counter for PLL1:</b> A = 0 to 63, B = 3 to 2047, set PLL1 prescaler ratio, set PLL1 to power-down.

**Notes:**

2.  $t_1 - t_6 = t > 50$  ns.
3. CLOCK may remain HIGH after latching in data.
4. DATA is shifted in with the MSB first.
5. For DATA definitions, refer to *Table 2*.

**Table 2. Shift Register Configuration<sup>[6]</sup>**

1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22
<b>Reference Counter and Configuration Bits</b>																					
CNT1	CNT2	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	R6	R7	R8	R9	R10	R11	R12	R13	R14	R15	FC	IDO	TS	LD	FO
<b>Programmable Counter bits</b>																					
CNT1	CNT2	A1	A2	A3	A4	A5	A6	A7	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5	B6	B7	B8	B9	B10	B11	PRE	PD
<b>Bit(s) Name</b>																					
CNT1, CNT2	<b>Control Bits:</b> Directs programming data to PLL1 (high frequency) or PLL2 (low frequency).																				
R1–R15	<b>Reference Counter Setting Bits:</b> 15 bits, R = 3 to 32767. <sup>[7]</sup>																				
FC	<b>Phase Sense of the Phase Detector:</b> Set to match the VCO polarity, H = + (Positive VCO transfer function).																				
IDO	<b>Charge Pump Setting Bit:</b> ID <sub>O</sub> HIGH = 3.8 mA, ID <sub>O</sub> LOW = 1 mA at V <sub>P</sub> = 3V.																				
TS	<b>Hi-Impedance State Bit:</b> Makes D <sub>O</sub> Hi-Impedance for PLL1 and PLL2 when HIGH.																				
LD	<b>Lock Detect:</b> Directs the lock detect signal source pin 10. Pin 10 is HIGH with narrow low excursions when locked. When not locked, this pin is LOW.																				
FO	<b>Frequency Out:</b> This bit can be set to read out reference or programmable divider at the LD pin for test purposes.																				
PRE	<b>Prescaler Divide Bit:</b> For PLL1: LOW = 32/33 and HIGH = 64/65. For PLL2: LOW = 8/9 and HIGH = 16/17.																				
PD	<b>Power-down:</b> LOW = power-up and HIGH = power-down. F <sub>IN</sub> is at a high-impedance state, respective B counter is disabled, forces D <sub>O</sub> outputs to Hi-Impedance and phase comparators are disabled. The reference counter is disabled and the OSC input is high-impedance after both PLLs are powered down. Data can be input and latched in the power-down state.																				
A1–A7	<b>Swallow Counter Divide Ratio:</b> A = 0 to 63 for PLL1 and 0 to 15 for PLL2.																				
B1–B11	<b>Programmable Counter Divide Ratio:</b> B = 3 to 2047. <sup>[7]</sup>																				

**Table 3. F<sub>O</sub>/LD Pin Truth Table**

FO (Bit 22)		LD (Bit 21)		F <sub>O</sub> /LD Pin Output State
PLL1	PLL2	PLL1	PLL2	
0	0	0	0	Disable
0	0	0	1	PLL2 Lock Detect
0	0	1	0	PLL1 Lock Detect
0	0	1	1	PLL1/PLL2 Lock Detect
0	1	X	0	PLL2 Reference Divider Output
1	0	X	0	PLL1 Reference Divider Output
0	1	X	1	PLL2 Programmable Divider Output
1	0	X	1	PLL1 Programmable Divider Output
1	1	0	1	PLL2 Counter Reset
1	1	1	0	PLL1 Counter Reset
1	1	1	1	PLL1/PLL2 Counter Reset

**Notes:**

6. The MSB is loaded in first.
7. Low count ratios may violate frequency limits of the phase detector.

**Table 4. 6-Bit Swallow Counter (A) Truth Table<sup>[8]</sup>**

Divide Ratio A	A7	A6	A5	A4	A3	A2	A1
<b>PLL1 (High Frequency)</b>							
0	X	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	X	0	0	0	0	0	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
62	X	1	1	1	1	1	0
63	X	1	1	1	1	1	1
<b>PLL2 (Low Frequency)</b>							
0	X	X	X	0	0	0	0
1	X	X	X	0	0	0	1
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
14	X	X	X	1	1	1	0
15	X	X	X	1	1	1	1

**Table 5. 11-Bit Programmable Counter (B) Truth Table<sup>[9]</sup>**

Divide Ratio B	B11	B10	B9	B8	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
2046	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
2047	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

**Table 6. 15-Bit Programmable Reference Counter (for PLL1 and PLL2) Truth Table<sup>[10]</sup>**

Divide Ratio R	R15	R14	R13	R12	R11	R10	R9	R8	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
32766	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
32767	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

### Ordering Information<sup>[11]</sup>

Ordering Code	Package Name	Package Type	Tape and Reel Option
CYW2330	ZI BCI LFI	20-pin Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (0.173" wide) 24-pin Chip Scale Package (3.5 mm X 4.5 mm) 20-pin Micro Lead Frame (4 mm x 4 mm)	TR

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**Notes:**

8. B is greater than or equal to A.
9. Divide ratio less than 3 is prohibited. (See equation below.)
10. Divide ratio less than 3 is prohibited. The divide ratio can be calculated using the following equation:

$$fvco = \{(P * B) + A\} * fosc / R \text{ where } (A \leq B)$$

fvco: Output frequency of the external VCO.

fosc: The crystal reference oscillator frequency.

A: Preset divide ratio of the 6-bit swallow counter (0 to 63) and the 4-bit swallow counter (0 to 15).

B: Preset ratio of the 11-bit programmable counter (3 to 2047).

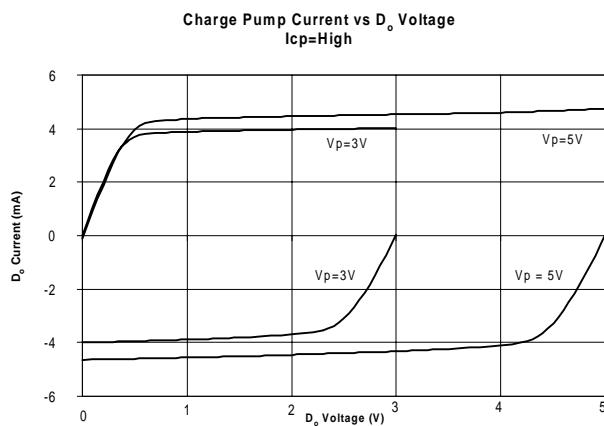
P: Preset divide ratio of the dual modulus prescaler.

R: Preset ratio of the 15-bit programmable reference counter (3 to 32767).

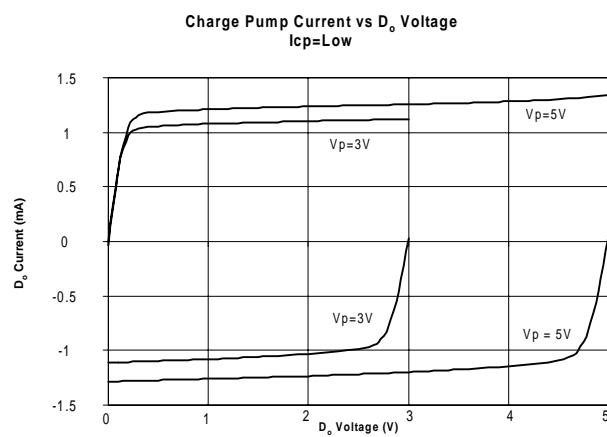
The divide ratio N = (P \* B) + A.

11. Operating temperature range: -40°C to +85°C.

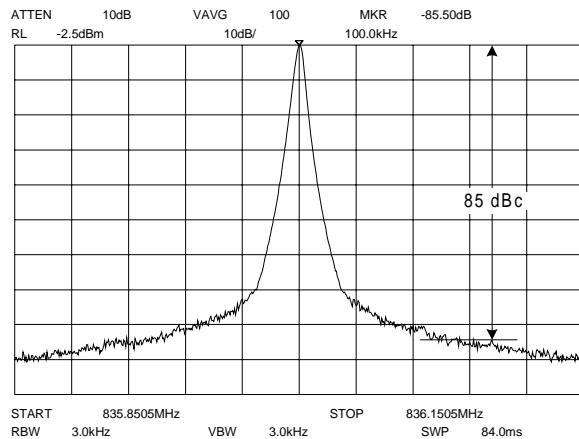
## Typical Performance Characteristics



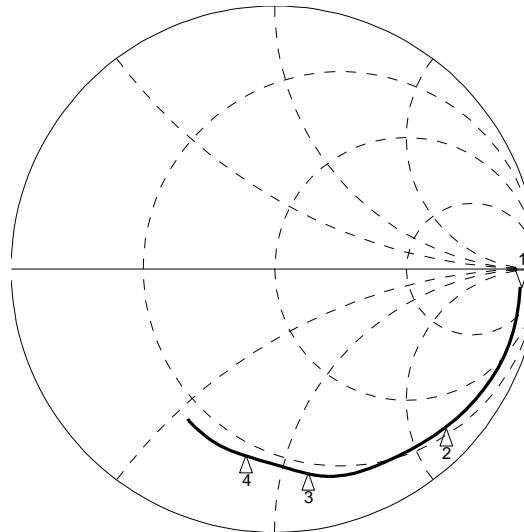
**Figure 1.**  
 $D_o$  Output Current High Mode



**Figure 3.**  
 $D_o$  Output Current Low Mode

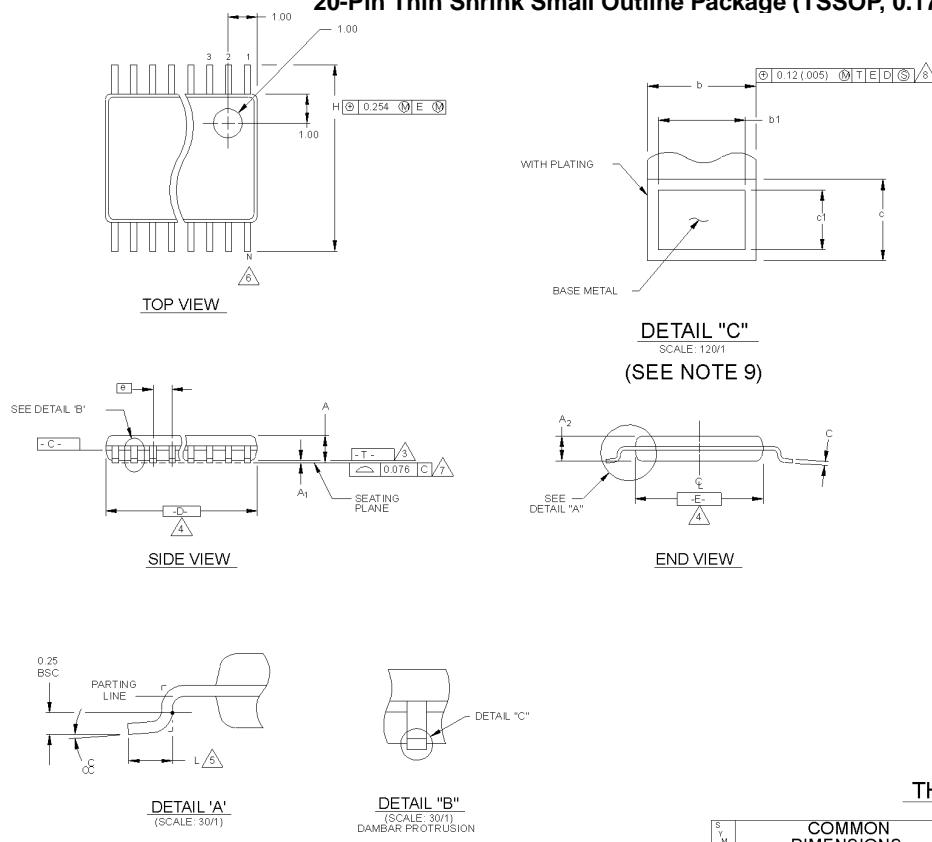


**Figure 3. PLL Reference Spurs**  
PLL Reference Spurious Level is  $-85.5$  dBc



Marker Reference Number	Real	Imaginary	Input Frequency
Marker 1	623	-823	100 MHz
Marker 2	21	-120	1 GHz
Marker 3	14	-55	1.8 GHz
Marker 4	13	-39	2.2 GHz

**Figure 4.**  
Input Impedance  $F_{IN1}, F_{IN2}$   
VCC = 2.7 to 5.5V,  $F_{IN}$  = 75 MHz to 2.6 GHz

**Package Diagram**
**20-Pin Thin Shrink Small Outline Package (TSSOP, 0.173" wide)**

**NOTES:**

1. DIE THICKNESS ALLOWABLE IS 0.279±0.0127 (0.0110±0.0005 INCHES)
2. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCES PER ANSI Y14.5M-1982
3. "T" IS A REFERENCE DATUM
4. "D" & "E" ARE REFERENCE DATUMS AND DO NOT INCLUDE PROTRUSIONS AND ARE MEASURED AT THE PARTING LINE. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15mm PER SIDE
5. DIMENSION IS THE LENGTH OF TERMINAL FOR SOLDERING TO A SUBSTRATE
6. TERMINAL POSITIONS ARE SHOWN FOR REFERENCE ONLY
7. FORMED LEADS SHALL BE PLANAR WITH RESPECT TO ONE ANOTHER AND TO THE PLATE
8. LEAD WIDTH DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE DAMBAR PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE DAMBAR PROTRUSION SHALL BE 0.08mm TOTAL IN EXCESS OF THE LEAD WIDTH DIMENSION AT MAXIMUM MATERIAL CONDITION. DAMBAR CANNOT BE LOCATED ON THE LEAD FOOT OR THE FOOT. MINIMUM SPACE BETWEEN PROTRUSIONS AND AN ADJACENT LEAD TO BE 0.14mm SEE DETAILS 'B' AND 'C'
9. DETAIL "C" TO BE DETERMINED AT 0.10 TO 0.25 MM FROM THE LEAD TIP
10. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETERS
11. THIS PART IS COMPLIANT WITH JEDEC SPECIFICATION MO-153. VARIATIONS AA, AB, AC, AD AND AE.

**THIS TABLE IN MILLIMETERS**

S Y M B O	COMMON DIMENSIONS			N O T E V A R I A T I O N S	4			6		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.		D	N	D	N	D	N
A			1.10	AA	2.90	3.00	3.10	3.20	8	8
A <sub>1</sub>	0.05	0.10	0.15	AB	4.90	5.00	5.10	5.20	14	14
A <sub>2</sub>	0.85	0.90	0.95	AC	4.90	5.00	5.10	5.20	16	16
b	0.19	-	0.30	8	AD	6.40	6.50	6.60	20	20
b <sub>1</sub>	0.19	0.22	0.25		AE	7.70	7.80	7.90	24	24
c	0.090	-	0.20		AF	9.60	9.70	9.80	28	28
c <sub>1</sub>	0.090	0.127	0.135							
D	SEE VARIATIONS									
E	4.30	4.40	4.50	4						
e	0.65 BSC									
H	6.25	6.40	6.50							
L	0.50	0.60	0.70	5						
N	SEE VARIATIONS			6						
α	0°	4°	8°							

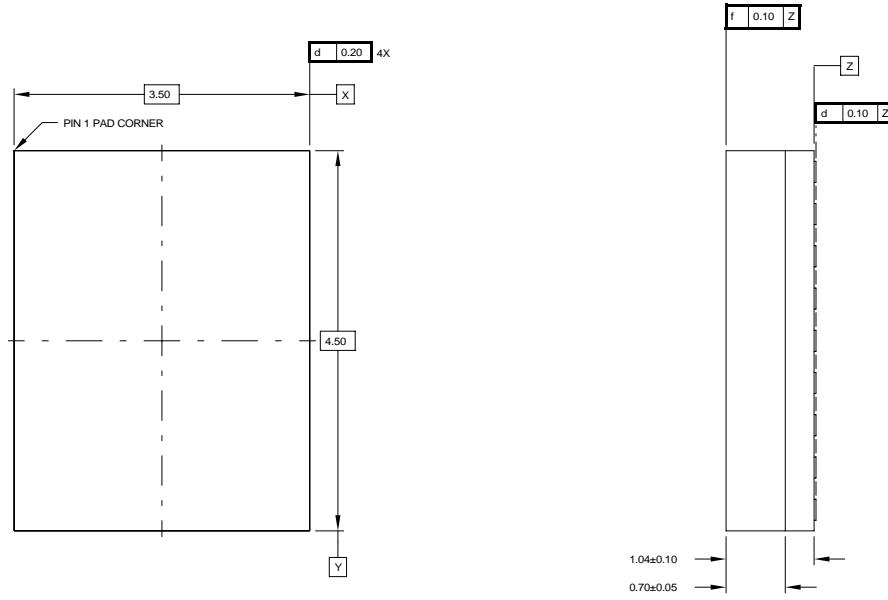
**THIS TABLE IN INCHES**

S Y M B O	COMMON DIMENSIONS			N O T E V A R I A T I O N S	4			6		
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.		D	N	D	N	D	N
A			.0433	AA	.114	.118	.122	.126	.8	.8
A <sub>1</sub>	.002	.004	.006	AB	.193	.197	.201	.205	14	14
A <sub>2</sub>	.0335	.0354	.0374	AC	.193	.197	.201	.205	16	16
b	.0075	-	.0118	8	AD	.252	.256	.260	.264	20
b <sub>1</sub>	.0075	.0087	.0098		AE	.303	.307	.311	.315	24
c	.0035	-	.0079		AF	.378	.382	.386	.390	28
c <sub>1</sub>	.0035	.0050	.0053							
D	SEE VARIATIONS									
E	.169	.173	.177	4						
e	0.256 BSC									
H	.246	.252	.256							
L	.020	.024	.028	5						
N	SEE VARIATIONS			6						
α	0°	4°	8°							

\*VARIATION AF IS DESIGNED BUT NOT TOOLED\*

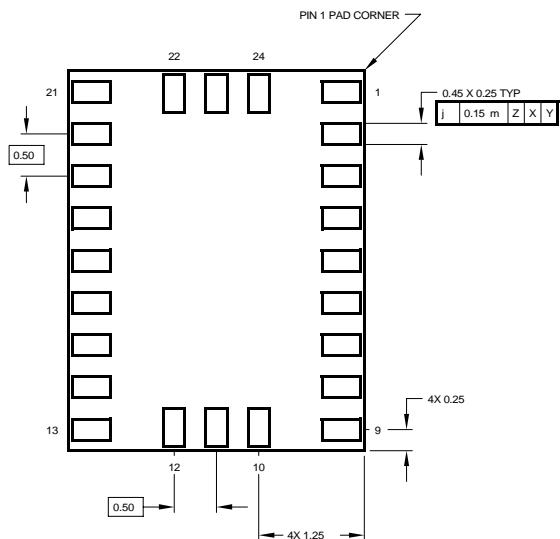
## Package Diagram

## 24-Pin Chip Scale Package (CSP 3.5 mm X 4.5 mm)



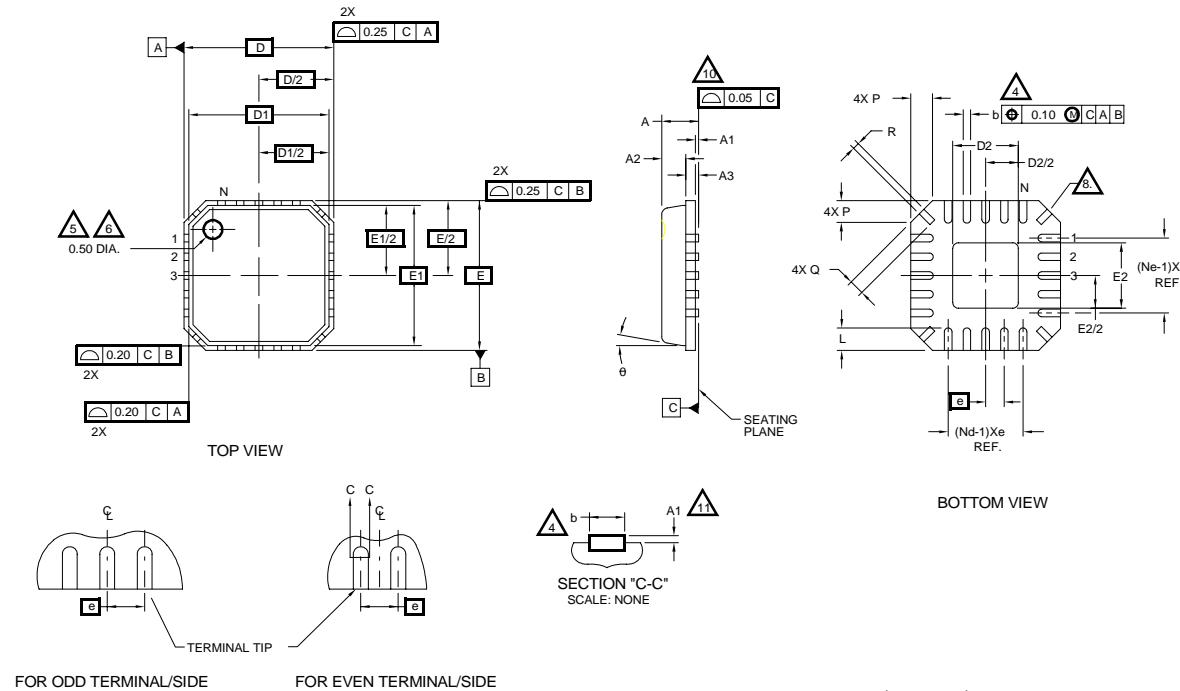
### TOP VIEW

### SIDE VIEW



ALL DIMENSIONS AND TOLERANCES CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M-1994.  
UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

### BOTTOM VIEW

**Package Diagram**
**20-Pin Micro Lead Frame Package (MLF 4 mm X 4 mm)**


SYMBOL	COMMON DIMENSIONS			N <sub>O</sub> <sub>T</sub> <sub>E</sub>
	MIN.	NOM.	MAX.	
A	-	0.85	1.00	
A1	0.00	0.01	0.05	11
A2	-	0.65	0.80	
A3	0.20 REF.			
D	4.00 BSC			
D1	3.75 BSC			
E	4.00 BSC			
E1	3.75 BSC			
$\theta$	12			
P	0.24	0.42	0.60	
R	0.13	0.17	0.23	
$\emptyset$	0.50 BSC			
N	20			3
Nd	5			3
Ne	5			3
L	0.50	0.60	0.75	
b	0.18	0.23	0.30	4
Q	0.30	0.40	0.65	
D2	1.55	1.70	1.85	
E2	1.55	1.70	1.85	

NOTES:

1. DIE THICKNESS ALLOWABLE IS 0.305mm MAXIMUM(.012 INCHES MAXIMUM)
2. DIMENSIONING & TOLERANCES CONFORM TO ASME Y14.5M. - 1994.
3. N IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS.
4. Nd IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS IN X-DIRECTION &
5. Ne IS THE NUMBER OF TERMINALS IN Y-DIRECTION.
6. DIMENSION b APPLIES TO PLATED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.20 AND 0.25mm FROM TERMINAL TIP.
7. THE PIN #1 IDENTIFIER MUST BE EXISTED ON THE TOP SURFACE OF THE PACKAGE BY USING INDENTATION MARK OR OTHER FEATURE OF PACKAGE BODY.
8. EXACT SHAPE AND SIZE OF THIS FEATURE IS OPTIONAL.
9. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS.
10. THE SHAPE SHOWN ON FOUR CORNERS ARE NOT ACTUAL I/O.
11. PACKAGE WARPAGE MAX 0.05mm.
12. APPLIED FOR EXPOSED PAD AND TERMINALS.
13. EXCLUDE EMBEDDING PART OF EXPOSED PAD FROM MEASURING.
14. APPLIED ONLY FOR TERMINALS.