

Optocoupler, Phototransistor Output, With Base Connection

Features

- Isolation Test Voltage 5300 V_{RMS}
- Long Term Stability
- Industry Standard Dual-in-Line Package

Agency Approvals

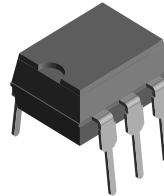
- Underwriters Lab File #E52744
System Code H or J
- DIN EN 60747-5-2(VDE0884)
DIN EN 60747-5-5 pending
- BSI IEC60950 IEC60965
- FIMKO

Description

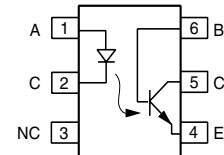
The CNY17 is an optically coupled pair consisting of a Gallium Arsenide infrared emitting diode optically coupled to a silicon NPN phototransistor.

Signal information, including a DC level, can be transmitted by the device while maintaining a high degree of electrical isolation between input and output.

The CNY17 can be used to replace relays and transformers in many digital interface applications, as well as analog applications such as CRT modulation.



1179004



Order Information

Part	Remarks
CNY17-1	CTR 40 - 80 %, DIP-6
CNY17-2	CTR 63 - 125 %, DIP-6
CNY17-3	CTR 100 - 200 %, DIP-6
CNY17-4	CTR 160 - 320 %, DIP-6
CNY17-1-X006	CTR 40 - 80 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6)
CNY17-1-X007	CTR 40 - 80 %, SMD-6 (option 7)
CNY17-1-X009	CTR 40 - 80 %, SMD-6 (option 9)
CNY17-2-X006	CTR 63 - 125 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6)
CNY17-2-X007	CTR 63 - 125 %, SMD-6 (option 7)
CNY17-2-X009	CTR 63 - 125 %, SMD-6 (option 9)
CNY17-3-X006	CTR 100 - 200 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6)
CNY17-3-X007	CTR 100 - 200 %, SMD-6 (option 7)
CNY17-3-X009	CTR 100 - 200 %, SMD-6 (option 9)
CNY17-4-X006	CTR 160 - 320 %, DIP-6 400 mil (option 6)
CNY17-4-X007	CTR 160 - 320 %, SMD-6 (option 7)
CNY17-4-X009	CTR 160 - 320 %, SMD-6 (option 9)

For additional information on the available options refer to Option Information.

Absolute Maximum Ratings

$T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$, unless otherwise specified

Stresses in excess of the absolute Maximum Ratings can cause permanent damage to the device. Functional operation of the device is not implied at these or any other conditions in excess of those given in the operational sections of this document. Exposure to absolute Maximum Rating for extended periods of the time can adversely affect reliability.

Input

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Value	Unit
Reverse voltage		V_R	6.0	A
Forward current		I_F	60	mA
Surge current	$t \leq 10\text{ }\mu\text{s}$	I_{FSM}	2.5	A
Power dissipation		P_{diss}	100	mW

Output

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Value	Unit
Collector-emitter breakdown voltage		BV_{CEO}	70	V
Emitter-base breakdown voltage		BV_{EBO}	7.0	V
Collector current		I_C	50	mA
	$t < 1.0\text{ ms}$	I_C	100	mA
Power dissipation		P_{diss}	150	mW

Coupler

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Value	Unit
Isolation test voltage (between emitter & detector referred to climate DIN 50014, part 2, Nov. 74)	$t = 1\text{ sec}$	V_{ISO}	5300	V_{RMS}
Creepage distance			≥ 7.0	mm
Clearance distance			≥ 7.0	mm
Isolation thickness between emitter and detector			≥ 0.4	mm
Comparative tracking index per DIN IEC 112/VDE0303, part 1			175	
Isolation resistance	$V_{IO} = 500\text{ V}$, $T_{amb} = 25\text{ °C}$	R_{IO}	$\geq 10^{12}$	Ω
	$V_{IO} = 500\text{ V}$, $T_{amb} = 100\text{ °C}$	R_{IO}	$\geq 10^{11}$	Ω
Storage temperature		T_{stg}	- 55 to + 150	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Operating temperature		T_{amb}	- 55 to + 100	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Junction temperature		T_j	100	$^{\circ}\text{C}$
Soldering temperature	max. 10 s, dip soldering: distance to seating plane $\geq 1.5\text{ mm}$	T_{sld}	260	$^{\circ}\text{C}$

Electrical Characteristics

$T_{amb} = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, unless otherwise specified

Minimum and maximum values are testing requirements. Typical values are characteristics of the device and are the result of engineering evaluation. Typical values are for information only and are not part of the testing requirements.

Input

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Forward voltage	$I_F = 60\text{ mA}$	V_F		1.25	1.65	V
Breakdown voltage	$I_R = 10\text{ mA}$	V_{BR}	6.0			V
Reverse current	$V_R = 6.0\text{ V}$	I_R		0.01	10	μA
Capacitance	$V_R = 0\text{ V}$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$	C_O		25		pF
Thermal resistance		R_{th}		750		K/W

Output

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Collector-emitter capacitance	$V_{CE} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$	C_{CE}		5.2		pF
Collector - base capacitance	$V_{CB} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$	C_{CB}		6.5		pF
Emitter - base capacitance	$V_{EB} = 5.0\text{ V}$, $f = 1.0\text{ MHz}$	C_{EB}		7.5		pF
Thermal resistance		R_{th}		500		K/W

Coupler

Parameter	Test condition	Part	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Collector-emitter saturation voltage	$V_F = 10\text{ mA}$, $I_C = 2.5\text{ mA}$		V_{CEsat}		0.25	0.4	V
Coupling capacitance			C_C		0.6		pF
Collector-emitter leakage current	$V_{CE} = 10\text{ V}$, I_{CEO}	CNY17-1	I_{CEO}		2.0	50	nA
		CNY17-2	I_{CEO}		2.0	50	nA
		CNY17-3	I_{CEO}		5.0	100	nA
		CNY17-4	I_{CEO}		5.0	100	nA

Current Transfer Ratio

Current Transfer Ratio and collector-emitter leakage current by dash number ($T_{amb}^{\circ}\text{C}$)

Parameter	Test condition	Part	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
I_C/I_F	$I_F = 10\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 5.0\text{ V}$	CNY17-1	CTR	40		80	%
		CNY17-2	CTR	63		125	%
		CNY17-3	CTR	100		200	%
		CNY17-4	CTR	160		320	%
	$I_F = 1.0\text{ mA}$, $V_{CE} = 5.0\text{ V}$	CNY17-1	CTR	13	30		%
		CNY17-2	CTR	22	45		%
		CNY17-3	CTR	34	70		%
		CNY17-4	CTR	56	90		%

Switching Characteristics

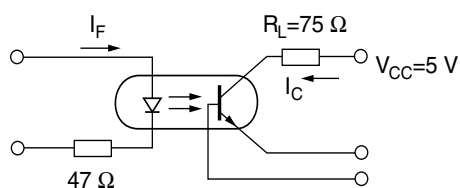
Linear operation (without saturation)

Parameter	Test condition	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Turn-on time	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $R_L = 75 \text{ W}$	t_{on}		3.0		μs
Rise time	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $R_L = 75 \text{ W}$	t_r		2.0		μs
Turn-off time	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $R_L = 75 \text{ W}$	t_{off}		2.3		μs
Fall time	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$, $R_L = 75 \text{ W}$	t_f		2.0		μs
Cut-off frequency	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$, $V_{CC} = 5.0 \text{ V}$	f_{CO}		250		kHz

Switching operation (with saturation)

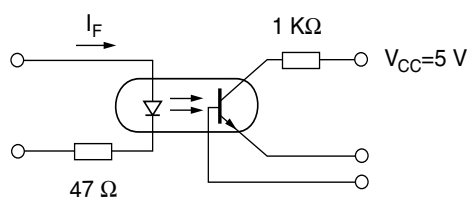
Parameter	Test condition	Part	Symbol	Min	Typ.	Max	Unit
Turn-on time	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	CNY17-1	t_{on}		3.0		μs
	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	CNY17-2	t_{on}		4.2		μs
		CNY17-3	t_{on}		4.2		μs
	$I_F = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	CNY17-4	t_{on}		6.0		μs
Rise time	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	CNY17-1	t_r		2.0		μs
	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	CNY17-2	t_r		3.0		μs
		CNY17-3	t_r		3.0		μs
	$I_F = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	CNY17-4	t_r		4.6		μs
Turn-off time	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	CNY17-1	t_{off}		18		μs
	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	CNY17-2	t_{off}		23		μs
		CNY17-3	t_{off}		23		μs
	$I_F = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	CNY17-4	t_{off}		25		μs
Fall time	$I_F = 20 \text{ mA}$	CNY17-1	t_f		11		μs
	$I_F = 10 \text{ mA}$	CNY17-2	t_f		14		μs
		CNY17-3	t_f		14		μs
	$I_F = 5.0 \text{ mA}$	CNY17-4	t_f		15		μs

Typical Characteristics ($T_{amb} = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise specified)



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Fig. 1 Linear Operation (without Saturation)



icny17_02

Fig. 2 Switching Operation (with Saturation)

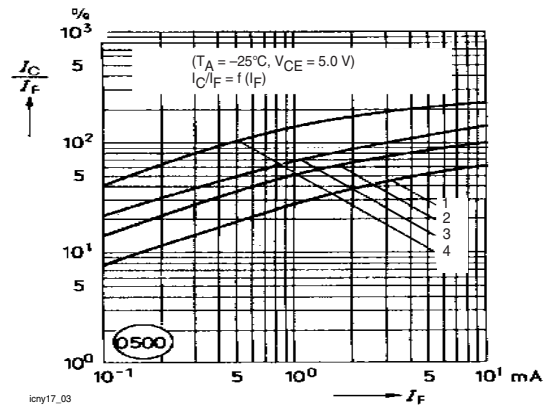


Fig. 3 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

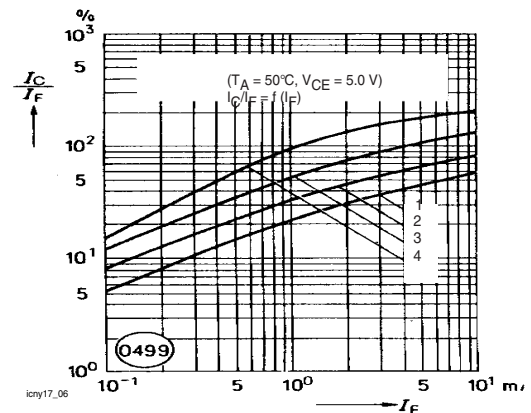


Fig. 6 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

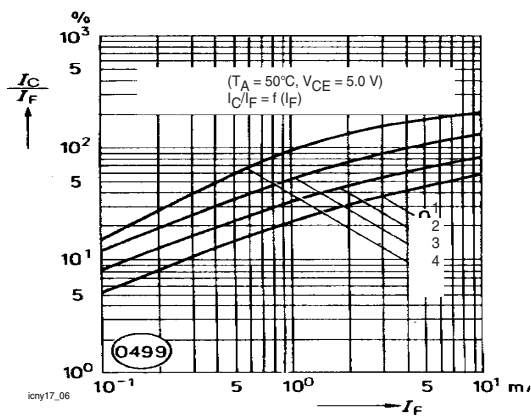


Fig. 4 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

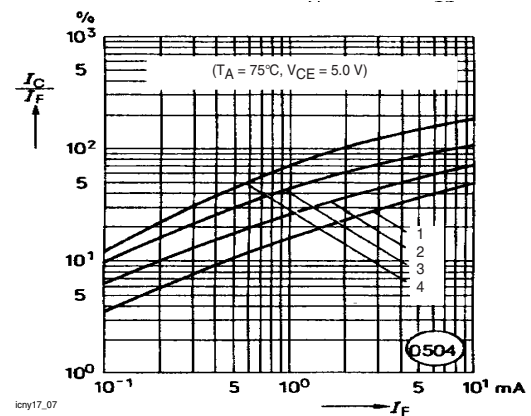


Fig. 7 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

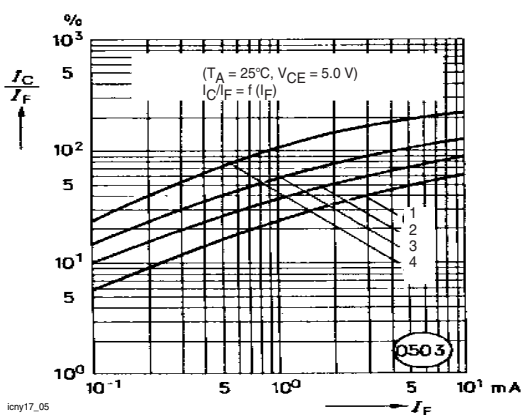


Fig. 5 Current Transfer Ratio vs. Diode Current

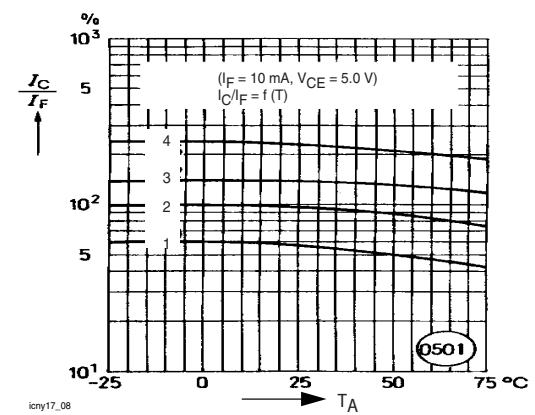
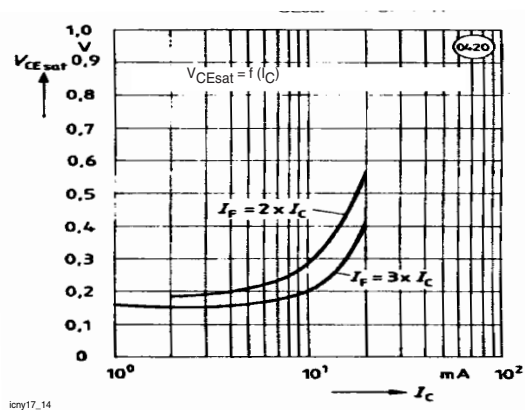
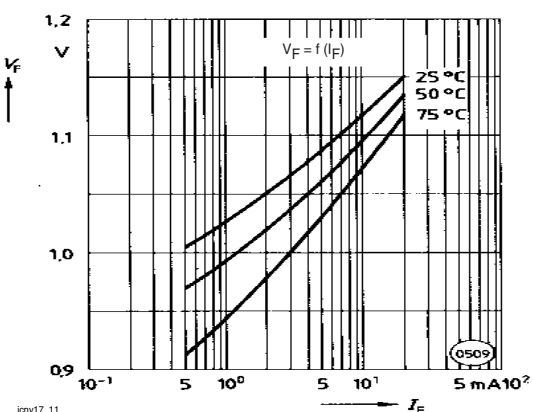
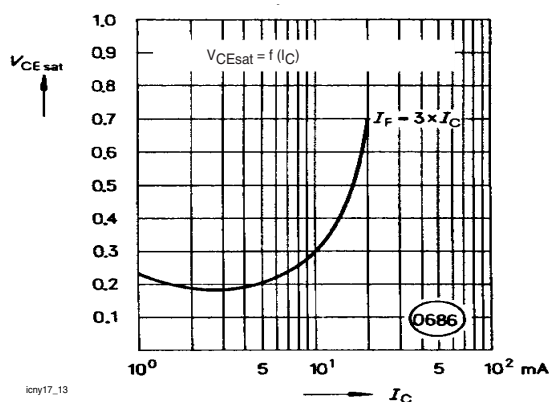
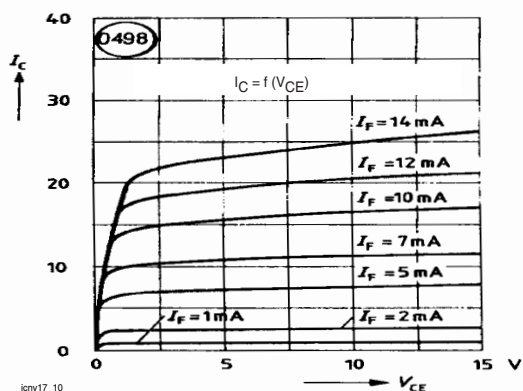
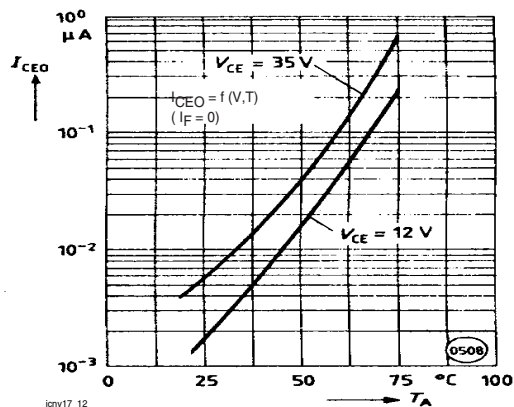
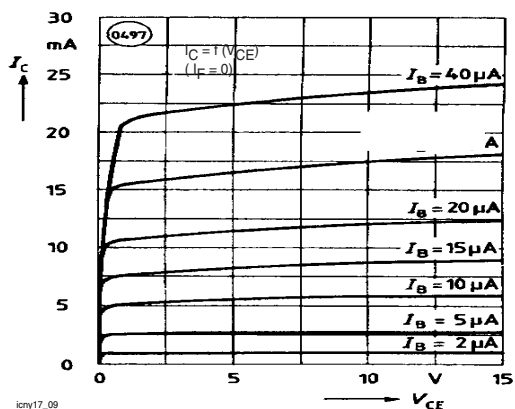


Fig. 8 Current Transfer Ratio (CTR) vs. Temperature



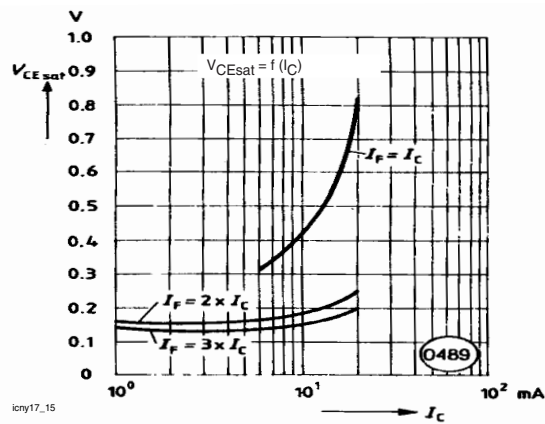


Fig. 15 Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current and Modulation Depth CNY17-3

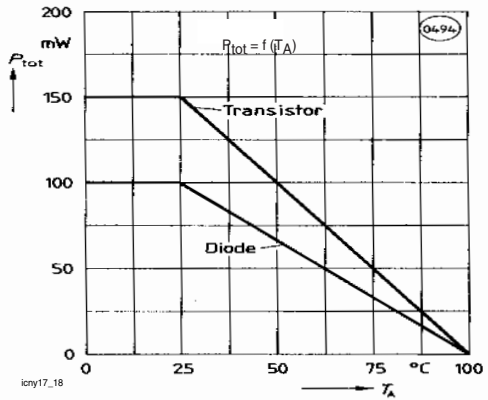


Fig. 18 Permissible Power Dissipation for Transistor and Diode

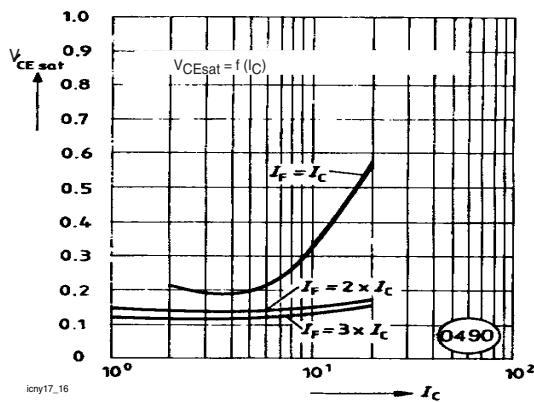


Fig. 16 Saturation Voltage vs. Collector Current and Modulation Depth CNY17-4

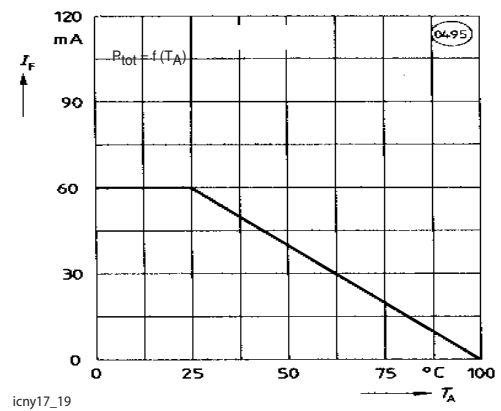


Fig. 19 Permissible Forward Current

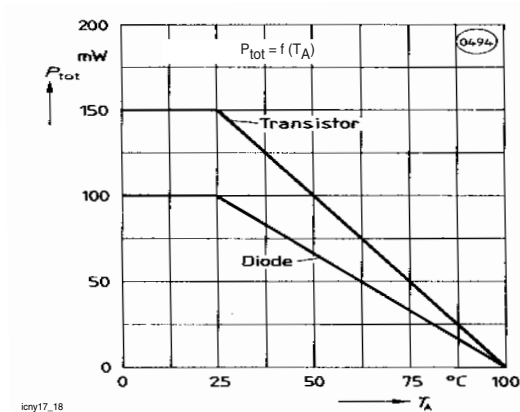
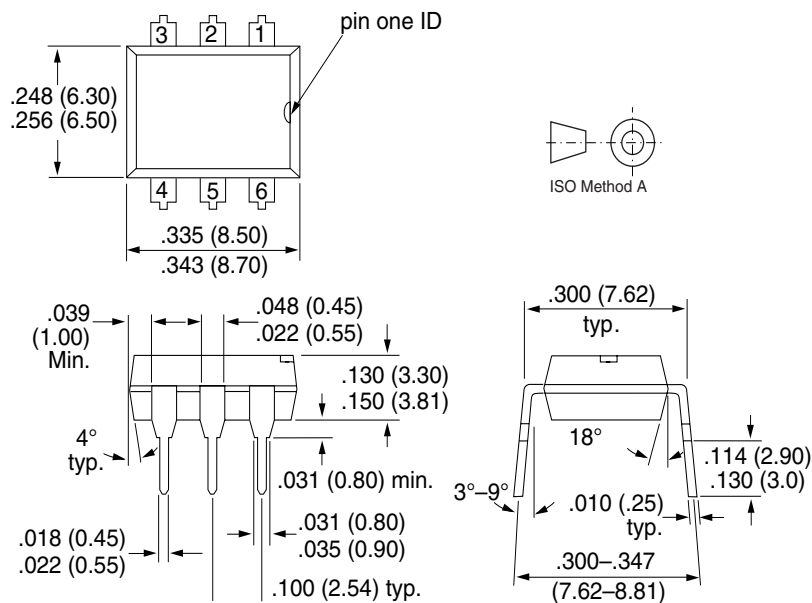


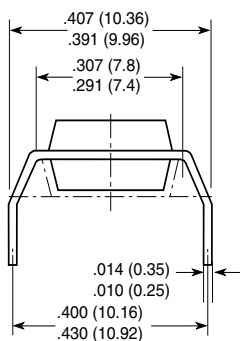
Fig. 17 Permissible Pulse Load

Package Dimensions in Inches (mm)

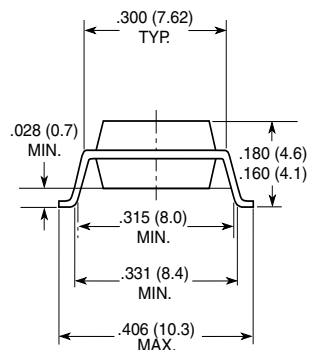


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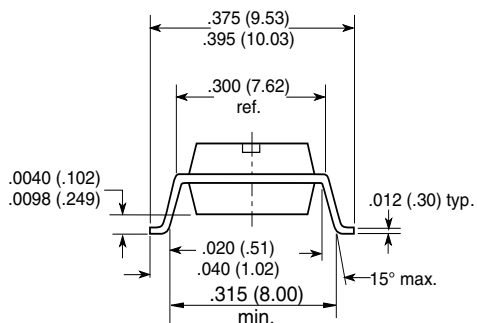
Option 6



Option 7



Option 9



18450

Ozone Depleting Substances Policy Statement

It is the policy of **Vishay Semiconductor GmbH** to

1. Meet all present and future national and international statutory requirements.
2. Regularly and continuously improve the performance of our products, processes, distribution and operating systems with respect to their impact on the health and safety of our employees and the public, as well as their impact on the environment.

It is particular concern to control or eliminate releases of those substances into the atmosphere which are known as ozone depleting substances (ODSs).

The Montreal Protocol (1987) and its London Amendments (1990) intend to severely restrict the use of ODSs and forbid their use within the next ten years. Various national and international initiatives are pressing for an earlier ban on these substances.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH has been able to use its policy of continuous improvements to eliminate the use of ODSs listed in the following documents.

1. Annex A, B and list of transitional substances of the Montreal Protocol and the London Amendments respectively
2. Class I and II ozone depleting substances in the Clean Air Act Amendments of 1990 by the Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) in the USA
3. Council Decision 88/540/EEC and 91/690/EEC Annex A, B and C (transitional substances) respectively.

Vishay Semiconductor GmbH can certify that our semiconductors are not manufactured with ozone depleting substances and do not contain such substances.

We reserve the right to make changes to improve technical design and may do so without further notice.

Parameters can vary in different applications. All operating parameters must be validated for each customer application by the customer. Should the buyer use Vishay Semiconductors products for any unintended or unauthorized application, the buyer shall indemnify Vishay Semiconductors against all claims, costs, damages, and expenses, arising out of, directly or indirectly, any claim of personal damage, injury or death associated with such unintended or unauthorized use.

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