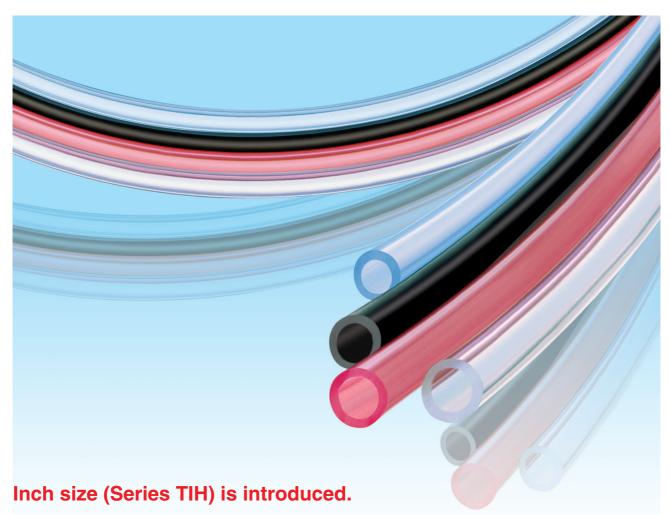


## FEP Tubing (Fluoropolymer)



• Heat resistance: 200°C

It changes according to the operating pressure. Refer to the graph of the max. operating pressures on page 1, 2.

4 Color variations



• 19 Size variations

Metric size: ø4 to ø12

Inch size: 1/8" to 3/4" (ø3.18 to ø19.05)

## Series TH/TIH

## Applications

General pneumatic piping

Food
Semiconductor
Medical care
Automobile

## Certified to current Food Sanitation Legislation

Ministry of Japanese Health and Safety, directive #370,1959

# **FEP Tubing (Fluoropolymer) Metric Size**

# Series TH

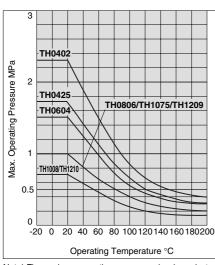


## How to measure the minimum bending radius.



At a temperature of 20°C, bend the tubing into a U shape. Fix one end and gradually move the other end closer. Measure 2R at the point where the outside diameter's rate of change is 5%.

#### Max. Operating Pressure



Note) The maximum operating pressure varies dependant on the I.D. bore size even if the O.D. is the same.

#### **Series** ●-20m roll □-100m roll Metric size TH0402 TH0425 TH0604 TH0806 TH1075 TH1008 TH1209 TH1210 Model Tubing O.D. (mm) 8 12 Tubing I.D. (mm) 2.5 7.5 10 Color Symbol Ν Translucent Red (Translucent) R BU Blue (Translucent) В Black (Opaque)

Inch nominal size

Specifications

Inch nominal size

5/32"

Specific	atior	าร											
Fluid	Note 4)				Air, V	Vater <sup>N</sup>	lote 1), <b>I</b>	nert gas	3				
Applicable fittings	Note 2)	Flu	oropolyr	fittings: S ner fitting ttings: Se	gs: Ser	ies LQ		ert fitting nipple t		ries	KF		
Applicable fittings  Note 2)  Fittings  20°C  Max. operating pressure (MPa)  Min. bending radius (mm)  Note 3)	2.	3 1	.7	1.5		1		0.7		1	0.	.7	
	100°C	3.0	35 C	.6 0	.55	(	0.4	(	.25	0	.4	0.7 0.25 0.1	25
pressure (MPa)	200°C	0.	4 C	.3 (	0.3	0.2			0.1	0	.2	0.	.1
			R	efer to b	elow "N	Лах. Ор	perati	ng Pres	sure.'	,			
	Note 3)	15	5 2	20	35	60	95		10	100		13	30
Operating temp	Air, Inert gas: -20 to 200°C Water: 0 to 100°C (No freezing)												
Material				FEP (FI	uorinat	ed Eth	ylene	Propyle	ne R	esin)			

Note 1) When using a fluid in liquid form, the surge pressure must not exceed the maximum operating pressure. A surge pressure higher than the maximum operating pressure can cause breakage of the fittings, or rupture of the tubing. Furthermore, an abnormal temperature increase due to adiabatic compression can also result in ruptured tubing.

Note 2) Do not use in locations where the FEP tubing will move.

Be sure to operate under the maximum operating pressure conditions using the lower maximum operating specification of either the tubing or fittings.

After long term use or under high temperatures, some fittings leakage may occur due to material deterioration with age. Perform periodic inspections, and if any leakage is detected, replace with a new product immediately. (Refer to maintenance part of "Tubing Precautions" on the Back page 2.)

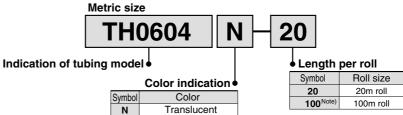
Refer to Best Pneumatics catlog Vol. 15 for all other precautions.

For High Purity Fluoropolymer, refer to the precautions of CAT.ES70-17, "High Purity Fluoropolymer Fittings & Tubing."

Note 3) Minimum bending radius is measured as shown left as representative values.

Allow extra length when piping since the tubing may crush if bent more than the min. bending radius.

#### **How to Order**



Red (Translucent)

Blue (Translucent)

Black (Opaque)

Note) 100m roll is available with translucent (color indication: N) only.



R

BU

# FEP Tubing (Fluoropolymer) Inch Size

# Series TIH

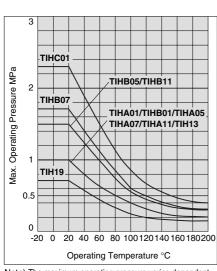


## How to measure the minimum bending radius.



At a temperature of 20°C, bend the tubing into a U shape. Fix one end and gradually move the other end closer. Measure 2R at the point where the outside diameter's rate of change is 5%.

#### **Max. Operating Pressure**



Note) The maximum operating pressure varies dependant on the I.D. bore size even if the O.D. is the same.

#### **Series**

●-50ft (16m) roll □-100ft (33m) roll

		Inch size													
Model		TIHA01	TIHB01	TIHC01	TIHA05	TIHB05	TIHA07	TIHB07	TIHA11	TIHB11	TIH13	TIH19			
Tubing O.D.	inch		1/8"		3/1	16"	1/4"		3/8"		1/2"	3/4"			
Tubing O.D.	mm		3.18		4.	75	6.	35	9.	53	-	19.05			
Tubing I.D.	inch	0.093"	0.086"	0.065"	0.137"	0.124" (1/8")	0.18"	0.156" (5/32")	0.275"	0.25" (1/4")		0.624" (5/8")			
	mm	2.36	2.18	1.65	3.48	3.15	4.57	3.95	6.99	6.33	9.5	15.85			
Color	Symbol														
Translucent	N														
Red (Translucent)	R	<b>-</b>	•	<b>-</b> ∳-	•	<b>-</b> ∳-	•	<b>-</b> ∳-	<del>-</del>	<b>-</b> ∳-	•	<b>-</b> ∳-			
Blue (Translucent)	BU	<b>-</b>	<b>-</b> ∳-	-∳-	<b>-</b> ∳-	-∳-	<del>-</del>	-∳-	<del>-</del>	-∳-	<b>-</b> ∳-	-∳-			
Black (Opaque)	В	<b>-</b>	•	<del>-</del>	•	<del>-</del>	•	<del>-</del>	•	<del>-</del>	•	<b>-</b> ∳-			
Chaoifia	-4:														

#### Specification

Specific	atioi	13													
Fluid	Note 4)		Air, Water Note 1), Inert gas												
Applicable fittir	ngs Note 2)	One-	touch	n fittir	ngs:	Series	KQ,	KJ	Fluo	ropol	yme	r fittin	gs: S	Serie	s LQ
	20°C		1	2	2.3	1	1.5		1	1.7	1	1	.5	1	0.7
Max. operating	100°C	C	0.4		.85	0.4	0.55	0	.4	0.6	0.4	1 0.	55	0.4	0.25
pressure (MPa)	200°C	0.2		(	).4	0.2	0.3	0	.2	0.3	0.2	2 0	.3	0.2	0.1
				Refe	r to	below	"Мах	. Ор	erati	ng Pi	ressu	ıre."		0.4 0.2 95	
Min. bending radius (mm)	Note 3)	25	20	) .	10	35	25	5	55	35	85	6	0	95	220
Operating temperature Air, Inert gas: -20 to 200°C Water: 0 to 100°C (No free							reezii	ng)							
Material					FEP (Fluorinated Ethylene Propylene Resin)										

Note 1) When using a fluid in liquid form, the surge pressure must not exceed the maximum operating pressure. A surge pressure higher than the maximum operating pressure can cause breakage of the fittings, or rupture of the tubing. Furthermore, an abnormal temperature increase due to adiabatic compression can also result in ruptured tubing.

Note 2) Do not use in locations where the FEP tubing will move.

Be sure to operate under the maximum operating pressure conditions using the lower maximum operating specification of either the tubing or fittings.

After long term use or under high temperatures, some fittings leakage may occur due to material deterioration with age. Perform periodic inspections, and if any leakage is detected, replace with a new product immediately. (Refer to maintenance part of "Tubing Precautions" on the Back page 2.)

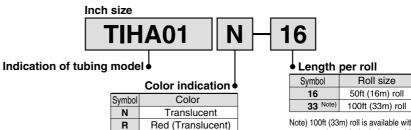
Refer to Best Pneumatics catlog Vol. 15 for all other precautions.

For High Purity Fluoropolymer, refer to the precautions of CAT.ES70-17, "High Purity Fluoropolymer Fittings & Tubing."

Note 3) Minimum bending radius is measured as shown left as representative values.

Allow extra length when piping since the tubing may crush if bent more than the min. bending radius.

#### **How to Order**



Blue (Translucent)

Black (Opaque)

Note) 100ft (33m) roll is available with translucent (color indication: N) only.



BU



## **Chemical Resistance of the** Fluoropolymer FEP Material

Chemicals in this table are inactive against FEP material Note 1), however physical properties may be effected by temperature or pressure change.

Please make sure that operating conditions do not cause problems since the use of FEP tubing under chemical environment is unsecured.

2-nitro-2-methyl propanol

2-nitrobutanol

Pentabasic benzamide

N-butylamine N-octadecanol N-butyl acetate O-cresol

Di-isobutyl adipate Acetophenone

Acetone Alniline Abietic acid Sulfuric chloride

Isooctane Liquid ammonia Ethyl alcohol

Ethyl ether Ethylene glycol Ethylenediamine Zinc chloride Aluminum chloride Ammonium chloride Calcium chloride

Iron chloride (III) Benzoyl chloride Magnesium chloride Hydrochloric acid

Sulfuric chloride

Chlorine (absolute) Aqua regia Ozone

Hydrogen peroxide Natrium peroxide

Gasoline Permanganate Formic acid **Xvlene** 

Chromic acid Chlorosulfonic acid

Chloroform

Paraffinum liquidum

Allyl acetate Ethyl acetate Potassium Butyl acetate Sodium hypochlorite Carbon tetrachloride

Dioxane Cyclohexanone Cyclohexane Dimethyl ether

Dimethylsulfoxide Dimethylformamide

**Bromine** Deionized water Nitric acid Mercury

Ammonium hydroxide Potassium hydroxide Sodium hydroxide

Cetane

Soap, detergent Dibutyl sebacate Diethyl carbonate Tetrachloroethylene Tetrahydrofuran Tetrabromoethane Triethanolamine Trichloroethylene Trichloroacetic acid

Toluene Naphtha Naphthalene Naphthol Lead

Carbon dioxide Nitrogen dioxide Nitrobenzene Nitromethane Perchloroethylene Perphloroxylene

Unsymmetrical dimethylhydrazine

Hvdrazine Pinene Piperidine

Pvridine Phenol Phthalic acid Dybutyl phthalate

Dimethyl phthalate Hydrofluoric acid Naphthalene fluoride

Nitrobenzene fluoride Furan

Hexachlorethane

Hexane

Ethyl hexanoate Phenylcarbinol Benzaldehyde Benzonitrile Borax Boric acid

Formic aldehyde (Formalin)

Acrylic anhydride Acetic anhydride Methacrylic acid Allyl methacrylate Vinyl methacrylate Methyl alcohol Methyl ethyl ketone Methylene chloride Sulphuric acid Phosphoric acid Iron phosphate (III)

Tri-n-butyl phosphate

Tricresyl phosphate

Glacial acetic acid (Acetic acid)

Note 1) "Inactive in chemistry terminology" means - not to cause any chemical reaction.

Reference cited: Teflon®, the fluoropolymer handbook, Manual for the chemical applications of Teflon®. Du Pond-Mitsui Fluorochemicals Co., Ltd.

Teflon® is a registered trademark for the fluoropolymer produced by E.I du Pond de Nemours & Company (Inc.) and Du Pond-Mitsui Fluorochemicals Co., Ltd.





These safety instructions are intended to prevent a hazardous situation and/or equipment damage. These instructions indicate the level of potential hazard by a label of "Caution", "Warning" or "Danger". To ensure safety, be sure to observe ISO 4414 Note 1), JIS B 8370 Note 2) and other safety practices.

**Caution**: Operator error could result in injury or equipment damage.

**Warning**: Operator error could result in serious injury or loss of life.

⚠ Danger : In extreme conditions, there is a possible result of serious injury or loss of life.

Note 1) ISO 4414: Pneumatic fluid power - General rules relating to systems

Note 2) JIS B 8370: Pneumatic system axiom

## 

1. The compatibility of pneumatic equipment is the responsibility of the person who designs the pneumatic system or decides its specifications.

Since the products specified here are used in various operating conditions, their compatibility with the specific pneumatic system must be based on specifications or after analysis and/or tests to meet your specific requirements. The expected performance and safety assurance will be the responsibility of the person who has determined the compatibility of the system. This person should continuously review the suitability of all items specified, referring to the latest catalog information with a view to giving due consideration to any possibility of equipment failure when configuring a system.

2. Only trained personnel should operate pneumatically operated machinery and equipment.

Compressed air can be dangerous if handled incorrectly. Assembly, handling or maintenance of pneumatic systems should be performed by trained and experienced operators.

- 3. Do not service machinery/equipment or attempt to remove components until safety is confirmed.
  - 1. Inspection and maintenance of machinery/equipment should only be performed once measures to prevent falling or runaway of the driven object have been confirmed.
  - When equipment is to be removed, confirm the safety process as mentioned above. Cut the supply pressure for this equipment and exhaust all residual compressed air in the system.
  - 3. Before machinery/equipment is restarted, take measures to prevent shooting-out of cylinder piston rod, etc.
- 4. Contact SMC if the product is to be used in any of the following conditions:
  - 1. Conditions and environments beyond the given specifications, or if product is used outdoors.
  - 2. Installation on equipment in conjunction with atomic energy, railway, air navigation, vehicles, medical equipment, food and beverages, recreation equipment, emergency stop circuits, clutch and brake circuit in press applications, or safety equipment.
  - 3. An application which has the possibility of having negative effects on people, property, or animals, requiring special safety analysis.





Be sure to read before handling. Refer to back page 1 for safety instructions.

#### Selection

## **⚠** Warning

#### 1. Confirm the specifications.

The products appearing in this catalog are designed for use only in compressed air systems (including vacuum).

Do not use outside the specified ranges of pressure, temperature, etc., as this may cause damage or malfunction. (Refer to specifications.)

SMC cannot assure the product quality when fluids other than air, water and inert gas are used.

Consult with SMC for details.

#### 2. In case of using the product for medical care

This product is designed for use with compressed air system applications for medical care purposes. Do not use in contact with human bodily fluids, body tissues or transfer applications to a human living body.

## **⚠** Caution

 Do not use in locations where the connecting threads and tubing connection will slide or rotate. The connecting theads and tubing connection will come apart under these conditions.

Use rotary type one-touch fittings (Series KS, KX) in cases where sliding or rotation will occur. Only air can be used as the operating fluid, when using rotary type one-touch fittings.

- Use tubing at or above the minimum bending radius. Using below the minimum bending radius can cause breakage or flattening of the tubing.
- Never use the tubing for anything flammable, explosive or toxic such as, gas, fuel gas, or cooling mediums, since the contents can penetrate outward.

#### Mounting

### **⚠** Caution

- Before mounting confirm the model and size, etc. Also, confirm that there are no blemishes, nicks or cracks in the product.
- 2. When tubing is connected, consider factors such as changes in the tubing length due to pressure, and allow sufficient leeway.
- Mount so that fittings and tubing are not subjected to twisting, pulling or moment loads. This can cause damage to fittings and flattening, bursting or disconnection of tubing, etc.
- Mount so that tubing is not damaged due to tangling and abrasion. This can cause flattening, bursting or disconnection of tubing, etc.

#### **Piping**

### **⚠** Caution

#### 1. Preparation before piping

Before piping is connected, it should be thoroughly blown out with air (flushing) or washed to remove chips, cutting oil and other debris from inside the pipe. Not allowing chips of the piping thread or the seal material to go in.

#### Air Supply

## **A** Warning

#### 1. Types of fluid

This product is designed for use with compressed air. Consult with SMC if a different fluid is to be used.

Consult with SMC regarding products for use with general purpose fluids, to confirm which fluids can be used.

#### 2. When there is a large amount of drainage.

Compressed air containing a large amount of drainage can cause the malfunction of pneumatic equipment. An air dryer or Drain Catch should be installed upstream from filters.

#### 3. Drain management

If air filter drains are not flushed regularly, the drainage will flow downstream leading to the malfunction of pneumatic equipment.

In cases where the management of drain flushing will be difficult, the use of filters with automatic drains is recommended.

For details on the quality of compressed air mentioned above, refer to SMC's "Best Pneumatics" catalog vol. 14.

#### **Operating Environment**

## **A** Warning

- 1. Do not operate in locations in an explosive atmosphere.
- 2. Do not operate in locations where vibration or impact occurs.
- 3. In locations near heat resources, block off radiant heat.

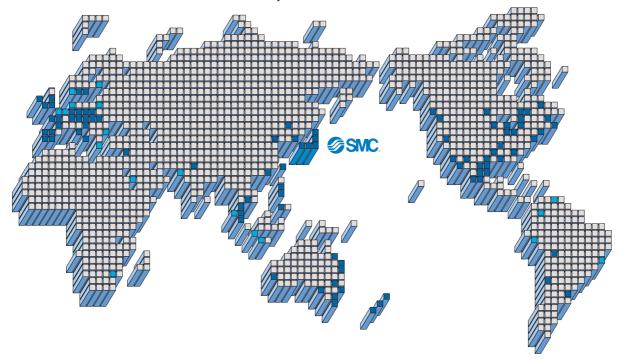
#### Maintenance

### **⚠** Caution

- Check for the following during regular maintenance, and replace components as necessary.
  - a) Scratches, gouges, abrasion, corrosion
  - b) Leakage
  - c) Twisting, flattening or distortion of tubing
  - d) Hardening, deterioration or softness of tubing
- 2. Do not repair or patch the replaced tubing or fittings for reuse.
- 3. When using insert or miniature fittings over a long period, some leakage may occur due to age deterioration of the materials. Perform periodic inspections, and if any leakage is detected, correct the problem by additional tightening. If tightening becomes ineffective, replace the fittings with a new product immediately.



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