

Economy Primary Side Controller

FEATURES

- User Programmable Soft Start With Active Low Shutdown
- User Programmable Maximum Duty Cycle
- Accessible 5V Reference
- Undervoltage Lockout
- Operation to 1MHz
- 0.4A Source/0.8A Sink FET Driver
- Low 100 μ A Startup Current

DESCRIPTION

The UCC3809 family of BCDMOS economy low power integrated circuits contains all the control and drive circuitry required for off-line and isolated DC-to-DC fixed frequency current mode switching power supplies with minimal external parts count. Internally implemented circuits include undervoltage lockout featuring startup current less than 100 μ A, a user accessible voltage reference, logic to ensure latched operation, a PWM comparator, and a totem pole output stage to sink or source peak current. The output stage, suitable for driving N-Channel MOSFETs, is low in the off state.

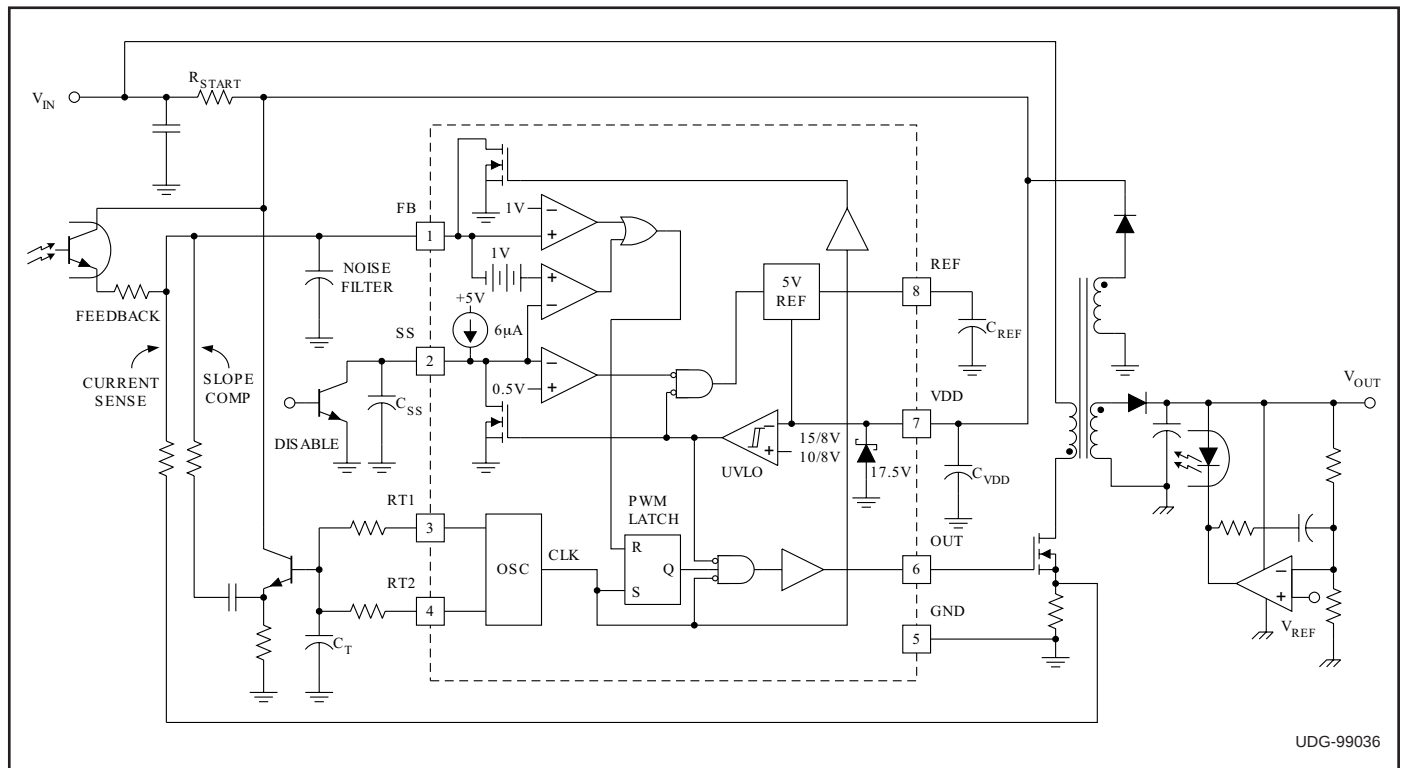
Oscillator frequency and maximum duty cycle are programmed with two resistors and a capacitor. The UCC3809 family also features full cycle soft start.

The family has UVLO thresholds and hysteresis levels for off-line and DC-to-DC systems as shown in the table to the left.

PART NUMBER	TURN ON THRESHOLD	TURN OFF THRESHOLD
UCCX809-1	10V	8V
UCCX809-2	15V	8V

The UCC3809 and the UCC2809 are offered in the 8 pin SOIC (D), PDIP (N), TSSOP (PW), and MSOP (P) packages. The small TSSOP and MSOP packages make the device ideal for applications where board space and height are at a premium.

TYPICAL APPLICATION DIAGRAM



ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS*

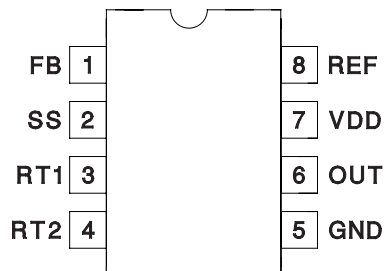
VDD	19V
I _{VDD}	25mA
I _{OUT} (tpw < 1μs and Duty Cycle < 10%)	−0.4A to 0.8A
RT1, RT2, SS	−0.3V to REF + 0.3V
I _{REF}	−15mA
Storage Temperature	−65°C to +150°C
Junction Temperature	−55°C to +150°C
Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec.)	+300°C

* Values beyond which damage may occur.

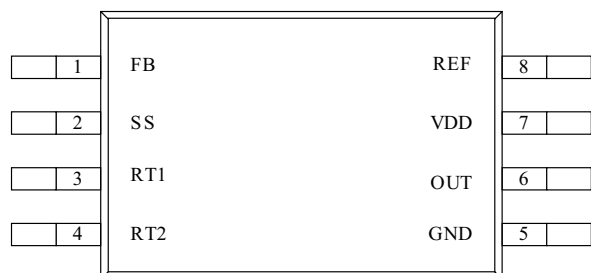
All voltages are with respect to ground unless otherwise stated. Currents are positive into, negative out of the specified terminal. Consult Packaging Section of Databook for thermal limitations and considerations of packages.

CONNECTION DIAGRAM

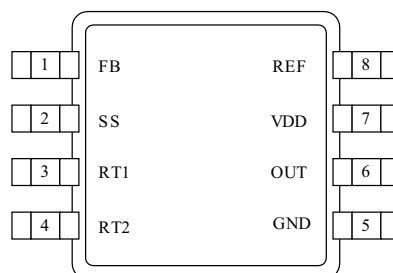
SOIC-8, DIL-8 (Top View) D, N and J Packages



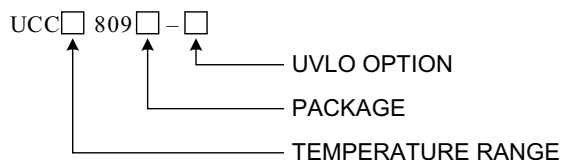
TSSOP-8 (Top View) PW Package



MSOP-8 (Top View) P Package



ORDERING INFORMATION



ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

Unless otherwise specified, C_{VREF} = 0.47 μF, VDD = 12V. T_A = T_J.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Supply Section					
VDD Clamp	I _{VDD} = 10mA	16	17.5	19	V
I _{VDD}	No Load		600	900	μA
I _{VDD} Starting	(Note 1)		110		μA
I _{VDD} Standby	UCCx809-1, VDD = Start Threshold - 300mV		110	125	μA
	UCCx809-2, VDD = Start Threshold - 300mV		130	170	μA
Undervoltage Lockout Section					
Start Threshold (UCCx809-1)		9.4		10.4	V
UVLO Hysteresis (UCCx809-1)		1.65			V
Start Threshold (UCCx809-2)		14.0		15.6	V
UVLO Hysteresis (UCCx809-2)		6.2			V
Voltage Reference Section					
Output Voltage	I _{REF} = 0mA	4.75	5	5.25	V
Line Regulation	VDD = 10V to 15V		2		mV
Load Regulation	I _{REF} = 0mA to 5mA		2		mV
Comparator Section					
I _{FB}	Output Off		−100		nA
Comparator Threshold		0.9	0.95	1	V
OUT Propagation Delay (No Load)	V _{FB} = 0.8V to 1.2V at T _R = 10ns		50	100	ns

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS Unless otherwise specified, $C_{VREF} = 0.47 \mu F$, $V_{DD} = 12V$, $T_A = T_J$.

PARAMETER	TEST CONDITIONS	MIN	TYP	MAX	UNIT
Soft Start Section					
I_{SS}	$V_{DD} = 16V$, $V_{SS} = 0V$; $-40^{\circ}C$ to $+85^{\circ}C$	-4.9	-7.0	-9.1	μA
	$V_{DD} = 16V$, $V_{SS} = 0V$; $< -40^{\circ}C$; $> +85^{\circ}C$	-4.0	-7.0	-10.0	μA
V_{SS} Low	$V_{DD} = 7.5V$, $I_{SS} = 200\mu A$			0.2	V
Shutdown Threshold		0.44	0.48	0.52	V
Oscillator Section					
Frequency	$RT1 = 10k$, $RT2 = 4.32k$, $C_T = 820pF$	90	100	110	kHz
Frequency Change with Voltage	$V_{DD} = 10V$ to $15V$		0.1		%/V
C_T Peak Voltage			3.33		V
C_T Valley Voltage			1.67		V
C_T Peak to Peak Voltage		1.54	1.67	1.80	V
Output Section					
Output V_{SAT} Low	$I_{OUT} = 80mA$ (dc)		0.8	1.5	V
Output V_{SAT} High	$I_{OUT} = -40mA$ (dc), $V_{DD} - OUT$		0.8	1.5	V
Output Low Voltage During UVLO	$I_{OUT} = 20mA$ (dc)			1.5	V
Minimum Duty Cycle	$V_{FB} = 2V$		0		%
Maximum Duty Cycle			70		%
Rise Time	$C_{OUT} = 1nF$		35		ns
Fall Time	$C_{OUT} = 1nF$		18		ns

Note 1. Ensured by design. Not 100% production tested.

PIN DESCRIPTIONS

FB: This pin is the summing node for current sense feedback, voltage sense feedback (by optocoupler) and slope compensation. Slope compensation is derived from the rising voltage at the timing capacitor and can be buffered with an external small signal NPN transistor. External high frequency filter capacitance applied from this node to GND is discharged by an internal 250Ω on resistance NMOS FET during PWM off time and offers effective leading edge blanking set by the RC time constant of the feedback resistance from current sense resistor to FB input and the high frequency filter capacitor capacitance at this node to GND.

GND: Reference ground and power ground for all functions.

OUT: This pin is the high current power driver output. A minimum series gate resistor of 3.9Ω is recommended to limit the gate drive current when operating with high bias voltages.

REF: The internal 5V reference output. This reference is buffered and is available on the REF pin. REF should be bypassed with a $0.47\mu F$ ceramic capacitor.

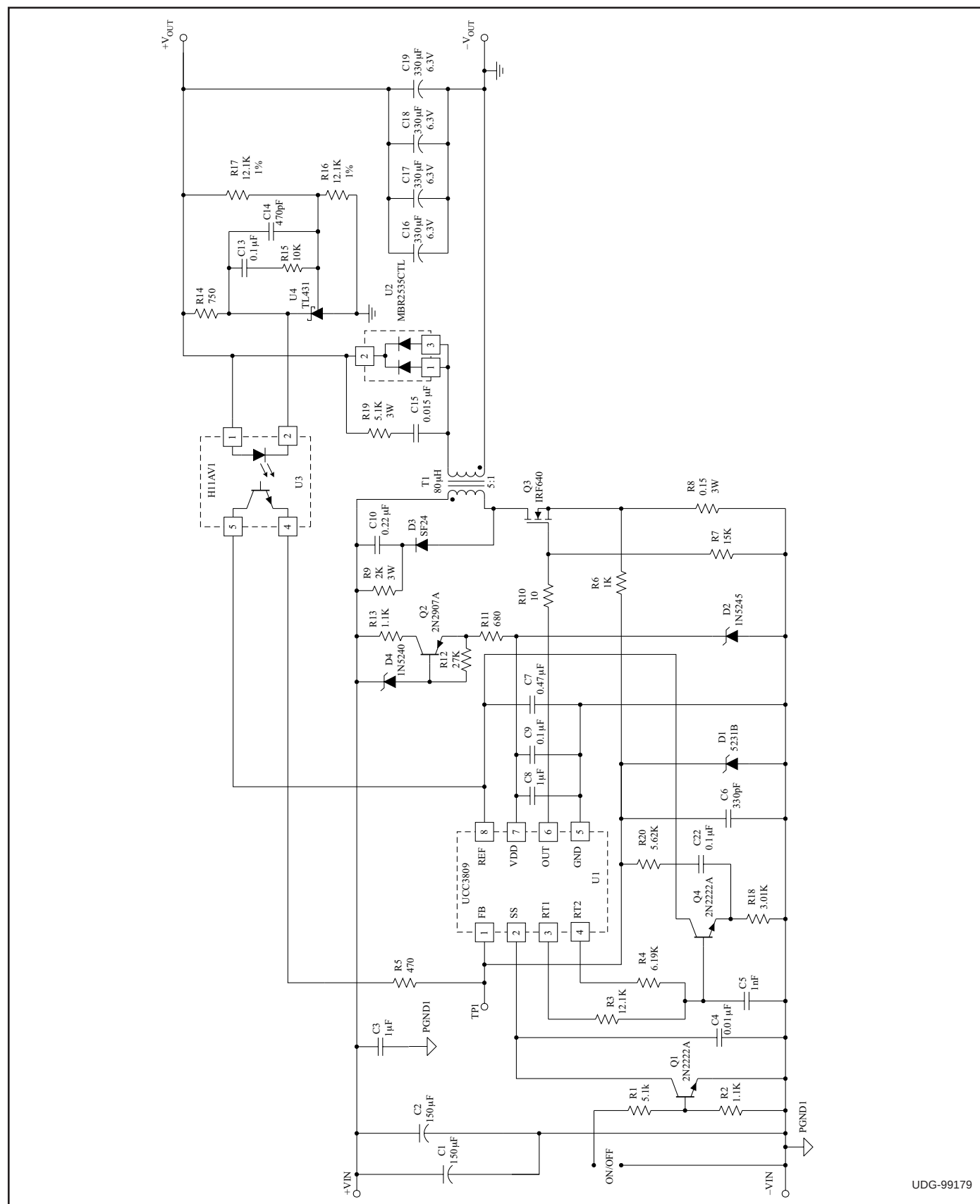
RT1: This pin connects to timing resistor RT1 and controls the positive ramp time of the internal oscillator ($T_r = 0.74 \cdot (C_T + 27pF) \cdot RT1$). The positive threshold of the internal oscillator is sensed through inactive timing resistor RT2 which connects to pin RT2 and timing capacitor C_T .

RT2: This pin connects to timing resistor RT2 and controls the negative ramp time of the internal oscillator ($T_f = 0.74 \cdot (C_T + 27pF) \cdot RT2$). The negative threshold of the internal oscillator is sensed through inactive timing resistor RT1 which connects to pin RT1 and timing capacitor C_T .

SS: This pin serves two functions. The soft start timing capacitor connects to SS and is charged by an internal $6\mu A$ current source. Under normal soft start SS is discharged to at least 0.4V and then ramps positive to 1V during which time the output driver is held low. As SS charges from 1V to 2V soft start is implemented by an increasing output duty cycle. If SS is taken below 0.5V, the output driver is inhibited and held low. The user accessible 5V voltage reference also goes low and $I_{VDD} < 100\mu A$.

VDD: The power input connection for this device. This pin is shunt regulated at 17.5V which is sufficiently below the voltage rating of the DMOS output driver stage. VDD should be bypassed with a $1\mu F$ ceramic capacitor.

APPLICATION INFORMATION



UDG-99179

Figure 1. Isolated 50W flyback converter utilizing the UCC3809. The switching frequency is 70kHz, $V_{in} = -32V$ to $-72V$, $V_{out} = +5V$, $I_{out} = 0A$ to $10A$

APPLICATION INFORMATION (cont.)

The Typical Application Diagram shows an isolated flyback converter utilizing the UCC3809. Note that the capacitors C_{REF} and C_{VDD} are local decoupling capacitors for the reference and IC input voltage, respectively. Both capacitors should be low ESR and ESL ceramic, placed as close to the IC pins as possible, and returned directly to the ground pin of the chip for best stability. REF provides the internal bias to many of the IC functions and C_{REF} should be at least $0.47\mu F$ to prevent REF from drooping.

FB Pin

The basic premise of the UCC3809 is that the voltage sense feedback signal originates from an optocoupler that is modulated by an external error amplifier located on the secondary side. This signal is summed with the current sense signal and any slope compensation at the FB pin and compared to a 1V threshold, as shown in the Typical Application Diagram. Crossing this 1V threshold resets the PWM latch and modulates the output driver on-time much like the current sense comparator used in the UC3842. In the absence of a FB signal, the output will follow the programmed maximum on-time of the oscillator.

When adding slope compensation, it is important to use a small capacitor to AC couple the oscillator waveform before summing this signal into the FB pin. By correctly selecting the emitter resistor of the optocoupler, the voltage sense signal can force the FB node to exceed the 1V threshold when the output that is being compared exceeds a desired level. Doing so drives the UCC3809 to zero percent duty cycle.

Oscillator

The following equation sets the oscillator frequency:

$$F_{OSC} = [0.74 \cdot (CT + 27pF) \cdot (RT1 + RT2)]^{-1}$$

$$D_{MAX} = 0.74 \cdot RT1 \cdot (CT + 27pF) \cdot F_{OSC}$$

Referring to Figure 2 and the waveforms in Figure 3, when Q1 is on, CT charges via the $R_{DS(on)}$ of Q1 and RT1. During this charging process, the voltage of CT is sensed through RT2. The S input of the oscillator latch, S(OSC), is level sensitive, so crossing the upper threshold (set at $2/3 V_{REF}$ or 3.33V for a typical 5.0V reference) sets the Q output (CLK signal) of the oscillator latch high. A high CLK signal results in turning off Q1 and turning on Q2. CT now discharges through RT2 and the $R_{DS(on)}$ of Q2. CT discharges from 3.33V to the lower threshold (set at $1/3 V_{REF}$ or 1.67V for a typical 5.0V

reference) sensed through RT1. The R input to the oscillator latch, R(OSC), is also level sensitive and resets the CLK signal low when CT crosses the 1.67V threshold, turning off Q2 and turning on Q1, initiating another charging cycle.

Figure 3 shows the waveforms associated with the oscillator latch and the PWM latch (shown in the Typical Application Diagram). A high CLK signal not only initiates a discharge cycle for CT, it also turns on the internal NMOS FET on the FB pin causing any external capacitance used for leading edge blanking connected to this pin to be discharged to ground. By discharging any external capacitor completely to ground during the external switch's off-time, the noise immunity of the converter is enhanced allowing the user to design in smaller RC components for leading edge blanking. A high CLK signal also sets the level sensitive S input of the PWM latch, S(PWM), high, resulting in a high output, Q(PWM), as shown in Figure 3. This Q(PWM) signal will remain high until a reset signal, R(PWM) is received. A high R(PWM) signal results from the FB signal crossing the 1V threshold, or during soft start or if the SS pin is disabled.

Assuming the UVLO threshold is satisfied, the OUT signal of the IC will be high as long as Q(PWM) is high and S(PWM), also referred to as CLK, is low. The OUT signal will be dominated by the FB signal as long as the FB signal trips the 1V threshold while CLK is low. If the FB signal does not cross the 1V threshold while CLK is low, the OUT signal will be dominated by the maximum duty cycle programmed by the user. Figure 3 illustrates the various waveforms for a design set up for a maximum duty cycle of 70%.

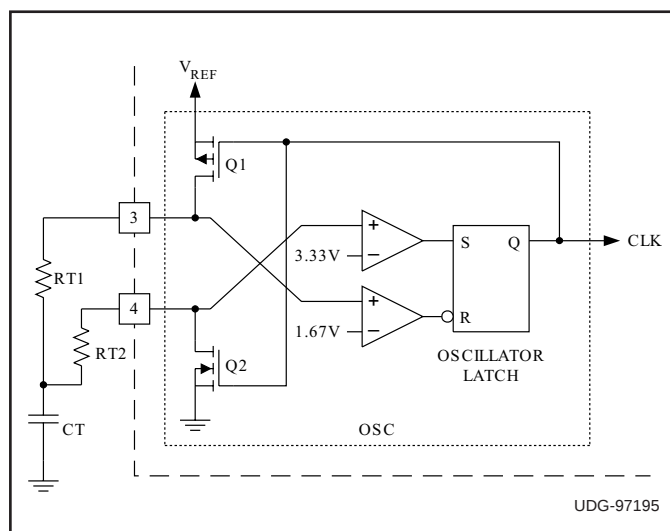


Figure 2. UCC3809 oscillator.

APPLICATION INFORMATION (cont.)

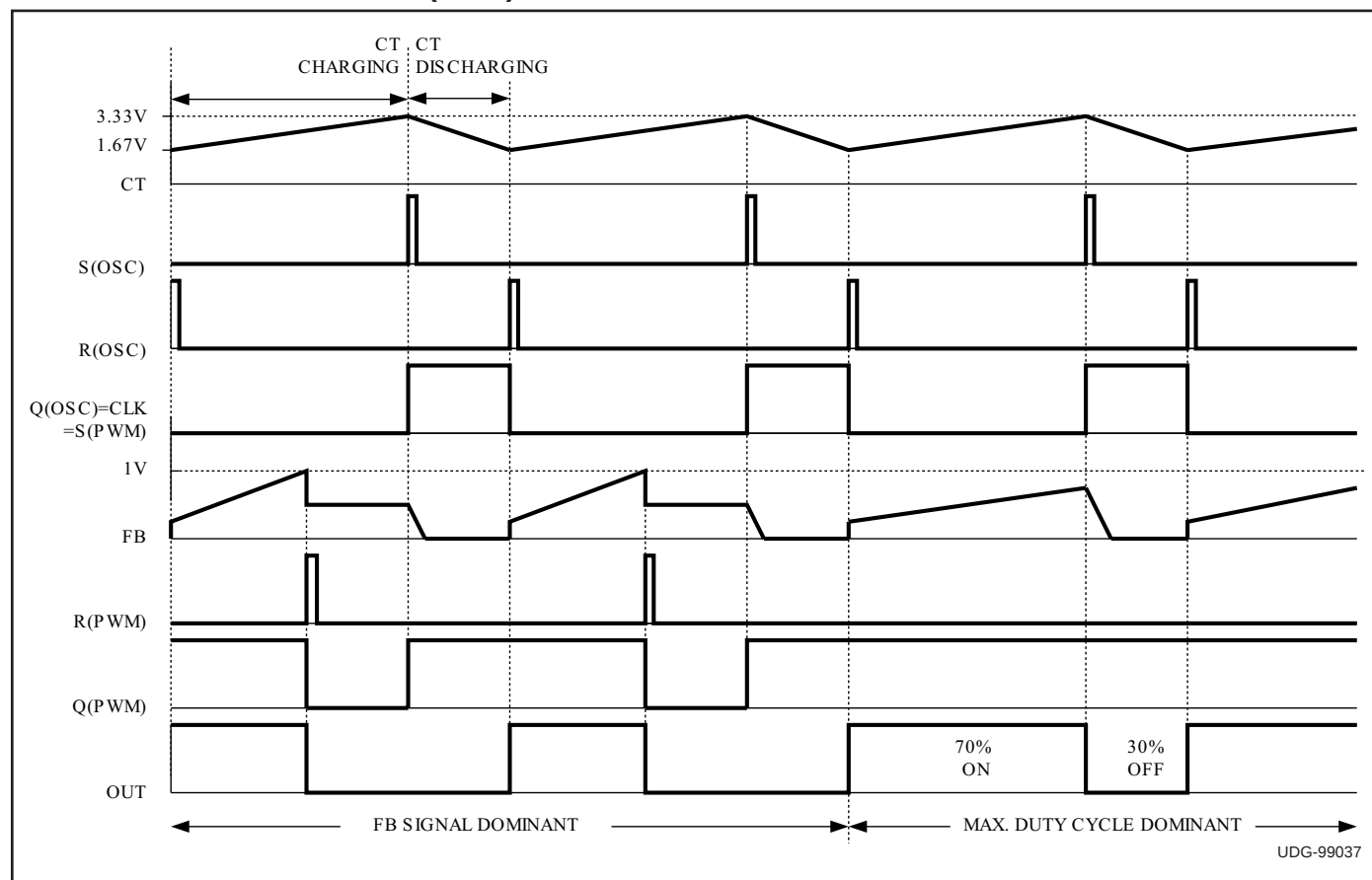


Figure 3. Waveforms associated with the oscillator latch and the PWM latch.

The recommended value for C_T is 1nF for frequencies in the 100 kHz or less range and smaller C_T for higher frequencies. The minimum recommended values of R_{T1} and R_{T2} are 10k Ω and 4.32k Ω , respectively. Using these values maintains a ratio of at least 20:1 between the $R_{DS(on)}$ of the internal FETs and the external timing resistors, resulting in minimal change in frequency over temperature. Because of the oscillator's susceptibility to capacitive coupling, examine the oscillator frequency by looking at the common R_{T1} - R_{T2} - C_T node on the circuit board as opposed to looking at pins 3 and 4 directly. For good noise immunity, R_{T1} and R_{T2} should be placed as close to pins 3 and 4 of the IC as possible. C_T should be returned directly to the ground pin of the IC with minimal stray inductance and capacitance.

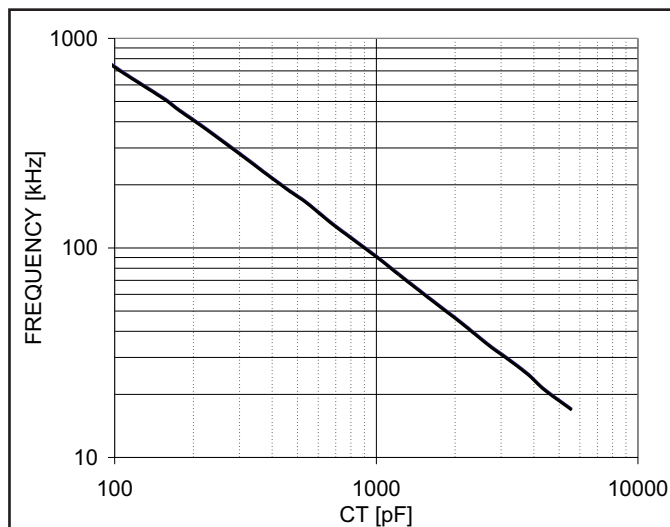


Figure 4. Oscillator frequency vs. C_T ($R_{T1} = 10k$, $R_{T2} = 4.32k$)

APPLICATION INFORMATION (cont.)

Synchronization

Both of the synchronization schemes shown in Figure 5 can be successfully implemented with the internal oscillator of the UCC3809. Both schemes allow access to the timing ramp needed for slope compensation and have minimal impact on the programmed maximum duty cycle. In the absence of a sync pulse, the PWM controller will run independently at the frequency set by RT1, RT2, and CT. This free running frequency must be approximately 15 to 20% lower than the sync pulse frequency to insure the free running oscillator does not cross the comparator threshold before the desired sync pulse.

Option I uses the synchronization pulse to pull pin 3 low, triggering the internal 1.67V comparator to reset the RS latch and initiate a charging cycle. The valley voltage of the CT waveform is higher when synchronized using this configuration, decreasing the ramp charge and discharge times, thereby increasing the operating frequency; otherwise the overall shape of the CT voltage waveform is un-

changed.

Option II uses the synchronization pulse to superimpose the sync voltage onto the peak of the CT waveform. This triggers the internal 3.33V comparator, initiating a discharge cycle. The sync pulse is summed with the free running oscillator waveform at the CT node, resulting in a spike on top of the CT peak voltage.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Please refer to the following Unitrode application topics for additional information.

[1] Application Note U-165, Design Review: Isolated 50W Flyback Converter with the UCC3809 Primary Side Controller by Lisa Dinwoodie.

[2] Design Note DN-89, Comparing the UC3842, UCC3802, and UCC3809 Primary Side PWM Controllers by Lisa Dinwoodie.

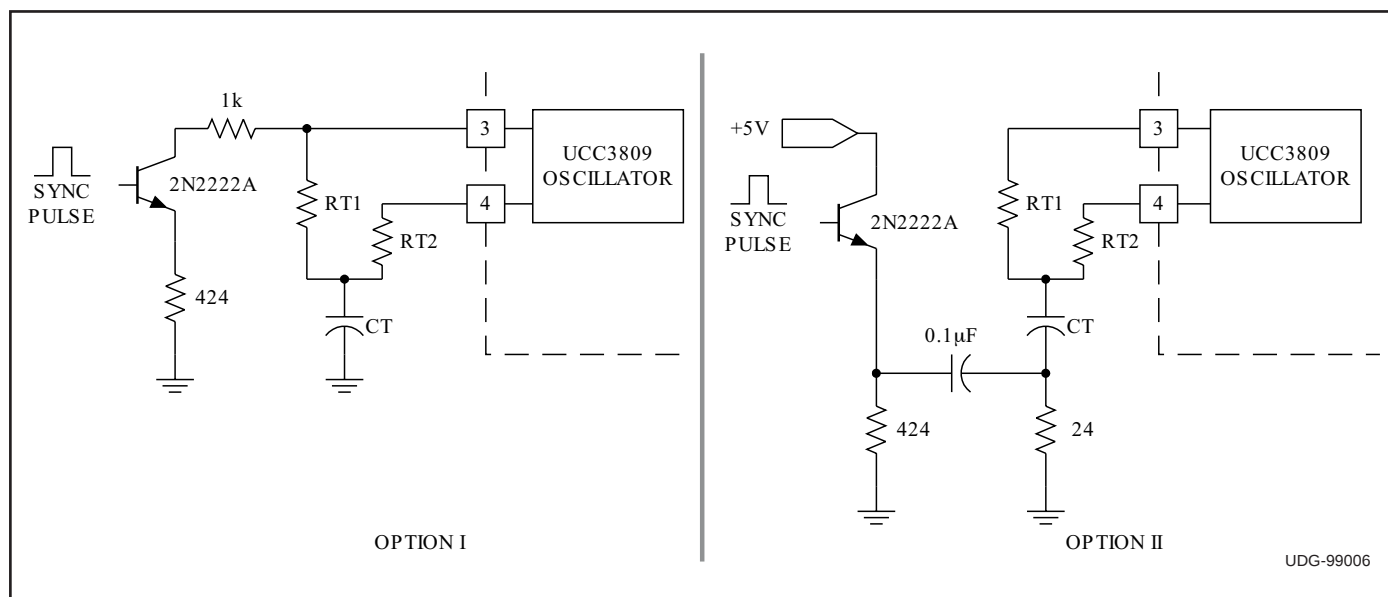


Figure 5. UCC3809 synchronization options.

TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS CURVES

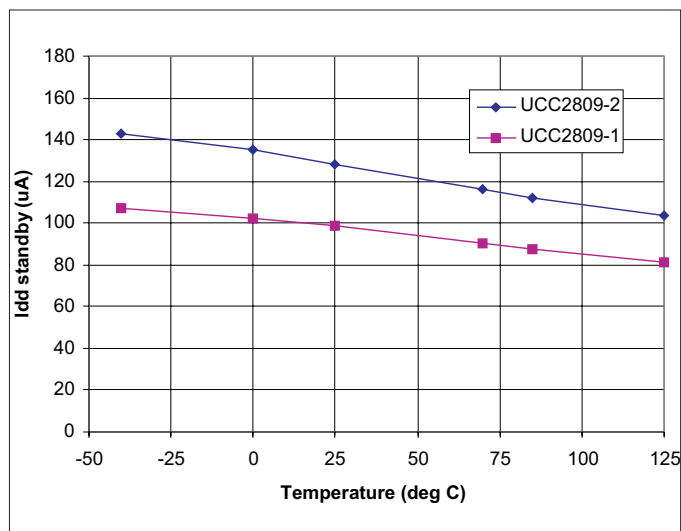


Figure 6. I_{DD} (standby) vs. temperature.

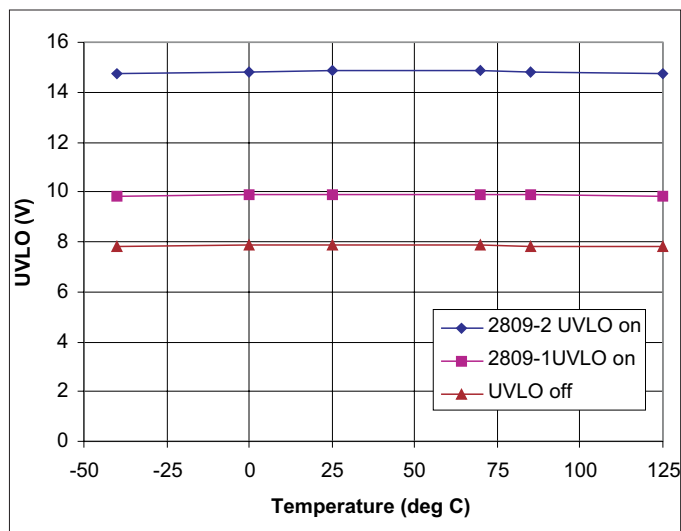


Figure 7. UVLO vs. temperature.

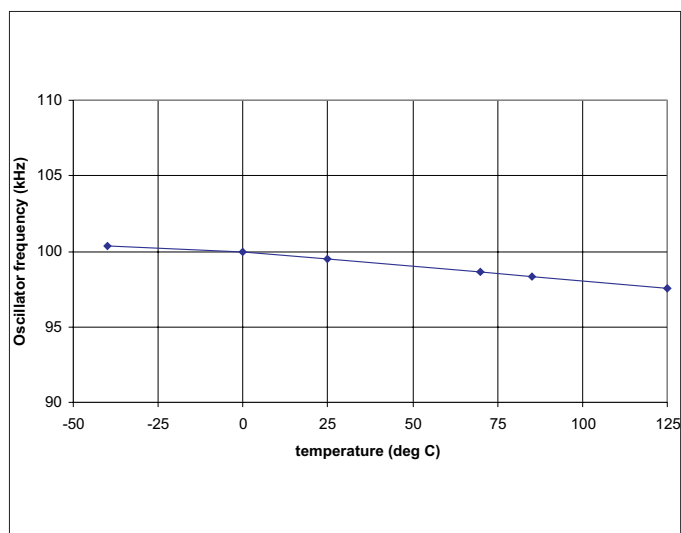


Figure 8. Oscillator frequency vs. temperature.

REVISION HISTORY

REV. B 11/04

Added I_{DD} Stand-by Current specifications in the Electrical Characteristics table.

Modified I_{DD} Starting specifications in the Electrical Characteristics table.

Added Typical Characteristics Curves for I_{DD}(Standby), UVLO thresholds, and Oscillator Frequency.

PACKAGING INFORMATION

Orderable Device	Status (1)	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	Package Qty	Eco Plan (2)	Lead/Ball Finish (6)	MSL Peak Temp (3)	Op Temp (°C)	Device Marking (4/5)	Samples
UCC2809D-1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	2809-1 D-1	Samples
UCC2809D-1G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	2809-1 D-1	Samples
UCC2809D-2	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	2809-2 D-2	Samples
UCC2809D-2G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	2809-2 D-2	Samples
UCC2809DTR-1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	2809-1 D-1	Samples
UCC2809DTR-1G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	2809-1 D-1	Samples
UCC2809DTR-2	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	2809-2 D-2	Samples
UCC2809DTR-2G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	-40 to 85	2809-2 D-2	Samples
UCC2809P-1	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	28091	Samples
UCC2809P-1G4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	28091	Samples
UCC2809P-2	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	28092	Samples
UCC2809PTR-1	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	28091	Samples
UCC2809PTR-1G4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	28091	Samples
UCC2809PTR-2	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	28092	Samples
UCC2809PTR-2G4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	28092	Samples
UCC2809PW-1	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	150	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	28091	Samples
UCC2809PW-1G4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	150	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	28091	Samples

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UCC2809PW-2	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	150	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	28092	Samples
UCC2809PWTR-1	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	28091	Samples
UCC2809PWTR-1G4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	-40 to 85	28091	Samples
UCC3809D-1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	3809-1 D-1	Samples
UCC3809D-1G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	3809-1 D-1	Samples
UCC3809D-2	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	3809-2 D-2	Samples
UCC3809D-2G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	75	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	3809-2 D-2	Samples
UCC3809DTR-1	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	(3809-1 ~ UCC3809) D-1	Samples
UCC3809DTR-1G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	(3809-1 ~ UCC3809) D-1	Samples
UCC3809DTR-2	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	3809-2 D-2	Samples
UCC3809DTR-2G4	ACTIVE	SOIC	D	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-1-260C-UNLIM	0 to 70	3809-2 D-2	Samples
UCC3809N-1	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	0 to 70	UCC3809N-1	Samples
UCC3809N-1G4	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	0 to 70	UCC3809N-1	Samples
UCC3809N-2	ACTIVE	PDIP	P	8	50	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	N / A for Pkg Type	0 to 70	UCC3809N-2	Samples
UCC3809P-1	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	0 to 70	38091	Samples
UCC3809P-2	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	0 to 70	38092	Samples
UCC3809P-2G4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	80	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	0 to 70	38092	Samples
UCC3809PTR-1	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	0 to 70	38091	Samples

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UCC3809PTR-2G4	ACTIVE	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAUAG	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR		38092	Samples
UCC3809PW-1	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	150	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	0 to 70	38091	Samples
UCC3809PW-2	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	150	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	0 to 70	38092	Samples
UCC3809PW-2G4	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	150	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	0 to 70	38092	Samples
UCC3809PWTR-1	ACTIVE	TSSOP	PW	8	2000	Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br)	CU NIPDAU	Level-2-260C-1 YEAR	0 to 70	38091	Samples

(1) The marketing status values are defined as follows:

ACTIVE: Product device recommended for new designs.

LIFEBUY: TI has announced that the device will be discontinued, and a lifetime-buy period is in effect.

NRND: Not recommended for new designs. Device is in production to support existing customers, but TI does not recommend using this part in a new design.

PREVIEW: Device has been announced but is not in production. Samples may or may not be available.

OBSOLETE: TI has discontinued the production of the device.

(2) Eco Plan - The planned eco-friendly classification: Pb-Free (RoHS), Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt), or Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br) - please check <http://www.ti.com/productcontent> for the latest availability information and additional product content details.

TBD: The Pb-Free/Green conversion plan has not been defined.

Pb-Free (RoHS): TI's terms "Lead-Free" or "Pb-Free" mean semiconductor products that are compatible with the current RoHS requirements for all 6 substances, including the requirement that lead not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous materials. Where designed to be soldered at high temperatures, TI Pb-Free products are suitable for use in specified lead-free processes.

Pb-Free (RoHS Exempt): This component has a RoHS exemption for either 1) lead-based flip-chip solder bumps used between the die and package, or 2) lead-based die adhesive used between the die and leadframe. The component is otherwise considered Pb-Free (RoHS compatible) as defined above.

Green (RoHS & no Sb/Br): TI defines "Green" to mean Pb-Free (RoHS compatible), and free of Bromine (Br) and Antimony (Sb) based flame retardants (Br or Sb do not exceed 0.1% by weight in homogeneous material)

(3) MSL, Peak Temp. - The Moisture Sensitivity Level rating according to the JEDEC industry standard classifications, and peak solder temperature.

(4) There may be additional marking, which relates to the logo, the lot trace code information, or the environmental category on the device.

(5) Multiple Device Markings will be inside parentheses. Only one Device Marking contained in parentheses and separated by a "-" will appear on a device. If a line is indented then it is a continuation of the previous line and the two combined represent the entire Device Marking for that device.

⁽⁶⁾ Lead/Ball Finish - Orderable Devices may have multiple material finish options. Finish options are separated by a vertical ruled line. Lead/Ball Finish values may wrap to two lines if the finish value exceeds the maximum column width.

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TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION


*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Reel Diameter (mm)	Reel Width W1 (mm)	A0 (mm)	B0 (mm)	K0 (mm)	P1 (mm)	W (mm)	Pin1 Quadrant
UCC2809DTR-1	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
UCC2809DTR-2	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
UCC2809PTR-1	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
UCC2809PTR-2	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
UCC3809DTR-1	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
UCC3809DTR-2	SOIC	D	8	2500	330.0	12.4	6.4	5.2	2.1	8.0	12.0	Q1
UCC3809PTR-1	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1
UCC3809PTR-2	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	330.0	12.4	5.3	3.4	1.4	8.0	12.0	Q1

TAPE AND REEL BOX DIMENSIONS



*All dimensions are nominal

Device	Package Type	Package Drawing	Pins	SPQ	Length (mm)	Width (mm)	Height (mm)
UCC2809DTR-1	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6
UCC2809DTR-2	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6
UCC2809PTR-1	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	366.0	364.0	50.0
UCC2809PTR-2	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	366.0	364.0	50.0
UCC3809DTR-1	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6
UCC3809DTR-2	SOIC	D	8	2500	340.5	338.1	20.6
UCC3809PTR-1	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	366.0	364.0	50.0
UCC3809PTR-2	VSSOP	DGK	8	2500	366.0	364.0	50.0

P (R-PDIP-T8)

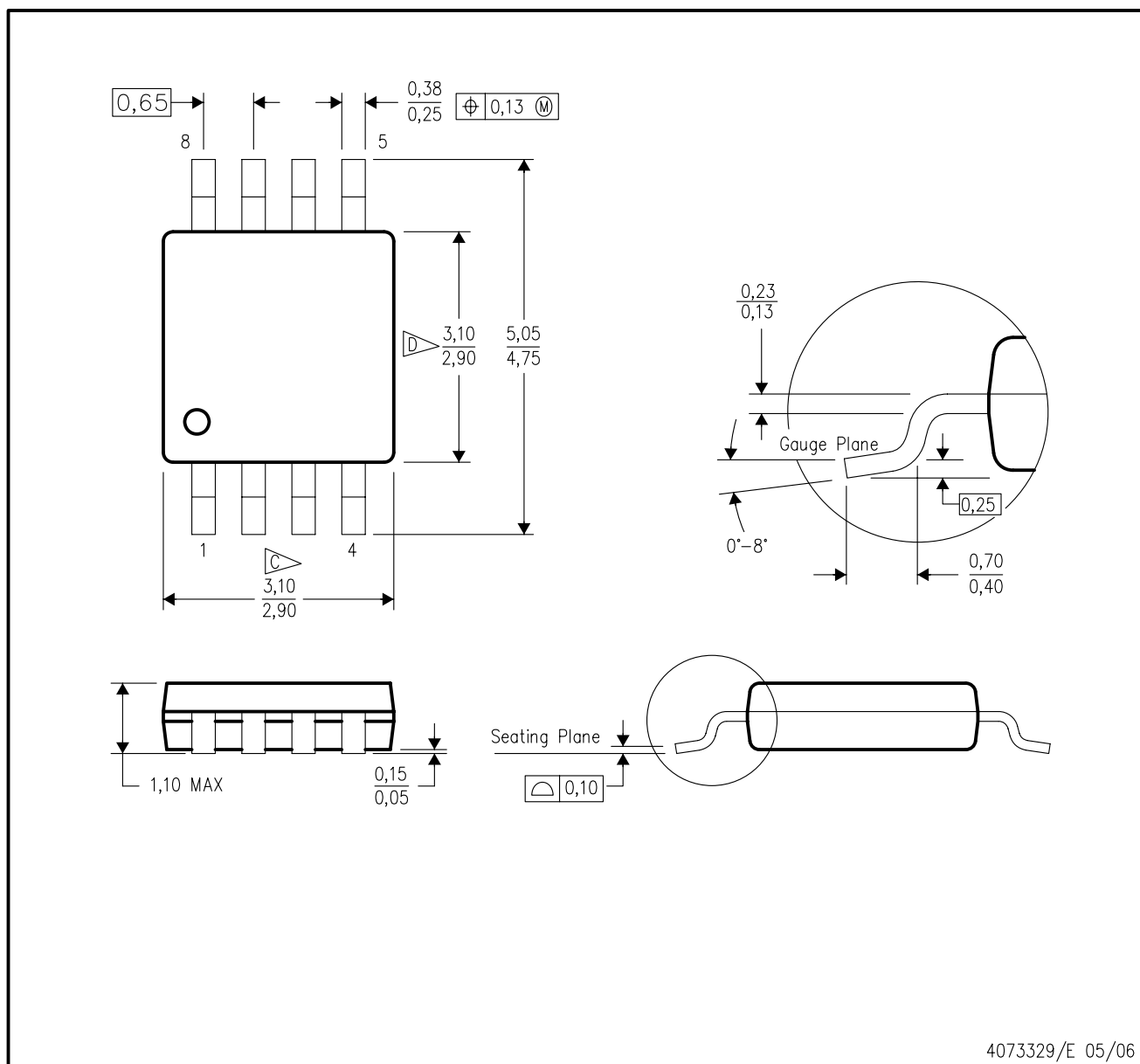
PLASTIC DUAL-IN-LINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Falls within JEDEC MS-001 variation BA.

DGK (S-PDSO-G8)

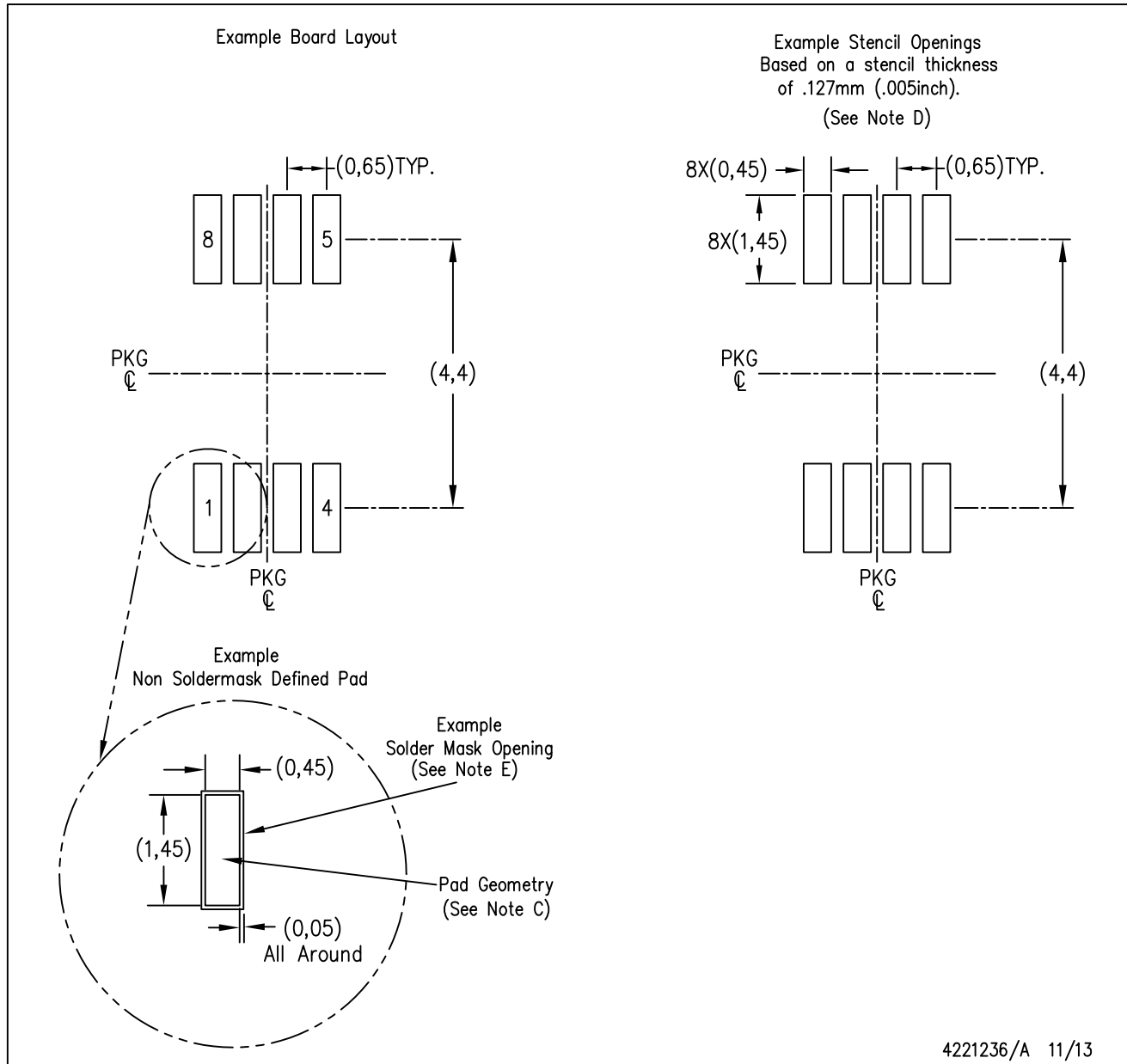
PLASTIC SMALL-OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.15 per end.
 - D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.50 per side.
 - E. Falls within JEDEC MO-187 variation AA, except interlead flash.

DGK (S-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE PACKAGE



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

D (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



NOTES:

- A. All linear dimensions are in inches (millimeters).
- B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
- $\triangle C$ Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0.006 (0,15) each side.
- $\triangle D$ Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0.017 (0,43) each side.
- E. Reference JEDEC MS-012 variation AA.

D (R-PDSO-G8)

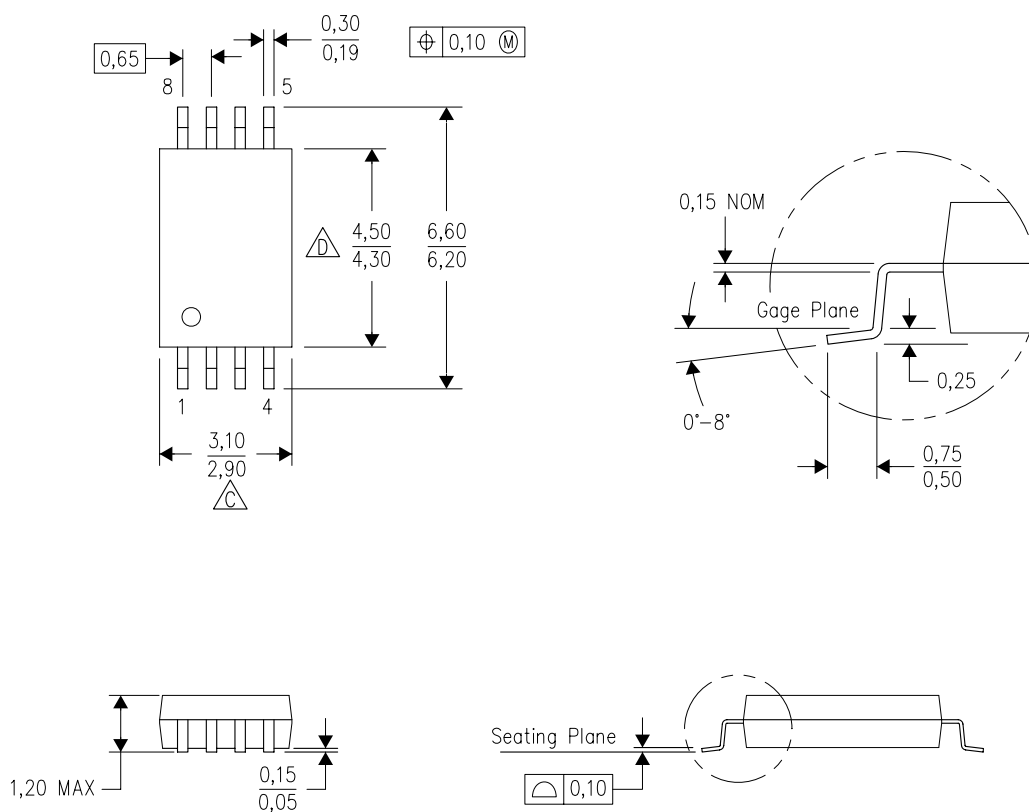
PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



- NOTES:
- All linear dimensions are in millimeters.
 - This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - Publication IPC-7351 is recommended for alternate designs.
 - Laser cutting apertures with trapezoidal walls and also rounding corners will offer better paste release. Customers should contact their board assembly site for stencil design recommendations. Refer to IPC-7525 for other stencil recommendations.
 - Customers should contact their board fabrication site for solder mask tolerances between and around signal pads.

PW (R-PDSO-G8)

PLASTIC SMALL OUTLINE



4040064-2/G 02/11

- NOTES:
- A. All linear dimensions are in millimeters. Dimensioning and tolerancing per ASME Y14.5M-1994.
 - B. This drawing is subject to change without notice.
 - C. Body length does not include mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs. Mold flash, protrusions, or gate burrs shall not exceed 0,15 each side.
 - D. Body width does not include interlead flash. Interlead flash shall not exceed 0,25 each side.
 - E. Falls within JEDEC MO-153

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