



+3V Voltage Monitoring, Low-Cost μ P Supervisory Circuits

General Description

The MAX706P/R/S/T, MAX706AP/AR/AS/AT, and MAX708R/S/T microprocessor (μ P) supervisory circuits reduce the complexity and number of components required to monitor +3V power-supply levels in +3V to +5V μ P systems. These devices significantly improve system reliability and accuracy compared to separate ICs or discrete components.

The MAX706P/R/S/T and MAX706AP/AR/AS/AT supervisory circuits provide the following four functions:

- 1) A reset output during power-up, power-down, and brownout conditions.
- 2) An independent watchdog output that goes low if the watchdog input has not been toggled within 1.6s.
- 3) A 1.25V threshold detector for power-fail warning, low-battery detection, or for monitoring a power supply other than the main supply.
- 4) An active-low, manual-reset input.

The only difference between the MAX706R/AR, MAX706S/AS, and MAX706T/AT is the reset-threshold voltage levels, which are 2.63V, 2.93V, and 3.08V, respectively. All have active-low reset output signals. The MAX706P/AP are identical to the MAX706R/AR, except the reset output signal is active-high. The watchdog timer function for the MAX706AP/AR/AS/AT disables when the WDI input is left open or connected to a high-impedance state of a low-leakage tri-state output.

The MAX708R/S/T provide the same functions as the MAX706R/S/T and MAX706AR/AS/AT except they do not have a watchdog timer. Instead, they provide both $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ and RESET outputs. As with the MAX706, devices with R, S, and T suffixes have reset thresholds of 2.63V, 2.93V, and 3.08V, respectively.

These devices are available in 8-pin SO, DIP, and μ MAX[®] packages and are fully specified over the operating temperature range.

Applications

Battery-Powered Equipment
Portable Instruments
Computers
Controllers
Intelligent Instruments
Critical μ P Power Monitoring

μ MAX is a registered trademark of Maxim Integrated Products, Inc.



Features

- ◆ μ MAX Package, Small 8-Pin SO
- ◆ Precision Supply-Voltage Monitors
2.63V (MAX706P/R, MAX706AP/AR, and MAX708R)
2.93V (MAX706S, MAX706AS, and MAX708S)
3.08V (MAX706T, MAX706AT, and MAX708T)
- ◆ 200ms Reset Time Delay
- ◆ Debounced TTL/CMOS-Compatible Manual Reset Input
- ◆ 100 μ A Quiescent Current
- ◆ WDI Disable Feature (MAX706AP/AR/AS/AT)
- ◆ Watchdog Timer: 1.6s Timeout
- ◆ Reset Output Signal:
Active-High Only (MAX706P, MAX706AP)
Active-Low Only (MAX706R/S/T, MAX706AR/AS/AT)
Active-High and Active-Low (MAX708R/S/T)
- ◆ Voltage Monitor for Power-Fail or Low-Battery Warning
- ◆ 8-Pin Surface-Mount Package
- ◆ Guaranteed $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Assertion to $V_{CC} = 1V$

Ordering Information

PART [†]	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	PKG CODE
MAX706PCPA	0°C to +70°C	8 PDIP	P8-1
MAX706PCSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO	S8-2
MAX706PCUA	0°C to +70°C	8 μ MAX	U8-1
MAX706PEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 PDIP	P8-1

[†]SO, μ MAX, and PDIP packages are available in lead-free.

Ordering Information continued at end of data sheet.

Pin Configurations appear at end of data sheet.

Typical Operating Circuits



Typical Operating Circuits continued at end of data sheet.

MAX706P/R/S/T, MAX706AP/AR/AS/AT, MAX708R/S/T

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ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Terminal Voltage (with respect to GND)		8-Pin SO (derate 5.9mW/°C above +70°C).....	470.6mW
V _{CC}	-0.3V to +6V	8-Pin μMAX (derate 4.5mW/°C above +70°C).....	362mW
All Other Inputs (Note 1).....	-0.3V to (V _{CC} + 0.3V)	Operating Temperature Range	
Input Current		MAX70_C	0°C to +70°C
V _{CC}	20mA	MAX70_E	-40°C to +85°C
GND	20mA	MAX70_M	-55°C to +125°C
Output Current (all outputs)	20mA	Junction Temperature	+150°C
Continuous Power Dissipation (T _A = +70°C)		Storage Temperature Range	-65°C to +150°C
8-Pin CERDIP (derate 8mW/°C above +70°C).....	640mW	Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s)	+300°C
8-Pin PDIP (derate 9.1mW/°C above +70°C).....	727.3mW		

Note 1: The input-voltage limits on PFI, WDI, and $\overline{\text{MR}}$ can be exceeded if the input current is less than 10mA.

Stresses beyond those listed under "Absolute Maximum Ratings" may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(MAX70_P/R, MAX706AP/AR: V_{CC} = 2.7V to 5.5V; MAX70_S, MAX706AS: V_{CC} = 3.0V to 5.5V; MAX70_T, MAX706AT: V_{CC} = 3.15V to 5.5V; T_J = T_A = T_{MIN} to T_{MAX}, unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at T_J = T_A = +25°C.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Supply Voltage Range	V _{CC}		MAX70_C	1.0		5.5	V
			MAX70_E/M	1.2		5.5	
Supply Current	I _{SUPPLY}	V _{CC} < 3.6V	MAX706_C		90	200	μA
			MAX706_E/M		90	300	
			MAX708_C		50	200	
			MAX708_E/M		50	300	
		V _{CC} < 5.5V	MAX706_C		135	350	
			MAX706_E/M		135	500	
			MAX708_C		65	350	
			MAX708_E/M		65	500	
Reset Threshold (Note 3) (V _{CC} Falling)	V _{RST}	MAX70_P/R, MAX706AP/AR		2.55	2.63	2.70	V
		MAX70_S, MAX706AS		2.85	2.93	3.00	
		MAX70_T, MAX706AT		3.00	3.08	3.15	
Reset Threshold Hysteresis (Note 3)	V _{HYS}				20		mV
Reset Pulse Width (Note 3)	t _{RST}	MAX70_P/R, MAX706AP/AR V _{CC} = 3.0V		140	200	280	ms
		MAX70_S, MAX706AS, V _{CC} = 3.3V		140	200	280	
		V _{CC} = 5V			200		
RESET OUTPUT							
Output-Voltage High (MAX70_R/S/T) (MAX706AR/AS/AT)	V _{OH}	V _{RST} (MAX) < V _{CC} < 3.6V	I _{SOURCE} = 500μA	0.8 x V _{CC}		V	
	V _{OL}	V _{RST} (MAX) < V _{CC} < 3.6V	I _{SINK} = 1.2mA	0.3			
	V _{OH}	4.5V < V _{CC} < 5.5V	I _R SOURCE = 800μA	V _{CC} - 1.5			
	V _{OL}	4.5V < V _{CC} < 5.5V	I _{SINK} = 3.2mA	0.4			
	V _{OL}	MAX70_C V _{CC} = 1.0V, I _{SINK} = 50μA		0.3			
		MAX70_E/M: V _{CC} = 1.2V, I _{SINK} = 100μA		0.3			

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(MAX70_P/R, MAX706AP/AR: $V_{CC} = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$; MAX70_S, MAX706AS: $V_{CC} = 3.0V$ to $5.5V$; MAX70_T, MAX706AT: $V_{CC} = 3.15V$ to $5.5V$; $T_J = T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_J = T_A = +25^\circ C$.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
Output-Voltage High (MAX706P) (MAX706AP)	V _{OH}	V _{RST(MAX)} < V _{CC} < 3.6V	I _{SOURCE} = 215μA	V _{CC} – 0.6			V
	V _{OL}	V _{RST(MAX)} < V _{CC} < 3.6V	I _{SINK} = 1.2mA	0.3			
	V _{OH}	4.5 < V _{CC} < 5.5V	I _{SOURCE} = 800μA	V _{CC} - 1.5			
	V _{OL}	4.5V < V _{CC} < 5.5V	I _{SINK} = 3.2mA	0.4			
Output-Voltage High (MAX708_)	V _{OH}	V _{RST(MAX)} < V _{CC} < 3.6V	I _{SOURCE} = 500μA	0.8×V _{CC}			V
	V _{OL}	V _{RST(MAX)} < V _{CC} < 3.6V	I _{SINK} = 500μA	0.3			
	V _{OH}	4.5V < V _{CC} < 5.5V	I _{SOURCE} = 800μA	V _{CC} - 1.5			
	V _{OL}	4.5V < V _{CC} < 5.5V	I _{SINK} = 1.2mA	0.4			
WATCHDOG INPUT							
Watchdog Timeout Period	t _{WD}	MAX706P/R, MAX706AP/AR, V _{CC} = 3.0V		1.00	1.6	2.25	s
		MAX706S/T, MAX706AS/AT, V _{CC} = 3.3V		1.00	1.6	2.25	
WDI Pulse Width (MAX706_, MAX706A_)	t _{WP}	V _{IL} = 0.4V	V _{RST(MAX)} < V _{CC} < 3.6V	100			ns
		V _{IH} = 0.8V x V _{CC}	4.5V < V _{CC} < 5.5V	50			
Watchdog Input Threshold (MAX706_, MAX706A_)	V _{IL}	V _{RST(MAX)} < V _{CC} < 3.6V		0.6			V
	V _{IH}	V _{RST(MAX)} < V _{CC} < 3.6V		0.7 x V _{CC}			
	V _{IL}	V _{CC} = 5.0V		0.8			
	V _{IH}	V _{CC} = 5.0V		3.5			
WDI Input Current		WDI = 0V or V _{CC}	MAX706_	-1.0	+0.02	+1.0	μA
			MAX706A_	-5		+5	

MAX706P/R/S/T, MAX706AP/AR/AS/AT, MAX708R/S/T

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ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

(MAX70_P/R, MAX706AP/AR: $V_{CC} = 2.7V$ to $5.5V$; MAX70_S, MAX706AS: $V_{CC} = 3.0V$ to $5.5V$; MAX70_T, MAX706AT: $V_{CC} = 3.15V$ to $5.5V$; $T_J = T_A = T_{MIN}$ to T_{MAX} , unless otherwise noted. Typical values are at $T_J = T_A = +25^\circ C$.) (Note 2)

PARAMETER	SYMBOL	CONDITIONS		MIN	TYP	MAX	UNITS
WATCHDOG OUTPUT							
$\overline{WDO}$ Output Voltage (MAX706_, MAX706A_)	V _{OH}	V _{RST(MAX)} < V _{CC} < 3.6V	I _{SOURCE} = 500μA	0.8 x V _{CC}		V	
	V _{OL}	V _{RST(MAX)} < V _{CC} < 3.6V	I _{SINK} = 500μA	0.3			
	V _{OH}	4.5V < V _{CC} < 5.5V	I _{SOURCE} = 800μA	V _{CC} - 1.5			
	V _{OL}	4.5V < V _{CC} < 5.5V	I _{SINK} = 1.2mA	0.4			
MANUAL RESET INPUT							
$\overline{MR}$ Pullup Current		$\overline{MR}$ = 0	V _{RST(MAX)} < V _{CC} < 3.6V	25	70	250	μA
			4.5V < V _{CC} < 5.5V	100	250	600	
$\overline{MR}$ Pulse Width	t _{MR}	V _{RST(MAX)} < V _{CC} < 3.6V		500		ns	
		4.5V < V _{CC} < 5.5V		150			
$\overline{MR}$ Input Threshold	V _{IL}	V _{RST(MAX)} < V _{CC} < 3.6V		0.6		V	
	V _{IH}	V _{RST(MAX)} < V _{CC} < 3.6V		0.7 x V _{CC}			
	V _{IL}	4.5V < V _{CC} < 5.5V		0.8			
	V _{IH}	4.5V < V _{CC} < 5.5V		2.0			
$\overline{MR}$ to Reset Output Delay	t _{MD}	V _{RST(MAX)} < V _{CC} < 3.6V		750		ns	
		4.5V < V _{CC} < 5.5V		250			
POWER-FAILURE COMPARATOR							
PFI Input Threshold		(MAX70_P/R, MAX706AP/AR) PFI falling V _{CC} = 3.0V		1.2	1.25	1.3	V
		(MAX70_S/T, MAX706AS/AT) PFI falling, V _{CC} = 3.3V		1.2	1.25	1.3	
PFI Input Current				-25	+0.01	+25	nA
$\overline{PFO}$ Output Voltage	V _{OH}	V _{RST(MAX)} < V _{CC} < 3.6V	I _{SOURCE} = 500μA	0.8 x V _{CC}		V	
	V _{OL}	V _{RST(MAX)} < V _{CC} < 3.6V	I _{SINK} = 1.2mA	0.3			
	V _{OH}	4.5V < V _{CC} < 5.5V	I _{SOURCE} = 800μA	V _{CC} - 1.5			
	V _{OL}	4.5V < V _{CC} < 5.5V	I _{SINK} = 3.2mA	0.4			

Note 2: All devices 100% production tested at $T_A = +85^\circ C$. Limits over temperature are guaranteed by design.

Note 3: Applies to both RESET in the MAX70_R/S/T and MAX706AR/AS/AT, and RESET in the MAX706P/MAX706AP.

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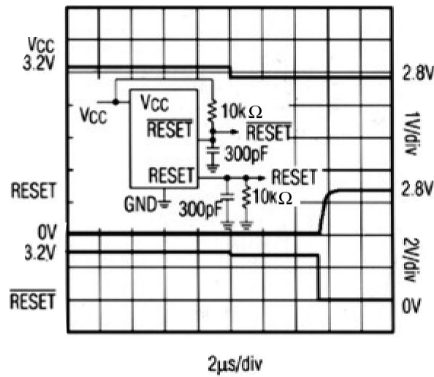
Typical Operating Characteristics

($T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$, unless otherwise noted.)

**RESET, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ OUTPUT VOLTAGES
vs. SUPPLY VOLTAGE
(RESET OUTPUTS AND RESET THRESHOLDS
SHOWN FOR MAX708T, $T_A = +25^\circ\text{C}$)**



RESET, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ RESPONSE TIMES



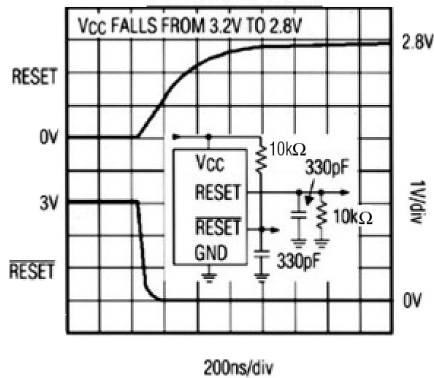
**POWER-FAIL COMPARATOR
ASSERTION RESPONSE TIME**



**POWER-FAIL COMPARATOR
DEASSERTION RESPONSE TIME**



**RESET, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$
RISE AND FALL TIMES
(RESET ASSERTED)**



**RESET, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$
RISE AND FALL TIMES
(RESET DEASSERTED)**



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Pin Description

MAX706P MAX706AP		MAX706R/S/T, MAX706AR/AS/AT		MAX708R/S/T		NAME	FUNCTION
SO/DIP	μ MAX	SO/DIP	μ MAX	SO/DIP	μ MAX		
1	3	1	3	1	3	$\overline{\text{MR}}$	Active-Low, Manual-Reset Input. Pull $\overline{\text{MR}}$ below 0.6V to trigger a reset pulse. $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is TTL/CMOS compatible when $V_{CC} = 5V$ and can be shorted to GND with a switch. $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is internally connected to a 70 μ A source current. Connect to V_{CC} or leave unconnected.
2	4	2	4	2	4	V_{CC}	Supply Voltage Input
3	5	3	5	3	5	GND	Ground
4	6	4	6	4	6	PFI	Adjustable Power-Fail Comparator Input. Connect PFI to a resistive divider to set the desired PFI threshold. When PFI is less than 1.25V, $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ goes low and sinks current; otherwise, $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ remains high. Connect PFI to GND if not used.
5	7	5	7	5	7	$\overline{\text{PFO}}$	Active-Low, Power-Fail Comparator Output. $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ asserts when PFI is below the internal 1.25V threshold. $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ deasserts when PFI is above the internal 1.25V threshold. Leave $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ unconnected if not used.
6	8	6	8	—	—	WDI	Watchdog Input. A falling or rising transition must occur at WDI within 1.6s to prevent $\overline{\text{WDO}}$ from asserting (see Figure 4). The internal watchdog timer is reset to zero when reset is asserted or when transition occurs at WDI. The watchdog function for the MAX706P/R/S/T can not be disabled. The watchdog timer for the MAX706AP/AR/AS/AT disables when WDI input is left open or connected to a tri-state output in its high-impedance state with a leakage current of less than 600nA.
7	1	—	—	8	2	RESET	Active-High Reset Output. RESET remains high when V_{CC} is below the reset threshold or $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is held low. It remains low for 200ms after the reset conditions end (Figure 3).
8	2	8	2	—	—	$\overline{\text{WDO}}$	Active-Low Watchdog Output. $\overline{\text{WDO}}$ goes low when a transition does not occur at WDI within 1.6s and remains low until a transition occurs at WDI (indicating the watchdog interrupt has been serviced). $\overline{\text{WDO}}$ also goes low when V_{CC} falls below the reset threshold; however, unlike the reset output signal, $\overline{\text{WDO}}$ goes high as soon as V_{CC} rises above the reset threshold.
—	—	7	1	7	1	$\overline{\text{RESET}}$	Active-Low Reset Output. $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ remains low when V_{CC} is below the reset threshold or $\overline{\text{MR}}$ is held low. It remains low for 200ms after the reset conditions end (Figure 3).
—	—	—	—	6	8	N.C.	No Connection. Not internally connected.

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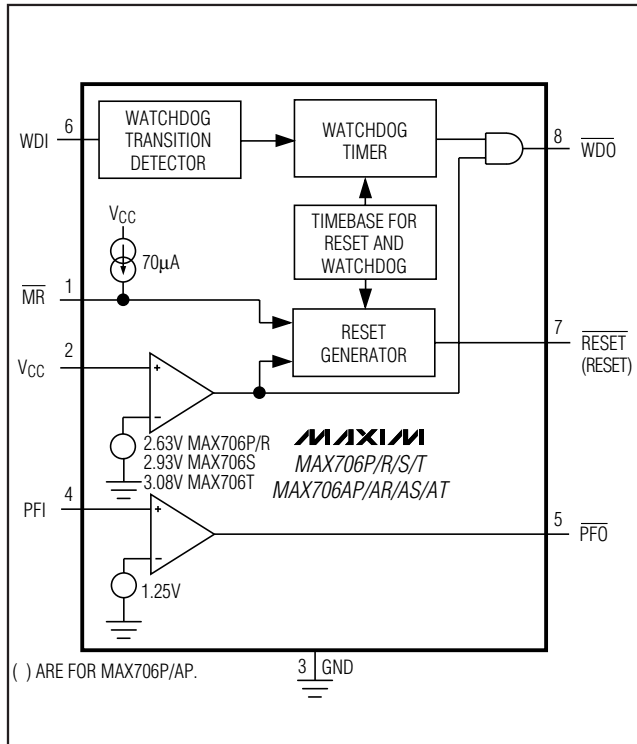


Figure 1. MAX706_ Functional Diagram

RESET and RESET Outputs

A microprocessor's (μ P's) reset input starts in a known state. When the μ P is in an unknown state, it should be held in reset. The MAX706P/R/S/T and the MAX706AP/AR/AS/AT assert reset when V_{CC} is low, preventing code execution errors during power-up, power-down, or brownout conditions.

On power-up once V_{CC} reaches 1V, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ is guaranteed to be logic-low and RESET is guaranteed to be logic-high. As V_{CC} rises, $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ and RESET remain asserted. Once V_{CC} exceeds the reset threshold, the internal timer causes $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ and RESET to be deasserted after a time equal to the reset pulse width, which is typically 200ms (Figure 3).

If a power-fail or brownout condition occurs (i.e., V_{CC} drops below the reset threshold), $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ and RESET are asserted. As long as V_{CC} remains below the reset threshold, the internal timer is continually reset, causing the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ and RESET outputs to remain asserted. Thus, a brownout condition that interrupts a previously initiated reset pulse causes an additional 200ms delay from the time the latest interruption occurred. On power-down once V_{CC} drops below the reset threshold,



Figure 2. MAX708_ Functional Diagram

$\overline{\text{RESET}}$ and RESET are guaranteed to be asserted for $V_{CC} \geq 1V$.

The MAX706P/MAX706AP provide a RESET signal, and the MAX706R/S/T and MAX706AR/AS/AT provide a $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ signal. The MAX708R/S/T provide both RESET and $\overline{\text{RESET}}$.

Watchdog Timer

The MAX706P/R/S/T and the MAX706AP/AR/AS/AT watchdog circuit monitor the μ P's activity. If the μ P does not toggle the watchdog input (WDI) within 1.6s, the watchdog output (WDO) goes low (Figure 4). If the reset signal is asserted, the watchdog timer will be reset to zero and disabled. As soon as reset is released, the timer starts counting. WDI can detect pulses as narrow as 100ns with a 2.7V supply and 50ns with a 4.5V supply. The watchdog timer for the MAX706P/R/S/T cannot be disabled. The watchdog timer for the MAX706AP/AR/AS/AT operates similarly to the MAX706P/R/S/T. However, the watchdog timer for the MAX706AP/AR/AS/AT disables when the WDI input is left open or connected to a tri-state output in its high-impedance state and with a leakage current of less than 600nA. The watchdog timer can be disabled anytime, provided $\overline{\text{WDO}}$ is not asserted.

MAX706P/R/S/T, MAX706AP/AR/AS/AT, MAX708R/S/T

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Figure 3. RESET, RESET, MR, and WDO Timing

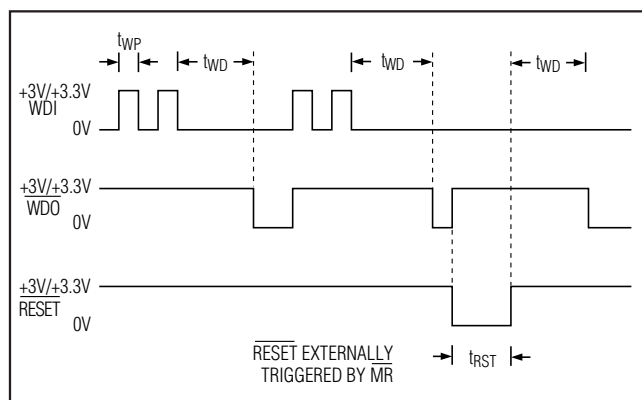


Figure 4. MAX706AP/AR/AS/AT Watchdog Timing

$\overline{WDO}$ can be connected to the nonmaskable interrupt (NMI) input of a μ P. When V_{CC} drops below the reset threshold, $\overline{WDO}$ immediately goes low, even if the watchdog timer has not timed out (Figure 3). Normally, this would trigger an NMI, but since reset is asserted simultaneously, the NMI is overridden. The $\overline{WDO}$ should not be connected to $\overline{RESET}$ directly. Instead, connect $\overline{WDO}$ to $\overline{MR}$ to generate a reset pulse when it times out.

Manual Reset

The manual reset ($\overline{MR}$) input allows $\overline{RESET}$ and $\overline{RESET}$ to be activated by a pushbutton switch. The switch is effectively debounced by the 140ms minimum reset pulse width. $\overline{MR}$ can be driven by an external logic line since it is TTL/CMOS compatible. The minimum $\overline{MR}$

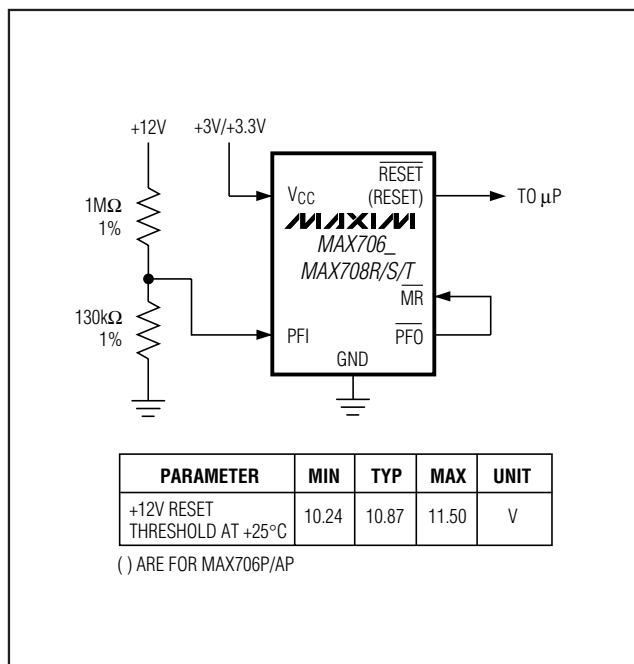


Figure 5. Monitoring Both +3V/+3.3V and +12V

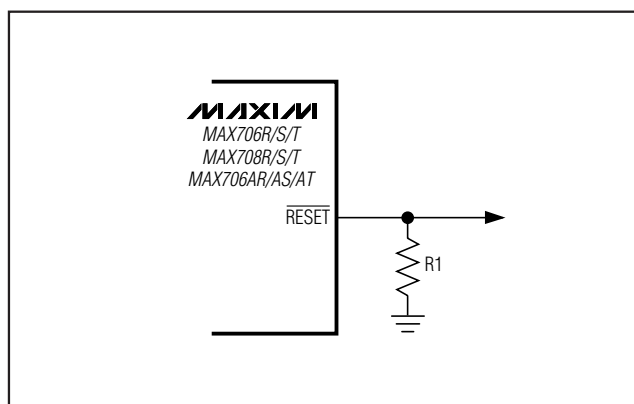


Figure 6. $\overline{RESET}$ Valid to GND Circuit

input pulse width is 500ns when $V_{CC} = +3V$ and 150ns when $V_{CC} = +5V$. Leave $\overline{MR}$ unconnected or connect to V_{CC} when not used.

Power-Fail Comparator

The power-fail comparator can be used for various purposes because its output and noninverting input are not internally connected. The inverting input is internally connected to a 1.25V reference. The power-fail comparator has 10mV of hysteresis, which prevents repeated triggering of the power-fail output ($\overline{PFO}$).

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To build an early-warning power-failure circuit, use the power-fail comparator input (PFI) to monitor the unregulated DC supply voltage (see the *Typical Operating Circuits*). Connect the PFI to a resistive-divider network such that the voltage at PFI falls below 1.25V just before the regulator drops out. Use $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ to interrupt the μ P so it can prepare for an orderly power-down.

Regulated and unregulated voltages can be monitored by simply adjusting the PFI resistive-divider network values to the appropriate ratio. In addition, the reset signal can be asserted at voltages other than V_{CC} reset threshold, as shown in Figure 5. Connect $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ to $\overline{\text{MR}}$ to initiate a reset pulse when the 12V supply drops below a user-specified threshold (11V in this example) or when V_{CC} falls below the reset threshold.

Operation with +3V and +5V Supplies

The MAX706P/R/S/T, the MAX706AP/AR/AS/AT, and the MAX708R/S/T provide voltage monitoring at the reset threshold (2.63V to 3.08V) when powered from either +3V or +5V. These devices are ideal in portable-instrument applications where power can be supplied from either a +3V battery or an AC-DC wall adapter that generates +5V (a +5V supply allows a μ P or a microcontroller to run faster than a +3V supply). With a +3V supply, these ICs consume less power, but output drive capability is reduced, the $\overline{\text{MR}}$ to $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ delay time increases, and the $\overline{\text{MR}}$ minimum pulse width increases. The *Electrical Characteristics* table provides specifications for operation with both +3V and +5V supplies.

Ensuring a Valid $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ Output Down to $V_{CC} = 0V$

When V_{CC} falls below 1V, the MAX706R/S/T, MAX706AR/AS/AT, and MAX708R/S/T $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ output no longer sinks current; it becomes an open circuit. High-impedance, CMOS logic inputs can drift to undetermined voltages if left as open circuit. If a pulldown resistor is added to the $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ pin, as shown in Figure 6, any stray charge or leakage current will flow to ground, holding $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ low. Resistor value R is not critical, but it should not load $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ and should be small enough to pull $\overline{\text{RESET}}$ and the input it is driving to ground. 100k Ω is suggested for R1.

Applications Information

Adding Hysteresis to the Power-Fail Comparator

Hysteresis adds a noise margin to the power-fail comparator and prevents repeated triggering of the $\overline{\text{PFO}}$ when V_{IN} is near the power-fail comparator trip point. Figure 7 shows how to add hysteresis to the power-fail comparator. Select the ratio of R1 and R2 such that PFI

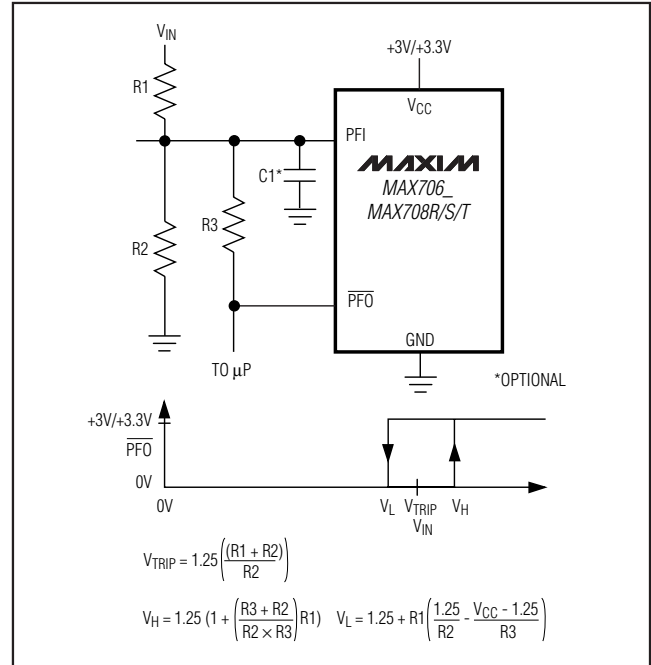


Figure 7. Adding Hysteresis to the Power-Fail Comparator

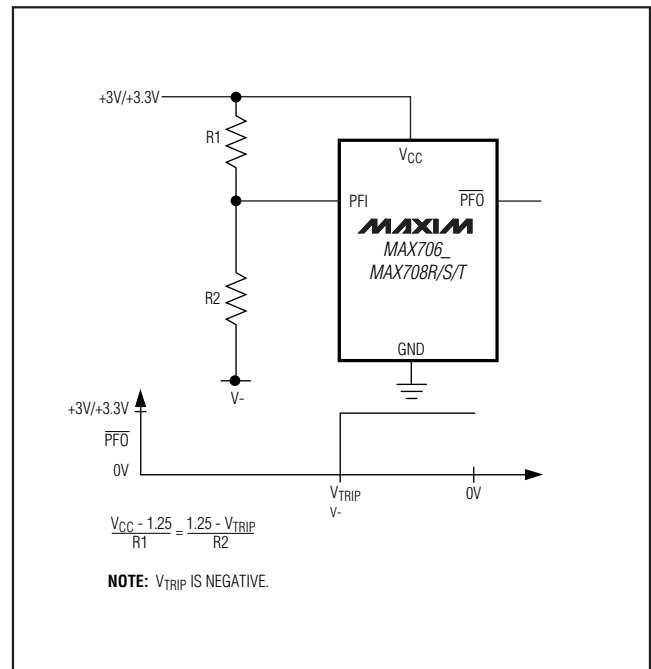


Figure 8. Monitoring a Negative Voltage

MAX706P/R/S/T, MAX706AP/AR/AS/AT, MAX708R/S/T

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sees 1.25V when V_{IN} falls to the desired trip point (V_{TRIP}). Resistor R3 adds hysteresis. R3 will typically be an order of magnitude greater than R1 and R2. The current through R1 and R2 should be at least 1 μ A to ensure that the 25nA (max) PFI input current does not shift the trip point significantly. R3 should be larger than 10k Ω to prevent it from loading down the $\overline{PFO}$ pin. Capacitor C1 adds noise rejection.

Monitoring a Negative Voltage

The power-fail comparator can be used to monitor a negative supply voltage using the circuit of Figure 8. When the negative supply is valid, $\overline{PFO}$ is low. When the negative supply voltage drops, $\overline{PFO}$ goes high. This circuit's accuracy is affected by the PFI threshold tolerance, the V_{CC} voltage, and resistors R1 and R2.

Bypassing V_{CC}

For noisy systems, bypass V_{CC} with a 0.1 μ F capacitor to GND.

Ordering Information (continued)

PART†	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	PKG CODE
MAX706PEUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 μ MAX	U8-1
MAX706PMJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP*	J8-2
MAX706RCPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic Dip	P8-1
MAX706RCSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO	S8-2
MAX706RCUA	0°C to +70°C	8 μ MAX	U8-1
MAX706REPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic Dip	P8-1
MAX706RESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO	S8-2
MAX706REUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 μ MAX	U8-1
MAX706RMJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP*	J8-2
MAX706SCPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic Dip	P8-1
MAX706SCSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO	S8-2
MAX706SCUA	0°C to +70°C	8 μ MAX	U8-1
MAX706SEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic Dip	P8-1
MAX706SESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO	S8-2
MAX706SEUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 μ MAX	U8-1
MAX706SMJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP*	J8-2
MAX706TCPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic Dip	P8-1
MAX706TCSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO	S8-2
MAX706TCUA	0°C to +70°C	8 μ MAX	U8-1
MAX706TEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic Dip	P8-1
MAX706TESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO	S8-2
MAX706TEUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 μ MAX	U8-1
MAX706TMJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP*	J8-2
MAX706APEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic Dip	P8-1
MAX706APESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO	S8-2
MAX706APEUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 μ MAX	U8-1
MAX706AREPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic Dip	P8-1
MAX706ARESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO	S8-2
MAX706AREUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 μ MAX	U8-1
MAX706ASEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic Dip	P8-1

PART†	TEMP RANGE	PIN-PACKAGE	PKG CODE
MAX706ASESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO	S8-2
MAX706ASEUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 μ MAX	U8-1
MAX706ATEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic Dip	P8-1
MAX706ATESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO	S8-2
MAX706ATEUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 μ MAX	U8-1
MAX708RCPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic Dip	P8-1
MAX708RCSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO	S8-2
MAX708RCUA	0°C to +70°C	8 μ MAX	U8-1
MAX708REPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic Dip	P8-1
MAX708RESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO	S8-2
MAX708REUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 μ MAX	U8-1
MAX708RMJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP*	J8-2
MAX708SCPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic Dip	P8-1
MAX708SCSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO	S8-2
MAX708SCUA	0°C to +70°C	8 μ MAX	U8-1
MAX708SEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic Dip	P8-1
MAX708SESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO	S8-2
MAX708SEUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 μ MAX	U8-1
MAX708SMJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP*	J8-2
MAX708TCPA	0°C to +70°C	8 Plastic Dip	P8-1
MAX708TCSA	0°C to +70°C	8 SO	S8-2
MAX708TCUA	0°C to +70°C	8 μ MAX	U8-1
MAX708TEPA	-40°C to +85°C	8 Plastic Dip	P8-1
MAX708TESA	-40°C to +85°C	8 SO	S8-2
MAX708TEUA	-40°C to +85°C	8 μ MAX	U8-1
MAX708TMJA	-55°C to +125°C	8 CERDIP*	J8-2

†SO, μ MAX, and PDIP packages are available in lead-free.

*Contact factory for availability and processing to MIL-STD-883.

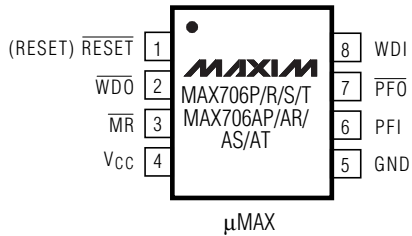
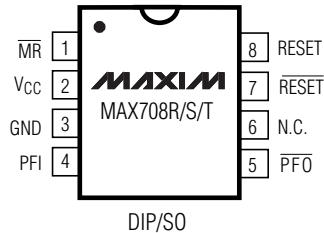
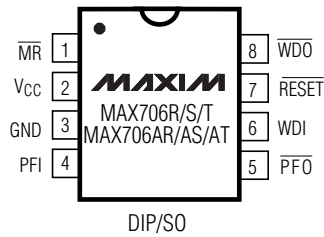
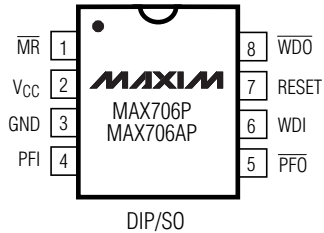
Chip Information

PROCESS: CMOS

+3V Voltage Monitoring, Low-Cost μ P Supervisory Circuits

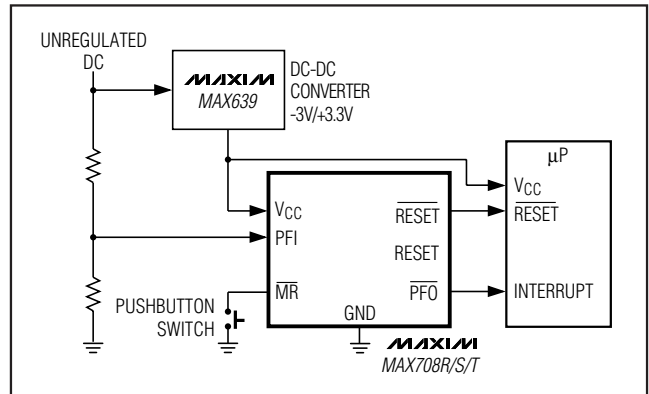
Pin Configurations

TOP VIEW



() ARE FOR MAX706P/AP ONLY.

Typical Operating Circuits (continued)



MAX706P/R/S/T, MAX706AP/AR/AS/AT, MAX708R/S/T

+3V Voltage Monitoring, Low-Cost μ P Supervisory Circuits

Package Information

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)



	INCHES		MILLIMETERS	
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	---	0.200	---	5.08
B	0.014	0.023	0.36	0.58
B1	0.038	0.065	0.97	1.65
C	0.008	0.015	0.20	0.38
E	0.220	0.310	5.59	7.87
E1	0.290	0.320	7.37	8.13
e	0.100		2.54	
L	0.125	0.200	3.18	5.08
L1	0.150	---	0.00	---
Q	0.015	0.070	0.38	1.78
S	---	0.098	---	2.49
S1	0.005	---	0.13	---

	INCHES		MILLIMETERS		N	CASE
	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX		
D	---	0.405	---	10.29	8	P:D4
D	---	0.785	---	19.94	14	C:D1
D	---	0.840	---	21.34	16	E:D2
D	---	0.960	---	24.38	18	V:D6
D	---	1.060	---	26.92	20	R:D8
D	---	1.280	---	32.51	24	L:D9

NOTES:

1. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH
2. MEETS 1835 CASE OUTLINE CONFIGURATION #1 AS SHOWN IN ABOVE TABLE
3. N = NUMBER OF PINS



PACKAGE FAMILY OUTLINE: CDIP .300"



21-0045 A
DOCUMENT CONTROL NUMBER REV

+3V Voltage Monitoring, Low-Cost μ P Supervisory Circuits

Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)

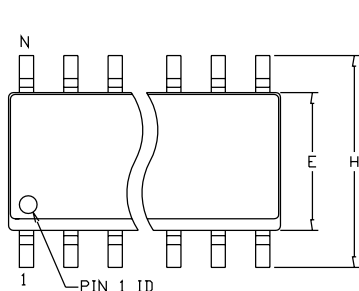


MAX706P/R/S/T, MAX706AP/AR/AS/AT, MAX708R/S/T

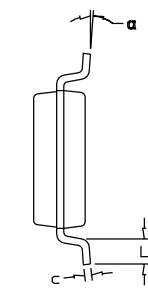
+3V Voltage Monitoring, Low-Cost μ P Supervisory Circuits

Package Information (continued)

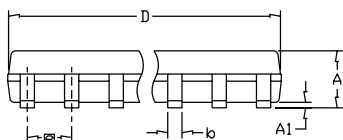
(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)



TOP VIEW



END VIEW



SIDE VIEW

COMMON DIMENSIONS				
SYMBOL	INCHES		MM	
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.
A	.053	.069	1.35	1.75
A1	.004	.010	0.10	0.25
b	.014	.019	0.35	0.49
c	.007	.010	0.19	0.25
E	.150	.157	3.80	4.00
e	.050	BSC	1.27	BSC
H	.228	.244	5.80	6.20
L	.016	.050	0.40	1.27
a	0°	8°	0°	8°

VARIATION A				
SYMBOL	INCHES		MM	
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.
D	.189	.197	4.80	5.00
N	8			
MS012	AA			
PKG. CODE	S8-2, S8-4, S8-5, S8-6F, S8-7F, S8-8F, S8-10F, S8-11F, S8-16F			

VARIATION B				
SYMBOL	INCHES		MM	
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.
D	.337	.344	8.55	8.75
N	14			
MS012	AB			
PKG. CODE	S14-1, S14-4, S14-5, S14-6, S14M-4, S14M-5, S14M-6, S14M-7			

VARIATION C				
SYMBOL	INCHES		MM	
	MIN.	MAX.	MIN.	MAX.
D	.386	.394	9.80	10.00
N	16			
MS012	AC			
PKG. CODE	S16-1, S16-3, S16-5, S16-6, S16-8, S16-7F, S16-9F, S16-10F, S16M-3, S16M-6			

NOTES:

- ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS UNLESS OTHERWISE SPECIFIED.
- MATERIAL MUST COMPLY WITH BANNED AND RESTRICTED SUBSTANCES SPEC # 10-0131.
- DIMENSIONS D AND E DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD PROTRUSION. ALLOWABLE MOLD PROTRUSION IS 0.15 MM (.006") PER SIDE.
- LEADS TO BE COPLANAR WITHIN 0.10mm (.004").
- MEETS JEDEC MS012
- ALL DIMENSIONS APPLY TO BOTH LEADED (-) AND PbFREE (+) PKG. CODES.

-DRAWING NOT TO SCALE-

MAXIM

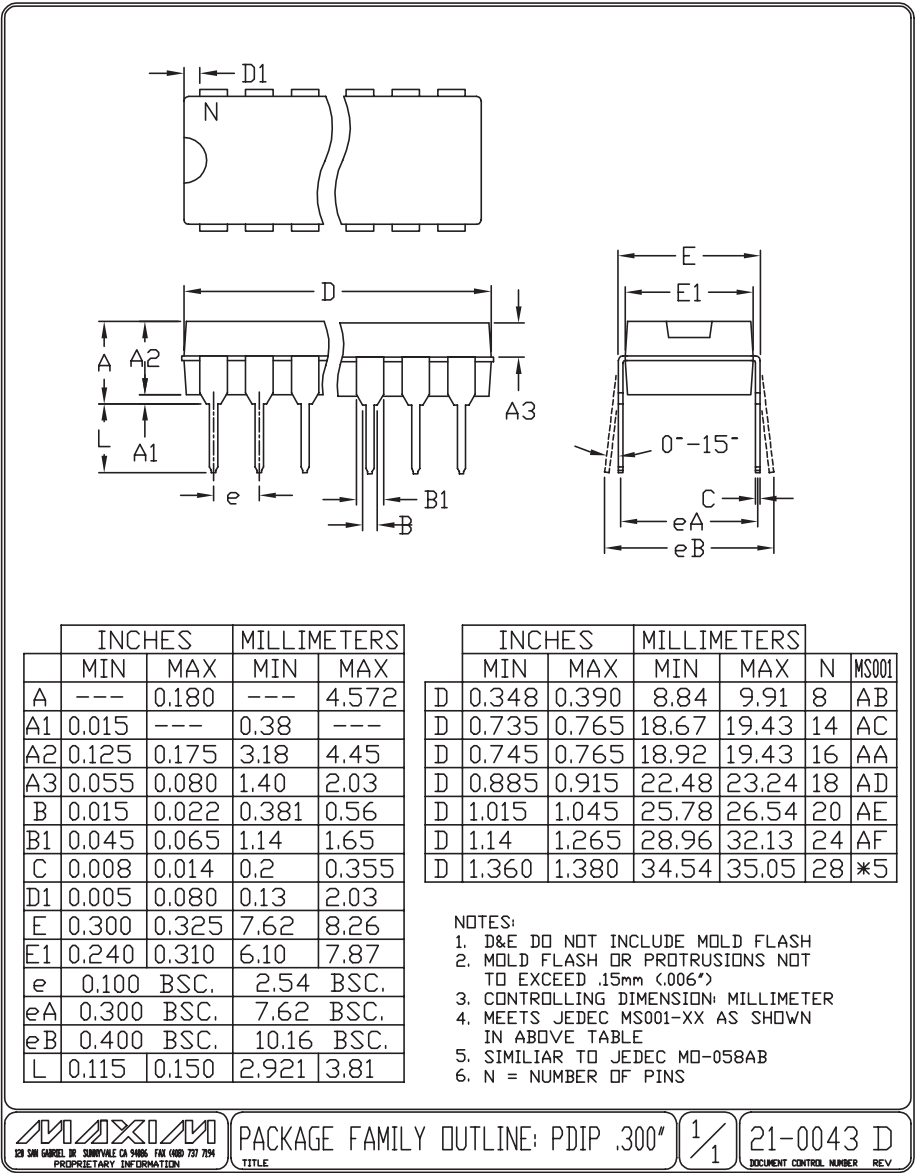
TITLE:
PACKAGE OUTLINE,
8L, 14L, 16L SOIC .150 INCH

APPROVAL	DOCUMENT CONTROL NO. 21-0041	REV. C	1/1
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+3V Voltage Monitoring, Low-Cost μ P Supervisory Circuits

Package Information (continued)

(The package drawing(s) in this data sheet may not reflect the most current specifications. For the latest package outline information go to www.maxim-ic.com/packages.)



MAX706P/R/S/T, MAX706AP/AR/AS/AT, MAX708R/S/T

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