

## 60MSPS 10-bit 3-Channel CCD Digitiser

### DESCRIPTION

The WM8215 is a 10-bit analogue front end/digitiser IC which processes and digitises the analogue output signals from CCD sensors or Contact Image Sensors (CIS) at pixel sample rates of up to 60MSPS.

The device includes three analogue signal processing channels each of which contains Reset Level Clamping, Correlated Double Sampling and Programmable Gain and Offset adjust functions. The output from each of these channels is time multiplexed into a single high-speed 10-bit Analogue to Digital Converter. The digital output data is available in 10-bit wide parallel format.

An internal 4-bit DAC is supplied for internal reference level generation. This may be used to reference CIS signals, in non-CDS mode or to clamp CCD signals during Reset Level Clamping. An external reference level may also be supplied. ADC references are generated internally, ensuring optimum performance from the device.

Using an analogue supply voltage of 3.3V and a digital interface supply of 3.3V, the WM8215 typically only consumes 400mW.

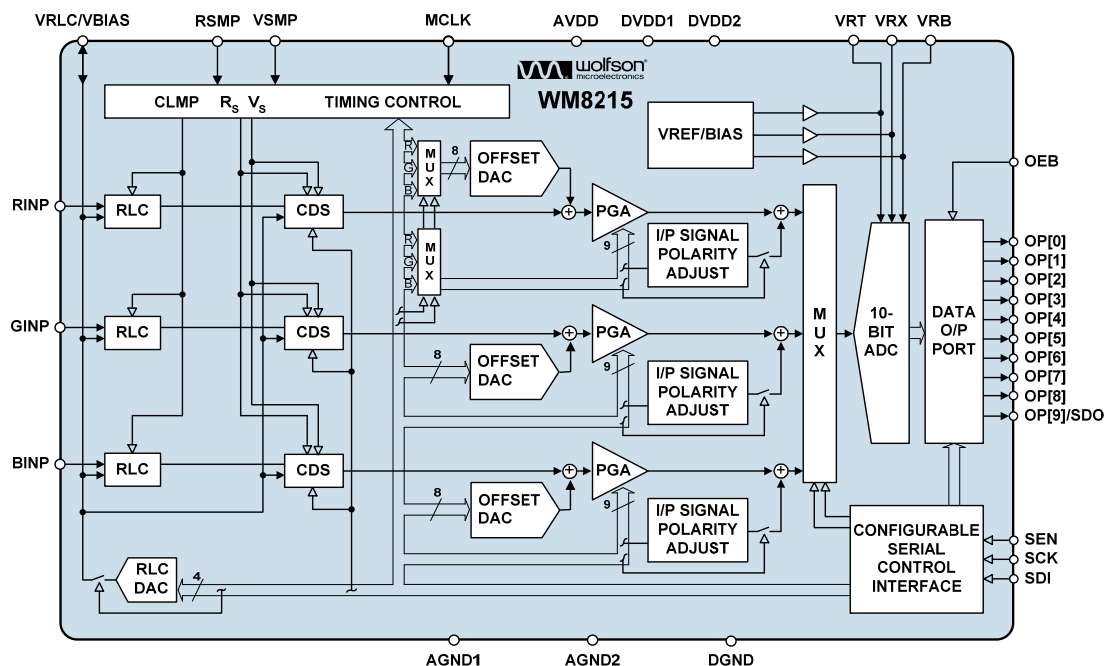
### FEATURES

- 10-bit ADC
- 60MSPS conversion rate
- Low power – 400mW typical
- 3.3V single supply operation
- 3 channel operation
- Correlated double sampling
- Programmable gain (9-bit resolution)
- Programmable offset adjust (8-bit resolution)
- Flexible clamp timing
- Programmable clamp voltage
- Internally generated voltage references
- 32-lead QFN package
- Serial control interface

### APPLICATIONS

- Digital Copiers
- USB2.0 compatible scanners
- Multi-function peripherals
- High-speed CCD/CIS sensor interface

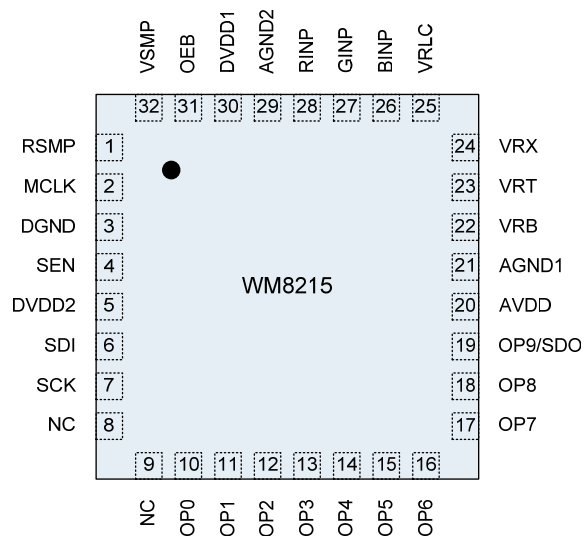
### BLOCK DIAGRAM



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## PIN CONFIGURATION



## ORDERING INFORMATION

| DEVICE        | TEMPERATURE RANGE | PACKAGE                                                | MOISTURE SENSITIVITY LEVEL | PEAK SOLDERING TEMPERATURE |
|---------------|-------------------|--------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------|----------------------------|
| WM8215CSEFL   | 0 to 70°C         | 32-lead QFN<br>(5x5x0.9mm)<br>(Pb-free)                | MSL1                       | 260°C                      |
| WM8215CSEFL/R | 0 to 70°C         | 32-lead QFN<br>(5x5x0.9mm)<br>(Pb-free, tape and reel) | MSL1                       | 260°C                      |

**Note:**

Reel quantity = 3,500

## PIN DESCRIPTION

| PIN | NAME       | TYPE            | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|-----|------------|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1   | RSMP       | Digital input   | Reset sample pulse (when CDS=1) or clamp control                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 2   | MCLK       | Digital input   | Master (ADC) clock. This clock determines the ADC conversion rate.                                                                                                                                                           |
| 3   | DGND       | Supply          | Digital ground.                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
| 4   | SEN        | Digital input   | Enables the serial interface when high.                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 5   | DVDD2      | Supply          | Digital supply, all digital I/O pins.                                                                                                                                                                                        |
| 6   | SDI        | Digital input   | Serial data input.                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 7   | SCK        | Digital input   | Serial clock.                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 8   | NC         | No connect      | No internal connection.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 9   | NC         | No connect      | No internal connection.                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|     |            |                 | Digital output data bus. ADC output data (d9:d0) is available in 10-bit parallel format.                                                                                                                                     |
| 10  | OP[0]      | Digital output  | d0 (LSB)                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 11  | OP[1]      | Digital output  | d1                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 12  | OP[2]      | Digital output  | d2                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 13  | OP[3]      | Digital output  | d3                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 14  | OP[4]      | Digital output  | d4                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 15  | OP[5]      | Digital output  | d5                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 16  | OP[6]      | Digital output  | d6                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 17  | OP[7]      | Digital output  | d7                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 18  | OP[8]      | Digital output  | d8                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 19  | OP[9]/SDO  | Digital output  | d9 (MSB)                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|     |            |                 | Alternatively, pin OP[9]/SDO may be used to output register read-back data when OEB=0, OPD(register bit)=0 and SEN has been pulsed high. See Serial Interface description in Device Description section for further details. |
| 20  | AVDD       | Supply          | Analogue supply. This must be operated at the same potential as DVDD1.                                                                                                                                                       |
| 21  | AGND1      | Supply          | Analogue ground.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 22  | VRB        | Analogue output | Lower reference voltage.<br>This pin must be connected to AGND via a decoupling capacitor.                                                                                                                                   |
| 23  | VRT        | Analogue output | Upper reference voltage.<br>This pin must be connected to AGND via a decoupling capacitor.                                                                                                                                   |
| 24  | VRX        | Analogue output | Input return bias voltage.<br>This pin must be connected to AGND via a decoupling capacitor.                                                                                                                                 |
| 25  | VRLC/VBIAS | Analogue I/O    | Selectable analogue output voltage for RLC or single-ended bias reference.<br>This pin would typically be connected to AGND via a decoupling capacitor.<br>VRLC can be externally driven if programmed Hi-Z.                 |
| 26  | BINP       | Analogue input  | Blue channel input video.                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
| 27  | GINP       | Analogue input  | Green channel input video.                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
| 28  | RINP       | Analogue input  | Red channel input video.                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 29  | AGND2      | Supply          | Analogue ground.                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
| 30  | DVDD1      | Supply          | Digital supply for logic and clock generator. This must be operated at the same potential as AVDD.                                                                                                                           |
| 31  | OEB        | Digital input   | Output Hi-Z control. All digital outputs set to high-impedance state when input pin OEB=1 or register bit OPD=1.                                                                                                             |
| 32  | VSMP       | Digital input   | Video sample pulse.                                                                                                                                                                                                          |

## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

Absolute Maximum Ratings are stress ratings only. Permanent damage to the device may be caused by continuously operating at or beyond these limits. Device functional operating limits and guaranteed performance specifications are given under Electrical Characteristics at the test conditions specified.



ESD Sensitive Device. This device is manufactured on a CMOS process. It is therefore generically susceptible to damage from excessive static voltages. Proper ESD precautions must be taken during handling and storage of this device.

Wolfson tests its package types according to IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020B for Moisture Sensitivity to determine acceptable storage conditions prior to surface mount assembly. These levels are:

MSL1 = unlimited floor life at <30°C / 85% Relative Humidity. Not normally stored in moisture barrier bag.

MSL2 = out of bag storage for 1 year at <30°C / 60% Relative Humidity. Supplied in moisture barrier bag.

MSL3 = out of bag storage for 168 hours at <30°C / 60% Relative Humidity. Supplied in moisture barrier bag.

The Moisture Sensitivity Level for each package type is specified in Ordering Information.

| CONDITION                                            | MIN        | MAX          |
|------------------------------------------------------|------------|--------------|
| Analogue supply voltage: AVDD                        | GND - 0.3V | GND + 4.2V   |
| Digital supply voltages: DVDD1 – 2                   | GND - 0.3V | GND + 4.2V   |
| Digital ground: DGND                                 | GND - 0.3V | GND + 0.3V   |
| Analogue grounds: AGND1 – 2                          | GND - 0.3V | GND + 0.3V   |
| Digital inputs, digital outputs and digital I/O pins | GND - 0.3V | DVDD2 + 0.3V |
| Analogue inputs (RINP, GINP, BINP)                   | GND - 0.3V | AVDD + 0.3V  |
| Other pins                                           | GND - 0.3V | AVDD + 0.3V  |
| Operating temperature range: T <sub>A</sub>          | 0°C        | +70°C        |
| Storage temperature after soldering                  | -65°C      | +150°C       |

### Notes:

1. GND denotes the voltage of any ground pin.
2. AGND1, AGND2 and DGND pins are intended to be operated at the same potential. Differential voltages between these pins will degrade performance.

## RECOMMENDED OPERATING CONDITIONS

| CONDITION                   | SYMBOL         | MIN  | TYP | MAX  | UNITS |
|-----------------------------|----------------|------|-----|------|-------|
| Operating temperature range | T <sub>A</sub> | 0    |     | 70   | °C    |
| Analogue supply voltage     | AVDD           | 2.97 | 3.3 | 3.63 | V     |
| Digital core supply voltage | DVDD1          | 2.97 | 3.3 | 3.63 | V     |
| Digital I/O supply voltage  | DVDD2          | 2.97 | 3.3 | 3.63 | V     |

### Notes:

1. DVDD2 should be operated at the same potential as DVDD1 ± 0.3V.

## THERMAL PERFORMANCE

| PARAMETER                                | SYMBOL           | TEST CONDITIONS             | MIN | TYP   | MAX | UNIT |
|------------------------------------------|------------------|-----------------------------|-----|-------|-----|------|
| <b>Performance</b>                       |                  |                             |     |       |     |      |
| Thermal resistance – junction to case    | R <sub>θJC</sub> | T <sub>ambient</sub> = 25°C |     | 10.27 |     | °C/W |
| Thermal resistance – junction to ambient | R <sub>θJA</sub> |                             |     | 29.45 |     | °C/W |

### Notes:

1. Figures given are for package mounted on 4-layer FR4 according to JESD51-5 and JESD51-7.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

## Test Conditions

AVDD = DVDD1 = DVDD2 = 3.3V, AGND = DGND = 0V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, MCLK = 60MHz unless otherwise stated.

| PARAMETER                                                                          | SYMBOL               | TEST CONDITIONS                   | MIN          | TYP          | MAX          | UNIT    |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|---------|
| Overall System Specification (including 10-bit ADC, PGA, Offset and CDS functions) |                      |                                   |              |              |              |         |
| Conversion rate                                                                    |                      |                                   |              | 60           |              | MSPS    |
| Full-scale input voltage range<br>(see Note 1)                                     |                      | LOWREFS=0, Max Gain               |              | 0.25         |              | Vp-p    |
|                                                                                    |                      | LOWREFS=0, Min Gain               |              | 3.03         |              | Vp-p    |
|                                                                                    |                      | LOWREFS=1, Max Gain               |              | 0.15         |              | Vp-p    |
|                                                                                    |                      | LOWREFS=1, Min Gain               |              | 1.82         |              | Vp-p    |
| Input signal limits (see Note 2)                                                   | V <sub>IN</sub>      |                                   | AGND-0.3     |              | AVDD+0.3     | V       |
| Input capacitance                                                                  |                      |                                   |              | 10           |              | pF      |
| Input switching impedance                                                          |                      |                                   |              | 45           |              | Ω       |
| Full-scale transition error                                                        |                      | Gain = 0dB;<br>PGA[8:0] = 14(hex) |              | 20           |              | mV      |
| Zero-scale transition error                                                        |                      | Gain = 0dB;<br>PGA[8:0] = 14(hex) |              | 20           |              | mV      |
| Differential non-linearity                                                         | DNL                  |                                   |              | 0.75         |              | LSB     |
| Integral non-linearity                                                             | INL                  |                                   |              | 2            |              | LSB     |
| Channel to channel gain matching                                                   |                      |                                   |              | 1%           |              | %       |
| Output noise                                                                       |                      | Min Gain                          |              | 0.2          |              | LSB rms |
|                                                                                    |                      | Max Gain                          |              | 2.15         |              | LSB rms |
| References                                                                         |                      |                                   |              |              |              |         |
| Upper reference voltage                                                            | VRT                  | LOWREFS=0<br>LOWREFS=1            | 1.95         | 2.05<br>1.85 | 2.25         | V<br>V  |
| Lower reference voltage                                                            | VRB                  | LOWREFS=0<br>LOWREFS=1            | 0.95         | 1.05<br>1.25 | 1.25         | V<br>V  |
| Input return bias voltage                                                          | VRX                  |                                   |              | 1.25         |              | V       |
| Diff. reference voltage (VRT-VRB)                                                  | V <sub>RTB</sub>     | LOWREFS=0<br>LOWREFS=1            | 0.95<br>0.57 | 1.0<br>0.6   | 1.10<br>0.68 | V<br>V  |
| Output resistance VRT, VRB, VRX                                                    |                      |                                   |              | 1            |              | Ω       |
| VRLC/Reset-Level Clamp (RLC)                                                       |                      |                                   |              |              |              |         |
| RLC switching impedance                                                            |                      |                                   |              | 45           |              | Ω       |
| VRLC short-circuit current                                                         |                      |                                   |              | 2            |              | mA      |
| VRLC output resistance                                                             |                      |                                   |              | 3            |              | Ω       |
| VRLC Hi-Z leakage current                                                          |                      | VRLC = 0 to AVDD                  |              |              | 1            | μA      |
| RLCDAC resolution                                                                  |                      |                                   |              | 4            |              | bits    |
| RLCDAC step size, RLCDACRNG = 0                                                    | V <sub>RLCSTEP</sub> |                                   |              | 0.173        |              | V/step  |
| RLCDAC step size, RLCDACRNG = 1                                                    | V <sub>RLCSTEP</sub> | LOWREFS = 0                       |              | 0.11         |              | V/step  |
|                                                                                    |                      | LOWREFS = 1                       |              | 0.10         |              |         |
| RLCDAC output voltage at code 0(hex), RLCDACRNG = 0                                | V <sub>RLCBOT</sub>  |                                   |              | 0.4          |              | V       |
| RLCDAC output voltage at code 0(hex), RLCDACRNG = 1                                | V <sub>RLCBOT</sub>  | LOWREFS = 0                       |              | 0.4          |              | V       |
|                                                                                    |                      | LOWREFS = 1                       |              |              |              |         |
| RLCDAC output voltage at code F(hex) RLCDACRNG, = 0                                | V <sub>RLCTOP</sub>  |                                   |              | 3.0          |              | V       |
| RLCDAC output voltage at code F(hex), RLCDACRNG = 1                                | V <sub>RLCTOP</sub>  | LOWREFS = 0                       |              | 2.05         |              | V       |
|                                                                                    |                      | LOWREFS = 1                       |              | 1.85         |              |         |
| RLCDAC                                                                             | DNL                  |                                   | -0.5         |              | +0.5         | LSB     |
| RLCDAC                                                                             | INL                  |                                   |              | +/-0.5       |              | LSB     |

## Notes:

1. **Full-scale input voltage** denotes the peak input signal amplitude that can be gained to match the ADC full-scale input range.

2. **Input signal limits** are the limits within which the full-scale input voltage signal must lie.

### Test Conditions

AVDD = DVDD1 = DVDD2 = 3.3V, AGND = DGND = 0V, T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, MCLK = 60MHz unless otherwise stated.

| PARAMETER                                                | SYMBOL           | TEST CONDITIONS              | MIN         | TYP                                  | MAX         | UNIT     |
|----------------------------------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|-------------|----------|
| <b>Offset DAC, Monotonicity Guaranteed</b>               |                  |                              |             |                                      |             |          |
| Resolution                                               |                  |                              |             | 8                                    |             | bits     |
| Differential non-linearity                               | DNL              |                              |             | 0.15                                 |             | LSB      |
| Integral non-linearity                                   | INL              |                              |             | 0.4                                  |             | LSB      |
| Step size                                                |                  |                              |             | 2.00                                 |             | mV/step  |
| Output voltage                                           |                  | Code 00(hex)<br>Code FF(hex) |             | -255<br>+255                         |             | mV<br>mV |
| <b>Programmable Gain Amplifier</b>                       |                  |                              |             |                                      |             |          |
| Resolution                                               |                  |                              |             | 9                                    |             | bits     |
| Gain                                                     |                  |                              |             | $0.66 + \frac{7.34}{511} * PGA[8:0]$ |             | V/V      |
| Max gain, each channel                                   | G <sub>MAX</sub> |                              |             | 8                                    |             | V/V      |
| Min gain, each channel                                   | G <sub>MIN</sub> |                              |             | 0.66                                 |             | V/V      |
| Gain error, each channel                                 |                  |                              |             | 3                                    |             | %        |
| <b>Analogue to Digital Converter</b>                     |                  |                              |             |                                      |             |          |
| Resolution                                               |                  |                              |             | 10                                   |             | bits     |
| Speed                                                    |                  |                              |             |                                      | 60          | MSPS     |
| Full-scale input range<br>(2*(VRT-VRB))                  |                  | LOWREFS=0                    | 1.9         | 2                                    | 2.2         | V        |
|                                                          |                  | LOWREFS=1                    |             | 1.2                                  |             | V        |
| <b>DIGITAL SPECIFICATIONS</b>                            |                  |                              |             |                                      |             |          |
| <b>Digital Inputs</b>                                    |                  |                              |             |                                      |             |          |
| High level input voltage                                 | V <sub>IH</sub>  |                              | 0.7 * DVDD2 |                                      |             | V        |
| Low level input voltage                                  | V <sub>IL</sub>  |                              |             |                                      | 0.2 * DVDD2 | V        |
| High level input current                                 | I <sub>IH</sub>  |                              |             |                                      | 1           | μA       |
| Low level input current                                  | I <sub>IL</sub>  |                              |             |                                      | 1           | μA       |
| Input capacitance                                        | C <sub>I</sub>   |                              |             | 5                                    |             | pF       |
| <b>Digital Outputs</b>                                   |                  |                              |             |                                      |             |          |
| High level output voltage                                | V <sub>OH</sub>  | I <sub>OH</sub> = 1mA        | DVDD2 - 0.5 |                                      |             | V        |
| Low level output voltage                                 | V <sub>OL</sub>  | I <sub>OL</sub> = 1mA        |             |                                      | 0.5         | V        |
| High impedance output current                            | I <sub>OZ</sub>  |                              |             |                                      | 1           | μA       |
| <b>Digital IO Pins</b>                                   |                  |                              |             |                                      |             |          |
| Applied high level input voltage                         | V <sub>IH</sub>  |                              | 0.7 * DVDD2 |                                      |             | V        |
| Applied low level input voltage                          | V <sub>IL</sub>  |                              |             |                                      | 0.2 * DVDD2 | V        |
| High level output voltage                                | V <sub>OH</sub>  | I <sub>OH</sub> = 1mA        | DVDD2 - 0.5 |                                      |             | V        |
| Low level output voltage                                 | V <sub>OL</sub>  | I <sub>OL</sub> = 1mA        |             |                                      | 0.5         | V        |
| Low level input current                                  | I <sub>IL</sub>  |                              |             |                                      | 1           | μA       |
| High level input current                                 | I <sub>IH</sub>  |                              |             |                                      | 1           | μA       |
| Input capacitance                                        | C <sub>I</sub>   |                              |             | 5                                    |             | pF       |
| High impedance output current                            | I <sub>OZ</sub>  |                              |             |                                      | 1           | μA       |
| <b>Supply Currents</b>                                   |                  |                              |             |                                      |             |          |
| Total supply current – active                            |                  |                              |             | 116                                  |             | mA       |
| Analogue supply current – active<br>(three channel mode) |                  |                              |             | 105                                  |             | mA       |
| Digital supply current – active<br>(three channel mode)  |                  |                              |             | 11                                   |             | mA       |
| Supply current – full power down<br>mode                 |                  |                              |             | 20                                   |             | μA       |

## INPUT VIDEO SAMPLING

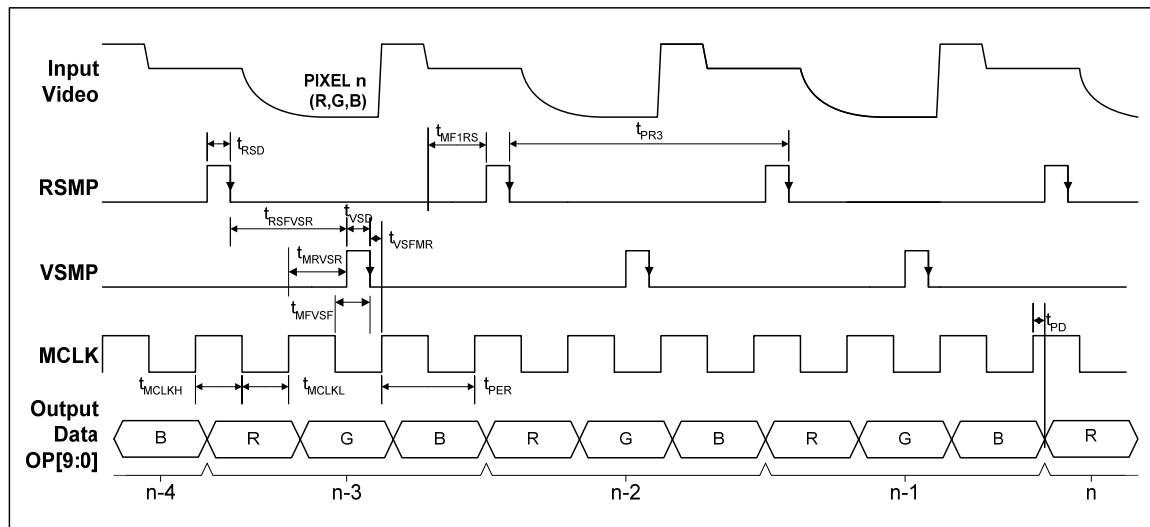


Figure 1 Three-channel CDS Input Video Timing (CDS=1)

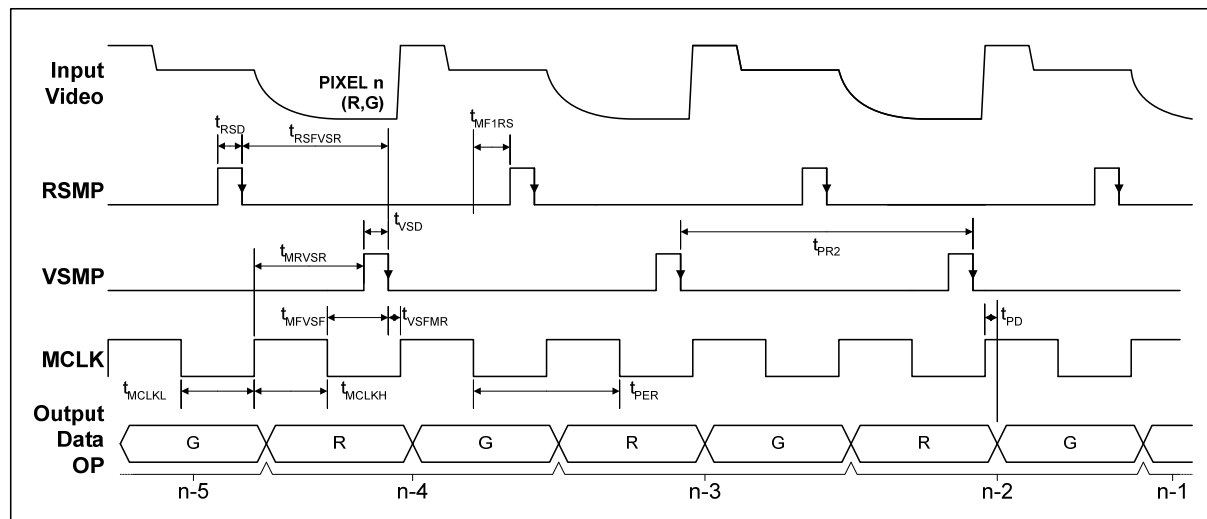


Figure 2 Two-channel CDS Operation (CDS=1)

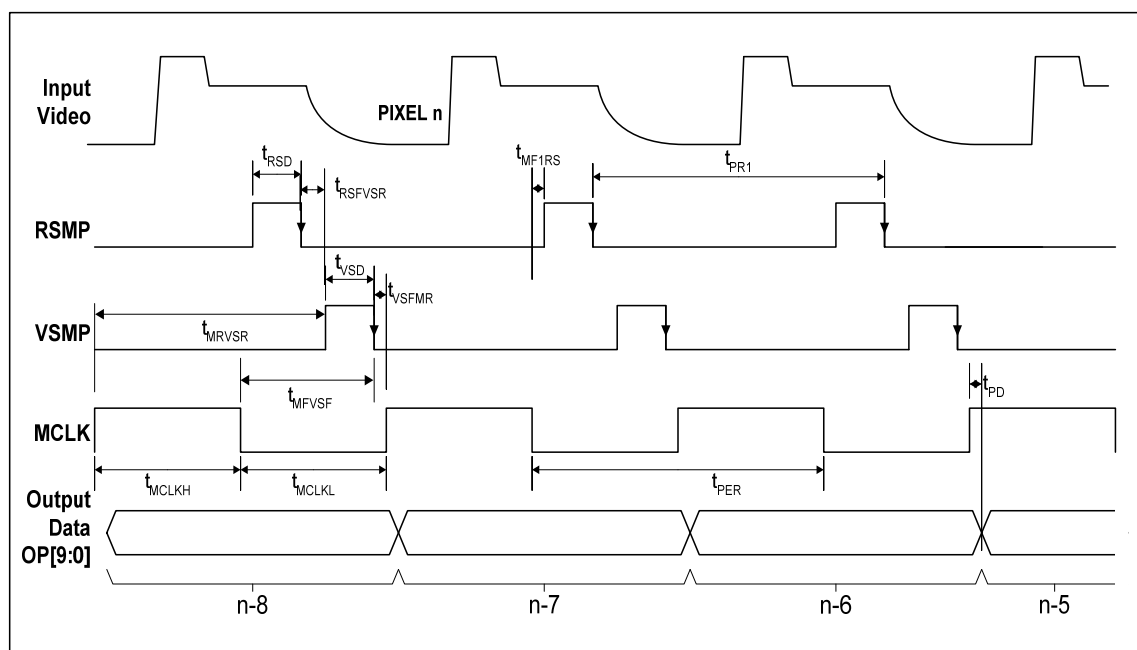


Figure 3 One-channel CDS Operation (CDS=1)

**Notes:**

1. The relationship between input video signal and sample points is controlled by VSMP and RSMP.
2. When VSMP is high the input video signal is connected to the Video sampling capacitors.
3. When RSMP is high the input video signal is connected to the Reset sampling capacitors.
4. RSMP must not go high before the first falling edge of MCLK after VSMP goes low.
5. It is required that the falling edge of VSMP should occur before the rising edge of MCLK.
6. In 1-channel CDS mode it is not possible to have an equally spaced Video and Reset sample points with a 45MHz MCLK.
7. Non-CDS operation is also possible; RSMP is not required in this mode but can be used to control input clamping. Timing constraints between vsmp and mclk remain unchanged for non-CDS operation.

**Test Conditions**

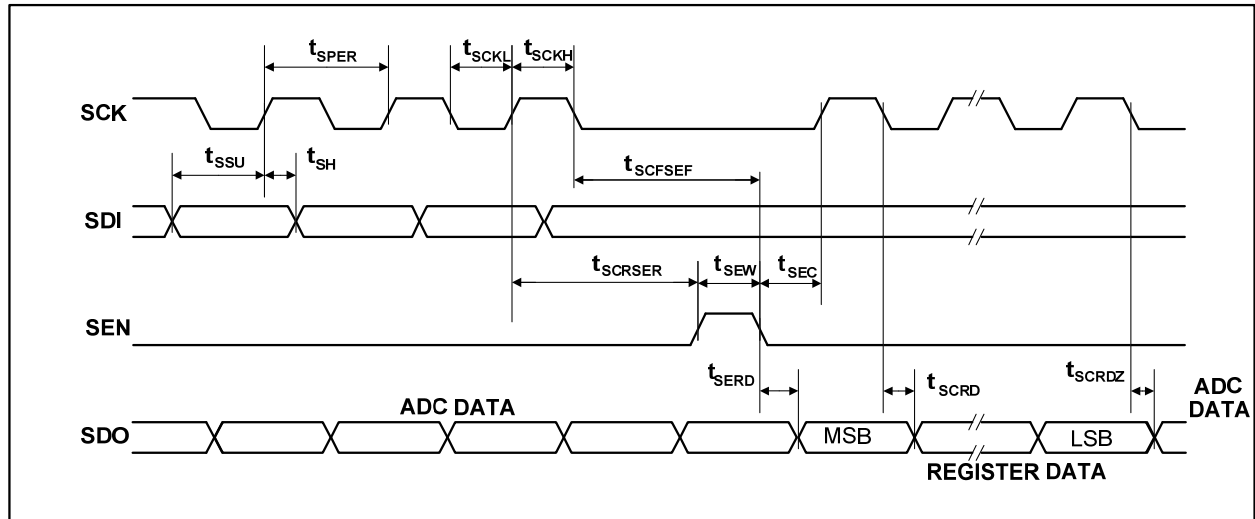
AVDD = DVDD1 = DVDD2 = 3.3V, AGND = DGND = 0V,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , MCLK = 60MHz for 3 and 2-channel mode and 45MHz for 1-channel mode unless otherwise stated.

| PARAMETER                                                                | SYMBOL       | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN          | TYP         | MAX | UNITS |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|-----|-------|
| MCLK period – 2/3 channel mode<br>1 channel mode                         | $t_{PER}$    |                 | 16.6<br>22.2 |             |     | ns    |
| MCLK high period – 2/3 channel mode<br>1 channel mode                    | $t_{MCLKH}$  |                 | 6.7          | 8.3<br>11.1 |     | ns    |
| MCLK low period – 2/3 channel mode<br>1 channel mode                     | $t_{MCLKL}$  |                 | 6.7          | 8.3<br>11.1 |     | ns    |
| RSMP pulse high time                                                     | $t_{RSD}$    |                 | 5            |             |     | ns    |
| VSMP pulse high time                                                     | $t_{VSD}$    |                 | 5            |             |     | ns    |
| RSMP falling to VSMP rising time                                         | $t_{RSFSVR}$ |                 | 0            |             |     | ns    |
| MCLK rising to VSMP rising time                                          | $t_{MRFSR}$  |                 | 3            |             |     | ns    |
| MCLK falling to VSMP falling time                                        | $t_{MFVSF}$  |                 | 0            |             |     | ns    |
| MCLK falling to VSMP falling time in 1 channel mode                      | $t_{MFVSF}$  |                 | 7            |             |     | ns    |
| VSMP falling to MCLK rising time                                         | $t_{VSFMR}$  |                 | 0            |             |     | ns    |
| 1 <sup>st</sup> MCLK falling edge after VSMP falling to RSMP rising time | $t_{MF1RS}$  |                 | 1            |             |     | ns    |
| 3-channel mode pixel period                                              | $t_{PR3}$    |                 | 50           |             |     | ns    |
| 2-channel mode pixel period                                              | $t_{PR2}$    |                 | 33.3         |             |     | ns    |

| PARAMETER                                                                                  | SYMBOL    | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN  | TYP | MAX | UNITS        |
|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----------------|------|-----|-----|--------------|
| 1-channel mode pixel period                                                                | $t_{PR1}$ |                 | 22.2 |     |     | ns           |
| Output propagation delay                                                                   | $t_{PD}$  |                 |      | 5   | 10  | ns           |
| Output latency. From 1 <sup>st</sup> rising edge of MCLK after VSMP falling to data output | LAT       |                 |      | 7   |     | MCLK periods |

**Notes:**

- Parameters are measured at 50% of the rising/falling edge.
- In 1-channel mode, if  $t_{MFVSF}$  is less than 9.5ns, the output amplitude of the WM8215 will decrease.

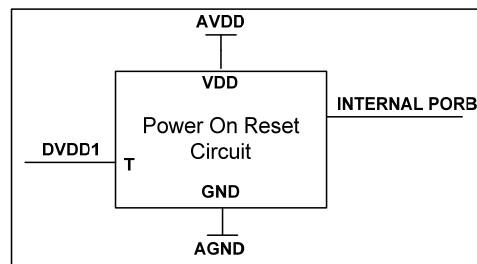
**SERIAL INTERFACE****Figure 4 Serial Interface Timing****Test Conditions**

AVDD = DVDD1 = DVDD2 = 3.3V, AGND = DGND = 0V,  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , MCLK = 45MHz unless otherwise stated.

| PARAMETER                      | SYMBOL       | TEST CONDITIONS | MIN  | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|--------------------------------|--------------|-----------------|------|-----|-----|-------|
| SCK period                     | $t_{SPER}$   |                 | 83.3 |     |     | ns    |
| SCK high                       | $t_{SCKH}$   |                 | 37.5 |     |     | ns    |
| SCK low                        | $t_{SCKL}$   |                 | 37.5 |     |     | ns    |
| SDI set-up time                | $t_{SSU}$    |                 | 6    |     |     | ns    |
| SDI hold time                  | $t_{SH}$     |                 | 6    |     |     | ns    |
| SCK Rising to SEN Rising       | $t_{SCRSER}$ |                 | 37.5 |     |     | ns    |
| SCK Falling to SEN Falling     | $t_{SCFSEF}$ |                 | 12   |     |     | ns    |
| SEN to SCK set-up time         | $t_{SEC}$    |                 | 12   |     |     | ns    |
| SEN pulse width                | $t_{SEW}$    |                 | 60   |     |     | ns    |
| SEN low to SDO = Register data | $t_{SERD}$   |                 |      |     | 30  | ns    |
| SCK low to SDO = Register data | $t_{SCRD}$   |                 |      |     | 30  | ns    |
| SCK low to SDO = ADC data      | $t_{SCRDZ}$  |                 |      |     | 30  | ns    |

**Note:** 1. Parameters are measured at 50% of the rising/falling edge

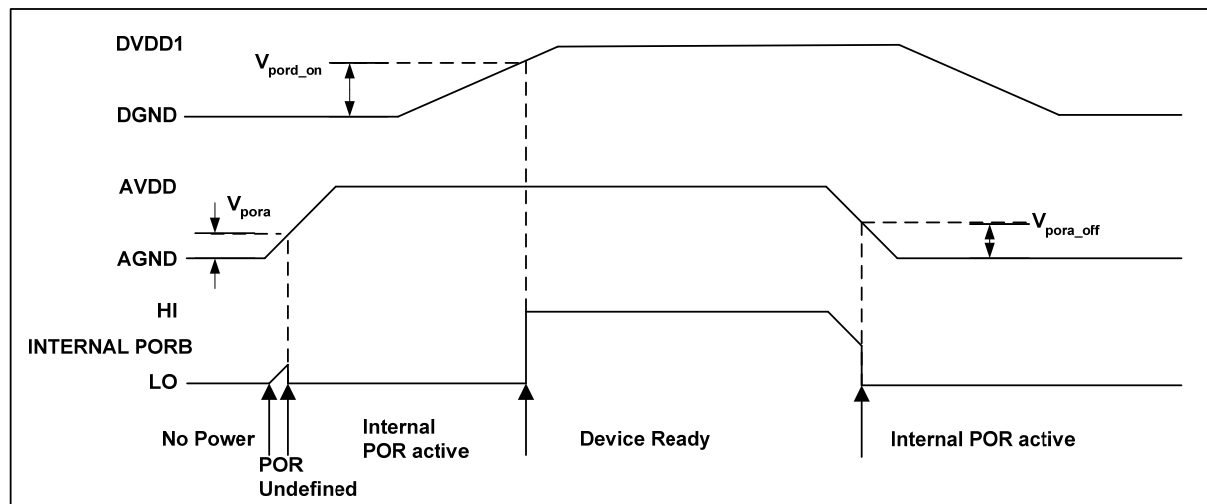
## INTERNAL POWER ON RESET CIRCUIT



**Figure 5 Internal Power On Reset Circuit Schematic**

The WM8215 includes an internal Power-On-Reset Circuit, as shown in Figure 5, which is used to reset the digital logic into a default state after power up. The POR circuit is powered from AVDD and monitors DVDD1. It asserts PORB low if AVDD or DVDD1 is below a minimum threshold.

The power supplies can be brought up in any order but it is important that either AVDD is brought up and is stable before DVDD comes up or vice versa as shown in Figure 6 and Figure 7.



**Figure 6 Typical Power up Sequence where AVDD is Powered before DVDD1**

Figure 6 shows a typical power-up sequence where AVDD comes up first. When AVDD goes above the minimum threshold,  $V_{pora}$ , there is enough voltage for the circuit to guarantee PORB is asserted low and the chip is held in reset. In this condition, all writes to the control interface are ignored. Now AVDD is at full supply level. Next DVDD1 rises to  $V_{pord\_on}$  and PORB is released high and all registers are in their default state and writes to the control interface may take place.

On power down, where AVDD falls first, PORB is asserted low whenever AVDD drops below the minimum threshold  $V_{pora\_off}$ .

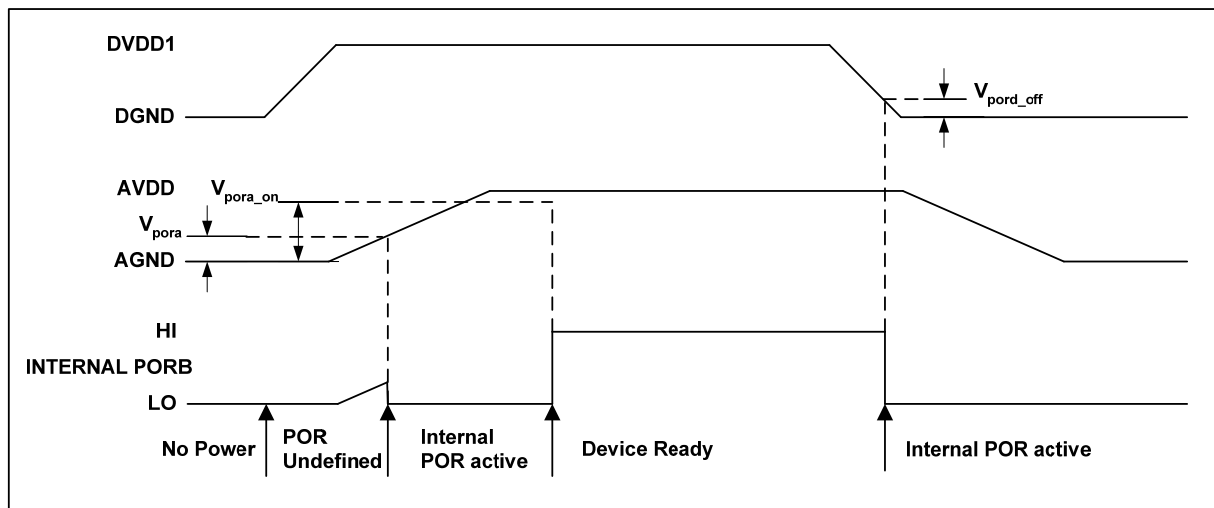


Figure 7 Typical Power up Sequence where DVDD1 is Powered before AVDD

Figure 7 shows a typical power-up sequence where DVDD1 comes up first. First it is assumed that DVDD1 is already up to specified operating voltage. When AVDD goes above the minimum threshold,  $V_{pora}$ , there is enough voltage for the circuit to guarantee PORB is asserted low and the chip is held in reset. In this condition, all writes to the control interface are ignored. When AVDD rises to  $V_{pora\_on}$ , PORB is released high and all registers are in their default state and writes to the control interface may take place.

On power down, where DVDD1 falls first, PORB is asserted low whenever DVDD1 drops below the minimum threshold  $V_{pord\_off}$ .

| SYMBOL          | TYP | UNIT |
|-----------------|-----|------|
| $V_{pora}$      | 0.6 | V    |
| $V_{pora\_on}$  | 1.2 | V    |
| $V_{pora\_off}$ | 0.6 | V    |
| $V_{pord\_on}$  | 0.7 | V    |
| $V_{pord\_off}$ | 0.6 | V    |

Table 1 Typical POR Operation (typical values, not tested)

**Note:** It is recommended that every time power is cycled to the WM8215 a software reset is written to the software register to ensure that the contents of the control registers are at their default values before carrying out any other register writes.

## DEVICE DESCRIPTION

### INTRODUCTION

A block diagram of the device showing the signal path is presented on the front page of this datasheet.

The WM8215 samples up to three inputs (RINP, GINP and BINP) simultaneously. The device then processes the sampled video signal with respect to the video reset level or an internally/externally generated reference level using between one and three processing channels.

Each processing channel consists of an Input Sampling block with optional Reset Level Clamping (RLC) and Correlated Double Sampling (CDS), an 8-bit programmable offset DAC and a 9-bit Programmable Gain Amplifier (PGA).

The processing channel outputs are switched alternately by a 3:1 multiplexer to the ADC input.

The ADC then converts each resulting analogue signal to a 10-bit digital word. The digital output from the ADC is presented in parallel on the 10-bit wide output bus, OP[9:0]. The ten output pins can be set to a high impedance state using either the OEB control pin or the OPD register bit.

On-chip control registers determine the configuration of the device, including the offsets and gains applied to each channel. These registers are programmable via a serial interface.

### INPUT SAMPLING

The WM8215 can sample and process up to three inputs through one to three processing channels as follows:

**Colour Pixel-by-Pixel:** The three inputs (RINP, GINP and BINP) are simultaneously sampled for each pixel and a separate channel processes each input. The signals are then multiplexed into the ADC, which converts all three inputs within the pixel period.

**Two Channel Pixel-by-pixel:** Two input channels (RINP and GINP) are simultaneously sampled for each pixel and a separate channel processes each input. The signals are then multiplexed into the ADC, which converts both inputs within the pixel period. The unused Blue channel is powered down when this mode is selected.

**Monochrome:** A single chosen input (RINP, GINP, or BINP) is sampled, processed by the corresponding channel, and converted by the ADC. The choice of input and channel can be changed via the control interface, e.g. on a line-by-line basis if required. The unused channels are powered down when this mode is selected.

## RESET LEVEL CLAMPING (RLC)

To ensure that the signal applied to the WM8215 lies within the supply voltage range (0V to AVDD) the output signal from a CCD is usually level shifted by coupling through a capacitor,  $C_{IN}$ . The RLC circuit clamps the WM8215 side of this capacitor to a suitable voltage through a CMOS switch during the CCD reset period (pixel clamping) or during the black pixels (line clamping). In order for clamping to produce correct results the input voltage during the clamping must be a constant value.

The WM8215 allows the user to control the RLC switch in a variety of ways as illustrated in Figure 8. This figure shows a single channel, however all 3 channels are identical, each with its own clamp switch controlled by the common CLMP signal.

The method of control chosen depends upon the characteristics of the input video. The RLCEN register bit must be set to 1 to enable clamping, otherwise the RLC switch cannot be closed (by default RLCEN=1).

Note that unused inputs should be left floating, or grounded through a decoupling capacitor, if reset level clamping is used.

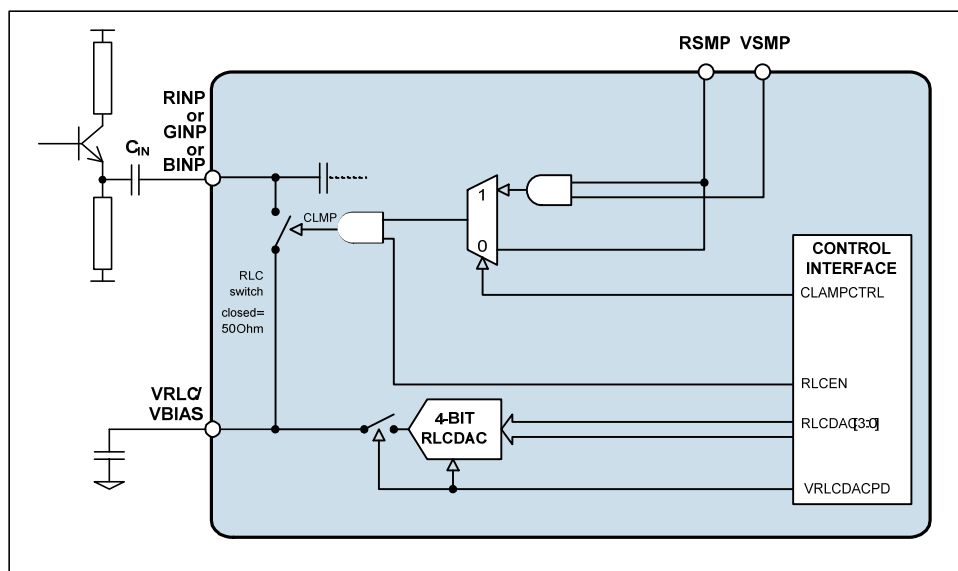


Figure 8 RLC Clamp Control Options

When an input waveform has a stable reference level on every pixel it may be desirable to clamp every pixel during this period. Setting CLAMPCTRL=0 means that the RLC switch is closed whenever the RSMP input pin is high, as shown in Figure 9.

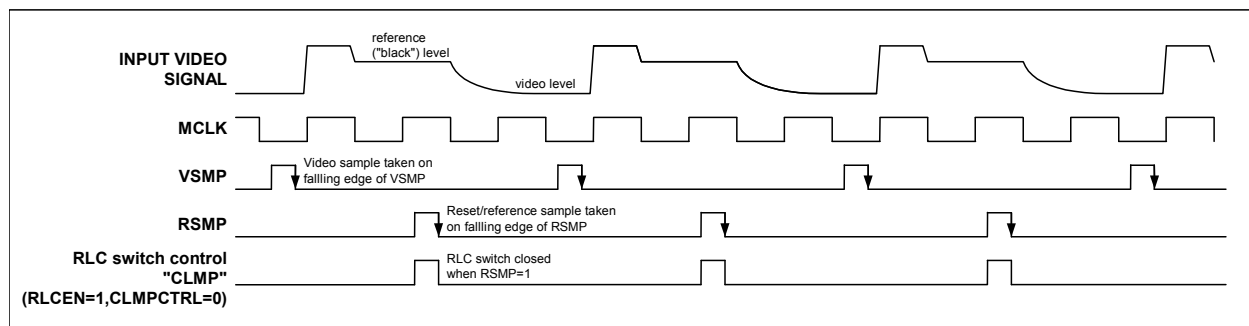


Figure 9 Reset Level Clamp Operation (CLAMPCTRL=0), CDS operation shown, non-CDS also possible

In situations where the input video signal does not have a stable reference level it may be necessary to clamp only during those pixels which have a known state (e.g. the dummy, or “black” pixels at the start or end of a line on most image sensors). This is known as line-clamping and relies on the input capacitor to hold the DC level between clamp intervals. In non-CDS mode (CDS=0) this can be done directly by controlling the RSMP input pin to go high during the black pixels only.

Alternatively it is possible to use RSMP to identify the black pixels and enable the clamp at the same time as the input is being sampled (i.e. when VSMP is high and RSMP is high). This mode is enabled by setting CLAMPCTRL=1 and the operation is shown in Figure 10.

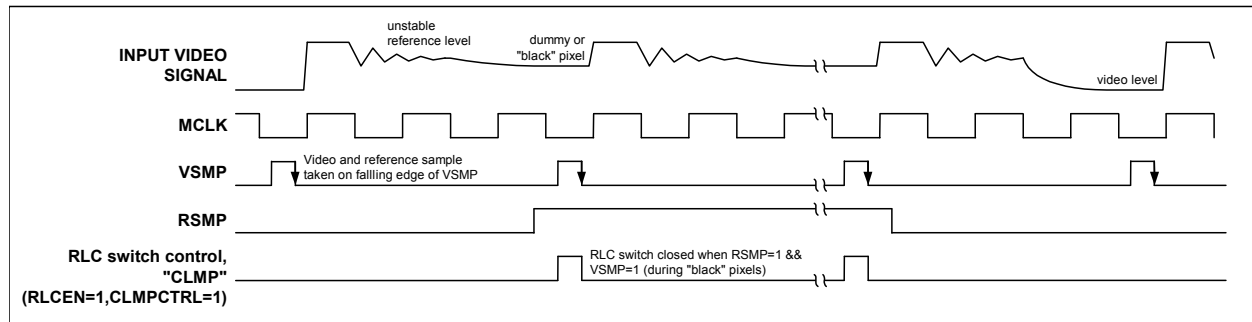


Figure 10 Reset Level Clamp Operation (CLAMPCTRL=1), non-CDS mode only

| RLCEN | CLAMPCTRL | OUTCOME                                                                                                                                                                                                                      | USE                                                                                                                                                                            |
|-------|-----------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0     | X         | RLC is not enabled. RLC switch is always open.                                                                                                                                                                               | When input is DC coupled and within supply rails.                                                                                                                              |
| 1     | 0         | RLC switch is controlled directly from RSMP input pin:<br>RSMP=0: switch is open<br>RSMP=1: switch is closed                                                                                                                 | When user explicitly provides a reset sample signal and the input video waveform has a suitable reset level.                                                                   |
| 1     | 1         | VSMP applied as normal, RSMP is used to indicate the location of black pixels<br>RLC switch is controlled by logical combination of RSMP and VSMP:<br>RSMP && VSMP = 0: switch is open<br>RSMP && VSMP = 1: switch is closed | When clamping during the video period of black pixels or there is no stable per-pixel reference level.<br>This method of operation is generally only sensible in non-CDS mode. |

Table 2 Reset Level Clamp Control Summary

## CDS/NON-CDS PROCESSING

For CCD type input signals, containing a fixed reference/reset level, the signal may be processed using Correlated Double Sampling (CDS), which will remove pixel-by-pixel common mode noise. With CDS processing the input waveform is sampled at two different points in time for each pixel, once during the reference/reset level and once during the video level. To sample using CDS, register bit CDS must be set to 1 (default). This causes the signal reference to come from the video reference level as shown in Figure 11.

The video sample is always taken on the falling edge of the input VSMP signal (VS). In CDS-mode the reset level is sampled on the falling edge of the RSMP input signal (RS).

For input signals that do not contain a reference/reset level (e.g. CIS sensor signals), non-CDS processing is used (CDS=0). In this case, the video level is processed with respect to the voltage on pin VRLC/VBIAS. The VRLC/VBIAS voltage is sampled at the same time as VSMP samples the video level in this mode.

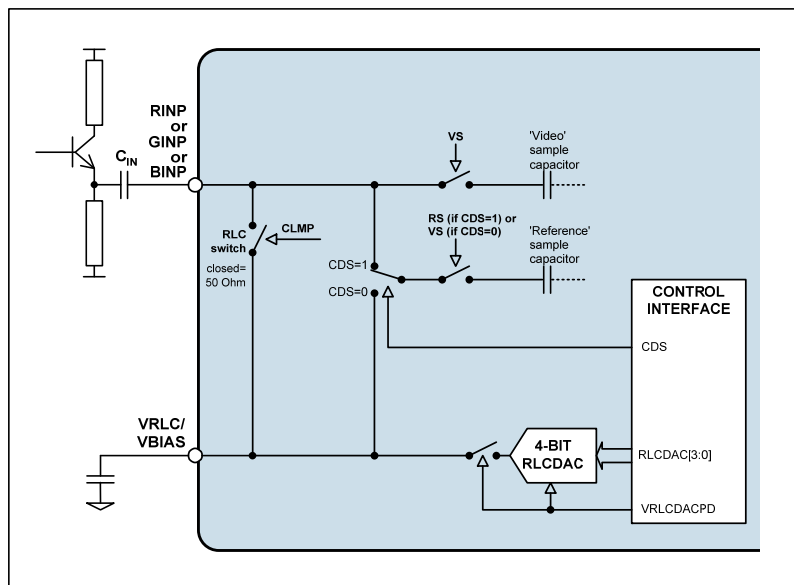


Figure 11 CDS/non-CDS Input Configuration

## OFFSET ADJUST AND PROGRAMMABLE GAIN

The output from the CDS block is a differential signal, which is added to the output of an 8-bit Offset DAC to compensate for offsets and then amplified by a 9-bit PGA. The gain and offset for each channel are independently programmable by writing to control bits DAC[7:0] and PGA[8:0].

The gain characteristic of the WM8215 PGA is shown in Figure 12. Figure 13 shows the maximum device input voltage that can be gained up to match the ADC full-scale input range (default=2V).

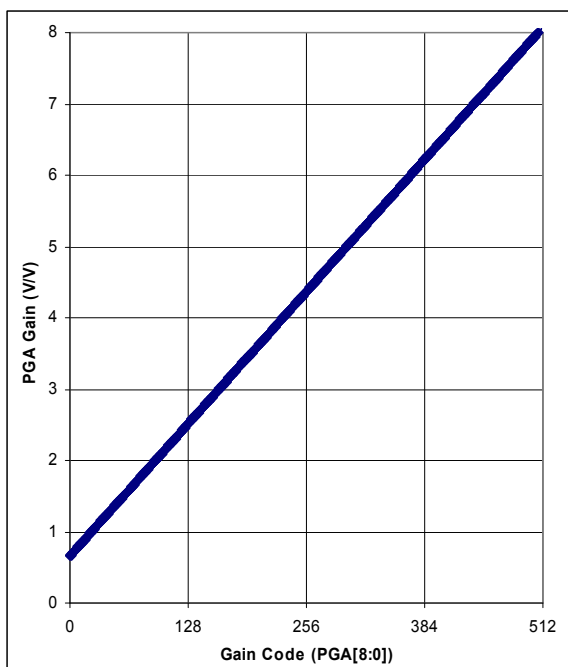


Figure 12 PGA Gain Characteristic

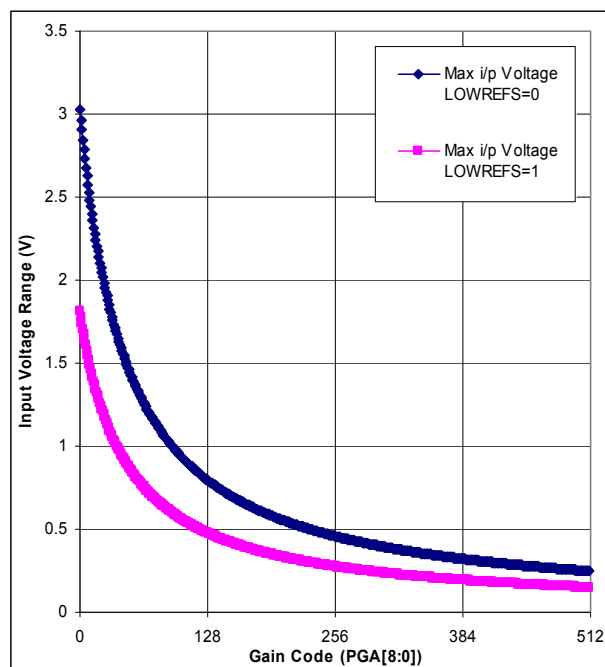


Figure 13 Peak Input Voltage to Match ADC Full-scale Range

## ADC INPUT BLACK LEVEL ADJUST

The output from the PGA can be offset to match the full-scale range of the differential ADC ( $2 \times [V_{RT} - V_{RB}]$ ).

For negative-going input video signals, a black level (zero differential) output from the PGA should be offset to the top of the ADC range by setting register bits  $PGA_{FS}[1:0]=10$ . This will give an output code of 3FF (hex) from the WM8215 for zero input. If code zero is required for zero differential input then the  $INVOP$  bit should be set.

For positive going input signals the black level should be offset to the bottom of the ADC range by setting  $PGA_{FS}[1:0]=11$ . This will give an output code of 000 (hex) from the WM8215 for zero input.

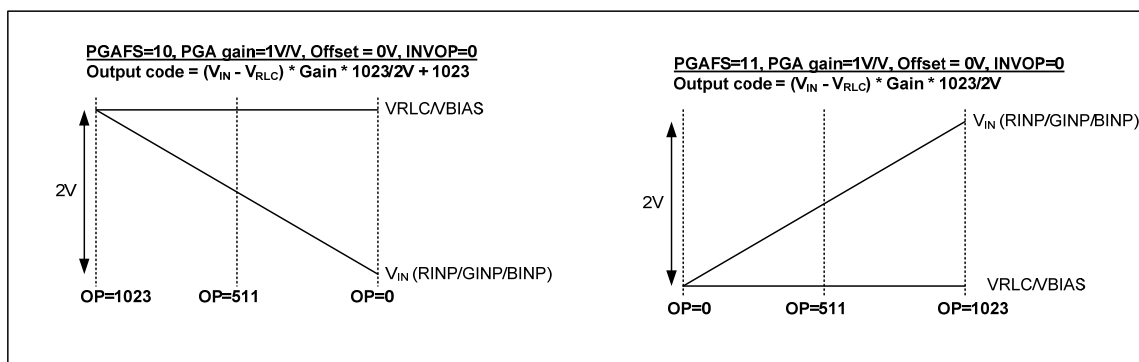
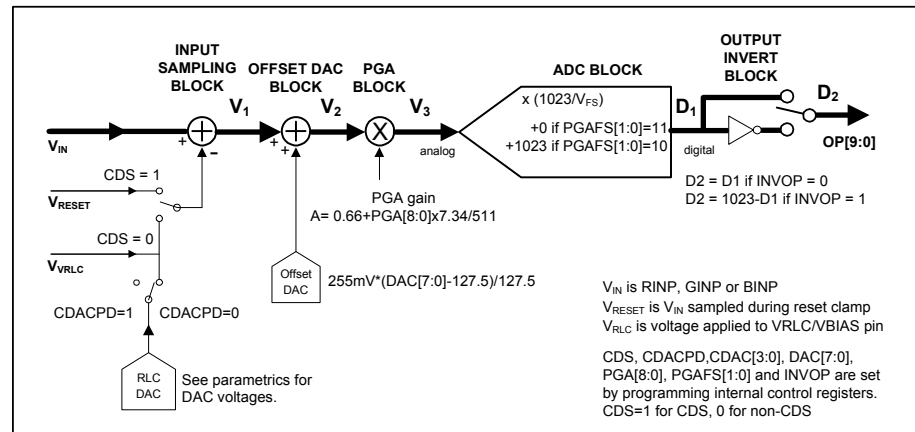


Figure 14 ADC Input Black Level Adjust Settings

## OVERALL SIGNAL FLOW SUMMARY

Figure 15 represents the processing of the video signal through the WM8215.



**Figure 15 Overall Signal Flow**

The **INPUT SAMPLING BLOCK** produces an effective input voltage  $V_1$ . For CDS, this is the difference between the input video level  $V_{IN}$  and the input reset level  $V_{RESET}$ . For non-CDS this is the difference between the input video level  $V_{IN}$  and the voltage on the VRLC/VBIAS pin,  $V_{RLRC}$ , optionally set via the RLC DAC.

The **OFFSET DAC BLOCK** then adds the amount of fine offset adjustment required to move the black level of the input signal towards 0V, producing  $V_2$ .

The **PGA BLOCK** then amplifies the white level of the input signal to maximise the ADC range, outputting voltage  $V_3$ .

The **ADC BLOCK** then converts the analogue signal,  $V_3$ , to a 10-bit unsigned digital output,  $D_1$ .

The digital output is then inverted, if required, through the **OUTPUT INVERT BLOCK** to produce  $D_2$ .

## CALCULATING THE OUTPUT CODE FOR A GIVEN INPUT

The following equations describe the processing of the video and reset level signals through the WM8215.

### INPUT SAMPLING BLOCK: INPUT SAMPLING AND REFERENCING

If CDS = 1, (i.e. CDS operation) the previously sampled reset level,  $V_{\text{RESET}}$ , is subtracted from the input video,  $V_{\text{IN}}$  (= RINP, GINP or BINP).

$$V_1 = V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{RESET}} \quad \text{Eqn. 1}$$

If CDS = 0, (non-CDS operation) the simultaneously sampled voltage on pin VRLC is subtracted instead.

$$V_1 = V_{\text{IN}} - V_{\text{VRLC}} \quad \text{Eqn. 2}$$

If VRLCDACPD = 1,  $V_{\text{VRLC}}$  is an externally applied voltage on pin VRLC/VBIAS.

If VRLCDACPD = 0,  $V_{\text{VRLC}}$  is the output from the internal RLC DAC.

$$V_{\text{VRLC}} = (V_{\text{RLCSTEP}} * \text{RLC DAC}[3:0]) + V_{\text{RLCBOT}} \quad \text{Eqn. 3}$$

$V_{\text{RLCSTEP}}$  is the step size of the RLC DAC and  $V_{\text{RLCBOT}}$  is the minimum output of the RLC DAC.

### OFFSET DAC BLOCK: OFFSET (BLACK-LEVEL) ADJUST

The resultant signal  $V_1$  is added to the Offset DAC output.

$$V_2 = V_1 + \{255\text{mV} * (\text{DAC}[7:0] - 127.5)\} / 127.5 \quad \text{Eqn. 4}$$

### PGA NODE: GAIN ADJUST

The signal is then multiplied by the PGA gain.

$$V_3 = V_2 * (0.66 + \text{PGA}[8:0] \times 7.34 / 511) \quad \text{Eqn. 5}$$

### ADC BLOCK: ANALOGUE-DIGITAL CONVERSION

The analogue signal is then converted to a 10-bit unsigned number, with input range configured by PGAFS[1:0].

$$D_1[9:0] = \text{INT}\{ (V_3 / V_{\text{FS}}) * 1023 \} \quad \text{PGAFS}[1:0] = 11 \quad \text{Eqn. 7}$$

$$D_1[9:0] = \text{INT}\{ (V_3 / V_{\text{FS}}) * 1023 \} + 1023 \quad \text{PGAFS}[1:0] = 10 \quad \text{Eqn. 8}$$

where the ADC full-scale range,  $V_{\text{FS}} = 2\text{V}$  when LOWREFS=0 and  $V_{\text{FS}} = 1.2\text{V}$  when LOWREFS=1.

### OUTPUT INVERT BLOCK: POLARITY ADJUST

The polarity of the digital output may be inverted by control bit INVOP.

$$D_2[9:0] = D_1[9:0] \quad (\text{INVOP} = 0) \quad \text{Eqn. 9}$$

$$D_2[9:0] = 1023 - D_1[9:0] \quad (\text{INVOP} = 1) \quad \text{Eqn. 10}$$

## REFERENCES

The ADC reference voltages are derived from an internal bandgap reference, and buffered to pins VRT and VRB where they must be decoupled to ground. Pin VRX is driven by a similar buffer, and also requires decoupling. The output buffer from the RLCDAC also requires decoupling at pin VRLC/VBIAS.

The ADC references can be switched from the default values (VRT=2.05V, VRB=1.05V, ADC input range=2V) to give a smaller ADC reference range (VRT=1.85V, VRB=1.25V, ADC input range=1.2V) under control of the LOWREFS register bit. Setting LOWREFS=1 allows smaller input signals to be accommodated.

**Note:**

When LOWREFS = 1 the output of the RLCDAC will scale if RLCDACRNG = 1. The max output from RLCDAC will change from 2.05 to 1.85V and the step size will proportionally reduce.

## POWER MANAGEMENT

Power management for the device is performed via the Control Interface. By default the device is fully enabled. The EN bit allows the device to be fully powered down when set low. Individual blocks can be powered down using the bits in Setup Register 5. When in one or two channel mode the unused input channels are automatically disabled to reduce power consumption.

## LINE-BY-LINE OPERATION

Certain linear sensors give colour output on a line-by-line basis (i.e. a full line of red pixels followed by a line of green pixels followed by a line of blue pixels). Often the sensor will have only a single output onto which these outputs are time multiplexed.

The WM8215 can accommodate this type of input by setting the LINEBYLINE register bit high. When in this mode the green and blue input PGAs are disabled to save power. The analogue input signal should be connected to the RINP pin. The offset and gain values that are applied to the Red input channel can be selected, by internal multiplexers, to come from the Red, Green or Blue offset and gain registers. This allows the gain and offset values for each of the input colours to be setup individually at the start of a scan.

When register bit ACYC=0, the gain and offset multiplexers are controlled via the INTM[1:0] register bits. When INTM=00, the red offset and gain control registers are used to control the Red input channel. Likewise, INTM=01 selects the green offset and gain registers and INTM=10 selects the blue offset and gain registers to control the Red input channel.

When register bit ACYC=1, 'auto-cycling' is enabled, and the input channel switches to the next offset and gain registers in the sequence when a pulse is applied to the RSMP input pin. The sequence is Red → Green → Blue → Red... offset and gain registers applied to the single input channel. A write to the Auto-cycle reset register (address 05h) will reset the sequence to a known state (Red registers selected).

When auto-cycling is enabled, the RSMP pin alone cannot be used to control reset level clamping. Reset level clamping may be enabled in this situation by setting the CLAMPCTRL and RLCEN bits so that the logical AND of RSMP and VSMP closes the clamp switch.

Additionally, when auto-cycling is enabled, the RSMP pin cannot be used for reset sampling (i.e. CDS must be set to 0).

## CONTROL INTERFACE

The internal control registers are programmable via the serial digital control interface. The register contents can be read back via the serial interface on pin OP[9]/SDO.

It is recommended that a software reset is carried out after the power-up sequence, before writing to any other register. This ensures that all registers are set to their default values (as shown in Table 5).

### SERIAL INTERFACE: REGISTER WRITE

Figure 16 shows register writing in serial mode. Three pins, SCK, SDI and SEN are used. A six-bit address (a5, 0, a3, a2, a1, a0) is clocked in through SDI, MSB first, followed by an eight-bit data word (b7, b6, b5, b4, b3, b2, b1, b0), also MSB first. Setting address bit a4 to 0 indicates that the operation is a register write. Each bit is latched on the rising edge of SCK. When the data has been shifted into the device, a pulse is applied to SEN to transfer the data to the appropriate internal register.

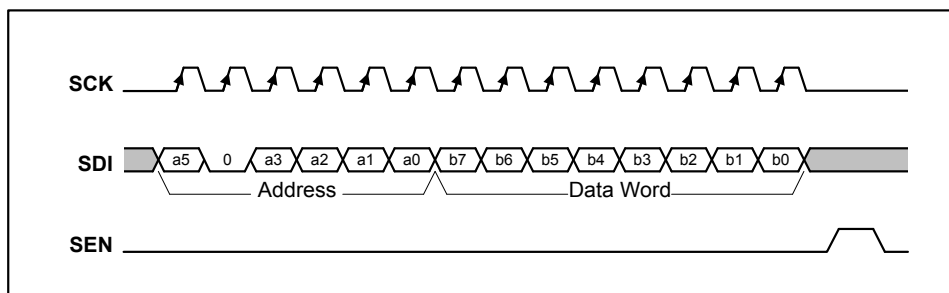


Figure 16 Serial Interface Register Write

A software reset is carried out by writing to Address "000100" with any value of data, (i.e. Data Word = XXXXXXXX).

### SERIAL INTERFACE: REGISTER READ-BACK

Figure 17 shows register read-back in serial mode. Read-back is initiated by writing to the serial bus as described above but with address bit a4 set to 1, followed by an 8-bit dummy data word. Writing address (a5, 1, a3, a2, a1, a0) will cause the contents (d7, d6, d5, d4, d3, d2, d1, d0) of corresponding register (a5, 0, a3, a2, a1, a0) to be output MSB first on pin SDO (on the falling edge of SCK). Note that pin SDO is shared with an output pin, OP[9], therefore OEB should always be held low and the OPD register bit should be set low when register read-back data is expected on this pin. The next word may be read in to SDI while the previous word is still being output on SDO.

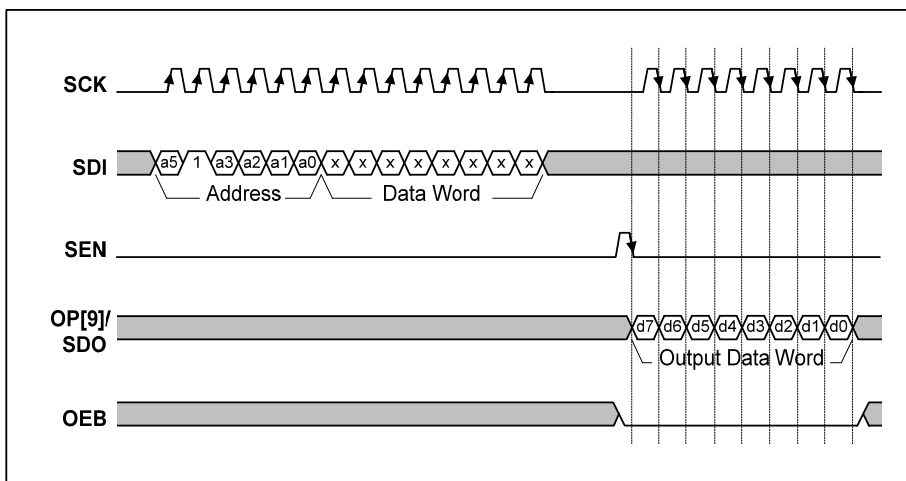


Figure 17 Serial Interface Register Read-back

## NORMAL OPERATING MODES

Table 3 below shows the normal operating modes of the device. The MCLK speed can be specified along with the MCLK:VSMP ratio to achieve the desired sample rate.

| NUMBER OF CHANNELS | DESCRIPTION                  | CDS AVAILABLE | MAXIMUM SAMPLE RATE | TIMING REQUIREMENTS                               | CHANNEL MODE SETTINGS   |
|--------------------|------------------------------|---------------|---------------------|---------------------------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 3                  | Three channel Pixel-by-Pixel | YES           | 20 MSPS             | MCLK max = 60MHz<br>Minimum MCLK:VSMP ratio = 3:1 | MONO = 0<br>TWOCHAN = 0 |
| 2                  | Two channel Pixel-by-Pixel   | YES           | 30 MSPS             | MCLK max = 60MHz<br>Minimum MCLK:VSMP ratio = 2:1 | MONO = 0<br>TWOCHAN = 1 |
| 1                  | One channel Pixel-by-Pixel   | YES           | 45 MSPS             | MCLK max = 45MHz<br>Minimum MCLK:VSMP ratio = 1:1 | MONO = 1<br>TWOCHAN = 0 |

**Table 3 WM8215 Normal Operating Modes**

**Note:** In one channel mode the WM8215 can operate at 60MHz but DNL/INL values cannot be guaranteed.

Table 4 below shows the different channel mode register settings required to operate the 8215 in 1, 2 and 3 channel modes.

| MONO | TWOCHAN | CHAN[1:0] | MODE DESCRIPTION                                                                    |
|------|---------|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 0    | 0       | XX        | 3-channel (colour mode)                                                             |
| 0    | 1       | XX        | 2-channel (Blue PGA disabled)                                                       |
| 1    | 0       | 00        | 1-channel (monochrome) mode.<br>Red channel selected, Green and Blue PGAs disabled. |
| 1    | 0       | 01        | 1-channel (monochrome) mode.<br>Green channel selected, Red and Blue PGAs disabled. |
| 1    | 0       | 10        | 1-channel (monochrome) mode.<br>Blue channel selected, Red and Green PGAs disabled. |
| 1    | 0       | 11        | Invalid mode                                                                        |
| 1    | 1       | XX        | Invalid mode                                                                        |

**Table 4 Sampling Mode Summary**

**Note:** Unused input pins should be connected to AGND, unless reset level clamping is used.

## DEVICE CONFIGURATION

### REGISTER MAP

The following table describes the location of each control bit used to determine the operation of the WM8215.

| ADDRESS<br>S<br><a5:a0> | DESCRIPTION          | DEF<br>(hex) | RW | BIT       |           |           |           |           |           |           |            |
|-------------------------|----------------------|--------------|----|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|------------|
|                         |                      |              |    | b7        | b6        | b5        | b4        | b3        | b2        | b1        | b0         |
| 000001 (01h)            | Setup Reg 1          | 03           | RW | 0         | 0         | PGAFS[1]  | PGAFS[0]  | TWOCHAN   | MONO      | CDS       | EN         |
| 000010 (02h)            | Setup Reg 2          | 20           | RW | DEL[1]    | DEL[0]    | RLCDACRNG | LOWREFS   | OPD       | INVOP     | 0         | 0          |
| 000011 (03h)            | Setup Reg 3          | 1F           | RW | CHAN[1]   | CHAN[0]   | 0         | 1         | RLCDAC[3] | RLCDAC[2] | RLCDAC[1] | RLCDAC[0]  |
| 000100 (04h)            | Software Reset       | 00           | W  |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |            |
| 000101 (05h)            | Auto-cycle Reset     | 00           | W  |           |           |           |           |           |           |           |            |
| 000110 (06h)            | Setup Reg 4          | 00           | RW | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | INTM[1]   | INTM[0]   | ACYC      | LINEBYLINE |
| 000111 (07h)            | Setup Reg 5          | 00           | RW | 0         | VRXPD     | ADCREFPD  | VRLCDACPD | ADCPD     | BLUPD     | GRNPD     | REDPD      |
| 001000 (08h)            | Setup Reg 6          | 20           | RW | 0         | CLAMPCTRL | RLCEN     | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0          |
| 001001 (09h)            | Reserved             | 00           | RW | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0          |
| 001010 (0Ah)            | Reserved             | 00           | RW | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0          |
| 001011 (0Bh)            | Reserved             | 00           | RW | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0          |
| 001100 (0Ch)            | Reserved             | 00           | RW | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0          |
| 100000 (20h)            | DAC Value (Red)      | 80           | RW | DACR[7]   | DACR[6]   | DACR[5]   | DACR[4]   | DACR[3]   | DACR[2]   | DACR[1]   | DACR[0]    |
| 100001 (21h)            | DAC Value (Green)    | 80           | RW | DACG[7]   | DACG[6]   | DACG[5]   | DACG[4]   | DACG[3]   | DACG[2]   | DACG[1]   | DACG[0]    |
| 100010 (22h)            | DAC Value (Blue)     | 80           | RW | DACB[7]   | DACB[6]   | DACB[5]   | DACB[4]   | DACB[3]   | DACB[2]   | DACB[1]   | DACB[0]    |
| 100011 (23h)            | DAC Value (RGB)      | -            | W  | DACRGB[7] | DACRGB[6] | DACRGB[5] | DACRGB[4] | DACRGB[3] | DACRGB[2] | DACRGB[1] | DACRGB[0]  |
| 100100 (24h)            | PGA Gain LSB (Red)   | 00           | RW | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | PGAR[0]    |
| 100101 (25h)            | PGA Gain LSB (Green) | 00           | RW | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | PGAG[0]    |
| 100110 (26h)            | PGA Gain LSB (Blue)  | 00           | RW | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | PGAB[0]    |
| 100111 (27h)            | PGA Gain LSB (RGB)   | -            | W  | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | 0         | PGARGB[0]  |
| 101000 (28h)            | PGA Gain MSBs (Red)  | 0C           | RW | PGAR[8]   | PGAR[7]   | PGAR[6]   | PGAR[5]   | PGAR[4]   | PGAR[3]   | PGAR[2]   | PGAR[1]    |
| 101001 (29h)            | PGA Gain (Green)     | 0C           | RW | PGAG[8]   | PGAG[7]   | PGAG[6]   | PGAG[5]   | PGAG[4]   | PGAG[3]   | PGAG[2]   | PGAG[1]    |
| 101010 (2Ah)            | PGA Gain (Blue)      | 0C           | RW | PGAB[8]   | PGAB[7]   | PGAB[6]   | PGAB[5]   | PGAB[4]   | PGAB[3]   | PGAB[2]   | PGAB[1]    |
| 101011 (2Bh)            | PGA Gain (RGB)       | -            | W  | PGARGB[8] | PGARGB[7] | PGARGB[6] | PGARGB[5] | PGARGB[4] | PGARGB[3] | PGARGB[2] | PGARGB[1]  |

**Table 5 Register Map**

## REGISTER MAP DESCRIPTION

The following table describes the function of each of the control bits shown in Table 5

| ADDRESS<br><A5:A0> | REGISTER            | BIT<br>NO | BIT<br>NAME(S) | DEFAULT | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|--------------------|---------------------|-----------|----------------|---------|-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 000001<br>(01h)    | Setup Register<br>1 | 0         | EN             | 1       | Global Enable<br>0 = complete power down,<br>1 = fully active (individual blocks can be disabled using<br>individual powerdown bits – see setup register 5).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                    |                     | 1         | CDS            | 1       | Select correlated double sampling mode:<br>0 = single ended mode,<br>1 = CDS mode.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                    |                     | 2         | MONO           | 0       | Sampling mode select<br>0 = other mode (2 or 3-channel)<br>1 = Monochrome (1-channel) mode. Input channel<br>selected by CHAN[1:0] register bits, unused channel is<br>powered down.<br>TWOCHAN and MONO should not be set concurrently                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       |
|                    |                     | 3         | TWOCHAN        | 0       | Sampling mode select<br>0 = other mode (1 or 3-channel)<br>1 = 2-channel mode. Inputs channels are Red and Green,<br>Blue channel is powered down.<br>TWOCHAN and MONO should not be set concurrently                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                    |                     | 5:4       | PGAFS[1:0]     | 00      | Offsets PGA output to optimise the ADC range for different<br>polarity sensor output signals. Zero differential PGA input<br>signal gives:<br>0x = Invalid option. Either '10' or '11' must be set.<br>10 = Full-scale positive output (OP=1023) – use for<br>negative going video.<br>NB, Set INVOP=1 if zero differential input should<br>give a zero output code with negative going<br>video.<br>11 = Full-scale negative output (OP=0) - use for positive<br>going video |
|                    |                     | 7:6       | Not Used       | 00      | Must be set to 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |

| ADDRESS<br><A5:A0> | REGISTER            | BIT<br>NO | BIT<br>NAME(S) | DEFAULT | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|--------------------|---------------------|-----------|----------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 000010<br>(02h)    | Setup Register<br>2 | 1:0       | Not Used       | 00      | Must be set to 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                 |
|                    |                     | 2         | INVOP          | 0       | Digitally inverts the polarity of output data.<br>0 = negative going video gives negative going output,<br>1 = negative-going video gives positive going output data.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
|                    |                     | 3         | OPD            | 0       | Output Disable. This works with the OEB pin to control the output pins.<br>0=Digital outputs enabled, 1=Digital outputs high impedance                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                    |                     |           |                |         | OEB (pin)    OPD    OP pins                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                    |                     |           |                |         | 0    0    Enabled                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                    |                     |           |                |         | 0    1    High Impedance                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                    |                     |           |                |         | 1    0    High Impedance                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                    |                     |           |                |         | 1    1    High Impedance                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                    |                     | 4         | LOWREFS        | 0       | Reduces the ADC reference range (2*[VRT-VRB]), thus changing the max/min input video voltages (ADC ref range/PGA gain).<br>0 = ADC reference range = 2.0V<br>1 = ADC reference range = 1.2V                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                      |
|                    |                     | 5         | RLCDACRNG      | 1       | Sets the output range of the RLCDAC.<br>0 = RLCDAC ranges from 0 to AVDD (approximately),<br>1 = RLCDAC ranges from 0 to VRT (approximately).                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                    |                     | 7:6       | DEL[1:0]       | 00      | Controls the latency from sample to data appearing on output pins                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                    |                     |           |                |         | DEL    Latency                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                   |
|                    |                     |           |                |         | 00    7 MCLK periods                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|                    |                     |           |                |         | 01    8 MCLK periods                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|                    |                     |           |                |         | 10    9 MCLK periods                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             |
|                    |                     |           |                |         | 11    10 MCLK periods                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 000011<br>(03h)    | Setup Register<br>3 | 3:0       | RLCDAC[3:0]    | 1111    | Controls RLCDAC driving VRCL/VBIAS pin to define single ended signal reference voltage or Reset Level Clamp voltage. See Electrical Characteristics section for ranges.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                    |                     | 4         | Reserved       | 1       | Must be set to one                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
|                    |                     | 5         | Reserved       | 0       | Must be set to zero                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                              |
|                    |                     | 7:6       | CHAN[1:0]      | 00      | When MONO=0 this register bit has no effect<br>Monochrome mode channel select.<br>00 = Red                      10 = Blue channel select<br>channel select              11 = Reserved<br>01 = Green<br>channel select                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 000100<br>(04h)    | Software Reset      |           |                |         | Any write to Software Reset causes all cells to be reset. It is recommended that a software reset be performed after a power-up before any other register writes.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 000101<br>(05h)    | Auto-cycle Reset    |           |                |         | Any write to Auto-cycle Reset causes the auto-cycle counter to reset to RINP. This function is only required when LINEBYLINE = 1.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
| 000110<br>(06h)    | Setup Register<br>4 | 0         | LINEBYLINE     | 0       | Selects line by line operation. Line by line operation is intended for use with systems which operate one line at a time but with up to three colours shared on that one output.<br>0 = normal operation,<br>1 = line by line operation.<br><br>When line by line operation is selected MONO is forced to 1 and CHAN[1:0] to 00 internally, ensuring that the correct internal timing signals are produced. Green and Blue PGAs are also disabled to save power. |

| ADDRESS<br><A5:A0> | REGISTER            | BIT<br>NO | BIT<br>NAME(S) | DEFAULT | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|--------------------|---------------------|-----------|----------------|---------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
|                    |                     | 1         | ACYC           | 0       | When LINEBYLINE = 0 this bit has no effect.<br>When LINEBYLINE = 1 this bit determines the function of the RSMP input pin and the offset/gain register controls.<br>0 = RSMP pin enabled for either reset sampling (CDS) or Reset Level Clamp control. Internal selection of gain/offset multiplexers using INTM[1:0] register bits.<br>1 = Auto-cycling enabled by pulsing the RSMP input pin. This means that each time a pulse is applied to this pin the single input channel will switch to the next offset register and gain register in the sequence. The sequence is Red->Green->Blue->Red... offset and gain registers applied to the red input channel.<br><br>When auto-cycling is enabled, the RSMP pin alone cannot be used to control reset level clamping. Reset level clamping may be enabled in this situation by setting the CLAMPCTRL and RLCEN bits so that the logical AND of RSMP and VSMP closes the clamp switch.<br><br>When auto-cycling is enabled, the RSMP pin cannot be used for reset sampling (i.e. CDS must be set to 0). |
|                    |                     | 3:2       | INTM[1:0]      | 00      | When LINEBYLINE=0 or ACYC=1 this bit has no effect.<br>When LINEBYLINE=1 and ACYC=0:<br>Controls the PGA/offset mux selector:<br>00 = Red PGA/Offset registers applied to input channel<br>01 = Green PGA/Offset registers applied to input channel<br>10 = Blue PGA/Offset registers applied to input channel<br>11 = Reserved.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                    |                     | 7:4       | Reserved       | 0000    | Must be set to 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                    |                     |           |                |         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |
| 000111<br>(07h)    | Setup Register<br>5 | 0         | REDPD          | 0       | When set powers down red S/H, PGA                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |
|                    |                     | 1         | GRNPD          | 0       | When set powers down green S/H, PGA                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |
|                    |                     | 2         | BLUPD          | 0       | When set powers down blue S/H, PGA                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         |
|                    |                     | 3         | ADCPD          | 0       | When set powers down ADC. Allows reduced power consumption without powering down the references which have a long time constant when switching on/off due to the external decoupling capacitors.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                    |                     | 4         | VRLCDACPD      | 0       | When set powers down 4-bit RLCDAC, setting the output to a high impedance state and allowing an external reference to be driven in on the VRLC/VBIAS pin.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                  |
|                    |                     | 5         | ADCREFPD       | 0       | When set disables VRT, VRB buffers to allow external references to be used.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                    |                     | 6         | VRXPD          | 0       | When set disables VRX buffer to allow an external reference to be used.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|                    |                     | 7         | Not Used       | 0       | Must be set to 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
| 001000<br>(08h)    | Setup Register<br>6 | 4:0       | Not Used       | 00000   | Must be set to 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                    |                     | 5         | RLCEN          | 1       | Reset Level Clamp Enable. When set Reset Level Clamping is enabled. The method of clamping is determined by CLAMPCTRL.                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |
|                    |                     | 6         | CLAMPCTRL      | 0       | 0 = RLC switch is controlled directly from RSMP input pin:<br>RSMP = 0: switch is open<br>RSMP = 1: switch is closed<br><br>1 = RLC switch is controlled by logical combination of RSMP and VSMP.<br>RSMP && VSMP = 0: switch is open<br>RSMP && VSMP = 1: switch is closed                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                |
|                    |                     | 7         | Reserved       | 0       | Must be set to 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                           |
|                    |                     |           |                |         |                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                            |

| ADDRESS<br><A5:A0> | REGISTER                   | BIT<br>NO | BIT<br>NAME(S) | DEFAULT  | DESCRIPTION                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                    |
|--------------------|----------------------------|-----------|----------------|----------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 100000<br>(20h)    | Offset DAC<br>(Red)        | 7:0       | DACR[7:0]      | 10000000 | Red channel 8-bit offset DAC value (mV) = $255 \cdot (\text{DACR}[7:0] - 127.5) / 127.5$                                                                                                                                                                       |
| 100001<br>(21h)    | Offset DAC<br>(Green)      | 7:0       | DACG[7:0]      | 10000000 | Green channel 8-bit offset DAC value (mV) = $255 \cdot (\text{DACG}[7:0] - 127.5) / 127.5$                                                                                                                                                                     |
| 100010<br>(22h)    | Offset DAC<br>(Blue)       | 7:0       | DACB[7:0]      | 10000000 | Blue channel 8-bit offset DAC value (mV) = $255 \cdot (\text{DACB}[7:0] - 127.5) / 127.5$                                                                                                                                                                      |
| 100011<br>(23h)    | Offset DAC<br>(RGB)        | 7:0       | DACRGB[7:0]    | -        | A write to this register location causes the red, green and blue offset DAC registers to be overwritten by the new value                                                                                                                                       |
| 100100<br>(24h)    | PGA Gain LSB<br>(Red)      | 0         | PGAR[0]        | 0        | This register bit forms the LSB of the red channel PGA gain code. PGA gain is determined by combining this register bit and the 8 MSBs contained in register address 28 hex.                                                                                   |
|                    |                            | 7:1       | Reserved       | 00000000 | Must be set to 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 100101<br>(25h)    | PGA Gain LSB<br>(Green)    | 0         | PGAG[0]        | 0        | This register bit forms the LSB of the green channel PGA gain code. PGA gain is determined by combining this register bit and the 8 MSBs contained in register address 29 hex.                                                                                 |
|                    |                            | 7:1       | Reserved       | 00000000 | Must be set to 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 100110<br>(26h)    | PGA Gain LSB<br>(Blue)     | 0         | PGAB[0]        | 0        | This register bit forms the LSB of the blue channel PGA gain code. PGA gain is determined by combining this register bit and the 8 MSBs contained in register address 2A hex.                                                                                  |
|                    |                            | 7:1       | Reserved       | 00000000 | Must be set to 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 100111<br>(27h)    | PGA Gain LSB<br>(RGB)      | 0         | PGARGB[0]      | -        | Writing a value to this location causes red, green and blue PGA LSB gain values to be overwritten by the new value.                                                                                                                                            |
|                    |                            | 7:1       | Reserved       | 00000000 | Must be set to 0                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               |
| 101000<br>(28h)    | PGA gain<br>MSBs<br>(Red)  | 7:0       | PGAR[8:1]      | 00001100 | Bits 8 to 1 of red PGA gain. Combined with red LSB register bit to form complete PGA gain code. This determines the gain of the red channel PGA according to the equation:<br>Red channel PGA gain (V/V) = $0.66 + \text{PGAR}[8:0] \times 7.34 / 511$         |
| 101001<br>(29h)    | PGA gain<br>MSBs (Green)   | 7:0       | PGAG[8:1]      | 00001100 | Bits 8 to 1 of green PGA gain. Combined with green LSB register bit to form complete PGA gain code. This determines the gain of the green channel PGA according to the equation:<br>Green channel PGA gain (V/V) = $0.66 + \text{PGAG}[8:0] \times 7.34 / 511$ |
| 101010<br>(2Ah)    | PGA gain<br>MSBs<br>(Blue) | 7:0       | PGAB[8:1]      | 00001100 | Bits 8 to 1 of blue PGA gain. Combined with blue LSB register bit to form complete PGA gain code. This determines the gain of the blue channel PGA according to the equation:<br>Blue channel PGA gain (V/V) = $0.66 + \text{PGAB}[8:0] \times 7.34 / 511$     |
| 101011<br>(2Bh)    | PGA gain MSBs<br>(RGB)     | 7:0       | PGARGB[8:1]    | -        | A write to this register location causes the red, green and blue PGA MSB gain registers to be overwritten by the new value.                                                                                                                                    |

Table 6 Register Control Bits

## APPLICATIONS INFORMATION

## RECOMMENDED EXTERNAL COMPONENTS

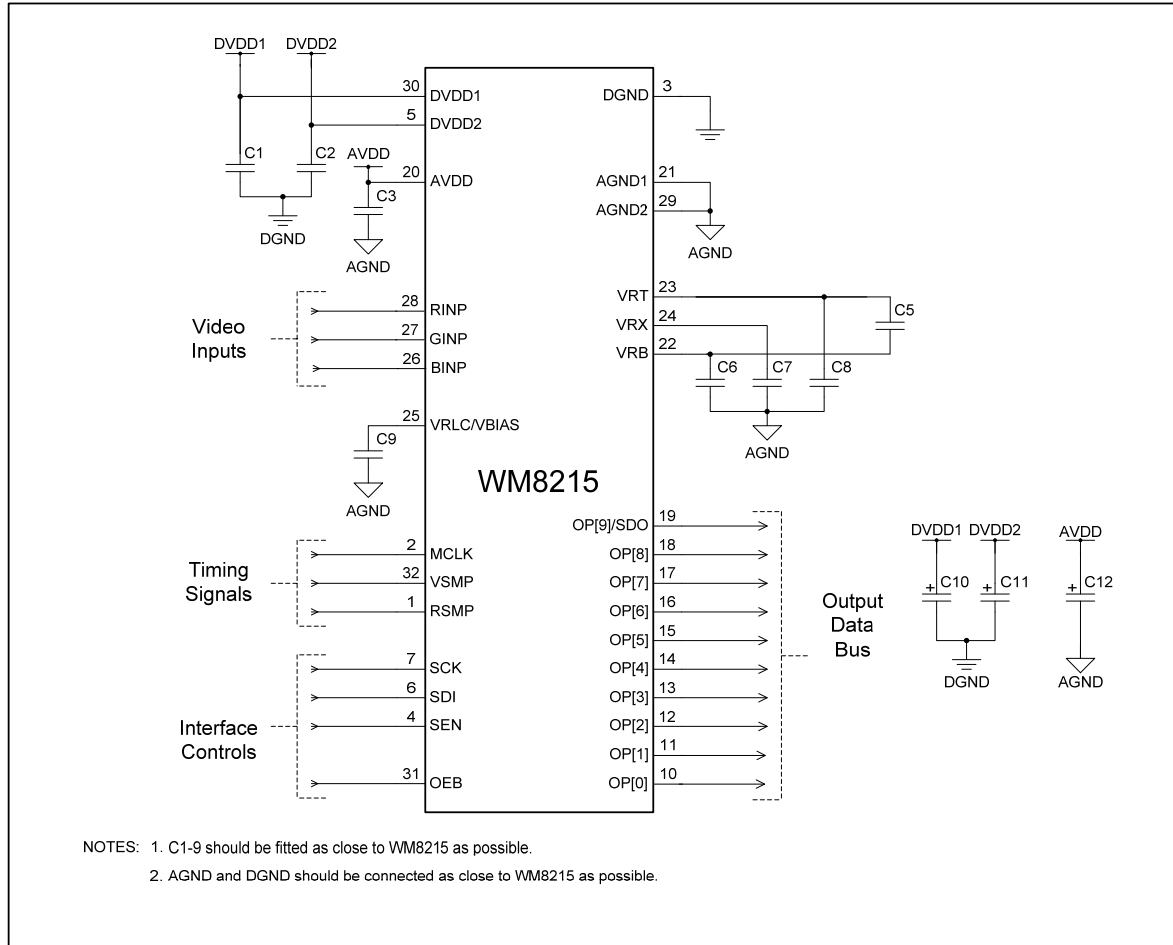


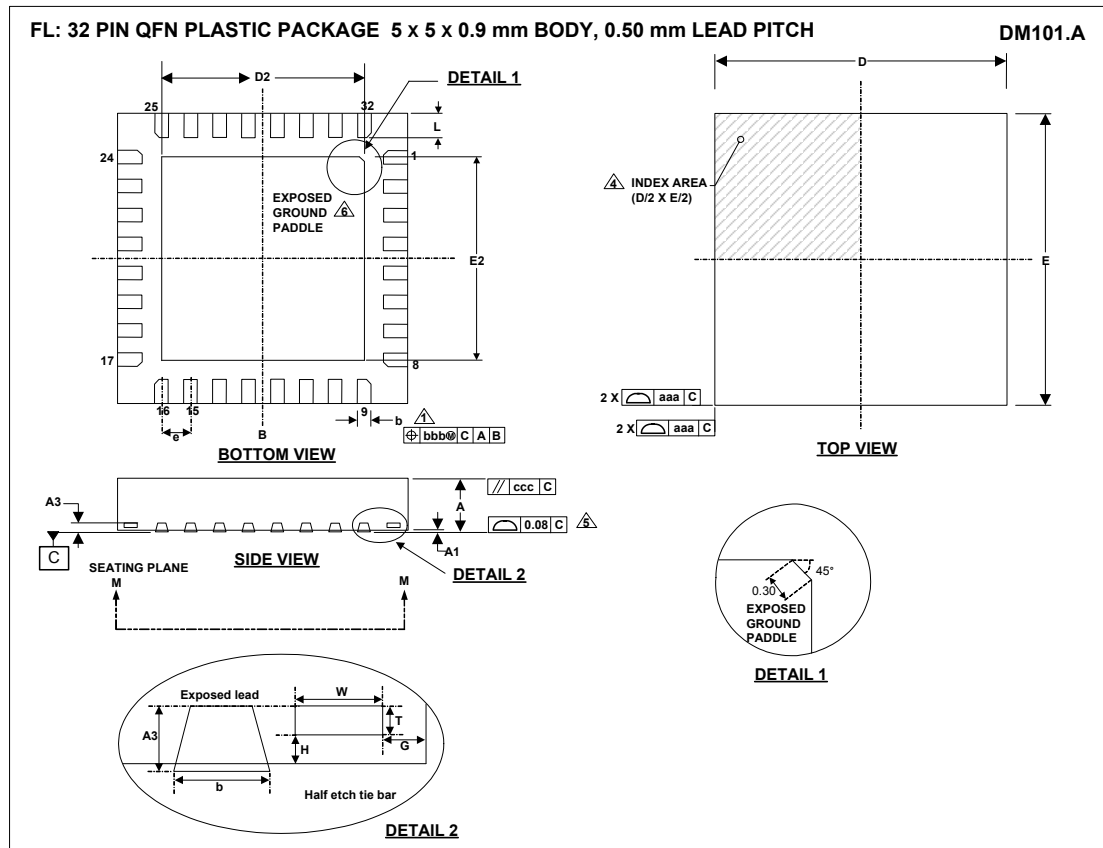
Figure 18 External Components Diagram

## RECOMMENDED EXTERNAL COMPONENT VALUES

| COMPONENT REFERENCE | SUGGESTED VALUE | DESCRIPTION                                              |
|---------------------|-----------------|----------------------------------------------------------|
| C1                  | 100nF           | De-coupling for DVDD1.                                   |
| C2                  | 100nF           | De-coupling for DVDD2.                                   |
| C3                  | 100nF           | De-coupling for AVDD.                                    |
| C5                  | 1μF             | Ceramic de-coupling between VRT and VRB (non-polarised). |
| C6                  | 100nF           | De-coupling for VRB.                                     |
| C7                  | 100nF           | De-coupling for VRX.                                     |
| C8                  | 100nF           | De-coupling for VRT.                                     |
| C9                  | 100nF           | De-coupling for VRLC.                                    |
| C10                 | 10μF            | Reservoir capacitor for DVDD1.                           |
| C11                 | 10μF            | Reservoir capacitor for DVDD2.                           |
| C12                 | 10μF            | Reservoir capacitor for AVDD.                            |

Table 7 External Components Descriptions

## PACKAGE DIMENSIONS



| Symbols                         | Dimensions (mm)                  |           |      |      |
|---------------------------------|----------------------------------|-----------|------|------|
|                                 | MIN                              | NOM       | MAX  | NOTE |
| A                               | 0.80                             | 0.90      | 1.00 |      |
| A1                              | 0                                | 0.02      | 0.05 |      |
| A3                              |                                  | 0.203 REF |      |      |
| b                               | 0.18                             | 0.25      | 0.30 | 1    |
| D                               |                                  | 5.00 BSC  |      |      |
| D2                              | 3.30                             | 3.45      | 3.60 | 2    |
| E                               |                                  | 5.00 BSC  |      |      |
| E2                              | 3.30                             | 3.45      | 3.60 | 2    |
| e                               |                                  | 0.50 BSC  |      |      |
| G                               |                                  | 0.20      |      |      |
| H                               |                                  | 0.1       |      |      |
| L                               | 0.30                             | 0.40      | 0.50 |      |
| T                               |                                  | 0.103     |      |      |
| W                               |                                  | 0.15      |      |      |
| Tolerances of Form and Position |                                  |           |      |      |
| aaa                             |                                  | 0.15      |      |      |
| bbb                             |                                  | 0.10      |      |      |
| ccc                             |                                  | 0.10      |      |      |
| REF:                            | JEDEC, MO-220, VARIATION VHHD-5. |           |      |      |

## NOTES:

1. DIMENSION b APPLIES TO METALLIZED TERMINAL AND IS MEASURED BETWEEN 0.15 mm AND 0.30 mm FROM TERMINAL TIP.
2. FALLS WITHIN JEDEC, MO-220, VARIATION VHHD-5.
3. ALL DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETRES.
4. THE TERMINAL #1 IDENTIFIER AND TERMINAL NUMBERING CONVENTION SHALL CONFORM TO JEDEC 95-1 SPP-002.
5. COPLANARITY APPLIES TO THE EXPOSED HEAT SINK SLUG AS WELL AS THE TERMINALS.
6. REFER TO APPLICATION NOTE WAN\_0118 FOR FURTHER INFORMATION REGARDING PCB FOOTPRINTS AND QFN PACKAGE SOLDERING.
7. THIS DRAWING IS SUBJECT TO CHANGE WITHOUT NOTICE.

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**REVISION HISTORY**

| DATE     | REV | ORIGINATOR | CHANGES                                                                                                                         |
|----------|-----|------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 04/09/12 | 4.3 | JMacD      | Order codes changed from WM8215SEFL and WM8215SEFL/R to WM8215CSEFL and WM8215CSEFL/R to reflect change to copper wire bonding. |
| 04/09/12 | 4.3 | JMacD      | Package Diagram changed to DM101.A                                                                                              |

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