

## General Description

The MIC38C4x are fixed frequency, high performance, current-mode PWM controllers. Micrel's BiCMOS devices are pin compatible with 384x bipolar devices but feature several improvements.

Undervoltage lockout circuitry allows the '42 and '44 versions to start up at 14.5V and operate down to 9V, and the '43 and '45 versions start at 8.4V with operation down to 7.6V. All versions operate up to 20V.

When compared to bipolar 384x devices operating from a 15V supply, start-up current has been reduced to 50 $\mu$ A typical and operating current has been reduced to 4.0 mA typical. Decreased output rise and fall times drive larger MOSFETs, and rail-to-rail output capability increases efficiency, especially at lower supply voltages. The MIC38C4x also features a trimmed oscillator discharge current and bandgap reference.

The MIC38C4x denotes 8-pin plastic DIP, SOIC, and MSOP packages. MIC384Cx-1 denotes 14-pin plastic DIP and SOIC packages. 8-pin devices feature small size, while 14-pin devices separate the analog and power connections for improved performance and power dissipation.

*For fast rise and fall times and higher output drive, refer to the MIC38HC4x.*

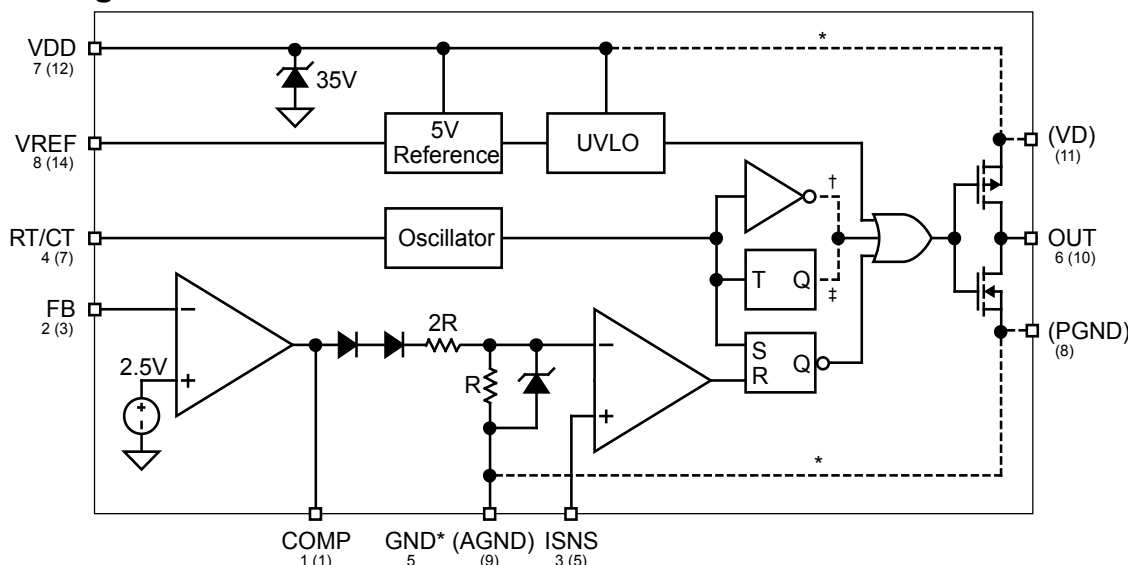
## Features

- Fast 40ns output rise and 30ns output fall times
- $-40^{\circ}\text{C}$  to  $+85^{\circ}\text{C}$  temperature range meets UC284x specifications
- High-performance, low-power BiCMOS Process
- Ultralow start-up current ( $50\mu\text{A}$  typical)
- Low operating current ( $4\text{mA}$  typical)
- CMOS outputs with rail-to-rail swing
- $\geq 500\text{kHz}$  current-mode operation
- Trimmed 5V bandgap reference
- Pin-for-pin compatible with UC3842/3843/3844/3845(A)
- Trimmed oscillator discharge current
- UVLO with hysteresis
- Low cross-conduction currents

## Applications

- Current-mode, off-line, switched-mode power supplies
- Current-mode, dc-to-dc converters.
- Step-down “buck” regulators
- Step-up “boost” regulators
- Flyback, isolated regulators
- Forward converters
- Synchronous FET converters

## Functional Diagram



( ) pins are on MIC38C4x-1 (14-lead) versions only

\* MIC38C4x, (8-lead) versions only

† MIC38C42, MIC38C43 (96% max. duty cycle) versions only

‡ MIC38C44, MIC38C45 (50% max. duty cycle) versions only

## Ordering Information

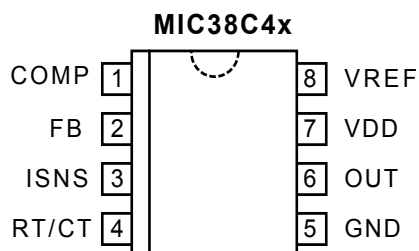
| Part Number* |                 | Temperature Range | Package            |
|--------------|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|
| Standard     | Pb-Free         |                   |                    |
| MIC38C42BN   | MIC38C42YN      | -40°C to +85°C    | 8-pin Plastic DIP  |
| MIC38C43BN   | MIC38C43YN      | -40°C to +85°C    | 8-pin Plastic DIP  |
| MIC38C44BN   | MIC38C44YN      | -40°C to +85°C    | 8-pin Plastic DIP  |
| MIC38C45BN   | MIC38C45YN      | -40°C to +85°C    | 8-pin Plastic DIP  |
| MIC38C42-1BN | Contact Factory | -40°C to +85°C    | 14-pin Plastic DIP |
| MIC38C43-1BN | Contact Factory | -40°C to +85°C    | 14-pin Plastic DIP |
| MIC38C44-1BN | MIC38C44-1YN    | -40°C to +85°C    | 14-pin Plastic DIP |
| MIC38C45-1BN | Contact Factory | -40°C to +85°C    | 14-pin Plastic DIP |
| MIC38C42BM   | MIC38C42YM      | -40°C to +85°C    | 8-pin SOIC         |
| MIC38C43BM   | MIC38C43YM      | -40°C to +85°C    | 8-pin SOIC         |
| MIC38C44BM   | MIC38C44YM      | -40°C to +85°C    | 8-pin SOIC         |
| MIC38C45BM   | MIC38C45YM      | -40°C to +85°C    | 8-pin SOIC         |
| MIC38C42BMM  | MIC38C42YMM     | -40°C to +85°C    | 8-pin MSOP         |
| MIC38C43BMM  | MIC38C43YMM     | -40°C to +85°C    | 8-pin MSOP         |
| MIC38C44BMM  | MIC38C44YMM     | -40°C to +85°C    | 8-pin MSOP         |
| MIC38C45BMM  | MIC38C45YMM     | -40°C to +85°C    | 8-pin MSOP         |
| MIC38C42-1BM | MIC38C42-1YM    | -40°C to +85°C    | 14-pin SOIC        |
| MIC38C43-1BM | MIC38C43-1YM    | -40°C to +85°C    | 14-pin SOIC        |
| MIC38C44-1BM | MIC38C44-1YM    | -40°C to +85°C    | 14-pin SOIC        |
| MIC38C45-1BM | MIC38C45-1YM    | -40°C to +85°C    | 14-pin SOIC        |

\* Refer to the Part Number Cross Reference for a listing of Micrel devices equivalent to UC284x and UC384x devices.

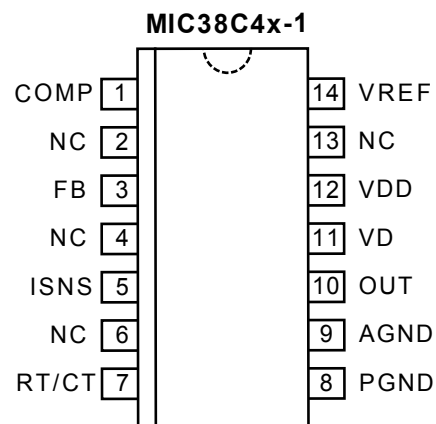
## Selection Guide

| Duty Cycle | UVLO Thresholds                        |                                       |
|------------|----------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
|            | Startup 8.4V<br>Minimum Operating 7.6V | Startup 14.5V<br>Minimum Operating 9V |
| 0% to 96%  | MIC38C43                               | MIC38C42                              |
| 0% to 50%  | MIC38C45                               | MIC38C44                              |

## Pin Configuration



**8-Pin DIP (N)**  
**8-Pin SOIC (M)**  
**8-Pin MSOP (MM)**



**14-Pin DIP (-1BN)**  
**14-Pin SOIC (-1BM)**

## Pin Description

| Pin Number<br>N, M, MM | Pin Number<br>-1BN, -1BM | Pin Name | Pin Function                                                                                                       |
|------------------------|--------------------------|----------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 1                      | 1                        | COMP     | Compensation: Connect external compensation network to modify the error amplifier output.                          |
|                        | 2                        | NC       | Not internally connected.                                                                                          |
| 2                      | 3                        | FB       | Feedback (Input): Error amplifier input. Feedback is 2.5V at desired output voltage.                               |
|                        | 4                        | NC       | Not internally connected.                                                                                          |
| 3                      | 5                        | ISNS     | Current Sense (Input): Current sense comparator input. Connect to current sensing resistor or current transformer. |
|                        | 6                        | NC       | Not internally connected.                                                                                          |
| 4                      | 7                        | RT/CT    | Timing Resistor/Timing Capacitor: Connect external RC network to select switching frequency.                       |
| 5                      |                          | GND      | Ground: Combined analog and power ground.                                                                          |
|                        | 8                        | PGND     | Power Ground: N-channel driver transistor ground.                                                                  |
|                        | 9                        | AGND     | Analog Ground: Controller circuitry ground.                                                                        |
| 6                      | 10                       | OUT      | Power Output: Totem-pole output.                                                                                   |
|                        | 11                       | VD       | Power Supply (Input): P-channel driver transistor supply input. Return to power ground (PGND).                     |
| 7                      | 12                       | VDD      | Analog Supply (Input): Controller circuitry supply input. Return to analog ground (AGND).                          |
|                        | 13                       | NC       | Not internally connected.                                                                                          |
| 8                      | 14                       | VREF     | 5V Reference (Output): Connect external RC network.                                                                |

## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Zener Current ( $V_{DD}$ ) ..... 30mA

**Operation at ≥18V may require  
special precautions (Note 6).**

Supply Voltage ( $V_{DD}$ ), **Note 6** ..... 20V

Switch Supply Voltage ( $V_D$ ) ..... 20V

Current Sense Voltage ( $V_{ISNS}$ ) ..... -0.3V to 5.5V

Feedback Voltage ( $V_{FB}$ ) ..... -0.3V to 5.5V

Output Current, 38C42/3/4/5 ( $I_{OUT}$ ) ..... 0.5A

Storage Temperature ( $T_A$ ) ..... -65°C to +150°C

## Operating Ratings

Junction Temperature ( $T_J$ ) ..... 150°C

Package Thermal Resistance

8-Pin Plastic DIP ( $\theta_{JA}$ ) ..... 125°C/W

8-Pin MSOP ( $\theta_{JA}$ ) ..... 250°C/W

8-Pin SOIC ( $\theta_{JA}$ ) ..... 170°C/W

14-Pin Plastic DIP ( $\theta_{JA}$ ) ..... 90°C/W

14-Pin SOIC ( $\theta_{JA}$ ) ..... 145°C/W

## Electrical Characteristics

$V_{DD} = 15V$ , **Note 4**;  $R_T = 11.0k$ ;  $C_T = 3.3nF$ ; -40°C ≤  $T_A$  ≤ 85°C; unless noted

| Parameter | Test Conditions | Min | Typ | Max | Units |
|-----------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
|-----------|-----------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|

### Reference Section

|                        |                                                               |      |      |      |       |
|------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|-------|
| Output Voltage         | $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , $I_O = 1mA$                              | 4.90 | 5.00 | 5.10 | V     |
| Line Regulation        | $12V \leq V_{DD} \leq 18V$ , $I_O = 5\mu A$ , <b>Note 6</b>   |      | 2    | 20   | mV    |
| Load Regulation        | $1 \leq I_O \leq 20mA$                                        |      | 1    | 25   | mV    |
| Temp. Stability        | <b>Note 1</b>                                                 |      | 0.2  |      | mV/°C |
| Total Output Variation | Line, Load, Temp., <b>Note 1</b>                              | 4.82 |      | 5.18 | V     |
| Output Noise Voltage   | $10Hz \leq f \leq 10kHz$ , $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , <b>Note 1</b> |      | 50   |      | μV    |
| Long Term Stability    | $T_A = 125^\circ C$ , 1000 hrs., <b>Note 1</b>                |      | 5    | 25   | mV    |
| Output Short Circuit   |                                                               | -30  | -80  | -180 | mA    |

### Oscillator Section

|                   |                                                 |     |      |     |      |
|-------------------|-------------------------------------------------|-----|------|-----|------|
| Initial Accuracy  | $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , <b>Note 5</b>              | 49  | 52   | 55  | kHz  |
| Voltage Stability | $12 \leq V_{DD} \leq 18V$ , <b>Note 6</b>       |     | 0.2  | 1.0 | %    |
| Temp. Stability   | $T_{MIN} \leq T_A \leq T_{MAX}$ , <b>Note 1</b> |     | 0.04 |     | %/°C |
| Clock Ramp        | $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , $V_{RT/CT} = 2V$           | 7.7 | 8.4  | 9.0 | mA   |
| Reset Current     | $T_A = T_{MIN}$ to $T_{MAX}$                    | 7.2 | 8.4  | 9.5 | mA   |
| Amplitude         | $V_{RT/CT}$ peak to peak                        |     | 1.9  |     | Vp-p |

### Error Amp Section

|                       |                                            |      |      |      |     |
|-----------------------|--------------------------------------------|------|------|------|-----|
| Input Voltage         | $V_{COMP} = 2.5V$                          | 2.42 | 2.50 | 2.58 | V   |
| Input Bias Current    | $V_{FB} = 5.0V$                            |      | -0.1 | -2   | μA  |
| $A_{VOL}$             | $2 \leq V_O \leq 4V$                       | 65   | 90   |      | dB  |
| Unity Gain Bandwidth  | <b>Note 1</b>                              | 0.7  | 1.0  |      | MHz |
| PSRR                  | $12 \leq V_{DD} \leq 18V$                  | 60   |      |      | dB  |
| Output Sink Current   | $V_{FB} = 2.7V$ , $V_{COMP} = 1.1V$        | 2    | 14   |      | mA  |
| Output Source Current | $V_{FB} = 2.3V$ , $V_{COMP} = 5V$          | -0.5 | -1   |      | mA  |
| $V_{OUT}$ High        | $V_{FB} = 2.3V$ , $R_L = 15k$ to ground    | 5    | 6.8  |      | V   |
| $V_{OUT}$ Low         | $V_{FB} = 2.7V$ , $R_L = 15k$ to $V_{REF}$ |      | 0.1  | 1.1  | V   |

| Parameter                    | Test Conditions                                                   | Min  | Typ  | Max  | Units    |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|------|----------|
| <b>Current Sense</b>         |                                                                   |      |      |      |          |
| Gain                         | <b>Notes 2, 3</b>                                                 | 2.85 | 3.0  | 3.15 | V/V      |
| Maximum Threshold            | $V_{COMP} = 5V$ , <b>Note 2</b>                                   | 0.9  | 1    | 1.1  | V        |
| PSRR                         | $12 \leq V_{DD} \leq 18V$ , <b>Note 2</b>                         |      | 70   |      | dB       |
| Input Bias Current           |                                                                   |      | -0.1 | -2   | $\mu A$  |
| Delay to Output              |                                                                   |      | 120  | 250  | ns       |
| <b>Output</b>                |                                                                   |      |      |      |          |
| $R_{DS(ON)}$ High            | $I_{SOURCE} = 200mA$                                              |      | 20   |      | $\Omega$ |
| $R_{DS(ON)}$ Low             | $I_{SINK} = 200mA$                                                |      | 11   |      | $\Omega$ |
| Rise Time                    | $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , $C_L = 1nF$                                  |      | 40   | 80   | ns       |
| Fall Time                    | $T_A = 25^\circ C$ , $C_L = 1nF$                                  |      | 30   | 60   | ns       |
| <b>Undervoltage Lockout</b>  |                                                                   |      |      |      |          |
| Start Threshold              | MIC38C42/4                                                        | 13.5 | 14.5 | 15.5 | V        |
|                              | MIC38C43/5                                                        | 7.8  | 8.4  | 9.0  | V        |
| Minimum Operating Voltage    | MIC38C42/4                                                        | 8    | 9    | 10   | V        |
|                              | MIC38C43/5                                                        | 7.0  | 7.6  | 8.2  | V        |
| <b>Pulse Width Modulator</b> |                                                                   |      |      |      |          |
| Maximum Duty Cycle           | MIC38C42/3                                                        | 94   | 96   |      | %        |
|                              | MIC38C44/5                                                        | 46   | 50   |      | %        |
| Minimum Duty Cycle           |                                                                   |      |      | 0    | %        |
| <b>Total Standby Current</b> |                                                                   |      |      |      |          |
| Start-Up Current             | $V_{DD} = 13V$ for MIC38C42/44<br>$V_{DD} = 7.5V$ for MIC38C43/45 |      | 50   | 200  | $\mu A$  |
| Operating Supply Current     | $V_{FB} = V_{ISNS} = 0V$                                          |      | 4.0  | 6.0  | mA       |
| Zener Voltage ( $V_{DD}$ )   | $I_{DD} = 25mA$ , <b>Note 6</b>                                   | 30   | 37   |      | V        |

**Note 1:** These parameters, although guaranteed, are not 100% tested in production.

**Note 2:** Parameter measured at trip point of latch with  $V_{EA} = 0$ .

**Note 3:** Gain defined as:

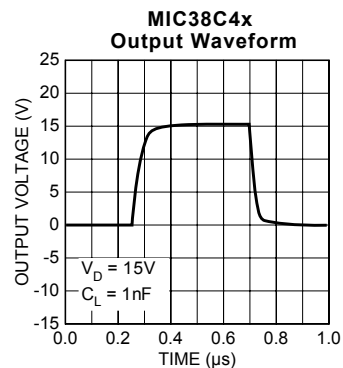
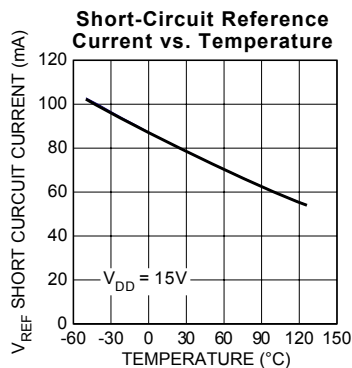
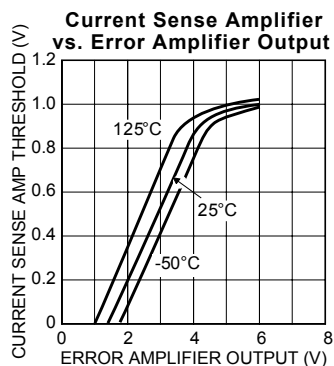
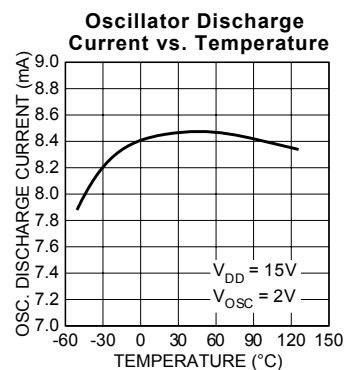
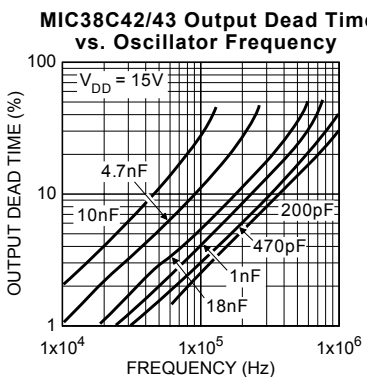
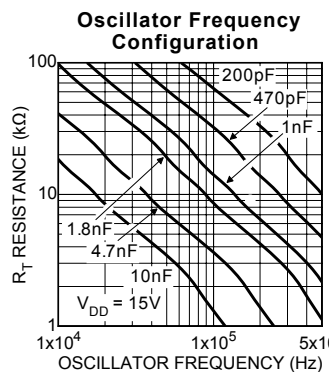
$$A = \frac{\Delta V_{PIN1}}{V_{TH}(I_{SNS})}; 0 \leq V_{TH}(I_{SNS}) \leq 0.8V$$

**Note 4:** Adjust  $V_{DD}$  above the start threshold before setting at 15V.

**Note 5:** Output frequency equals oscillator frequency for the MIC38C42 and MIC38C43. Output frequency for the MIC38C44, and MIC38C45 equals one half the oscillator frequency.

**Note 6:** On 8-pin version, 20V is maximum input on pin 7, as this is also the supply pin for the output stage. On 14-pin version, 40V is maximum for pin 12 and 20V maximum for pin 11.

## Typical Characteristics



## Application Information

Familiarity with 384x converter designs is assumed.

The MIC38C4x has been designed to be compatible with 384xA series controllers.

### MIC38C4x Advantages

#### Start-up Current

Start-up current has been reduced to an ultra-low 50 $\mu$ A (typical) permitting higher-valued, lower-wattage, start-up resistors (powers controller during power supply start-up). The reduced resistor wattage reduces cost and printed circuit space.

#### Operating Current

Operating current has been reduced to 4mA compared to 11mA for a typical bipolar controller. The controller runs cooler and the  $V_{DD}$  hold-up capacitance required during start-up may be reduced.

#### Output Driver

Complementary internal P- and N-channel MOSFETs produce rail-to-rail output voltages for better performance driving external power MOSFETs. The driver transistor's low on-resistance and high peak current capability can drive gate capacitances of greater than 1000pF. The value of output capacitance which can be driven is determined only by the rise/fall time requirements. Within the restrictions of output capacity and controller power dissipation, maximum switching frequency can approach 500kHz.

#### Design Precautions

When operating near 20V, circuit transients can easily exceed the 20V absolute maximum rating, permanently damaging the controller's CMOS construction. To reduce transients, use a 0.1 $\mu$ F low-ESR capacitor to next to the controller's supply  $V_{DD}$  (or  $V_D$  for '-1' versions) and ground connections. Film type capacitors, such as Wima MKS2, are recommended.

When designing high-frequency converters, avoid capacitive and inductive coupling of the switching waveform into high-impedance circuitry such as the error amplifier, oscillator, and current sense amplifier. Avoid long printed-circuit traces and component leads. Locate oscillator and compensation circuitry near the IC. Use high frequency decoupling capacitors on  $V_{REF}$ , and if necessary, on  $V_{DD}$ . Return high  $di/dt$  currents directly to their source and use large area ground planes.

### Buck Converter

Refer to figure 1. When at least 26V is applied to the input, C5 is charged through R2 until the voltage  $V_{DD}$  is greater than 14.5V (the undervoltage lockout value of the MIC38C42). Output switching begins when Q1 is turned on by the gate drive transformer T1, charging the output filter capacitor C3 through L1. D5 supplies a regulated +12V to  $V_{DD}$  once the circuit is running.

Current sense transformer CT1 provides current feedback to ISNS for current-mode operation and cycle-by-cycle current limiting. This is more efficient than a high-power sense resistor and provides the required ground-referenced level shift.

When Q1 turns off, current flow continues from ground through D1 and L1 until Q1 is turned on again.

The 100V Schottky diode D1 reduces the forward voltage drop in the main current path, resulting in higher efficiency than could be accomplished using an ultra-fast-recovery diode. R1 and C2 suppress parasitic oscillations from D1.

Using a high-value inductance for L1 and a low-ESR capacitor for C3 permits small capacitance with minimum output ripple. This inductance value also improves circuit efficiency by reducing the flux swing in L1.

Magnetic components are carefully chosen for minimal loss at 500kHz. CT1 and T1 are wound on Magnetics, Inc. P-type material toroids. L1 is wound on a Siemens N49 EFD core.

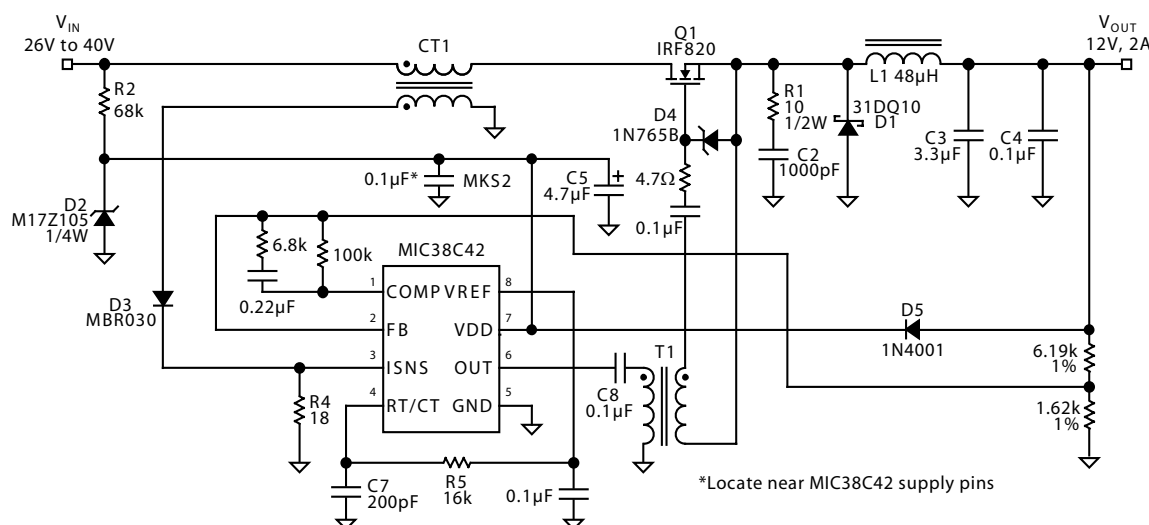


Figure 1. 500kHz, 25W, Buck Converter

| Test            | Conditions                             | Results |
|-----------------|----------------------------------------|---------|
| Line Regulation | $V_{IN} = 26V$ to $80V$ , $I_O = 2A$   | 0.5%    |
| Load Regulation | $V_{IN} = 48V$ , $I_O = 0.2A$ to $2A$  | 0.6%    |
| Efficiency      | $V_{IN} = 48V$ , $I_O = 2A$            | 90%     |
| Output Ripple   | $V_{IN} = 48V$ , $I_O = 2A$ (20MHz BW) | 100mV   |

| Symbol | Custom Coil <sup>1</sup> | ETS <sup>2</sup> |
|--------|--------------------------|------------------|
| CT1    | 4923                     | ETS 92420        |
| T1     | 4924                     | ETS 92419        |
| L1     | 4925                     | ETS 92421        |

1. Custom Coils, Alcester, SD tel: (605) 934-2460

2. Energy Transformation Systems, Inc. tel: (415) 324-4949.

## Synchronous Buck Converter

Refer to figure 2. This MIC38C43 synchronous buck converter uses an MIC5022 half-bridge driver to alternately drive the PWM switch MOSFET (driven by GATEH, or high-side output) and a MOSFET which functions as a synchronous rectifier (driven by the GATEL, or low-side output).

The low-side MOSFET turns on when the high-side MOSFET is off, allowing current to return from ground. Current flows through the low-side MOSFET in the source to drain direction.

The on-state voltage drop of the low-side MOSFET is lower than the forward voltage drop of an equivalent Schottky rectifier. This lower voltage drop results in higher efficiency.

A sense resistor (5mΩ) is connected to the driver's high-side current sense inputs to provide overcurrent protection. Refer to the MIC5020, MIC5021, and MIC5022 data sheets for more information.

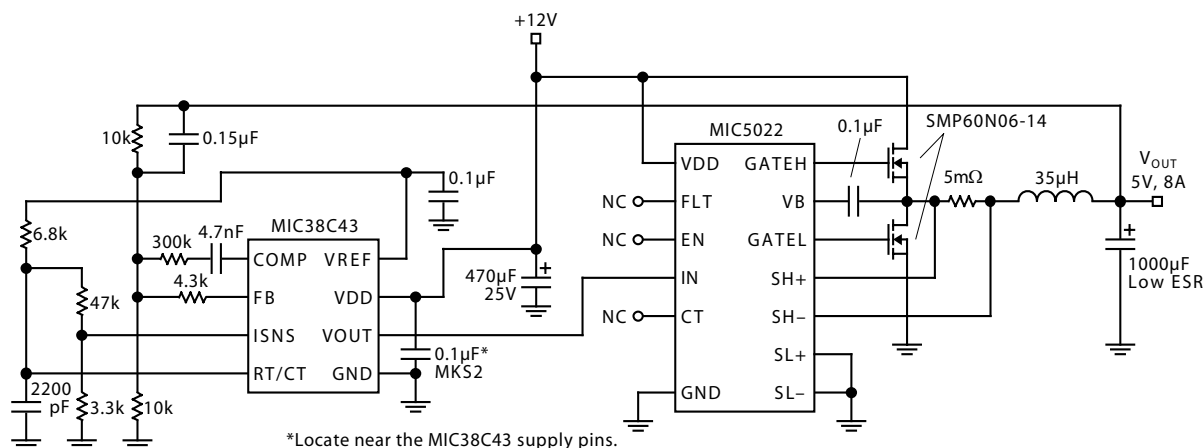
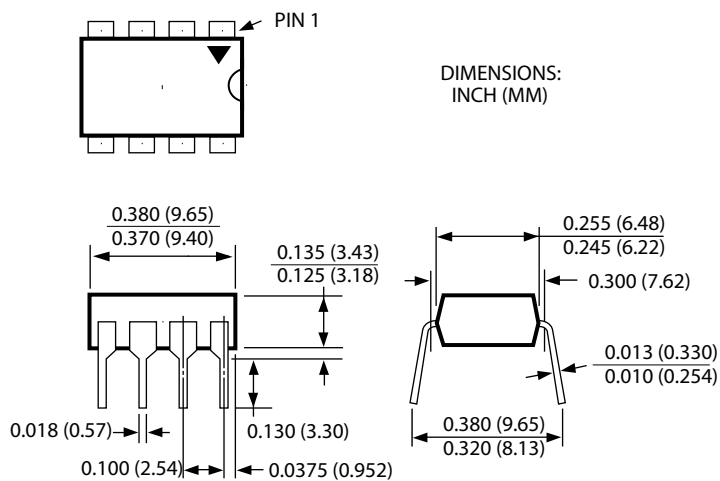
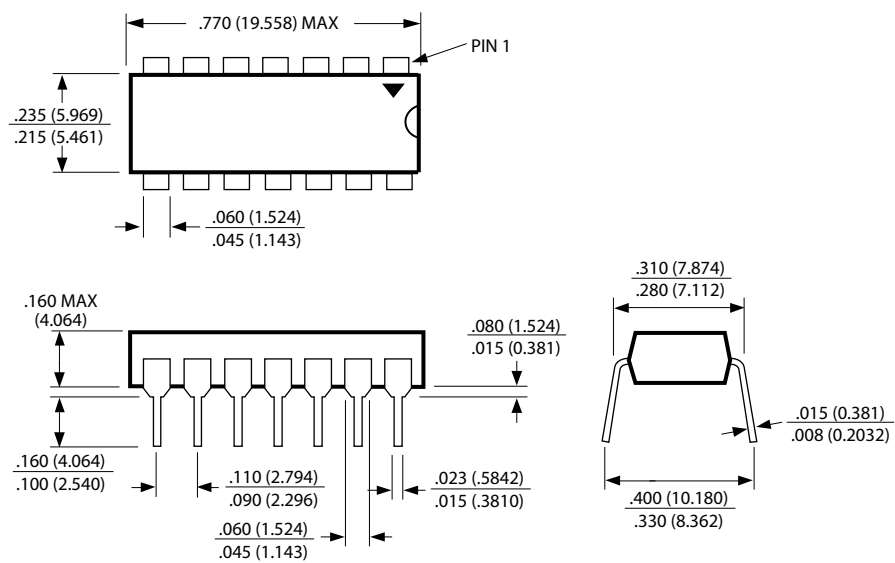


Figure 2. 100kHz, Synchronous Buck Converter

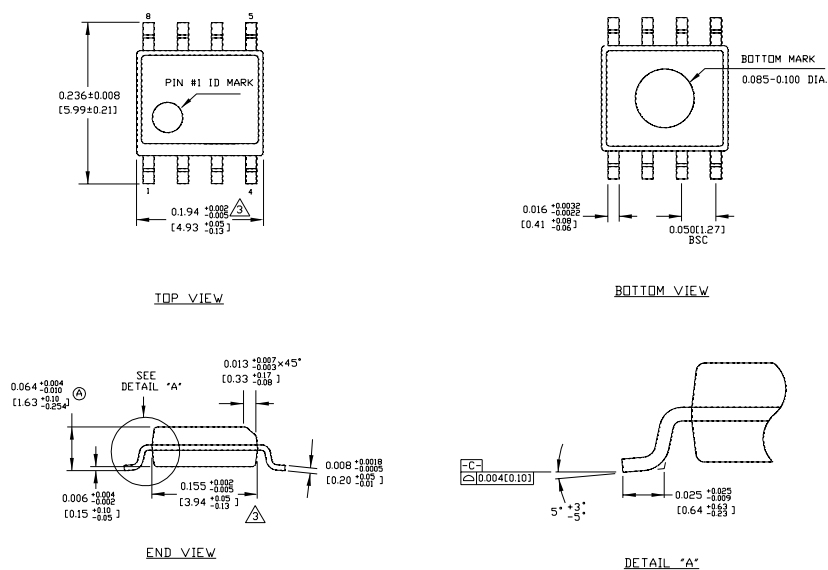
## Package Information



**8-Pin Plastic DIP (N)**



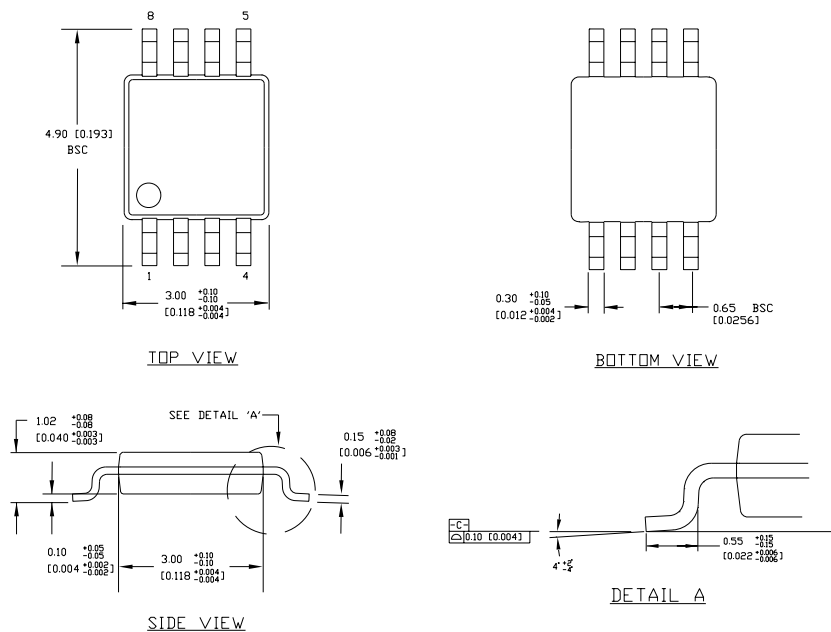
**14-Pin Plastic DIP (N)**



## NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES (MM).
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCHES.
3. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS, EITHER OF WHICH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010 (0.25) PER SIDE.

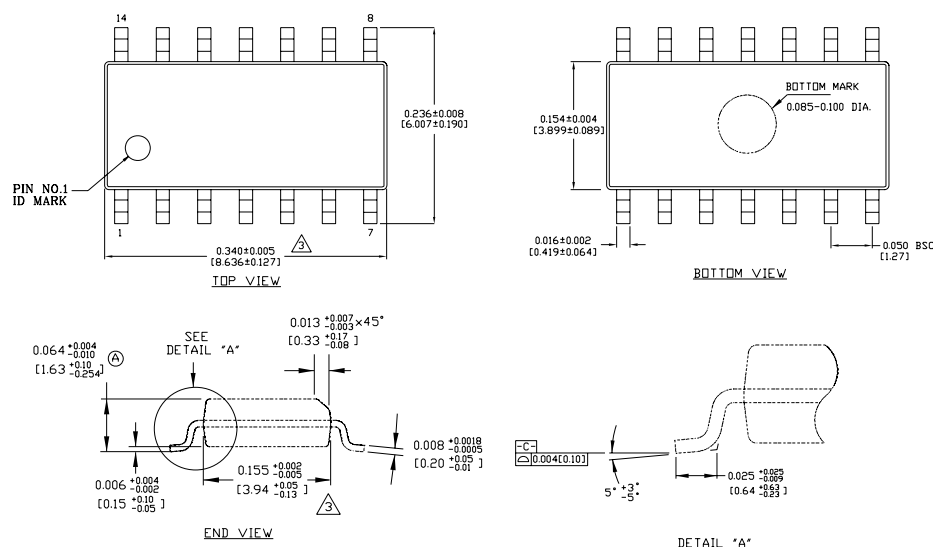
## 8-Pin SOIC (M)



## NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MM (INCHES).
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MM.
3. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS, EITHER OF WHICH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.20 (0.008) PER SIDE.

## 8-Pin MSOP (MM)



## NOTES:

1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN INCHES (MM).
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCHES.
3. DIMENSION DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS, EITHER OF WHICH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.010 [0.25] PER SIDE.

## 14-Pin SOIC (M)

**MICREL INC. 2180 FORTUNE DRIVE SAN JOSE, CA 95131 USA**

TEL + 1 (408) 944-0800 FAX + 1 (408) 474-1000 WEB <http://www.micrel.com>

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