

### HIGH SPEED ANALOG OUTPUT TYPE 8 mm CREEPAGE 8-PIN PHOTOCOUPLER

—NEPOC Series—

#### DESCRIPTION

The PS8502, PS8502L1, PS8502L2 and PS8502L3 are 8-pin high speed photocouplers containing a GaAlAs LED on input side and a PN photodiode and a high speed amplifier transistor on output side on one chip. The PS8502 is in a plastic DIP (Dual In-line Package) with 8 mm creepage distance product.

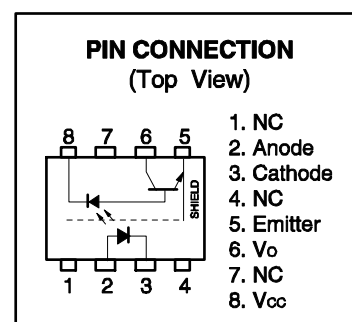
The PS8502L1 is lead bending type for long creepage distance.

The PS8502L2 is lead bending type for long creepage distance (Gull-wing) for surface mount.

The PS8502L3 is lead bending type (Gull-wing) for surface mounting.

#### FEATURES

- Long creepage distance (8 mm MIN.: PS8502L1, PS8502L2)
- High common mode transient immunity ( $CM_H$ ,  $CM_L = \pm 15 \text{ kV}/\mu\text{s}$  MIN.)
- High supply voltage ( $V_{CC} = 35 \text{ V MAX.}$ )
- High speed response ( $t_{PHL}$ ,  $t_{PLH} = 0.8 \mu\text{s MAX.}$ )
- High isolation voltage ( $BV = 5\,000 \text{ Vr.m.s.}$ )
- TTL, CMOS compatible with a resistor
- Ordering number of tape product: PS8502L2-E3: 1 000 pcs/reel  
: PS8502L3-E3: 1 000 pcs/reel
- Pb-Free product
- Safety standards
  - UL approved: No. E72422
  - CSA approved: No. CA 101391 (CA5A, CAN/CSA-C22.2 60065, 60950)
  - BSI approved: No. 8937, 8938
  - SEMKO approved: No. 615433
  - NEMKO approved: No. P06207243
  - DEMKO approved: No. 314091
  - FIMKO approved: No. FI 22827
  - DIN EN60747-5-2 (VDE0884 Part2) approved: No. 40019182 (Option)



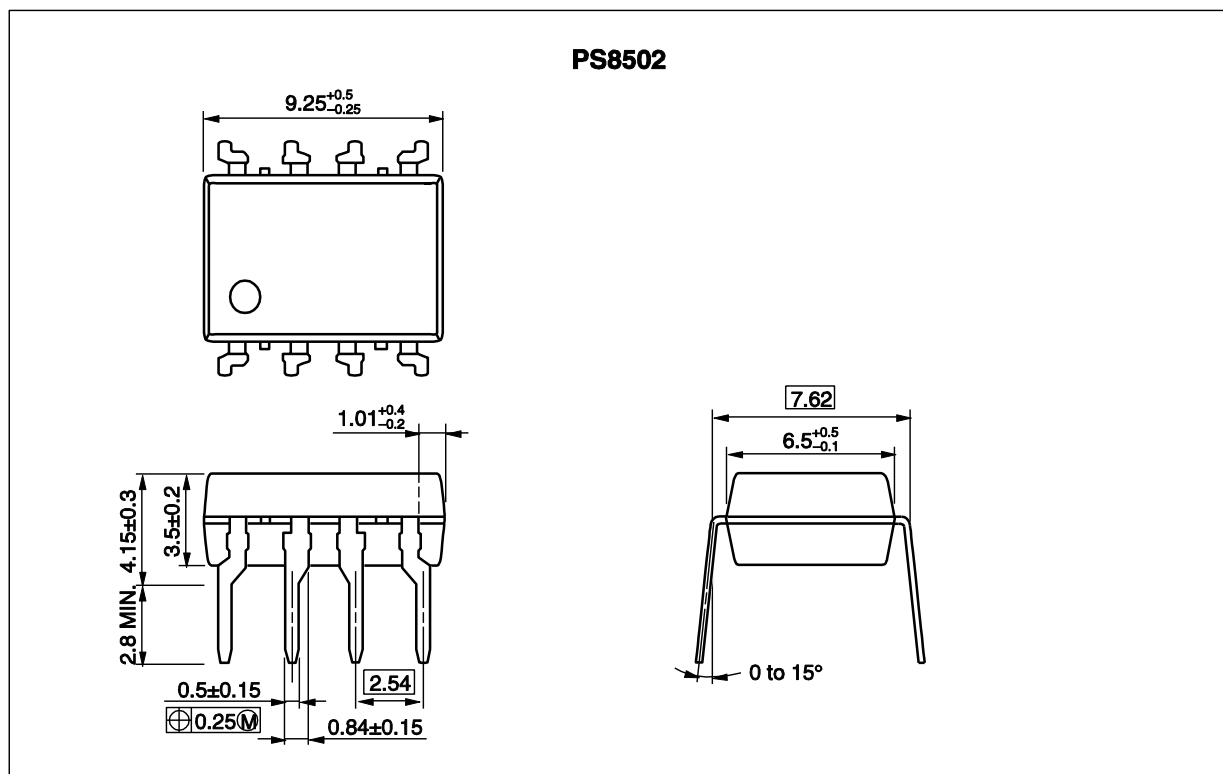
#### APPLICATIONS

- Interface for measurement or control equipment
- Substitutions for relays and pulse transformers
- Modem, communications device
- General purpose inverter

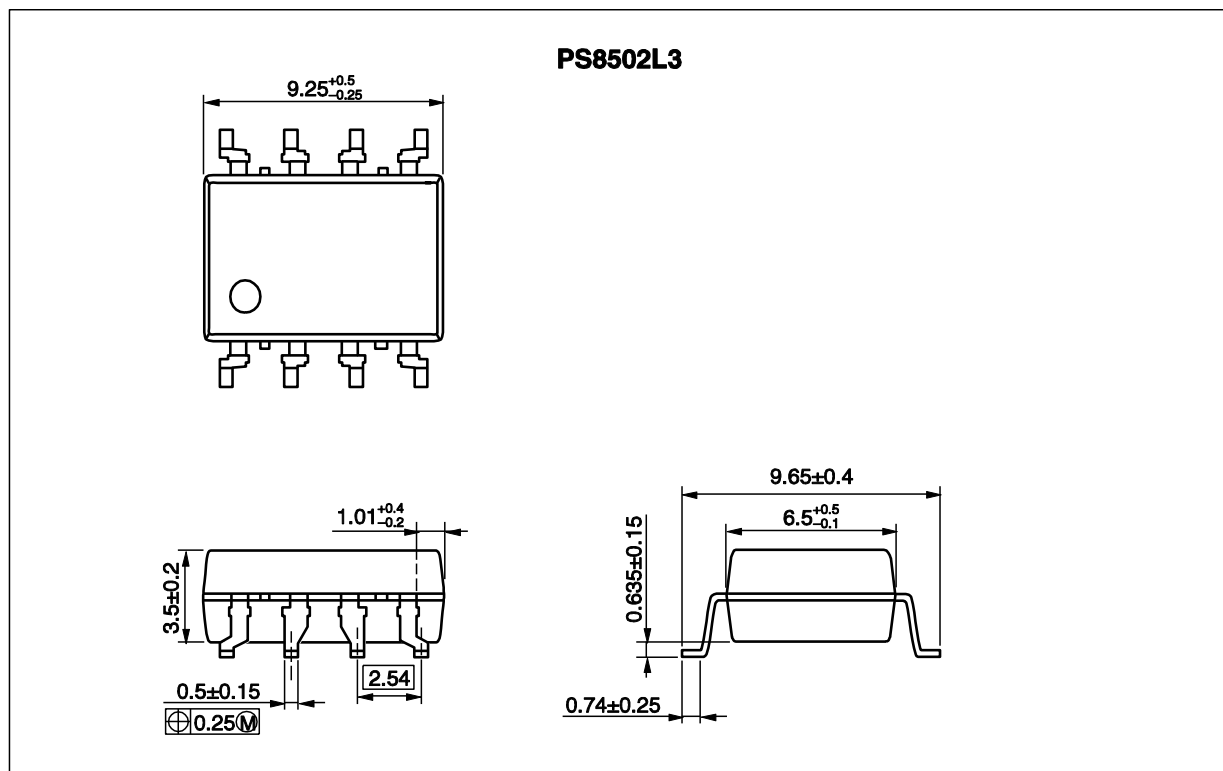
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<R> **PACKAGE DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)**

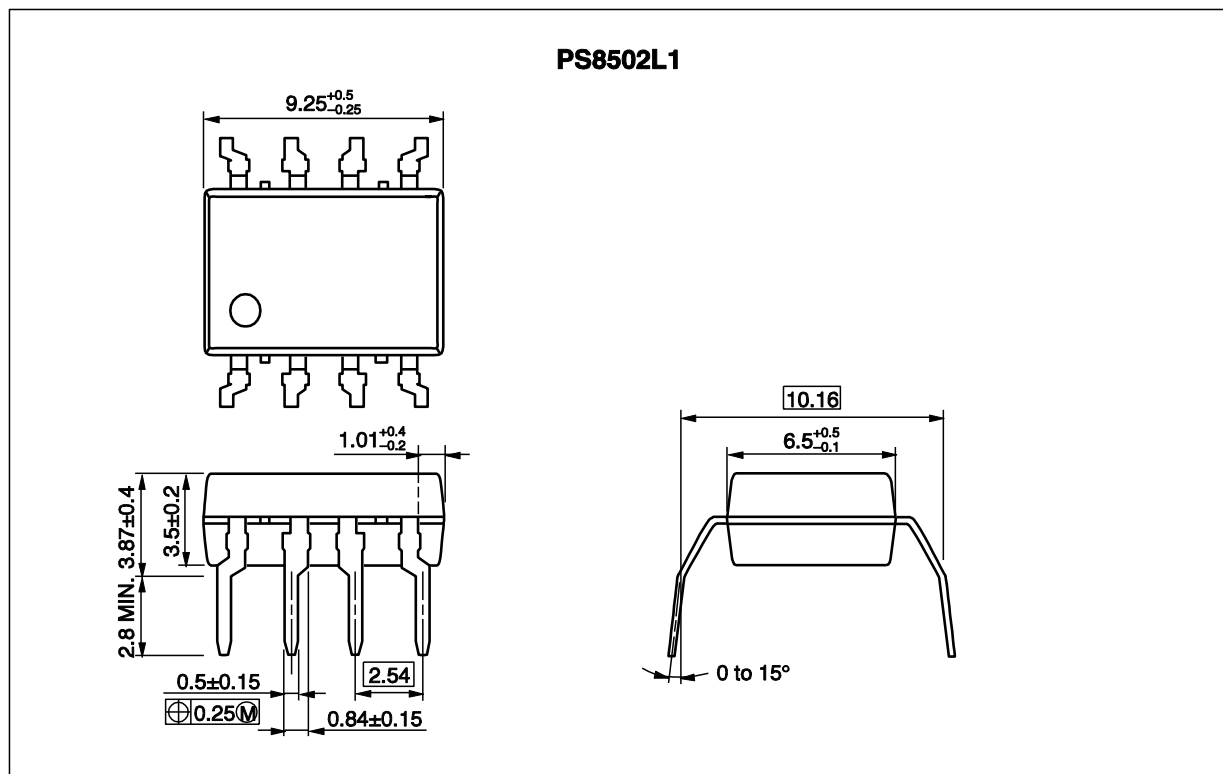
**DIP Type**



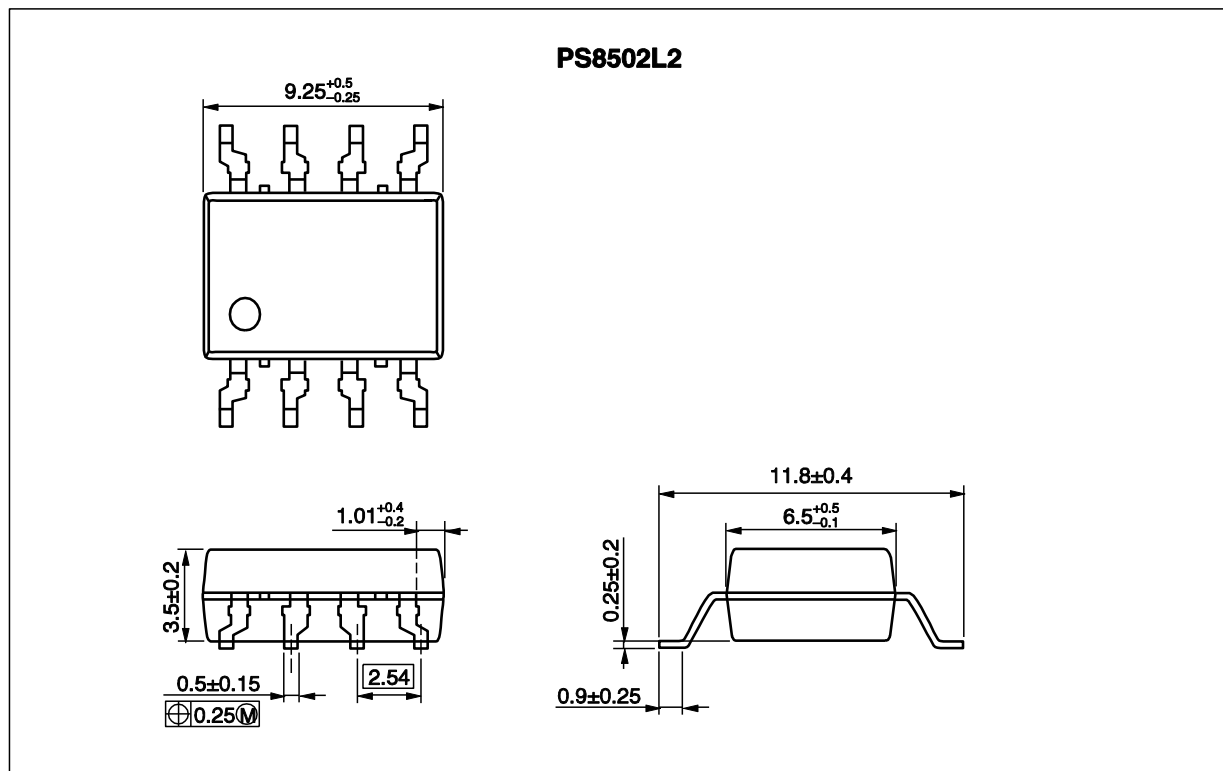
**Lead Bending Type (Gull-wing) For Surface Mount**



**Lead Bending Type For Long Creepage Distance**

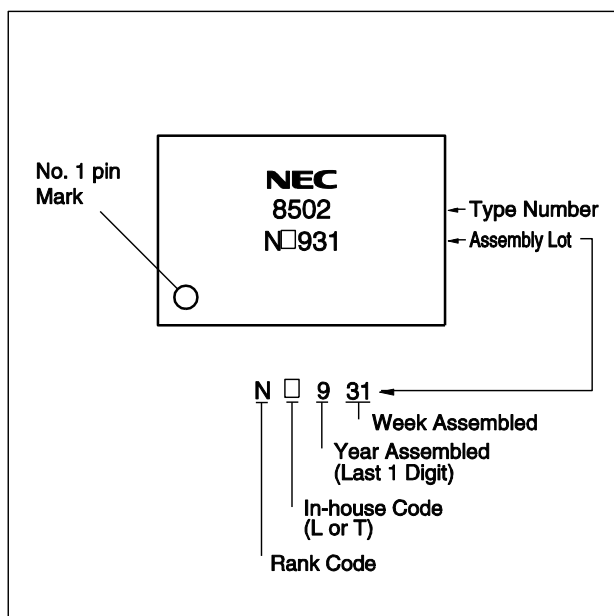


**Lead Bending Type For Long Creepage Distance (Gull-wing) For Surface Mount**



**PHOTOCOUPLER CONSTRUCTION**

| Parameter                      | PS8502, PS8502L3 | PS8502L1, PS8502L2 |
|--------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|
| Air Distance (MIN.)            | 7 mm             | 8 mm               |
| Outer Creepage Distance (MIN.) | 7 mm             | 8 mm               |
| Isolation Distance (MIN.)      | 0.4 mm           | 0.4 mm             |

**<R> MARKING EXAMPLE**


## ORDERING INFORMATION

| Part Number   | Order Number     | Solder Plating Specification | Packing Style        | Safety Standard Approval                                                          | Application Part Number★ <sup>1</sup> |
|---------------|------------------|------------------------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| PS8502        | PS8502-AX        | Pb-Free<br>(Ni/Pd/Au)        | Magazine case 50 pcs | Standard products<br>(UL, CSA, BSI,<br>SEMKO, NEMKO,<br>DEMKO, FIMKO<br>approved) | PS8502                                |
| PS8502L1      | PS8502L1-AX      |                              |                      |                                                                                   | PS8502L1                              |
| PS8502L2      | PS8502L2-AX      |                              |                      |                                                                                   | PS8502L2                              |
| PS8502L3      | PS8502L3-AX      |                              |                      |                                                                                   | PS8502L3                              |
| PS8502L2-E3   | PS8502L2-E3-AX   |                              |                      |                                                                                   | PS8502L2                              |
| PS8502L3-E3   | PS8502L3-E3-AX   |                              |                      |                                                                                   | PS8502L3                              |
| PS8502-V      | PS8502-V-AX      |                              | Magazine case 50 pcs | DIN EN60747-5-2<br>(VDE0884 Part2)<br>Approved (Option)                           | PS8502                                |
| PS8502L1-V    | PS8502L1-V-AX    |                              |                      |                                                                                   | PS8502L1                              |
| PS8502L2-V    | PS8502L2-V-AX    |                              |                      |                                                                                   | PS8502L2                              |
| PS8502L3-V    | PS8502L3-V-AX    |                              |                      |                                                                                   | PS8502L3                              |
| PS8502L2-V-E3 | PS8502L2-V-E3-AX |                              |                      |                                                                                   | PS8502L2                              |
| PS8502L3-V-E3 | PS8502L3-V-E3-AX |                              |                      |                                                                                   | PS8502L3                              |

\*1 For the application of the Safety Standard, following part number should be used.

ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, unless otherwise specified)

| Parameter                     |                                  | Symbol           | Ratings     | Unit    |
|-------------------------------|----------------------------------|------------------|-------------|---------|
| Diode                         | Forward Current * <sup>1</sup>   | I <sub>F</sub>   | 25          | mA      |
|                               | Reverse Voltage                  | V <sub>R</sub>   | 5           | V       |
| Detector                      | Supply Voltage                   | V <sub>CC</sub>  | 35          | V       |
|                               | Output Voltage                   | V <sub>O</sub>   | 35          | V       |
|                               | Output Current                   | I <sub>O</sub>   | 8           | mA      |
|                               | Power Dissipation * <sup>2</sup> | P <sub>C</sub>   | 100         | mW      |
|                               | Isolation Voltage * <sup>3</sup> | BV               | 5 000       | Vr.m.s. |
| Operating Ambient Temperature |                                  | T <sub>A</sub>   | -55 to +100 | °C      |
| Storage Temperature           |                                  | T <sub>stg</sub> | -55 to +125 | °C      |

\*1 Reduced to 0.33 mA/°C at T<sub>A</sub> = 70°C or more.

\*2 Reduced to 2.0 mW/°C at T<sub>A</sub> = 75°C or more.

\*3 AC voltage for 1 minute at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C, RH = 60% between input and output.  
Pins 1-4 shorted together, 5-8 shorted together.

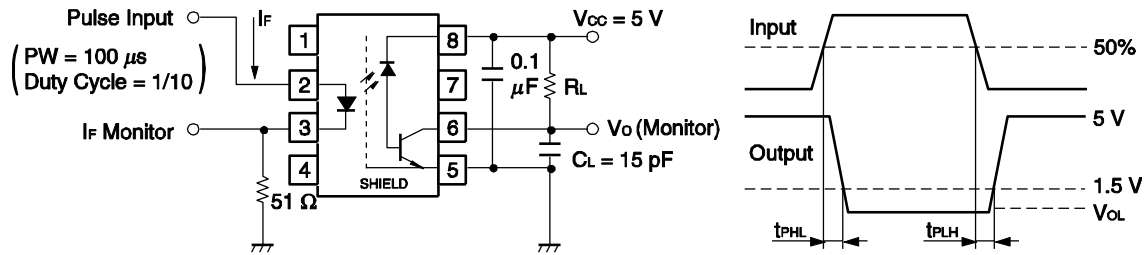
ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C)

&lt;R&gt;

| Parameter | Symbol                                                            | Conditions                                                                                                       | MIN.             | TYP.* <sup>1</sup> | MAX. | Unit  |
|-----------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|------------------|--------------------|------|-------|
| Diode     | Forward Voltage                                                   | V <sub>F</sub> I <sub>F</sub> = 16 mA                                                                            |                  | 1.7                | 2.2  | V     |
|           | Reverse Current                                                   | I <sub>R</sub> V <sub>R</sub> = 3 V                                                                              |                  |                    | 10   | μA    |
|           | Forward Voltage Temperature Coefficient                           | ΔV <sub>F</sub> /ΔT <sub>A</sub> I <sub>F</sub> = 16 mA                                                          |                  | -2.1               |      | mV/°C |
|           | Terminal Capacitance                                              | C <sub>t</sub> V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz                                                                                |                  | 30                 |      | pF    |
| Detector  | High Level Output Current                                         | I <sub>OH</sub> (1) I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>O</sub> = 5.5 V                              |                  | 3                  | 500  | nA    |
|           | High Level Output Current                                         | I <sub>OH</sub> (2) I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = V <sub>O</sub> = 35 V                               |                  |                    | 100  | μA    |
|           | Low Level Output Voltage                                          | V <sub>OL</sub> I <sub>F</sub> = 16 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V, I <sub>O</sub> = 2.4 mA                         |                  | 0.15               | 0.4  | V     |
|           | Low Level Supply Current                                          | I <sub>CCL</sub> I <sub>F</sub> = 16 mA, V <sub>O</sub> = Open, V <sub>CC</sub> = 35 V                           |                  | 150                |      | μA    |
|           | High Level Supply Current                                         | I <sub>CCH</sub> I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA, V <sub>O</sub> = Open, V <sub>CC</sub> = 35 V                            |                  | 0.01               | 1    | μA    |
| Coupled   | Current Transfer Ratio                                            | CTR I <sub>F</sub> = 16 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 4.5 V, V <sub>O</sub> = 0.4 V                                      | 15               |                    |      | %     |
|           | Isolation Resistance                                              | R <sub>I-O</sub> V <sub>I-O</sub> = 1 kV <sub>DC</sub>                                                           | 10 <sup>11</sup> |                    |      | Ω     |
|           | Isolation Capacitance                                             | C <sub>I-O</sub> V = 0 V, f = 1 MHz                                                                              |                  | 0.7                |      | pF    |
|           | Propagation Delay Time (H → L) <sup>*2</sup>                      | t <sub>PHL</sub> I <sub>F</sub> = 16 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 1.9 kΩ                          |                  | 0.22               | 0.8  | μs    |
|           | Propagation Delay Time (L → H) <sup>*2</sup>                      | t <sub>PLH</sub> I <sub>F</sub> = 16 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, R <sub>L</sub> = 1.9 kΩ                          |                  | 0.35               | 0.8  | μs    |
|           | Common Mode Transient Immunity at High Level Output <sup>*3</sup> | CM <sub>H</sub> I <sub>F</sub> = 0 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.5 kV, R <sub>L</sub> = 4.1 kΩ  | 15               |                    |      | kV/μs |
|           | Common Mode Transient Immunity at Low Level Output <sup>*3</sup>  | CM <sub>L</sub> I <sub>F</sub> = 16 mA, V <sub>CC</sub> = 5 V, V <sub>CM</sub> = 1.5 kV, R <sub>L</sub> = 4.1 kΩ | -15              |                    |      | kV/μs |

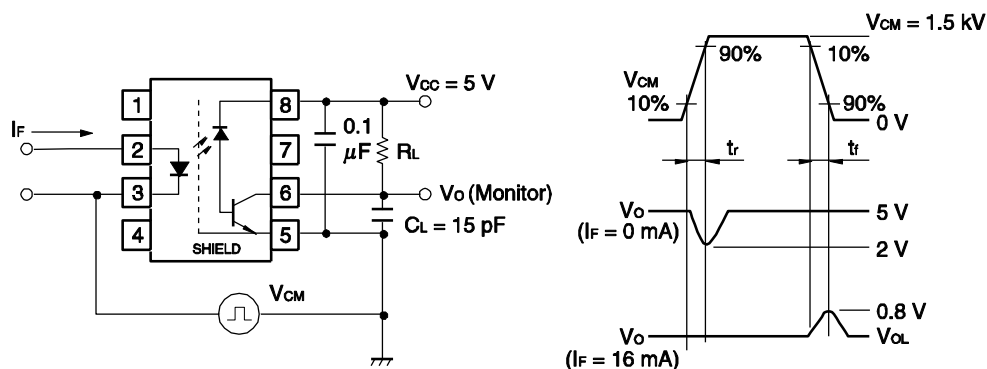
\*1 Typical values at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$

\*2 Test circuit for propagation delay time



**Remark**  $C_L$  includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

\*3 Test circuit for common mode transient immunity



**Remark**  $C_L$  includes probe and stray wiring capacitance.

## USAGE CAUTIONS

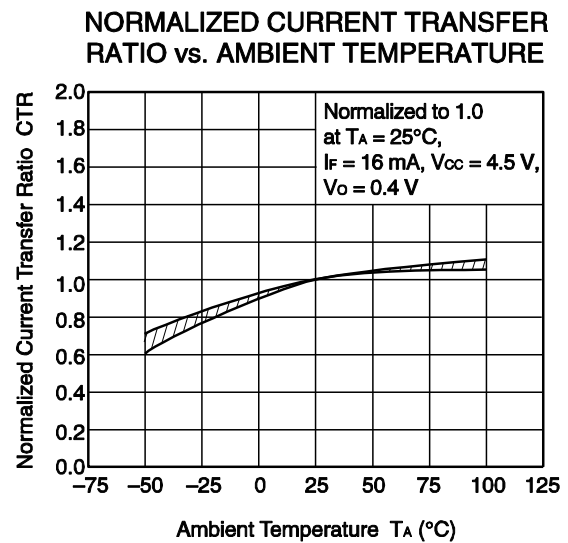
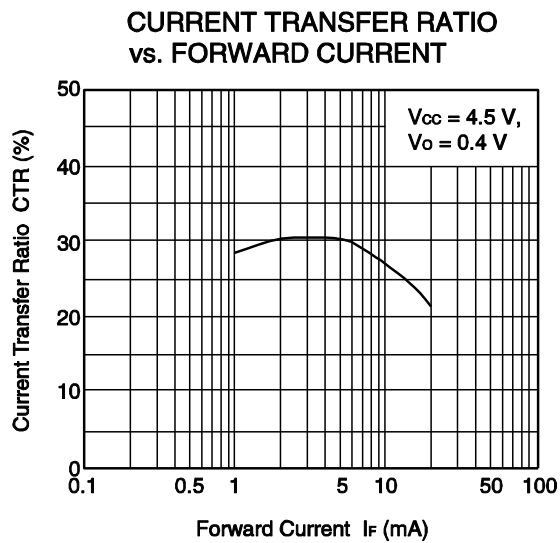
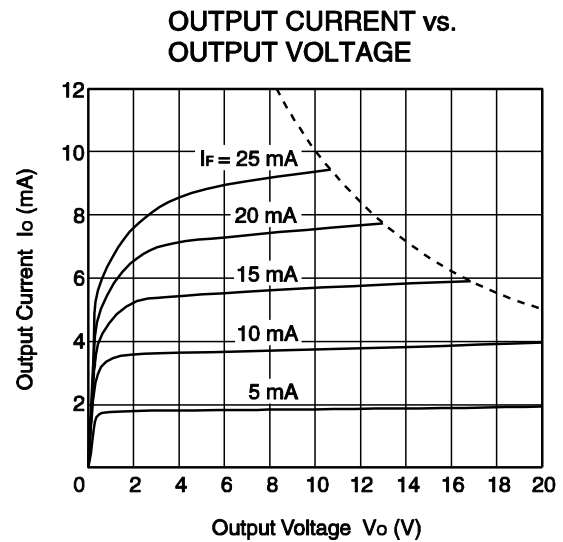
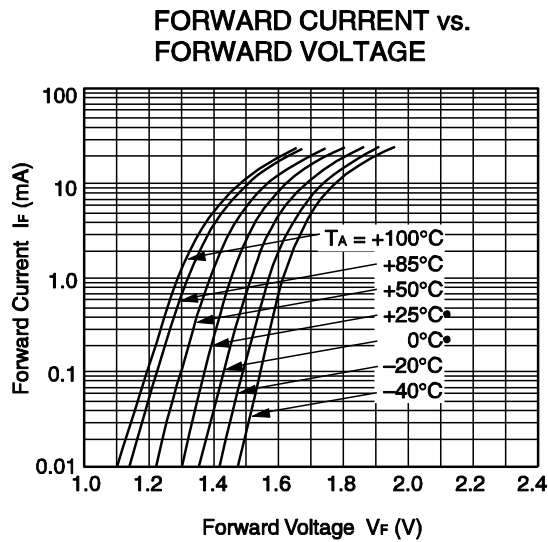
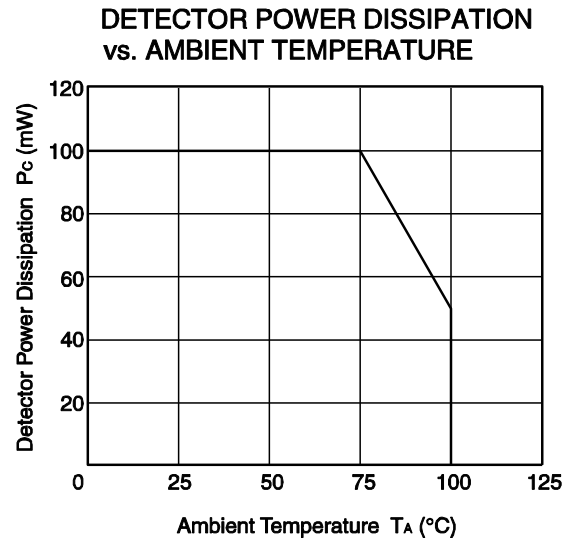
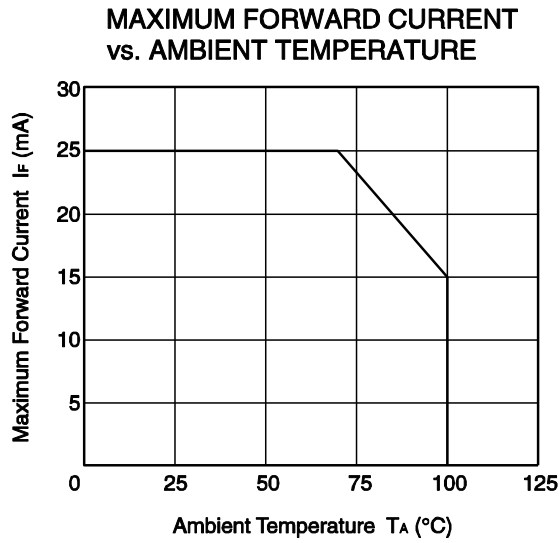
1. This product is weak for static electricity by designed with high-speed integrated circuit so protect against static electricity when handling.
2. By-pass capacitor of more than 0.1  $\mu\text{F}$  is used between  $V_{CC}$  and GND near device. Also, ensure that the distance between the leads of the photocoupler and capacitor is no more than 10 mm.
3. Pins 1, 4 (which is an NC<sup>\*1</sup> pin) can either be connected directly to the GND pin on the LED side or left open. Also, Pin 7 (which is an NC<sup>\*1</sup> pin) can either be connected directly to the GND pin on the detector side or left open.

Unconnected pins should not be used as a bypass for signals or for any other similar purpose because this may degrade the internal noise environment of the device.

\*1 NC: Non-Connection (No Connection)

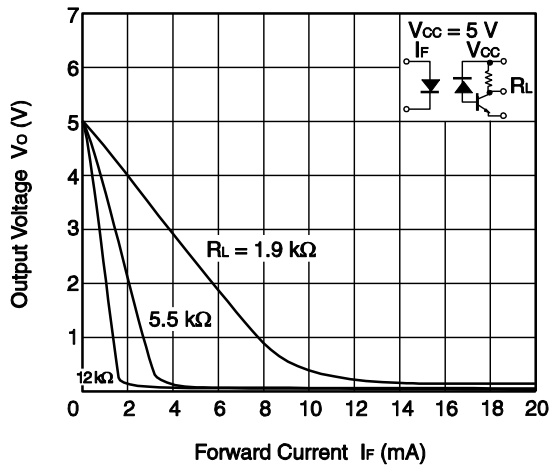
4. Avoid storage at a high temperature and high humidity.

<R> TYPICAL CHARACTERISTICS ( $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ , unless otherwise specified)

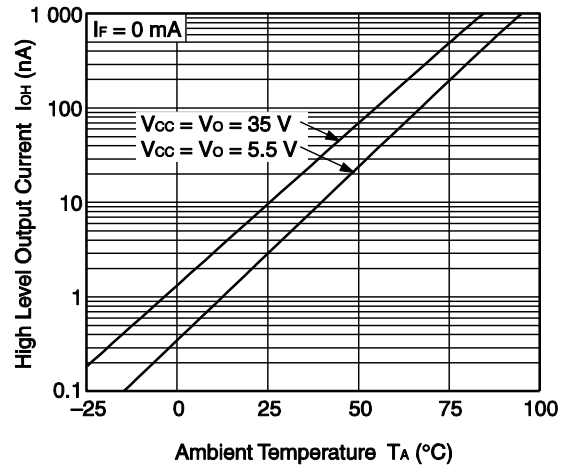


**Remark** The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

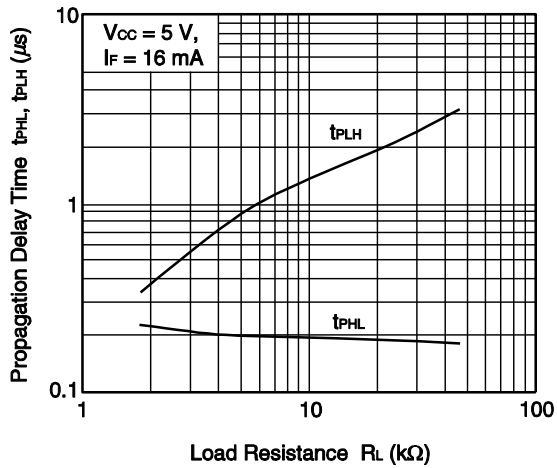
OUTPUT VOLTAGE vs.  
FORWARD CURRENT



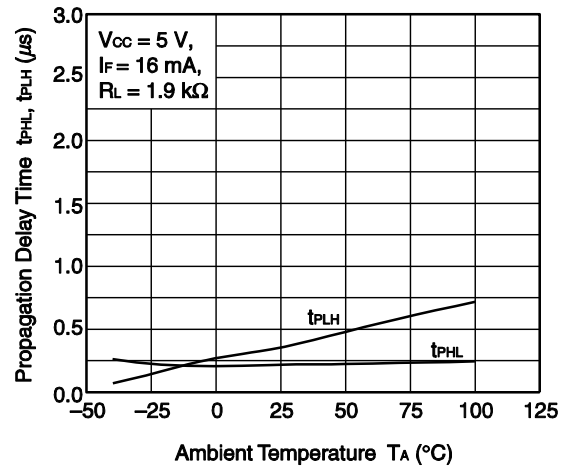
HIGH LEVEL OUTPUT CURRENT  
vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



PROPAGATION DELAY TIME,  
vs. LOAD RESISTANCE



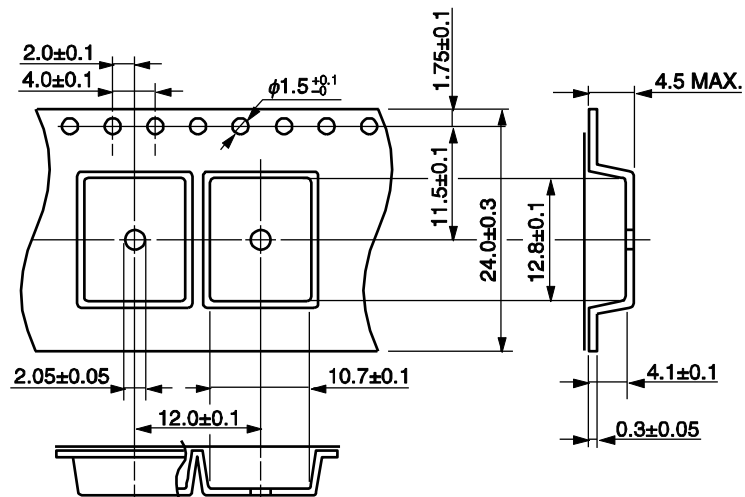
PROPAGATION DELAY TIME,  
vs. AMBIENT TEMPERATURE



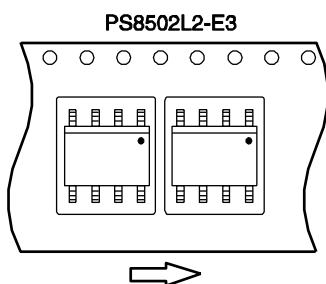
**Remark** The graphs indicate nominal characteristics.

TAPING SPECIFICATIONS (UNIT: mm)

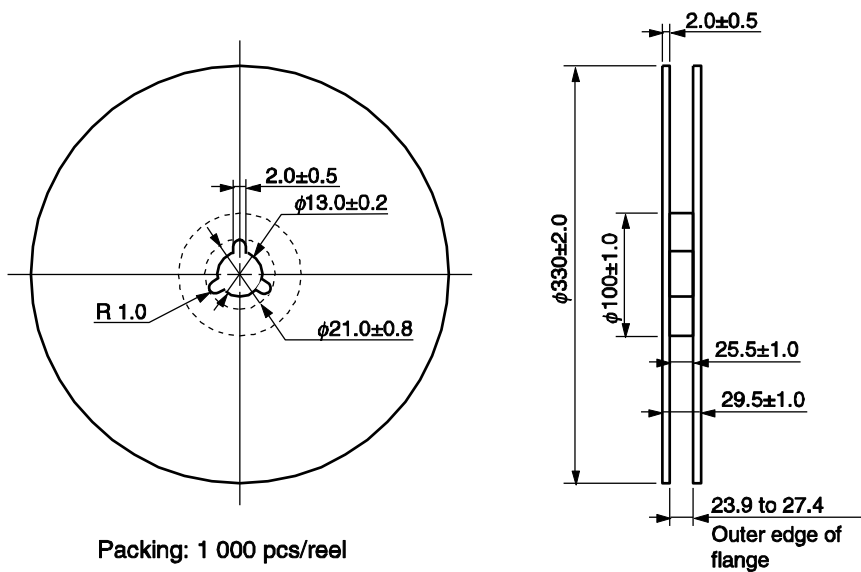
Outline and Dimensions (Tape)



Tape Direction



Outline and Dimensions (Reel)



Technical drawing of a 12V 100Ah battery showing top and side views with dimensions.

**Top View Dimensions:**

- Overall width:  $12.0 \pm 0.1$
- Overall height:  $16.0 \pm 0.3$
- Distance between top terminals:  $2.0 \pm 0.1$
- Distance between bottom terminals:  $4.0 \pm 0.1$
- Terminal diameter:  $\phi 1.5 \pm 0.1$
- Distance from left edge to first terminal:  $1.55 \pm 0.1$
- Distance from last terminal to right edge:  $10.3 \pm 0.1$
- Distance from top edge to terminal row:  $1.75 \pm 0.1$
- Distance from terminal row to bottom edge:  $7.5 \pm 0.1$

**Side View Dimensions:**

- Overall height:  $10.4 \pm 0.1$
- Top flange width:  $5.3 \text{ MAX.}$
- Bottom flange width:  $4.75 \pm 0.1$
- Bottom flange thickness:  $0.35 \pm 0.05$

A diagram of a two-chambered heart. It consists of two rectangular ventricles side-by-side. Each ventricle has four small rectangular structures (valves) at its top and bottom. A large arrow at the bottom points to the right, indicating the direction of blood flow.

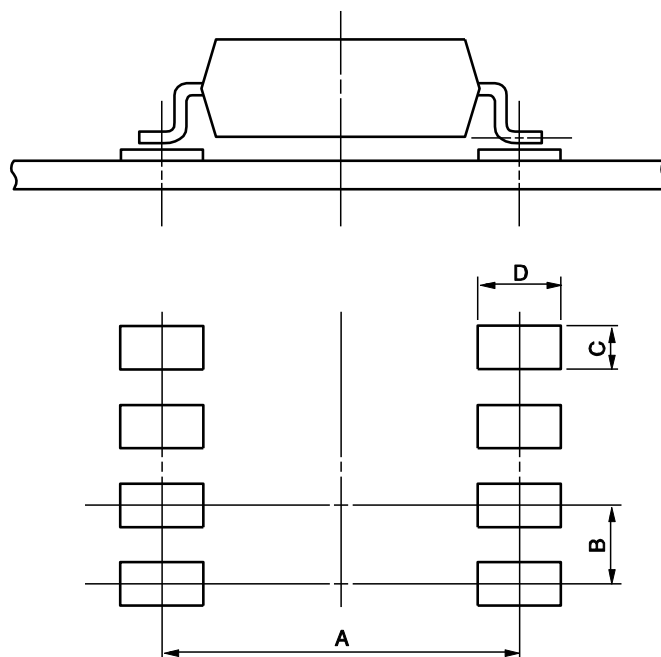
Technical drawing of a circular part showing concentric circles and dimensions:

- Outer circle diameter:  $\phi 21.0 \pm 0.8$
- Inner circle diameter:  $\phi 13.0 \pm 0.2$
- Radial dimension from center to outer edge:  $R 1.0$
- Radial dimension from center to inner edge:  $2.0 \pm 0.5$

Technical drawing of a vertical pipe section showing dimensions for the outer edge of the flange. The drawing includes the following dimensions and labels:

- Overall height:  $\phi 330 \pm 2.0$
- Inner diameter:  $\phi 100 \pm 1.0$
- Top flange thickness:  $2.0 \pm 0.5$
- Distance from top flange to first internal step:  $17.5 \pm 1.0$
- Distance from top flange to second internal step:  $21.5 \pm 1.0$
- Bottom flange thickness:  $15.9$  to  $19.4$
- Label: "Outer edge of flange" with an arrow pointing to the bottom flange.

**RECOMMENDED MOUNT PAD DIMENSIONS (UNIT: mm)**



| Part Number | Lead Bending                                                                | A    | B    | C   | D   |
|-------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------|------|------|-----|-----|
| PS8502L2    | lead bending type (Gull-wing)<br>for long creepage distance (surface mount) | 10.2 | 2.54 | 1.7 | 2.2 |
| PS8502L3    | lead bending type (Gull-wing)<br>for surface mount                          | 8.2  | 2.54 | 1.7 | 2.2 |

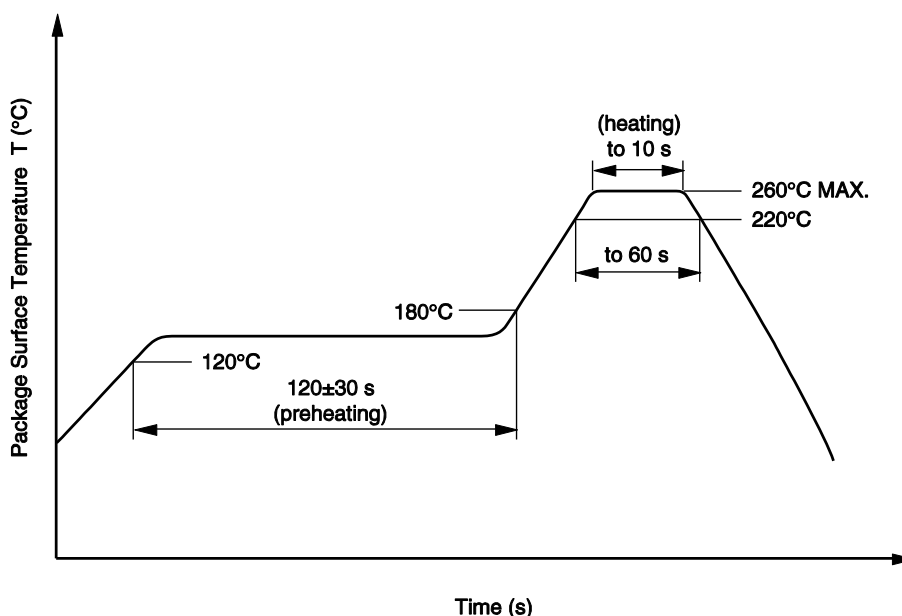
## NOTES ON HANDLING

## 1. Recommended soldering conditions

## (1) Infrared reflow soldering

- Peak reflow temperature 260°C or below (package surface temperature)
- Time of peak reflow temperature 10 seconds or less
- Time of temperature higher than 220°C 60 seconds or less
- Time to preheat temperature from 120 to 180°C 120±30 s
- Number of reflows Three
- Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

Recommended Temperature Profile of Infrared Reflow



## (2) Wave soldering

- Temperature 260°C or below (molten solder temperature)
- Time 10 seconds or less
- Preheating conditions 120°C or below (package surface temperature)
- Number of times One (Allowed to be dipped in solder including plastic mold portion.)
- Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

## (3) Soldering by soldering iron

- Peak temperature (lead part temperature) 350°C or below
- Time (each pins) 3 seconds or less
- Flux Rosin flux containing small amount of chlorine (The flux with a maximum chlorine content of 0.2 Wt% is recommended.)

(a) Soldering of leads should be made at the point 1.5 to 2.0 mm from the root of the lead.

(b) Please be sure that the temperature of the package would not be heated over 100°C.

**(4) Cautions**

- Fluxes

Avoid removing the residual flux with freon-based and chlorine-based cleaning solvent.

**2. Cautions regarding noise**

Be aware that when voltage is applied suddenly between the photocoupler's input and output or between  $V_{CC}$ -emitters at startup, the output side may enter the on state, even if the voltage is within the absolute maximum ratings.

**<R> SPECIFICATION OF VDE MARKS LICENSE DOCUMENT**

| Parameter                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | Symbol                                                    | Spec                        | Unit                       |
|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------------------|
| Climatic test class (IEC 60068-1/DIN EN 60068-1)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                        |                                                           | 55/100/21                   |                            |
| Dielectric strength<br>maximum operating isolation voltage<br>Test voltage (partial discharge test, procedure a for type test and random test)<br>$U_{pr} = 1.5 \times U_{ORM}$ , $P_d < 5 \text{ pC}$                                                                                  | $U_{ORM}$<br>$U_{pr}$                                     | 1 130<br>1 695              | $V_{peak}$<br>$V_{peak}$   |
| Test voltage (partial discharge test, procedure b for all devices)<br>$U_{pr} = 1.875 \times U_{ORM}$ , $P_d < 5 \text{ pC}$                                                                                                                                                            | $U_{pr}$                                                  | 2 119                       | $V_{peak}$                 |
| Highest permissible overvoltage                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         | $U_{TR}$                                                  | 8 000                       | $V_{peak}$                 |
| Degree of pollution (DIN EN 60664-1 VDE0110 Part 1)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                     |                                                           | 2                           |                            |
| Comparative tracking index (IEC 60112/DIN EN 60112 (VDE 0303 Part 11))                                                                                                                                                                                                                  | CTI                                                       | 175                         |                            |
| Material group (DIN EN 60664-1 VDE0110 Part 1)                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          |                                                           | III a                       |                            |
| Storage temperature range                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                               | $T_{stg}$                                                 | -55 to +125                 | °C                         |
| Operating temperature range                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             | $T_A$                                                     | -55 to +100                 | °C                         |
| Isolation resistance, minimum value<br>$V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V dc}$ at $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$<br>$V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V dc}$ at $T_A \text{ MAX.}$ at least $100^\circ\text{C}$                                                                                                        | $R_{is \text{ MIN.}}$<br>$R_{is \text{ MIN.}}$            | $10^{12}$<br>$10^{11}$      | $\Omega$<br>$\Omega$       |
| Safety maximum ratings (maximum permissible in case of fault, see thermal derating curve)<br>Package temperature<br>Current (input current $I_F$ , $P_{si} = 0$ )<br>Power (output or total power dissipation)<br>Isolation resistance<br>$V_{IO} = 500 \text{ V dc}$ at $T_A = T_{si}$ | $T_{si}$<br>$I_{si}$<br>$P_{si}$<br>$R_{is \text{ MIN.}}$ | 175<br>400<br>700<br>$10^9$ | °C<br>mA<br>mW<br>$\Omega$ |

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- NEC Electronics products are classified into the following three quality grades: "Standard", "Special" and "Specific".

The "Specific" quality grade applies only to NEC Electronics products developed based on a customer-designated "quality assurance program" for a specific application. The recommended applications of an NEC Electronics product depend on its quality grade, as indicated below. Customers must check the quality grade of each NEC Electronics product before using it in a particular application.

"Standard": Computers, office equipment, communications equipment, test and measurement equipment, audio and visual equipment, home electronic appliances, machine tools, personal electronic equipment and industrial robots.

"Special": Transportation equipment (automobiles, trains, ships, etc.), traffic control systems, anti-disaster systems, anti-crime systems, safety equipment and medical equipment (not specifically designed for life support).

"Specific": Aircraft, aerospace equipment, submersible repeaters, nuclear reactor control systems, life support systems and medical equipment for life support, etc.

The quality grade of NEC Electronics products is "Standard" unless otherwise expressly specified in NEC Electronics data sheets or data books, etc. If customers wish to use NEC Electronics products in applications not intended by NEC Electronics, they must contact an NEC Electronics sales representative in advance to determine NEC Electronics' willingness to support a given application.

(Note)

- (1) "NEC Electronics" as used in this statement means NEC Electronics Corporation and also includes its majority-owned subsidiaries.
- (2) "NEC Electronics products" means any product developed or manufactured by or for NEC Electronics (as defined above).

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**Caution**

GaAs Products

This product uses gallium arsenide (GaAs).

GaAs vapor and powder are hazardous to human health if inhaled or ingested, so please observe the following points.

- Follow related laws and ordinances when disposing of the product. If there are no applicable laws and/or ordinances, dispose of the product as recommended below.
  1. Commission a disposal company able to (with a license to) collect, transport and dispose of materials that contain arsenic and other such industrial waste materials.
  2. Exclude the product from general industrial waste and household garbage, and ensure that the product is controlled (as industrial waste subject to special control) up until final disposal.
- Do not burn, destroy, cut, crush, or chemically dissolve the product.
- Do not lick the product or in any way allow it to enter the mouth.