

## FEATURES

- **Integrated Precision Reference**  
 2.5V Full-Scale 10ppm/°C (LTC2633-L)  
 4.096V Full-Scale 10ppm/°C (LTC2633-H)
- **Maximum INL Error: ±1LSB (LTC2633A-12)**
- Low Noise: 0.75mV<sub>P-P</sub> 0.1Hz to 200kHz
- Guaranteed Monotonic Over -40°C to 125°C Temperature Range
- Selectable Internal or External Reference
- 2.7V to 5.5V Supply Range (LTC2633-L)
- Low Power: 0.4mA at 3V
- Power-on-Reset to Zero-Scale/Mid-Scale/Hi-Z
- Double-Buffered Data Latches
- 8-Lead ThinSOT™ Package

## APPLICATIONS

- Mobile Communications
- Process Control and Industrial Automation
- Power Supply Margining
- Portable Equipment
- Automotive

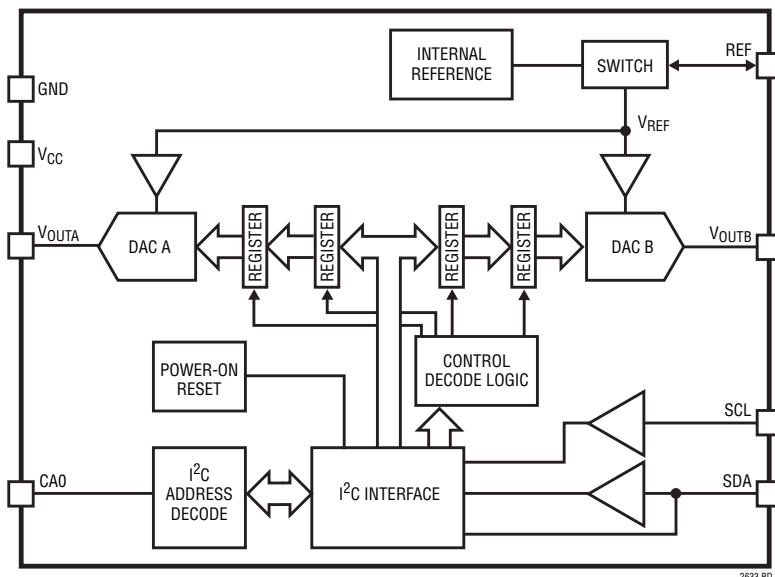
## DESCRIPTION

The LTC®2633 is a family of dual 12-, 10-, and 8-bit voltage-output DACs with an integrated, high accuracy, low drift reference in an 8-lead TSOT-23 package. It has rail-to-rail output buffers and is guaranteed monotonic. The LTC2633-L has a full-scale output of 2.5V, and operates from a single 2.7V to 5.5V supply. The LTC2633-H has a full-scale output of 4.096V, and operates from a 4.5V to 5.5V supply. Each DAC can also operate with an external reference, which sets the full-scale output to the external reference voltage.

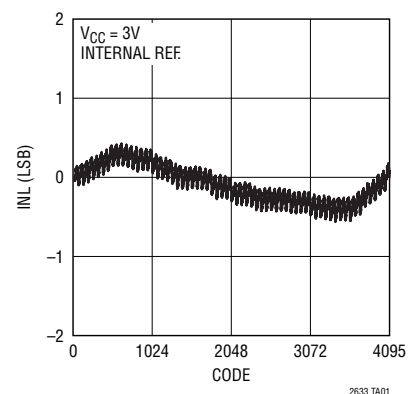
These DACs communicate via a 2-wire I<sup>2</sup>C-compatible serial interface. The LTC2633 operates in both the standard mode (clock rate of 100kHz) and the fast mode (clock rate of 400kHz). The LTC2633 incorporates a power-on reset circuit. Options are available for reset to zero-scale, reset to mid-scale in internal reference mode, reset to mid-scale in external reference mode, or reset with all DAC outputs in a high impedance state after power-up.

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## BLOCK DIAGRAM



**Integral Nonlinearity (LTC2633A-LZ12)**  
**INL Curve**

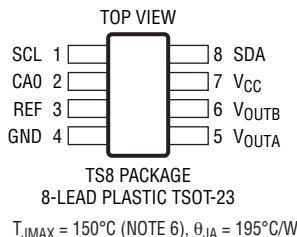


## ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

(Notes 1, 2)

|                                      |                                          |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------------|
| Supply Voltage ( $V_{CC}$ )          | –0.3V to 6V                              |
| SCL, SDA                             | –0.3V to 6V                              |
| $V_{OUTA}$ , $V_{OUTB}$              | –0.3V to $\text{Min}(V_{CC} + 0.3V, 6V)$ |
| CA0                                  | –0.3V to $\text{Min}(V_{CC} + 0.3V, 6V)$ |
| REF                                  | –0.3V to $\text{Min}(V_{CC} + 0.3V, 6V)$ |
| Operating Temperature Range          |                                          |
| LTC2633C                             | 0°C to 70°C                              |
| LTC2633H (Note 3)                    | –40°C to 125°C                           |
| Maximum Junction Temperature         | 150°C                                    |
| Storage Temperature Range            | –65°C to 150°C                           |
| Lead Temperature (Soldering, 10 sec) | 300°C                                    |

## PIN CONFIGURATION



## ORDER INFORMATION

LTC2633 A C TS8 –L Z 12 #TRM PBF

### LEAD FREE DESIGNATOR

### TAPE AND REEL

TR = 2,500-Piece Tape and Reel  
TRM = 500-Piece Tape and Reel

### RESOLUTION

12 = 12-Bit  
10 = 10-Bit  
8 = 8-Bit

### POWER-ON RESET

I = Reset to Mid-Scale in Internal Reference Mode  
X = Reset to Mid-Scale in External Reference Mode (2.5V Full-Scale Voltage, Internal Reference Mode Option Only)  
O = Reset to Mid-Scale in Internal Reference Mode, DACs High Z (2.5V Full-Scale Voltage, Internal Reference Mode Option Only)  
Z = Reset to Zero-Scale in Internal Reference Mode

### FULL-SCALE VOLTAGE INTERNAL REFERENCE MODE

L = 2.5V  
H = 4.096V

### PACKAGE TYPE

TS8 = 8-Lead Plastic TSOT-23

### TEMPERATURE GRADE

C = Commercial Temperature Range (0°C to 70°C)  
H = Automotive Temperature Range (–40°C to 125°C)

### ELECTRICAL GRADE (OPTIONAL)

A =  $\pm 1\text{LSB}$  Maximum INL (12-Bit)

### PRODUCT PART NUMBER

Consult LTC Marketing for information on non-standard lead based finish parts.

For more information on lead free part marking, go to: <http://www.linear.com/leadfree/>

For more information on tape and reel specifications, go to: <http://www.linear.com/tapeandree/>

## PRODUCT SELECTION GUIDE

| PART NUMBER    | PART MARKING** | VFS WITH INTERNAL REFERENCE | POWER-ON RESET TO CODE | POWER-ON REFERENCE MODE | RESOLUTION | V <sub>CC</sub> | MAXIMUM INL |
|----------------|----------------|-----------------------------|------------------------|-------------------------|------------|-----------------|-------------|
| LTC2633A-LI12  | LTFTC          | 2.5V • (4095/4096)          | Mid-Scale              | Internal                | 12-Bit     | 2.7V to 5.5V    | ±1LSB       |
| LTC2633A-LX12  | LTFTB          | 2.5V • (4095/4096)          | Mid-Scale              | External                | 12-Bit     | 2.7V to 5.5V    | ±1LSB       |
| LTC2633A-LZ12  | LTFSZ          | 2.5V • (4095/4096)          | Zero-Scale             | Internal                | 12-Bit     | 2.7V to 5.5V    | ±1LSB       |
| LTC2633A-L012* | LTFTV          | 2.5V • (4095/4096)          | High Impedance         | Internal                | 12-Bit     | 2.7V to 5.5V    | ±1LSB       |
| LTC2633A-HI12  | LTFTF          | 4.096V • (4095/4096)        | Mid-Scale              | Internal                | 12-Bit     | 4.5V to 5.5V    | ±1LSB       |
| LTC2633A-HZ12  | LTFTD          | 4.096V • (4095/4096)        | Zero-Scale             | Internal                | 12-Bit     | 4.5V to 5.5V    | ±1LSB       |
| LTC2633-LI12   | LTFTC          | 2.5V • (4095/4096)          | Mid-Scale              | Internal                | 12-Bit     | 2.7V to 5.5V    | ±2.5LSB     |
| LTC2633-LI10   | LTFTJ          | 2.5V • (1023/1024)          | Mid-Scale              | Internal                | 10-Bit     | 2.7V to 5.5V    | ±1LSB       |
| LTC2633-LI8    | LTFTQ          | 2.5V • (255/256)            | Mid-Scale              | Internal                | 8-Bit      | 2.7V to 5.5V    | ±0.5LSB     |
| LTC2633-LX12   | LTFTB          | 2.5V • (4095/4096)          | Mid-Scale              | External                | 12-Bit     | 2.7V to 5.5V    | ±2.5LSB     |
| LTC2633-LX10   | LTFTH          | 2.5V • (1023/1024)          | Mid-Scale              | External                | 10-Bit     | 2.7V to 5.5V    | ±1LSB       |
| LTC2633-LX8    | LTFTP          | 2.5V • (255/256)            | Mid-Scale              | External                | 8-Bit      | 2.7V to 5.5V    | ±0.5LSB     |
| LTC2633-LZ12   | LTFSZ          | 2.5V • (4095/4096)          | Zero-Scale             | Internal                | 12-Bit     | 2.7V to 5.5V    | ±2.5LSB     |
| LTC2633-LZ10   | LTFTG          | 2.5V • (1023/1024)          | Zero-Scale             | Internal                | 10-Bit     | 2.7V to 5.5V    | ±1LSB       |
| LTC2633-LZ8    | LTFTN          | 2.5V • (255/256)            | Zero-Scale             | Internal                | 8-Bit      | 2.7V to 5.5V    | ±0.5LSB     |
| LTC2633-L012*  | LTFTV          | 2.5V • (4095/4096)          | High Impedance         | Internal                | 12-Bit     | 2.7V to 5.5V    | ±2.5LSB     |
| LTC2633-L010*  | LTFTW          | 2.5V • (1023/1024)          | High Impedance         | Internal                | 10-Bit     | 2.7V to 5.5V    | ±1LSB       |
| LTC2633-L08*   | LTFTX          | 2.5V • (255/256)            | High Impedance         | Internal                | 8-Bit      | 2.7V to 5.5V    | ±0.5LSB     |
| LTC2633-HI12   | LTFTF          | 4.096V • (4095/4096)        | Mid-Scale              | Internal                | 12-Bit     | 4.5V to 5.5V    | ±2.5LSB     |
| LTC2633-HI10   | LTFTM          | 4.096V • (1023/1024)        | Mid-Scale              | Internal                | 10-Bit     | 4.5V to 5.5V    | ±1LSB       |
| LTC2633-HI8    | LTFTS          | 4.096V • (255/256)          | Mid-Scale              | Internal                | 8-Bit      | 4.5V to 5.5V    | ±0.5LSB     |
| LTC2633-HZ12   | LTFTD          | 4.096V • (4095/4096)        | Zero-Scale             | Internal                | 12-Bit     | 4.5V to 5.5V    | ±2.5LSB     |
| LTC2633-HZ10   | LTFTK          | 4.096V • (1023/1024)        | Zero-Scale             | Internal                | 10-Bit     | 4.5V to 5.5V    | ±1LSB       |
| LTC2633-HZ8    | LTFTR          | 4.096V • (255/256)          | Zero-Scale             | Internal                | 8-Bit      | 4.5V to 5.5V    | ±0.5LSB     |

\* Contact Linear Technology for other Hi-Z options.

\*\*The temperature grade is identified by a label on the shipping container.

## ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C. V<sub>CC</sub> = 2.7V to 5.5V, V<sub>OUT</sub> unloaded unless otherwise specified.

LTC2633-LI12/-LI10/-LI8/-LX12/-LX10/-LX8/-LZ12/-LZ10/-LZ8/-L012/-L010/-L08/LTC2633A-LI12/-LX12/-LZ12/-L012 (V<sub>FS</sub> = 2.5V)

| SYMBOL            | PARAMETER                               | CONDITIONS                                    | LTC2633-8 |            |     | LTC2633-10 |     |           | LTC2633-12 |           |     | LTC2633A-12 |     |       | UNITS |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------|-----------|------------|-----|------------|-----|-----------|------------|-----------|-----|-------------|-----|-------|-------|
|                   |                                         |                                               | MIN       | TYP        | MAX | MIN        | TYP | MAX       | MIN        | TYP       | MAX | MIN         | TYP | MAX   |       |
| DC Performance    |                                         |                                               |           |            |     |            |     |           |            |           |     |             |     |       |       |
|                   | Resolution                              |                                               | ●         | 8          |     | 10         |     | 12        |            | 12        |     | 12          |     | Bits  |       |
|                   | Monotonicity                            | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3V, Internal Ref. (Note 4)  | ●         | 8          |     | 10         |     | 12        |            | 12        |     | 12          |     | Bits  |       |
| DNL               | Differential Nonlinearity               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3V, Internal Ref. (Note 4)  | ●         | ±0.5       |     | ±0.5       |     | ±1        |            | ±1        |     | ±1          |     | LSB   |       |
| INL               | Integral Nonlinearity                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3V, Internal Ref. (Note 4)  | ●         | ±0.05 ±0.5 |     | ±0.2 ±1    |     | ±1 ±2.5   |            | ±0.5 ±1   |     | ±0.5 ±1     |     | LSB   |       |
| ZSE               | Zero Scale Error                        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3V, Internal Ref., Code = 0 | ●         | 0.5 5      |     | 0.5 5      |     | 0.5 5     |            | 0.5 5     |     | 0.5 5       |     | mV    |       |
| V <sub>OS</sub>   | Offset Error                            | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3V, Internal Ref. (Note 5)  | ●         | ±0.5 ±5    |     | ±0.5 ±5    |     | ±0.5 ±5   |            | ±0.5 ±5   |     | ±0.5 ±5     |     | mV    |       |
| V <sub>OSTC</sub> | V <sub>OS</sub> Temperature Coefficient | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3V, Internal Ref.           |           | ±10        |     | ±10        |     | ±10       |            | ±10       |     | ±10         |     | μV/°C |       |
| GE                | Gain Error                              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3V, Internal Ref.           | ●         | ±0.2 ±0.8  |     | ±0.2 ±0.8  |     | ±0.2 ±0.8 |            | ±0.2 ±0.8 |     | ±0.2 ±0.8   |     | %FSR  |       |

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .  $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{V}$  to  $5.5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{OUT}$  unloaded unless otherwise specified.

LTC2633-LI12/-LI10/-LI8/-LX12/-LX10/-LX8/-LZ12/-LZ10/-LZ8/-LO12/-LO10/-LO8/LTC2633A-LI12/-LX12/-LZ12/-LO12 ( $V_{FS} = 2.5\text{V}$ )

| SYMBOL    | PARAMETER                    | CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                                    | LTC2633-8 |          |       | LTC2633-10 |       |     | LTC2633-12 |       |     | LTC2633A-12 |       |     | UNITS                                          |
|-----------|------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|----------|-------|------------|-------|-----|------------|-------|-----|-------------|-------|-----|------------------------------------------------|
|           |                              |                                                                                                                                                                                               | MIN       | TYP      | MAX   | MIN        | TYP   | MAX | MIN        | TYP   | MAX | MIN         | TYP   | MAX |                                                |
| $GE_{TC}$ | Gain Temperature Coefficient | $V_{CC} = 3\text{V}$ , Internal Ref. (Note 10)<br>C-Grade<br>H-Grade                                                                                                                          |           | 10<br>10 |       | 10<br>10   |       |     | 10<br>10   |       |     | 10<br>10    |       |     | ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$<br>ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
|           | Load Regulation              | Internal Ref., Mid-Scale,<br>$V_{CC} = 3\text{V} \pm 10\%$ ,<br>$-5\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 5\text{mA}$<br>$V_{CC} = 5\text{V} \pm 10\%$ ,<br>$-10\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 10\text{mA}$ | ●         | 0.009    | 0.016 | 0.035      | 0.064 |     | 0.14       | 0.256 |     | 0.14        | 0.256 |     | LSB/mA                                         |
|           |                              |                                                                                                                                                                                               | ●         | 0.009    | 0.016 | 0.035      | 0.064 |     | 0.14       | 0.256 |     | 0.14        | 0.256 |     | LSB/mA                                         |
| $R_{OUT}$ | DC Output Impedance          | Internal Ref., Mid-Scale,<br>$V_{CC} = 3\text{V} \pm 10\%$ ,<br>$-5\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 5\text{mA}$<br>$V_{CC} = 5\text{V} \pm 10\%$ ,<br>$-10\text{mA} \leq I_{OUT} \leq 10\text{mA}$ | ●         | 0.09     | 0.156 | 0.09       | 0.156 |     | 0.09       | 0.156 |     | 0.09        | 0.156 |     | $\Omega$                                       |
|           |                              |                                                                                                                                                                                               | ●         | 0.09     | 0.156 | 0.09       | 0.156 |     | 0.09       | 0.156 |     | 0.09        | 0.156 |     | $\Omega$                                       |

| SYMBOL       | PARAMETER                                                    | CONDITIONS                                                                                                           | MIN    | TYP                        | MAX       | UNITS         |
|--------------|--------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|----------------------------|-----------|---------------|
| $V_{OUT}$    | DAC Output Span                                              | External Reference<br>Internal Reference                                                                             |        | 0 to $V_{REF}$<br>0 to 2.5 |           | V<br>V        |
| PSR          | Power Supply Rejection                                       | $V_{CC} = 3\text{V} \pm 10\%$ or $5\text{V} \pm 10\%$                                                                |        | -80                        |           | dB            |
| $I_{SC}$     | Short Circuit Output Current (Note 6)<br>Sinking<br>Sourcing | $V_{FS} = V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$<br>Zero Scale; $V_{OUT}$ shorted to $V_{CC}$<br>Full Scale; $V_{OUT}$ shorted to GND | ●<br>● | 27<br>-28                  | 48<br>-48 | mA<br>mA      |
| DAC $I_{SD}$ | DAC Output Current in High Impedance Mode                    | LO Options Only                                                                                                      | ●      | 0.01                       | $\pm 0.5$ | $\mu\text{A}$ |

## Power Supply

|                 |                                            |                                                                   |   |     |     |    |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------|-------------------------------------------------------------------|---|-----|-----|----|
| V <sub>CC</sub> | Positive Supply Voltage                    | For Specified Performance                                         | ● | 2.7 | 5.5 | V  |
| I <sub>CC</sub> | Supply Current (Note 7)                    | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3V, V <sub>REF</sub> = 2.5V, External Reference | ● | 0.3 | 0.5 | mA |
|                 |                                            | V <sub>CC</sub> = 3V, Internal Reference                          | ● | 0.4 | 0.6 | mA |
|                 |                                            | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V V <sub>REF</sub> = 2.5V, External Reference  | ● | 0.3 | 0.5 | mA |
|                 |                                            | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, Internal Reference                          | ● | 0.4 | 0.6 | mA |
| I <sub>SD</sub> | Supply Current in Power-Down Mode (Note 7) | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V                                              | ● | 0.5 | 2   | μA |

## Reference Input

|                  |                                    |                  |   |     |          |     |    |
|------------------|------------------------------------|------------------|---|-----|----------|-----|----|
|                  | Input Voltage Range                |                  | ● | 1   | $V_{CC}$ | V   |    |
|                  | Resistance                         |                  | ● | 120 | 160      | 200 | kΩ |
|                  | Capacitance                        |                  |   |     | 12       |     | pF |
| I <sub>REF</sub> | Reference Current, Power Down Mode | DAC Powered Down | ● |     | 0.005    | 5   | μA |

## Reference Output

|  |                                   |                                             |   |      |          |      |                       |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|---|------|----------|------|-----------------------|
|  | Output Voltage                    |                                             | ● | 1.24 | 1.25     | 1.26 | V                     |
|  | Reference Temperature Coefficient |                                             |   |      | $\pm 10$ |      | ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
|  | Output Impedance                  |                                             |   |      | 0.5      |      | k $\Omega$            |
|  | Capacitive Load Driving           |                                             |   |      | 10       |      | $\mu\text{F}$         |
|  | Short Circuit Current             | $V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$ , REF Shorted to GND |   |      | 2.5      |      | mA                    |

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .  $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{V}$  to  $5.5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{OUT}$  unloaded unless otherwise specified.

LTC2633-LI12/-LI10/-LI8/-LX12/-LX10/-LX8/-LZ12/-LZ10/-LZ8/-LO12/-LO10/-LO8/LTC2633A-LI12/-LX12/-LZ12/-LO12 ( $V_{FS} = 2.5\text{V}$ )

| SYMBOL                | PARAMETER                                                 | CONDITIONS                                                                                                                                                                         | MIN | TYP                      | MAX          | UNITS                                                                                                |
|-----------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----|--------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <b>Digital I/O</b>    |                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                    |     |                          |              |                                                                                                      |
| $V_{IL}$              | Low Level Input Voltage (SDA and SCL)                     | (Note 14)                                                                                                                                                                          | ●   | -0.5                     | $0.3V_{CC}$  | V                                                                                                    |
| $V_{IH}$              | High Level Input Voltage (SDA and SCL)                    | (Note 11)                                                                                                                                                                          | ●   | $0.7V_{CC}$              |              | V                                                                                                    |
| $V_{IL(CA0)}$         | Low Level Input Voltage on CA0                            | See Test Circuit 1                                                                                                                                                                 | ●   |                          | $0.15V_{CC}$ | V                                                                                                    |
| $V_{IH(CA0)}$         | High Level Input Voltage on CA0                           | See Test Circuit 1                                                                                                                                                                 | ●   | $0.85V_{CC}$             |              | V                                                                                                    |
| $R_{INH}$             | Resistance from CA0 to $V_{CC}$ to Set CA0 = $V_{CC}$     | See Test Circuit 2                                                                                                                                                                 | ●   |                          | 10           | k $\Omega$                                                                                           |
| $R_{INL}$             | Resistance from CA0 to GND to Set CA0 = GND               | See Test Circuit 2                                                                                                                                                                 | ●   |                          | 10           | k $\Omega$                                                                                           |
| $R_{INF}$             | Resistance from CA0 to $V_{CC}$ or GND to Set CA0 = Float | See Test Circuit 2                                                                                                                                                                 | ●   | 2                        |              | M $\Omega$                                                                                           |
| $V_{OL}$              | Low Level Output Voltage                                  | Sink Current = 3mA                                                                                                                                                                 | ●   | 0                        | 0.4          | V                                                                                                    |
| $t_{OF}$              | Output Fall Time                                          | $V_O = V_{IH(MIN)}$ to $V_O = V_{IL(MAX)}$ ,<br>$C_B = 10\text{pF}$ to 400pF (Note 12)                                                                                             | ●   | $20 + 0.1C_B$            | 250          | ns                                                                                                   |
| $t_{SP}$              | Pulse Width of Spikes Suppressed by Input Filter          |                                                                                                                                                                                    | ●   | 0                        | 50           | ns                                                                                                   |
| $I_{IN}$              | Input Leakage                                             | $0.1V_{CC} \leq V_{IN} \leq 0.9V_{CC}$                                                                                                                                             | ●   |                          | 1            | $\mu\text{A}$                                                                                        |
| $C_{IN}$              | I/O Pin Capacitance                                       | (Note 8)                                                                                                                                                                           | ●   |                          | 8            | pF                                                                                                   |
| $C_B$                 | Capacitive Load for Each Bus Line                         |                                                                                                                                                                                    | ●   |                          | 400          | pF                                                                                                   |
| $C_{CA0}$             | External Capacitive Load on Address Pin CA0               |                                                                                                                                                                                    | ●   |                          | 10           | pF                                                                                                   |
| <b>AC Performance</b> |                                                           |                                                                                                                                                                                    |     |                          |              |                                                                                                      |
| $t_s$                 | Settling Time                                             | $V_{CC} = 3\text{V}$ (Note 9)<br>$\pm 0.39\%$ ( $\pm 1\text{LSB}$ at 8 Bits)<br>$\pm 0.098\%$ ( $\pm 1\text{LSB}$ at 10 Bits)<br>$\pm 0.024\%$ ( $\pm 1\text{LSB}$ at 12 Bits)     |     | 3.4<br>4.0<br>4.5        |              | $\mu\text{s}$<br>$\mu\text{s}$<br>$\mu\text{s}$                                                      |
|                       | Voltage Output Slew Rate                                  |                                                                                                                                                                                    |     | 1.0                      |              | V/ $\mu\text{s}$                                                                                     |
|                       | Capacitive Load Driving                                   |                                                                                                                                                                                    |     | 500                      |              | pF                                                                                                   |
|                       | Glitch Impulse                                            | At Mid-Scale Transition                                                                                                                                                            |     | 2.8                      |              | nV•s                                                                                                 |
|                       | DAC-to-DAC Crosstalk                                      | 1 DAC Held at FS, 1 DAC Switch 0-FS                                                                                                                                                |     | 5.2                      |              | nV•s                                                                                                 |
|                       | Multiplying Bandwidth                                     | External Reference                                                                                                                                                                 |     | 320                      |              | kHz                                                                                                  |
| $e_n$                 | Output Voltage Noise Density                              | At $f = 1\text{kHz}$ , External Reference<br>At $f = 10\text{kHz}$ , External Reference<br>At $f = 1\text{kHz}$ , Internal Reference<br>At $f = 10\text{kHz}$ , Internal Reference |     | 180<br>160<br>200<br>180 |              | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$<br>nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$<br>nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$<br>nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
|                       | Output Voltage Noise                                      | 0.1Hz to 10Hz, External Reference<br>0.1Hz to 10Hz, Internal Reference<br>0.1Hz to 200kHz, External Reference<br>0.1Hz to 200kHz, Internal Reference<br>$C_{REF} = 0.1\mu\text{F}$ |     | 30<br>35<br>680<br>730   |              | $\mu\text{V}_{P-P}$<br>$\mu\text{V}_{P-P}$<br>$\mu\text{V}_{P-P}$<br>$\mu\text{V}_{P-P}$             |

**TIMING CHARACTERISTICS**

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .  $V_{CC} = 2.7\text{V}$  to  $5.5\text{V}$ . (See Figure 1) (Note 13)

LTC2633-LI12/-LI10/-LI8/-LX12/-LX10/-LX8/-LZ12/-LZ10/-LZ8/-LO12/-LO10/-LO8/LTC2633A-LI12/-LX12/-LZ12/-LO12 ( $V_{FS} = 2.5\text{V}$ )

| SYMBOL        | PARAMETER                                        | CONDITIONS  | MIN           | TYP | MAX | UNITS         |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-----|-----|---------------|
| $f_{SCL}$     | SCL Clock Frequency                              | ●           | 0             |     | 400 | kHz           |
| $t_{HD(STA)}$ | Hold Time (Repeated) Start Condition             | ●           | 0.6           |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{LOW}$     | Low Period of the SCL Clock Pin                  | ●           | 1.3           |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{HIGH}$    | High Period of the SCL Clock Pin                 | ●           | 0.6           |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{SU(STA)}$ | Set-Up Time for a Repeated Start Condition       | ●           | 0.6           |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{HD(DAT)}$ | Data Hold Time                                   | ●           | 0             |     | 0.9 | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{SU(DAT)}$ | Data Set-Up Time                                 | ●           | 100           |     |     | ns            |
| $t_r$         | Rise Time of Both SDA and SCL Signals            | (Note 12) ● | $20 + 0.1C_B$ |     | 300 | ns            |
| $t_f$         | Fall Time of Both SDA and SCL Signals            | (Note 12) ● | $20 + 0.1C_B$ |     | 300 | ns            |
| $t_{SU(STO)}$ | Set-Up Time for Stop Condition                   | ●           | 0.6           |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{BUF}$     | Bus Free Time Between a Stop and Start Condition | ●           | 1.3           |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |

**ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS**

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .  $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{V}$  to  $5.5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{OUT}$  unloaded unless otherwise specified.

LTC2633-HI12/-HI10/-HI8/-HZ12/-HZ10/-HZ8/LTC2633A-HI12/-HZ12 ( $V_{FS} = 4.096\text{V}$ )

| SYMBOL            | PARAMETER                               | CONDITIONS                                                                              | LTC2633-8 |     |            | LTC2633-10 |            |     | LTC2633-12 |     |            | LTC2633A-12 |            |                  | UNITS |
|-------------------|-----------------------------------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|-----------|-----|------------|------------|------------|-----|------------|-----|------------|-------------|------------|------------------|-------|
|                   |                                         |                                                                                         | MIN       | TYP | MAX        | MIN        | TYP        | MAX | MIN        | TYP | MAX        | MIN         | TYP        | MAX              |       |
| DC Performance    |                                         |                                                                                         |           |     |            |            |            |     |            |     |            |             |            |                  |       |
|                   | Resolution                              |                                                                                         | ●         | 8   |            | 10         |            | 12  |            | 12  |            | 12          |            | Bits             |       |
|                   | Monotonicity                            | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, Internal Ref. (Note 4)                                            | ●         | 8   |            | 10         |            | 12  |            | 12  |            | 12          |            | Bits             |       |
| DNL               | Differential Nonlinearity               | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, Internal Ref. (Note 4)                                            | ●         |     | ±0.5       |            | ±0.5       |     | ±1         |     | ±1         |             | ±1         | LSB              |       |
| INL               | Integral Nonlinearity                   | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, Internal Ref. (Note 4)                                            | ●         |     | ±0.05 ±0.5 |            | ±0.2 ±1    |     | ±1 ±2.5    |     | ±0.5 ±1    |             | ±1         | LSB              |       |
| ZSE               | Zero Scale Error                        | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, Internal Ref., Code = 0                                           | ●         |     | 0.5 5      |            | 0.5 5      |     | 0.5 5      |     | 0.5 5      |             | 0.5 5      | mV               |       |
| V <sub>OS</sub>   | Offset Error                            | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, Internal Ref. (Note 5)                                            | ●         |     | ±0.5 ±5    |            | ±0.5 ±5    |     | ±0.5 ±5    |     | ±0.5 ±5    |             | ±0.5 ±5    | mV               |       |
| V <sub>OSTC</sub> | V <sub>OS</sub> Temperature Coefficient | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, Internal Ref.                                                     |           |     | ±10        |            | ±10        |     | ±10        |     | ±10        |             | ±10        | µV/°C            |       |
| GE                | Gain Error                              | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, Internal Ref.                                                     | ●         |     | ±0.2 ±0.8  |            | ±0.2 ±0.8  |     | ±0.2 ±0.8  |     | ±0.2 ±0.8  |             | ±0.2 ±0.8  | %FSR             |       |
| GE <sub>TC</sub>  | Gain Temperature Coefficient            | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V, Internal Ref. (Note 10)<br>C-Grade<br>H-Grade                     |           |     | 10<br>10   |            | 10<br>10   |     | 10<br>10   |     | 10<br>10   |             | 10<br>10   | ppm/°C<br>ppm/°C |       |
|                   | Load Regulation                         | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V ± 10%, Internal Ref.<br>Mid-Scale, −10mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 10mA | ●         |     | 0.006 0.01 |            | 0.022 0.04 |     | 0.09 0.16  |     | 0.09 0.16  |             | 0.09 0.16  | LSB/mA           |       |
| R <sub>OUT</sub>  | DC Output Impedance                     | V <sub>CC</sub> = 5V ± 10%, Internal Ref.<br>Mid-Scale, −10mA ≤ I <sub>OUT</sub> ≤ 10mA | ●         |     | 0.09 0.156 |            | 0.09 0.156 |     | 0.09 0.156 |     | 0.09 0.156 |             | 0.09 0.156 | Ω                |       |

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .  $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{V}$  to  $5.5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{OUT}$  unloaded unless otherwise specified.

LTC2633-HI12/-HI10/-HI8/-HZ12/-HZ10/-HZ8/LTC2633A-HI12/-HZ12 ( $V_{FS} = 4.096\text{V}$ )

| SYMBOL    | PARAMETER                                                    | CONDITIONS                                                                                                           | MIN    | TYP                          | MAX       | UNITS    |
|-----------|--------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|------------------------------|-----------|----------|
| $V_{OUT}$ | DAC Output Span                                              | External Reference<br>Internal Reference                                                                             |        | 0 to $V_{REF}$<br>0 to 4.096 |           | V<br>V   |
| PSR       | Power Supply Rejection                                       | $V_{CC} = 5\text{V} \pm 10\%$                                                                                        |        | -80                          |           | dB       |
| $I_{SC}$  | Short Circuit Output Current (Note 6)<br>Sinking<br>Sourcing | $V_{FS} = V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$<br>Zero Scale; $V_{OUT}$ shorted to $V_{CC}$<br>Full Scale; $V_{OUT}$ shorted to GND | ●<br>● | 27<br>-28                    | 48<br>-48 | mA<br>mA |

## Power Supply

|          |                                            |                                                                                                                    |        |            |            |               |
|----------|--------------------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------|------------|------------|---------------|
| $V_{CC}$ | Positive Supply Voltage                    | For Specified Performance                                                                                          | ●      | 4.5        | 5.5        | V             |
| $I_{CC}$ | Supply Current (Note 7)                    | $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ , $V_{REF} = 4.096\text{V}$ , External Reference<br>$V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ , Internal Reference | ●<br>● | 0.4<br>0.5 | 0.6<br>0.7 | mA<br>mA      |
| $I_{SD}$ | Supply Current in Power-Down Mode (Note 7) | $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$                                                                                               | ●      | 0.5        | 2          | $\mu\text{A}$ |

## Reference Input

|           |                                    |                  |   |       |          |                  |
|-----------|------------------------------------|------------------|---|-------|----------|------------------|
|           | Input Voltage Range                |                  | ● | 1     | $V_{CC}$ | V                |
|           | Resistance                         |                  | ● | 120   | 160      | $\text{k}\Omega$ |
|           | Capacitance                        |                  |   | 12    |          | pF               |
| $I_{REF}$ | Reference Current, Power Down Mode | DAC Powered Down | ● | 0.005 | 5        | $\mu\text{A}$    |

## Reference Output

|  |                                   |                                             |   |       |          |       |                       |
|--|-----------------------------------|---------------------------------------------|---|-------|----------|-------|-----------------------|
|  | Output Voltage                    |                                             | ● | 2.032 | 2.048    | 2.064 | V                     |
|  | Reference Temperature Coefficient |                                             |   |       | $\pm 10$ |       | ppm/ $^\circ\text{C}$ |
|  | Output Impedance                  |                                             |   | 0.5   |          |       | $\text{k}\Omega$      |
|  | Capacitive Load Driving           |                                             |   | 10    |          |       | $\mu\text{F}$         |
|  | Short Circuit Current             | $V_{CC} = 5.5\text{V}$ , REF Shorted to GND |   | 4     |          |       | mA                    |

## Digital I/O

|               |                                                           |                                                                                        |   |               |              |                  |
|---------------|-----------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|---|---------------|--------------|------------------|
| $V_{IL}$      | Low Level Input Voltage (SDA and SCL)                     | (Note 14)                                                                              | ● | -0.5          | $0.3V_{CC}$  | V                |
| $V_{IH}$      | High Level Input Voltage (SDA and SCL)                    | (Note 11)                                                                              | ● | $0.7V_{CC}$   |              | V                |
| $V_{IL(CA0)}$ | Low Level Input Voltage on CA0                            | See Test Circuit 1                                                                     | ● |               | $0.15V_{CC}$ | V                |
| $V_{IH(CA0)}$ | High Level Input Voltage on CA0                           | See Test Circuit 1                                                                     | ● | $0.85V_{CC}$  |              | V                |
| $R_{INH}$     | Resistance from CA0 to $V_{CC}$ to Set CA0 = $V_{CC}$     | See Test Circuit 2                                                                     | ● |               | 10           | $\text{k}\Omega$ |
| $R_{INL}$     | Resistance from CA0 to GND to Set CA0 = GND               | See Test Circuit 2                                                                     | ● |               | 10           | $\text{k}\Omega$ |
| $R_{INF}$     | Resistance from CA0 to $V_{CC}$ or GND to Set CA0 = Float | See Test Circuit 2                                                                     | ● | 2             |              | M $\Omega$       |
| $V_{OL}$      | Low Level Output Voltage                                  | Sink Current = 3mA                                                                     | ● | 0             | 0.4          | V                |
| $t_{OF}$      | Output Fall Time                                          | $V_O = V_{IH(MIN)}$ to $V_O = V_{IL(MAX)}$ ,<br>$C_B = 10\text{pF}$ to 400pF (Note 12) | ● | $20 + 0.1C_B$ | 250          | ns               |
| $t_{SP}$      | Pulse Width of Spikes Suppressed by Input Filter          |                                                                                        | ● | 0             | 50           | ns               |
| $I_{IN}$      | Input Leakage                                             | $0.1V_{CC} \leq V_{IN} \leq 0.9V_{CC}$                                                 | ● |               | 1            | $\mu\text{A}$    |

# ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .  $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{V}$  to  $5.5\text{V}$ ,  $V_{OUT}$  unloaded unless otherwise specified.

LTC2633-HI12/-HI10/-HI8/-HZ12/-HZ10/-HZ8/LTC2633A-HI12/-HZ12 ( $V_{FS} = 4.096\text{V}$ )

| SYMBOL    | PARAMETER                                   | CONDITIONS | MIN | TYP | MAX | UNITS |
|-----------|---------------------------------------------|------------|-----|-----|-----|-------|
| $C_{IN}$  | I/O Pin Capacitance                         | (Note 8)   | ●   |     | 8   | pF    |
| $C_B$     | Capacitive Load for Each Bus Line           |            | ●   |     | 400 | pF    |
| $C_{CA0}$ | External Capacitive Load on Address Pin CA0 |            | ●   |     | 10  | pF    |

## AC Performance

|       |                              |                                                                                                                                                                                    |  |                          |                                                                                                      |
|-------|------------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| $t_s$ | Settling Time                | $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$ (Note 9)<br>$\pm 0.39\%$ ( $\pm 1\text{LSB}$ at 8 Bits)<br>$\pm 0.098\%$ ( $\pm 1\text{LSB}$ at 10 Bits)<br>$\pm 0.024\%$ ( $\pm 1\text{LSB}$ at 12 Bits)     |  | 3.7<br>4.0<br>4.7        | $\mu\text{s}$<br>$\mu\text{s}$<br>$\mu\text{s}$                                                      |
|       | Voltage Output Slew Rate     |                                                                                                                                                                                    |  | 1.0                      | V/ $\mu\text{s}$                                                                                     |
|       | Capacitive Load Driving      |                                                                                                                                                                                    |  | 500                      | pF                                                                                                   |
|       | Glitch Impulse               | At Mid-Scale Transition                                                                                                                                                            |  | 3.0                      | nV•s                                                                                                 |
|       | DAC-to-DAC Crosstalk         | 1 DAC Held at FS, 1 DAC Switch 0-FS                                                                                                                                                |  | 6.7                      | nV•s                                                                                                 |
|       | Multiplying Bandwidth        | External Reference                                                                                                                                                                 |  | 320                      | kHz                                                                                                  |
| $e_n$ | Output Voltage Noise Density | At $f = 1\text{kHz}$ , External Reference<br>At $f = 10\text{kHz}$ , External Reference<br>At $f = 1\text{kHz}$ , Internal Reference<br>At $f = 10\text{kHz}$ , Internal Reference |  | 180<br>160<br>250<br>230 | nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$<br>nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$<br>nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$<br>nV/ $\sqrt{\text{Hz}}$ |
|       | Output Voltage Noise         | 0.1Hz to 10Hz, External Reference<br>0.1Hz to 10Hz, Internal Reference<br>0.1Hz to 200kHz, External Reference<br>0.1Hz to 200kHz, Internal Reference<br>$C_{REF} = 0.1\mu\text{F}$ |  | 30<br>40<br>680<br>750   | $\mu\text{V}_{P-P}$<br>$\mu\text{V}_{P-P}$<br>$\mu\text{V}_{P-P}$<br>$\mu\text{V}_{P-P}$             |

## TIMING CHARACTERISTICS

The ● denotes the specifications which apply over the full operating temperature range, otherwise specifications are at  $T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$ .  $V_{CC} = 4.5\text{V}$  to  $5.5\text{V}$ . (See Figure 1) (Note 13)

LTC2633-HI12/-HI10/-HI8/-HZ12/-HZ10/-HZ8/LTC2633A-HI12/-HZ12 ( $V_{FS} = 4.096\text{V}$ )

| SYMBOL        | PARAMETER                                        | CONDITIONS  | MIN           | TYP | MAX | UNITS         |
|---------------|--------------------------------------------------|-------------|---------------|-----|-----|---------------|
| $f_{SCL}$     | SCL Clock Frequency                              | ●           | 0             |     | 400 | kHz           |
| $t_{HD(STA)}$ | Hold Time (Repeated) Start Condition             | ●           | 0.6           |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{LOW}$     | Low Period of the SCL Clock Pin                  | ●           | 1.3           |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{HIGH}$    | High Period of the SCL Clock Pin                 | ●           | 0.6           |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{SU(STA)}$ | Set-Up Time for a Repeated Start Condition       | ●           | 0.6           |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{HD(DAT)}$ | Data Hold Time                                   | ●           | 0             |     | 0.9 | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{SU(DAT)}$ | Data Set-Up Time                                 | ●           | 100           |     |     | ns            |
| $t_r$         | Rise Time of Both SDA and SCL Signals            | (Note 12) ● | $20 + 0.1C_B$ |     | 300 | ns            |
| $t_f$         | Fall Time of Both SDA and SCL Signals            | (Note 12) ● | $20 + 0.1C_B$ |     | 300 | ns            |
| $t_{SU(STO)}$ | Set-Up Time for Stop Condition                   | ●           | 0.6           |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |
| $t_{BUF}$     | Bus Free Time Between a Stop and Start Condition | ●           | 1.3           |     |     | $\mu\text{s}$ |

**Note 1.** Stresses beyond those listed under Absolute Maximum Ratings may cause permanent damage to the device. Exposure to any Absolute Maximum Rating condition for extended periods may affect device reliability and lifetime.

**Note 2.** All voltages are with respect to GND

**Note 3.** High temperatures degrade operating lifetimes. Operating lifetime is derated at temperatures greater than  $105^\circ\text{C}$ .

**Note 4.** Linearity and monotonicity are defined from code  $k_L$  to code  $2^N - 1$ , where  $N$  is the resolution and  $k_L$  is given by  $k_L = 0.016 \cdot (2^N / V_{FS})$ , rounded to the nearest whole code. For  $V_{FS} = 2.5\text{V}$  and  $N = 12$ ,  $k_L = 26$  and linearity is defined from code 26 to code 4,095. For  $V_{FS} = 4.096\text{V}$  and  $N = 12$ ,  $k_L = 16$  and linearity is defined from code 16 to code 4,095.

**Note 5.** Inferred from measurement at code 16 (LTC2633-12), code 4 (LTC2633-10) or code 1 (LTC2633-8), and at full scale.

**Note 6.** This IC includes current limiting that is intended to protect the device during momentary overload conditions. Junction temperature can

exceed the rated maximum during current limiting. Continuous operation above the specified maximum operating junction temperature may impair device reliability.

**Note 7.** Digital inputs at  $0\text{V}$  or  $V_{CC}$ .

**Note 8.** Guaranteed by design and not production tested.

**Note 9.** Internal reference mode. DAC is stepped 1/4 scale to 3/4 scale and 3/4 scale to 1/4 scale. Load is  $2\text{k}\Omega$  in parallel with  $100\text{pF}$  to GND.

**Note 10.** Temperature coefficient is calculated by dividing the maximum change in output voltage by the specified temperature range.

**Note 11.** Maximum  $V_{IH} = V_{CC(MAX)} + 0.5\text{V}$

**Note 12.**  $C_B$  = capacitance of one bus line in pF

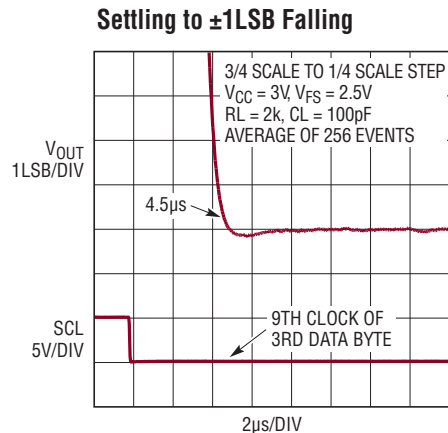
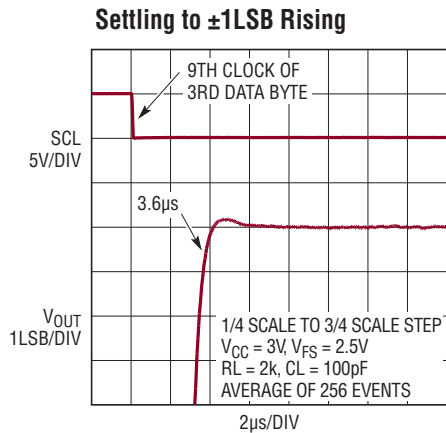
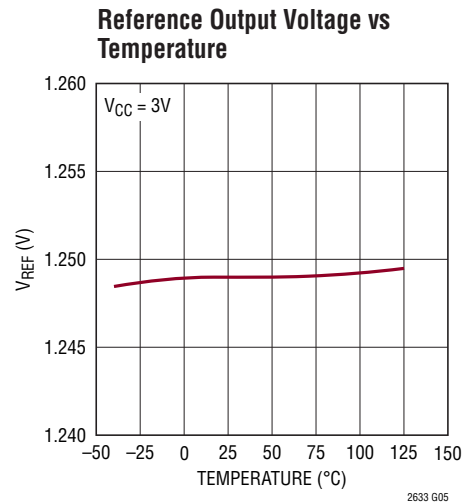
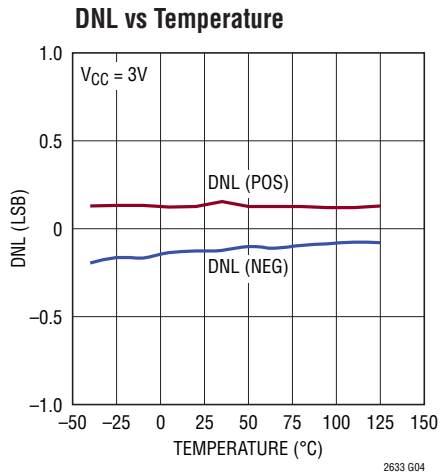
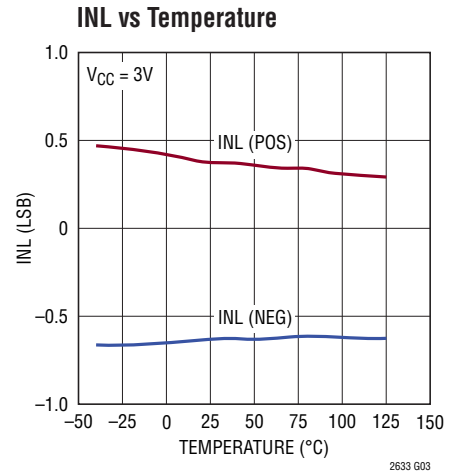
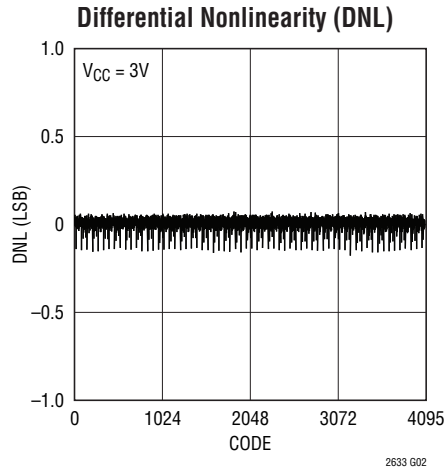
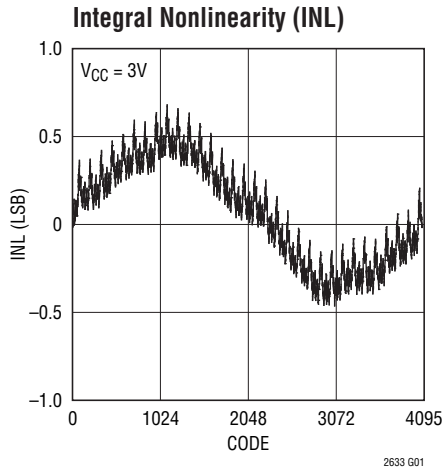
**Note 13.** All values refer to  $V_{IH} = V_{IH(MIN)}$  and  $V_{IL} = V_{IL(MAX)}$  levels.

**Note 14.** Minimum  $V_{IL}$  exceeds the absolute maximum rating. This condition won't damage the IC, but could degrade performance.

## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

LTC2633-L12 (Internal Reference,  $V_{FS} = 2.5V$ )

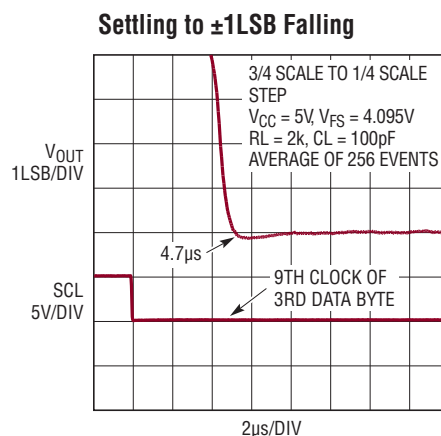
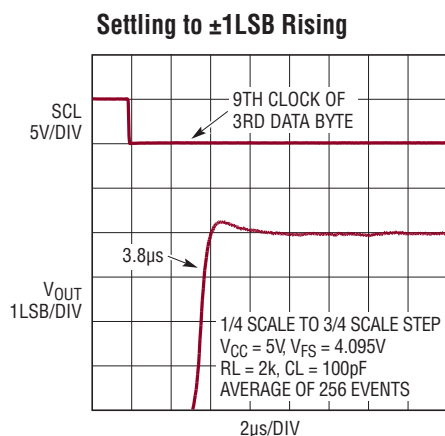
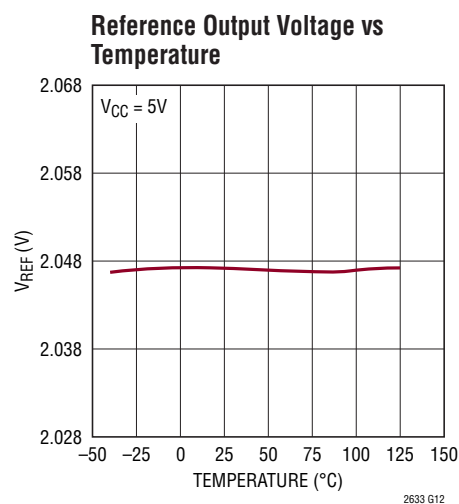
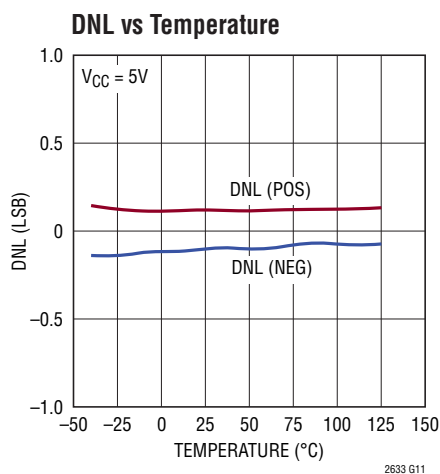
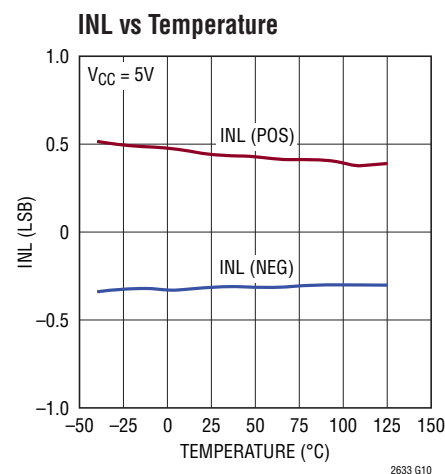
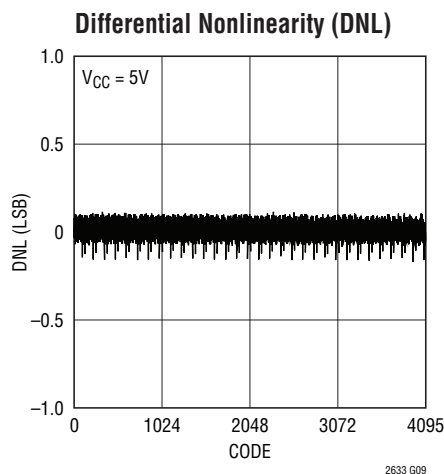
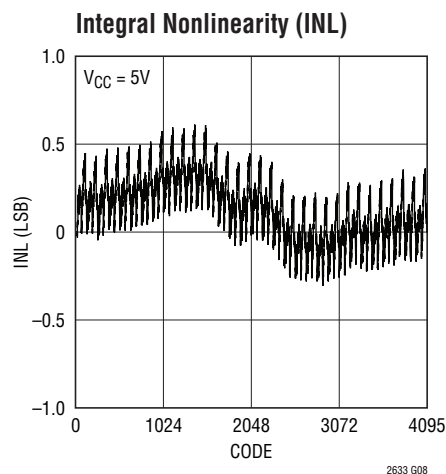
$T_A = 25^\circ C$  unless otherwise noted.



# TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

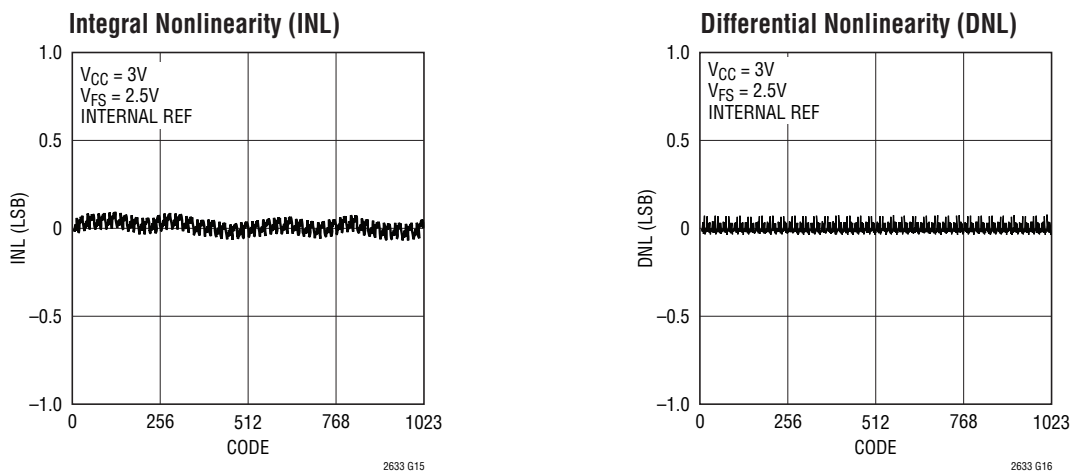
LTC2633-H12 (Internal Reference,  $V_{FS} = 4.096V$ )

$T_A = 25^\circ C$  unless otherwise noted.

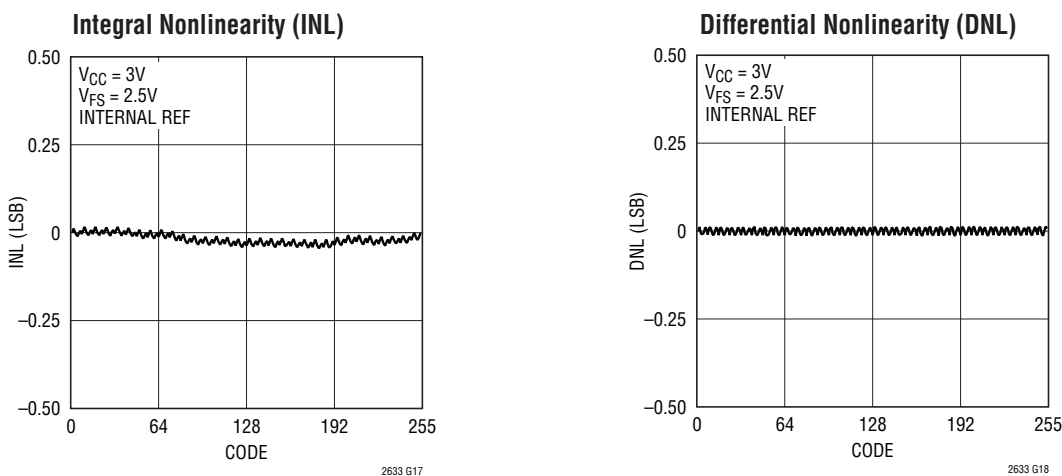


TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS T<sub>A</sub> = 25°C unless otherwise noted.

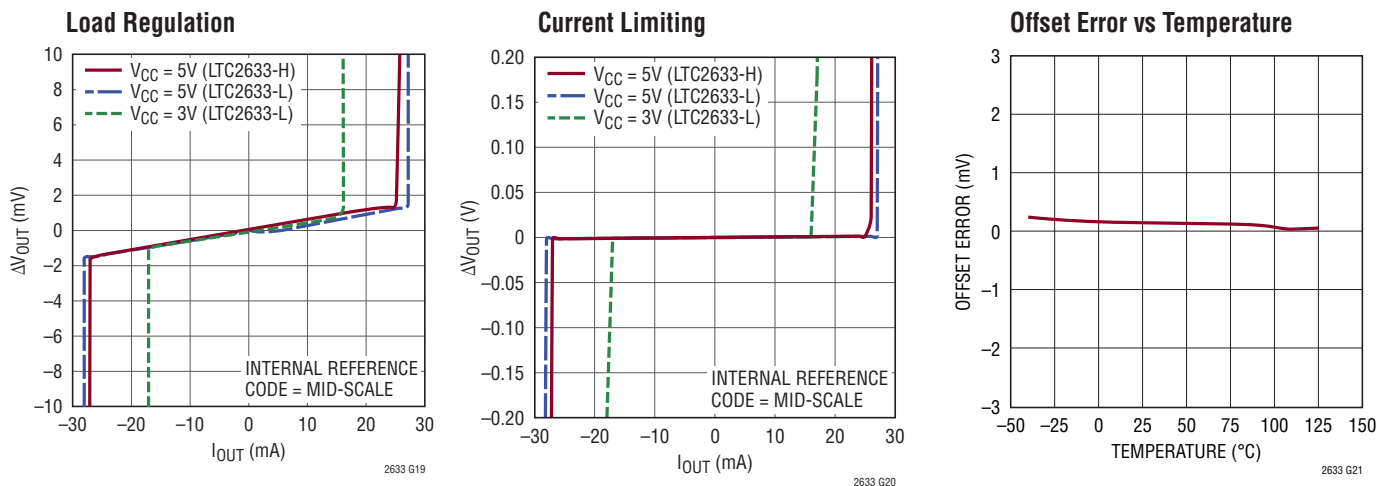
LTC2633-10



LTC2633-8



LTC2633

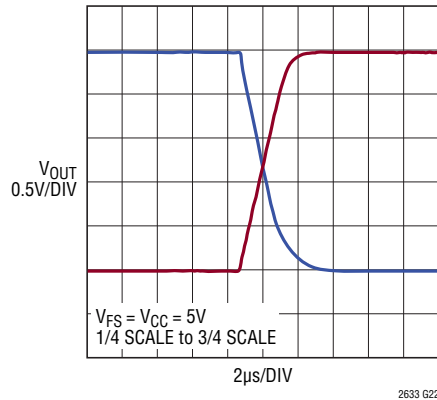


## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

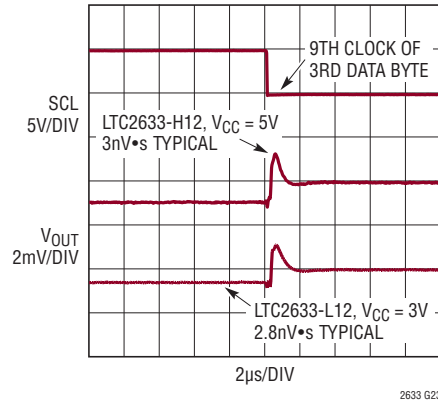
$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted.

### LTC2633

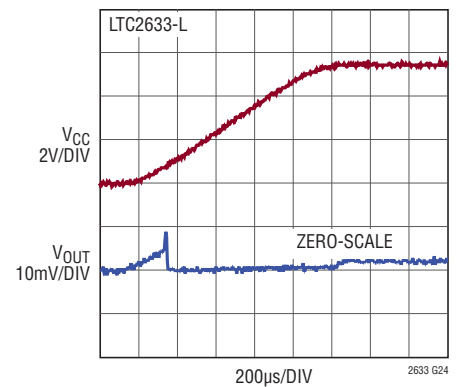
Large-Signal Response



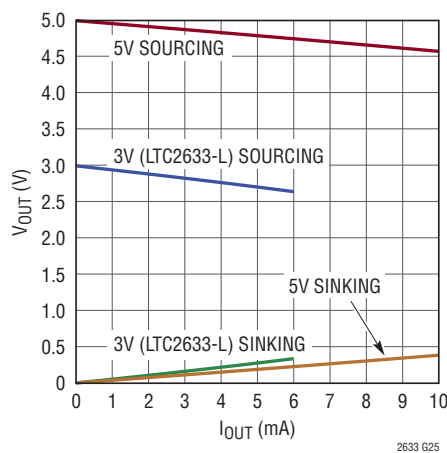
Mid-Scale-Glitch Impulse



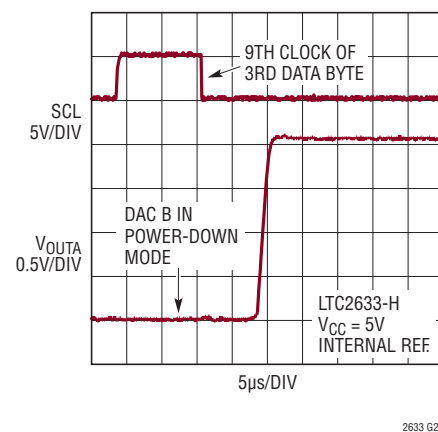
Power-On Reset Glitch



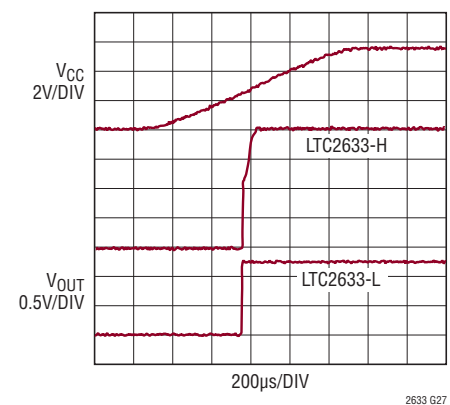
Headroom at Rails vs Output Current



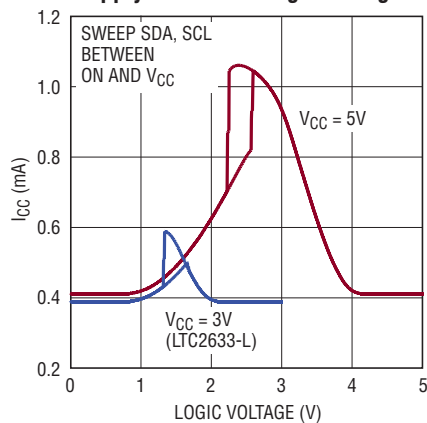
Exiting Power-Down to Mid-Scale



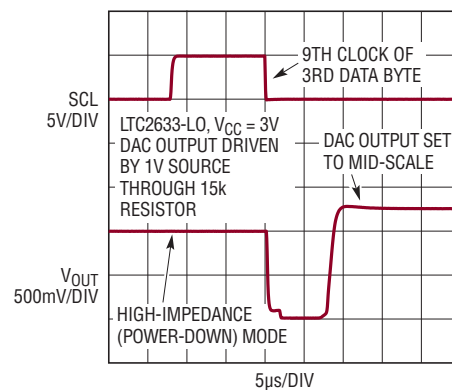
Power-On Reset to Mid-Scale



Supply Current vs Logic Voltage



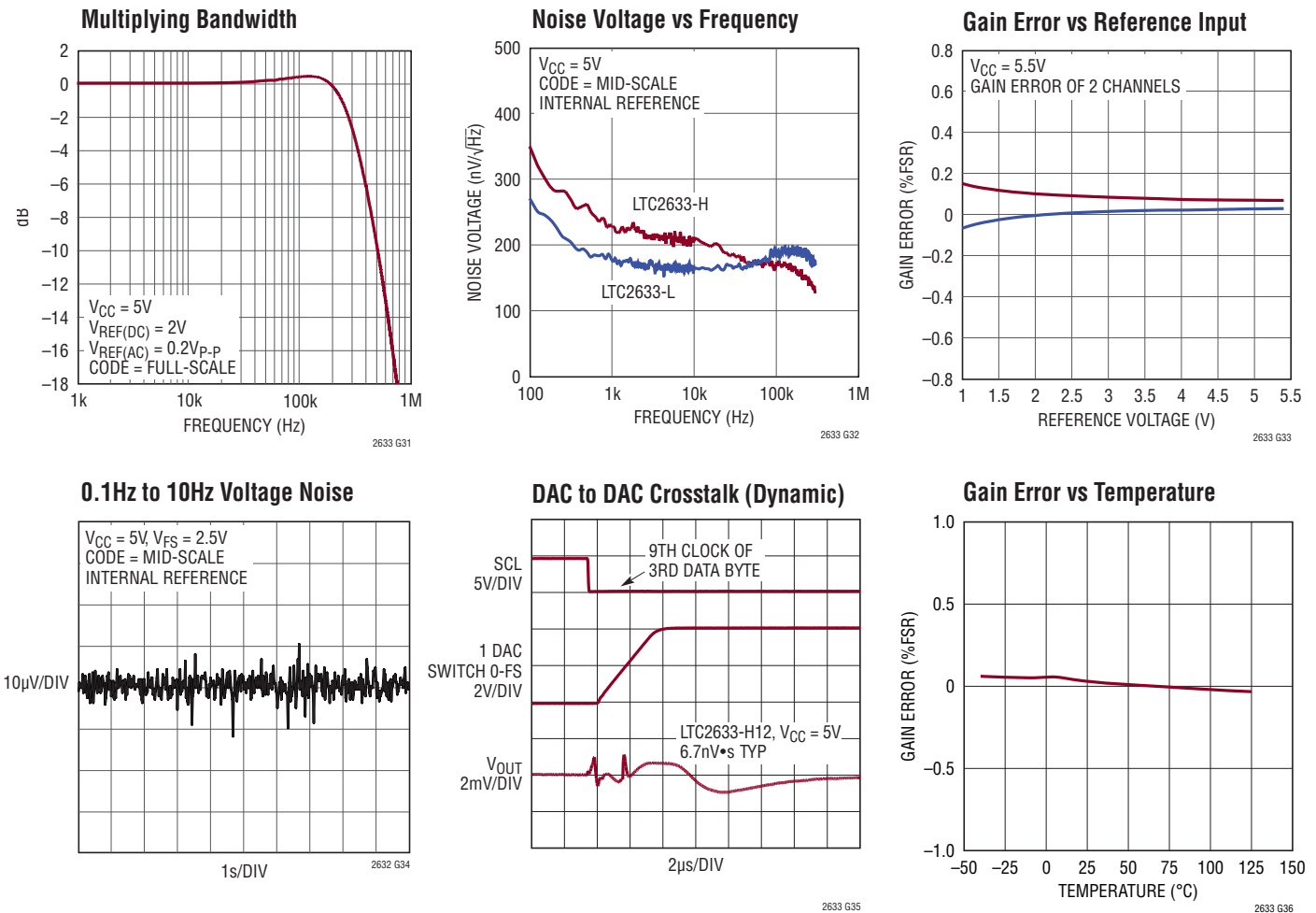
Exiting Power-Down for Hi-Z Option



## TYPICAL PERFORMANCE CHARACTERISTICS

$T_A = 25^\circ\text{C}$  unless otherwise noted.

### LTC2633



## PIN FUNCTIONS

**SCL (Pin 1):** Serial Clock Input Pin. Data is shifted into the SDA pin at the rising edges of the clock. This high impedance pin requires a pull-up resistor or current source to  $V_{CC}$ .

**CA0 (Pin 2):** Chip Address Bit 0. Tie this pin to  $V_{CC}$ , GND or leave it floating to select an I<sup>2</sup>C slave address for the part (see Table 1).

**REF (Pin 3):** Reference Voltage Input or Output. When external reference mode is selected, REF is an input ( $1V \leq V_{REF} \leq V_{CC}$ ) where the voltage supplied sets the full-scale DAC output voltage. When internal reference is selected, the 10ppm/°C 1.25V (LTC2633-L) or 2.048V (LTC2633-H) internal reference (half full-scale) is available at the pin. This output may be bypassed to GND with up to 10 $\mu$ F

(0.1 $\mu$ F is recommended) and must be buffered when driving external DC load current.

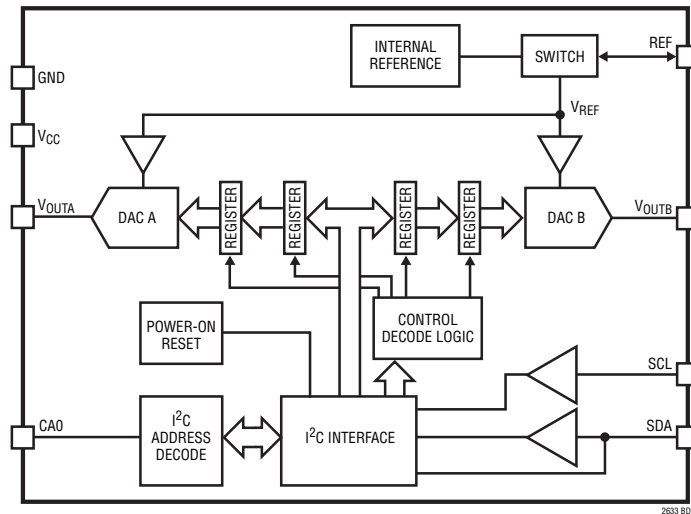
**GND (Pin 4):** Ground.

**V<sub>OUTA</sub>, V<sub>OUTB</sub> (Pins 5,6):** DAC Analog Voltage Output.

**V<sub>CC</sub> (Pin 7):** Supply Voltage Input.  $2.7V \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.5V$  (LTC2633-L) or  $4.5V \leq V_{CC} \leq 5.5V$  (LTC2633-H). Bypass to GND with a 0.1 $\mu$ F capacitor.

**SDA (Pin 8):** Serial Data Bidirectional Pin. Data is shifted into the SDA pin and acknowledged by the SDA pin. This pin is high impedance while data is shifted in. Open drain N-channel output during acknowledgement. SDA requires a pull-up resistor or current source to  $V_{CC}$ .

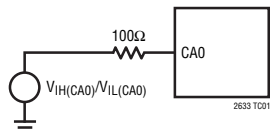
## BLOCK DIAGRAM



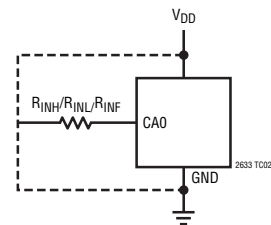
## TEST CIRCUIT

Test circuits for I²C digital I/O (see Electrical Characteristics)

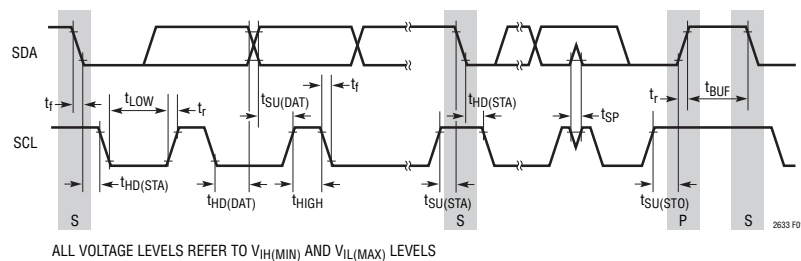
Test Circuit 1



Test Circuit 2



## TIMING DIAGRAM



ALL VOLTAGE LEVELS REFER TO  $V_{IH(MIN)}$  AND  $V_{IL(MAX)}$  LEVELS

Figure 1. I²C Timing

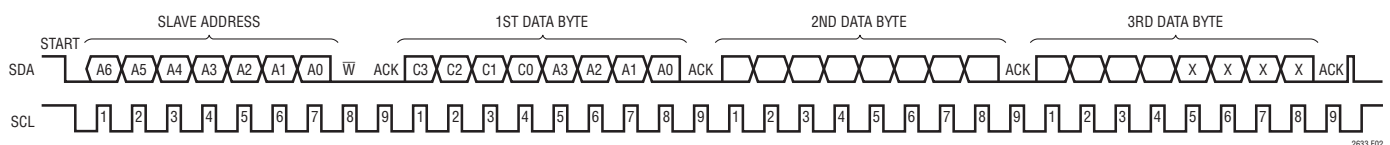


Figure 2. Typical LTC2633 Write Transaction

## OPERATION

The LTC2633 is a family of dual voltage output DACs in an 8-lead TSOT package. Each DAC can operate rail-to-rail using an external reference, or with its full-scale voltage set by an integrated reference. Eighteen combinations of accuracy (12-, 10-, and 8-bit), power-on reset value (zero-scale, mid-scale in internal reference mode, or mid-scale in external reference mode), DAC power-down output load (high impedance or 200k $\Omega$ ), and full-scale voltage (2.5V or 4.096V) are available. The LTC2633 is controlled using a 2-wire I<sup>2</sup>C interface.

### Power-On Reset

The LTC2633-HZ/LTC2633-LZ clear the output to zero-scale when power is first applied, making system initialization consistent and repeatable.

For some applications, downstream circuits are active during DAC power-up, and may be sensitive to nonzero outputs from the DAC during this time. The LTC2633 contains circuitry to reduce the power-on glitch: the analog output typically rises less than 10mV above zero scale during power-on. In general, the glitch amplitude decreases as the power supply ramp time is increased. See power-on reset glitch in the Typical Performance Characteristics section.

The LTC2633-HI/LTC2633-LI/LTC2633-LX provide an alternative reset, setting the output to mid-scale when power is first applied. The LTC2633-LI/ and LTC2633-HI power up in internal reference mode, with the output set to a mid-scale voltage of 1.25V and 2.048V respectively. The LTC2633-LX power-up in external reference mode, with the output set to mid-scale of the external reference. The LTC2633-LO powers up in internal reference mode with all the DAC channels placed in the high impedance state (powered down). Input and DAC registers are set to the mid-scale code, and only the internal reference is powered up, causing supply current to be typically 180 $\mu$ A upon power up. Default reference mode selection is described in the Reference Modes section.

### Power Supply Sequencing

The voltage at REF (Pin 3) must be kept within the range  $-0.3V \leq V_{REF} \leq V_{CC} + 0.3V$  (see Absolute Maximum Ratings). Particular care should be taken to observe these limits during power supply turn-on and turn-off sequences, when the voltage at  $V_{CC}$  is in transition.

### Transfer Function

The digital-to-analog transfer function is:

$$V_{OUT(IDEAL)} = \left( \frac{k}{2^N} \right) V_{REF}$$

where k is the decimal equivalent of the binary DAC input code, N is the resolution, and  $V_{REF}$  is either 2.5V (LTC2633-LI/ LTC2633-LX/ LTC2633-LO/ LTC2633-LZ) or 4.096V (LTC2633-HI/ LTC2633-HZ) when in internal reference mode, and the voltage at REF when in external reference mode.

### I<sup>2</sup>C Serial Interface

The LTC2633 communicates with a host using the standard 2-wire I<sup>2</sup>C interface. The Timing Diagram (Figures 1 and 2) show the timing relationship of the signals on the bus. The two bus lines, SDA and SCL, must be high when the bus is not in use. External pull-up resistors or current sources are required on these lines. The value of these pull-up resistors is dependent on the power supply and can be obtained from the I<sup>2</sup>C specifications. For an I<sup>2</sup>C bus operating in the fast mode, an active pull-up will be necessary if the bus capacitance is greater than 200pF.

The LTC2633 is a receive-only (slave) device. The master can write to the LTC2633. The LTC2633 will not acknowledge (NAK) a read request from the master.

## OPERATION

### START (S) and STOP (P) Conditions

When the bus is not in use, both SCL and SDA must be high. A bus master signals the beginning of a communication to a slave device by transmitting a START condition. A START condition is generated by transitioning SDA from high to low while SCL is high.

When the master has finished communicating with the slave, it issues a STOP condition. A STOP condition is generated by transitioning SDA from low to high while SCL is high. The bus is then free for communication with another I<sup>2</sup>C device.

### Acknowledge

The acknowledge (ACK) signal is used for handshaking between the master and the slave. An ACK generated by the slave lets the master know that the latest byte of information was properly received. The ACK related clock pulse is generated by the master. The master releases the SDA line (HIGH) during the ACK clock pulse. The slave-receiver must pull down the SDA bus line during the ACK clock pulse so that it remains a stable LOW during the HIGH period of this clock pulse. The LTC2633 responds to a write by a master in this manner but does not acknowledge a read operation; in that case, SDA is retained HIGH during the period of the ACK clock pulse.

### Chip Address

The state of pin CA0 determines the slave address of the part. This pin can be set to any one of three states: V<sub>CC</sub>, GND or float. This results in 3 selectable addresses for the part. The slave address assignments is shown in Table 1.

**Table 1. Slave Address Map**

| CA0             | A6 | A5 | A4 | A3 | A2 | A1 | A0 |
|-----------------|----|----|----|----|----|----|----|
| GND             | 0  | 0  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 0  |
| FLOAT           | 0  | 0  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 0  | 1  |
| V <sub>CC</sub> | 0  | 0  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 0  |
| GLOBAL ADDR     | 1  | 1  | 1  | 0  | 0  | 1  | 1  |

In addition to the address selected by the address pin, the part also responds to a global address. This address allows a common write to all LTC2633 parts to be accomplished using one 3-byte write transaction on the I<sup>2</sup>C bus. The global address, listed at the end of Tables 1, is a 7-bit hardwired address not selectable by CA0. If another address is required, please consult the factory.

The maximum capacitive load allowed on the address pin (CA0) is 10pF, as these pins are driven during address detection to determine if they are floating.

### Write Word Protocol

The master initiates communication with the LTC2633 with a START condition and a 7-bit slave address followed by the write bit (W) = 0. The LTC2633 acknowledges by pulling the SDA pin low at the 9th clock if the 7-bit slave address matches the address of the part (set by CA0) or the global address. The master then transmits three bytes of data. The LTC2633 acknowledges each byte of data by pulling the SDA line low at the 9th clock of each data byte transmission. After receiving three complete bytes of data, the LTC2633 executes the command specified in the 24-bit input word.

If more than three data bytes are transmitted after a valid 7-bit slave address, the LTC2633 does not acknowledge the extra bytes of data (SDA is high during the 9th clock).

## OPERATION

The format of the three data bytes is shown in Figure 3. The first byte of the input word consists of the 4-bit command, followed by the 4-bit DAC address. The next two bytes contain the 16-bit data word, which consists of the 12-, 10- or 8-bit input code, MSB to LSB, followed by 4, 6 or 8 don't-care bits (LTC2633-12, LTC2633-10 and LTC2633-8 respectively). A typical LTC2633 write transaction is shown in Figure 4.

The command bit assignments (C3-C0) and address (A3-A0) assignments are shown in Tables 3 and 4. The first four commands in the table consist of write and update operations. A write operation loads a 16-bit data word from the 32-bit shift register into the input register. In an update operation, the data word is copied from the input register to the DAC register. Once copied into the DAC register, the data word becomes the active 12-, 10-, or 8-bit input code, and is converted to an analog voltage at the DAC output. Write to and update combines the first two commands. The update operation also powers up the DAC if it had been in power-down mode. The data path and registers are shown in the Block Diagram.

**Table 3. Command Codes**

| COMMAND* |    |    |    |                                                           |
|----------|----|----|----|-----------------------------------------------------------|
| C3       | C2 | C1 | C0 |                                                           |
| 0        | 0  | 0  | 0  | Write to Input Register n                                 |
| 0        | 0  | 0  | 1  | Update (Power-Up) DAC Register n                          |
| 0        | 0  | 1  | 0  | Write to Input Register n, Update (Power-Up) All          |
| 0        | 0  | 1  | 1  | Write to and Update (Power-Up) DAC Register n             |
| 0        | 1  | 0  | 0  | Power-Down n                                              |
| 0        | 1  | 0  | 1  | Power-Down Chip (All DAC's and Reference)                 |
| 0        | 1  | 1  | 0  | Select Internal Reference (Power-Up Reference)            |
| 0        | 1  | 1  | 1  | Select External Reference (Power-Down Internal Reference) |
| 1        | 1  | 1  | 1  | No Operation                                              |

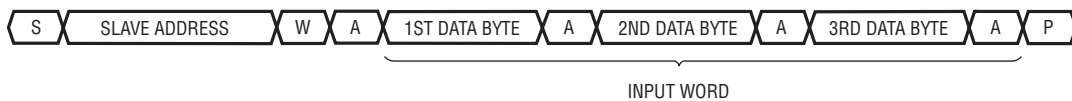
\*Command codes not shown are reserved and should not be used.

**Table 4. Address Codes**

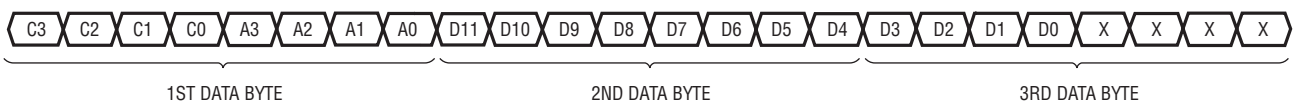
| ADDRESS (n)* |    |    |    |          |
|--------------|----|----|----|----------|
| A3           | A2 | A1 | A0 |          |
| 0            | 0  | 0  | 0  | DAC A    |
| 0            | 0  | 0  | 1  | DAC B    |
| 1            | 1  | 1  | 1  | All DACs |

\* Address codes not shown are reserved and should not be used.

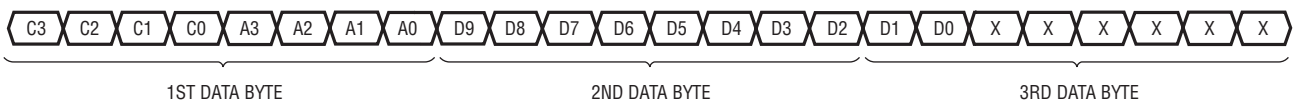
WRITE WORD PROTOCOL LTC2633



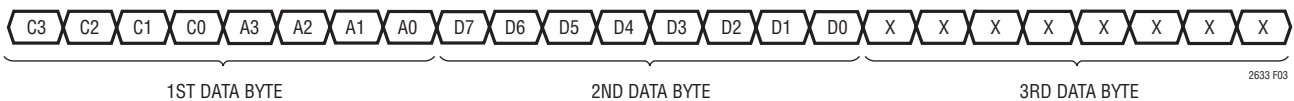
INPUT WORD (LTC2633-12)



INPUT WORD (LTC2633-10)



INPUT WORD (LTC2633-8)



**Figure 3. Command and Data Input Format**

# OPERATION

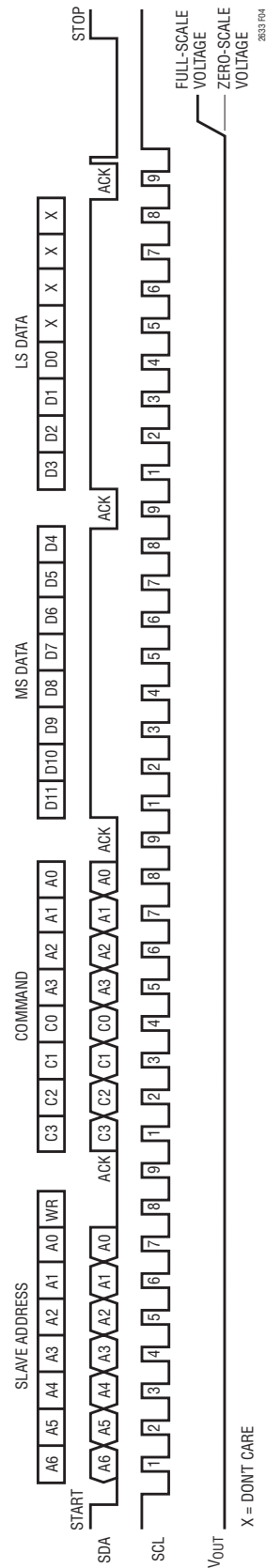


Figure 4. Typical LTC2633 Input Waveform—Programming DAC Output for Full Scale

## OPERATION

### Reference Modes

For applications where an accurate external reference is either not available, or not desirable due to limited space, the LTC2633 has a user-selectable, integrated reference. The integrated reference voltage is internally amplified by 2x to provide the full-scale DAC output voltage range. The LTC2633-LI/LTC2633-LX/LTC2633-LO/LTC2633-LZ provides a full-scale output of 2.5V. The LTC2633-HI/LTC2633-HZ provides a full-scale output of 4.096V. The internal reference can be useful in applications where the supply voltage is poorly regulated. Internal reference mode can be selected by using command 0110b, and is the power-on default for LTC2633-HZ/LTC2633-LZ, as well as for LTC2633-HI/LTC2633-LI/LTC2633-LO.

The 10ppm/°C, 1.25V (LTC2633-LI/LTC2633-LX/LTC2633-LO/LTC2633-LZ) or 2.048V (LTC2633-HI/LTC2633-HZ) internal reference is available at the REF pin. Adding bypass capacitance to the REF pin will improve noise performance; 0.1μF is recommended and up to 10μF can be driven without oscillation. This output must be buffered when driving an external DC load current.

Alternatively, the DAC can operate in external reference mode using command 0111b. In this mode, an input voltage supplied externally to the REF pin provides the reference ( $1V \leq V_{REF} \leq V_{CC}$ ) and the supply current is reduced. The external reference voltage supplied sets the full-scale DAC output voltage. External reference mode is the power-on default for LTC2633-LX.

The reference mode of LTC2633-HZ/LTC2633-LZ/LTC2633-HI/LTC2633-LI/LTC2633-LO (internal reference power-on default), can be changed by software command after power up. The same is true for LTC2633-LX (external reference power-on default).

### Power-Down Mode

For power-constrained applications, power-down mode can be used to reduce the supply current whenever less than two DAC outputs are needed. When in power-down, the buffer amplifiers, bias circuits, and integrated reference circuits are disabled, and draw essentially zero current. The DAC outputs are put into a high impedance state, and

the output pins are passively pulled to ground through individual 200kΩ resistors (LTC2633-LI/LTC2633-LX/LTC2633-LO/LTC2633-LZ/LTC2633-HI/LTC2633-HZ). For the LTC2633-LO options, the output pins are not passively pulled to ground, but are also placed in a high impedance state (open-circuited state) during power-down, typically drawing less than 0.1μA. The LTC2633-LO options power-up with all DAC outputs in this high impedance state. They remain that way until given a software update command. For all LTC2633 options, Input- and DAC-register contents are not disturbed during power-down.

Any channel or combination of channels can be put into power-down mode by using command 0100b in combination with the appropriate DAC address, (n). The supply current is reduced approximately 30% for each DAC powered down. The integrated reference is automatically powered down when external reference is selected using command 0111b. In addition, all the DAC channels and the integrated reference together can be put into power-down mode using Power Down Chip command 0101b. When the integrated reference is in power-down mode, the REF pin becomes high impedance (typically > 1GΩ). For all power-down commands the 16-bit data word is ignored.

Normal operation resumes after executing any command that includes a DAC update, (as shown in Table 1). The selected DAC is powered up as its voltage output is updated. When a DAC which is in a powered-down state is powered up and updated, normal settling is delayed. If less than two DACs are in a powered-down state prior to the update command, the power-up delay time is 10μs. However, if both DACs and the integrated reference are powered down, then the main bias generation circuit block has been automatically shut down in addition to the DAC amplifiers and reference buffers. In this case, the power up delay time is 12μs. The power-up of the integrated reference depends on the command that powered it down. If the reference is powered down using the select external reference command (0111b), then it can only be powered back up using select internal reference command (0110b). However, if the reference was powered down using power down chip command (0101b), then in addition to select

## OPERATION

internal reference command (0110b), any command in software that powers up the DACs will also power up the integrated reference.

### Voltage Output

The LTC2633's integrated rail-to-rail amplifier has guaranteed load regulation when sourcing or sinking up to 10mA at 5V, and 5mA at 3V.

Load regulation is a measure of the amplifier's ability to maintain the rated voltage accuracy over a wide range of load current. The measured change in output voltage per change in forced load current is expressed in LSB/mA.

DC output impedance is equivalent to load regulation, and may be derived from it by simply calculating a change in units from LSB/mA to  $\Omega$ . The amplifier's DC output impedance is  $0.1\Omega$  when driving a load well away from the rails.

When drawing a load current from either rail, the output voltage headroom with respect to that rail is limited by the  $50\Omega$  typical channel resistance of the output devices (e.g., when sinking 1mA, the minimum output voltage is

$50\Omega \cdot 1\text{mA}$ , or 50mV). See the graph Headroom at Rails vs Output Current in the Typical Performance Characteristics section.

The amplifier is stable driving capacitive loads of up to 500pF.

### Rail-to-Rail Output Considerations

In any rail-to-rail voltage output device, the output is limited to voltages within the supply range.

Since the analog output of the DAC cannot go below ground, it may limit for the lowest codes as shown in Figure 5b. Similarly, limiting can occur near full scale when the REF pin is tied to  $V_{CC}$ . If  $V_{REF} = V_{CC}$  and the DAC full-scale error (FSE) is positive, the output for the highest codes limits at  $V_{CC}$ , as shown in Figure 5c. No full-scale limiting can occur if  $V_{REF}$  is less than  $V_{CC} - \text{FSE}$ .

Offset and linearity are defined and tested over the region of the DAC transfer function where no output limiting can occur.

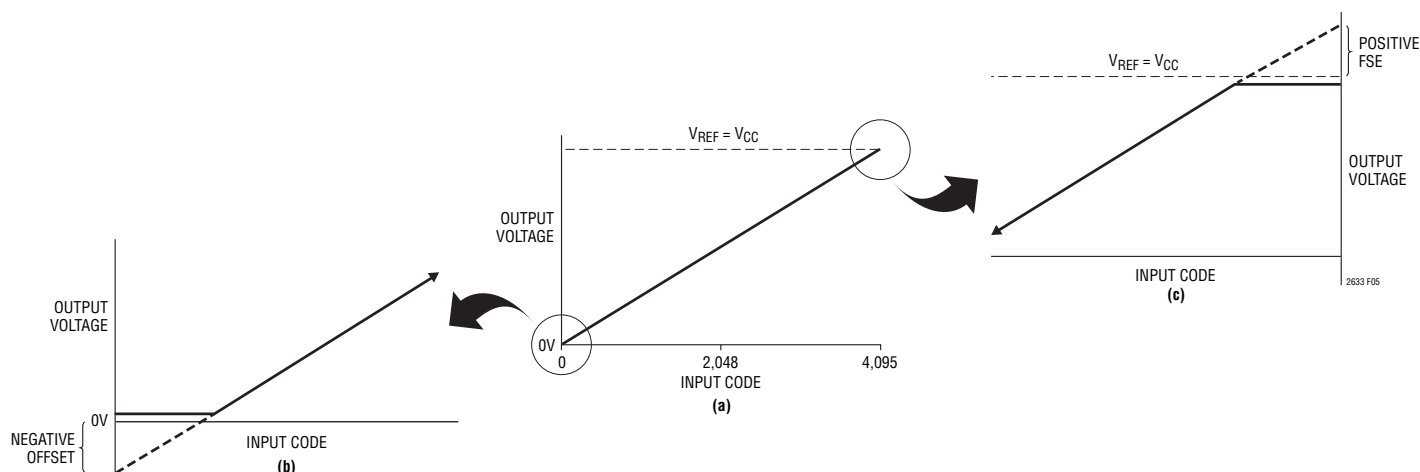


Figure 5. Effects of Rail-to-Rail Operation on a DAC Transfer Curve (Shown for 12 Bits).

(a) Overall Transfer Function

(b) Effect of Negative Offset for Codes Near Zero

(c) Effect of Positive Full-Scale Error for Codes Near Full Scale

## OPERATION

### Board Layout

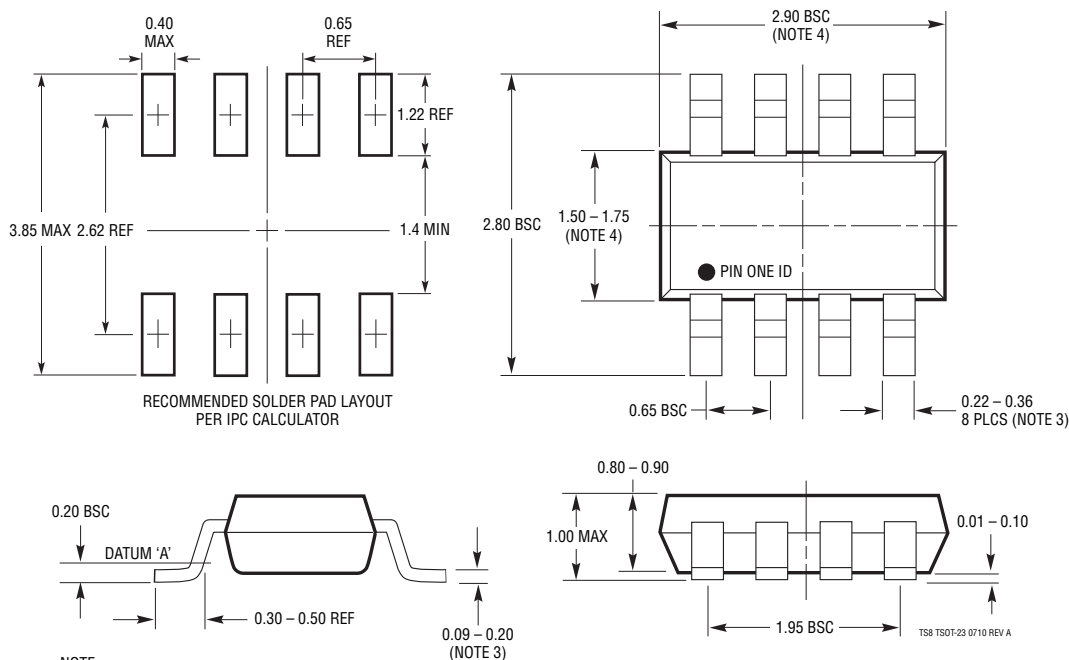
The PC board should have separate areas for the analog and digital sections of the circuit. A single, solid ground plane should be used, with analog and digital signals carefully routed over separate areas of the plane. This keeps digital signals away from sensitive analog signals and minimizes the interaction between digital ground currents and the analog section of the ground plane. The resistance from the LTC2633 GND pin to the ground plane should be as low as possible. Resistance here will add directly to the effective DC output impedance of the device (typically  $0.1\Omega$ ). Note that the LTC2633 is no more susceptible to this effect than any other parts of this type; on the contrary, it allows layout-based performance improvements to shine rather than limiting attainable performance with excessive internal resistance.

Another technique for minimizing errors is to use a separate power ground return trace on another board layer. The trace should run between the point where the power supply is connected to the board and the DAC ground pin. Thus the DAC ground pin becomes the common point for analog ground, digital ground, and power ground. When the LTC2633 is sinking large currents, this current flows out the ground pin and directly to the power ground trace without affecting the analog ground plane voltage.

It is sometimes necessary to interrupt the ground plane to confine digital ground currents to the digital portion of the plane. When doing this, make the gap in the plane only as long as it needs to be to serve its purpose and ensure that no traces cross over the gap.

## PACKAGE DESCRIPTION

**TS8 Package**  
**8-Lead Plastic TSOT-23**  
 (Reference LTC DWG # 05-08-1637 Rev A)



- NOTE:
1. DIMENSIONS ARE IN MILLIMETERS
  2. DRAWING NOT TO SCALE
  3. DIMENSIONS ARE INCLUSIVE OF PLATING
  4. DIMENSIONS ARE EXCLUSIVE OF MOLD FLASH AND METAL BURR
  5. MOLD FLASH SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.254mm
  6. JEDEC PACKAGE REFERENCE IS MO-193

TS8 TSOT-23 0710 REV A

## REVISION HISTORY

| REV | DATE | DESCRIPTION                           | PAGE NUMBER               |
|-----|------|---------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| A   | 3/11 | Revised part numbering.               | 2 to 9, 13, 16,<br>20, 26 |
| B   | 3/11 | Revised title of Typical Application. | 24                        |

