Zener Transient Voltage Suppressor POWERMITE® Package

The 1PMT5.0AT3 Series is designed to protect voltage sensitive components from high voltage, high energy transients. Excellent clamping capability, high surge capability, low zener impedance and fast response time. The advanced packaging technique provides for a highly efficient micro miniature, space saving surface mount with its unique heat sink design. The POWERMITE has the same thermal performance as the SMA while being 50% smaller in footprint area, and delivering one of the lowest height profiles (1.1 mm) in the industry. Because of its small size, it is ideal for use in cellular phones, portable devices, business machines, power supplies and many other industrial/consumer applications.

Specification Features:

- Stand-off Voltage: 5 58 Volts
- Peak Power 175 Watts @ 1 ms
- Maximum Clamp Voltage @ Peak Pulse Current
- Low Leakage
- Response Time is Typically < 1 ns
- ESD Rating of Class 3 (> 16 kV) per Human Body Model
- Low Profile Maximum Height of 1.1 mm
- Integral Heat Sink/Locking Tabs
- Full Metallic Bottom Eliminates Flux Entrapment
- Small Footprint Footprint Area of 8.45 mm²
- Supplied in 12 mm Tape and Reel 12,000 Units per Reel
- POWERMITE is JEDEC Registered as DO-216AA
- Cathode Indicated by Polarity Band

Mechanical Characteristics:

CASE: Void-free, transfer-molded, thermosetting plastic

FINISH: All external surfaces are corrosion resistant and leads are

readily solderable

MOUNTING POSITION: Any

MAXIMUM CASE TEMPERATURE FOR SOLDERING PURPOSES:

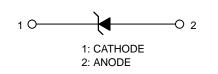
260°C for 10 Seconds



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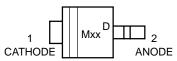
PLASTIC SURFACE MOUNT ZENER OVERVOLTAGE TRANSIENT SUPPRESSOR 5 – 58 VOLTS 175 WATT PEAK POWER





POWERMITE CASE 457 PLASTIC

MARKING DIAGRAM



Mxx = Specific Device Code

xx = 5 - 58

(See Table Next Page)

D = Date Code

ORDERING INFORMATION

Device	Package	Shipping		
1PMTxxAT	POWERMITE	12,000/Tape & Reel		

LEAD ORIENTATION IN TAPE:

Cathode (Short) Lead to Sprocket Holes

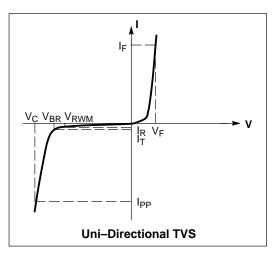
MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	Value	Unit
Maximum P_{pk} Dissipation @ $T_A = 25^{\circ}C$, (PW-10/1000 μ s) (Note 1.)	P _{pk}	175	W
Maximum P_{pk} Dissipation @ T_A = 25°C, (PW-8/20 μ s) (Note 1.)	P _{pk}	1000	W
DC Power Dissipation @ T _A = 25°C (Note 2.) Derate above 25°C Thermal Resistance from Junction to Ambient	P _D	500 4.0 248	mW mW/°C °C/W
Thermal Resistance from Junction to Lead (Anode)	$R_{ heta Janode}$	35	°C/W
Maximum DC Power Dissipation (Note 3.) Thermal Resistance from Junction to Tab (Cathode)	$\begin{array}{c} P_D \\ R_{\theta J cathode} \end{array}$	3.2 23	W °C/W
Operating and Storage Temperature Range	T _J , T _{stg}	-55 to +150	°C

- 1. Non–repetitive current pulse at $T_A = 25$ °C.
- 2. Mounted with recommended minimum pad size, DC board FR-4.
- 3. At Tab (Cathode) temperature, $T_{tab} = 75^{\circ}C$

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_A = 25^{\circ}C$ unless otherwise noted, $V_F = 3.5$ V Max. @ I_F (Note 4.) = 35 A)

Symbol	Parameter					
I _{PP}	Maximum Reverse Peak Pulse Current					
V _C	Clamping Voltage @ I _{PP}					
V_{RWM}	Working Peak Reverse Voltage					
I _R	Maximum Reverse Leakage Current @ V _{RWM}					
V_{BR}	Breakdown Voltage @ I _T					
I _T	Test Current					
lF	Forward Current					
V _F	Forward Voltage @ I _F					

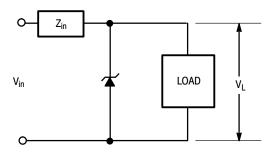


ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_L = 30$ °C unless otherwise noted, $V_F = 1.25$ Volts @ 200 mA)

		V _{RWM}	V _{BR}	@ দ (V) (No	te 6.)	Ι _Τ	I _R @ V _{RWM}	V _C @ I _{PP}	I _{PP} (A)
Device	Marking	(Note 5.)	Min	Nom	Max	(mA)	(μΑ)	(V)	(Note 7.)
1PMT5.0AT3	MKE	5.0	6.4	6.7	7.0	10	800	9.2	19
1PMT7.0AT3	MKM	7.0	7.78	8.2	8.6	10	500	12	14.6
1PMT12AT3	MLE	12	13.3	14.0	14.7	1.0	5.0	19.9	8.8
1PMT16AT3	MLP	16	17.8	18.75	19.7	1.0	5.0	26	7.0
1PMT18AT3	MLT	18	20.0	21.0	22.1	1.0	5.0	29.2	6.0
1PMT22AT3	MLX	22	24.4	25.6	26.9	1.0	5.0	35.5	4.9
1PMT24AT3	MLZ	24	26.7	28.1	29.5	1.0	5.0	38.9	4.5
1PMT26AT3	MME	26	28.9	30.4	31.9	1.0	5.0	42.1	4.2
1PMT28AT3	MMG	28	31.1	32.8	34.4	1.0	5.0	45.4	3.9
1PMT30AT3	MMK	30	33.3	35.1	36.8	1.0	5.0	48.4	3.6
1PMT33AT3	MMM	33	36.7	38.7	40.6	1.0	5.0	53.3	3.3
1PMT36AT3	MMP	36	40.0	42.1	44.2	1.0	5.0	58.1	3.0
1PMT40AT3	MMR	40	44.4	46.8	49.1	1.0	5.0	64.5	2.7
1PMT48AT3	MMX	48	53.3	56.1	58.9	1.0	5.0	77.4	2.3
1PMT51AT3	MMZ	51	56.7	59.7	62.7	1.0	5.0	82.4	2.1
1PMT58AT3	MNG	58	64.4	67.8	71.2	1.0	5.0	93.6	1.9

- 4. 1/2 sine wave (or equivalent square wave), PW = 8.3 ms, duty cycle = 4 pulses per minute maximum.
- 5. A transient suppressor is normally selected according to the Working Peak Reverse Voltage (V_{RWM}) which should be equal to or greater than the DC or continuous peak operating voltage level.
- 6. V_{BR} measured at pulse test current I_T at ambient temperature of 25°C.
- 7. Surge current waveform per Figure 2 and derate per Figure 4.

TYPICAL PROTECTION CIRCUIT



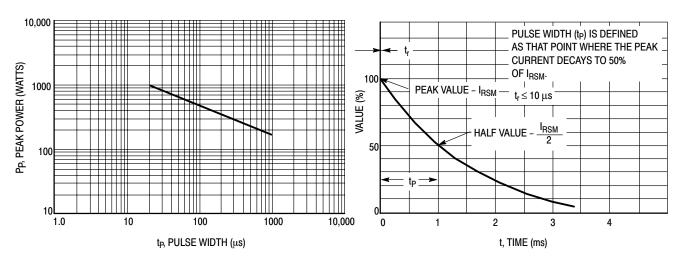


Figure 1. Pulse Rating Curve

Figure 2. 10 X 1000 μs Pulse Waveform

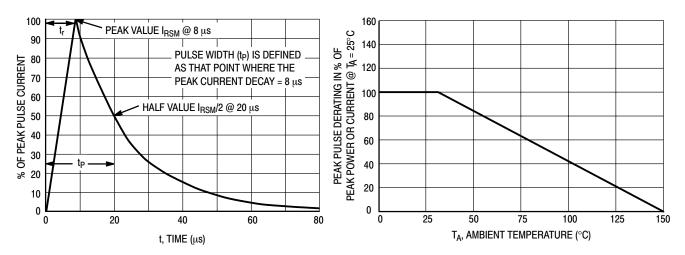


Figure 3. 8 X 20 µs Pulse Waveform

Figure 4. Pulse Derating Curve

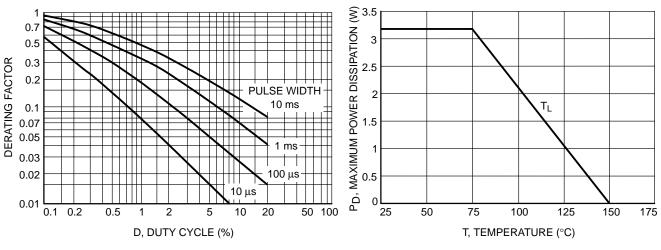


Figure 5. Typical Derating Factor for Duty Cycle

Figure 6. Steady State Power Derating

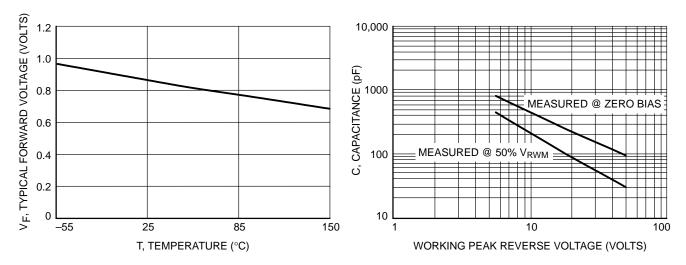


Figure 7. Forward Voltage

Figure 8. Capacitance versus Working Peak Reverse Voltage

TYPICAL SOLDER HEATING PROFILE

For any given circuit board, there will be a group of control settings that will give the desired heat pattern. The operator must set temperatures for several heating zones and a figure for belt speed. Taken together, these control settings make up a heating "profile" for that particular circuit board. On machines controlled by a computer, the computer remembers these profiles from one operating session to the next. Figure 9 shows a typical heating profile for use when soldering a surface mount device to a printed circuit board. This profile will vary among soldering systems, but it is a good starting point. Factors that can affect the profile include the type of soldering system in use, density and types of components on the board, type of solder used, and the type of board or substrate material being used. This profile shows temperature versus time.

The line on the graph shows the actual temperature that might be experienced on the surface of a test board at or near a central solder joint. The two profiles are based on a high density and a low density board. The Vitronics SMD310 convection/infrared reflow soldering system was used to generate this profile. The type of solder used was 62/36/2 Tin Lead Silver with a melting point between 177–189°C. When this type of furnace is used for solder reflow work, the circuit boards and solder joints tend to heat first. The components on the board are then heated by conduction. The circuit board, because it has a large surface area, absorbs the thermal energy more efficiently, then distributes this energy to the components. Because of this effect, the main body of a component may be up to 30 degrees cooler than the adjacent solder joints.

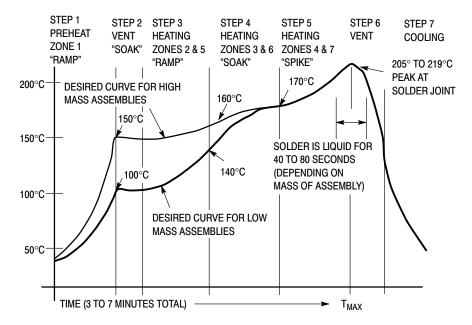


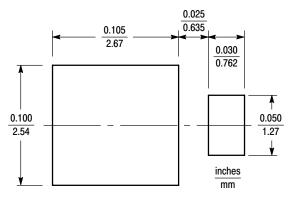
Figure 9. Typical Solder Heating Profile

INFORMATION FOR USING THE POWERMITE SURFACE MOUNT PACKAGE

MINIMUM RECOMMENDED FOOTPRINT FOR SURFACE MOUNTED APPLICATIONS

Surface mount board layout is a critical portion of the total design. The footprint for the semiconductor packages must be the correct size to insure proper solder connection

interface between the board and the package. With the correct pad geometry, the packages will self align when subjected to a solder reflow process.



POWERMITE

POWERMITE POWER DISSIPATION

The power dissipation of the Powermite is a function of the drain pad size. This can vary from the minimum pad size for soldering to a pad size given for maximum power dissipation. Power dissipation for a surface mount device is determined by $T_{J(max)}$, the maximum rated junction temperature of the die, $R_{\theta JA}$, the thermal resistance from the device junction to ambient, and the operating temperature, T_A . Using the values provided on the data sheet for the Powermite package, P_D can be calculated as follows:

$$P_{D} = \frac{T_{J(max)} - T_{A}}{R_{\theta, JA}}$$

The values for the equation are found in the maximum ratings table on the data sheet. Substituting these values into the equation for an ambient temperature T_A of 25°C,

one can calculate the power dissipation of the device which in this case is 504 milliwatts.

$$P_D = \frac{150^{\circ}C - 25^{\circ}C}{248^{\circ}C/W} = 504 \text{ milliwatts}$$

The 248°C/W for the Powermite package assumes the use of the recommended footprint on a glass epoxy printed circuit board to achieve a power dissipation of 504 milliwatts. There are other alternatives to achieving higher power dissipation from the Powermite package. Another alternative would be to use a ceramic substrate or an aluminum core board such as Thermal Clad[®]. Using a board material such as Thermal Clad, an aluminum core board, the power dissipation can be doubled using the same footprint.

SOLDERING PRECAUTIONS

The melting temperature of solder is higher than the rated temperature of the device. When the entire device is heated to a high temperature, failure to complete soldering within a short time could result in device failure. Therefore, the following items should always be observed in order to minimize the thermal stress to which the devices are subjected.

- Always preheat the device.
- The delta temperature between the preheat and soldering should be 100°C or less.*
- When preheating and soldering, the temperature of the leads and the case must not exceed the maximum temperature ratings as shown on the data sheet. When using infrared heating with the reflow soldering method, the difference shall be a maximum of 10°C.

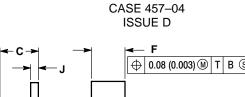
- The soldering temperature and time shall not exceed 260°C for more than 10 seconds.
- When shifting from preheating to soldering, the maximum temperature gradient shall be 5°C or less.
- After soldering has been completed, the device should be allowed to cool naturally for at least three minutes.
 Gradual cooling should be used as the use of forced cooling will increase the temperature gradient and result in latent failure due to mechanical stress.
- Mechanical stress or shock should not be applied during cooling.
- * Soldering a device without preheating can cause excessive thermal shock and stress which can result in damage to the device.

OUTLINE DIMENSIONS

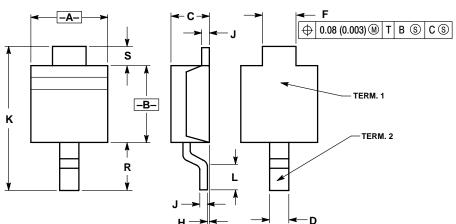
POWERMITE

Transient Voltage Suppressor – Surface Mounted

175 Watt Peak Power



⊕ 0.08 (0.003) M T B S C S



NOTES:

- IOTES:

 1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982.

 2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER.

 3. DIMENSION A DOES NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS. MOLD FLASH, PROTRUSIONS OR GATE BURRS SHALL NOT EXCEED 0.15 (0.006) PER SIDE.

	MILLIN	IETERS	INCHES		
DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX	
Α	1.75	2.05	0.069	0.081	
В	1.75	2.18	0.069	0.086	
C	0.85	1.15	0.033	0.045	
D	0.40	0.69	0.016	0.027	
F	0.70	1.00	0.028	0.039	
Н	-0.05	+0.10	-0.002	+0.004	
J	0.10	0.25	0.004	0.010	
K	3.60	3.90	0.142	0.154	
L	0.50	0.80	0.020	0.031	
R	1.20	1.50	0.047	0.059	
S	0.50	REF	0.019 REF		

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