

ALPHANUMERIC INDEX — CROSS-REFERENCE (Continued)

Industry Part Number	Motorola Direct Replacement	Motorola Similar Replacement	Page Number	Industry Part Number	Motorola Direct Replacement	Motorola Similar Replacement	Page Number
MJ13090	MJ13090		3-688	MJ2802		2N5881	3-123
MJ13091		MJ16010	3-758	MJ2840		2N5877	3-120
MJ13100		MJ16016	3-774	MJ2841		2N5878	3-120
MJ13101		MJ16016	3-774	MJ2901		MJ15016	3-9
MJ13330	MJ13330		3-694	MJ2940		2N5875	3-120
MJ13331	MJ13331		3-694	MJ2955	MJ2955		3-6
MJ13332		MJ13333	3-700	MJ2955A	MJ2955A		3-9
MJ13333	MJ13333		3-700	MJ3000	MJ3000		3-530
MJ13334		MJ13335	3-700	MJ3001	MJ3001		3-530
MJ13335	MJ13335		3-700	MJ3029	MJ3029		3-532
MJ14000	MJ14000		3-706	MJ3030	2N6545		3-221
MJ14001	MJ14001		3-706	MJ3040	MJ3041		3-534
MJ14002	MJ14002		3-706	MJ3041	MJ3041		3-534
MJ14003	MJ14003		3-706	MJ3042	MJ3042		3-534
MJ15001	MJ15001		3-710	MJ3055	2N3055		3-6
MJ15002	MJ15002		3-710	MJ3055A	2N3055A		3-9
MJ15003	MJ15003		3-713	MJ3237	MJE15031		3-972
MJ15004	MJ15004		3-713	MJ3238	MJE15031		3-972
MJ15011	MJ15011		3-716	MJ3247	MJE15030		3-972
MJ15012	MJ15012		3-716	MJ3248	MJE15030		3-972
MJ15015	MJ15015		3-9	MJ400		2N3739	3-37
MJ15016	MJ15016		3-9	MJ4030	2N6285		3-172
MJ15018	MJ15018		3-718	MJ4031	2N6286		3-172
MJ15019	MJ15019		3-718	MJ4032	2N6287		3-172
MJ15020	MJ15020		3-718	MJ4033	2N6282		3-172
MJ15021	MJ15021		3-718	MJ4034	2N6283		3-172
MJ15022	MJ15022		3-720	MJ4035	2N6284		3-172
MJ15023	MJ15023		3-723	MJ410	MJ410		3-522
MJ15024	MJ15024		3-720	MJ411	MJ411		3-522
MJ15025	MJ15025		3-723	MJ413	MJ413		3-524
MJ15026		MJ15024	3-720	MJ423	MJ423		3-524
MJ15027		MJ15025	3-723	MJ4237		MJ15012	3-716
MJ16002	MJ16002		3-726	MJ4238		MJ15012	3-716
MJ16002A	MJ16002A		3-734	MJ424		2N6308	3-181
MJ16004	MJ16004		3-726	MJ4247		MJ15011	3-716
MJ16006	MJ16006		3-742	MJ4248		MJ15011	3-716
MJ16006A	MJ16006A		3-750	MJ425		2N6545	3-221
MJ16008	MJ16008		3-742	MJ431	MJ431		3-524
MJ16010	MJ16010		3-758	MJ4360		MJE130C2	3-938
MJ16010A	MJ16010A		3-766	MJ4361		MJE130C3	3-938
MJ16012	MJ16012		3-758	MJ4380		MJE130C4	3-944
MJ16014	MJ16014		3-774	MJ4381		MJE130C5	3-944
MJ16016	MJ16016		3-774	MJ4400		MJE130C4	3-944
MJ16018	MJ16018		3-782	MJ4401		MJE130C5	3-944
MJ16020	MJ16020		—	MJ450		2N4398	3-68
MJ16022	MJ16022		—	MJ4502	MJ4502		3-536
MJ205		MJ12003	3-642	MJ4645	MJ4646		3-538
MJ2249		2N3766	3-44	MJ4646	MJ4646		3-538
MJ2250		2N3767	3-44	MJ4647	MJ4647		3-538
MJ2251		2N3738	3-37	MJ480		2N3055	3-6
MJ2252		2N3739	3-37	MJ481		2N3055	3-6
MJ2253		2N3740	3-41	MJ490		2N3789	3-56
MJ2254		2N3741	3-41	MJ491		2N3789	3-56
MJ2267		MJ15016	3-9	MJ6502	MJ6503		3-540
MJ2268		MJ2955	3-6	MJ6503	MJ6503		3-540
MJ2300		MJE270	3-874	MJ6700		2N6193	3-158
MJ2305		MJE271	3-874	MJ701		MJ12002	3-637
MJ2500	MJ2500		3-530	MJ702		MJ12002	3-637
MJ2501	MJ2501		3-530	MJ704		MJ12002	3-637
MJ2801		2N3055	3-6	MJ721		MJ12002	3-637

*Consult Motorola if a direct replacement is necessary.

TABLE 1 — METAL TO-204, TO-204AE (continued)

I _C Cont Amps Max	V _{CEO} (sus) Volts Min	Device Type		h _{FE} Min/Max	@ I _C Amp	Resistive Switching			f _T MHz Min	P _D (Case) Watts @ 25°C
		NPN	PNP			t _s μs Max	t _f μs Max	@ I _C Amp		
6	375	BU326		30 typ	0.6	3.5	1**	2.5	6	90
	400	BU326A		30 typ	0.6	3.5	1**	2.5	6	90
7.5	80	2N3448		40/120	5	2	0.35	5	10	115
8	60	MJ1000## 2N6055##	MJ900## 2N6053##	1k min 750/18k	3 4	1.5 typ	1.5 typ	4	4#	90 100
		MJ1001## 2N6056##	MJ901## 2N6054##	1k min 750/18k	3 4					90 100
	80	2N6306		15/75	3	1.6	0.4	3	5	125
	300	2N6307		15/75	3	1.6	0.4	3	5	125
	350	2N6308		12/60	3	1.6	0.4	5	5	125
	400	2N6545	MJ6503	7/35 15 min	5 2	4 2	1 0.5	5 4	6	125 125
		MJ13080		8 min	5	1.5	0.5	5		150
	450	MJ16006 MJ16008 2N6835		5 min 7 min 10/30	8 8 5	2.5 2.2 2.5	0.25 0.25 0.25	5 5 5	10	150 150 150
		MJ16006A		5 min	8	3	0.4	5		150
	850*	MJ12021		5 min	8		0.1 typ	5		150
	1400*	MJ10011##		20 min	4		1	4		80
	1500*	MJ12005		5 min	5		1	5		100
9	400	BUX47		7 min	6	2	0.4	6		150
	450	BUX47A		7 min	5	2	0.4	5		150
10	40	2N6383##	2N6648##	1k/20k	5				20#	100
	60	2N3715	2N3789	15 min	3	0.3 typ	0.4 typ	5	4	150
		2N5877	2N3791	30 min	3	0.3 typ	0.4 typ	5	4	150
		2N5877	2N5875	20/100	4	1	0.8	4	4	150
		2N6384##		1k/20k	5				20#	100
		MJ3000##	MJ2500##	1k min	5					150
	80	2N3714	2N3790	15 min	3	0.3 typ	0.4 typ	5	4	150
		2N3716	2N3792	30 min	3	0.3 typ	0.4 typ	5	4	150
		2N5878	2N5876	20/100	4	1	0.8	4	4	150
		2N6385##		1k/20k	5				20#	100
		MJ3001##	MJ2501##	1k min	5					150
140	2N5634			15/60	5	0.9 typ	0.9 typ	5	1	150
	2N3442			20/70	4					117

* V_(BR)CEX; # |h_{FE}| @ 1 MHz; ## Darlington

(continued)



JAN, JTX, JTXV Available

MOTOROLA SEMICONDUCTOR TECHNICAL DATA

PNP MJ2500, MJ2501 NPN MJ3000, MJ3001

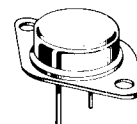
MEDIUM-POWER COMPLEMENTARY SILICON TRANSISTORS

... for use as output devices in complementary general purpose amplifier applications.

- High DC Current Gain — $h_{FE} = 4000$ (Typ) @ $I_C = 5.0$ Adc
- Monolithic Construction with Built-In Base-Emitter Shunt Resistors

10 AMPERE
DARLINGTON
POWER TRANSISTORS
COMPLEMENTARY SILICON

60-80 VOLTS
150 WATTS



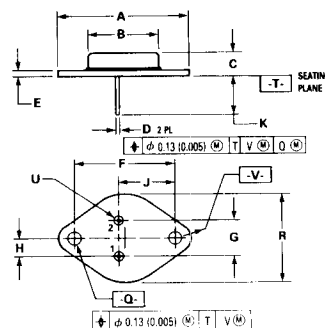
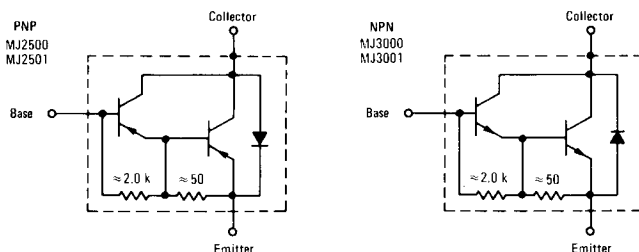
MAXIMUM RATINGS

Rating	Symbol	MJ2500 MJ3000	MJ2501 MJ3001	Unit
Collector-Emitter Voltage	V_{CE0}	60	80	Vdc
Collector-Base Voltage	V_{CB}	60	80	Vdc
Emitter-Base Voltage	V_{EB}	5.0		Vdc
Collector Current	I_C	10		Adc
Base Current	I_B	0.2		Adc
Total Device Dissipation @ $T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ Derate above 25°C	P_D	150		Watts
		0.857		W/ $^\circ\text{C}$
Operating and Storage Junction Temperature Range	T_J, T_{stg}	-55 to +200		$^\circ\text{C}$

THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

Characteristic	Symbol	Max	Unit
Thermal Resistance, Junction to Case	θ_{JC}	1.17	$^\circ\text{C/W}$

FIGURE 1 — DARLINGTON CIRCUIT SCHEMATIC



NOTES

1. DIMENSIONING AND TOLERANCING PER ANSI Y14.5M, 1982
2. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: INCH.
3. ALL RULES AND NOTES ASSOCIATED WITH REFERENCED TO-204AA OUTLINE SHALL APPLY.

DIM	MIN	MAX	MIN	MAX
A	—	39.37	—	1.550
B	—	21.08	—	0.830
C	6.35	8.25	0.250	0.325
D	0.97	1.09	0.038	0.043
E	1.40	1.77	0.055	0.070
F	30.15 BSC		1.187 BSC	
G	19.92 BSC		0.783 BSC	
H	5.46 BSC		0.215 BSC	
J	16.89 BSC		0.665 BSC	
K	11.18	12.19	0.440	0.480
Q	3.84	4.19	0.151	0.165
R	—	26.67	—	1.050
U	4.83	5.33	0.190	0.210
V	3.84	4.19	0.151	0.165

STYLE 1:
PIN 1: BASE
2: EMITTER
CASE: COLLECTOR

CASE 1-06
TO-204AA
(TO-3)

MJ2500, MJ2501 PNP/MJ3000, MJ3001 NPN

ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS ($T_C = 25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted)

Characteristic		Symbol	Min	Max	Unit
OFF CHARACTERISTICS					
Collector-Emitter Breakdown Voltage(1) ($I_C = 100\text{ mA dc}$, $I_B = 0$)	MJ2500, MJ3000 MJ2501, MJ3001	$V_{(BR)CEO}$	60 80	— —	Vdc
Collector-Emitter Leakage Current ($V_{EB} = 60\text{ Vdc}$, $R_{BE} = 1.0\text{ k ohm}$)	MJ2500, MJ3000	I_{CER}	—	1.0	mA dc
($V_{EB} = 80\text{ Vdc}$, $R_{BE} = 1.0\text{ k ohm}$)	MJ2501, MJ3001		—	1.0	
($V_{EB} = 60\text{ Vdc}$, $R_{BE} = 1.0\text{ k ohm}$, $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$)	MJ2500, MJ3000		—	5.0	
($V_{EB} = 80\text{ Vdc}$, $R_{BE} = 1.0\text{ k ohm}$, $T_C = 150^\circ\text{C}$)	MJ2501, MJ3001		—	5.0	
Emitter Cutoff Current ($V_{BE} = 5.0\text{ Vdc}$, $I_C = 0$)		I_{EBO}	—	2.0	mA dc
Collector-Emitter Leakage Current ($V_{CE} = 30\text{ Vdc}$, $I_B = 0$)	MJ2500, MJ3000	I_{CEO}	—	1.0	mA dc
($V_{CE} = 40\text{ Vdc}$, $I_B = 0$)	MJ2501, MJ3001		—	1.0	
ON CHARACTERISTICS (1)					
DC Current Gain ($I_C = 5.0\text{ A dc}$, $V_{CE} = 3.0\text{ Vdc}$)		h_{FE}	1000	—	—
Collector-Emitter Saturation Voltage ($I_C = 5.0\text{ A dc}$, $I_B = 20\text{ mA dc}$)		$V_{CE(sat)}$	—	2.0	Vdc
($I_C = 10\text{ A dc}$, $I_B = 50\text{ mA dc}$)			—	4.0	
Base-Emitter Voltage ($I_C = 5.0\text{ A dc}$, $V_{CE} = 3.0\text{ Vdc}$)		V_{BE}	—	3.0	Vdc

(1) Pulse Test: Pulse Width $\leq 300\text{ }\mu\text{s}$, Duty Cycle $\leq 2.0\%$.

FIGURE 2 – DC CURRENT GAIN

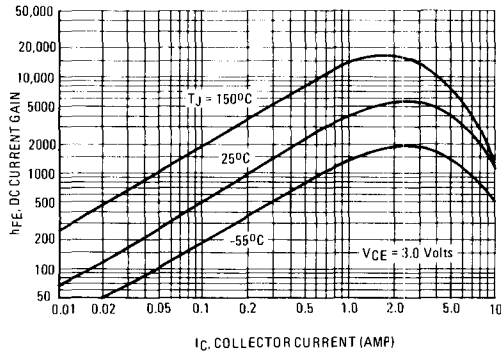


FIGURE 4 – "ON" VOLTAGES

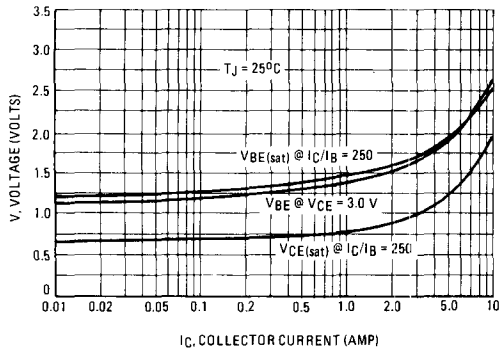


FIGURE 3 – SMALL-SIGNAL CURRENT GAIN

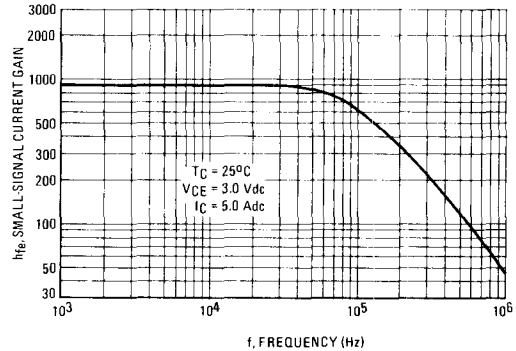
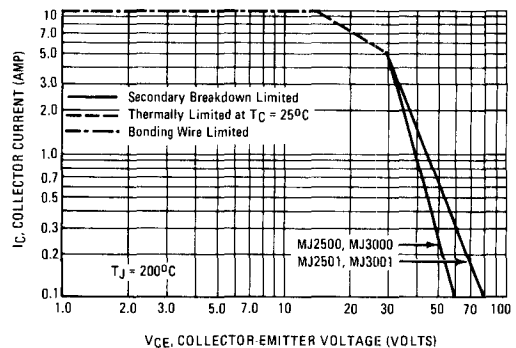


FIGURE 5 – DC SAFE OPERATING AREA



There are two limitations on the power handling ability of a transistor: junction temperature and secondary breakdown. Safe operating area curves indicate I_C - V_{CE} limits of the transistor that must be observed for reliable operation; e.g., the transistor must

not be subjected to greater dissipation than the curves indicate. At high case temperatures, thermal limitations will reduce the power that can be handled to values less than the limitations imposed by secondary breakdown.